US Army Corps
of Engineers
Savannah District

Fort Gillem
Georgia

Solicitation Number
W912HN-04-R-0080
Recruiting Brigade Operations Building
FY-05, L.I. 53321
August 2004

DESIGN/BUILD
REQUEST FOR PROPOSAL

*1 ~~**THIS SOLICITATION IS UNRESTRICTED PURSUANT TO THE "BUSINESS OPPORTUNITY DEVELOPMENT REFORM ACT OF 1988" (PUBLIC LAW 100-656)**~~

U.S. ARMY ENGINEER DISTRICT, SAVANNAH
CORPS OF ENGINEERS
100 WEST OGLETHORPE AVENUE
SAVANNAH, GEORGIA 31401-3640

(Revised by Amendment No. 0001)

PROJECT TABLE OF CONTENTS FOR DESIGN-BUILD RFP

PROPOSAL REQUIREMENTS, CONTRACT FORMS, AND CONDITIONS OF THE CONTRACT

00010 SOLICITATION, OFFER, & AWARD - SF 1422 BIDDING SCHEDULE
00010 SUPPLIES OR SERVICES AND PRICES/COSTS
00100 INSTRUCTIONS, CONDITIONS & NOTICES TO OFFERORS AND PROPOSAL EVALUATION
00600 REPRESENTATIONS AND CERTIFICATIONS
00700 CONTRACT CLAUSES
00800 SPECIAL CONTRACT REQUIREMENTS

SPECIFICATIONS

DIVISION 01 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

01010 GENERAL PROJECT REQUIREMENTS
01020 DESIGN REQUIREMENTS
APPENDIX A - FUNCTIONAL ROOM REQUIREMENTS
APPENDIX B – LIFE SAFETY/FIRE PROTECTION ANALYSIS
APPENDIX C – ROOM FINISH REQUIREMENTS SCHEDULE
APPENDIX D – SUSTAINABLE PROJECT RATING TOOL (SPiRiT)
APPENDIX E – SPiRiT REQUIREMENTS AND POINT SUMMARY
APPENDIX F – GEOTECHNICAL INFORMATION
APPENDIX G – ASBESTOS AND HAZARDOUS MATERIAL INFORMATION
APPENDIX H – INTERIOR DESIGN PRESENTATION FORMAT
APPENDIX I – DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE MINIMUM ANTITERRORISM STANDARDS FOR BUILDINGS, UFC 4-010-01, 8 OCTOBER 2003
APPENDIX J – WATER FLOW TESTS
APPENDIX K – HISTORICAL SITE INFORMATION
APPENDIX L – TELECOMMUNICATIONS SITE ROUTING INFORMATION
APPENDIX M – FURNITURE ORDER FORMS
01030 DESIGN AFTER AWARD
01312A QUALITY CONTROL SYSTEM (QCS)
01320A PROJECT SCHEDULE
01330 SUBMITTAL PROCEDURES
01420 SOURCES FOR REFERENCE PUBLICATIONS
01451A CONTRACTOR QUALITY CONTROL
01500A TEMPORARY CONSTRUCTION FACILITIES
01780A CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS
01781 OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE DATA

SOLICITATION, OFFER, AND AWARD *(Construction, Alteration, or Repair)*	1. SOLICITATION NO. W912HN-04-R-0080	2. TYPE OF SOLICITATION [ ] SEALED BID (IFB) [X] NEGOTIATED *(RFP)*	3. DATE ISSUED 03-Sep-2004	PAGE OF PAGES 1 OF 194

IMPORTANT - The "offer" section on the reverse must be fully completed by offeror.

4. CONTRACT NO.	5. REQUISITION/PURCHASE REQUEST NO.	6. PROJECT NO.

7. ISSUED BY CODE W912HN	8. ADDRESS OFFER TO *(If Other Than Item 7)* CODE
US ARMY ENGINEER DISTRICT SAVANNAH 100 W OGLETHORPE AVENUE SAVANNAH GA 31401-3640 TEL: FAX:	**See Item 7** TEL: FAX:

9. FOR INFORMATION CALL:	A. NAME	B. TELEPHONE NO. *(Include area code)* *(NO COLLECT CALLS)*
	DONNA S KNIGHT	(912)652-5504

SOLICITATION

NOTE: In sealed bid solicitations "offer" and "offeror" mean "bid" and "bidder".

10. THE GOVERNMENT REQUIRES PERFORMANCE OF THE WORK DESCRIBED IN THESE DOCUMENTS*(Title, identifying no., date):*

RECRUITING BRIGADE OPEATIONS BUILDING
FORT GILLEM, GEORGIA
FY 05 LINE ITEM 53321
TWO-PHASE DESIGN-BUILD

Contracting Officer: Kathleen A. Achord
kathleen.a.achord@sas02.usace.army.mil
(912) 652-5169

Contract Specialist: Donna S. Knight
donna.s.knight@sas02.usace.army.mil
(912) 652-5504

* Contract Duration - See Section 00800, FAR 52.211-10

Proposal, to include all changes, are hereby incorporated by reference.

11. The Contractor shall begin performance within 10 calendar days and complete it within ____*____ calendar days after receiving [ ] award, [X] notice to proceed. This performance period is [X] mandatory, [ ] negotiable. *(See* Section 00800 *.)*

12 A. THE CONTRACTOR MUST FURNISH ANY REQUIRED PERFORMANCE AND PAYMENT BONDS? *(If "YES," indicate within how many calendar days after award in Item 12B.)* [X] YES [ ] NO	12B. CALENDAR DAYS 10

13. ADDITIONAL SOLICITATION REQUIREMENTS:

A. Sealed offers in original and 5 copies to perform the work required are due at the place specified in Item 8 by 02:00 PM *(hour)* local time 07 Oct 2004 *(date)*. If this is a sealed bid solicitation, offers must be publicly opened at that time. Sealed envelopes containing offers shall be marked to show the offeror's name and address, the solicitation number, and the date and time offers are due.

B. An offer guarantee [X] is, [ ] is not required.

C. All offers are subject to the (1) work requirements, and (2) other provisions and clauses incorporated in the solicitation in full text or by reference.

D. Offers providing less than 60 calendar days for Government acceptance after the date offers are due will not be considered and will be rejected.

SOLICITATION, OFFER, AND AWARD (Continued)

(Construction, Alteration, or Repair)

OFFER ***(Must be fully completed by offeror)***

14. NAME AND ADDRESS OF OFFEROR *(Include ZIP Code)*	15. TELEPHONE NO. *(Include area code)*
	16. REMITTANCE ADDRESS *(Include only if different than Item 14)* **See Item 14**
CODE / FACILITY CODE	

17. The offeror agrees to perform the work required at the prices specified below in strict accordance with the terms of this solicitation, if this offer is accepted by the Government in writing within _____ calendar days after the date offers are due. *(Insert any number equal to or greater than the minimum requirements stated in Item 13D. Failure to insert any number means the offeror accepts the minimum in Item 13D.)*

AMOUNTS	SEE SCHEDULE OF PRICES

18. The offeror agrees to furnish any required performance and payment bonds.

19. ACKNOWLEDGMENT OF AMENDMENTS

(The offeror acknowledges receipt of amendments to the solicitation -- give number and date of each)

AMENDMENT NO.										
DATE										

20A. NAME AND TITLE OF PERSON AUTHORIZED TO SIGN OFFER *(Type or print)*	20B. SIGNATURE	20C. OFFER DATE

AWARD ***(To be completed by Government)***

21. ITEMS ACCEPTED:

22. AMOUNT	23. ACCOUNTING AND APPROPRIATION DATA

24. SUBMIT INVOICES TO ADDRESS SHOWN IN *(4 copies unless otherwise specified)*	**ITEM**	25. OTHER THAN FULL AND OPEN COMPETITION PURSUANT TO ☐ 10 U.S.C. 2304(c) ☐ 41 U.S.C. 253(c)
26. ADMINISTERED BY CODE		27. PAYMENT WILL BE MADE BY: CODE

CONTRACTING OFFICER WILL COMPLETE ITEM 28 OR 29 AS APPLICABLE

☐ 28. NEGOTIATED AGREEMENT *(Contractor is required to sign this document and return _____ copies to issuing office.)* Contractor agrees to furnish and deliver all items or perform all work, requisitions identified on this form and any continuation sheets for the consideration stated in this contract. The rights and obligations of the parties to this contract shall be governed by (a) this contract award, (b) the solicitation, and (c) the clauses, representations, certifications, and specifications or incorporated by reference in or attached to this contract.

☐ 29. AWARD *(Contractor is not required to sign this document.)* Your offer on this solicitation, is hereby accepted as to the items listed. This award consummates the contract, which consists of (a) the Government solicitation and your offer, and (b) this contract award. No further contractual document is necessary.

30A. NAME AND TITLE OF CONTRACTOR OR PERSON AUTHORIZED TO SIGN *(Type or print)*		31A. NAME OF CONTRACTING OFFICER *(Type or print)* TEL: EMAIL:
30B. SIGNATURE	30C. DATE	31B. UNITED STATES OF AMERICA BY / 31C. AWARD DATE

NOTICE TO OFFERORS

HAND-CARRIED OR MAILED PROPOSALS:

All proposals must be clearly identified with the contractor's name and address. To ensure timely and proper handling, the lower left corner of the outermost wrapper should indicate the Request For Proposal No., Due Date of Proposal, Time by which Proposals are Due, and Title of Project.

The Government will not be responsible for proposals delivered to any location or to anyone other than those designated to receive proposals on its behalf as indicated below.

Proposals delivered by commercial carrier and those sent by U.S. Mail, including U.S. Express Mail, must be addressed as indicated below. Proposals shall not be addressed to any specific person.

U.S. Army Engineer District, Savannah
ATTN: CESAS-CT-C
100 West Oglethorpe Avenue
Savannah, Georgia 31401-3640

Proposals sent by U.S. Mail or delivered by commercial carrier must be received by mailroom personnel on the first floor of 100 West Oglethorpe Avenue by the time specified in Block 13 of the SF1442 for receipt of proposals.

Offerors are cautioned that proposals sent via United States Postal Service Express Mail are first delivered to the Savannah District Post Office Box instead of 100 West Oglethorpe Avenue, "the office designated for receipt of proposals" therefore, allow sufficient mailing time.

Hand-carried proposals also must be delivered to mailroom personnel on the first floor of 100 West Oglethorpe Avenue by the time specified in Block 13 of SF1442 for receipt of proposals.

Offerors are cautioned that there is no parking in or around the building, therefore, when hand delivering proposals sufficient time should be allowed for transporting of proposal packages from your vehicle to mailroom personnel.

FACSIMILE MODIFICATIONS OF PROPOSALS ARE NOT AUTHORIZED.

QUALITY CONTROL SYSTEM (QCS): Any contract award resulting from this solicitation will require the mandatory use of the automated Quality Control System. Please see Section 01312A for additional information.

CLAUSES INCORPORATED BY FULL TEXT

52.232-4001 COST LIMITATION – JUNE 1999

The contract award for design and construction shall not exceed $ 5,125,000.00 which applies to Base Bid only for this project. Offerors are under no obligation to approach this amount.

(End of Clause)

Section 00100

Recruiting Brigade Operations Building, Fort Gillem, Georgia

PROPOSAL SUBMISSION REQUIREMENTS AND INSTRUCTIONS

1. PROPOSAL OVERVIEW. This Request for Proposal (RFP) solicits for the design and construction of the Recruiting Brigade Operations Building, Fort Gillem, GA. The contract will be a Firm-Fixed Price (FFP). The purpose of the Source Selection plan is to establish a uniform evaluation procedure for the evaluation of Phase 1 and Phase 2 of proposals by the Technical Evaluation Team (TET) and the Source Selection Evaluation Board (SSEB) and the development of the Best Value Decision by the Source Selection Authority (SSA) using the Two-Phase Design-Build Process (See Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR) Subpart 36.3). In as much as the proposal will describe the capability of the offeror to perform any resultant contract, as well as describe its understanding of the requirements of the Statement of Work, it should be specific and complete in every detail. The proposal should be prepared simply and economically, providing straightforward, concise delineation of capabilities to satisfactorily perform the contract being sought. The proposal should therefore be practical, legible, clear and coherent.

1.1 Proposal Submissions and the Two (2) Phase Design-Build Process. This process requires potential contractors to submit their performance and capability information initially (Phase 1) for review and consideration by the Government. Following the review, evaluation, and rating of these proposals, the Government will select up to five of the highest rated Offerors to receive the technical requirements package and provide a technical and cost proposal for consideration by the Government at Phase 2. The Government will review selected contractors technical and price proposal. The technical information contained in the Phase 2 proposal will be reviewed and evaluated by the Government in accordance with the evaluation criteria set out in this section. The final evaluation rating used for comparison, selection, and award will reflect both the rating received in Phase 1 and the evaluation rating received in Phase 2. Price information will not be rated in either phase but will be evaluated in response to the funding limitations set out in Section 00010 – PRICE PROPOSAL SCHEDULE and in comparison to other offeror's price proposals. The importance of price in the Source Selection decision is discussed in the paragraph titled " Evaluation Factors and Weights."

1.2 FOR ALL THOSE CONTRACTORS WHO COMPETE IN BOTH PHASE 1 AND PHASE 2, THE CONTRACTOR'S PROPOSAL SHALL BE DEFINED AS ALL INFORMATION WHICH WAS SUBMITTED IN RESPONSE TO THE REQUIREMENTS OF BOTH PHASES OF THE SOLICITATION.

1.3 Exceptions. Exceptions to the contractual terms and conditions of the solicitation (e.g., standard company terms and conditions) shall not be included in the proposal.

2. PHASE 1 PROPOSAL SUBMISSION INSTRUCTIONS

2.1 Who May Submit?

2.1.1 Proposals may be submitted by firms formally organized as design/build entities, or by design firms and construction contractors that have associated specifically for this project. In the latter case, a single design firm or construction contractor may offer more than one proposal by entering into more than one such association. For the purpose of this solicitation, no distinction is made between formally organized design/build entities and project-specific design/build associations. Both are referred to as the design/build offeror, (or simply "Offeror"), or the design/build contractor, (or simply "Contractor"), after award of a contract.

2.1.2 Any legally organized Offeror may submit a proposal.

2.2 Where to Submit. Offerors shall submit their proposal packages to the Savannah District at the address shown in Block 7 of Standard Form 1442.

2.3 Submission Deadline. Proposals shall be received by the Savannah District no later than the time and date specified in Block 13 of Standard Form 1442.

2.4 General Requirements. In order to effectively and equitably evaluate all proposals, the Contracting Officer must receive information sufficiently detailed to allow review and evaluation by the Government.

2.4.1 Tabs. Proposal shall be organized and tabbed as shown below.

2.4.2 Size of Printed Matter Submissions. Written materials shall be on 8-1/2" x 11" paper.

2.4.3. The proposals shall contain a detailed table of contents. If more than one binder is used, the complete table of contents shall be included in each. Any materials submitted but not required by this solicitation, (such as company brochures), shall be relegated to appendices.

2.4.4 Number of Copies. Offerors shall submit six (6) hard copies of their Phase One Proposal.

2.4.5 Electronic Copy of Submissions. In addition to the hard copies of the proposal, Offerors shall also submit the Phase 1 Proposal on a CD ROM disk.

2.5 Submission Format.

2.5.1 The Phase One Proposal will be tabbed and submitted in a three ring binder in the following format:

PHASE 1 PROPOSAL

TAB A – SF 1442, completed and signed by an authorized person from the company or team

TAB B – Section 00600 – Representations and Certifications

TAB C – PROPOSAL DATA SHEET – See format provided in this Section. Include Offeror's telephone number, FAX number, e-mail address and DUNS number. Duns number will be used to access CCASS data. Joint ventures must submit a DUNS number for each member of the joint venture. Joint Ventures (J-V) must submit a DUNS number for each member of the J-V. If a separate DUNS has been created for the J-V it must be submitted as well. Mentor-protégés are cautioned that only protégé past performance can be evaluated.

TAB D – FACTOR 1-1 PAST PERFORMANCE (PAST PERFORMANCE INFORMATION SHEETS).

TAB E – FACTOR 1-2 CORPORATE RELEVANT SPECIALIZED EXPERIENCE (CORPORATE RELEVANT SPECIALIZED EXPERIENCE SHEETS – SAMPLE PROJECTS).

TAB F – FACTOR 1-3 TECHNICAL APPROACH NARRATIVE.

3. TAB D – FACTOR 1-1 PAST PERFORMANCE INFORMATION.

3.1 Submission Requirements.

3.1.1 Past Performance Questionnaires. Offeror and Designer each shall identify three (3) projects completed, or substantially completed in the past three years of similar scope and complexity to this project to be used for reference and evaluation purposes and provide a questionnaire to the Point of Contact for each project listed. When completed, these forms shall be mailed or e-mailed to the Savannah District Contract Specialist identified in the

sample transmittal letter provided. It is the contractor's responsibility to ensure that the reference documentation is provided as the Government may not make additional requests for past performance information from the references. The evaluation form shall be provided to the Savannah District directly from the reference.

3.1.2 If the Offeror is made up of separate design and construction companies that have combined for this project, then Past Performance Questionnaires must be completed twice (once for each company), for a total of six projects.

3.1.3 Firms that combine joint ventures for the purpose of proposing and executing this project shall additionally provide three Past Performance Questionnaires for each member of the joint venture.

3.1.4 Projects from which questionnaires are received shall have been completed or substantially completed not earlier than three years of the date of the solicitation. Completion or substantial completion pertains to construction status for the construction company and design status for the design company.

3.1.5 Past Performance Information Sheets. Offeror and Designer shall complete and provide a Past Performance Information Sheet on three (3) projects described above. A sample Past Performance Evaluation Questionnaire is included at the end of this section.

3.1.6 Other Sources. The Government may contact sources other than those provided by the Offeror for information with respect to past performance. These other sources may include CCASS (Construction Contractor Appraisal Support System), ACASS (Architect-Engineer Contractor Appraisal Support System), and telephone interviews with organizations familiar with the Offeror's performance. Experience will not be credited under this factor.

3.2 Evaluation. The Government will evaluate the Offeror's past performance using the sources available to it including but not limited to: the example projects identified by the Offeror, Past Performance Evaluation Questionnaires received, ACASS, and CCASS. Offerors may be provided an opportunity to address any negative past performance information about which the Offeror has not previously had an opportunity to respond. The Government treats an Offeror's lack of past performance as having no positive or negative evaluation significance. The Government will evaluate past performance based on the elements listed below:

3.2.1 Quality of Construction (or design). Based on information provided in the questionnaire and other information, the Government will assess the quality of the actual construction (or design) undertaken and the standards of workmanship exhibited by the Offeror's team.

3.2.2 Timeliness of Performance. The Government will evaluate all information available with respect to the Offeror completing past projects within the scheduled completion times.

3.2.3 Customer Satisfaction. The Government will evaluate all information available with respect to the Offeror's past customer satisfaction, cooperation with customers, and interaction on past projects.

3.2.4 Subcontractor Management. The Government will evaluate all information available with respect to the Offeror's management of subcontractors on past projects.

4. TAB E – FACTOR 1-2 CORPORATE RELEVANT SPECIALIZED EXPERIENCE. Offerors shall be evaluated on construction (or design) projects successfully completed or substantially completed in the last three (3) years that demonstrate the Offeror's specialized experience in the construction (or design) of similar projects. Completion or substantial completion pertains to construction status for the construction company and design status for the design company.

4.1 Similar construction projects completed: The number and size of contracts completed by the Offeror should demonstrate corporate experience in construction (or design) of administrative/operations facilities of similar type and scope in the past three (3) years. The examples should be similar in functional use, size, cost, and type of construction. The examples should be:

4.1.1 Primarily Administrative use type buildings of at least 12,000 Square Feet.

4.1.2 Construction value should be at least $3 million.

4.1.3 Each example does not have to include all of the above criteria, however, projects that are similar in all of these aspects will be more highly rated.

4.2 Submission Requirements. Offerors shall submit at least three Project Information Sheets for construction and/or design projects completed or substantially complete, that reflects the specialized experience. As a minimum, the Project Information Sheets shall provide: the Project Point of Contact with telephone number, general character, scope, location, cost, and date of completion or anticipated completion. If the Offeror represents the combining of two or more companies for the purpose of this RFP, each company shall list at least three project examples. Example projects must have been completed or substantially complete not earlier than three years prior to the date of this solicitation.

4.3 The experience of individuals will not be credited under this factor.

4.4 Evaluation. The Government will evaluate the depth and breadth of the Offeror's corporate experience on projects that were similar in function, size, cost, and construction type as the work required by this RFP. Completed PROJECT INFORMATION SHEETS shall be used as a basis to begin the evaluation of this factor. The Government will review the example construction and/or design projects provided by the Offeror to evaluate and rate the relevant specialized experience of the Offeror in similar projects. If the Offeror cannot provide suitable relevant experience and the evaluators consider that the information provided indicates that the Offeror has no relevant experience, a determination will be made as to the risk this lack of corporate experience presents to the Government and the proposal will be evaluated accordingly.

5. TAB F – FACTOR 1-3 TECHNICAL APPROACH NARRATIVE.

5.1 Submission Requirements. Describe in general terms how the Offeror will approach the design and construction of this facility. Technical Approach Narrative shall be limited to a maximum of ten (10) typewritten pages, 12-pitch, and double-spaced**.** At a minimum the narrative should address the following:

5.1.1 Does the Offeror demonstrate a suitable understanding of the process to enable it to adequately address and anticipate the risks associated with Design/Build processes?

5.1.2 The roles and responsibilities of the various sub-contractors for design and construction shall be addressed.

5.1.3 How does the Offeror continue the design phase of the project and incorporate User comments and reviews into the process?

5.1.4 The Offeror’s Design Quality Control Program shall be briefly described.

5.1.5 What is the design team’s involvement throughout the construction period?

5.1.6 How does the Offeror integrate construction subcontractors into the design process?

5.1.7 What are the Offeror’s processes for handling construction and design problems?

5.1.8 Offeror’s implementation plans to utilize “fast track” procedures on this project whereby preliminary site construction activities can begin prior to 100% completion of the design documents.

5.2 Offerors are cautioned that this narrative shall not exceed ten (10) pages and that the Government review staff will review and evaluate only the information contained on the first ten pages in this section.

5.3 Evaluation. The Government will evaluate the overall understanding of the design-build process being used in this solicitation including the responses to the questions in the paragraph above.

6. PHASE ONE COST INFORMATION. No price information shall be included in the Phase I proposal package.

7. PHASE ONE OVERALL PROPOSAL RATING

7.1 Each member of the Government evaluation team will independently consider all information provided in the Phase One proposal. Once these individual analyses are completed, the team will meet and determine a rating for each of the evaluation factors for Phase One by consensus decision.

7.2 Following completion of the consensus rating, each proposal will be assigned a single overall adjectival rating. This final overall rating, along with ratings on individual factors, will be provided to the Contracting Officer/Source Selection Authority and used in making the determination of which Offerors will proceed to Phase Two of the solicitation. In no case will more than five (5) proposals be included in the Phase Two process.

7.3 No proposals which receive an overall rating of Unsatisfactory will be forwarded to Phase Two regardless of the total number of proposals received.

7.4 It is the responsibility of the evaluation team to provide and document sufficient strengths, weaknesses, and omissions to support the assigned rating for each factor as well as the overall Phase One rating. Comments are required for all ratings.

7.5 For evaluation standards and weights of both Phase I and II see paragraphs titled “Evaluation Standards” and Evaluation Factors and Weights.”

PHASE ONE – TAB C
PROPOSAL DATA SHEET

Recruiting Brigade Operations Building
Fort Gillem, Georgia

1. Name of Firm:
   Address:

   Phone:

   Fax:
   E-mail:
   Duns # (used for accessing CCASS)

If a joint venture or contractor-subcontractor association of firms, list the individual firms and briefly describe the nature of the association. Provide DUNS for each.

Firm 1:

Firm 2:

Firm 3:

Nature of Association:

2. AUTHORIZED NEGOTIATORS. FAR 52.215-11

The Offeror represents that the following persons are authorized to negotiate on its behalf with the Government in connection with this Request for Proposals (RFP).

[List names, titles, and telephone number of the authorized negotiator.]

Name of Person Authorized to Negotiate:

Negotiator's Address:

Negotiator's Telephone:

Negotiator’s E-mail:

Recruiting Brigade Operations Building
Fort Gillem, Georgia

PHASE ONE – TAB D

FACTOR 1-1 PAST PERFORMANCE INFORMATION

1. On an attached sheet, provide information for three completed or substantially completed projects, preferably of similar design or features,that are being or have been constructed by the offeror to be used for reference and evaluation purposes. These should be the same projects for which questionnaires have been provided to the Procurement Point of Contact. If the Offeror is made up of separate design and construction companies that have combined for this project, then this item must be completed twice (once for each company), for a total of six projects. For each project provide the information shown. Failure to provide this minimum information may result in lower ratings.

2. For each project provide the following information:

Project Title:

Location:

Contract number:

Procuring activity:

Procurement point of contact and telephone number:

List date of construction completion or percent completion if construction is underway:

Address of building(s):

Address and telephone number of owner:

Indicate type of project (private sector, Government, planned unit development, etc.):

General character:

Total cost:

Total cost of all modifications:

3. LIQUIDATED DAMAGES. On an attached sheet, list any projects within the last three years that have been assessed liquidated damages. Provide an explanation.

4. TERMINATED PROJECTS. On an attached sheet, list any projects within the last three years that have been terminated. Provide an explanation.

5. GOVERNMENT PROJECTS. On an attached sheet, list all contracts with the Government within the last three years. Indicate Government contract number and contracting agency (with contact names and telephone numbers).

SAMPLE TRANSMITTAL LETTER
AND
PAST PERFORMANCE EVALUATION QUESTIONNAIRE
Recruiting Brigade Operations Building
Fort Gillem, Georgia

Date: _____

To: _____
_____
_____

We have listed your firm as a reference for work we have performed for you as listed below. Our firm has submitted a proposal under a project advertised by the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Savannah District. In accordance with Federal Acquisition Regulations (FAR), an evaluation of our firm's past performance will be completed by the Corps of Engineers. Your candid response to the attached questionnaire will assist the evaluation team in this process.

We understand that you have a busy schedule and your participation in this evaluation is greatly appreciated. Please complete the enclosed questionnaire as thoroughly as possible. Space is provided for comments. Understand that while the responses to this questionnaire may be released to the offeror, FAR 15.306 (e)(4) prohibits the release of the names of the persons providing the responses. Complete confidentiality will be maintained. Furthermore, a questionnaire has also been sent to _____ of your organization. Only one response from each office is required. If at all possible, we request that you individually answer this questionnaire and then coordinate your responses with that of _____, to develop a consensus on one overall response from your organization.

When completed, these forms shall be e-mailed to the Savannah District Contract Specialist identified in the sample transmittal letter provided so the contractor can verify receipt and the specialist can confirm it. As an alternative, the contractor may choose to mail the form, but it is the contracotr's responsibility to ensure that the contract specialist receives the questionnaire. The Government will not make additional requests for past performance information from the references.

Please ensure your completed questionnaire arrives NOT LATER THAN October 7, 2004, 2:00 PM local time.

E-mail the questionnaire to Donna.S.Knight@sas02.usace.army.mil

Mailing Address:
U.S. Army Engineer District, Savannah
CESAS-CT-C (Donna Knight)
100 West Oglethorpe Street
Savannah, Georgia 31402

SOLICITATION NO. W912HN-04-R-0080 TITLE: Recruiting Brigade Operations Building Fort Gillem, Georgia

If you have questions regarding the attached questionnaire, or require assistance, please contact Donna Knight at 912-652-5504. Thank you for your assistance.

PAST PERFORMANCE EVALUATION QUESTIONNAIRE
SOLICITATION NO. W912HN-04-R-0080
Recruiting Brigade Operations Building
Fort Gillem, Georgia

Upon completion of this form, please send directly to the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers via e-mail to Donna Knight at donna.s.knight@sas02.usace.army.mil or in the enclosed addressed envelope. Do not return this form to our offices. Thank you.

1. Contractor/Name & Address (City and State):

2. Type of Contract: Fixed Price _____ Cost Reimbursement _____

Other (Specify) _____

3. Contract Number: _____

4. Description of Work: (Attach additional pages as necessary)

5. Complexity of Work: High _____ Mid _____ Routine _____

6. Location of Work:_____

7. Date of Award: _____

8. Status: Active _____ (provide percent complete)

Complete _____ (provide completion date)

9. Name, address and telephone number of Contracting Officer's Technical Representative:

Recruiting Brigade Operations Building
Fort Gillem, Georgia

10. QUALITY OF CONSTRUCTION (OR DESIGN IF EVALUATING DESIGNER):

Evaluate the contractor's performance in complying with contract requirements, quality achieved and overall technical expertise demonstrated.

Outstanding Quality	
Above Average Quality	
Satisfactory Quality	
Marginal Quality	
Unsatisfactory or Experienced Significant Quality Problems	

Remarks: _____

_____

_____

_____

11. TIMELINESS OF PERFORMANCE:

To what extent did the contractor meet the contract and/or individual task order schedules if the contract was an indefinite delivery type contract?

Completed Substantially Ahead of Schedule (Outstanding)	
Completed Ahead of Schedule (Above Average)	
Completed on Schedule with Minor Delays Under Extenuating Circumstances (Satisfactory)	
Completed Behind Schedule (Marginal)	
Experienced Significant Delays without Justification (Unsatisfactory)	

Remarks: _____

_____

_____

_____

Recruiting Brigade Operations Building
Fort Gillem, Georgia

12. CUSTOMER SATISFACTION:

To what extent were the end users satisfied with:

	Quality	Cost	Schedule
Exceptionally Satisfied (Outstanding)			
Highly Satisfied (Above Average)			
Satisfied (Satisfactory)			
Somewhat Dissatisfied (Marginal)			
Highly Dissatisfied (Unsatisfactory)			

Remarks: _____

_____

_____

_____

13. SUBCONTRACTOR MANAGEMENT

How well did the contractor manage and coordinate subcontractors (construction or design), suppliers, and the labor force?

Outstanding management and coordination of subcontractors	
Above Average management and coordination of subcontractors	
Satisfactory management and coordination of subcontractors	
Marginal management and coordination of subcontractors	
Unsatisfactory management and coordination of subcontractors	

Remarks: _____

_____

_____

_____

Recruiting Brigade Operations Building
Fort Gillem, Georgia

14. IF GIVEN THE OPPORTUNITY, WOULD YOU WORK WITH THIS CONTRACTOR AGAIN?

Yes _____ No _____ Not Sure _____

15. OTHER REMARKS:

Use the space below to provide other information related to the contractor's performance. This may include the contractor's selection and management of subcontractors, flexibility in dealing with contract challenges, their overall concern for the Government's interest (if applicable), project awards received, etc.

_____

_____

_____

_____

_____

_____

_____

_____

PHASE ONE – TAB E
SAMPLE

PROJECT INFORMATION SHEET
FACTOR 1-2 CORPORATE RELEVANT SPECIALIZED EXPERIENCE.
(Projects Complete or Substantially Complete)

Project Title:

Location:

Contract number:

Nature of involvement in this project, i.e. General Contractor, subcontractor, designer:

Procuring activity:

Procurement point of contact and telephone number:

List date of construction completion or percent completion if construction is underway:

Address of building(s):

Address and telephone number of owner:

Indicate type of project (private sector, Government, planned unit development, etc.):

General character:

Total cost:

Offeror: _____

Evaluator: _____

PROPOSAL RATING WORKSHEET

FACTOR 1-1 OFFEROR PAST PERFORMANCE

1. General: The Government will evaluate each Offeror's past performance to determine how well it satisfied its customers. Evaluators will use this factor to evaluate the success of the Offeror based on the satisfaction of previous customers and clients as illustrated on the completed questionnaires, ACASS/CCASS Ratings, personal knowledge, and other information available. The completed questionnaires shall be used as a basis to begin the evaluation of this factor.

Has Government Received Three Completed Questionnaires for this Offeror? __ YES __ NO
(three for each if combining of separate design and construction companies)

Do All the Questionnaires Received Reflect Projects Completed or substantially complete within the Last Three Years? __YES __ NO

2. ACASS/CCASS Ratings: Contract Specialist shall provide ACASS/CCASS Ratings for the Offeror and the principal subcontractor (design firm or construction firm) if the Offeror is not a single entity. ACASS/CCASS will pertain to projects completed or substantially completed within the past 3 years.

Evaluators shall list below the names of the firms reported on the resultant ratings.

Firm Name: _____

		ACASS	CCASS
Number of Ratings:	Outstanding	_____	_____
	Above Average	_____	_____
	Satisfactory	_____	_____
	Marginal	_____	_____
	Unsatisfactory	_____	_____

3. OVERALL RATING. Select an appropriate overall rating for the CCASS, ACASS, PAST PERFORMANCE QUESTIONNAIRES and ANY OTHER INFORMATION available:

/__/ Outstanding

/__/ Above Average

/__ / Satisfactory

/__ / Marginal

/__ / Unsatisfactory

Offeror: _____

Evaluator:_____

FACTOR 1-1 OFFEROR PAST PERFORMANCE
PROPOSAL RATING WORKSHEET (continued)

COMMENTS TO SUPPORT PAST PERFORMANCE RATING.

STRENGTHS.

WEAKNESSES.

OTHER COMMENTS.

Offeror: _____

Evaluator: _____

PROPOSAL RATING WORKSHEET

FACTOR 1-2 - CORPORATE RELEVANT SPECIALIZED EXPERIENCE

1. Has Government Received Three Completed PROJECT INFORMATION SHEETS for Corporate Relevant Specialized Experience for this Offeror (three for each if combining of separate design and construction companies)?

____ YES ___ NO

Do All the PROJECT INFORMATION SHEETS Received Reflect Projects Completed (or Substantially Completed) Within the Last Three Years?

____YES ____NO

2. ACASS/CCASS Ratings: Contract Specialist shall provide ACASS/CCASS Ratings for the Offeror and the principal subcontractor (design firm or construction firm) if the Offeror is not a single entity. ACASS/CCASS will pertain to projects completed or substantially completed within the past 3 years.

Evaluators shall list below the names of the firms reported on the resultant ratings.

Firm Name: _____

		ACASS	CCASS
Number of Ratings:	Outstanding	_____	_____
	Above Average	_____	_____
	Satisfactory	_____	_____
	Marginal	_____	_____
	Unsatisfactory	_____	_____

3. OVERALL RATING. Select an appropriate overall rating for the CCASS, ACASS, PROJECT INFORMATION SHEETS and ANY OTHER INFORMATION available:

/__/ Outstanding

/__/ Above Average

/__ / Satisfactory

/__ / Marginal

/__ / Unsatisfactory

PROPOSAL RATING WORKSHEET
FACTOR 1-2 - CORPORATE RELEVANT SPECIALIZED EXPERIENCE
(Continued)

COMMENTS TO SUPPORT CORPORATE RELEVANT SPECIALIZED EXPERIENCE RATING.

STRENGTHS.

WEAKNESSES.

OTHER COMMENTS.

Offeror: _____

Evaluator: _____

PROPOSAL RATING WORKSHEET
FACTOR 1-3 – TECHNICAL APPROACH NARRATIVE

/__/ Outstanding

/__/ Above Average

/__ / Satisfactory

/__ / Marginal

/__ / Unsatisfactory

STRENGTHS.

WEAKNESSES.

OTHER COMMENTS.

Offeror: _____

Evaluator:_____

PHASE ONE SUMMARY AND OVERALL RATING

FACTOR	DESCRIPTION	RATING*
1-1	PAST PERFORMANCE	
1-2	CORPORATE SPECIALIZED EXPERIENCE	
1-3	TECHNICAL APPROACH NARRATIVE	
OVERALL PHASE 1 RATING		
* Ratings may be either: Outstanding – Above Average – Satisfactory – Marginal – Unsatisfactory Attach additional sheets to this rating summary to provide supporting rationale for assignment of ratings.		

_____
Board Member

Offeror: _____

FACTOR	DESCRIPTION	Board Member 1	Board Member 2	Board Member 3	Board Member 4	CONSENSUS
1-1	PAST PERFORMANCE					
1-2	CORPORATE SPECIALIZED EXPERIENCE					
1-3	TECHNICAL APPROACH NARRATIVE					
OVERALL PHASE ONE RATING						

_____
Board Member 1

_____
Board Member 2

_____
Board Member 3

_____
Board Member 4

Offeror: _____

PHASE ONE CONSENSUS SUMMARY RATING

FACTOR 1-1 PAST PERFORMANCE

STRENGTHS:

WEAKNESSES:

OTHER COMMENTS:

Offeror: _____

PHASE ONE CONSENSUS SUMMARY RATING
(Continued)

FACTOR 1-2 CORPORATE RELEVANT SPECIALIZED EXPERIENCE

STRENGTHS:

WEAKNESSES:

OTHER COMMENTS:

Offeror: _____

PHASE ONE CONSENSUS SUMMARY RATING
(Continued)

FACTOR 1-3 TECHNICAL APPROACH NARRATIVE

STRENGTHS:

WEAKNESSES:

OTHER COMMENTS:

8. PHASE TWO PROPOSAL SUBMISSION INSTRUCTIONS

8.1 Who May Submit? Proposals may be submitted by the Offerors who receive written notification from the Savannah District Contracting Officer that their firm has been selected to participate in Phase Two of this solicitation. No more than five Offerors will compete in Phase Two under typical circumstances. The Government intends to announce the names of Offerors selected for Phase Two in the FEDBIZOPS website unless an Offeror provides written notification and explanation for not wanting this information released.

8.2 General Requirements.

8.2.1 Title Page. Include the title of the solicitation, solicitation number, Offeror name, and date of the submittal.

8.2.2 Table of Contents. The proposals shall contain a detailed table of contents. If more than one binder is used, the complete table of contents shall be included in each. Any materials submitted but not required by this solicitation, (such as company brochures), shall be relegated to appendices.

8.2.3. Tabs. Proposal shall be organized and tabbed as shown.

8.2.4 Size of Printed Matter Submissions. Written materials: 8-1/2" x 11" format.

8.2.5. Drawing sheets:

8.2.5.1 Offerors shall submit one set of full size drawings Size A1 (approximately 24" x 36").

8.2.5.2 Offerors shall submit five half-size sheets size A2 (approximately 16" x 23").

8.2.5.3 Drawings shall be bound.

8.2.5.4 Drawings submitted for the proposal may be done with any CAD software available to the Offeror. However, the drawings for 60% and Final design submittals after Contract award will be done and submitted in the latest version of Microstation format only. Conversions from AutoCAD are discouraged because of file incompatibility and the added work necessary for the conversion.

8.2.6 Electronic Submission. In addition to the hard copies required above, all Offerors that advance to Phase 2 shall submit on a CD-ROM their complete submittal. This includes the Phase One Submission and the Phase Two Submission (Volumes I and II) including all drawings. Written portions of the proposal should be in MS Word, Adobe Acrobat PDF, or WordPerfect format. The electronic version shall be either a single file tabbed in the same order as the hard copy or multiple files hyperlinked to a single table of contents. Drawings should be in one of the following formats: Microstation DGN, Adobe Acrobat PDF, Max View CAL (with Sendable INDEX.SVD), or Auto Cad DWG. Any portion of the proposal not available in electronic format, i.e. cut sheets, should be scanned in Adobe Acrobat PDF format. The CD ROM must be clearly labeled by solicitation number, project name, installation, and Offeror's name.

8.3 PHASE TWO PROPOSAL, VOLUME I – Contract Requirements & Price Proposal

8.3.1 Submit original of VOLUME I - Contract Requirements & Price Proposal. This information shall be submitted in separate three-ring binders labeled "Contract Requirements & Price Proposal."

8.3.2 Volume I – CONTRACT REQUIREMENTS & PRICE PROPOSAL shall be organized as follows:

TAB A – Standard Form 1442, completed and signed by an authorized person from the company or team.

TAB B – Proposal Schedule “Supplies or Services Price/Cost” (Section 00010 of Solicitation)

TAB C – Bid Bond

TAB D – Section 00600 of Solicitation – Representations and Certifications.

TAB E – Financial Information (e.g. latest financial statement, annual reports, Dun & Bradstreet Ratings, and or number, etc.)

TAB F – Statement of Compliance

8.4 PHASE TWO PROPOSAL, VOLUME II – Technical information.

8.4.1 Number of copies. Offerors shall submit six (6) copies of VOLUME II of their Phase 2 Proposal and five (5) half-size copies of all drawings and one (1) full-size copy of all drawings.

8.4.2 This information shall be submitted in separate three-ring binders labeled "Technical Information." This category consists of design documents, drawings, sketches, outline specifications, design analysis, catalog cuts, and other information.

8.4.3 VOLUME II – TECHNICAL INFORMATION shall be organized as follows:

VOLUME II – TECHNICAL INFORMATION

TAB H – BETTERMENTS

TAB J – FACTOR 2-1: BUILDING FUNCTION AND AESTHETICS

TAB K – FACTOR 2-2: SUSTAINABLE DESIGN CONSIDERATIONS

TAB L – FACTOR 2-3: BUILDING SYSTEMS

TAB M – FACTOR 2-4: SITE DESIGN

TAB N – FACTOR 2-5: MANAGEMENT EFFECTIVNESS

TAB P – Any other information provided by the Offeror.

DRAWINGS (Minimum drawings required are outlined in each section)

8.4.4 The technical data described in Paragraphs 10 through 15 below shall be submitted as part of the formal proposal. All alternate designs shall be graphically described on separate drawings from the basic proposal. Offerors are advised that the required data listed below will be utilized for technical review and evaluation and used for determination of a "Quality Rating" by a Technical Evaluation Team. Materials indicated in the design/construction criteria, but not indicated in the Offeror's specifications, will be assumed to be included and a part of the proposal.

8.4.5 Manufacturers' catalog sheets that are submitted, as part of the proposal will be used to rate offers based on their qualitative features and risk to the Government. Accordingly, those products – and those manufacturers – become part of the contract between the Government and the Successful Offeror. Because all design efforts are not completed at the time of the proposal submission, it is expected that some specific models and capacities may not be indicated at the time of proposal submission. However, manufacturers, product features, product lines, and models can be proposed and qualitative and risk evaluations can and will be made by the Government. Those manufacturers, product features, product lines, and models are to be included in the final design documents and will be incorporated into the construction contract.

8.4.6 Any changes from the proposal submission after contract award, will be treated as deviations from the contract and must be identified to the Government by the Contractor and approved by the Government before incorporation into the project. The Contractor bears the burden of demonstrating to the satisfaction of the Contracting Officer that a deviation from the contract is of equal or better quality than that set out in the contractor's proposal.

8.4.7 Incomplete proposals. Failure to submit all the data indicated in this section may be cause for determining a proposal incomplete and, therefore, not considered for technical evaluation in Phase 2, or for subsequent award.

9. TAB H – BETTERMENTS

9. 1 Definition of Betterments. "Betterment" is defined as any component or system, which meets and exceeds the minimum requirements, stated in the Request for Proposal. This includes all proposed betterments listed in accordance with the "Proposal Submission Requirements" of this TAB, and all Government identified betterments.

9.2 During discussions, the Government may request that betterments be removed from the Offeror's proposal in order to reduce costs.

9.3 The minimum requirements of the contract are identified in the Request for Proposal. All betterments offered in the proposal become a requirement of the awarded contract.

9.4 Submission of Betterments. The Offeror shall identify "Betterments" in the following manner:

9.4.1 Short descriptive title of the betterment and how it exceeds RFP requirements.

9.4.2 Narrative of the proposed betterment and rationale as to why it has been included.

9.4.3 Reference in the Offeror's proposal where the betterment is shown or specified.

9.4.4 Estimated value of the betterment.

10. TAB J FACTOR 2-1: BUILDING FUNCTION AND AESTHETICS

10.1 Submission Requirements.

10.1.1 Architectural Narrative. Describe how the proposal complies with the requirements of the Request for Proposal. Describe any architectural cost saving features incorporated that are allowed by the RFP. Describe interior partition construction. Provide a life-safety narrative analysis. Describe any unique architectural aspects that the Offeror desires to point out to the Government. Indicate type of roof to be provided.

10.1.2 Certifications.

10.1.2.1 "U" Value Certification. Provide signed and dated certification that the final design shall meet "U" values required in the RFP for each exterior wall assembly and roof assemblies.

10.1.2.2 Mechanical Room Certification. Provide signed and dated certification that the mechanical room is of sufficient size to accommodate and serve all mechanical equipment shown and specified by the mechanical design.

10.1.2.3 List of Specifications. Provide a list of titles of specifications proposed to use in the design. It is not necessary to include sections required in this RFP.

10.1.4 Architectural Drawings.

10.1.4.1 Floor Plan(s). Floor plans are not required if the Offeror intends to use the floor plan as shown in the RFP. If changes are required, as a minimum, a partial plan must be submitted showing the changes. If the Offeror intends to reduce the building size as a cost savings to stay within the Construction Cost Limit, revised floor plans must be submitted. In this case, show gross floor area tabulations on lower portion of plate. Label all spaces. Indicate net area of all spaces. Show all doors, windows, plumbing fixtures, toilet partitions and built-in casework. Show required workstations as dashed-line blocks to demonstrate that the spaces accommodate the required workstations. Show overall building dimensions.

10.1.4.2 Building Elevations. Elevations are not required if the Offeror intends to not vary from the elevations shown on the drawings in the RFP. However, elevations may be submitted to more fully show materials and color selections and locations. Any changes allowed by this RFP as cost savings opportunities must be shown in a full or partial elevation drawing.

10.1.4.3 Typical Wall Section. Provide one exterior wall section indicating the predominant exterior wall and wall/roof intersection condition. Show overall wall thickness and eave height. Note all materials. Wall section shall be unbroken where practical.

10.1.4.4 Roof Plan. A Roof plan is not required if the Offeror intends to use the roof plan as shown in the RFP. A roof plan is required if the Offeror incorporates any cost savings opportunities that result in changes to the roof from that shown in the RFP. All roof slopes shall be indicated on any plan provided.

10.1.4.5 Sections and Partial Plans. The Offeror may (not required) provide any wall or building section, or partial plan that more fully shows aspects of the proposal such as any unique architectural features.

10.1.5 Room Finishes. Provide a room finish schedule or narrative indicating how building finishes meet the RFP requirements.

10.2 Evaluation. This factor considers the overall functional layout and interaction of the spaces in the facilities as well as the "appeal" of the facility considering interior as well as exterior considerations. The evaluation deals with the planning and design of the spaces with respect to a Recruiting Brigade Operations Building, located at Fort Gillem, Georgia. Closely associated with the functional layout of the spaces and facilities, this factor considers the aesthetics of the interior areas as well as the exterior finishes and design of the facilities, up to and including pedestrian ways and the overall environment created by the design proposed.

10.2.1 FUNCTIONAL ARRANGEMENT. The following items will be considered in the evaluation of the functional arrangement of the facility:

10.2.1.1. MINIMUM SPACE AND FACILITY SIZE. Does the proposal include all the mandatory spaces in response to the requirements set forth in the Statement of Work? Where the building size has been reduced to stay within the Construction Cost Limit, does the floor plan provide adequate space in each of the various functions? Insufficient information contained in the proposal to evaluate this item will be considered a "NO GO" and may represent a "FAIL" rating.

10.2.1.2 Does the building floor plan provide acceptable life safety and fire safety measures?

10.2.1.3 Is the Life Safety Analysis for the facility acceptable and in conformance with the Statement of Work requirements?

10.2.1.4 If the floor plan size has been reduced to meet the Construction Cost Limit, does the Offeror's floor plan meet the functional and spatial relationship requirements established in the Statement of Work?

10.2.1.5 If the floor plan size has been reduced to meet the Construction Cost Limit, does the Offeror's floor plan demonstrate compliance with the mandatory requirements for furnishings while allowing suitable space for circulation and other requirements?

10.2.1.6 If the floor plan size has been reduced to meet the Construction Cost Limit, does the Offeror's floor plan allow for suitable workflow and access necessary to successfully operate this facility in accordance with its mission?

10.2.2 BUILDING AESTHETICS. The following items will be considered based on conformance with the RFP and the Installation Design Guide (Materials will be evaluated in Factor 2-2 Building Systems):

10.2.2.1 Exterior Considerations:

10.2.2.1.1 Facades, roof lines, and delineation of entrances.

10.2.2.1.2 Proportions of fenestration in relation to elevations.

10.2.2.1.3 Shadow effects, materials, and textures.

10.2.2.1.4 Proportion and scale of the structure.

10.2.2.1.5 Compliance with Installation Design Guide Recommendations.

10.2.2.1.6 Conformance to adjacent structures architectural styles.

10.2.2.1.7 Exterior color schemes proposed.

10.2.2.1.8 Other aesthetic considerations.

10.2.2.2 Interior Considerations:

10.2.2.2.1 Do the proposed materials and finishes represent a positive working environment?

10.2.2.2.2 Do the ceiling heights, hallway widths, and other space sizes and configurations provided develop a workable solution to the facility mission?

10.2.2.2.3 Does the building interior provide for an interesting, attractive environment?

11. TAB M – FACTOR 2-2. SUSTAINABLE DESIGN SUBMITTAL REQUIREMENTS. This project has been selected as a "showcase" sustainable design project by the Department of the Army, with a goal of achieving 50 SPIRIT points.
11.1 SPIRIT Summary Table. Submit Appendix H of Section 01010 DESIGN REQUIREMENTS, "SPIRIT Requirements and Summary Table" with the "Proposal Points" column filled in to reflect the points contained in your proposal, including the total. A "SPIRIT Requirements and Summary Table" shall be provided for each individual occupied building type in project. The requirement is to achieve a minimum of 50points using the SPIRIT Project Rating Tool for Sustainable Design. NOTE: The points indicated on this summary will be considered contract requirements upon award. Do not modify any of the spaces in this column that were filled in on the solicitation.

11.2 Sustainable Design Narrative. Organize the narrative in the same order as SPIRIT summary table with one paragraph devoted to each proposed item on the chart. Briefly describe the activities and/or features proposed to earn each point indicated on your proposal. For mandatory points and requirements the narrative may be limited to repeating the statement found in the "Remarks" column of the SPIRIT summary table.

11.3 EVALUATION. Offerors shall include a preliminary ranking of the sustainable design considerations included in the proposal. The successful proposal shall be required to complete a detailed analysis on the final design that meets or exceeds the preliminary ranking established at proposal level. The evaluation of this factor

shall be based on the number of points and the narrative that supports how each point will be achieved. The evaluation of this factor shall be as follows:

11.3.1 SPIRIT points proposed: Less than 50 – Factor rating: Unsatisfactory
11.3.2 SPIRIT points proposed: 50 to 55 – Factor rating: Satisfactory

11.3.3 SPIRIT points proposed: 56 to 60 – Factor rating: Above Average

11.3.4 SPIRIT points proposed: 61 and above – Factor rating: Outstanding

11.3.5 Offeror's proposed points may be adjusted by the evaluators if documentation is not provided to fully validate how the point will be achieved.

12. TAB L - FACTOR 2-3: BUILDING SYSTEMS

12.1. STRUCTURAL SUBMITTAL REQUIREMENTS. The structural portion of the proposal must outline the proposed methods and materials of design and construction. The submittal shall include the following:

12.1.1 Structural Narrative. Provide a general description of the scope of the project and all of the major structures. Give overall building dimensions and a description of the principal features such as wall and roof construction proposed.

12.1.1.1 Provide a description of the framing system chosen.

12.1.1.2 Provide a description of the lateral load resisting system and how these loads will be transmitted to the foundations.

12.1.1.3 Provide a description of the anticipated foundations based on information provided in the RFP.

12.1.1.4 Provide a list of special design features including features to be used in compliance with the AT/FP requirements.

12.1.2 Fire Resistance Statement. State the required fire resistance criteria for all portions of the structural system and the proposed method of meeting these requirements.

12.1.3 Design Analysis. State the live loads for which the facility is to be designed. Include roof and floor loads. Provide the wind loads, lateral earth pressure loads, seismic loads, etc. as applicable. Complete analysis is not necessary, only tabulation of loads is required.

12.1.4 Outline Specifications. The offeror shall provide a list of titles of specifications he proposes to use in the design, if sections are not provided in this RFP.

12.2 MECHANICAL SUBMITTAL REQUIREMENTS.

12.2.1 Heating, Ventilating, and Air Conditioning Narrative. Narrative of design analysis will contain the following:

12.2.1.1 Design conditions used in calculations - inside and outside temperatures, personnel load, outside air or ventilation requirements, U-factors, and other special conditions.

12.2.1.2 Energy Conservation Measures.

12.2.1.3. A description of piping systems including type of pipe, insulation requirements, and whether concealed or exposed.

12.2.1.4 Energy Budget Certification. Provide a certification that the final design will comply with Energy Budget requirements of specification Section 01020.

12.2.1.5 Controls System Narrative. A description of the proposed Direct Digital Controls System to be used.

12.2.1.6 Catalog Cuts. Brief description of various items of equipment, including catalog cuts. Manufacturers, level of quality, warranties, etc. are more important to the evaluators than selections of specific sizes or capacities.

12.2.1.7 Specifications. List of specifications to be used.

12.2.2 Mechanical Drawings. Provide plan view showing the following:

12.2.2.1 Heating, Ventilating, and Air Conditioning Drawings. Heating, ventilating, and air conditioning equipment layout showing items of major equipment required for the facility.

12.2.2.2 Mechanical Room(s) Drawings. Provide a 1/4 inch = 1 foot scale (1:50) plan showing equipment layout of major components in mechanical rooms. The Engineer/ Architect of record will be required to certify that adequate space has been provided for safe operation of equipment and maintenance capability. Mechanical equipment layouts shall comply with Section 01020.

12.3 ELECTRICAL SUBMITTAL REQUIREMENTS.

12.3.1 Exterior Lighting System. Provide an Exterior Concept Lighting Schedule tabulating areas (e.g., roadway, walkway, parking, security), fixture types, pole heights, lighting intensities, and basis of design (e.g., IES criteria, RFP requirement).

12.3.2 Exterior Lighting Fixture Catalog Cuts. Provide a single catalog cut sheet for each fixture type and pole. This cut sheet shall be correlated to the Exterior Concept Lighting Schedule and shall establish the aesthetic, physical, functional and photometric characteristics of the fixture and shall establish a level of quality.

12.3.3 Energy Conservation Design Narrative. Energy conservation measures shall be indicated. The narrative shall describe measures and techniques that are proposed in the interior and exterior electrical design that will conserve energy. No submittal of actual interior products is required.

12.5 EVALUATION. This factor considers the materials, layout, maintainability, quality, durability, maintenance considerations, and any aspects of the proposed building systems and materials. Additional consideration will be given to all proposed systems or materials, which exceed the minimum requirements of the RFP. Offerors are encouraged to present energy, maintenance, and life cycle cost improvements, which will lead to the overall improvement in the final constructed facilities. The following elements shall be considered in evaluating this factor:

12.5.1. STRUCTURAL EVALUATION. Evaluate the structural systems and sub-systems proposed for installation in the facilities. While no detail drawings or calculations are required or desired, the narrative descriptions of the structural systems proposed will be evaluated. Consideration will be given to overall life cycle maintenance of the systems and also to considerations of materials selected with respect to the expected use by soldiers. Additional considerations will be given to proposed systems with a long expected life (greater than 25 years) versus a system requiring greater cyclical replacement.

12.5.2 MECHANICAL. The heating, air conditioning, and ventilating systems proposed will be evaluated. Evaluation will concentrate on the equipment and material catalog information included in the proposals. The items proposed must meet the minimum requirements set out in the Statement of Work and shall represent systems which are fully integrated into the building structure and are fully capable of environmental control of the spaces. The automatic temperature controls will also be considered. Additional considerations will be given to proposals that

incorporate energy recovery systems, high efficiency systems, energy conservation considerations, thermal storage systems, and other systems and features designed to enhance the overall performance of the facility while reducing the operating and maintenance costs expected.

12.5.3. ELECTRICAL. The exterior electrical lighting systems proposed will be evaluated. Evaluation will concentrate on the equipment and material catalog information included in the proposals. The systems proposed must meet the minimum requirements set forth in the Statement of Work. Additional consideration will be given to proposals, which describe and incorporate interior and exterior electrical energy saving materials, or materials, which represent a lower life cycle, cost to the Base.

13. TAB M – FACTOR 2-4 SITE DESIGN SUBMITTAL REQUIREMENTS. The site development portion of the proposal must outline the proposed site demolition, layout, grading, storm drainage, and erosion control practices of design and construction. A topographic survey will be provided at Phase II to the Offerors in English units. The proposal shall include the following:

13.1 General Site Development Narrative. State the purpose, functional layout of all major structures in relation to parking and access drives, the extent of grading and drainage system, as well as erosion control measures in sufficient detail to delineate and characterize functional features and the desired image or visual appearance of this project. The narrative shall reflect setbacks requirements as indicated in Section 01020, as well as the visual characteristics of the surrounding topography. Include a statement addressing Force Protection Compliance, as well as a statement addressing Storm Water Management. Also include a statement of any requirements for traffic control signage. Provide a brief statement of the exterior construction materials to be used in the project.

13.2 Erosion Control Narrative. Provide a narrative of the erosion control measures to be used in this project.

13.3 Landscape Narrative. The narrative shall indicate specific site problems related to proposed development and the rationale for proposed plant selection and locations. The narrative shall also include a list of suggested types and sizes of plant materials to be used (use native plants as much as possible). The narrative shall discuss what materials are being included in the project that comes from recycled materials and renewable resources. It shall also indicate coordination with AT/FP requirements.

13.4 Site Utilities Narrative. Design Narrative shall include Description of the utility systems chosen.

13.5 Grading and Drainage narrative outlining approach to be taken.

13.6 Outline Specifications. Provide a list of titles of specifications proposed for use in the design, if the section is not provided in this RFP.

13.7 Site Development Drawings. Provide any drawings that the Offeror feels will more fully explain or demonstrate site development approach. Show any variations from the Site and Utility Plan in the RFP.

13.8 EVALUATION. This factor considers the layout and planning of the site and various specialties that comprise a good site development plan. The following three elements shall be considered in evaluating this factor:

13.8.1 The overall development concept proposed in the Offeror's plan considering aspects, which comprise the overall site development. Proposals that reflect the design intent and direction as outlined in the Statement of Work will receive the most consideration during the evaluation process.

13.8.2 The inclusion of the site restraints imposed by the Force Protection requirements in the Statement of Work into the Offeror's proposal. The proposal must address this subfactor specifically. If a proposal is rated "unsatisfactory" in this subfactor the proposal may be eliminated from further consideration.

13.8.3 The technical performance of the proposed site utility and exterior utility distribution systems. The quality of the proposed design as well as the materials selected will be considered in this item. Emphasis will be placed on

durability, corrosion resistance, ease of maintenance, and life cycle cost of materials selected. Consideration will be given to the suitability of the chosen materials for the site soil conditions present. Site engineering will consider all aspects of the proposal beyond the 5-ft line from all new facilities.

14. TAB N – FACTOR 2-5 MANAGEMENT EFFECTIVNESS. The Offeror shall provide a Management Plan. This is an overall plan showing how the Offeror will control the design and construction of the project. The term "management plan" is defined as a plan that includes the following sub-plans:

14.1 KEY PERSONNEL.

14.1.1 Provide the names, resumes, and levels of responsibility of the principal managers and technical personnel who will be directly responsible for the day-to-day design and construction activities. Include, as a minimum the following:

14.1.1.1 Project Manager

14.1.1.2 Project Architect

14.1.1.3 Construction Manager

14.1.1.4 Construction Quality Control Manager

14.1.1.5 Design Quality Control Manager

14.1.2 Indicate whether each individual has had a significant part in any of the project examples cited. If reassignment of personnel is considered possible, provide the names and resumes of the alternative professionals in each assignment.

14.1.3 Provide a narrative and/or diagram that outline the relationships and interaction between each of the key personnel above.

14.2 SCHEDULE.

14.2.1 The Offeror shall clearly state the total performance period proposed from the contract Notice to Proceed to turnover of the facility for use by the end user's unrestricted use. This period shall be inclusive of all review period required by the Government and specified in Section 01330 SUBMITTAL PROCEDURES. This period will also include all design and review time, construction time, Contractor furniture installation, Government move-in time (Contractor will allow 2 weeks for Government move-in), and facilities demolition time.

14.2.2 The Government's requirement is that all design and construction on this project be completed within 10 days of Notice to Proceed, inclusive of all review periods and Government phasing requirements specified. The Offeror may propose a completion period of lesser duration. Completion periods of significantly lesser duration may be rated as more advantageous to the Government. If the Offeror proposes a completion period of lesser duration than the Government requirement, the following statement shall be completed and submitted:

Statement of Compliance

[*Insert name of the Offeror*] hereby proposes that the period of performance for all design and construction is _____calendar days from Notice to Proceed, inclusive of Government review periods and Government phasing requirements specified.

[*Insert name of the Offeror*] hereby certifies that the offer of this performance period is at no additional cost to the Government over the performance period specified as the minimum Government requirements.

14.2.3 The Offeror shall also submit a narrative explaining how the schedules will be achieved.

14.2.4 A schedule that significantly improves on the Government supplied maximum duration will be considered more favorably during evaluations.

14.4 EVALUATION. This factor evaluates the Offeror's Project Management Plans as well as the proposed schedule for completion of the entire design-build project.

14.4.1 KEY PERSONNEL. The Government will evaluate and rate the Key Personnel identified. The resumes and levels of responsibility of the principal managers and technical personnel who will be directly responsible for the day-to-day design and construction activities will be evaluated. Data should indicate whether each individual has had a significant part in any of the project examples cited. If reassignment of personnel is considered possible, the names and resumes of the alternative professionals for each assignment will be evaluated. Additional consideration will be given to individuals who have past experience with Corps of Engineers construction project operations and who have completed the Corps sponsored Quality Control Class.

14.4.2 SCHEDULE. The schedule will be evaluated to assess the inclusion of "fast tracking" and the rationale of how the Offeror intends to comply with the submitted schedule. The schedule must reflect a single task oriented structure for design, construction, furniture installation, Government move-in, and demolition of two existing facilities. Offeror will allow two weeks after furniture installation for Government move-in. The schedule will be reviewed for completeness and the inclusion of required milestones. A schedule that improves on the Government supplied maximum duration will be considered more favorably during the evaluation.

15. EVALUATION STANDARDS. Evaluation criteria (factors) will be rated using the following adjectival descriptions. Evaluators will apply the appropriate adjective to each criterion rated. The evaluator's narrative explanation must clearly establish that the Offeror's submittal meets the definitions established below. As each criterion is evaluated an assessment of Performance Risk will be made. Performance Risk relates to the assessment of an Offeror's present and past work and accomplishments to determine the Offeror's ability to successfully perform as required.

15.1 OUTSTANDING - Information submitted demonstrates Offeror's potential to significantly exceed performance or capability standards. The Offeror has clearly demonstrated an understanding of all aspects of the requirements to the extent that timely and highest quality performance is anticipated. The Offeror possesses exceptional strengths that will significantly benefit the Government. The Offeror's qualifications meet the fullest expectations of the Government. The Offeror has convincingly demonstrated that the RFP requirements have been analyzed, evaluated, and synthesized into approaches, plans, and techniques that, when implemented, should result in highly effective and efficient performance under the contract which represents very low risk to the Government. An assigned rating of "outstanding" indicates that, in terms of the specific factor, the submittal contains no significant weaknesses, deficiencies or disadvantages. Offeror very significantly exceeds most or all solicitation requirements. Very high probability of success. Very low risk to the Government.

15.2 ABOVE AVERAGE - Information submitted demonstrates Offeror's potential to exceed performance or capability standards. Offeror possesses one or more strengths that will benefit the Government. The areas in which the Offeror exceeds the requirements are anticipated to result in a high level of efficiency, productivity, or quality. The Offeror's qualifications are responsive with minor weaknesses, but no major weaknesses noted. An assigned rating of "Above Average" indicates that, in terms of the specific factor, any weaknesses noted are minor and should not seriously affect the offeror's performance. The submittal demonstrates that the requirements of the RFP are well understood and the approach will likely result in a high quality of performance which represents low risk to the Government. A rating of "Above Average" is used when there are no indications of exceptional features or innovations that could prove to be beneficial, or conversely, weaknesses that could diminish the quality of the effort or increase the risks of failure. Disadvantages are minimal. The submittal contains excellent features that will likely produce results very beneficial to the Government. Offeror fully meets all RFP requirements and significantly exceeds many of the RFP requirements. Response exceeds a "Satisfactory" rating. High probability of success. Low risk to the Government.

15.3 SATISFACTORY (Neutral) - Information submitted demonstrates Offeror's potential to meet performance or capability standards. Offeror presents an acceptable solution and meets minimum standard requirements. Offeror possesses few or no advantages or strengths. The Offeror's proposal contains weaknesses in several areas that are offset by strengths in other areas. A rating of “Satisfactory” indicates that, in terms of the specific factor, the Offeror may satisfactorily complete the proposed tasks, but there is at least a moderate risk that it will not be successful. There is a good probability of success and that a fully acceptable level of performance will be achieved. Offeror meets all RFP requirements, presents a complete and comprehensive proposal, exemplifies an understanding of the scope and depth of the task requirements, and displays understanding of the Government's requirements. Offeror’s response exceeds a "Marginal" rating. No significant advantages or disadvantages. Moderate risk to the Government. In the case of no past performance on the part of the Offeror, a SATISFACTORY rating will be assigned for Past Performance.

15.4 MARGINAL - Information submitted demonstrates Offeror's potential to marginally meet performance or capability standards necessary for minimal but acceptable contract performance. The submittal is not adequately responsive or does not address the specific factor. The assignment of a rating of “Marginal” indicates that mandatory corrective action would be required to prevent significant deficiencies from affecting the overall project. The Offeror's qualifications demonstrate an acceptable understanding of the requirements of the RFP and the approach will likely result in an adequate quality of performance, which represents a moderate level of risk to the Government. Offeror displays low probability of success, although the submittal has a reasonable chance of becoming at least acceptable. Offeror’s response exceeds an "Unsatisfactory" rating. Significant disadvantages. High risk to the Government.

15.5 UNSATISFACTORY – Information submitted fails to meet performance or capability standards necessary for acceptable contractor performance. The Offeror’s interpretation of the Government’s requirements is so superficial, incomplete, vague, incompatible, incomprehensible, or incorrect as to be Unsatisfactory. The submittal does not meet the minimum requirements of the RFP; requirements could only be met with major changes to the submittal. There is no reasonable expectation that acceptable performance would be achieved which represents unacceptably high risk to the Government. The Offeror's qualifications have many deficiencies and/or gross omissions; fail to provide a reasonable, logical approach to fulfilling much of the Government's requirements; and, fail to meet many of the minimum requirements. The Offeror's qualifications are so unacceptable that it would have to be completely revised in order to attempt to make them acceptable. Very significant disadvantages. Unacceptably high risk to the Government.

16. EVALUATION FACTORS and WEIGHTS

16.1 Relative Importance Definition. For the purpose of this evaluation, the following terms will be used to establish the relative importance of the factors.

16.1.1 Significantly More Important: The criterion is at least two times greater in value than another criterion.

16.1.2 More Important: The criterion is greater in value than another criterion but less than two times greater.

16.1.3 Equal: The criterion is of the same value or nearly the same as another criterion.

16.2 Weight among technical factors:

FACTOR 1-1: OFFEROR PAST PERFORMANCE: This factor is significantly more important than Factors 1-2 and 1-3.

FACTOR 1-2: CORPORATE RELEVANT SPECIALIZED EXPERIENCE: This factor is equal in importance to Factor 1-3.

FACTOR 1-3: TECHNICAL APPROACH NARRATIVE: This factor is equal in importance to Factor 1-2.

FACTORS 1-1, 1-2, and 1-3together are equal in importance to Factor 2-1.
FACTOR 2-1: BUILDING FUNCTION AND AESTHETICS: This factor is equal in importance to Factor 2-2, and more important than Factors 2-3, 2-4, and 2-5.

FACTOR 2-2: SUSTAINABLE DESIGN CONSIDERATIONS: This factor is equal in importance to Factor 2-1 and more important than Factors 2-3, 2-4, and 2-5.

FACTOR 2-3: BUILDING SYSTEMS: This factor is equal in importance to Factors 2-4 and 2-5.

FACTOR 2-4: SITE DESIGN: This factor is equal in importance to Factors 2-3 and 2-5.

FACTOR 2-5: MANAGEMENT EFFECTIVENESS. This factor is equal in importance to Factors 2-3 and 2-4.

17. PROPOSAL EVALUATION.

17.1 Each member of the Government evaluation team (Source Selection Board) will independently consider all information provided in the proposal. Worksheets are provided on the following pages, which the evaluators will use to review and rate the individual proposals.

17.2 Once these individual analyses are completed, the team will meet and determine a rating for each of the evaluation factors by consensus decision.

17.3 The evaluation team will document strengths, weaknesses, and omissions to support the rating for each factor as well as the overall rating. Documentation and comments are required for all ratings.

17.4 This final overall rating, along with ratings on individual factors, will be provided to the Contracting Officer/Source Selection Authority for the best value decision.

18. EXCEPTIONS. Exceptions to the contractual terms and conditions of the solicitation (e.g., standard company terms and conditions) may result in a determination to reject a proposal.

19. RESTRICTIONS. Failure to submit all the data in the format indicated in this section may be cause for determining a proposal incomplete and, therefore, not considered for evaluation, and for subsequent award.

20. PRICE.

20.1 The Government will perform a price analysis on all proposals received. Price analysis will be performed in accordance with FAR 15.404-1, to determine completeness, reasonableness, and understanding of the work. The evaluation will determine the adequacy of the offer in fulfilling the requirements of the proposal. Completeness addresses the extent to which the elements of the price proposal are consistent with the requirements of the RFP. Reasonableness will be established using historical price information, price competition information, the IGE, and any other pricing tools necessary.

20.2 Price will not be scored, but will be a factor in establishing the competitive range prior to discussions (if held) and in making the final best value determination for award.

20.3 PRICE is equal in importance to ALL TECHNICAL FACTORS when combined.

21. BASIS FOR AWARD

21.1 Proposals must meet the criteria stated in the RFP in order to be eligible for award, to include responsiveness, technical acceptability and responsibility.

21.2 In order to determine which proposal represents the best overall value, the Government will compare proposals to one another. The Government will award a contract to the responsible Offeror whose technical submittal and price proposal contains the combination of those criteria described in this document offering the best overall value to the Government. Best value will be determined by a comparative assessment of proposals against all source selection criteria in this RFP.

21.3 As technical ratings and relative advantages and disadvantages become less distinct, differences in price between proposals are of increased importance in determining the most advantageous proposal. Conversely, as differences in price become less distinct, differences in scoring and relative advantages and disadvantages between proposals are of increased importance to the determination.

21.4 The Government reserves the right to accept other than the lowest priced offer. The right is also reserved to reject any and all offers. The basis of award will be a conforming offer, the price or cost of which may or may not be the lowest. If other than the lowest offer, it must be sufficiently more advantageous than the lowest offer to justify the payment of additional amounts.

21.5 Offerors are reminded to include their best technical and price terms in their initial offer and not to automatically assume that they will have an opportunity to participate in discussions or be asked to submit a revised offer. The Government may make award of a conforming proposal without discussions, if deemed to be within the best interests of the Government.

Offeror: _____

Evaluator: _____

PROPOSAL RATING WORKSHEET
FACTOR 2-1 BUILDING FUNCTION AND AESTHETICS

/__/ Outstanding

/__/ Above Average

/__ / Satisfactory

/__ / Marginal

/__ / Unsatisfactory

STRENGTHS.

WEAKNESSES.

OTHER COMMENTS.

Offeror: _____

Evaluator: _____

PROPOSAL RATING WORKSHEET

FACTOR 2-2 SUSTAINABLE DESIGN CONSIDERATIONS

/__/ Outstanding

/__/ Above Average

/__ / Satisfactory

/__ / Marginal

/__ / Unsatisfactory

STRENGTHS.

WEAKNESSES.

OTHER COMMENTS.

Offeror: _____

Evaluator: _____

PROPOSAL RATING WORKSHEET
FACTOR 2-3 BUILDING SYSTEMS

/__/ Outstanding

/__/ Above Average

/__ / Satisfactory

/__ / Marginal

/__ / Unsatisfactory

STRENGTHS.

WEAKNESSES.

OTHER COMMENTS.

Offeror: _____

Evaluator: _____

PROPOSAL RATING WORKSHEET
FACTOR 2-4 SITE DESIGN

/__/ Outstanding

/__/ Above Average

/__ / Satisfactory

/__ / Marginal

/__ / Unsatisfactory

STRENGTHS.

WEAKNESSES.

OTHER COMMENTS.

Offeror: _____

Evaluator: _____

PROPOSAL RATING WORKSHEET
FACTOR 2-5 MANAGEMENT EFFECTIVENESS

/__/ Outstanding

/__/ Above Average

/__ / Satisfactory

/__ / Marginal

/__ / Unsatisfactory

STRENGTHS.

WEAKNESSES.

OTHER COMMENTS.

Offeror: _____

Evaluator:_____

PHASE TWO SUMMARY AND OVERALL RATING

FACTOR	DESCRIPTION	RATING*
2-1	BUILDING FUNCTION AND AESTHETICS	
2-2	SUSTAINABLE DESIGN CONSIDERATIONS	
2-3	BUILDING SYSTEMS	
2-4	SITE DESIGN	
2-5	MANAGEMENT EFFECTIVENESS	
	OVERALL PHASE ONE RATING	
OVERALL RATING		
* Ratings may be either: Outstanding – Above Average – Satisfactory – Marginal – Unsatisfactory Attach additional sheets to this rating summary to provide supporting rationale for assignment of ratings.		

_____

Board Member

Offeror: _____

PHASE TWO SUMMARY AND OVERALL RATING

FACTOR	DESCRIPTION	Board Member 1	Board Member 2	Board Member 3	Board Member 4	CONSENSUS
2-1	BUILDING FUNCTION AND AESTHETICS					
2-2	SUSTAINABLE DESIGN CONSIDERATIONS					
2-3	BUILDING SYSTEMS					
2-4	SITE DESIGN					
2-5	MANAGEMENT EFFECTIVENESS					
OVERALL PHASE ONE RATING						
OVERALL RATING						

_____
Board Member 1

_____
Board Member 2

_____
Board Member 3

_____
Board Member 4

Offeror: _____

PHASE TWO CONSENSUS SUMMARY RATING

FACTOR 2-1 BUILDING FUNCTION AND AESTHETICS

STRENGTHS:

WEAKNESSES:

OTHER COMMENTS:

Offeror: _____

PHASE TWO CONSENSUS SUMMARY RATING
(Continued)

FACTOR 2-2 SUSTAINABLE DESIGN CONSIDERATIONS

STRENGTHS:

WEAKNESSES:

OTHER COMMENTS:

Offeror: _____

PHASE TWO CONSENSUS SUMMARY RATING
(Continued)

FACTOR 2-3 BUILDING SYSTEMS

STRENGTHS:

WEAKNESSES:

OTHER COMMENTS:

Offeror: _____

PHASE TWO CONSENSUS SUMMARY RATING
(Continued)

FACTOR 2-4 SITE DESIGN

STRENGTHS:

WEAKNESSES:

OTHER COMMENTS:

Offeror: _____

PHASE TWO CONSENSUS SUMMARY RATING
(Continued)

FACTOR 2-5 MANAGEMENT EFFECTIVENESS

STRENGTHS:

WEAKNESSES:

OTHER COMMENTS:

CLAUSES INCORPORATED BY FULL TEXT

52.204-6 DATA UNIVERSAL NUMBERING SYSTEM (DUNS) NUMBER (OCT 2003)

(a) The offeror shall enter, in the block with its name and address on the cover page of its offer, the annotation "DUNS" or "DUNS+4" followed by the DUNS number or "DUNS+4" that identifies the offeror's name and address exactly as stated in the offer. The DUNS number is a nine-digit number assigned by Dun and Bradstreet, Inc. The DUNS+4 is the DUNS number plus a 4-character suffix that may be assigned at the discretion of the offeror to establish additional CCR records for identifying alternative Electronic Funds Transfer (EFT) accounts (see Subpart 32.11) for the same parent concern.

(b) If the offeror does not have a DUNS number, it should contact Dun and Bradstreet directly to obtain one.

(1) An offeror may obtain a DUNS number--

(i) If located within the United States, by calling Dun and Bradstreet at 1-866-705-5711 or via the Internet at http://www.dnb.com; or

(ii) If located outside the United States, by contacting the local Dun and Bradstreet office.

(2) The offeror should be prepared to provide the following information:

(i) Company legal business name.

(ii) Tradestyle, doing business, or other name by which your entity is commonly recognized.

(iii) Company physical street address, city, state and Zip Code.

(iv) Company mailing address, city, state and Zip Code (if separate from physical).

(v) Company telephone number.

(vi) Date the company was started.

(vii) Number of employees at your location.

(viii) Chief executive officer/key manager.

(ix) Line of business (industry).

(x) Company Headquarters name and address (reporting relationship within your entity).

(End of provision)

52.211-2 AVAILABILITY OF SPECIFICATIONS LISTED IN THE DOD INDEX OF SPECIFICATIONS AND STANDARDS (DODISS) AND DESCRIPTIONS LISTED IN THE ACQUISITION MANAGEMENT SYSTEMS AND DATA REQUIREMENTS CONTROL LIST, DOD 5010.12-L (DEC 2003)

Copies of specifications, standards, and data item descriptions cited in this solicitation may be obtained--

(a) From the ASSIST database via the Internet at http://assist.daps.dla.mil; or

(b) By submitting a request to the--Department of Defense Single Stock Point (DoDSSP), Building 4, Section D, 700 Robbins Avenue, Philadelphia, PA 19111-5094, Telephone (215) 697-2179, Facsimile (215) 697-1462.

(End of provision)

52.211-14 NOTICE OF PRIORITY RATING FOR NATIONAL DEFENSE USE (SEP 1990)

Any contract awarded as a result of this solicitation will be DO rated order certified for national defense use under the Defense Priorities and Allocations System (DPAS) (15 CFR 700), and the Contractor will be required to follow all of the requirements of this regulation.

(End of provision)

52.214-5000 APPARENT CLERICAL MISTAKES (MAR 1995)--EFARS

(a) For the purpose of initial evaluations of bids, the following will be utilized in the resolving arithmetic discrepancies found on the face of bidding schedule as submitted by the bidder:

(1) Obviously misplaced decimal points will be corrected;

(2) Discrepancy between unit price and extended price, the unit price will govern;

(3) Apparent errors in extension of unit prices will be corrected;

(4) Apparent errors in addition of lump-sum and extended prices will be corrected.

(b) For the purpose of bid evaluation, the government will proceed on the assumption that the bidder intends his bid to be evaluated on basis of the unit prices, the totals arrived at by resolution of arithmetic discrepancies as provided above and the bid will be so reflected on the abstract of bids.

(c) These correction procedures shall not be used to resolve any ambiguity concerning which bid is low.

(End of statement)

52.215-1 INSTRUCTIONS TO OFFERORS--COMPETITIVE ACQUISITION (JAN 2004)

(a) Definitions. As used in this provision--

“Discussions” are negotiations that occur after establishment of the competitive range that may, at the Contracting Officer's discretion, result in the offeror being allowed to revise its proposal.

“In writing or written” means any worded or numbered expression which can be read, reproduced, and later communicated, and includes electronically transmitted and stored information.

“Proposal modification” is a change made to a proposal before the solicitation's closing date and time, or made in response to an amendment, or made to correct a mistake at any time before award.

“Proposal revision” is a change to a proposal made after the solicitation closing date, at the request of or as allowed by a Contracting Officer as the result of negotiations.

“Time”, if stated as a number of days, is calculated using calendar days, unless otherwise specified, and will include Saturdays, Sundays, and legal holidays. However, if the last day falls on a Saturday, Sunday, or legal holiday, then the period shall include the next working day.

(b) Amendments to solicitations. If this solicitation is amended, all terms and conditions that are not amended remain unchanged. Offerors shall acknowledge receipt of any amendment to this solicitation by the date and time specified in the amendment(s).

(c) Submission, modification, revision, and withdrawal of proposals. (1) Unless other methods (e.g., electronic commerce or facsimile) are permitted in the solicitation, proposals and modifications to proposals shall be submitted in paper media in sealed envelopes or packages (i) addressed to the office specified in the solicitation, and (ii) showing the time and date specified for receipt, the solicitation number, and the name and address of the offeror. Offerors using commercial carriers should ensure that the proposal is marked on the outermost wrapper with the information in paragraphs (c)(1)(i) and (c)(1)(ii) of this provision.

(2) The first page of the proposal must show--

(i) The solicitation number;

(ii) The name, address, and telephone and facsimile numbers of the offeror (and electronic address if available);

(iii) A statement specifying the extent of agreement with all terms, conditions, and provisions included in the solicitation and agreement to furnish any or all items upon which prices are offered at the price set opposite each item;

(iv) Names, titles, and telephone and facsimile numbers (and electronic addresses if available) of persons authorized to negotiate on the offeror's behalf with the Government in connection with this solicitation; and

(v) Name, title, and signature of person authorized to sign the proposal. Proposals signed by an agent shall be accompanied by evidence of that agent's authority, unless that evidence has been previously furnished to the issuing office.

(3) Submission, modification, or revision, of proposals.

(i) Offerors are responsible for submitting proposals, and any modifications, or revisions, so as to reach the Government office designated in the solicitation by the time specified in the solicitation. If no time is specified in the solicitation, the time for receipt is 4:30 p.m., local time, for the designated Government office on the date that proposal or revision is due.

(ii)(A) Any proposal, modification, or revision received at the Government office designated in the solicitation after the exact time specified for receipt of offers is “late” and will not be considered unless it is received before award is made, the Contracting Officer determines that accepting the late offer would not unduly delay the acquisition; and--

(1) If it was transmitted through an electronic commerce method authorized by the solicitation, it was received at the initial point of entry to the Government infrastructure not later than 5:00 p.m. one working day prior to the date specified for receipt of proposals; or

(2) There is acceptable evidence to establish that it was received at the Government installation designated for receipt of offers and was under the Government's control prior to the time set for receipt of offers; or

(3) It is the only proposal received.

(B) However, a late modification of an otherwise successful proposal that makes its terms more favorable to the Government, will be considered at any time it is received and may be accepted.

(iii) Acceptable evidence to establish the time of receipt at the Government installation includes the time/date stamp of that installation on the proposal wrapper, other documentary evidence of receipt maintained by the installation, or oral testimony or statements of Government personnel.

(iv) If an emergency or unanticipated event interrupts normal Government processes so that proposals cannot be received at the office designated for receipt of proposals by the exact time specified in the solicitation, and urgent Government requirements preclude amendment of the solicitation, the time specified for receipt of proposals will be deemed to be extended to the same time of day specified in the solicitation on the first work day on which normal Government processes resume.

(v) Proposals may be withdrawn by written notice received at any time before award. Oral proposals in response to oral solicitations may be withdrawn orally. If the solicitation authorizes facsimile proposals, proposals may be withdrawn via facsimile received at any time before award, subject to the conditions specified in the provision at 52.215-5, Facsimile Proposals. Proposals may be withdrawn in person by an offeror or an authorized representative, if the identity of the person requesting withdrawal is established and the person signs a receipt for the proposal before award.

(4) Unless otherwise specified in the solicitation, the offeror may propose to provide any item or combination of items.

(5) Offerors shall submit proposals in response to this solicitation in English, unless otherwise permitted by the solicitation, and in U.S. dollars, unless the provision at FAR 52.225-17, Evaluation of Foreign Currency Offers, is included in the solicitation.

(6) Offerors may submit modifications to their proposals at any time before the solicitation closing date and time, and may submit modifications in response to an amendment, or to correct a mistake at any time before award.

(7) Offerors may submit revised proposals only if requested or allowed by the Contracting Officer.

(8) Proposals may be withdrawn at any time before award. Withdrawals are effective upon receipt of notice by the Contracting Officer.

(d) Offer expiration date. Proposals in response to this solicitation will be valid for the number of days specified on the solicitation cover sheet (unless a different period is proposed by the offeror).

(e) Restriction on disclosure and use of data. Offerors that include in their proposals data that they do not want disclosed to the public for any purpose, or used by the Government except for evaluation purposes, shall--

(1) Mark the title page with the following legend: This proposal includes data that shall not be disclosed outside the Government and shall not be duplicated, used, or disclosed--in whole or in part--for any purpose other than to evaluate this proposal. If, however, a contract is awarded to this offeror as a result of--or in connection with-- the submission of this data, the Government shall have the right to duplicate, use, or disclose the data to the extent provided in the resulting contract. This restriction does not limit the Government's right to use information contained in this data if it is obtained from another source without restriction. The data subject to this restriction are contained in sheets [insert numbers or other identification of sheets]; and

(2) Mark each sheet of data it wishes to restrict with the following legend: Use or disclosure of data contained on this sheet is subject to the restriction on the title page of this proposal.

(f) Contract award. (1) The Government intends to award a contract or contracts resulting from this solicitation to the responsible offeror(s) whose proposal(s) represents the best value after evaluation in accordance with the factors and subfactors in the solicitation.

(2) The Government may reject any or all proposals if such action is in the Government's interest.

(3) The Government may waive informalities and minor irregularities in proposals received.

(4) The Government intends to evaluate proposals and award a contract without discussions with offerors (except clarifications as described in FAR 15.306(a)). Therefore, the offeror's initial proposal should contain the offeror's best terms from a cost or price and technical standpoint. The Government reserves the right to conduct discussions if the Contracting Officer later determines them to be necessary. If the Contracting Officer determines that the number of proposals that would otherwise be in the competitive range exceeds the number at which an efficient competition can be conducted, the Contracting Officer may limit the number of proposals in the competitive range to the greatest number that will permit an efficient competition among the most highly rated proposals.

(5) The Government reserves the right to make an award on any item for a quantity less than the quantity offered, at the unit cost or prices offered, unless the offeror specifies otherwise in the proposal.

(6) The Government reserves the right to make multiple awards if, after considering the additional administrative costs, it is in the Government's best interest to do so.

(7) Exchanges with offerors after receipt of a proposal do not constitute a rejection or counteroffer by the Government.

(8) The Government may determine that a proposal is unacceptable if the prices proposed are materially unbalanced between line items or subline items. Unbalanced pricing exists when, despite an acceptable total evaluated price, the price of one or more contract line items is significantly overstated or understated as indicated by the application of cost or price analysis techniques. A proposal may be rejected if the Contracting Officer determines that the lack of balance poses an unacceptable risk to the Government.

(9) If a cost realism analysis is performed, cost realism may be considered by the source selection authority in evaluating performance or schedule risk.

(10) A written award or acceptance of proposal mailed or otherwise furnished to the successful offeror within the time specified in the proposal shall result in a binding contract without further action by either party.

(11) If a post-award debriefing is given to requesting offerors, the Government shall disclose the following information, if applicable:

(i) The agency's evaluation of the significant weak or deficient factors in the debriefed offeror's offer.

(ii) The overall evaluated cost or price and technical rating of the successful and the debriefed offeror and past performance information on the debriefed offeror.

(iii) The overall ranking of all offerors, when any ranking was developed by the agency during source selection.

(iv) A summary of the rationale for award.

(v) For acquisitions of commercial items, the make and model of the item to be delivered by the successful offeror.

(vi) Reasonable responses to relevant questions posed by the debriefed offeror as to whether source-selection procedures set forth in the solicitation, applicable regulations, and other applicable authorities were followed by the agency.

(End of provision)

52.216-1 TYPE OF CONTRACT (APR 1984)

The Government contemplates award of a Firm Fixed Price contract resulting from this solicitation.

(End of clause)

52.217-5 EVALUATION OF OPTIONS (JUL 1990)

Except when it is determined in accordance with FAR 17.206(b) not to be in the Government's best interests, the Government will evaluate offers for award purposes by adding the total price for all options to the total price for the basic requirement. Evaluation of options will not obligate the Government to exercise the option(s).

(End of provision)

52.222-23 NOTICE OF REQUIREMENT FOR AFFIRMATIVE ACTION TO ENSURE EQUAL EMPLOYMENT OPPORTUNITY FOR CONSTRUCTION (FEB 1999)

(a) The offeror's attention is called to the Equal Opportunity clause and the Affirmative Action Compliance Requirements for Construction clause of this solicitation.

(b) The goals for minority and female participation, expressed in percentage terms for the Contractor's aggregate workforce in each trade on all construction work in the covered area, are as follows:

Goals for minority participation for each trade	Goals for female participation for each trade
21.2%	6.9%

These goals are applicable to all the Contractor's construction work performed in the covered area. If the Contractor performs construction work in a geographical area located outside of the covered area, the Contractor shall apply the goals established for the geographical area where the work is actually performed. Goals are published periodically in the Federal Register in notice form, and these notices may be obtained from any Office of Federal Contract Compliance Programs office.

(c) The Contractor's compliance with Executive Order 11246, as amended, and the regulations in 41 CFR 60-4 shall be based on (1) its implementation of the Equal Opportunity clause, (2) specific affirmative action obligations required by the clause entitled "Affirmative Action Compliance Requirements for Construction," and (3) its efforts to meet the goals. The hours of minority and female employment and training must be substantially uniform throughout the length of the contract, and in each trade. The Contractor shall make a good faith effort to employ minorities and women evenly on each of its projects. The transfer of minority or female employees or trainees from Contractor to Contractor, or from project to project, for the sole purpose of meeting the Contractor's goals shall be a violation of the contract, Executive Order 11246, as amended, and the regulations in 41 CFR 60-4. Compliance with the goals will be measured against the total work hours performed.

(d) The Contractor shall provide written notification to the Deputy Assistant Secretary for Federal Contract Compliance, U.S. Department of Labor, within 10 working days following award of any construction subcontract in

excess of $10,000 at any tier for construction work under the contract resulting from this solicitation. The notification shall list the --

(1) Name, address, and telephone number of the subcontractor;

(2) Employer's identification number of the subcontractor;

(3) Estimated dollar amount of the subcontract;

(4) Estimated starting and completion dates of the subcontract; and

(5) Geographical area in which the subcontract is to be performed.

(e) As used in this Notice, and in any contract resulting from this solicitation, the "covered area" is Georgia, Clayton County, Fort Gillem.

(End of provision)

52.225-10 NOTICE OF BUY AMERICAN ACT REQUIREMENT--CONSTRUCTION MATERIALS (MAY 2002)

(a) Definitions. Construction material, domestic construction material, and foreign construction material, as used in this provision, are defined in the clause of this solicitation entitled “Buy American Act --Construction Materials” (Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR) clause 52.225-9).

(b) Requests for determinations of inapplicability. An offeror requesting a determination regarding the inapplicability of the Buy American Act should submit the request to the Contracting Officer in time to allow a determination before submission of offers. The offeror shall include the information and applicable supporting data required by paragraphs (c) and (d) of the clause at FAR 52.225-9 in the request. If an offeror has not requested a determination regarding the inapplicability of the Buy American Act before submitting its offer, or has not received a response to a previous request, the offeror shall include the information and supporting data in the offer.

(c) Evaluation of offers. (1) The Government will evaluate an offer requesting exception to the requirements of the Buy American Act, based on claimed unreasonable cost of domestic construction material, by adding to the offered price the appropriate percentage of the cost of such foreign construction material, as specified in paragraph (b)(3)(i) of the clause at FAR 52.225-9.

(2) If evaluation results in a tie between an offeror that requested the substitution of foreign construction material based on unreasonable cost and an offeror that did not request an exception, the Contracting Officer will award to the offeror that did not request an exception based on unreasonable cost.

(d) Alternate offers.

(1) When an offer includes foreign construction material not listed by the Government in this solicitation in paragraph (b)(2) of the clause at FAR 52.225-9, the offeror also may submit an alternate offer based on use of equivalent domestic construction material.

(2) If an alternate offer is submitted, the offeror shall submit a separate Standard Form 1442 for the alternate offer, and a separate price comparison table prepared in accordance with paragraphs (c) and (d) of the clause at FAR 52.225-9 for the offer that is based on the use of any foreign construction material for which the Government has not yet determined an exception applies.

(3) If the Government determines that a particular exception requested in accordance with paragraph (c) of the clause at FAR 52.225-9 does not apply, the Government will evaluate only those offers based on use of the equivalent domestic construction material, and the offeror shall be required to furnish such domestic construction material. An offer based on use of the foreign construction material for which an exception was requested--

(i) Will be rejected as nonresponsive if this acquisition is conducted by sealed bidding; or

(ii) May be accepted if revised during negotiations.

(End of provision)

52.232-4006 SUBJECT TO AVAILABILITY OF FUNDS STATEMENT (SEP 1999 SASCT) (Ref. AFARS 5101.602-2)

This is a high priority requirement as defined in Army Federal Acquisition Regulation (AFAR) Supplement 5101.602-2. Subject to the availability of funds, the accounting classification will be 21 5 2050 508 8021 P100000 3230 S09133. This statement is not a commitment of funds. Funds will not be available for award of this project until the FY 05 Military Construction Appropriations and the Defense Authorization Bills are signed. No contract award will be made until appropriated funds are made available from which payment for contract purposes can be made.
(End of provision)

52.233-2 SERVICE OF PROTEST (AUG 1996)

(a) Protests, as defined in section 33.101 of the Federal Acquisition Regulation, that are filed directly with an agency, and copies of any protests that are filed with the General Accounting Office (GAO), shall be served on the Contracting Officer (addressed as follows) by obtaining written and dated acknowledgment of receipt from

US Army Corps of Engineers
Savannah District
Attn: Contracting Officer, CESAS-CT-C
100 West Oglethorpe Avenue
Savannah, Georgia 31401-3640

(b) The copy of any protest shall be received in the office designated above within one day of filing a protest with the GAO.

(End of provision)

52.236-27 SITE VISIT (CONSTRUCTION) (FEB 1995)

(a) The clauses at 52.236-2, Differing Site Conditions, and 52.236-3, Site Investigations and Conditions Affecting the Work, will be included in any contract awarded as a result of this solicitation. Accordingly, offerors or quoters are urged and expected to inspect the site where the work will be performed.

(b) Site visits may be arranged during normal duty hours by contacting:

Fort McPherson Resident Office
Attn: CESAS-CD-ROM
1322 Cobb Street, SW
Building 181, Station 144
Fort McPherson, Georgia 30330-5000
POC: Fawzy Makar
(404) 464-4768
fawzy.a.makar@sas02.usace.army.mil

(End of provision)

52.236-28 PREPARATION OF PROPOSALS--CONSTRUCTION (OCT 1997)

(a) Proposals must be (1) submitted on the forms furnished by the Government or on copies of those forms, and (2) manually signed. The person signing a proposal must initial each erasure or change appearing on any proposal form.

(b) The proposal form may require offerors to submit proposed prices for one or more items on various bases, including--

(1) Lump sum price;

(2) Alternate prices;

(3) Units of construction; or

(4) Any combination of paragraphs (b)(1) through (b)(3) of this provision.

(c) If the solicitation requires submission of a proposal on all items, failure to do so may result in the proposal being rejected without further consideration. If a proposal on all items is not required, offerors should insert the words “no proposal” in the space provided for any item on which no price is submitted.

(d) Alternate proposals will not be considered unless this solicitation authorizes their submission.

(End of provision)

52.236-4011 Disclosure of Magnitude of Construction (FAR 36.204 and DFARS 236.204)

The estimated price range for this project is between $5,000,000 and $10,000,000. .

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52.203-2 CERTIFICATE OF INDEPENDENT PRICE DETERMINATION (APR 1985)

(a) The offeror certifies that --

(1) The prices in this offer have been arrived at independently, without, for the purpose of restricting competition, any consultation, communication, or agreement with any other offeror or competitor relating to –

(i) Those prices,

(ii) The intention to submit an offer, or

(iii) The methods of factors used to calculate the prices offered:

(2) The prices in this offer have not been and will not be knowingly disclosed by the offeror, directly or indirectly, to any other offeror or competitor before bid opening (in the case of a sealed bid solicitation) or contract award (in the case of a negotiated solicitation) unless otherwise required by law; and

(3) No attempt has been made or will be made by the offeror to induce any other concern to submit or not to submit an offer for the purpose of restricting competition.

(b) Each signature on the offer is considered to be a certification by the signatory that the signatory --

(1) Is the person in the offeror's organization responsible for determining the prices offered in this bid or proposal, and that the signatory has not participated and will not participate in any action contrary to subparagraphs (a)(1) through (a)(3) of this provision; or

(2) (i) Has been authorized, in writing, to act as agent for the following principals in certifying that those principals have not participated, and will not participate in any action contrary to subparagraphs (a)(1) through (a)(3) of this provison _____ (insert full name of person(s) in the offeror's organization responsible for determining the prices offered in this bid or proposal, and the title of his or her position in the offeror's organization);

(ii) As an authorized agent, does certify that the principals named in subdivision (b)(2)(i) above have not participated, and will not participate, in any action contrary to subparagraphs (a)(1) through (a)(3) above; and

(iii) As an agent, has not personally participated, and will not participate, in any action contrary to subparagraphs (a)(1) through (a)(3) of this provision.

(c) If the offeror deletes or modifies subparagraph (a)(2) of this provision, the offeror must furnish with its offer a signed statement setting forth in detail the circumstances of the disclosure.

(End of clause)

52.203-11 CERTIFICATION AND DISCLOSURE REGARDING PAYMENTS TO INFLUENCE CERTAIN FEDERAL TRANSACTIONS (APR 1991)

(a) The definitions and prohibitions contained in the clause, at FAR 52.203-12, Limitation on Payments to Influence

Certain Federal Transactions, included in this solicitation, are hereby incorporated by reference in paragraph (b) of this Certification.

(b) The offeror, by signing its offer, hereby certifies to the best of his or her knowledge and belief that on or after December 23, 1989,--

(1) No Federal appropriated funds have been paid or will be paid to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress on his or her behalf in connection with the awarding of any Federal contract, the making of any Federal grant, the making of any Federal loan, the entering into of any cooperative agreement, and the extension, continuation, renewal, amendment or modification of any Federal contract, grant, loan, or cooperative agreement;

(2) If any funds other than Federal appropriated funds (including profit or fee received under a covered Federal transaction) have been paid, or will be paid to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress or an employee of a Member of Congress on his or her behalf in connection with this solicitation, the offeror shall complete and submit, with its offer, OMB standard form LLL, Disclosure of Lobbying Activities, to the Contracting Officer; and

(3) He or she will include the language of this certification in all subcontract awards at any tier and require that all recipients of subcontract awards in excess of $100,000 shall certify and disclose accordingly.

(1) Submission of this certification and disclosure is a prerequisite for making or entering into this contract imposed by section 1352, title 31, United States Code. Any person who makes an expenditure prohibited under this provision, shall be subject to a civil penalty of not less than $10,000, and not more than $100,000, for each such failure.

(End of provision)

52.204-4003 TAXPAYER IDENTIFICATION

Taxpayer Identification Number (TIN)," as used in this provision, means the number required by the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) to be used by the offeror in reporting income tax and other returns. The TIN may be either a Social Security Number or an Employer Identification Number.

(a) Taxpayer Identification Number (TIN).

___ TIN:._____

___ TIN has been applied for.

___ TIN is not required because:

___ Offeror is a nonresident alien, foreign corporation, or foreign partnership that does not have income effectively connected with the conduct of a trade or business in the United States and does not have an office or place of business or a fiscal paying agent in the United States;

___ Offeror is an agency or instrumentality of a foreign government;

___ Offeror is an agency or instrumentality of the Federal Government.

(b) Type of organization.

___ Sole proprietorship;

___ Partnership;

___ Corporate entity (not tax-exempt);

___ Corporate entity (tax-exempt);

___ Government entity (Federal, State, or local);

___ Foreign government;

___ International organization per 26 CFR 1.6049-4;

___ Other _____

(c) Common parent.

___ Offeror is not owned or controlled by a common parent

___ Name and TIN of common parent:

Name _____

TIN _____

(End of provision)

52.209-5 CERTIFICATION REGARDING DEBARMENT, SUSPENSION, PROPOSED DEBARMENT, AND OTHER RESPONSIBILITY MATTERS (DEC 2001)

(a)(1) The Offeror certifies, to the best of its knowledge and belief, that-

(i) The Offeror and/or any of its Principals-

(A) Are ( ) are not ( ) presently debarred, suspended, proposed for debarment, or declared ineligible for the award of contracts by any Federal agency;

(B) Have ( ) have not ( ), within a three-year period preceding this offer, been convicted of or had a civil judgment rendered against them for: commission of fraud or a criminal offense in connection with obtaining, attempting to obtain, or performing a public (Federal, state, or local) contract or subcontract; violation of Federal or state antitrust statutes relating to the submission of offers; or commission of embezzlement, theft, forgery, bribery, falsification or destruction of records, making false statements, tax evasion, or receiving stolen property; and

(C) Are ( ) are not ( ) presently indicted for, or otherwise criminally or civilly charged by a governmental entity with, commission of any of the offenses enumerated in paragraph (a)(1)(i)(B) of this provision.

(ii) The Offeror has ( ) has not ( ), within a three-year period preceding this offer, had one or more contracts terminated for default by any Federal agency.

(2) "Principals," for the purposes of this certification, means officers; directors; owners; partners; and, persons having primary management or supervisory responsibilities within a business entity (e.g., general manager; plant manager; head of a subsidiary, division, or business segment, and similar positions).

This Certification Concerns a Matter Within the Jurisdiction of an Agency of the United States and the Making of a False, Fictitious, or Fraudulent Certification May Render the Maker Subject to Prosecution Under Section 1001, Title 18, United States Code.

(b) The Offeror shall provide immediate written notice to the Contracting Officer if, at any time prior to contract award, the Offeror learns that its certification was erroneous when submitted or has become erroneous by reason of changed circumstances.

(c) A certification that any of the items in paragraph (a) of this provision exists will not necessarily result in withholding of an award under this solicitation. However, the certification will be considered in connection with a determination of the Offeror's responsibility. Failure of the Offeror to furnish a certification or provide such additional information as requested by the Contracting Officer may render the Offeror nonresponsible.

(d) Nothing contained in the foregoing shall be construed to require establishment of a system of records in order to render, in good faith, the certification required by paragraph (a) of this provision. The knowledge and information of an Offeror is not required to exceed that which is normally possessed by a prudent person in the ordinary course of business dealings.

(e) The certification in paragraph (a) of this provision is a material representation of fact upon which reliance was placed when making award. If it is later determined that the Offeror knowingly rendered an erroneous certification, in addition to other remedies available to the Government, the Contracting Officer may terminate the contract resulting from this solicitation for default.

(End of provision)

52.219-1 SMALL BUSINESS PROGRAM REPRESENTATIONS (MAY 2004) - ALTERNATE I (APR 2002)

(a)(1) The North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) code for this acquisition is 236220 NAICS code).

(2) The small business size standard is $28.5 million.

(3) The small business size standard for a concern which submits an offer in its own name, other than on a construction or service contract, but which proposes to furnish a product which it did not itself manufacture, is 500 employees.

(b) Representations. (1) The offeror represents as part of its offer that it ( ) is, ( ) is not a small business concern.

(2) (Complete only if the offeror represented itself as a small business concern in paragraph (b)(1) of this provision.) The offeror represents, for general statistical purposes, that it ( ) is, ( ) is not a small disadvantaged business concern as defined in 13 CFR 124.1002.

(3) (Complete only if the offeror represented itself as a small business concern in paragraph (b)(1) of this provision.) The offeror represents as part of its offer that it ( ) is, ( ) is not a women-owned small business concern.

(4) (Complete only if the offeror represented itself as a small business concern in paragraph (b)(1) of this provision.) The offeror represents as part of its offer that it ( ) is, ( ) is not a veteran-owned small business concern.

(5) (Complete only if the offeror represented itself as a veteran-owned small business concern in paragraph (b)(4) of this provision.) The offeror represents as part of its offer that it ( ) is, ( ) is not a service-disabled veteran-owned small business concern.

(6) [Complete only if the offeror represented itself as a small business concern in paragraph (b)(1) of this provision.] The offeror represents, as part of its offer, that--

(i) It ( ) is, ( ) is not a HUBZone small business concern listed, on the date of this representation, on the List of Qualified HUBZone Small Business Concerns maintained by the Small Business Administration, and no material change in ownership and control, principal office, or HUBZone employee percentage has occurred since it was certified by the Small Business Administration in accordance with 13 CFR part 126; and

(ii) It ( ) is, ( ) is not a joint venture that complies with the requirements of 13 CFR part 126, and the representation in paragraph (b)(6)(i) of this provision is accurate for the HUBZone small business concern or concerns that are participating in the joint venture. (The offeror shall enter the name or names of the HUBZone small business concern or concerns that are participating in the joint venture:_____.) Each HUBZone small business concern participating in the joint venture shall submit a separate signed copy of the HUBZone representation.

(7) (Complete if offeror represented itself as disadvantaged in paragraph (b)(2) of this provision.) The offeror shall check the category in which its ownership falls:

____ Black American.

____ Hispanic American.

____ Native American (American Indians, Eskimos, Aleuts, or Native Hawaiians).

____ Asian-Pacific American (persons with origins from Burma, Thailand, Malaysia, Indonesia, Singapore, Brunei, Japan, China, Taiwan, Laos, Cambodia (Kampuchea), Vietnam, Korea, The Philippines, U.S. Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands (Republic of Palau), Republic of the Marshall Islands, Federated States of Micronesia, the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands, Guam, Samoa, Macao, Hong Kong, Fiji, Tonga, Kiribati, Tuvalu, or Nauru).

____ Subcontinent Asian (Asian-Indian) American (persons with origins from India, Pakistan, Bangladesh, Sri Lanka, Bhutan, the Maldives Islands, or Nepal).

____ Individual/concern, other than one of the preceding.

(c) Definitions. As used in this provision--

Service-disabled veteran-owned small business concern--

(1) Means a small business concern--

(i) Not less than 51 percent of which is owned by one or more service-disabled veterans or, in the case of any publicly owned business, not less than 51 percent of the stock of which is owned by one or more service-disabled veterans; and

(ii) The management and daily business operations of which are controlled by one or more service-disabled veterans or, in the case of a service-disabled veteran with permanent and severe disability, the spouse or permanent caregiver of such veteran.

(2) Service-disabled veteran means a veteran, as defined in 38 U.S.C. 101(2), with a disability that is service-connected, as defined in 38 U.S.C. 101(16).

"Small business concern," means a concern, including its affiliates, that is independently owned and operated, not dominant in the field of operation in which it is bidding on Government contracts, and qualified as a small business under the criteria in 13 CFR Part 121 and the size standard in paragraph (a) of this provision.

Veteran-owned small business concern means a small business concern--

(1) Not less than 51 percent of which is owned by one or more veterans (as defined at 38 U.S.C. 101(2)) or, in the case of any publicly owned business, not less than 51 percent of the stock of which is owned by one or more veterans; and

(2) The management and daily business operations of which are controlled by one or more veterans.

"Women-owned small business concern," means a small business concern --

(1) That is at least 51 percent owned by one or more women or, in the case of any publicly owned business, at least 51 percent of the stock of which is owned by one or more women; or

(2) Whose management and daily business operations are controlled by one or more women.

(d) Notice.

(1) If this solicitation is for supplies and has been set aside, in whole or in part, for small business concerns, then the clause in this solicitation providing notice of the set-aside contains restrictions on the source of the end items to be furnished.

(2) Under 15 U.S.C. 645(d), any person who misrepresents a firm's status as a small, HUBZone small, small disadvantaged, or women-owned small business concern in order to obtain a contract to be awarded under the preference programs established pursuant to section 8(a), 8(d), 9, or 15 of the Small Business Act or any other provision of Federal law that specifically references section 8(d) for a definition of program eligibility, shall--

(i) Be punished by imposition of fine, imprisonment, or both;

(ii) Be subject to administrative remedies, including suspension and debarment; and

(iii) Be ineligible for participation in programs conducted under the authority of the Act.

(End of provision)

52.222-22 PREVIOUS CONTRACTS AND COMPLIANCE REPORTS (FEB 1999)

The offeror represents that --

(a) ( ) It has, ( ) has not participated in a previous contract or subcontract subject to the Equal Opportunity clause of this solicitation;

(b) ( ) It has, ( ) has not, filed all required compliance reports; and

(c) Representations indicating submission of required compliance reports, signed by proposed subcontractors, will be obtained before subcontract awards.

(End of provision)

52.222-38 COMPLIANCE WITH VETERANS' EMPLOYMENT REPORTING REQUIREMENTS (DEC 2001)

By submission of its offer, the offeror represents that, if it is subject to the reporting requirements of 38 U.S.C. 4212(d) (i.e., if it has any contract containing Federal Acquisition Regulation clause 52.222-37, Employment Reports on Special Disabled Veterans, Veterans of the Vietnam Era, and Other Eligible Veterans), it has submitted the most recent VETS-100 Report required by that clause.

(End of provision)

52.223-4 RECOVERED MATERIAL CERTIFICATION (OCT 1997)

As required by the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act of 1976 (42 U.S.C. 6962(c)(3)(A)(i)), the offeror certifies, by signing this offer, that the percentage of recovered materials to be used in the performance of the contract will be at least the amount required by the applicable contract specifications.

(End of provision)

52.223-13 CERTIFICATION OF TOXIC CHEMICAL RELEASE REPORTING (AUG 2003)

(a) Executive Order 13148, of April 21, 2000, Greening the Government through Leadership in Environmental Management, requires submission of this certification as a prerequisite for contract award.

(b) By signing this offer, the offeror certifies that--

(1) As the owner or operator of facilities that will be used in the performance of this contract that are subject to the filing and reporting requirements described in section 313 of the Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act of 1986 (EPCRA) (42 U.S.C. 11023) and section 6607 of the Pollution Prevention Act of 1990 (PPA) (42 U.S.C. 13106), the offeror will file and continue to file for such facilities for the life of the contract the Toxic Chemical Release Inventory Form (Form R) as described in sections 313(a) and (g) of EPCRA and section 6607 of PPA; or

(2) None of its owned or operated facilities to be used in the performance of this contract is subject to the Form R filing and reporting requirements because each such facility is exempt for at least one of the following reasons: (Check each block that is applicable.)

( ) (i) The facility does not manufacture, process, or otherwise use any toxic chemicals listed in 40 CFR 372.65;

( ) (ii) The facility does not have 10 or more full-time employees as specified in section 313.(b)(1)(A) of EPCRA 42 U.S.C. 11023(b)(1)(A);

( ) (iii) The facility does not meet the reporting thresholds of toxic chemicals established under section 313(f) of EPCRA, 42 U.S.C. 11023(f) (including the alternate thresholds at 40 CFR 372.27, provided an appropriate certification form has been filed with EPA);

( ) (iv) The facility does not fall within the following Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) codes or their corresponding North American Industry Classification System sectors:

(A) Major group code 10 (except 1011, 1081, and 1094.

(B) Major group code 12 (except 1241).

(C) Major group codes 20 through 39.

(D) Industry code 4911, 4931, or 4939 (limited to facilities that combust coal and/or oil for the purpose of generating power for distribution in commerce).

(E) Industry code 4953 (limited to facilities regulated under the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act, Subtitle C (42 U.S.C. 6921, et seq.), 5169, 5171, or 7389 (limited to facilities primarily engaged in solvent recovery services on a contract or fee basis); or

( ) (v) The facility is not located within the United States or its outlying areas.

(End of clause)

252.209-7001 DISCLOSURE OF OWNERSHIP OR CONTROL BY THE GOVERNMENT OF A TERRORIST COUNTRY (MAR 1998)

(a) "Definitions."

As used in this provision --

(a) "Government of a terrorist country" includes the state and the government of a terrorist country, as well as any political subdivision, agency, or instrumentality thereof.

(2) "Terrorist country" means a country determined by the Secretary of State, under section 6(j)(1)(A) of the Export Administration Act of 1979 (50 U.S.C. App. 2405(j)(i)(A)), to be a country the government of which has repeatedly provided support for such acts of international terrorism. As of the date of this provision, terrorist countries include: Cuba, Iran, Iraq, Libya, North Korea, Sudan, and Syria.

(3) "Significant interest" means --

(i) Ownership of or beneficial interest in 5 percent or more of the firm's or subsidiary's securities. Beneficial interest includes holding 5 percent or more of any class of the firm's securities in "nominee shares," "street names," or some other method of holding securities that does not disclose the beneficial owner;

(ii) Holding a management position in the firm, such as a director or officer;

(iii) Ability to control or influence the election, appointment, or tenure of directors or officers in the firm;

(iv) Ownership of 10 percent or more of the assets of a firm such as equipment, buildings, real estate, or other tangible assets of the firm; or

(v) Holding 50 percent or more of the indebtness of a firm.

(b) "Prohibition on award."

In accordance with 10 U.S.C. 2327, no contract may be awarded to a firm or a subsidiary of a firm if the government of a terrorist country has a significant interest in the firm or subsidiary or, in the case of a subsidiary, the firm that owns the subsidiary, unless a waiver is granted by the Secretary of Defense.

(c) "Disclosure."

If the government of a terrorist country has a significant interest in the Offeror or a subsidiary of the Offeror, the Offeror shall disclosure such interest in an attachment to its offer. If the Offeror is a subsidiary, it shall also disclose any significant interest the government of a terrorist country has in any firm that owns or controls the subsidiary. The disclosure shall include --

(1) Identification of each government holding a significant interest; and

(2) A description of the significant interest held by each government.

(End of provision)

252.247-7022 REPRESENTATION OF EXTENT OF TRANSPORTATION BY SEA (AUG 1992)

(a) The Offeror shall indicate by checking the appropriate blank in paragraph (b) of this provision whether transportation of supplies by sea is anticipated under the resultant contract. The term supplies is defined in the Transportation of Supplies by Sea clause of this solicitation.

(b) Representation. The Offeror represents that it:

____ (1) Does anticipate that supplies will be transported by sea in the performance of any contract or subcontract resulting from this solicitation.

____ (2) Does not anticipate that supplies will be transported by sea in the performance of any contract or subcontract resulting from this solicitation.

(c) Any contract resulting from this solicitation will include the Transportation of Supplies by Sea clause. If the Offeror represents that it will not use ocean transportation, the resulting contract will also include the Defense FAR Supplement clause at 252.247-7024, Notification of Transportation of Supplies by Sea.

(End of provision)

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52.202-1 DEFINITIONS (JUL 2004)

(a) When a solicitation provision or contract clause uses a word or term that is defined in the Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR), the word or term has the same meaning as the definition in FAR 2.101 in effect at the time the solicitation was issued, unless--

(1) The solicitation, or amended solicitation, provides a different definition;

(2) The contracting parties agree to a different definition;

(3) The part, subpart, or section of the FAR where the provision or clause is prescribed provides a different meaning; or

(4) The word or term is defined in FAR Part 31, for use in the cost principles and procedures.

(b) The FAR Index is a guide to words and terms the FAR defines and shows where each definition is located. The FAR Index is available via the Internet at http://www.acqnet.gov at the end of the FAR, after the FAR Appendix.

(End of clause)

52.203-3 GRATUITIES (APR 1984)

(a) The right of the Contractor to proceed may be terminated by written notice if, after notice and hearing, the agency head or a designee determines that the Contractor, its agent, or another representative--

(1) Offered or gave a gratuity (e.g., an entertainment or gift) to an officer, official, or employee of the Government; and

(2) Intended, by the gratuity, to obtain a contract or favorable treatment under a contract.

(b) The facts supporting this determination may be reviewed by any court having lawful jurisdiction.

(c) If this contract is terminated under paragraph (a) of this clause, the Government is entitled--

(1) To pursue the same remedies as in a breach of the contract; and

(2) In addition to any other damages provided by law, to exemplary damages of not less than 3 nor more than 10 times the cost incurred by the Contractor in giving gratuities to the person concerned, as determined by the agency head or a designee. (This subparagraph (c)(2) is applicable only if this contract uses money appropriated to the Department of Defense.)

(d) The rights and remedies of the Government provided in this clause shall not be exclusive and are in addition to any other rights and remedies provided by law or under this contract.

(End of clause)

52.203-5 COVENANT AGAINST CONTINGENT FEES (APR 1984)

(a) The Contractor warrants that no person or agency has been employed or retained to solicit or obtain this contract upon an agreement or understanding for a contingent fee, except a bona fide employee or agency. For breach or violation of this warranty, the Government shall have the right to annul this contract without liability or, in its discretion, to deduct from the contract price or consideration, or otherwise recover, the full amount of the contingent fee.

(b) "Bona fide agency," as used in this clause, means an established commercial or selling agency, maintained by a contractor for the purpose of securing business, that neither exerts nor proposes to exert improper influence to solicit or obtain Government contracts nor holds itself out as being able to obtain any Government contract or contracts through improper influence.

"Bona fide employee," as used in this clause, means a person, employed by a contractor and subject to the contractor's supervision and control as to time, place, and manner of performance, who neither exerts nor proposes to exert improper influence to solicit or obtain Government contracts nor holds out as being able to obtain any Government contract or contracts through improper influence.

"Contingent fee," as used in this clause, means any commission, percentage, brokerage, or other fee that is contingent upon the success that a person or concern has in securing a Government contract.

"Improper influence," as used in this clause, means any influence that induces or tends to induce a Government employee or officer to give consideration or to act regarding a Government contract on any basis other than the merits of the matter.

(End of clause)

52.203-6 RESTRICTIONS ON SUBCONTRACTOR SALES TO THE GOVERNMENT (JUL 1995)

(a) Except as provided in (b) of this clause, the Contractor shall not enter into any agreement with an actual or prospective subcontractor, nor otherwise act in any manner, which has or may have the effect of restricting sales by such subcontractors directly to the Government of any item or process (including computer software) made or furnished by the subcontractor under this contract or under any follow-on production contract.

(b) The prohibition in (a) of this clause does not preclude the Contractor from asserting rights that are otherwise authorized by law or regulation.

(c) The Contractor agrees to incorporate the substance of this clause, including this paragraph (c), in all subcontracts under this contract which exceed $100,000.

52.203-7 ANTI-KICKBACK PROCEDURES. (JUL 1995)

(a) Definitions.

"Kickback," as used in this clause, means any money, fee, commission, credit, gift, gratuity, thing of value, or compensation of any kind which is provided, directly or indirectly, to any prime Contractor, prime Contractor employee, subcontractor, or subcontractor employee for the purpose of improperly obtaining or rewarding favorable treatment in connection with a prime contract or in connection with a subcontract relating to a prime contract.

"Person," as used in this clause, means a corporation, partnership, business association of any kind, trust, joint-stock company, or individual.

"Prime contract," as used in this clause, means a contract or contractual action entered into by the United States for the purpose of obtaining supplies, materials, equipment, or services of any kind.

"Prime Contractor," as used in this clause, means a person who has entered into a prime contract with the United States.

"Prime Contractor employee," as used in this clause, means any officer, partner, employee, or agent of a prime Contractor.

"Subcontract," as used in this clause, means a contract or contractual action entered into by a prime Contractor or subcontractor for the purpose of obtaining supplies, materials, equipment, or services of any kind under a prime contract.

"Subcontractor," as used in this clause, (1) means any person, other than the prime Contractor, who offers to furnish or furnishes any supplies, materials, equipment, or services of any kind under a prime contract or a subcontract entered into in connection with such prime contract, and (2) includes any person who offers to furnish or furnishes general supplies to the prime Contractor or a higher tier subcontractor.

"Subcontractor employee," as used in this clause, means any officer, partner, employee, or agent of a subcontractor.

(b) The Anti-Kickback Act of 1986 (41 U.S.C. 51-58) (the Act), prohibits any person from -

(1) Providing or attempting to provide or offering to provide any kickback;

(2) Soliciting, accepting, or attempting to accept any kickback; or

(3) Including, directly or indirectly, the amount of any kickback in the contract price charged by a prime Contractor to the United States or in the contract price charged by a subcontractor to a prime Contractor or higher tier subcontractor.

(c)(1) The Contractor shall have in place and follow reasonable procedures designed to prevent and detect possible violations described in paragraph (b) of this clause in its own operations and direct business relationships.

(2) When the Contractor has reasonable grounds to believe that a violation described in paragraph (b) of this clause may have occurred, the Contractor shall promptly report in writing the possible violation. Such reports shall be made to the inspector general of the contracting agency, the head of the contracting agency if the agency does not have an inspector general, or the Department of Justice.

(3) The Contractor shall cooperate fully with any Federal agency investigating a possible violation described in paragraph (b) of this clause.

(4) The Contracting Officer may (i) offset the amount of the kickback against any monies owed by the United States under the prime contract and/or (ii) direct that the Prime Contractor withhold, from sums owed a subcontractor under the prime contract, the amount of any kickback. The Contracting Officer may order the monies withheld under subdivision (c)(4)(ii) of this clause be paid over to the Government unless the Government has already offset those monies under subdivision (c)(4)(i) of this clause. In either case, the Prime Contractor shall notify the Contracting Officer when the monies are withheld.

(5) The Contractor agrees to incorporate the substance of this clause, including this subparagraph (c)(5) but excepting subparagraph (c)(1), in all subcontracts under this contract which exceed $100,000.

52.203-8 CANCELLATION, RESCISSION, AND RECOVERY OF FUNDS FOR ILLEGAL OR IMPROPER ACTIVITY (JAN 1997)

(a) If the Government receives information that a contractor or a person has engaged in conduct constituting a violation of subsection (a), (b), (c), or (d) of Section 27 of the Office of Federal Procurement Policy Act (41 U.S.C. 423) (the Act), as amended by section 4304 of the 1996 National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1996 (Pub. L. 104-106), the Government may--

(1) Cancel the solicitation, if the contract has not yet been awarded or issued; or

(2) Rescind the contract with respect to which--

(i) The Contractor or someone acting for the Contractor has been convicted for an offense where the conduct constitutes a violation of subsection 27(a) or (b) of the Act for the purpose of either--

(A) Exchanging the information covered by such subsections for anything of value; or

(B) Obtaining or giving anyone a competitive advantage in the award of a Federal agency procurement contract; or

(ii) The head of the contracting activity has determined, based upon a preponderance of the evidence, that the Contractor or someone acting for the Contractor has engaged in conduct constituting an offense punishable under subsections 27(e)(1) of the Act.

(b) If the Government rescinds the contract under paragraph (a) of this clause, the Government is entitled to recover, in addition to any penalty prescribed by law, the amount expended under the contract.

(c) The rights and remedies of the Government specified herein are not exclusive, and are in addition to any other rights and remedies provided by law, regulation, or under this contract.

(End of clause)

52.203-10 PRICE OR FEE ADJUSTMENT FOR ILLEGAL OR IMPROPER ACTIVITY (JAN 1997)

(a) The Government, at its election, may reduce the price of a fixed-price type contract and the total cost and fee under a cost-type contract by the amount of profit or fee determined as set forth in paragraph (b) of this clause if the head of the contracting activity or designee determines that there was a violation of subsection 27 (a), (b), or (c) of the Office of Federal Procurement Policy Act, as amended (41 U.S.C. 423), as implemented in section 3.104 of the Federal Acquisition Regulation.

(b) The price or fee reduction referred to in paragraph (a) of this clause shall be--

(1) For cost-plus-fixed-fee contracts, the amount of the fee specified in the contract at the time of award;

(2) For cost-plus-incentive-fee contracts, the target fee specified in the contract at the time of award, notwithstanding any minimum fee or "fee floor" specified in the contract;

(3) For cost-plus-award-fee contracts--

(i) The base fee established in the contract at the time of contract award;

(ii) If no base fee is specified in the contract, 30 percent of the amount of each award fee otherwise payable to the Contractor for each award fee evaluation period or at each award fee determination point.

(4) For fixed-price-incentive contracts, the Government may--

(i) Reduce the contract target price and contract target profit both by an amount equal to the initial target profit specified in the contract at the time of contract award; or

(ii) If an immediate adjustment to the contract target price and contract target profit would have a significant adverse impact on the incentive price revision relationship under the contract, or adversely affect the contract financing provisions, the Contracting Officer may defer such adjustment until establishment of the total final price of the contract. The total final price established in accordance with the incentive price revision provisions of the contract shall be reduced by an amount equal to the initial target profit specified in the contract at the time of contract award and such reduced price shall be the total final contract price.

(5) For firm-fixed-price contracts, by 10 percent of the initial contract price or a profit amount determined by the Contracting Officer from records or documents in existence prior to the date of the contract award.

(c) The Government may, at its election, reduce a prime contractor's price or fee in accordance with the procedures of paragraph (b) of this clause for violations of the Act by its subcontractors by an amount not to exceed the amount of profit or fee reflected in the subcontract at the time the subcontract was first definitively priced.

(d) In addition to the remedies in paragraphs (a) and (c) of this clause, the Government may terminate this contract for default. The rights and remedies of the Government specified herein are not exclusive, and are in addition to any other rights and remedies provided by law or under this contract.

(End of clause)

52.203-12 LIMITATION ON PAYMENTS TO INFLUENCE CERTAIN FEDERAL TRANSACTIONS (JUN 2003)

(a) Definitions.

"Agency," as used in this clause, means executive agency as defined in 2.101.

"Covered Federal action," as used in this clause, means any of the following Federal actions:

(1) The awarding of any Federal contract.

(2) The making of any Federal grant.

(3) The making of any Federal loan.

(4) The entering into of any cooperative agreement.

(5) The extension, continuation, renewal, amendment, or modification of any Federal contract, grant, loan, or cooperative agreement.

"Indian tribe" and "tribal organization," as used in this clause, have the meaning provided in section 4 of the Indian Self-Determination and Education Assistance Act (25 U.S.C. 450B) and include Alaskan Natives.

"Influencing or attempting to influence," as used in this clause, means making, with the intent to influence, any communication to or appearance before an officer or employee of any agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with any covered Federal action.

"Local government," as used in this clause, means a unit of government in a State and, if chartered, established, or otherwise recognized by a State for the performance of a governmental duty, including a local public authority, a special district, an intrastate district, a council of governments, a sponsor group representative organization, and any other instrumentality of a local government.

"Officer or employee of an agency," as used in this clause, includes the following individuals who are employed by an agency:

(1) An individual who is appointed to a position in the Government under Title 5, United States Code, including a position under a temporary appointment.

(2) A member of the uniformed services, as defined in subsection 101(3),Title 37, United States Code.

(3) A special Government employee, as defined in section 202, Title 18, United States Code.

(4) An individual who is a member of a Federal advisory committee, as defined by the Federal Advisory Committee Act, Title 5, United States Code, appendix 2.

"Person," as used in this clause, means an individual, corporation, company, association, authority, firm, partnership, society, State, and local government, regardless of whether such entity is operated for profit, or not for profit. This term excludes an Indian tribe, tribal organization, or any other Indian organization with respect to expenditures specifically permitted by other Federal law.

"Reasonable compensation," as used in this clause, means, with respect to a regularly employed officer or employee of any person, compensation that is consistent with the normal compensation for such officer or employee for work that is not furnished to, not funded by, or not furnished in cooperation with the Federal Government.

"Reasonable payment," as used in this clause, means, with respect to professional and other technical services, a payment in an amount that is consistent with the amount normally paid for such services in the private sector.

"Recipient," as used in this clause, includes the Contractor and all subcontractors. This term excludes an Indian tribe, tribal organization, or any other Indian organization with respect to expenditures specifically permitted by other Federal law.

"Regularly employed," as used in this clause, means, with respect to an officer or employee of a person requesting or receiving a Federal contract, an officer or employee who is employed by such person for at least 130 working days within 1 year immediately preceding the date of the submission that initiates agency consideration of such person for receipt of such contract. An officer or employee who is employed by such person for less than 130 working days within 1 year immediately preceding the date of the submission that initiates agency consideration of such person shall be considered to be regularly employed as soon as he or she is employed by such person for 130 working days.

State, as used in this clause, means a State of the United States, the District of Columbia, or an outlying area of the United States, an agency or instrumentality of a State, and multi-State, regional, or interstate entity having governmental duties and powers.

(b) Prohibitions.

(1) Section 1352 of Title 31, United States Code, among other things, prohibits a recipient of a Federal contract, grant, loan, or cooperative agreement from using appropriated funds to pay any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with any of the following covered Federal actions: the awarding of any Federal contract; the making of any Federal grant; the making of any Federal loan; the entering into of any cooperative agreement; or the modification of any Federal contract, grant, loan, or cooperative agreement.

(2) The Act also requires Contractors to furnish a disclosure if any funds other than Federal appropriated funds (including profit or fee received under a covered Federal transaction) have been paid, or will be paid, to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with a Federal contract, grant, loan, or cooperative agreement.

(3) The prohibitions of the Act do not apply under the following conditions:

(i) Agency and legislative liaison by own employees.

(A) The prohibition on the use of appropriated funds, in subparagraph (b)(1) of this clause, does not apply in the case of a payment of reasonable compensation made to an officer or employee of a person requesting or receiving a covered Federal action if the payment is for agency and legislative liaison activities not directly related to a covered Federal action.

(B) For purposes of subdivision (b)(3)(i)(A) of this clause, providing any information specifically requested by an agency or Congress is permitted at any time.

(C) The following agency and legislative liaison activities are permitted at any time where they are not related to a specific solicitation for any covered Federal action:

(1) Discussing with an agency the qualities and characteristics (including individual demonstrations) of the person's products or services, conditions or terms of sale, and service capabilities.

(2) Technical discussions and other activities regarding the application or adaptation of the person's products or services for an agency's use.

(D) The following agency and legislative liaison activities are permitted where they are prior to formal solicitation of any covered Federal action--

(1) Providing any information not specifically requested but necessary for an agency to make an informed decision about initiation of a covered Federal action;

(2) Technical discussions regarding the preparation of an unsolicited proposal prior to its official submission; and

(3) Capability presentations by persons seeking awards from an agency pursuant to the provisions of the Small Business Act, as amended by Pub. L. 95-507, and subsequent amendments.

(E) Only those services expressly authorized by subdivision (b)(3)(i)(A) of this clause are permitted under this clause.

(ii) Professional and technical services.

(A) The prohibition on the use of appropriated funds, in subparagraph (b)(1) of this clause, does not apply in the case of--

(1) A payment of reasonable compensation made to an officer or employee of a person requesting or receiving a covered Federal action or an extension, continuation, renewal, amendment, or modification of a covered Federal action, if payment is for professional or technical services rendered directly in the preparation, submission, or negotiation of any bid, proposal, or application for that Federal action or for meeting requirements imposed by or pursuant to law as a condition for receiving that Federal action.

(2) Any reasonable payment to a person, other than an officer or employee of a person requesting or receiving a covered Federal action or an extension, continuation, renewal, amendment, or modification of a covered Federal action if the payment is for professional or technical services rendered directly in the preparation, submission, or negotiation of any bid, proposal, or application for that Federal action or for meeting requirements imposed by or pursuant to law as a condition for receiving that Federal action. Persons other than officers or employees of a person requesting or receiving a covered Federal action include consultants and trade associations.

(B) For purposes of subdivision (b)(3)(ii)(A) of this clause, "professional and technical services" shall be limited to advice and analysis directly applying any professional or technical discipline. For example, drafting of a legal document accompanying a bid or proposal by a lawyer is allowable. Similarly, technical advice provided by an engineer on the performance or operational capability of a piece of equipment rendered directly in the negotiation of a contract is allowable. However, communications with the intent to influence made by a professional (such as a licensed lawyer) or a technical person (such as a licensed accountant) are not allowable under this section unless they provide advice and analysis directly applying their professional or technical expertise and unless the advice or analysis is rendered directly and solely in the preparation, submission or negotiation of a covered Federal action. Thus, for example, communications with the intent to influence made by a lawyer that do not provide legal advice or analysis directly and solely related to the legal aspects of his or her client's proposal, but generally advocate one proposal over another are not allowable under this section because the lawyer is not providing professional legal services. Similarly, communications with the intent to influence made by an engineer providing an engineering analysis prior to the preparation or submission of a bid or proposal are not allowable under this section since the engineer is providing technical services but not directly in the preparation, submission or negotiation of a covered Federal action.

(C) Requirements imposed by or pursuant to law as a condition for receiving a covered Federal award include those required by law or regulation and any other requirements in the actual award documents.

(D) Only those services expressly authorized by subdivisions (b)(3)(ii)(A)(1) and (2) of this clause are permitted under this clause.

(E) The reporting requirements of FAR 3.803(a) shall not apply with respect to payments of reasonable compensation made to regularly employed officers or employees of a person.

(c) Disclosure.

(1) The Contractor who requests or receives from an agency a Federal contract shall file with that agency a disclosure form, OMB standard form LLL, Disclosure of Lobbying Activities, if such person has made or has agreed to make any payment using nonappropriated funds (to include profits from any covered Federal action), which would be prohibited under subparagraph (b)(1) of this clause, if paid for with appropriated funds.

(2) The Contractor shall file a disclosure form at the end of each calendar quarter in which there occurs any event that materially affects the accuracy of the information contained in any disclosure form previously filed by such person under subparagraph (c)(1) of this clause. An event that materially affects the accuracy of the information reported includes--

(i) A cumulative increase of $25,000 or more in the amount paid or expected to be paid for influencing or attempting to influence a covered Federal action; or

(ii) A change in the person(s) or individual(s) influencing or attempting to influence a covered Federal action; or

(iii) A change in the officer(s), employee(s), or Member(s) contacted to influence or attempt to influence a covered Federal action.

(3) The Contractor shall require the submittal of a certification, and if required, a disclosure form by any person who requests or receives any subcontract exceeding $100,000 under the Federal contract.

(4) All subcontractor disclosure forms (but not certifications) shall be forwarded from tier to tier until received by the prime Contractor. The prime Contractor shall submit all disclosures to the Contracting Officer at the end of the calendar quarter in which the disclosure form is submitted by the subcontractor. Each subcontractor certification shall be retained in the subcontract file of the awarding Contractor.

(d) Agreement. The Contractor agrees not to make any payment prohibited by this clause.

(e) Penalties.

(1) Any person who makes an expenditure prohibited under paragraph (a) of this clause or who fails to file or amend the disclosure form to be filed or amended by paragraph (b) of this clause shall be subject to civil penalties as provided for by 31 U.S.C. 1352. An imposition of a civil penalty does not prevent the Government from seeking any other remedy that may be applicable.

(2) Contractors may rely without liability on the representation made by their subcontractors in the certification and disclosure form.

(f) Cost allowability. Nothing in this clause makes allowable or reasonable any costs which would otherwise be unallowable or unreasonable. Conversely, costs made specifically unallowable by the requirements in this clause will not be made allowable under any other provision.

(End of clause)

52.204-4 PRINTED OR COPIED DOUBLE-SIDED ON RECYCLED PAPER (AUG 2000)

(a) Definitions. As used in this clause--

“Postconsumer material” means a material or finished product that has served its intended use and has been discarded for disposal or recovery, having completed its life as a consumer item. Postconsumer material is a part of the broader category of “recovered material.” For paper and paper products, postconsumer material means “postconsumer fiber” defined by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) as--

(1) Paper, paperboard, and fibrous materials from retail stores, office buildings, homes, and so forth, after they have passed through their end-usage as a consumer item, including: used corrugated boxes; old newspapers; old magazines; mixed waste paper; tabulating cards; and used cordage; or

(2) All paper, paperboard, and fibrous materials that enter and are collected from municipal solid waste; but not

(3) Fiber derived from printers' over-runs, converters' scrap, and over-issue publications.

“Printed or copied double-sided” means printing or reproducing a document so that information is on both sides of a sheet of paper.

“Recovered material,” for paper and paper products, is defined by EPA in its Comprehensive Procurement Guideline as “recovered fiber” and means the following materials:

(1) Postconsumer fiber; and

(2) Manufacturing wastes such as--

(i) Dry paper and paperboard waste generated after completion of the papermaking process (that is, those manufacturing operations up to and including the cutting and trimming of the paper machine reel into smaller rolls or rough sheets) including: envelope cuttings, bindery trimmings, and other paper and paperboard waste resulting from printing, cutting, forming, and other converting operations; bag, box, and carton manufacturing wastes; and butt rolls, mill wrappers, and rejected unused stock; and

(ii) Repulped finished paper and paperboard from obsolete inventories of paper and paperboard manufacturers, merchants, wholesalers, dealers, printers, converters, or others.

(b) In accordance with Section 101 of Executive Order 13101 of September 14, 1998, Greening the Government through Waste Prevention, Recycling, and Federal Acquisition, the Contractor is encouraged to submit paper documents, such as offers, letters, or reports, that are printed or copied double-sided on recycled paper that meet minimum content standards specified in Section 505 of Executive Order 13101, when not using electronic commerce methods to submit information or data to the Government.

(c) If the Contractor cannot purchase high-speed copier paper, offset paper, forms bond, computer printout paper, carbonless paper, file folders, white wove envelopes, writing and office paper, book paper, cotton fiber paper, and cover stock meeting the 30 percent postconsumer material standard for use in submitting paper documents to the Government, it should use paper containing no less than 20 percent postconsumer material. This lesser standard should be used only when paper meeting the 30 percent postconsumer material standard is not obtainable at a reasonable price or does not meet reasonable performance standards.

(End of clause)

52.204-7 CENTRAL CONTRACTOR REGISTRATION (OCT 2003)

(a) Definitions. As used in this clause--

Central Contractor Registration (CCR) database means the primary Government repository for Contractor information required for the conduct of business with the Government.

Data Universal Numbering System (DUNS) number means the 9-digit number assigned by Dun and Bradstreet, Inc. (D&B) to identify unique business entities.

Data Universal Numbering System +4 (DUNS+4) number means the DUNS number assigned by D&B plus a 4-character suffix that may be assigned by a business concern. (D&B has no affiliation with this 4-character suffix.) This 4-character suffix may be assigned at the discretion of the business concern to establish additional CCR records for identifying alternative Electronic Funds Transfer (EFT) accounts (see the FAR at Subpart 32.11) for the same parent concern.

Registered in the CCR database means that--

(1) The Contractor has entered all mandatory information, including the DUNS number or the DUNS+4 number, into the CCR database; and

(2) The Government has validated all mandatory data fields and has marked the record “Active”.

(b)(1) By submission of an offer, the offeror acknowledges the requirement that a prospective awardee shall be registered in the CCR database prior to award, during performance, and through final payment of any contract, basic agreement, basic ordering agreement, or blanket purchasing agreement resulting from this solicitation.

(2) The offeror shall enter, in the block with its name and address on the cover page of its offer, the annotation “DUNS” or “DUNS +4” followed by the DUNS or DUNS +4 number that identifies the offeror's name and address exactly as stated in the offer. The DUNS number will be used by the Contracting Officer to verify that the offeror is registered in the CCR database.

(c) If the offeror does not have a DUNS number, it should contact Dun and Bradstreet directly to obtain one.

(1) An offeror may obtain a DUNS number--

(i) If located within the United States, by calling Dun and Bradstreet at 1-866-705-5711 or via the Internet at http://www.dnb.com; or

(ii) If located outside the United States, by contacting the local Dun and Bradstreet office.

(2) The offeror should be prepared to provide the following information:

(i) Company legal business.

(ii) Tradestyle, doing business, or other name by which your entity is commonly recognized.

(iii) Company Physical Street Address, City, State, and Zip Code.

(iv) Company Mailing Address, City, State and Zip Code (if separate from physical).

(v) Company Telephone Number.

(vi) Date the company was started.

(vii) Number of employees at your location.

(viii) Chief executive officer/key manager.

(ix) Line of business (industry).

(x) Company Headquarters name and address (reporting relationship within your entity).

(d) If the Offeror does not become registered in the CCR database in the time prescribed by the Contracting Officer, the Contracting Officer will proceed to award to the next otherwise successful registered Offeror.

(e) Processing time, which normally takes 48 hours, should be taken into consideration when registering. Offerors who are not registered should consider applying for registration immediately upon receipt of this solicitation.

(f) The Contractor is responsible for the accuracy and completeness of the data within the CCR database, and for any liability resulting from the Government's reliance on inaccurate or incomplete data. To remain registered in the CCR database after the initial registration, the Contractor is required to review and update on an annual basis from the date of initial registration or subsequent updates its information in the CCR database to ensure it is current, accurate and complete. Updating information in the CCR does not alter the terms and conditions of this contract and is not a substitute for a properly executed contractual document.

(g)(1)(i) If a Contractor has legally changed its business name, “doing business as” name, or division name (whichever is shown on the contract), or has transferred the assets used in performing the contract, but has not completed the necessary requirements regarding novation and change-of-name agreements in Subpart 42.12, the Contractor shall provide the responsible Contracting Officer a minimum of one business day's written notification of its intention to (A) change the name in the CCR database; (B) comply with the requirements of Subpart 42.12 of the FAR; and (C) agree in writing to the timeline and procedures specified by the responsible Contracting Officer. The Contractor must provide with the notification sufficient documentation to support the legally changed name.

(ii) If the Contractor fails to comply with the requirements of paragraph (g)(1)(i) of this clause, or fails to perform the agreement at paragraph (g)(1)(i)(C) of this clause, and, in the absence of a properly executed novation or change-of-name agreement, the CCR information that shows the Contractor to be other than the Contractor indicated in the contract will be considered to be incorrect information within the meaning of the “Suspension of Payment” paragraph of the electronic funds transfer (EFT) clause of this contract.

(2) The Contractor shall not change the name or address for EFT payments or manual payments, as appropriate, in the CCR record to reflect an assignee for the purpose of assignment of claims (see FAR Subpart 32.8, Assignment of Claims). Assignees shall be separately registered in the CCR database. Information provided to the Contractor's CCR record that indicates payments, including those made by EFT, to an ultimate recipient other than that Contractor will be considered to be incorrect information within the meaning of the “Suspension of payment” paragraph of the EFT clause of this contract.

(h) Offerors and Contractors may obtain information on registration and annual confirmation requirements via the internet at http://www.ccr.gov or by calling 1-888-227-2423, or 269-961-5757.

(End of clause)

52.209-6 PROTECTING THE GOVERNMENT'S INTEREST WHEN SUBCONTRACTING WITH CONTRACTORS DEBARRED, SUSPENDED, OR PROPOSED FOR DEBARMENT (JUL 1995)

(a) The Government suspends or debars Contractors to protect the Government's interests. The Contractor shall not enter into any subcontract in excess of the $25,000 with a Contractor that is debarred, suspended, or proposed for debarment unless there is a compelling reason to do so.

(b) The Contractor shall require each proposed first-tier subcontractor, whose subcontract will exceed $25,000, to disclose to the Contractor, in writing, whether as of the time of award of the subcontract, the subcontractor, or its principles, is or is not debarred, suspended, or proposed for debarment by the Federal Government.

(c) A corporate officer or a designee of the Contractor shall notify the Contracting Officer, in writing, before entering into a subcontract with a party that is debarred, suspended, or proposed for debarment (see FAR 9.404 for information on the List of Parties Excluded from Federal Procurement and Nonprocurement Programs). The notice must include the following:

(1) The name of the subcontractor.

(2) The Contractor's knowledge of the reasons for the subcontractor being on the List of Parties Excluded from Federal Procurement and Nonprocurement Programs.

(3) The compelling reason(s) for doing business with the subcontractor notwithstanding its inclusion on the List of Parties Excluded from Federal Procurement and Nonprocurement Programs.

(4) The systems and procedures the Contractor has established to ensure that it is fully protecting the Government's interests when dealing with such subcontractor in view of the specific basis for the party's debarment, suspension, or

proposed debarment.

(End of clause)

52.211-15 DEFENSE PRIORITY AND ALLOCATION REQUIREMENTS (SEP 1990)

This is a rated order certified for national defense use, and the Contractor shall follow all the requirements of the Defense Priorities and Allocations System regulation (15 CFR 700).

(End of clause)

52.215-2 AUDIT AND RECORDS--NEGOTIATION (JUN 1999)

(a) As used in this clause, "records" includes books, documents, accounting procedures and practices, and other data, regardless of type and regardless of whether such items are in written form, in the form of computer data, or in any other form.

(b) Examination of costs. If this is a cost-reimbursement, incentive, time-and-materials, labor-hour, or price redeterminable contract, or any combination of these, the Contractor shall maintain and the Contracting Officer, or an authorized representative of the Contracting Officer, shall have the right to examine and audit all records and other evidence sufficient to reflect properly all costs claimed to have been incurred or anticipated to be incurred directly or indirectly in performance of this contract. This right of examination shall include inspection at all reasonable times of the Contractor's plants, or parts of them, engaged in performing the contract.

(c) Cost or pricing data. If the Contractor has been required to submit cost or pricing data in connection with any pricing action relating to this contract, the Contracting Officer, or an authorized representative of the Contracting Officer, in order to evaluate the accuracy, completeness, and currency of the cost or pricing data, shall have the right to examine and audit all of the Contractor's records, including computations and projections, related to--

(1) The proposal for the contract, subcontract, or modification;

(2) The discussions conducted on the proposal(s), including those related to negotiating;

(3) Pricing of the contract, subcontract, or modification; or

(4) Performance of the contract, subcontract or modification.

(d) Comptroller General--(1) The Comptroller General of the United States, or an authorized representative, shall have access to and the right to examine any of the Contractor's directly pertinent records involving transactions related to this contract or a subcontract hereunder.

(2) This paragraph may not be construed to require the Contractor or subcontractor to create or maintain any record that the Contractor or subcontractor does not maintain in the ordinary course of business or pursuant to a provision of law.

(e) Reports. If the Contractor is required to furnish cost, funding, or performance reports, the Contracting Officer or an authorized representative of the Contracting Officer shall have the right to examine and audit the supporting records and materials, for the purpose of evaluating (1) the effectiveness of the Contractor's policies and procedures to produce data compatible with the objectives of these reports and (2) the data reported.

(f) Availability. The Contractor shall make available at its office at all reasonable times the records, materials, and

other evidence described in paragraphs (a), (b), (c), (d), and (e) of this clause, for examination, audit, or reproduction, until 3 years after final payment under this contract or for any shorter period specified in Subpart 4.7, Contractor Records Retention, of the Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR), or for any longer period required by statute or by other clauses of this contract. In addition--

(1) If this contract is completely or partially terminated, the Contractor shall make available the records relating to the work terminated until 3 years after any resulting final termination settlement; and

(2) The Contractor shall make available records relating to appeals under the Disputes clause or to litigation or the settlement of claims arising under or relating to this contract until such appeals, litigation, or claims are finally resolved.

(g) The Contractor shall insert a clause containing all the terms of this clause, including this paragraph (g), in all subcontracts under this contract that exceed the simplified acquisition threshold, and--

(1) That are cost-reimbursement, incentive, time-and-materials, labor-hour, or price-redeterminable type or any combination of these;

(2) For which cost or pricing data are required; or

(3) That require the subcontractor to furnish reports as discussed in paragraph (e) of this clause.

The clause may be altered only as necessary to identify properly the contracting parties and the Contracting Officer under the Government prime contract.

(End of clause)

52.215-11 PRICE REDUCTION FOR DEFECTIVE COST OR PRICING DATA--MODIFICATIONS (OCT 1997)

(a) This clause shall become operative only for any modification to this contract involving a pricing adjustment expected to exceed the threshold for submission of cost or pricing data at FAR 15.403-4, except that this clause does not apply to any modification if an exception under FAR 15.403-1 applies.

(b) If any price, including profit or fee, negotiated in connection with any modification under this clause, or any cost reimbursable under this contract, was increased by any significant amount because (1) the Contractor or a subcontractor furnished cost or pricing data that were not complete, accurate, and current as certified in its Certificate of Current Cost or Pricing Data, (2) a subcontractor or prospective subcontractor furnished the Contractor cost or pricing data that were not complete, accurate, and current as certified in the Contractor's Certificate of Current Cost or Pricing Data, or (3) any of these parties furnished data of any description that were not accurate, the price or cost shall be reduced accordingly and the contract shall be modified to reflect the reduction. This right to a price reduction is limited to that resulting from defects in data relating to modifications for which this clause becomes operative under paragraph (a) of this clause.

(c) Any reduction in the contract price under paragraph (b) of this clause due to defective data from a prospective subcontractor that was not subsequently awarded the subcontract shall be limited to the amount, plus applicable overhead and profit markup, by which--

(1) The actual subcontract; or

(2) The actual cost to the Contractor, if there was no subcontract, was less than the prospective subcontract cost estimate submitted by the Contractor; provided, that the actual subcontract price was not itself affected by defective cost or pricing data.

(d)(1) If the Contracting Officer determines under paragraph (b) of this clause that a price or cost reduction should be made, the Contractor agrees not to raise the following matters as a defense:

(i) The Contractor or subcontractor was a sole source supplier or otherwise was in a superior bargaining position and thus the price of the contract would not have been modified even if accurate, complete, and current cost or pricing data had been submitted.

(ii) The Contracting Officer should have known that the cost or pricing data in issue were defective even though the Contractor or subcontractor took no affirmative action to bring the character of the data to the attention of the Contracting Officer.

(iii) The contract was based on an agreement about the total cost of the contract and there was no agreement about the cost of each item procured under the contract.

(iv) The Contractor or subcontractor did not submit a Certificate of Current Cost or Pricing Data.

(2)(i) Except as prohibited by subdivision (d)(2)(ii) of this clause, an offset in an amount determined appropriate by the Contracting Officer based upon the facts shall be allowed against the amount of a contract price reduction if--

(A) The Contractor certifies to the Contracting Officer that, to the best of the Contractor's knowledge and belief, the Contractor is entitled to the offset in the amount requested; and

(B) The Contractor proves that the cost or pricing data were available before the “as of” date specified on its Certificate of Current Cost or Pricing Data, and that the data were not submitted before such date.

(ii) An offset shall not be allowed if--

(A) The understated data were known by the Contractor to be understated before the “as of” date specified on its Certificate of Current Cost or Pricing Data; or

(B) The Government proves that the facts demonstrate that the contract price would not have increased in the amount to be offset even if the available data had been submitted before the “as of” date specified on its Certificate of Current Cost or Pricing Data.

(e) If any reduction in the contract price under this clause reduces the price of items for which payment was made prior to the date of the modification reflecting the price reduction, the Contractor shall be liable to and shall pay the United States at the time such overpayment is repaid--

(1) Simple interest on the amount of such overpayment to be computed from the date(s) of overpayment to the Contractor to the date the Government is repaid by the Contractor at the applicable underpayment rate effective for each quarter prescribed by the Secretary of the Treasury under 26 U.S.C. 6621(a)(2); and

A penalty equal to the amount of the overpayment, if the Contractor or subcontractor knowingly submitted cost or pricing data that were incomplete, inaccurate, or noncurrent.

(End of clause)

52.215-13 SUBCONTRACTOR COST OR PRICING DATA--MODIFICATIONS (OCT 1997)

(a) The requirements of paragraphs (b) and (c) of this clause shall--

(1) Become operative only for any modification to this contract involving a pricing adjustment expected to exceed the threshold for submission of cost or pricing data at FAR 15.403-4; and

(2) Be limited to such modifications.

(b) Before awarding any subcontract expected to exceed the threshold for submission of cost or pricing data at FAR 15.403-4, on the date of agreement on price or the date of award, whichever is later; or before pricing any subcontract modification involving a pricing adjustment expected to exceed the threshold for submission of cost or pricing data at FAR 15.403-4, the Contractor shall require the subcontractor to submit cost or pricing data (actually or by specific identification in writing), unless an exception under FAR 15.403-1 applies.

(c) The Contractor shall require the subcontractor to certify in substantially the form prescribed in FAR 15.406-2 that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, the data submitted under paragraph (b) of this clause were accurate, complete, and current as of the date of agreement on the negotiated price of the subcontract or subcontract modification.

The Contractor shall insert the substance of this clause, including this paragraph (d), in each subcontract that exceeds the threshold for submission of cost or pricing data at FAR 15.403-4 on the date of agreement on price or the date of award, whichever is later.

(End of clause)

52.215-21 REQUIREMENTS FOR COST OR PRICING DATA OR INFORMATION OTHER THAN COST OR PRICING DATA--MODIFICATIONS (OCT 1997)

(a) Exceptions from cost or pricing data. (1) In lieu of submitting cost or pricing data for modifications under this contract, for price adjustments expected to exceed the threshold set forth at FAR 15.403-4 on the date of the agreement on price or the date of the award, whichever is later, the Contractor may submit a written request for exception by submitting the information described in the following subparagraphs. The Contracting Officer may require additional supporting information, but only to the extent necessary to determine whether an exception should be granted, and whether the price is fair and reasonable--

(i) Identification of the law or regulation establishing the price offered. If the price is controlled under law by periodic rulings, reviews, or similar actions of a governmental body, attach a copy of the controlling document, unless it was previously submitted to the contracting office.

(ii) Information on modifications of contracts or subcontracts for commercial items. (A) If--

(1) The original contract or subcontract was granted an exception from cost or pricing data requirements because the price agreed upon was based on adequate price competition or prices set by law or regulation, or was a contract or subcontract for the acquisition of a commercial item; and

(2) The modification (to the contract or subcontract) is not exempted based on one of these exceptions, then the Contractor may provide information to establish that the modification would not change the contract or subcontract from a contract or subcontract for the acquisition of a commercial item to a contract or subcontract for the acquisition of an item other than a commercial item.

(B) For a commercial item exception, the Contractor shall provide, at a minimum, information on prices at which the same item or similar items have previously been sold that is adequate for evaluating the reasonableness of the price of the modification. Such information may include--

(1) For catalog items, a copy of or identification of the catalog and its date, or the appropriate pages for the offered

items, or a statement that the catalog is on file in the buying office to which the proposal is being submitted. Provide a copy or describe current discount policies and price lists (published or unpublished), e.g., wholesale, original equipment manufacturer, or reseller. Also explain the basis of each offered price and its relationship to the established catalog price, including how the proposed price relates to the price of recent sales in quantities similar to the proposed quantities.

(2) For market-priced items, the source and date or period of the market quotation or other basis for market price, the base amount, and applicable discounts. In addition, describe the nature of the market.

(3) For items included on an active Federal Supply Service Multiple Award Schedule contract, proof that an exception has been granted for the schedule item.

(2) The Contractor grants the Contracting Officer or an authorized representative the right to examine, at any time before award, books, records, documents, or other directly pertinent records to verify any request for an exception under this clause, and the reasonableness of price. For items priced using catalog or market prices, or law or regulation , access does not extend to cost or profit information or other data relevant solely to the Contractor's determination of the prices to be offered in the catalog or marketplace.

(b) Requirements for cost or pricing data. If the Contractor is not granted an exception from the requirement to submit cost or pricing data, the following applies:

(1) The Contractor shall submit cost or pricing data and supporting attachments in accordance with Table 15-2 of FAR 15.408.

As soon as practicable after agreement on price, but before award (except for unpriced actions), the Contractor shall submit a Certificate of Current Cost or Pricing Data, as prescribed by FAR 15.406-2.

(End of clause)

52.219-8 UTILIZATION OF SMALL BUSINESS CONCERNS (MAY 2004)

(a) It is the policy of the United States that small business concerns, veteran-owned small business concerns, service-disabled veteran-owned small business concerns, HUBZone small business concerns, small disadvantaged business concerns, and women-owned small business concerns shall have the maximum practicable opportunity to participate in performing contracts let by any Federal agency, including contracts and subcontracts for subsystems, assemblies, components, and related services for major systems. It is further the policy of the United States that its prime contractors establish procedures to ensure the timely payment of amounts due pursuant to the terms of their subcontracts with small business concerns, veteran-owned small business concerns, service-disabled veteran-owned small business concerns, HUBZone small business concerns, small disadvantaged business concerns, and women-owned small business concerns.

(b) The Contractor hereby agrees to carry out this policy in the awarding of subcontracts to the fullest extent consistent with efficient contract performance. The Contractor further agrees to cooperate in any studies or surveys as may be conducted by the United States Small Business Administration or the awarding agency of the United States as may be necessary to determine the extent of the Contractor's compliance with this clause.

Definitions. As used in this contract--

HUBZone small business concern means a small business concern that appears on the List of Qualified HUBZone Small Business Concerns maintained by the Small Business Administration.

Service-disabled veteran-owned small business concern--

(1) Means a small business concern--

(i) Not less than 51 percent of which is owned by one or more service-disabled veterans or, in the case of any publicly owned business, not less than 51 percent of the stock of which is owned by one or more service-disabled veterans; and

(ii) The management and daily business operations of which are controlled by one or more service-disabled veterans or, in the case of a service-disabled veteran with permanent and severe disability, the spouse or permanent caregiver of such veteran.

(2) Service-disabled veteran means a veteran, as defined in 38 U.S.C. 101(2), with a disability that is service-connected, as defined in 38 U.S.C. 101(16).

Small business concern means a small business as defined pursuant to Section 3 of the Small Business Act and relevant regulations promulgated pursuant thereto.

Small disadvantaged business concern means a small business concern that represents, as part of its offer that--

(1) It has received certification as a small disadvantaged business concern consistent with 13 CFR part 124, subpart B;

(2) No material change in disadvantaged ownership and control has occurred since its certification;

(3) Where the concern is owned by one or more individuals, the net worth of each individual upon whom the certification is based does not exceed $750,000 after taking into account the applicable exclusions set forth at 13 CFR 124.104(c)(2); and

(4) It is identified, on the date of its representation, as a certified small disadvantaged business in the database maintained by the Small Business Administration (PRO-Net).

Veteran-owned small business concern means a small business concern--

(1) Not less than 51 percent of which is owned by one or more veterans (as defined at 38 U.S.C. 101(2)) or, in the case of any publicly owned business, not less than 51 percent of the stock of which is owned by one or more veterans; and

(2) The management and daily business operations of which are controlled by one or more veterans.

Women-owned small business concern means a small business concern--

(1) That is at least 51 percent owned by one or more women, or, in the case of any publicly owned business, at least 51 percent of the stock of which is owned by one or more women; and

(2) Whose management and daily business operations are controlled by one or more women.

(d) Contractors acting in good faith may rely on written representations by their subcontractors regarding their status as a small business concern, a veteran-owned small business concern, a service-disabled veteran-owned small business concern, a HUBZone small business concern, a small disadvantaged business concern, or a women-owned small business concern.

(End of clause)

52.219-14 LIMITATIONS ON SUBCONTRACTING (DEC 1996)

(a) This clause does not apply to the unrestricted portion of a partial set-aside.

(b) By submission of an offer and execution of a contract, the Offeror/Contractor agrees that in performance of the contract in the case of a contract for--

(1) Services (except construction). At least 50 percent of the cost of contract performance incurred for personnel shall be expended for employees of the concern.

(2) Supplies (other than procurement from a nonmanufacturer of such supplies). The concern shall perform work for at least 50 percent of the cost of manufacturing the supplies, not including the cost of materials.

(3) General construction. The concern will perform at least 15 percent of the cost of the contract, not including the cost of materials, with its own employees.

(4) Construction by special trade contractors. The concern will perform at least 25 percent of the cost of the contract, not including the cost of materials, with its own employees.

52.219-18 NOTIFICATION OF COMPETITION LIMITED TO ELIGIBLE 8(A) CONCERNS (JUN 2003)

(a) Offers are solicited only from small business concerns expressly certified by the Small Business Administration (SBA) for participation in the SBA's 8(a) Program and which meet the following criteria at the time of submission of offer--

(1) The Offeror is in conformance with the 8(a) support limitation set forth in its approved business plan; and

(2) The Offeror is in conformance with the Business Activity Targets set forth in its approved business plan or any remedial action directed by the SBA.

(b) By submission of its offer, the Offeror represents that it meets all of the criteria set forth in paragraph (a) of this clause.

(c) Any award resulting from this solicitation will be made to the Small Business Administration, which will subcontract performance to the successful 8(a) offeror selected through the evaluation criteria set forth in this solicitation.

(d)(1) Agreement. A small business concern submitting an offer in its own name shall furnish, in performing the contract, only end items manufactured or produced by small business concerns in the United States or its outlying areas. If this procurement is processed under simplified **acquisition** procedures and the total amount of this contract does not exceed $25,000, a small business concern may furnish the product of any domestic firm. This paragraph does not apply to construction or service contracts.

(2) The (insert name of SBA’s contractor) will notify the (insert name of contracting agency) Contracting Officer in writing immediately upon entering an agreement (either oral or written) to transfer all or part of its stock or other ownership interest to any other party.

(End of clause)

52.222-3 CONVICT LABOR (JUN 2003)

(a) Except as provided in paragraph (b) of this clause, the Contractor shall not employ in the performance of this contract any person undergoing a sentence of imprisonment imposed by any court of a State, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, the Northern Mariana Islands, American Samoa, Guam, or the U.S. Virgin Islands.

(b) The Contractor is not prohibited from employing persons--

(1) On parole or probation to work at paid employment during the term of their sentence;

(2) Who have been pardoned or who have served their terms; or

(3) Confined for violation of the laws of any of the States, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, the Northern Mariana Islands, American Samoa, Guam, or the U.S. Virgin Islands who are authorized to work at paid employment in the community under the laws of such jurisdiction, if--

(i) The worker is paid or is in an approved work training program on a voluntary basis;

(ii) Representatives of local union central bodies or similar labor union organizations have been consulted;

(iii) Such paid employment will not result in the displacement of employed workers, or be applied in skills, crafts, or trades in which there is a surplus of available gainful labor in the locality, or impair existing contracts for services;

(iv) The rates of pay and other conditions of employment will not be less than those paid or provided for work of a similar nature in the locality in which the work is being performed; and

(v) The Attorney General of the United States has certified that the work-release laws or **regulations** of the jurisdiction involved are in conformity with the requirements of Executive Order 11755, as amended by Executive Orders 12608 and 12943.

(End of clause)

52.222-4 CONTRACT WORK HOURS AND SAFETY STANDARDS ACT - OVERTIME COMPENSATION. (SEP 2000)

(a) Overtime requirements. No Contractor or subcontractor employing laborers or mechanics (see Federal Acquisition Regulation 22.300) shall require or permit them to work over 40 hours in any workweek unless they are paid at least 1 and 1/2 times the basic rate of pay for each hour worked over 40 hours.

(b) Violation; liability for unpaid wages; liquidated damages. The responsible Contractor and subcontractor are liable for unpaid wages if they violate the terms in paragraph (a) of this clause. In addition, the Contractor and subcontractor are liable for liquidated damages payable to the Government. The Contracting Officer will assess liquidated damages at the rate of $10 per affected employee for each calendar day on which the employer required or permitted the employee to work in excess of the standard workweek of 40 hours without paying overtime wages required by the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act.

(c) Withholding for unpaid wages and liquidated damages. The Contracting Officer will withhold from payments due under the contract sufficient funds required to satisfy any Contractor or subcontractor liabilities for unpaid wages and liquidated damages. If amounts withheld under the contract are insufficient to satisfy Contractor or subcontractor liabilities, the Contracting Officer will withhold payments from other Federal or Federally assisted contracts held by the same Contractor that are subject to the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act.

(d) Payrolls and basic records.

(1) The Contractor and its subcontractors shall maintain payrolls and basic payroll records for all laborers and mechanics working on the contract during the contract and shall make them available to the Government until 3 years after contract completion. The records shall contain the name and address of each employee, social security number, labor classifications, hourly rates of wages paid, daily and weekly number of hours worked, deductions made, and actual wages paid. The records need not duplicate those required for construction work by Department of Labor regulations at 29 CFR 5.5(a)(3) implementing the Davis-Bacon Act.

(2) The Contractor and its subcontractors shall allow authorized representatives of the Contracting Officer or the Department of Labor to inspect, copy, or transcribe records maintained under paragraph (d)(1) of this clause. The Contractor or subcontractor also shall allow authorized representatives of the Contracting Officer or Department of Labor to interview employees in the workplace during working hours.

(e) Subcontracts. The Contractor shall insert the provisions set forth in paragraphs (a) through (d) of this clause in subcontracts exceeding $100,000 and require subcontractors to include these provisions in any lower tier subcontracts. The Contractor shall be responsible for compliance by any subcontractor or lower-tier subcontractor with the provisions set forth in paragraphs (a) through (d) of this clause.

(End of clause)

52.222-6 DAVIS-BACON ACT (FEB 1995)

(a) All laborers and mechanics employed or working upon the site of the work will be paid unconditionally and not less often than once a week, and without subsequent deduction or rebate on any account (except such payroll deductions as are permitted by regulations issued by the Secretary of Labor under the Copeland Act (29 CFR Part 3), the full amount of wages and bona fide fringe benefits (or cash equivalents thereof) due at time of payment computed at rates not less than those contained in the wage determination of the Secretary of Labor which is attached hereto and made a part hereof, regardless of any contractual relationship which may be alleged to exist between the Contractor and such laborers and mechanics. Contributions made or costs reasonably anticipated for bona fide fringe benefits under section 1(b)(2) of the Davis-Bacon Act on behalf of laborers or mechanics are considered wages paid to such laborers or mechanics, subject to the provisions of paragraph (d) of this clause; also, regular contributions made or costs incurred for more than a weekly period (but not less often than quarterly) under plans, funds, or programs which cover the particular weekly period, are deemed to be constructively made or incurred during such period. Such laborers and mechanics shall be paid not less than the appropriate wage rate and fringe benefits in the wage determination for the classification of work actually performed, without regard to skill, except as provided in the clause entitled Apprentices and Trainees. Laborers or mechanics performing work in more than one classification may be compensated at the rate specified for each classification for the time actually worked therein; provided, That the employer's payroll records accurately set forth the time spent in each classification in which work is performed. The wage determination (including any additional classifications and wage rates conformed under paragraph (b) of this clause) and the Davis-Bacon poster (WH-1321) shall be posted at all times by the Contractor and its subcontractors at the site of the work in a prominent and accessible place where it can be easily seen by the workers.

(b)(1) The Contracting Officer shall require that any class of laborers or mechanics which is not listed in the wage determination and which is to be employed under the contract shall be classified in conformance with the wage determination. The Contracting Officer shall approve an additional classification and wage rate and fringe benefits therefor only when all the following criteria have been met:

(i) The work to be performed by the classification requested is not performed by a classification in the wage determination.

(ii) The classification is utilized in the area by the construction industry.

(iii) The proposed wage rate, including any bona fide fringe benefits, bears a reasonable relationship to the wage rates contained in the wage determination.

(2) If the Contractor and the laborers and mechanics to be employed in the classification (if known), or their representatives, and the Contracting Officer agree on the classification and wage rate (including the amount designated for fringe benefits, where appropriate), a report of the action taken shall be sent by the Contracting Officer to the Administrator of the Wage and Hour Division, Employment Standards Administration, U.S. Department of Labor, Washington, DC 20210. The Administrator or an authorized representative will approve, modify, or disapprove every additional classification action within 30 days of receipt and so advise the Contracting Officer or will notify the Contracting Officer within the 30-day period that additional time is necessary.

(3) In the event the Contractor, the laborers or mechanics to be employed in the classification, or their representatives, and the Contracting Officer do not agree on the proposed classification and wage rate (including the amount designated for fringe benefits, where appropriate), the Contracting Officer shall refer the questions, including the views of all interested parties and the recommendation of the Contracting Officer, to the Administrator of the Wage and Hour Division for determination. The Administrator, or an authorized representative, will issue a determination within 30 days of receipt and so advise the Contracting Officer or will notify the Contracting Officer within the 30-day period that additional time is necessary.

(4) The wage rate (including fringe benefits, where appropriate) determined pursuant to subparagraphs (b)(2) and (b)(3) of this clause shall be paid to all workers performing work in the classification under this contract from the first day on which work is performed in the classification.

(c) Whenever the minimum wage rate prescribed in the contract for a class of laborers or mechanics includes a fringe benefit which is not expressed as an hourly rate, the Contractor shall either pay the benefit as stated in the wage determination or shall pay another bona fide fringe benefit or an hourly cash equivalent thereof.

(d) If the Contractor does not make payments to a trustee or other third person, the Contractor may consider as part of the wages of any laborer or mechanic the amount of any costs reasonably anticipated in providing bona fide fringe benefits under a plan or program; provided, That the Secretary of Labor has found, upon the written request of the Contractor, that the applicable standards of the Davis-Bacon Act have been met. The Secretary of Labor may require the Contractor to set aside in a separate account assets for the meeting of obligations under the plan or program.

(End of clause)

52.222-7 WITHHOLDING OF FUNDS (FEB 1988)

The Contracting Officer shall, upon his or her own action or upon written request of an authorized representative of the Department of Labor, withhold or cause to be withheld from the Contractor under this contract or any other Federal contract with the same Prime Contractor, or any other Federally assisted contract subject to Davis-Bacon prevailing wage requirements, which is held by the same Prime Contractor, so much of the accrued payments or advances as may be considered necessary to pay laborers and mechanics, including apprentices, trainees, and helpers, employed by the Contractor or any subcontractor the full amount of wages required by the contract. In the event of failure to pay any laborer or mechanic, including any apprentice, trainee, or helper, employed or working on the site of the work, all or part of the wages required by the contract, the Contracting Officer may, after written notice to the Contractor, take such action as may be necessary to cause the suspension of any further payment, advance, or guarantee of funds until such violations have ceased.

(End of clause)

52.222-8 PAYROLLS AND BASIC RECORDS (FEB 1988)

(a) Payrolls and basic records relating thereto shall be maintained by the Contractor during the course of the work and preserved for a period of 3 years thereafter for all laborers and mechanics working at the site of the work. Such records shall contain the name, address, and social security number of each such worker, his or her correct classification, hourly rates of wages paid (including rates of contributions or costs anticipated for bona fide fringe benefits or cash equivalents thereof of the types described in section 1(b)(2)(B) of the Davis-Bacon Act), daily and weekly number of hours worked, deductions made, and actual wages paid. Whenever the Secretary of Labor has found, under paragraph (d) of the clause entitled Davis-Bacon Act, that the wages of any laborer or mechanic include the amount of any costs reasonably anticipated in providing benefits under a plan or program described in section 1(b)(2)(B) of the Davis-Bacon Act, the Contractor shall maintain records which show that the commitment to provide such benefits is enforceable, that the plan or program is financially responsible, and that the plan or program has been communicated in writing to the laborers or mechanics affected, and records which show the costs anticipated or the actual cost incurred in providing such benefits. Contractors employing apprentices or trainees under approved programs shall maintain written evidence of the registration of apprenticeship programs and certification of trainee programs, the registration of the apprentices and trainees, and the ratios and wage rates prescribed in the applicable programs.

(b)(1) The Contractor shall submit weekly for each week in which any contract work is performed a copy of all payrolls to the Contracting Officer. The payrolls submitted shall set out accurately and completely all of the information required to be maintained under paragraph (a) of this clause. This information may be submitted in any form desired. Optional Form WH-347 (Federal Stock Number 029-005-00014-1) is available for this purpose and may be purchased from the Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, DC 20402. The Prime Contractor is responsible for the submission of copies of payrolls by all subcontractors.

(2) Each payroll submitted shall be accompanied by a "Statement of Compliance," signed by the Contractor or subcontractor or his or her agent who pays or supervises the payment of the persons employed under the contract and shall certify--

(i) That the payroll for the payroll period contains the information required to be maintained under paragraph (a) of this clause and that such information is correct and complete;

(ii) That each laborer or mechanic (including each helper, apprentice, and trainee) employed on the contract during the payroll period has been paid the full weekly wages earned, without rebate, either directly or indirectly, and that no deductions have been made either directly or indirectly from the full wages earned, other than permissible deductions as set forth in the Regulations, 29 CFR Part 3; and

(iii) That each laborer or mechanic has been paid not less than the applicable wage rates and fringe benefits or cash equivalents for the classification of work performed, as specified in the applicable wage determination incorporated into the contract.

(3) The weekly submission of a properly executed certification set forth on the reverse side of Optional Form WH-347 shall satisfy the requirement for submission of the "Statement of Compliance" required by subparagraph (b)(2) of this clause.

(4) The falsification of any of the certifications in this clause may subject the Contractor or subcontractor to civil or criminal prosecution under Section 1001 of Title 18 and Section 3729 of Title 31 of the United States Code.

(c) The Contractor or subcontractor shall make the records required under paragraph (a) of this clause available for inspection, copying, or transcription by the Contracting Officer or authorized representatives of the Contracting Officer or the Department of Labor. The Contractor or subcontractor shall permit the Contracting Officer or

representatives of the Contracting Officer or the Department of Labor to interview employees during working hours on the job. If the Contractor or subcontractor fails to submit required records or to make them available, the Contracting Officer may, after written notice to the Contractor, take such action as may be necessary to cause the suspension of any further payment. Furthermore, failure to submit the required records upon request or to make such records available may be grounds for debarment action pursuant to 29 CFR 5.12.

(End of clause)

52.222-9 APPRENTICES AND TRAINEES (FEB 1988)

(a) Apprentices. Apprentices will be permitted to work at less than the predetermined rate for the work they performed when they are employed pursuant to and individually registered in a bona fide apprenticeship program registered with the U.S. Department of Labor, Employment and Training Administration, Bureau of Apprenticeship and Training, or with a State Apprenticeship Agency recognized by the Bureau, or if a person is employed in his or her first 90 days of probationary employment as an apprentice in such an apprenticeship program, who is not individually registered in the program, but who has been certified by the Bureau of Apprenticeship and Training or a State Apprenticeship Agency (where appropriate) to be eligible for probationary employment as an apprentice. The allowable ratio of apprentices to journeymen on the job site in any craft classification shall not be greater than the ratio permitted to the Contractor as to the entire work force under the registered program. Any worker listed on a payroll at an apprentice wage rate, who is not registered or otherwise employed as stated in this paragraph, shall be paid not less than the applicable wage determination for the classification of work actually performed. In addition, any apprentice performing work on the job site in excess of the ratio permitted under the registered program shall be paid not less than the applicable wage rate on the wage determination for the work actually performed. Where a contractor is performing construction on a project in a locality other than that in which its program is registered, the ratios and wage rates (expressed in percentages of the journeyman's hourly rate) specified in the Contractor's or subcontractor's registered program shall be observed. Every apprentice must be paid at not less than the rate specified in the registered program for the apprentice's level of progress, expressed as a percentage of the journeyman hourly rate specified in the applicable wage determination. Apprentices shall be paid fringe benefits in accordance with the provisions of the apprenticeship program. If the apprenticeship program does not specify fringe benefits, apprentices must be paid the full amount of fringe benefits listed on the wage determination for the applicable classification. If the Administrator determines that a different practice prevails for the applicable apprentice classification, fringes shall be paid in accordance with that determination. In the event the Bureau of Apprenticeship and Training, or a State Apprenticeship Agency recognized by the Bureau, withdraws approval of an apprenticeship program, the Contractor will no longer be permitted to utilize apprentices at less than the applicable predetermined rate for the work performed until an acceptable program is approved.

(b) Trainees. Except as provided in 29 CFR 5.16, trainees will not be permitted to work at less than the predetermined rate for the work performed unless they are employed pursuant to and individually registered in a program which has received prior approval, evidenced by formal certification by the U.S. Department of Labor, Employment and Training Administration. The ratio of trainees to journeymen on the job site shall not be greater than permitted under the plan approved by the Employment and Training Administration. Every trainee must be paid at not less than the rate specified in the approved program for the trainee's level of progress, expressed as a percentage of the journeyman hourly rate specified in the applicable wage determination. Trainees shall be paid fringe benefits in accordance with the provisions of the trainee program. If the trainee program does not mention fringe benefits, trainees shall be paid the full amount of fringe benefits listed in the wage determination unless the Administrator of the Wage and Hour Division determines that there is an apprenticeship program associated with the corresponding journeyman wage rate in the wage determination which provides for less than full fringe benefits for apprentices. Any employee listed on the payroll at a trainee rate who is not registered and participating in a training plan approved by the Employment and Training Administration shall be paid not less than the applicable wage rate in the wage determination for the classification of work actually performed. In addition, any trainee performing work on the job site in excess of the ratio permitted under the registered program shall be paid not less than the applicable wage rate in the wage determination for the work actually performed. In the event the

Employment and Training Administration withdraws approval of a training program, the Contractor will no longer be permitted to utilize trainees at less than the applicable predetermined rate for the work performed until an acceptable program is approved.

(c) Equal employment opportunity. The utilization of apprentices, trainees, and journeymen under this clause shall be in conformity with the equal employment opportunity requirements of Executive Order 11246, as amended, and 29 CFR Part 30.

(End of clause)

52.222-10 COMPLIANCE WITH COPELAND ACT REQUIREMENTS (FEB 1988)

The Contractor shall comply with the requirements of 29 CFR Part 3, which are hereby incorporated by reference in this contract.

(End of clause)

52.222-11 SUBCONTRACTS (LABOR STANDARDS (FEB 1988)

(a) The Contractor or subcontractor shall insert in any subcontracts the clauses entitled Davis-Bacon Act, Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act-Overtime Compensation, Apprentices and Trainees, Payrolls and Basic Records, Compliance with Copeland Act Requirements, Withholding of Funds, Subcontracts (Labor Standards), Contract Termination-Debarment, Disputes Concerning Labor Standards, Compliance with Davis-Bacon and Related Act Regulations, and Certification of Eligibility, and such other clauses as the Contracting Officer may, by appropriate instructions, require, and also a clause requiring subcontractors to include these clauses in any lower tier subcontracts. The Prime Contractor shall be responsible for compliance by any subcontractor or lower tier subcontractor with all the contract clauses cited in this paragraph.

(b)(1) Within 14 days after award of the contract, the Contractor shall deliver to the Contracting Officer a completed Statement and Acknowledgment Form (SF 1413) for each subcontract, including the subcontractor's signed and dated acknowledgment that the clauses set forth in paragraph (a) of this clause have been included in the subcontract.

(ii) Within 14 days after the award of any subsequently awarded subcontract the Contractor shall deliver to the Contracting Officer an updated completed SF 1413 for such additional subcontract.

(End of clause)

52.222-12 CONTRACT TERMINATION--DEBARMENT (FEB 1988)

A breach of the contract clauses entitled Davis-Bacon Act, Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act--Overtime Compensation, Apprentices and Trainees, Payrolls and Basic Records, Compliance with Copeland Act Requirements, Subcontracts (Labor Standards), Compliance with Davis-Bacon and Related Act Regulations, or Certification of Eligibility may be grounds for termination of the contract, and for debarment as a Contractor and subcontractor as provided in 29 CFR 5.12.

(End of clause)

52.222-13 COMPLIANCE WITH DAVIS-BACON AND RELATED ACT REGULATIONS (FEB 1988)

All rulings and interpretations of the Davis-Bacon and Related Acts contained in 29 CFR Parts 1, 3, and 5 are hereby incorporated by reference in this contract.

(End of clause)

52.222-14 DISPUTES CONCERNING LABOR STANDARDS (FEB 1988)

The United States Department of Labor has set forth in 29 CFR Parts 5, 6, and 7 procedures for resolving disputes concerning labor standards requirements. Such disputes shall be resolved in accordance with those procedures and not the Disputes clause of this contract. Disputes within the meaning of this clause include disputes between the Contractor (or any of its subcontractors) and the contracting agency, the U.S. Department of Labor, or the employees or their representatives.

(End of clause)

52.222-15 CERTIFICATION OF ELIGIBILITY (FEB 1988)

(a) By entering into this contract, the Contractor certifies that neither it (nor he or she) nor any person or firm who has an interest in the Contractor's firm is a person or firm ineligible to be awarded Government contracts by virtue of section 3(a) of the Davis-Bacon Act or 29 CFR 5.12(a)(1).

(b) No part of this contract shall be subcontracted to any person or firm ineligible for award of a Government contract by virtue of section 3(a) of the Davis-Bacon Act or 29 CFR 5.12(a)(1).

(c) The penalty for making false statements is prescribed in the U.S. Criminal Code, 18 U.S.C. 1001.

(End of clause)

52.222-21 PROHIBITION OF SEGREGATED FACILITIES (FEB 1999)

(a) Segregated facilities, as used in this clause, means any waiting rooms, work areas, rest rooms and wash rooms, restaurants and other eating areas, time clocks, locker rooms and other storage or dressing areas, parking lots, drinking fountains, recreation or entertainment areas, transportation, and housing facilities provided for employees, that are segregated by explicit directive or are in fact segregated on the basis of race, color, religion, sex, or national origin because of written or oral policies or employee custom. The term does not include separate or single-user rest rooms or necessary dressing or sleeping areas provided to assure privacy between the sexes.

(b) The Contractor agrees that it does not and will not maintain or provide for its employees any segregated facilities at any of its establishments, and that it does not and will not permit its employees to perform their services at any location under its control where segregated facilities are maintained. The Contractor agrees that a breach of this clause is a violation of the Equal Opportunity clause in this contract.

(c) The Contractor shall include this clause in every subcontract and purchase order that is subject to the Equal Opportunity clause of this contract.

(End of clause)

52.222-26 EQUAL OPPORTUNITY (APR 2002)

(a) Definition. United States, as used in this clause, means the 50 States, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, the Northern Mariana Islands, American Samoa, Guam, the U.S. Virgin Islands, and Wake Island.

(b) If, during any 12-month period (including the 12 months preceding the award of this contract), the Contractor has been or is awarded nonexempt Federal contracts and/or subcontracts that have an aggregate value in excess of $10,000, the Contractor shall comply with paragraphs (b)(1) through (b)(11) of this clause, except for work performed outside the United States by employees who were not recruited within the United States. Upon request, the Contractor shall provide information necessary to determine the applicability of this clause.

(1) The Contractor shall not discriminate against any employee or applicant for employment because of race, color, religion, sex, or national origin. However, it shall not be a violation of this clause for the Contractor to extend a publicly announced preference in employment to Indians living on or near an Indian reservation, in connection with employment opportunities on or near an Indian reservation, as permitted by 41 CFR 60-1.5.

(2) The Contractor shall take affirmative action to ensure that applicants are employed, and that employees are treated during employment, without regard to their race, color, religion, sex, or national origin. This shall include, but not be limited to, (i) employment, (ii) upgrading, (iii) demotion, (iv) transfer, (v) recruitment or recruitment advertising, (vi) layoff or termination, (vii) rates of pay or other forms of compensation, and (viii) selection for training, including apprenticeship.

(3) The Contractor shall post in conspicuous places available to employees and applicants for employment the notices to be provided by the Contracting Officer that explain this clause.

(4) The Contractor shall, in all solicitations or advertisements for employees placed by or on behalf of the Contractor, state that all qualified applicants will receive consideration for employment without regard to race, color, religion, sex, or national origin.

(5) The Contractor shall send, to each labor union or representative of workers with which it has a collective bargaining agreement or other contract or understanding, the notice to be provided by the Contracting Officer advising the labor union or workers' representative of the Contractor's commitments under this clause, and post copies of the notice in conspicuous places available to employees and applicants for employment.

(6) The Contractor shall comply with Executive Order 11246, as amended, and the rules, regulations, and orders of the Secretary of Labor.

(7) The Contractor shall furnish to the contracting agency all information required by Executive Order 11246, as amended, and by the rules, regulations, and orders of the Secretary of Labor. The Contractor shall also file Standard Form 100 (EEO-1), or any successor form, as prescribed in 41 CFR part 60-1. Unless the Contractor has filed within the 12 months preceding the date of contract award, the Contractor shall, within 30 days after contract award, apply to either the regional Office of Federal Contract Compliance Programs (OFCCP) or the local office of the Equal Employment Opportunity Commission for the necessary forms.

(8) The Contractor shall permit access to its premises, during normal business hours, by the contracting agency or the OFCCP for the purpose of conducting on-site compliance evaluations and complaint investigations. The Contractor shall permit the Government to inspect and copy any books, accounts, records (including computerized records), and other material that may be relevant to the matter under investigation and pertinent to compliance with Executive Order 11246, as amended, and rules and regulations that implement the Executive Order.

(9) If the OFCCP determines that the Contractor is not in compliance with this clause or any rule, regulation, or order of the Secretary of Labor, this contract may be canceled, terminated, or suspended in whole or in part and the Contractor may be declared ineligible for further Government contracts, under the procedures authorized in Executive Order 11246, as amended. In addition, sanctions may be imposed and remedies invoked against the Contractor as provided in Executive Order 11246, as amended; in the rules, regulations, and orders of the Secretary of Labor; or as otherwise provided by law.

(10) The Contractor shall include the terms and conditions of subparagraphs (b)(1) through (11) of this clause in every subcontract or purchase order that is not exempted by the rules, regulations, or orders of the Secretary of Labor issued under Executive Order 11246, as amended, so that these terms and conditions will be binding upon each subcontractor or vendor.

(11) The Contractor shall take such action with respect to any subcontract or purchase order as the contracting officer may direct as a means of enforcing these terms and conditions, including sanctions for noncompliance; provided, that if the Contractor becomes involved in, or is threatened with, litigation with a subcontractor or vendor as a result of any direction, the Contractor may request the United States to enter into the litigation to protect the interests of the United States.

(c) Notwithstanding any other clause in this contract, disputes relative to this clause will be governed by the procedures in 41 CFR 60-1.1.

(End of clause)

52.222-27 AFFIRMATIVE ACTION COMPLIANCE REQUIREMENTS FOR CONSTRUCTION (FEB 1999)

(a) Definitions. "Covered area," as used in this clause, means the geographical area described in the solicitation for this contract.

"Deputy Assistant Secretary," as used in this clause, means Deputy Assistant Secretary for Federal Contract Compliance, U.S. Department of Labor, or a designee.

"Employer's identification number," as used in this clause, means the Federal Social Security number used on the employer's quarterly federal tax return, U.S. Treasury Department Form 941.

"Minority," as used in this clause, means--

(1) American Indian or Alaskan Native (all persons having origins in any of the original peoples of North America and maintaining identifiable tribal affiliations through membership and participation or community identification).

(2) Asian and Pacific Islander (all persons having origins in any of the original peoples of the Far East, Southeast Asia, the Indian Subcontinent, or the Pacific Islands);

(3) Black (all persons having origins in any of the black African racial groups not of Hispanic origin); and

(4) Hispanic (all persons of Mexican, Puerto Rican, Cuban, Central or South American, or other Spanish culture or origin, regardless of race).

(b) If the Contractor, or a subcontractor at any tier, subcontracts a portion of the work involving any construction trade, each such subcontract in excess of $10,000 shall include this clause and the Notice containing the goals for minority and female participation stated in the solicitation for this contract.

(c) If the Contractor is participating in a Hometown Plan (41 CFR 60-4) approved by the U.S. Department of Labor in a covered area, either individually or through an association, its affirmative action obligations on all work in the plan area (including goals) shall comply with the plan for those trades that have unions participating in the plan. Contractors must be able to demonstrate participation in, and compliance with, the provisions of the plan. Each Contractor or subcontractor participating in an approved plan is also required to comply with its obligations under the Equal Opportunity clause, and to make a good faith effort to achieve each goal under the plan in each trade in which it has employees. The overall good-faith performance by other Contractors or subcontractors toward a goal in an approved plan does not excuse any Contractor's or subcontractor's failure to make good-faith efforts to achieve the plan's goals.

(d) The Contractor shall implement the affirmative action procedures in subparagraphs (g)(1) through (16) of this clause. The goals stated in the solicitation for this contract are expressed as percentages of the total hours of employment and training of minority and female utilization that the Contractor should reasonably be able to achieve in each construction trade in which it has employees in the covered area. If the Contractor performs construction work in a geographical area located outside of the covered area, it shall apply the goals established for the geographical area where that work is actually performed. The Contractor is expected to make substantially uniform progress toward its goals in each craft.

(e) Neither the terms and conditions of any collective bargaining agreement, nor the failure by a union with which the Contractor has a collective bargaining agreement, to refer minorities or women shall excuse the Contractor's obligations under this clause, Executive Order 11246, as amended, or the regulations thereunder.

(f) In order for the nonworking training hours of apprentices and trainees to be counted in meeting the goals, apprentices and trainees must be employed by the Contractor during the training period, and the Contractor must have made a commitment to employ the apprentices and trainees at the completion of their training, subject to the availability of employment opportunities. Trainees must be trained pursuant to training programs approved by the U.S. Department of Labor.

(g) The Contractor shall take affirmative action to ensure equal employment opportunity. The evaluation of the Contractor's compliance with this clause shall be based upon its effort to achieve maximum results from its actions. The Contractor shall document these efforts fully and implement affirmative action steps at least as extensive as the following:

(1) Ensure a working environment free of harassment, intimidation, and coercion at all sites and in all facilities where the Contractor's employees are assigned to work. The Contractor, if possible, will assign two or more women to each construction project. The Contractor shall ensure that foremen, superintendents, and other onsite supervisory personnel are aware of and carry out the Contractor's obligation to maintain such a working environment, with specific attention to minority or female individuals working at these sites or facilities.

(2) Establish and maintain a current list of sources for minority and female recruitment. Provide written notification to minority and female recruitment sources and community organizations when the Contractor or its unions have employment opportunities available, and maintain a record of the organizations' responses.

(3) Establish and maintain a current file of the names, addresses, and telephone numbers of each minority and female off-the-street applicant, referrals of minorities or females from unions, recruitment sources, or community organizations, and the action taken with respect to each individual. If an individual was sent to the union hiring hall for referral and not referred back to the Contractor by the union or, if referred back, not employed by the Contractor, this shall be documented in the file, along with whatever additional actions the Contractor may have taken.

(4) Immediately notify the Deputy Assistant Secretary when the union or unions with which the Contractor has a collective bargaining agreement has not referred back to the Contractor a minority or woman sent by the Contractor, or when the Contractor has other information that the union referral process has impeded the Contractor's efforts to meet its obligations.

(5) Develop on-the-job training opportunities and/or participate in training programs for the area that expressly include minorities and women, including upgrading programs and apprenticeship and trainee programs relevant to the Contractor's employment needs, especially those programs funded or approved by the Department of Labor. The Contractor shall provide notice of these programs to the sources compiled under subparagraph (g)(2) of this clause.

(6) Disseminate the Contractor's equal employment policy by--

(i) Providing notice of the policy to unions and to training, recruitment, and outreach programs, and requesting their cooperation in assisting the Contractor in meeting its contract obligations;

(ii) Including the policy in any policy manual and in collective bargaining agreements;

(iii) Publicizing the policy in the company newspaper, annual report, etc.;

(iv) Reviewing the policy with all management personnel and with all minority and female employees at least once a year; and

(v) Posting the policy on bulletin boards accessible to employees at each location where construction work is performed.

(7) Review, at least annually, the Contractor's equal employment policy and affirmative action obligations with all employees having responsibility for hiring, assignment, layoff, termination, or other employment decisions. Conduct review of this policy with all on-site supervisory personnel before initiating construction work at a job site. A written record shall be made and maintained identifying the time and place of these meetings, persons attending, subject matter discussed, and disposition of the subject matter.

(8) Disseminate the Contractor's equal employment policy externally by including it in any advertising in the news media, specifically including minority and female news media. Provide written notification to, and discuss this policy with, other Contractors and subcontractors with which the Contractor does or anticipates doing business.

(9) Direct recruitment efforts, both oral and written, to minority, female, and community organizations, to schools with minority and female students, and to minority and female recruitment and training organizations serving the Contractor's recruitment area and employment needs. Not later than 1 month before the date for acceptance of applications for apprenticeship or training by any recruitment source, send written notification to organizations such as the above, describing the openings, screening procedures, and tests to be used in the selection process.

(10) Encourage present minority and female employees to recruit minority persons and women. Where reasonable, provide after-school, summer, and vacation employment to minority and female youth both on the site and in other areas of the Contractor's workforce.

(11) Validate all tests and other selection requirements where required under 41 CFR 60-3.

(12) Conduct, at least annually, an inventory and evaluation at least of all minority and female personnel for promotional opportunities. Encourage these employees to seek or to prepare for, through appropriate training, etc., opportunities for promotion.

(13) Ensure that seniority practices, job classifications, work assignments, and other personnel practices do not have a discriminatory effect by continually monitoring all personnel and employment-related activities to ensure that the Contractor's obligations under this contract are being carried out.

(14) Ensure that all facilities and company activities are nonsegregated except that separate or single-user rest rooms and necessary dressing or sleeping areas shall be provided to assure privacy between the sexes.

(15) Maintain a record of solicitations for subcontracts for minority and female construction contractors and suppliers, including circulation of solicitations to minority and female contractor associations and other business associations.

(16) Conduct a review, at least annually, of all supervisors' adherence to and performance under the Contractor's equal employment policy and affirmative action obligations.

(h) The Contractor is encouraged to participate in voluntary associations that may assist in fulfilling one or more of the affirmative action obligations contained in subparagraphs (g)(1) through (16) of this clause. The efforts of a contractor association, joint contractor-union, contractor-community, or similar group of which the contractor is a member and participant may be asserted as fulfilling one or more of its obligations under subparagraphs (g)(1) through (16) of this clause, provided the Contractor--

(1) Actively participates in the group;

(2) Makes every effort to ensure that the group has a positive impact on the employment of minorities and women in the industry;

(3) Ensures that concrete benefits of the program are reflected in the Contractor's minority and female workforce participation;

(4) Makes a good-faith effort to meet its individual goals and timetables; and

(5) Can provide access to documentation that demonstrates the effectiveness of actions taken on behalf of the Contractor. The obligation to comply is the Contractor's, and failure of such a group to fulfill an obligation shall not be a defense for the Contractor's noncompliance.

(i) A single goal for minorities and a separate single goal for women shall be established. The Contractor is required to provide equal employment opportunity and to take affirmative action for all minority groups, both male and female, and all women, both minority and nonminority. Consequently, the Contractor may be in violation of Executive Order 11246, as amended, if a particular group is employed in a substantially disparate manner.

(j) The Contractor shall not use goals or affirmative action standards to discriminate against any person because of race, color, religion, sex, or national origin.

(k) The Contractor shall not enter into any subcontract with any person or firm debarred from Government contracts under Executive Order 11246, as amended.

(l) The Contractor shall carry out such sanctions and penalties for violation of this clause and of the Equal Opportunity clause, including suspension, termination, and cancellation of existing subcontracts, as may be imposed or ordered under Executive Order 11246, as amended, and its implementing regulations, by the OFCCP. Any failure to carry out these sanctions and penalties as ordered shall be a violation of this clause and Executive Order 11246, as amended.

(m) The Contractor in fulfilling its obligations under this clause shall implement affirmative action procedures at least as extensive as those prescribed in paragraph (g) of this clause, so as to achieve maximum results from its efforts to ensure equal employment opportunity. If the Contractor fails to comply with the requirements of Executive Order 11246, as amended, the implementing regulations, or this clause, the Deputy Assistant Secretary shall take action as prescribed in 41 CFR 60-4.8.

(n) The Contractor shall designate a responsible official to--

(1) Monitor all employment-related activity to ensure that the Contractor's equal employment policy is being carried out;

(2) Submit reports as may be required by the Government; and

(3) Keep records that shall at least include for each employee the name, address, telephone number, construction trade, union affiliation (if any), employee identification number, social security number, race, sex, status (e.g., mechanic, apprentice, trainee, helper, or laborer), dates of changes in status, hours worked per week in the indicated trade, rate of pay, and locations at which the work was performed. Records shall be maintained in an easily understandable and retrievable form; however, to the degree that existing records satisfy this requirement, separate records are not required to be maintained.

Nothing contained herein shall be construed as a limitation upon the application of other laws that establish different standards of compliance or upon the requirements for the hiring of local or other area residents (e.g., those under the Public Works Employment Act of 1977 and the Community Development Block Grant Program).

(End of clause)

52.222-35 EQUAL OPPORTUNITY FOR SPECIAL DISABLED VETERANS, VETERANS OF THE VIETNAM ERA, AND OTHER ELIGIBLE VETERANS (DEC 2001)

(a) Definitions. As used in this clause--

All employment openings means all positions except executive and top management, those positions that will be filled from within the Contractor's organization, and positions lasting 3 days or less. This term includes full-time employment, temporary employment of more than 3 days duration, and part-time employment.

Executive and top management means any employee--

(1) Whose primary duty consists of the management of the enterprise in which the individual is employed or of a customarily recognized department or subdivision thereof;

(2) Who customarily and regularly directs the work of two or more other employees;

(3) Who has the authority to hire or fire other employees or whose suggestions and recommendations as to the hiring or firing and as to the advancement and promotion or any other change of status of other employees will be given particular weight;

(4) Who customarily and regularly exercises discretionary powers; and

(5) Who does not devote more than 20 percent or, in the case of an employee of a retail or service establishment, who does not devote more than 40 percent of total hours of work in the work week to activities that are not directly and closely related to the performance of the work described in paragraphs (1) through (4) of this definition. This paragraph (5) does not apply in the case of an employee who is in sole charge of an establishment or a physically separated branch establishment, or who owns at least a 20 percent interest in the enterprise in which the individual is employed.

Other eligible veteran means any other veteran who served on active duty during a war or in a campaign or expedition for which a campaign badge has been authorized.

Positions that will be filled from within the Contractor's organization means employment openings for which the Contractor will give no consideration to persons outside the Contractor's organization (including any affiliates, subsidiaries, and parent companies) and includes any openings the Contractor proposes to fill from regularly

established “recall” lists. The exception does not apply to a particular opening once an employer decides to consider applicants outside of its organization.

Qualified special disabled veteran means a special disabled veteran who satisfies the requisite skill, experience, education, and other job-related requirements of the employment position such veteran holds or desires, and who, with or without reasonable accommodation, can perform the essential functions of such position.

Special disabled veteran means--

(1) A veteran who is entitled to compensation (or who but for the receipt of military retired pay would be entitled to compensation) under laws administered by the Department of Veterans Affairs for a disability--

(i) Rated at 30 percent or more; or

(ii) Rated at 10 or 20 percent in the case of a veteran who has been determined under 38 U.S.C. 3106 to have a serious employment handicap (i.e., a significant impairment of the veteran's ability to prepare for, obtain, or retain employment consistent with the veteran's abilities, aptitudes, and interests); or

(2) A person who was discharged or released from active duty because of a service-connected disability.

Veteran of the Vietnam era means a person who--

(1) Served on active duty for a period of more than 180 days and was discharged or released from active duty with other than a dishonorable discharge, if any part of such active duty occurred--

(i) In the Republic of Vietnam between February 28, 1961, and May 7, 1975; or

(ii) Between August 5, 1964, and May 7, 1975, in all other cases; or

(2) Was discharged or released from active duty for a service-connected disability if any part of the active duty was performed--

(i) In the Republic of Vietnam between February 28, 1961, and May 7, 1975; or

(ii) Between August 5, 1964, and May 7, 1975, in all other cases.
(b) General. (1) The Contractor shall not discriminate against the individual because the individual is a special disabled veteran, a veteran of the Vietnam era, or other eligible veteran, regarding any position for which the employee or applicant for employment is qualified. The Contractor shall take affirmative action to employ, advance in employment, and otherwise treat qualified special disabled veterans, veterans of the Vietnam era, and other eligible veterans without discrimination based upon their disability or veterans' status in all employment practices such as--

(i) Recruitment, advertising, and job application procedures;

(ii) Hiring, upgrading, promotion, award of tenure, demotion, transfer, layoff, termination, right of return from layoff and rehiring;

(iii) Rate of pay or any other form of compensation and changes in compensation;

(iv) Job assignments, job classifications, organizational structures, position descriptions, lines of progression, and seniority lists;

(v) Leaves of absence, sick leave, or any other leave;

(vi) Fringe benefits available by virtue of employment, whether or not administered by the Contractor;

(vii) Selection and financial support for training, including apprenticeship, and on-the-job training under 38 U.S.C. 3687, professional meetings, conferences, and other related activities, and selection for leaves of absence to pursue training;

(viii) Activities sponsored by the Contractor including social or recreational programs; and

(ix) Any other term, condition, or privilege of employment.

(2) The Contractor shall comply with the rules, regulations, and relevant orders of the Secretary of Labor issued under the Vietnam Era Veterans' Readjustment Assistance Act of 1972 (the Act), as amended (38 U.S.C. 4211 and 4212).

(c) Listing openings. (1) The Contractor shall immediately list all employment openings that exist at the time of the execution of this contract and those which occur during the performance of this contract, including those not generated by this contract, and including those occurring at an establishment of the Contractor other than the one where the contract is being performed, but excluding those of independently operated corporate affiliates, at an appropriate local public employment service office of the State wherein the opening occurs. Listing employment openings with the U.S. Department of Labor's America's Job Bank shall satisfy the requirement to list jobs with the local employment service office.

(2) The Contractor shall make the listing of employment openings with the local employment service office at least concurrently with using any other recruitment source or effort and shall involve the normal obligations of placing a bona fide job order, including accepting referrals of veterans and nonveterans. This listing of employment openings does not require hiring any particular job applicant or hiring from any particular group of job applicants and is not intended to relieve the Contractor from any requirements of Executive orders or regulations concerning nondiscrimination in employment.

(3) Whenever the Contractor becomes contractually bound to the listing terms of this clause, it shall advise the State public employment agency in each State where it has establishments of the name and location of each hiring location in the State. As long as the Contractor is contractually bound to these terms and has so advised the State agency, it need not advise the State agency of subsequent contracts. The Contractor may advise the State agency when it is no longer bound by this contract clause.

(d) Applicability. This clause does not apply to the listing of employment openings that occur and are filled outside the 50 States, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands, American Samoa, Guam, the Virgin Islands of the United States, and Wake Island.

(e) Postings. (1) The Contractor shall post employment notices in conspicuous places that are available to employees and applicants for employment.

(2) The employment notices shall--

(i) State the rights of applicants and employees as well as the Contractor's obligation under the law to take affirmative action to employ and advance in employment qualified employees and applicants who are special disabled veterans, veterans of the Vietnam era, and other eligible veterans; and

(ii) Be in a form prescribed by the Deputy Assistant Secretary for Federal Contract Compliance Programs, Department of Labor (Deputy Assistant Secretary of Labor), and provided by or through the Contracting Officer.

(3) The Contractor shall ensure that applicants or employees who are special disabled veterans are informed of the contents of the notice (e.g., the Contractor may have the notice read to a visually disabled veteran, or may lower the posted notice so that it can be read by a person in a wheelchair).

(4) The Contractor shall notify each labor union or representative of workers with which it has a collective bargaining agreement, or other contract understanding, that the Contractor is bound by the terms of the Act and is committed to take affirmative action to employ, and advance in employment, qualified special disabled veterans, veterans of the Vietnam era, and other eligible veterans.

(f) Noncompliance. If the Contractor does not comply with the requirements of this clause, the Government may take appropriate actions under the rules, regulations, and relevant orders of the Secretary of Labor issued pursuant to the Act.

(g) Subcontracts. The Contractor shall insert the terms of this clause in all subcontracts or purchase orders of $25,000 or more unless exempted by rules, regulations, or orders of the Secretary of Labor. The Contractor shall act as specified by the Deputy Assistant Secretary of Labor to enforce the terms, including action for noncompliance.

(End of clause)

52.222-36 AFFIRMATIVE ACTION FOR WORKERS WITH DISABILITIES (JUN 1998)

(a) General. (1) Regarding any position for which the employee or applicant for employment is qualified, the Contractor shall not discriminate against any employee or applicant because of physical or mental disability. The Contractor agrees to take affirmative action to employ, advance in employment, and otherwise treat qualified individuals with disabilities without discrimination based upon their physical or mental disability in all employment practices such as--

(i) Recruitment, advertising, and job application procedures;

(ii) Hiring, upgrading, promotion, award of tenure, demotion, transfer, layoff, termination, right of return from layoff, and rehiring;

(iii) Rates of pay or any other form of compensation and changes in compensation;

(iv) Job assignments, job classifications, organizational structures, position descriptions, lines of progression, and seniority lists;

(v) Leaves of absence, sick leave, or any other leave;

(vi) Fringe benefits available by virtue of employment, whether or not administered by the Contractor;

(vii) Selection and financial support for training, including apprenticeships, professional meetings, conferences, and other related activities, and selection for leaves of absence to pursue training;

(viii) Activities sponsored by the Contractor, including social or recreational programs; and

(ix) Any other term, condition, or privilege of employment.

(2) The Contractor agrees to comply with the rules, regulations, and relevant orders of the Secretary of Labor (Secretary) issued under the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 (29 U.S.C. 793) (the Act), as amended.

(b) Postings. (1) The Contractor agrees to post employment notices stating--

(i) The Contractor's obligation under the law to take affirmative action to employ and advance in employment qualified individuals with disabilities; and

(ii) The rights of applicants and employees.

(2) These notices shall be posted in conspicuous places that are available to employees and applicants for employment. The Contractor shall ensure that applicants and employees with disabilities are informed of the contents of the notice (e.g., the Contractor may have the notice read to a visually disabled individual, or may lower the posted notice so that it might be read by a person in a wheelchair). The notices shall be in a form prescribed by the Deputy Assistant Secretary for Federal Contract Compliance of the U.S. Department of Labor (Deputy Assistant Secretary) and shall be provided by or through the Contracting Officer.

(3) The Contractor shall notify each labor union or representative of workers with which it has a collective bargaining agreement or other contract understanding, that the Contractor is bound by the terms of Section 503 of the Act and is committed to take affirmative action to employ, and advance in employment, qualified individuals with physical or mental disabilities.

(c) Noncompliance. If the Contractor does not comply with the requirements of this clause, appropriate actions may be taken under the rules, regulations, and relevant orders of the Secretary issued pursuant to the Act.

(d) Subcontracts. The Contractor shall include the terms of this clause in every subcontract or purchase order in excess of $10,000 unless exempted by rules, regulations, or orders of the Secretary. The Contractor shall act as specified by the Deputy Assistant Secretary to enforce the terms, including action for noncompliance.

(End of clause)

52.222-37 EMPLOYMENT REPORTS ON SPECIAL DISABLED VETERANS, VETERANS OF THE VIETNAM ERA, AND OTHER ELIGIBLE VETERANS (DEC 2001)

(a) Unless the Contractor is a State or local government agency, the Contractor shall report at least annually, as required by the Secretary of Labor, on--

(1) The number of disabled veterans and the number of veterans of the Vietnam era in the workforce of the contractor by job category and hiring location; and

(2) The total number of new employees hired during the period covered by the report, and of that total, the number of disabled veterans, and the number of veterans of the Vietnam era.

(b) The above items shall be reported by completing the form entitled "Federal Contractor Veterans' Employment Report VETS-100."

(c) Reports shall be submitted no later than September 30 of each year beginning September 30, 1988.

(d) The employment activity report required by paragraph (a)(2) of this clause shall reflect total hires during the most recent 12-month period as of the ending date selected for the employment profile report required by paragraph (a)(1) of this clause. Contractors may select an ending date: (1) As of the end of any pay period during the period January through March 1st of the year the report is due, or (2) as of December 31, if the contractor has previous written approval from the Equal Employment Opportunity Commission to do so for purposes of submitting the Employer Information Report EEO-1 (Standard Form 100).

(e) The count of veterans reported according to paragraph (a) of this clause shall be based on voluntary disclosure. Each Contractor subject to the reporting requirements at 38 U.S.C. 4212 shall invite all disabled veterans and veterans of the Vietnam era who wish to benefit under the affirmative action program at 38 U.S.C. 4212 to identify themselves to the Contractor. The invitation shall state that the information is voluntarily provided; that the information will be kept confidential; that disclosure or refusal to provide the information will not subject the

applicant or employee to any adverse treatment; and that the information will be used only in accordance with the regulations promulgated under 38 U.S.C. 4212.

(f) Subcontracts. The Contractor shall include the terms of this clause in every subcontract or purchase order of $10,000 or more unless exempted by rules, regulations, or orders of the Secretary.

(End of clause)

52.222-41 SERVICE CONTRACT ACT OF 1965, AS AMENDED (MAY 1989)

(a) Definitions. "Act," as used in this clause, means the Service Contract Act of 1965, as amended (41 U.S.C. 351, et seq.).

"Contractor," as used in this clause or in any subcontract, shall be deemed to refer to the subcontractor, except in the term "Government Prime Contractor."

"Service employee," as used in this clause, means any person engaged in the performance of this contract other than any person employed in a bona fide executive, administrative, or professional capacity, as these terms are defined in Part 541 of Title 29, Code of Federal Regulations, as revised. It includes all such persons regardless of any contractual relationship that may be alleged to exist between a Contractor or subcontractor and such persons.

(b) Applicability. This contract is subject to the following provisions and to all other applicable provisions of the Act and regulations of the Secretary of Labor (29 CFR Part 4). This clause does not apply to contracts or subcontracts administratively exempted by the Secretary of Labor or exempted by 41 U.S.C. 356, as interpreted in Subpart C of 29 CFR Part 4.

(c) Compensation. (1) Each service employee employed in the performance of this contract by the Contractor or any subcontractor shall be paid not less than the minimum monetary wages and shall be furnished fringe benefits in accordance with the wages and fringe benefits determined by the Secretary of Labor, or authorized representative, as specified in any wage determination attached to this contract.

(2)(i) If a wage determination is attached to this con- tract, the Contractor shall classify any class of service employee which is not listed therein and which is to be employed under the contract (i.e., the work to be performed is not performed by any classification listed in the wage determination) so as to provide a reasonable relationship (i.e., appropriate level of skill comparison) between such unlisted classifications and the classifications listed in the wage determination. Such conformed class of employees shall be paid the monetary wages and furnished the fringe benefits as are determined pursuant to the procedures in this paragraph (c).

(ii) This conforming procedure shall be initiated by the Contractor prior to the performance of contract work by the unlisted class of employee. The Contractor shall submit Standard Form (SF) 1444, Request For Authorization of Additional Classification and Rate, to the Contracting Officer no later than 30 days after the unlisted class of employee performs any contract work. The Contracting Officer shall review the proposed classification and rate and promptly submit the completed SF 1444 (which must include information regarding the agreement or disagreement of the employees' authorized representatives or the employees themselves together with the agency recommendation), and all pertinent informa-tion to the Wage and Hour Division, Employment Standards Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. The Wage and Hour Division will approve, modify, or disapprove the action or render a final determination in the event of disagreement within 30 days of receipt or will notify the Contracting Officer within 30 days of receipt that additional time is necessary.

(iii) The final determination of the conformance action by the Wage and Hour Division shall be transmitted to the Contracting Officer who shall promptly notify the Contractor of the action taken. Each affected employee shall be furnished by the Contractor with a written copy of such determination or it shall be posted as a part of the wage

determination.

(iv)(A) The process of establishing wage and fringe benefit rates that bear a reasonable relationship to those listed in a wage determination cannot be reduced to any single formula. The approach used may vary from wage determination to wage determination depending on the circumstances. Standard wage and salary administration practices which rank various job classifications by pay grade pursuant to point schemes or other job factors may, for example, be relied upon. Guidance may also be obtained from the way different jobs are rated under Federal pay systems (Federal Wage Board Pay System and the General Schedule) or from other wage determina- tions issued in the same locality. Basic to the establishment of any conformable wage rate(s) is the concept that a pay relationship should be maintained between job classifications based on the skill required and the duties performed.

(B) In the case of a contract modification, an exercise of an option, or extension of an existing contract, or in any other case where a Contractor succeeds a contract under which the classification in question was previously conformed pursuant to paragraph (c) of this clause, a new conformed wage rate and fringe benefits may be assigned to the conformed classification by indexing (i.e., adjusting) the previous conformed rate and fringe benefits by an amount equal to the average (mean) percentage increase (or decrease, where appropriate) between the wages and fringe benefits specified for all classifications to be used on the contract which are listed in the current wage determination, and those specified for the corresponding classifications in the previously applicable wage determination. Where conforming actions are accomplished in accordance with this paragraph prior to the performance of contract work by the unlisted class of employees, the Contractor shall advise the Contracting Officer of the action taken but the other procedures in subdivision (c)(2)(ii) of this clause need not be followed.

(C) No employee engaged in performing work on this contract shall in any event be paid less than the currently applicable minimum wage specified under section 6(a)(1) of the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938, as amended.

(v) The wage rate and fringe benefits finally determined under this subparagraph (c)(2) of this clause shall be paid to all employees performing in the classification from the first day on which contract work is performed by them in the classification. Failure to pay the unlisted employees the compensation agreed upon by the interested parties and/or finally determined by the Wage and Hour Division retroactive to the date such class of employees commenced contract work shall be a violation of the Act and this contract.

(vi) Upon discovery of failure to comply with subparagraph (c)(2) of this clause, the Wage and Hour Division shall make a final determination of conformed classification, wage rate, and/or fringe benefits which shall be retroactive to the date such class or classes of employees commenced contract work.

(3) Adjustment of Compensation. If the term of this contract is more than 1 year, the minimum monetary wages and fringe benefits required to be paid or fur- nished thereunder to service employees under this contract shall be subject to adjustment after 1 year and not less often than once every 2 years, under wage determinations issued by the Wage and Hour Division.

(d) Obligation to Furnish Fringe Benefits. The Contractor or subcontractor may discharge the obligation to furnish fringe benefits specified in the attachment or determined under subparagraph (c)(2) of this clause by furnishing equivalent combinations of bona fide fringe benefits, or by making equivalent or differential cash payments, only in accordance with Subpart D of 29 CFR Part 4.

(e) Minimum Wage. In the absence of a minimum wage attachment for this contract, neither the Contractor nor any subcontractor under this contract shall pay any person performing work under this contract (regardless of whether the person is a service employee) less than the minimum wage specified by section 6(a)(1) of the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938. Nothing in this clause shall relieve the Contractor or any subcontractor of any other obligation under law or contract for payment of a higher wage to any employee.

(f) Successor Contracts. If this contract succeeds a contract subject to the Act under which substantially the same services were furnished in the same locality and service employees were paid wages and fringe benefits provided for in a collective bargaining agreement, in the absence of the minimum wage attachment for this contract setting

forth such collectively bargained wage rates and fringe benefits, neither the Contractor nor any subcontractor under this contract shall pay any service employee performing any of the contract work (regardless of whether or not such employee was employed under the predecessor contract), less than the wages and fringe benefits provided for in such collective bargaining agreement, to which such employee would have been entitled if employed under the predecessor contract, including accrued wages and fringe benefits and any prospective increases in wages and fringe benefits provided for under such agreement. No Contractor or subcontractor under this contract may be relieved of the foregoing obligation unless the limitations of 29 CFR 4.1b(b) apply or unless the Secretary of Labor or the Secretary's authorized representative finds, after a hearing as provided in 29 CFR 4.10 that the wages and/or fringe benefits provided for in such agreement are substantially at variance with those which prevail for services of a character similar in the locality, or determines, as provided in 29 CFR 4.11, that the collective bargaining agreement applicable to service employees employed under the predecessor contract was not entered into as a result of arm's length negotiations. Where it is found in accordance with the review procedures provided in 29 CFR 4.10 and/or 4.11 and Parts 6 and 8 that some or all of the wages and/or fringe benefits contained in a predecessor Contractor's collective bargaining agreement are substantially at variance with those which prevail for services of a character similar in the locality, and/or that the collective bargaining agreement applicable to service employees employed under the predecessor contract was not entered into as a result of arm's length negotiations, the Department will issue a new or revised wage determination setting forth the applicable wage rates and fringe benefits. Such determination shall be made part of the contract or subcontract, in accordance with the decision of the Administrator, the Administrative Law Judge, or the Board of Service Contract Appeals, as the case may be, irrespective of whether such issuance occurs prior to or after the award of a contract or subcontract (53 Comp. Gen. 401 (1973)). In the case of a wage determination issued solely as a result of a finding of substantial variance, such determination shall be effective as of the date of the final administrative decision.

(g) Notification to Employees. The Contractor and any subcontractor under this contract shall notify each service employee commencing work on this contract of the minimum monetary wage and any fringe benefits required to be paid pursuant to this contract, or shall post the wage determination attached to this contract. The poster provided by the Department of Labor (Publication WH 1313) shall be posted in a prominent and accessible place at the worksite. Failure to comply with this requirement is a violation of section 2(a)(4) of the Act and of this contract.

(h) Safe and Sanitary Working Conditions. The Contractor or subcontractor shall not permit any part of the services called for by this contract to be performed in buildings or surroundings or under working conditions provided by or under the control or supervision of the Contractor or subcontractor which are unsanitary, hazardous, or dangerous to the health or safety of the service employees. The Contractor or subcontractor shall comply with the safety and health standards applied under 29 CFR Part 1925.

(i) Records. (1) The Contractor and each subcontractor performing work subject to the Act shall make and maintain for 3 years from the completion of the work, and make them available for inspection and transcription by authorized representatives of the Wage and Hour Division, Employment Standards Administration, a record of the following:

(i) For each employee subject to the Act--

(A) Name and address and social security number;

(B) Correct work classification or classifications, rate or rates of monetary wages paid and fringe benefits provided, rate or rates of payments in lieu of fringe benefits, and total daily and weekly compensation;

(C) Daily and weekly hours worked by each employee; and

(D) Any deductions, rebates, or refunds from the total daily or weekly compensation of each employee.

(ii) For those classes of service employees not included in any wage determination attached to this contract, wage rates or fringe benefits determined by the interested parties or by the Administrator or authorized representative under the terms of paragraph (c) of this clause. A copy of the report required by subdivision (c)(2)(ii) of this clause will fulfill this requirement.

(iii) Any list of the predecessor Contractor's employees which had been furnished to the Contractor as prescribed by paragraph (n) of this clause.

(2) The Contractor shall also make available a copy of this contract for inspection or transcription by authorized representatives of the Wage and Hour Division.

(3) Failure to make and maintain or to make available these records for inspection and transcription shall be a violation of the regulations and this contract, and in the case of failure to produce these records, the Contracting Officer, upon direction of the Department of Labor and notification to the Contractor, shall take action to cause suspension of any further payment or advance of funds until the violation ceases.

(4) The Contractor shall permit authorized representatives of the Wage and Hour Division to conduct interviews with employees at the worksite during normal working hours.

(j) Pay Periods. The Contractor shall unconditionally pay to each employee subject to the Act all wages due free and clear and without subsequent deduction (except as otherwise provided by law or regulations, 29 CFR Part 4), rebate, or kickback on any account. These payments shall be made no later than one pay period following the end of the regular pay period in which the wages were earned or accrued. A pay period under this Act may not be of any duration longer than semi-monthly.

(k) Withholding of Payments and Termination of Contract. The Contracting Officer shall withhold or cause to be withheld from the Government Prime Contractor under this or any other Government contract with the Prime Contractor such sums as an appropriate official of the Department of Labor requests or such sums as the Contracting Officer decides may be necessary to pay underpaid employees employed by the Contractor or subcontractor. In the event of failure to pay any employees subject to the Act all or part of the wages or fringe benefits due under the Act, the Contracting Officer may, after authorization or by direction of the Department of Labor and written notification to the Contractor, take action to cause suspension of any further payment or advance of funds until such violations have ceased. Additionally, any failure to comply with the requirements of this clause may be grounds for termination of the right to proceed with the contract work. In such event, the Government may enter into other contracts or arrangements for completion of the work, charging the Contractor in default with any additional cost.

(l) Subcontracts. The Contractor agrees to insert this clause in all subcontracts subject to the Act.

(m) Collective Bargaining Agreements Applicable to Service Employees. If wages to be paid or fringe benefits to be furnished any service employees employed by the Government Prime Contractor or any subcontractor under the contract are provided for in a collective bargaining agreement which is or will be effective during any period in which the contract is being performed, the Government Prime Contractor shall report such fact to the Contracting Officer, together with full information as to the application and accrual of such wages and fringe benefits, including any prospective increases, to service employees engaged in work on the contract, and a copy of the collective bargaining agreement. Such report shall be made upon commencing performance of the contract, in the case of collective bargaining agreements effective at such time, and in the case of such agreements or provisions or amendments thereof effective at a later time during the period of contract performance such agreements shall be reported promptly after negotiation thereof.

(n) Seniority List. Not less than 10 days prior to completion of any contract being performed at a Federal facility where service employees may be retained in the performance of the succeeding contract and subject to a wage determination which contains vacation or other benefit provisions based upon length of service with a Contractor (predecessor) or successor (29 CFR 4.173), the incumbent Prime Contractor shall furnish the Contracting Officer a certified list of the names of all service employees on the Contractor's or subcontractor's payroll during the last month of contract performance. Such list shall also contain anniversary dates of employment on the contract either with the current or predecessor Contractors of each such service employee. The Contracting Officer shall turn over such list to the successor Contractor at the commencement of the succeeding contract.

(o) Rulings and Interpretations. Rulings and interpretations of the Act are contained in Regulations, 29 CFR Part 4.

(p) Contractor's Certification. (1) By entering into this contract, the Contractor (and officials thereof) certifies that neither it (nor he or she) nor any person or firm who has a substantial interest in the Contractor's firm is a person or firm ineligible to be awarded Government contracts by virtue of the sanctions imposed under section 5 of the Act.

(2) No part of this contract shall be subcontracted to any person or firm ineligible for award of a Government contract under section 5 of the Act.

(3) The penalty for making false statements is prescribed in the U.S. Criminal Code, 18 U.S.C. 1001.

(q) Variations, Tolerances, and Exemptions Involving Employment. Notwithstanding any of the provisions in paragraphs (b) through (o) of this clause, the following employees may be employed in accordance with the following variations, tolerances, and exemptions, which the Secretary of Labor, pursuant to section 4(b) of the Act prior to its amendment by Pub. L. 92-473, found to be necessary and proper in the public interest or to avoid serious impairment of the conduct of Government business:

(1) Apprentices, student-learners, and workers whose earning capacity is impaired by age, physical or mental deficiency, or injury may be employed at wages lower than the minimum wages otherwise required by section 2(a)(1) or 2(b)(1) of the Act without diminishing any fringe benefits or cash payments in lieu thereof required under section 2(a)(2) of the Act, in accordance with the conditions and procedures prescribed for the employment of apprentices, student-learners, handicapped persons, and handicapped clients of sheltered workshops under section 14 of the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938, in the regulations issued by the Administrator (29 CFR Parts 520, 521, 524, and 525).

(2) The Administrator will issue certificates under the Act for the employment of apprentices, student-learners, handicapped persons, or handicapped clients of sheltered workshops not subject to the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938, or subject to different minimum rates of pay under the two acts, authorizing appropriate rates of minimum wages (but without changing requirements concerning fringe benefits or supplementary cash payments in lieu thereof), applying procedures prescribed by the applicable regulations issued under the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938 (29 CFR Parts 520, 521, 524, and 525).

(3) The Administrator will also withdraw, annul, or cancel such certificates in accordance with the regulations in 29 CFR Parts 525 and 528.

(r) Apprentices. Apprentices will be permitted to work at less than the predetermined rate for the work they perform when they are employed and individually registered in a bona fide apprenticeship program registered with a State Apprenticeship Agency which is recognized by the U.S. Department of Labor, or if no such recognized agency exists in a State, under a program registered with the Bureau of Apprenticeship and Training, Employment and Training Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Any employee who is not registered as an apprentice in an approved program shall be paid the wage rate and fringe benefits contained in the applicable wage determination for the journeyman classification of work actually performed. The wage rates paid apprentices shall not be less than the wage rate for their level of progress set forth in the registered program, expressed as the appropriate percentage of the journeyman's rate contained in the applicable wage determination. The allowable ratio of apprentices to journeymen employed on the contract work in any craft classification shall not be greater than the ratio permitted to the Contractor as to his entire work force under the registered program.

(s) Tips. An employee engaged in an occupation in which the employee customarily and regularly receives more than $30 a month in tips may have the amount of these tips credited by the employer against the minimum wage required by section 2(a)(1) or section 2(b)(1) of the Act, in accordance with section 3(m) of the Fair Labor Standards Act and Regulations, 29 CFR Part 531. However, the amount of credit shall not exceed $1.34 per hour beginning January 1, 1981. To use this provision--

(1) The employer must inform tipped employees about this tip credit allowance before the credit is utilized;

(2) The employees must be allowed to retain all tips (individually or through a pooling arrangement and regardless of whether the employer elects to take a credit for tips received);

(3) The employer must be able to show by records that the employee receives at least the applicable Service Contract Act minimum wage through the combination of direct wages and tip credit; and

(4) The use of such tip credit must have been permitted under any predecessor collective bargaining agreement applicable by virtue of section 4(c) of the Act.

Disputes Concerning Labor Standards. The U.S. Department of Labor has set forth in 29 CFR Parts 4, 6, and 8 procedures for resolving disputes concerning labor standards requirements. Such disputes shall be resolved in accordance with those procedures and not the Disputes clause of this contract. Disputes within the meaning of this clause include disputes between the Contractor (or any of its subcontractors) and the contracting agency, the U.S. Department of Labor, or the employees or their representatives.

(End of clause)

52.222-42 STATEMENT OF EQUIVALENT RATES FOR FEDERAL HIRES (MAY 1989)

In compliance with the Service Contract Act of 1965, as amended, and the regulations of the Secretary of Labor (29 CFR Part 4), this clause identifies the classes of service employees expected to be employed under the contract and states the wages and fringe benefits payable to each if they were employed by the contracting agency subject to the provisions of 5 U.S.C. 5341 or 5332.

THIS STATEMENT IS FOR INFORMATION ONLY: IT IS NOT A WAGE DETERMINATION

Employee Class	Monetary Wage-Fringe Benefits
General Clerk IV	$ 9.58
Secretary V	$15.97
Civil Engineer Technician	$14.83
Engineering Technician I	$11.86
Cable Splicer	$19.55
Electronics Technician, Maintenance II	$18.52
Sheetmetal Worker, Maintenance	$17.30

(End of clause)

52.222-44 FAIR LABOR STANDARDS ACT AND SERVICE CONTRACT ACT--PRICE ADJUSTMENT (FEB 2002)

(a) This clause applies to both contracts subject to area prevailing wage determinations and contracts subject to Contractor collective bargaining agreements.

(b) The Contractor warrants that the prices in this contract do not include any allowance for any contingency to cover increased costs for which adjustment is provided under this clause.

(c) The contract price or contract unit price labor rates will be adjusted to reflect increases or decreases by the Contractor in wages and fringe benefits to the extent that these increases or decreases are made to comply with--

(1) An increased or decreased wage determination applied to this contract by operation of law; or

(2) An amendment to the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938 that is enacted subsequent to award of this contract, affects the minimum wage, and becomes applicable to this contract under law.

(d) Any such adjustment will be limited to increases or decreases in wages and fringe benefits as described in paragraph (c) of this clause, and to the accompanying increases or decreases in social security and unemployment taxes and workers' compensation insurance; it shall not otherwise include any amount for general and administrative costs, overhead, or profit.

(e) The Contractor shall notify the Contracting Officer of any increase claimed under this clause within 30 days after the effective date of the wage change, unless this period is extended by the Contracting Officer in writing. The Contractor shall promptly notify the Contracting Officer of any decrease under this clause, but nothing in the clause shall preclude the Government from asserting a claim within the period permitted by law. The notice shall contain a statement of the amount claimed and any relevant supporting data that the Contracting Officer may reasonably require. Upon agreement of the parties, the contract price or contract unit price labor rates shall be modified in writing. The Contractor shall continue performance pending agreement on or determination of any such adjustment and its effective date.

(f) The Contracting Officer or an authorized representative shall, until the expiration of 3 years after final payment under the contract, have access to and the right to examine any directly pertinent books, documents, papers, and records of the Contractor.

(End of clause)

52.223-5 POLLUTION PREVENTION AND RIGHT-TO-KNOW INFORMATION (AUG 2003)

(a) Definitions. As used in this clause--

Priority chemical means a chemical identified by the Interagency Environmental Leadership Workgroup or, alternatively, by an agency pursuant to section 503 of Executive Order 13148 of April 21, 2000, Greening the Government through Leadership in Environmental Management.

“Toxic chemical means a chemical or chemical category listed in 40 CFR 372.65.”

(b) Executive Order 13148 requires Federal facilities to comply with the provisions of the Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act of 1986 (EPCRA) (42 U.S.C. 11001-11050) and the Pollution Prevention Act of 1990 (PPA) (42 U.S.C. 13101-13109).

(c) The Contractor shall provide all information needed by the Federal facility to comply with the following:

(1) The emergency planning reporting requirements of section 302 of EPCRA.

(2) The emergency notice requirements of section 304 of EPCRA.

(3) The list of Material Safety Data Sheets, required by section 311 of EPCRA.

(4) The emergency and hazardous chemical inventory forms of section 312 of EPCRA.

(5) The toxic chemical release inventory of section 313 of EPCRA, which includes the reduction and recycling information required by section 6607 of PPA.

(6) The toxic chemical, priority chemical, and hazardous substance release and use reduction goals of sections 502 and 503 of Executive Order 13148.

(End of clause)

52.223-6 DRUG-FREE WORKPLACE (MAY 2001)

(a) Definitions. As used in this clause --

"Controlled substance" means a controlled substance in schedules I through V of section 202 of the Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S.C. 812) and as further defined in regulation at 21 CFR 1308.11 - 1308.15.

"Conviction" means a finding of guilt (including a plea of nolo contendere) or imposition of sentence, or both, by any judicial body charged with the responsibility to deter- mine violations of the Federal or State criminal drug statutes.

"Criminal drug statute" means a Federal or non-Federal criminal statute involving the manufacture, distribution, dispensing, possession, or use of any controlled substance.

"Drug-free workplace" means the site(s) for the performance of work done by the Contractor in connection with a specific contract at which employees of the Contractor are prohibited from engaging in the unlawful manufacture, distribution, dispensing, possession, or use of a controlled substance.

"Employee" means an employee of a Contractor directly engaged in the performance of work under a Government contract. "Directly engaged" is defined to include all direct cost employees and any other Contractor employee who has other than a minimal impact or involvement in contract performance.

"Individual" means an offeror/contractor that has no more than one employee including the offeror/contractor.

(b) The Contractor, if other than an individual, shall-- within 30 days after award (unless a longer period is agreed to in writing for contracts of 30 days or more performance duration), or as soon as possible for contracts of less than 30 days performance duration--

(1) Publish a statement notifying its employees that the unlawful manufacture, distribution, dispensing, possession, or use of a controlled substance is prohibited in the Contractor's workplace and specifying the actions that will be taken against employees for violations of such prohibition;

(2) Establish an ongoing drug-free awareness program to inform such employees about--

(i) The dangers of drug abuse in the workplace;

(ii) The Contractor's policy of maintaining a drug-free workplace;

(iii) Any available drug counseling, rehabilitation, and employee assistance programs; and

(iv) The penalties that may be imposed upon employees for drug abuse violations occurring in the workplace;

(3) Provide all employees engaged in performance of the contract with a copy of the statement required by subparagraph (b)(1) of this clause;

(4) Notify such employees in writing in the statement required by subparagraph (b)(1) of this clause that, as a condition of continued employment on this contract, the employee will--

(i) Abide by the terms of the statement; and

(ii) Notify the employer in writing of the employee's conviction under a criminal drug statute for a violation occurring in the workplace no later than 5 days after such conviction.

(5) Notify the Contracting Officer in writing within 10 days after receiving notice under subdivision (b)(4)(ii) of this clause, from an employee or otherwise receiving actual notice of such conviction. The notice shall include the position title of the employee;

(6) Within 30 days after receiving notice under subdivision (b)(4)(ii) of this clause of a conviction, take one of the following actions with respect to any employee who is convicted of a drug abuse violation occurring in the workplace:

(i) Taking appropriate personnel action against such employee, up to and including termination; or

(ii) Require such employee to satisfactorily participate in a drug abuse assistance or rehabilitation program approved for such purposes by a Federal, State, or local health, law enforcement, or other appropriate agency; and

(7) Make a good faith effort to maintain a drug-free workplace through implementation of subparagraphs (b)(1) though (b)(6) of this clause.

(c) The Contractor, if an individual, agrees by award of the contract or acceptance of a purchase order, not to engage in the unlawful manufacture, distribution, dispensing, possession, or use of a controlled substance while performing this contract.

(d) In addition to other remedies available to the Government, the Contractor's failure to comply with the requirements of paragraph (b) or (c) of this clause may, pursuant to FAR 23.506, render the Contractor subject to suspension of contract payments, termination of the contract for default, and suspension or debarment.

(End of clause)

52.223-14 TOXIC CHEMICAL RELEASE REPORTING (AUG 2003)

(a) Unless otherwise exempt, the Contractor, as owner or operator of a facility used in the performance of this contract, shall file by July 1 for the prior calendar year an annual Toxic Chemical Release Inventory Form (Form R) as described in sections 313(a) and (g) of the Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act of 1986 (EPCRA) (42 U.S.C. 11023(a) and (g)), and section 6607 of the Pollution Prevention Act of 1990 (PPA) (42 U.S.C. 13106). The Contractor shall file, for each facility subject to the Form R filing and reporting requirements, the annual Form R throughout the life of the contract.

(b) A Contractor-owned or -operated facility used in the performance of this contract is exempt from the requirement to file an annual Form R if--

(1) The facility does not manufacture, process, or otherwise use any toxic chemicals listed in 40 CFR 372.65;

(2) The facility does not have 10 or more full-time employees as specified in section 313(b)(1)(A) of EPCRA, 42 U.S.C. 11023(b)(1)(A);

(3) The facility does not meet the reporting thresholds of toxic chemicals established under of EPCRA, 42 U.S.C. 11023(f) (including the alternate thresholds at 40 CFR 372.27, provided an appropriate certification form has been filed with EPA);

(4) The facility does not fall within the following Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) codes or their corresponding North American Industry Classification System sectors:

(i) Major group code 10 (except 1011, 1081, and 1094.

(ii) Major group code 12 (except 1241).

(iii) Major group codes 20 through 39.

(iv) Industry code 4911, 4931, or 4939 (limited to facilities that combust coal and/or oil for the purpose of generating power for distribution in commerce).

(v) Industry code 4953 (limited to facilities regulated under the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act, Subtitle C (42 U.S.C. 6921, et seq.)), 5169, 5171, or 7389 (limited to facilities primarily engaged in solvent recovery services on a contract or fee basis); or

(5) The facility is not located in the United States or its outlying areas.

(c) If the Contractor has certified to an exemption in accordance with one or more of the criteria in paragraph (b) of this clause, and after award of the contract circumstances change so that any of its owned or operated facilities used in the performance of this contract is no longer exempt--

(1) The Contractor shall notify the Contracting Officer; and

(2) The Contractor, as owner or operator of a facility used in the performance of this contract that is no longer exempt, shall (i) submit a Toxic Chemical Release Inventory Form (Form R) on or before July 1 for the prior calendar year during which the facility becomes eligible; and (ii) continue to file the annual Form R for the life of the contract for such facility.

(d) The Contracting Officer may terminate this contract or take other action as appropriate, if the Contractor fails to comply accurately and fully with the EPCRA and PPA toxic chemical release filing and reporting requirements.

(e) Except for acquisitions of commercial items, as defined in FAR Part 2, the Contractor shall--

(1) For competitive subcontracts expected to exceed $100,000 (including all options), include a solicitation provision substantially the same as the provision at FAR 52.223-13, Certification of Toxic Chemical Release Reporting; and

(2) Include in any resultant subcontract exceeding $100,000 (including all options), the substance of this clause, except this paragraph (e).

(End of clause)

52.225-9 BUY AMERICAN ACT—CONSTRUCTION MATERIALS (JUN 2003)

(a) Definitions. As used in this clause--

Component means an article, material, or supply incorporated directly into a construction material.

Construction material means an article, material, or supply brought to the construction site by the Contractor or a subcontractor for incorporation into the building or work. The term also includes an item brought to the site preassembled from articles, materials, or supplies. However, emergency life safety systems, such as emergency

lighting, fire alarm, and audio evacuation systems, that are discrete systems incorporated into a public building or work and that are produced as complete systems, are evaluated as a single and distinct construction material regardless of when or how the individual parts or components of those systems are delivered to the construction site. Materials purchased directly by the Government are supplies, not construction material.

Cost of components means--

(1) For components purchased by the Contractor, the acquisition cost, including transportation costs to the place of incorporation into the construction material (whether or not such costs are paid to a domestic firm), and any applicable duty (whether or not a duty-free entry certificate is issued); or

(2) For components manufactured by the Contractor, all costs associated with the manufacture of the component, including transportation costs as described in paragraph (1) of this definition, plus allocable overhead costs, but excluding profit. Cost of components does not include any costs associated with the manufacture of the end product.

Domestic construction material means--

(1) An unmanufactured construction material mined or produced in the United States; or

(2) A construction material manufactured in the United States, if the cost of its components mined, produced, or manufactured in the United States exceeds 50 percent of the cost of all its components. Components of foreign origin of the same class or kind for which nonavailability determinations have been made are treated as domestic.

Foreign construction material means a construction material other than a domestic construction material.

United States means the 50 States, the District of Columbia, and outlying areas.

(b) Domestic preference. (1) This clause implements the Buy American Act (41 U.S.C. 10a-10d) by providing a preference for domestic construction material. The Contractor shall use only domestic construction material in performing this contract, except as provided in paragraphs (b)(2) and (b)(3) of this clause.

(2) This requirement does not apply to the construction material or components listed by the Government as follows: NONE

(3) The Contracting Officer may add other foreign construction material to the list in paragraph (b)(2) of this clause if the Government determines that

(i) The cost of domestic construction material would be unreasonable. The cost of a particular domestic construction material subject to the requirements of the Buy American Act is unreasonable when the cost of such material exceeds the cost of foreign material by more than 6 percent;

(ii) The application of the restriction of the Buy American Act to a particular construction material would be impracticable or inconsistent with the public interest; or

(iii) The construction material is not mined, produced, or manufactured in the United States in sufficient and reasonably available commercial quantities of a satisfactory quality.

(c) Request for determination of inapplicability of the Buy American Act. (1)(i) Any Contractor request to use foreign construction material in accordance with paragraph (b)(3) of this clause shall include adequate information for Government evaluation of the request, including--

(A) A description of the foreign and domestic construction materials;

(B) Unit of measure;

(C) Quantity;

(D) Price;

(E) Time of delivery or availability;

(F) Location of the construction project;

(G) Name and address of the proposed supplier; and

(H) A detailed justification of the reason for use of foreign construction materials cited in accordance with paragraph (b)(3) of this clause.

(ii) A request based on unreasonable cost shall include a reasonable survey of the market and a completed price comparison table in the format in paragraph (d) of this clause.

(iii) The price of construction material shall include all delivery costs to the construction site and any applicable duty (whether or not a duty-free certificate may be issued).

(iv) Any Contractor request for a determination submitted after contract award shall explain why the Contractor could not reasonably foresee the need for such determination and could not have requested the determination before contract award. If the Contractor does not submit a satisfactory explanation, the Contracting Officer need not make a determination.

(2) If the Government determines after contract award that an exception to the Buy American Act applies and the Contracting Officer and the Contractor negotiate adequate consideration, the Contracting Officer will modify the contract to allow use of the foreign construction material. However, when the basis for the exception is the unreasonable price of a domestic construction material, adequate consideration is not less than the differential established in paragraph (b)(3)(i) of this clause.

(3) Unless the Government determines that an exception to the Buy American Act applies, use of foreign construction material is noncompliant with the Buy American Act.

(d) Data. To permit evaluation of requests under paragraph (c) of this clause based on unreasonable cost, the Contractor shall include the following information and any applicable supporting data based on the survey of suppliers:

Foreign and Domestic Construction Materials Price Comparison

Construction material description	Unit of measure	Quantity	Price (dollars) \1\
Item 1			
Foreign construction material....	.....	.....	.....
Domestic construction material...	.....	.....	.....
Item 2			
Foreign construction material....	.....	.....	.....
Domestic construction material...	.....	.....	.....

Include all delivery costs to the construction site and any applicable duty (whether or not a duty-free entry certificate is issued).
List name, address, telephone number, and contact for suppliers surveyed. Attach copy of response; if oral, attach summary.
Include other applicable supporting information.

(End of clause)

52.225-13 RESTRICTIONS ON CERTAIN FOREIGN PURCHASES (DEC 2003)

(a) Except as authorized by the Office of Foreign Assets Control (OFAC) in the Department of the Treasury, the Contractor shall not acquire, for use in the performance of this contract, any supplies or services if any proclamation, Executive order, or statute administered by OFAC, or if OFAC's implementing regulations at 31 CFR chapter V, would prohibit such a transaction by a person subject to the jurisdiction of the United States.

(b) Except as authorized by OFAC, most transactions involving Cuba, Iran, Libya, and Sudan are prohibited, as are most imports from North Korea, into the United States or its outlying areas. Lists of entities and individuals subject to economic sanctions are included in OFAC's List of Specially Designated Nationals and Blocked Persons at TerList1.html. More information about these restrictions, as well as updates, is available in the OFAC's regulations at 31 CFR chapter V and/or on OFAC's Web site at http://www.treas.gov/ofac.

(c) The Contractor shall insert this clause, including this paragraph (c), in all subcontracts.

(End of clause)

52.227-1 AUTHORIZATION AND CONSENT (JUL 1995)

(a) The Government authorizes and consents to all use and manufacture, in performing this contract or any subcontract at any tier, of any invention described in and covered by a United States patent (1) embodied in the structure or composition of any article the delivery of which is accepted by the Government under this contract or (2) used in machinery, tools, or methods whose use necessarily results from compliance by the Contractor or a subcontractor with (i) specifications or written provisions forming a part of this contract or (ii) specific written instructions given by the Contracting Officer directing the manner of performance. The entire liability to the Government for infringement of a patent of the United States shall be determined solely by the provisions of the indemnity clause, if any, included in this contract or any subcontract hereunder (including any lower-tier subcontract), and the Government assumes liability for all other infringement to the extent of the authorization and consent hereinabove granted.

(b) The Contractor agrees to include, and require inclusion of, this clause, suitably modified to identify the parties, in all subcontracts at any tier for supplies or services (including construction, architect-engineer services, and materials, supplies, models, samples, and design or testing services expected to exceed the simplified acquisition threshold (however, omission of this clause from any subcontract, including those at or below the simplified acquisition threshold, does not affect this authorization and consent.)

(End of clause)

52.227-2 NOTICE AND ASSISTANCE REGARDING PATENT AND COPYRIGHT INFRINGEMENT (AUG 1996)

(a) The Contractor shall report to the Contracting Officer, promptly and in reasonable written detail, each notice or claim of patent or copyright infringement based on the performance of this contract of which the Contractor has

knowledge.

(b) In the event of any claim or suit against the Government on account of any alleged patent or copyright infringement arising out of the performance of this contract or out of the use of any supplies furnished or work or services performed under this contract, the Contractor shall furnish to the Government, when requested by the Contracting Officer, all evidence and information in possession of the Contractor pertaining to such suit or claim. Such evidence and information shall be furnished at the expense of the Government except where the Contractor has agreed to indemnify the Government.

(c) The Contractor agrees to include, and require inclusion of, this clause in all subcontracts at any tier for supplies or services (including construction and architect-engineer subcontracts and those for material, supplies, models, samples, or design or testing services) expected to exceed the simplified acquisition threshold at (FAR) 2.101.to exceed the dollar amount set forth in 13.000 of the Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR).

(End of clause)

52.227-4 PATENT INDEMNITY--CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS (APR 1984)

Except as otherwise provided, the Contractor agrees to indemnify the Government and its officers, agents, and employees against liability, including costs and expenses, for infringement upon any United States patent (except a patent issued upon an application that is now or may hereafter be withheld from issue pursuant to a Secrecy Order under 35 U.S.C. 181) arising out of performing this contract or out of the use or disposal by or for the account of the Government of supplies furnished or work performed under this contract.

(End of clause)

52.228-1 BID GUARANTEE (SEP 1996)

(a) Failure to furnish a bid guarantee in the proper form and amount, by the time set for opening of bids, may be cause for rejection of the bid.

(b) The bidder shall furnish a bid guarantee in the form of a firm commitment, e.g., bid bond supported by good and sufficient surety or sureties acceptable to the Government, postal money order, certified check, cashier's check, irrevocable letter of credit, or, under Treasury Department regulations, certain bonds or notes of the United States. The Contracting Officer will return bid guarantees, other than bid bonds, (1) to unsuccessful bidders as soon as practicable after the opening of bids, and (2) to the successful bidder upon execution of contractual documents and bonds (including any necessary coinsurance or reinsurance agreements), as required by the bid as accepted.-

(c) The amount of the bid guarantee shall be twenty (20) percent of the bid price or $3 million, whichever is less.-

(d) If the successful bidder, upon acceptance of its bid by the Government within the period specified for acceptance, fails to execute all contractual documents or furnish executed bond(s) within 10 days after receipt of the forms by the bidder, the Contracting Officer may terminate the contract for default.-

(e) In the event the contract is terminated for default, the bidder is liable for any cost of acquiring the work that exceeds the amount of its bid, and the bid guarantee is available to offset the difference.

(End of clause)

52.228-2 ADDITIONAL BOND SECURITY (OCT 1997)

The Contractor shall promptly furnish additional security required to protect the Government and persons supplying labor or materials under this contract if--

(a) Any surety upon any bond, or issuing financial institution for other security, furnished with this contract becomes unacceptable to the Government.

(b) Any surety fails to furnish reports on its financial condition as required by the Government;

(c) The contract price is increased so that the penal sum of any bond becomes inadequate in the opinion of the Contracting Officer; or

(d) An irrevocable letter of credit (ILC) used as security will expire before the end of the period of required security. If the Contractor does not furnish an acceptable extension or replacement ILC, or other acceptable substitute, at least 30 days before an ILC's scheduled expiration, the Contracting officer has the right to immediately draw on the ILC.

(End of clause)

52.228-5 INSURANCE--WORK ON A GOVERNMENT INSTALLATION (JAN 1997)

(a) The Contractor shall, at its own expense, provide and maintain during the entire performance of this contract, at least the kinds and minimum amounts of insurance required in the Schedule or elsewhere in the contract.

(b) Before commencing work under this contract, the Contractor shall notify the Contracting Officer in writing that the required insurance has been obtained. The policies evidencing required insurance shall contain an endorsement to the effect that any cancellation or any material change adversely affecting the Government's interest shall not be effective (1) for such period as the laws of the State in which this contract is to be performed prescribe, or (2) until 30 days after the insurer or the Contractor gives written notice to the Contracting Officer, whichever period is longer.

(c) The Contractor shall insert the substance of this clause, including this paragraph (c), in subcontracts under this contract that require work on a Government installation and shall require subcontractors to provide and maintain the insurance required in the Schedule or elsewhere in the contract. The Contractor shall maintain a copy of all subcontractors' proofs of required insurance, and shall make copies available to the Contracting Officer upon request.

(End of clause)

52.228-11 PLEDGES OF ASSETS (FEB 1992)

(a) Offerors shall obtain from each person acting as an individual surety on a bid guarantee, a performance bond, or a payment bond--

(1) Pledge of assets; and

(2) Standard Form 28, Affidavit of Individual Surety.

(b) Pledges of assets from each person acting as an individual surety shall be in the form of--

(1) Evidence of an escrow account containing cash, certificates of deposit, commercial or Government securities, or other assets described in FAR 28.203-2 (except see 28.203-2(b)(2) with respect to Government securities held in book entry form) and/or;

(2) A recorded lien on real estate. The offeror will be required to provide--

(i) Evidence of title in the form of a certificate of title prepared by a title insurance company approved by the United States Department of Justice. This title evidence must show fee simple title vested in the surety along with any concurrent owners; whether any real estate taxes are due and payable; and any recorded encumbrances against the property, including the lien filed in favor of the Government as required by FAR 28.203-3(d);

(ii) Evidence of the amount due under any encumbrance shown in the evidence of title;

(iii) A copy of the current real estate tax assessment of the property or a current appraisal dated no earlier than 6 months prior to the date of the bond, prepared by a professional appraiser who certifies that the appraisal has been conducted in accordance with the generally accepted appraisal standards as reflected in the Uniform Standards of Professional Appraisal Practice, as promulgated by the Appraisal Foundation.

(End of clause)

52.228-12 PROSPECTIVE SUBCONTRACTOR REQUESTS FOR BONDS. (OCT 1995)

In accordance with Section 806(a)(3) of Pub. L. 102-190, as amended by Sections 2091 and 8105 of Pub. L. 103-355, upon the request of a prospective subcontractor or supplier offering to furnish labor or material for the performance of this contract for which a payment bond has been furnished to the Government pursuant to the Miller Act, the Contractor shall promptly provide a copy of such payment bond to the requester.

(End of clause)

52.228-14 IRREVOCABLE LETTER OF CREDIT (DEC 1999)

(a) “Irrevocable letter of credit” (ILC), as used in this clause, means a written commitment by a federally insured financial institution to pay all or part of a stated amount of money, until the expiration date of the letter, upon presentation by the Government (the beneficiary) of a written demand therefor. Neither the financial institution nor the offeror/Contractor can revoke or condition the letter of credit.

(b) If the offeror intends to use an ILC in lieu of a bid bond, or to secure other types of bonds such as performance and payment bonds, the letter of credit and letter of confirmation formats in paragraphs (e) and (f) of this clause shall be used.

(c) The letter of credit shall be irrevocable, shall require presentation of no document other than a written demand and the ILC (including confirming letter, if any), shall be issued/confirmed by an acceptable federally insured financial institution as provided in paragraph (d) of this clause, and--

(1) If used as a bid guarantee, the ILC shall expire no earlier than 60 days after the close of the bid acceptance period;

(2) If used as an alternative to corporate or individual sureties as security for a performance or payment bond, the offeror/Contractor may submit an ILC with an initial expiration date estimated to cover the entire period for which financial security is required or may submit an ILC with an initial expiration date that is a minimum period of one

year from the date of issuance. The ILC shall provide that, unless the issuer provides the beneficiary written notice of non-renewal at least 60 days in advance of the current expiration date, the ILC is automatically extended without amendment for one year from the expiration date, or any future expiration date, until the period of required coverage is completed and the Contracting Officer provides the financial institution with a written statement waiving the right to payment. The period of required coverage shall be:

(i) For contracts subject to the Miller Act, the later of--

(A) One year following the expected date of final payment;

(B) For performance bonds only, until completion of any warranty period; or

(C) For payment bonds only, until resolution of all claims filed against the payment bond during the one-year period following final payment.

(ii) For contracts not subject to the Miller Act, the later of--

(A) 90 days following final payment; or

(B) For performance bonds only, until completion of any warranty period.

(d) Only federally insured financial institutions rated investment grade or higher shall issue or confirm the ILC. The offeror/Contractor shall provide the Contracting Officer a credit rating that indicates the financial institution has the required rating(s) as of the date of issuance of the ILC. Unless the financial institution issuing the ILC had letter of credit business of less than $25 million in the past year, ILCs over $5 million must be confirmed by another acceptable financial institution that had letter of credit business of less than $25 million in the past year.

(e) The following format shall be used by the issuing financial institution to create an ILC:

_____

[Issuing Financial Institution's Letterhead or Name and Address]

Issue Date _____

IRREVOCABLE LETTER OF CREDIT NO. _____

Account party's name _____

Account party's address _____

For Solicitation No. _____(for reference only)

TO: [U.S. Government agency]

[U.S. Government agency's address]

1. We hereby establish this irrevocable and transferable Letter of Credit in your favor for one or more drawings up to United States $_____. This Letter of Credit is payable at [issuing financial institution's and, if any, confirming financial institution's] office at [issuing financial institution's address and, if any, confirming financial institution's address] and expires with our close of business on _____, or any automatically extended expiration date.

2. We hereby undertake to honor your or the transferee's sight draft(s) drawn on the issuing or, if any, the confirming financial institution, for all or any part of this credit if presented with this Letter of Credit and

confirmation, if any, at the office specified in paragraph 1 of this Letter of Credit on or before the expiration date or any automatically extended expiration date.

3. [This paragraph is omitted if used as a bid guarantee, and subsequent paragraphs are renumbered.] It is a condition of this Letter of Credit that it is deemed to be automatically extended without amendment for one year from the expiration date hereof, or any future expiration date, unless at least 60 days prior to any expiration date, we notify you or the transferee by registered mail, or other receipted means of delivery, that we elect not to consider this Letter of Credit renewed for any such additional period. At the time we notify you, we also agree to notify the account party (and confirming financial institution, if any) by the same means of delivery.

4. This Letter of Credit is transferable. Transfers and assignments of proceeds are to be effected without charge to either the beneficiary or the transferee/assignee of proceeds. Such transfer or assignment shall be only at the written direction of the Government (the beneficiary) in a form satisfactory to the issuing financial institution and the confirming financial institution, if any.

5. This Letter of Credit is subject to the Uniform Customs and Practice (UCP) for Documentary Credits, 1993 Revision, International Chamber of Commerce Publication No. 500, and to the extent not inconsistent therewith, to the laws of _____ [state of confirming financial institution, if any, otherwise state of issuing financial institution].

6. If this credit expires during an interruption of business of this financial institution as described in Article 17 of the UCP, the financial institution specifically agrees to effect payment if this credit is drawn against within 30 days after the resumption of our business.

Sincerely,

_____

[Issuing financial institution]

(f) The following format shall be used by the financial institution to confirm an ILC:

_____
[Confirming Financial Institution's Letterhead or Name and Address]

(Date) _____

Our Letter of Credit Advice Number _____

Beneficiary: _____ [U.S. Government agency]

Issuing Financial Institution: _____

Issuing Financial Institution's LC No.: _____

Gentlemen:

1. We hereby confirm the above indicated Letter of Credit, the original of which is attached, issued by _____ [name of issuing financial institution] for drawings of up to United States dollars _____/U.S. $_____ and expiring with our close of business on _____ [the expiration date], or any automatically extended expiration date.

2. Draft(s) drawn under the Letter of Credit and this Confirmation are payable at our office located at _____.

3. We hereby undertake to honor sight draft(s) drawn under and presented with the Letter of Credit and this Confirmation at our offices as specified herein.

4. [This paragraph is omitted if used as a bid guarantee, and subsequent paragraphs are renumbered.] It is a condition of this confirmation that it be deemed automatically extended without amendment for one year from the expiration date hereof, or any automatically extended expiration date, unless:

(a) At least 60 days prior to any such expiration date, we shall notify the Contracting Officer, or the transferee and the issuing financial institution, by registered mail or other receipted means of delivery, that we elect not to consider this confirmation extended for any such additional period; or

(b) The issuing financial institution shall have exercised its right to notify you or the transferee, the account party, and ourselves, of its election not to extend the expiration date of the Letter of Credit.

5. This confirmation is subject to the Uniform Customs and Practice (UCP) for Documentary Credits, 1993 Revision, International Chamber of Commerce Publication No. 500, and to the extent not inconsistent therewith, to the laws of _____ [state of confirming financial institution].

6. If this confirmation expires during an interruption of business of this financial institution as described in Article 17 of the UCP, we specifically agree to effect payment if this credit is drawn against within 30 days after the resumption of our business.

Sincerely,

_____

[Confirming financial institution]

(g) The following format shall be used by the Contracting Officer for a sight draft to draw on the Letter of Credit:

SIGHT DRAFT

_____

[City, State]

(Date) _____

[Name and address of financial institution]

Pay to the order of _____ [Beneficiary Agency] _____ the sum of United States $_____.
This draft is drawn under Irrevocable Letter of Credit No. _____.

_____

[Beneficiary Agency]

By: _____

(End of clause)

52.228-15 PERFORMANCE AND PAYMENT BONDS--CONSTRUCTION (JUL 2000)-

(a) Definitions. As used in this clause--

Original contract price means the award price of the contract; or, for requirements contracts, the price payable for the estimated total quantity; or, for indefinite-quantity contracts, the price payable for the specified minimum quantity. Original contract price does not include the price of any options, except those options exercised at the time of contract award.

(b) Amount of required bonds. Unless the resulting contract price is $100,000 or less, the successful offeror shall furnish performance and payment bonds to the Contracting Officer as follows:

(1) Performance bonds (Standard Form 25). The penal amount of performance bonds at the time of contract award shall be 100 percent of the original contract price.

(2) Payment Bonds (Standard Form 25-A). The penal amount of payment bonds at the time of contract award shall be 100 percent of the original contract price.

(3) Additional bond protection. (i) The Government may require additional performance and payment bond protection if the contract price is increased. The increase in protection generally will equal 100 percent of the increase in contract price.

(ii) The Government may secure the additional protection by directing the Contractor to increase the penal amount of the existing bond or to obtain an additional bond.

(c) Furnishing executed bonds. The Contractor shall furnish all executed bonds, including any necessary reinsurance agreements, to the Contracting Officer, within the time period specified in the Bid Guarantee provision of the solicitation, or otherwise specified by the Contracting Officer, but in any event, before starting work.

(d) Surety or other security for bonds. The bonds shall be in the form of firm commitment, supported by corporate sureties whose names appear on the list contained in Treasury Department Circular 570, individual sureties, or by other acceptable security such as postal money order, certified check, cashier's check, irrevocable letter of credit, or, in accordance with Treasury Department regulations, certain bonds or notes of the United States. Treasury Circular 570 is published in the Federal Register or may be obtained from the U.S. Department of Treasury, Financial Management Service, Surety Bond Branch, 401 14th Street, NW, 2nd Floor, West Wing, Washington, DC 20227.

(e) Notice of subcontractor waiver of protection (40 U.S.C. 270b(c). Any waiver of the right to sue on the payment bond is void unless it is in writing, signed by the person whose right is waived, and executed after such person has first furnished labor or material for use in the performance of the contract.

(End of clause)

52.229-3 FEDERAL, STATE, AND LOCAL TAXES (APR 2003)

(a) As used in this clause--

"Contract date" means the date set for bid opening or, if this is a negotiated contract or a modification, the effective date of this contract or modification.

"All applicable Federal, State, and local taxes and duties" means all taxes and duties, in effect on the contract date, that the taxing authority is imposing and collecting on the transactions or property covered by this contract.

"After-imposed Federal tax" means any new or increased Federal excise tax or duty, or tax that was exempted or

excluded on the contract date but whose exemption was later revoked or reduced during the contract period, on the transactions or property covered by this contract that the Contractor is required to pay or bear as the result of legislative, judicial, or administrative action taking effect after the contract date. It does not include social security tax or other employment taxes.

"After-relieved Federal tax" means any amount of Federal excise tax or duty, except social security or other employment taxes, that would otherwise have been payable on the transactions or property covered by this contract, but which the Contractor is not required to pay or bear, or for which the Contractor obtains a refund or drawback, as the result of legislative, judicial, or administrative action taking effect after the contract date.

Local taxes includes taxes imposed by a possession or territory of the United States, Puerto Rico, or the Northern Mariana Islands, if the contract is performed wholly or partly in any of those areas.

(b) The contract price includes all applicable Federal, State, and local taxes and duties.

(c) The contract price shall be increased by the amount of any after-imposed Federal tax, provided the Contractor warrants in writing that no amount for such newly imposed Federal excise tax or duty or rate increase was included in the contract price, as a contingency reserve or otherwise.

(d) The contract price shall be decreased by the amount of any after-relieved Federal tax.

(e) The contract price shall be decreased by the amount of any Federal excise tax or duty, except social security or other employment taxes, that the Contractor is required to pay or bear, or does not obtain a refund of, through the Contractor's fault, negligence, or failure to follow instructions of the Contracting Officer.

(f) No adjustment shall be made in the contract price under this clause unless the amount of the adjustment exceeds $250.

(g) The Contractor shall promptly notify the Contracting Officer of all matters relating to any Federal excise tax or duty that reasonably may be expected to result in either an increase or decrease in the contract price and shall take appropriate action as the Contracting Officer directs.

(h) The Government shall, without liability, furnish evidence appropriate to establish exemption from any Federal, State, or local tax when the Contractor requests such evidence and a reasonable basis exists to sustain the exemption.

(End of clause)

52.232-5 PAYMENTS UNDER FIXED-PRICE CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS (SEP 2002)

(a) Payment of price. The Government shall pay the Contractor the contract price as provided in this contract.

(b) Progress payments. The Government shall make progress payments monthly as the work proceeds, or at more frequent intervals as determined by the Contracting Officer, on estimates of work accomplished which meets the standards of quality established under the contract, as approved by the Contracting Officer.

(1) The Contractor's request for progress payments shall include the following substantiation:

(i) An itemization of the amounts requested, related to the various elements of work required by the contract covered by the payment requested.

(ii) A listing of the amount included for work performed by each subcontractor under the contract.

(iii) A listing of the total amount of each subcontract under the contract.

(iv) A listing of the amounts previously paid to each such subcontractor under the contract.

(v) Additional supporting data in a form and detail required by the Contracting Officer.

(2) In the preparation of estimates, the Contracting Officer may authorize material delivered on the site and preparatory work done to be taken into consideration. Material delivered to the Contractor at locations other than the site also may be taken into consideration if--

(i) Consideration is specifically authorized by this contract; and

(ii) The Contractor furnishes satisfactory evidence that it has acquired title to such material and that the material will be used to perform this contract.

(c) Contractor certification. Along with each request for progress payments, the Contractor shall furnish the following certification, or payment shall not be made: (However, if the Contractor elects to delete paragraph (c)(4) from the certification, the certification is still acceptable.)

I hereby certify, to the best of my knowledge and belief, that--

(1) The amounts requested are only for performance in accordance with the specifications, terms, and conditions of the contract;

(2) All payments due to subcontractors and suppliers from previous payments received under the contract have been made, and timely payments will be made from the proceeds of the payment covered by this certification, in accordance with subcontract agreements and the requirements of chapter 39 of Title 31, United States Code;

(3) This request for progress payments does not include any amounts which the prime contractor intends to withhold or retain from a subcontractor or supplier in accordance with the terms and conditions of the subcontract; and

(4) This certification is not to be construed as final acceptance of a subcontractor's performance.

_____

(Name)

_____

(Title)

_____

(Date)

(d) Refund of unearned amounts. If the Contractor, after making a certified request for progress payments, discovers that a portion or all of such request constitutes a payment for performance by the Contractor that fails to conform to the specifications, terms, and conditions of this contract (hereinafter referred to as the "unearned amount"), the Contractor shall--

(1) Notify the Contracting Officer of such performance deficiency; and

(2) Be obligated to pay the Government an amount (computed by the Contracting Officer in the manner provided in

paragraph (j) of this clause) equal to interest on the unearned amount from the 8th day after the date of receipt of the unearned amount until--

(i) The date the Contractor notifies the Contracting Officer that the performance deficiency has been corrected; or

(ii) The date the Contractor reduces the amount of any subsequent certified request for progress payments by an amount equal to the unearned amount.

(e) Retainage. If the Contracting Officer finds that satisfactory progress was achieved during any period for which a progress payment is to be made, the Contracting Officer shall authorize payment to be made in full. However, if satisfactory progress has not been made, the Contracting Officer may retain a maximum of 10 percent of the amount of the payment until satisfactory progress is achieved. When the work is substantially complete, the Contracting Officer may retain from previously withheld funds and future progress payments that amount the Contracting Officer considers adequate for protection of the Government and shall release to the Contractor all the remaining withheld funds. Also, on completion and acceptance of each separate building, public work, or other division of the contract, for which the price is stated separately in the contract, payment shall be made for the completed work without retention of a percentage.

(f) Title, liability, and reservation of rights. All material and work covered by progress payments made shall, at the time of payment, become the sole property of the Government, but this shall not be construed as--

(1) Relieving the Contractor from the sole responsibility for all material and work upon which payments have been made or the restoration of any damaged work; or

(2) Waiving the right of the Government to require the fulfillment of all of the terms of the contract.

(g) Reimbursement for bond premiums. In making these progress payments, the Government shall, upon request, reimburse the Contractor for the amount of premiums paid for performance and payment bonds (including coinsurance and reinsurance agreements, when applicable) after the Contractor has furnished evidence of full payment to the surety. The retainage provisions in paragraph (e) of this clause shall not apply to that portion of progress payments attributable to bond premiums.

(h) Final payment. The Government shall pay the amount due the Contractor under this contract after--

(1) Completion and acceptance of all work;

(2) Presentation of a properly executed voucher; and

(3) Presentation of release of all claims against
the Government arising by virtue of this contract, other than claims, in stated amounts, that the Contractor has specifically excepted from the operation of the release. A release may also be required of the assignee if the Contractor's claim to amounts payable under this contract has been assigned under the Assignment of Claims Act of 1940 (31 U.S.C. 3727 and 41 U.S.C. 15).

(i) Limitation because of undefinitized work. Notwithstanding any provision of this contract, progress payments shall not exceed 80 percent on work accomplished on undefinitized contract actions. A "contract action" is any action resulting in a contract, as defined in FAR Subpart 2.1, including contract modifications for additional supplies or services, but not including contract modifications that are within the scope and under the terms of the contract, such as contract modifications issued pursuant to the Changes clause, or funding and other administrative changes.

(j) Interest computation on unearned amounts. In accordance with 31 U.S.C. 3903(c)(1), the amount payable under subparagraph (d)(2) of this clause shall be--

(1) Computed at the rate of average bond equivalent rates of 91-day Treasury bills auctioned at the most recent auction of such bills prior to the date the Contractor receives the unearned amount; and

(2) Deducted from the next available payment to the Contractor.

(End of clause)

52.232-17 INTEREST (JUNE 1996)

(a) Except as otherwise provided in this contract under a Price Reduction for Defective Cost or Pricing Data clause or a Cost Accounting Standards clause, all amounts that become payable by the Contractor to the Government under this contract (net of any applicable tax credit under the Internal Revenue Code (26 U.S.C. 1481)) shall bear simple interest from the date due until paid unless paid within 30 days of becoming due. The interest rate shall be the interest rate established by the Secretary of the Treasury as provided in Section 12 of the Contract Disputes Act of 1978 (Public Law 95-563), which is applicable to the period in which the amount becomes due, as provided in paragraph (b) of this clause, and then at the rate applicable for each six-month period as fixed by the Secretary until the amount is paid. reproduce, prepare derivative works, distribute copies to the public, and (b) Amounts shall be due at the earliest of the following dates:

(1) The date fixed under this contract.

(2) The date of the first written demand for payment consistent with this contract, including any demand resulting from a default termination.

(3) The date the Government transmits to the Contractor a proposed supplemental agreement to confirm completed negotiations establishing the amount of debt.

(4) If this contract provides for revision of prices, the date of written notice to the Contractor stating the amount of refund payable in connection with a pricing proposal or a negotiated pricing agreement not confirmed by contract modification.

(c) The interest charge made under this clause may be reduced under the procedures prescribed in 32.614-2 of the Federal Acquisition Regulation in effect on the date of this contract.

(End of clause)

52.232-18 AVAILABILITY OF FUNDS (APR 1984)

Funds are not presently available for this contract. The Government's obligation under this contract is contingent upon the availability of appropriated funds from which payment for contract purposes can be made. No legal liability on the part of the Government for any payment may arise until funds are made available to the Contracting Officer for this contract and until the Contractor receives notice of such availability, to be confirmed in writing by the Contracting Officer.

(End of clause)

52.232-23 ASSIGNMENT OF CLAIMS (JAN 1986) - ALTERNATE I (APR 1984)

(a) The Contractor, under the Assignment of Claims Act, as amended, 31 U.S.C. 3727, 41 U.S.C. 15 (hereafter referred to as "the Act"), may assign its rights to be paid amounts due or to become due as a result of the performance of this contract to a bank, trust company, or other financing institution, including any Federal lending agency. The assignee under such an assignment may thereafter further assign or reassign its right under the original assignment to any type of financing institution described in the preceding sentence. Unless otherwise stated in this contract, payments to an assignee of any amounts due or to become due under this contract shall not, to the extent specified in the Act, be subject to reduction or setoff.

(b) Any assignment or reassignment authorized under the Act and this clause shall cover all unpaid amounts payable under this contract, and shall not be made to more than one party, except that an assignment or reassignment may be made to one party as agent or trustee for two or more parties participating in the financing of this contract.

(c) The Contractor shall not furnish or disclose to any assignee under this contract any classified document (including this contract) or information related to work under this contract until the Contracting Officer authorizes such action in writing.

(End of clause)

52.232-27 PROMPT PAYMENT FOR CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS (OCT 2003)

Notwithstanding any other payment terms in this contract, the Government will make invoice payments under the terms and conditions specified in this clause. The Government considers payment as being made on the day a check is dated or the date of an electronic funds transfer. Definitions of pertinent terms are set forth in sections 2.101, 32.001, and 32.902 of the Federal Acquisition Regulation. All days referred to in this clause are calendar days, unless otherwise specified. (However, see paragraph (a)(3) concerning payments due on Saturdays, Sundays, and legal holidays.)

(a) Invoice payments--(1) Types of invoice payments. For purposes of this clause, there are several types of invoice payments that may occur under this contract, as follows:

(i) Progress payments, if provided for elsewhere in this contract, based on Contracting Officer approval of the estimated amount and value of work or services performed, including payments for reaching milestones in any project.

(A) The due date for making such payments is 14 days after the designated billing office receives a proper payment request. If the designated billing office fails to annotate the payment request with the actual date of receipt at the time of receipt, the payment due date is the 14th day after the date of the Contractor's payment request, provided the designated billing office receives a proper payment request and there is no disagreement over quantity, quality, or Contractor compliance with contract requirements.

(B) The due date for payment of any amounts retained by the Contracting Officer in accordance with the clause at 52.232-5, Payments Under Fixed-Price Construction Contracts, is as specified in the contract or, if not specified, 30 days after approval by the Contracting Officer for release to the Contractor.

(ii) Final payments based on completion and acceptance of all work and presentation of release of all claims against the Government arising by virtue of the contract, and payments for partial deliveries that have been accepted by the Government (e.g., each separate building, public work, or other division of the contract for which the price is stated separately in the contract).

(A) The due date for making such payments is the later of the following two events:

(1) The 30th day after the designated billing office receives a proper invoice from the Contractor.

(2) The 30th day after Government acceptance of the work or services completed by the Contractor. For a final invoice when the payment amount is subject to contract settlement actions (e.g., release of claims), acceptance is deemed to occur on the effective date of the contract settlement.

(B) If the designated billing office fails to annotate the invoice with the date of actual receipt at the time of receipt, the invoice payment due date is the 30th day after the date of the Contractor's invoice, provided the designated billing office receives a proper invoice and there is no disagreement over quantity, quality, or Contractor compliance with contract requirements.

(2) Contractor's invoice. The Contractor shall prepare and submit invoices to the designated billing office specified in the contract. A proper invoice must include the items listed in paragraphs (a)(2)(i) through (a)(2)(xi) of this clause. If the invoice does not comply with these requirements, the designated billing office must return it within 7 days after receipt, with the reasons why it is not a proper invoice. When computing any interest penalty owed the Contractor, the Government will take into account if the Government notifies the Contractor of an improper invoice in an untimely manner.

(i) Name and address of the Contractor.

(ii) Invoice date and invoice number. (The Contractor should date invoices as close as possible to the date of mailing or transmission.)

(iii) Contract number or other authorization for work or services performed (including order number and contract line item number).

(iv) Description of work or services performed.

(v) Delivery and payment terms (e.g., discount for prompt payment terms).

(vi) Name and address of Contractor official to whom payment is to be sent (must be the same as that in the contract or in a proper notice of assignment).

(vii) Name (where practicable), title, phone number, and mailing address of person to notify in the event of a defective invoice.

(viii) For payments described in paragraph (a)(1)(i) of this clause, substantiation of the amounts requested and certification in accordance with the requirements of the clause at 52.232-5, Payments Under Fixed-Price Construction Contracts.

(ix) Taxpayer Identification Number (TIN). The Contractor shall include its TIN on the invoice only if required elsewhere in this contract.

(x) Electronic funds transfer (EFT) banking information.

(A) The Contractor shall include EFT banking information on the invoice only if required elsewhere in this contract.

(B) If EFT banking information is not required to be on the invoice, in order for the invoice to be a proper invoice, the Contractor shall have submitted correct EFT banking information in accordance with the applicable solicitation provision (e.g., 52.232-38, Submission of Electronic Funds Transfer Information with Offer), contract clause (e.g., 52.232-33, Payment by Electronic Funds Transfer--Central Contractor Registration, or 52.232-34, Payment by Electronic Funds Transfer--Other Than Central Contractor Registration), or applicable agency procedures.

(C) EFT banking information is not required if the Government waived the requirement to pay by EFT.

(xi) Any other information or documentation required by the contract.

(3) Interest penalty. The designated payment office will pay an interest penalty automatically, without request from the Contractor, if payment is not made by the due date and the conditions listed in paragraphs (a)(3)(i) through (a)(3)(iii) of this clause are met, if applicable. However, when the due date falls on a Saturday, Sunday, or legal holiday, the designated payment office may make payment on the following working day without incurring a late payment interest penalty.

(i) The designated billing office received a proper invoice.

(ii) The Government processed a receiving report or other Government documentation authorizing payment and there was no disagreement over quantity, quality, Contractor compliance with any contract term or condition, or requested progress payment amount.

(iii) In the case of a final invoice for any balance of funds due the Contractor for work or services performed, the amount was not subject to further contract settlement actions between the Government and the Contractor.

(4) Computing penalty amount. The Government will compute the interest penalty in accordance with the Office of Management and Budget prompt payment regulations at 5 CFR part 1315.

(i) For the sole purpose of computing an interest penalty that might be due the Contractor for payments described in paragraph (a)(1)(ii) of this clause, Government acceptance or approval is deemed to occur constructively on the 7th day after the Contractor has completed the work or services in accordance with the terms and conditions of the contract. If actual acceptance or approval occurs within the constructive acceptance or approval period, the Government will base the determination of an interest penalty on the actual date of acceptance or approval. Constructive acceptance or constructive approval requirements do not apply if there is a disagreement over quantity, quality, or Contractor compliance with a contract provision. These requirements also do not compel Government officials to accept work or services, approve Contractor estimates, perform contract administration functions, or make payment prior to fulfilling their responsibilities.

(ii) The prompt payment regulations at 5 CFR 1315.10(c) do not require the Government to pay interest penalties if payment delays are due to disagreement between the Government and the Contractor over the payment amount or other issues involving contract compliance, or on amounts temporarily withheld or retained in accordance with the terms of the contract. The Government and the Contractor shall resolve claims involving disputes, and any interest that may be payable in accordance with the clause at FAR 52.233-1, Disputes.

(5) Discounts for prompt payment. The designated payment office will pay an interest penalty automatically, without request from the Contractor, if the Government takes a discount for prompt payment improperly. The Government will calculate the interest penalty in accordance with the prompt payment regulations at 5 CFR part 1315.

(6) Additional interest penalty. (i) The designated payment office will pay a penalty amount, calculated in accordance with the prompt payment regulations at 5 CFR part 1315 in addition to the interest penalty amount only if--

(A) The Government owes an interest penalty of $1 or more;

(B) The designated payment office does not pay the interest penalty within 10 days after the date the invoice amount is paid; and

(C) The Contractor makes a written demand to the designated payment office for additional penalty payment, in accordance with paragraph (a)(6)(ii) of this clause, postmarked not later than 40 days after the date the invoice amount is paid.

(ii)(A) The Contractor shall support written demands for additional penalty payments with the following data. The Government will not request any additional data. The Contractor shall--

(1) Specifically assert that late payment interest is due under a specific invoice, and request payment of all overdue late payment interest penalty and such additional penalty as may be required;

(2) Attach a copy of the invoice on which the unpaid late payment interest was due; and

(3) State that payment of the principal has been received, including the date of receipt.

(B) If there is no postmark or the postmark is illegible--

(1) The designated payment office that receives the demand will annotate it with the date of receipt provided the demand is received on or before the 40th day after payment was made; or

(2) If the designated payment office fails to make the required annotation, the Government will determine the demand's validity based on the date the Contractor has placed on the demand, provided such date is no later than the 40th day after payment was made.

(b) Contract financing payments. If this contract provides for contract financing, the Government will make contract financing payments in accordance with the applicable contract financing clause.

(c) Subcontract clause requirements. The Contractor shall include in each subcontract for property or services (including a material supplier) for the purpose of performing this contract the following:

(1) Prompt payment for subcontractors. A payment clause that obligates the Contractor to pay the subcontractor for satisfactory performance under its subcontract not later than 7 days from receipt of payment out of such amounts as are paid to the Contractor under this contract.

(2) Interest for subcontractors. An interest penalty clause that obligates the Contractor to pay to the subcontractor an interest penalty for each payment not made in accordance with the payment clause--

(i) For the period beginning on the day after the required payment date and ending on the date on which payment of the amount due is made; and

(ii) Computed at the rate of interest established by the Secretary of the Treasury, and published in the Federal Register, for interest payments under section 12 of the Contract Disputes Act of 1978 (41 U.S.C. 611) in effect at the time the Contractor accrues the obligation to pay an interest penalty.

(3) Subcontractor clause flowdown. A clause requiring each subcontractor to use:

(i) Include a payment clause and an interest penalty clause conforming to the standards set forth in paragraphs (c)(1) and (c)(2) of this clause in each of its subcontracts; and

(ii) Require each of its subcontractors to include such clauses in their subcontracts with each lower-tier subcontractor or supplier.

(d) Subcontract clause interpretation. The clauses required by paragraph (c) of this clause shall not be construed to impair the right of the Contractor or a subcontractor at any tier to negotiate, and to include in their subcontract, provisions that--

(1) Retainage permitted. Permit the Contractor or a subcontractor to retain (without cause) a specified percentage of each progress payment otherwise due to a subcontractor for satisfactory performance under the subcontract without incurring any obligation to pay a late payment interest penalty, in accordance with terms and conditions agreed to

by the parties to the subcontract, giving such recognition as the parties deem appropriate to the ability of a subcontractor to furnish a performance bond and a payment bond;

(2) Withholding permitted. Permit the Contractor or subcontractor to make a determination that part or all of the subcontractor's request for payment may be withheld in accordance with the subcontract agreement; and

(3) Withholding requirements. Permit such withholding without incurring any obligation to pay a late payment penalty if--

(i) A notice conforming to the standards of paragraph (g) of this clause previously has been furnished to the subcontractor; and

(ii) The Contractor furnishes to the Contracting Officer a copy of any notice issued by a Contractor pursuant to paragraph (d)(3)(i) of this clause.

(e) Subcontractor withholding procedures. If a Contractor, after making a request for payment to the Government but before making a payment to a subcontractor for the subcontractor's performance covered by the payment request, discovers that all or a portion of the payment otherwise due such subcontractor is subject to withholding from the subcontractor in accordance with the subcontract agreement, then the Contractor shall--

(1) Subcontractor notice. Furnish to the subcontractor a notice conforming to the standards of paragraph (g) of this clause as soon as practicable upon ascertaining the cause giving rise to a withholding, but prior to the due date for subcontractor payment;

(2) Contracting Officer notice. Furnish to the Contracting Officer, as soon as practicable, a copy of the notice furnished to the subcontractor pursuant to paragraph (e)(1) of this clause;

(3) Subcontractor progress payment reduction. Reduce the subcontractor's progress payment by an amount not to exceed the amount specified in the notice of withholding furnished under paragraph (e)(1) of this clause;

(4) Subsequent subcontractor payment. Pay the subcontractor as soon as practicable after the correction of the identified subcontract performance deficiency, and--

(i) Make such payment within--

(A) Seven days after correction of the identified subcontract performance deficiency (unless the funds therefor must be recovered from the Government because of a reduction under paragraph
(e)(5)(i)) of this clause; or

(B) Seven days after the Contractor recovers such funds from the Government; or

(ii) Incur an obligation to pay a late payment interest penalty computed at the rate of interest established by the Secretary of the Treasury, and published in the Federal Register, for interest payments under section 12 of the Contracts Disputes Act of 1978 (41 U.S.C. 611) in effect at the time the Contractor accrues the obligation to pay an interest penalty;

(5) Notice to Contracting Officer. Notify the Contracting Officer upon--

(i) Reduction of the amount of any subsequent certified application for payment; or

(ii) Payment to the subcontractor of any withheld amounts of a progress payment, specifying--

(A) The amounts withheld under paragraph (e)(1) of this clause; and

(B) The dates that such withholding began and ended; and

(6) Interest to Government. Be obligated to pay to the Government an amount equal to interest on the withheld payments (computed in the manner provided in 31 U.S.C. 3903(c)(1)), from the 8th day after receipt of the withheld amounts from the Government until--

(i) The day the identified subcontractor performance deficiency is corrected; or

(ii) The date that any subsequent payment is reduced under paragraph (e)(5)(i) of this clause.

(f) Third-party deficiency reports--(1) Withholding from subcontractor. If a Contractor, after making payment to a first-tier subcontractor, receives from a supplier or subcontractor of the first-tier subcontractor (hereafter referred to as a “second-tier subcontractor”) a written notice in accordance with section 2 of the Act of August 24, 1935 (40 U.S.C. 270b, Miller Act), asserting a deficiency in such first-tier subcontractor's performance under the contract for which the Contractor may be ultimately liable, and the Contractor determines that all or a portion of future payments otherwise due such first-tier subcontractor is subject to withholding in accordance with the subcontract agreement, the Contractor may, without incurring an obligation to pay an interest penalty under paragraph (e)(6) of this clause--

(i) Furnish to the first-tier subcontractor a notice conforming to the standards of paragraph (g) of this clause as soon as practicable upon making such determination; and

(ii) Withhold from the first-tier subcontractor's next available progress payment or payments an amount not to exceed the amount specified in the notice of withholding furnished under paragraph (f)(1)(i) of this clause.

(2) Subsequent payment or interest charge. As soon as practicable, but not later than 7 days after receipt of satisfactory written notification that the identified subcontract performance deficiency has been corrected, the Contractor shall--

(i) Pay the amount withheld under paragraph (f)(1)(ii) of this clause to such first-tier subcontractor; or

(ii) Incur an obligation to pay a late payment interest penalty to such first-tier subcontractor computed at the rate of interest established by the Secretary of the Treasury, and published in the Federal Register, for interest payments under section 12 of the Contracts DisputesAct of 1978 (41 U.S.C. 611) in effect at the time the Contractor accrues the obligation to pay an interest penalty.

(g) Written notice of subcontractor withholding. The Contractor shall issue a written notice of any withholding to a subcontractor (with a copy furnished to the Contracting Officer), specifying--

(1) The amount to be withheld;

(2) The specific causes for the withholding under the terms of the subcontract; and

(3) The remedial actions to be taken by the subcontractor in order to receive payment of the amounts withheld.

(h) Subcontractor payment entitlement. The Contractor may not request payment from the Government of any amount withheld or retained in accordance with paragraph (d) of this clause until such time as the Contractor has determined and certified to the Contracting Officer that the subcontractor is entitled to the payment of such amount.

(i) Prime-subcontractor disputes. A dispute between the Contractor and subcontractor relating to the amount or entitlement of a subcontractor to a payment or a late payment interest penalty under a clause included in the subcontract pursuant to paragraph (c) of this clause does not constitute a dispute to which the Government is a party. The Government may not be interpleaded in any judicial or administrative proceeding involving such a dispute.

(j) Preservation of prime-subcontractor rights. Except as provided in paragraph (i) of this clause, this clause shall not limit or impair any contractual, administrative, or judicial remedies otherwise available to the Contractor or a subcontractor in the event of a dispute involving late payment or nonpayment by the Contractor or deficient subcontract performance or nonperformance by a subcontractor.

(k) Non-recourse for prime contractor interest penalty. The Contractor's obligation to pay an interest penalty to a subcontractor pursuant to the clauses included in a subcontract under paragraph (c) of this clause shall not be construed to be an obligation of the Government for such interest penalty. A cost-reimbursement claim may not include any amount for reimbursement of such interest penalty.

(l) Overpayments. If the Contractor becomes aware of a duplicate contract financing or invoice payment or that the Government has otherwise overpaid on a contract financing or invoice payment, the Contractor shall immediately notify the Contracting Officer and request instructions for disposition of the overpayment.

(End of clause)

52.232-33 PAYMENT BY ELECTRONIC FUNDS TRANSFER—CENTRAL CONTRACTOR REGISTRATION (OCT 2003)

(a) Method of payment. (1) All payments by the Government under this contract shall be made by electronic funds transfer (EFT), except as provided in paragraph (a)(2) of this clause. As used in this clause, the term “EFT” refers to the funds transfer and may also include the payment information transfer.

(2) In the event the Government is unable to release one or more payments by EFT, the Contractor agrees to either--

(i) Accept payment by check or some other mutually agreeable method of payment; or

(ii) Request the Government to extend the payment due date until such time as the Government can make payment by EFT (but see paragraph (d) of this clause).

(b) Contractor's EFT information. The Government shall make payment to the Contractor using the EFT information contained in the Central Contractor Registration (CCR) database. In the event that the EFT information changes, the Contractor shall be responsible for providing the updated information to the CCR database.

(c) Mechanisms for EFT payment. The Government may make payment by EFT through either the Automated Clearing House (ACH) network, subject to the rules of the National Automated Clearing House Association, or the Fedwire Transfer System. The rules governing Federal payments through the ACH are contained in 31 CFR part 210.

(d) Suspension of payment. If the Contractor's EFT information in the CCR database is incorrect, then the Government need not make payment to the Contractor under this contract until correct EFT information is entered into the CCR database; and any invoice or contract financing request shall be deemed not to be a proper invoice for the purpose of prompt payment under this contract. The prompt payment terms of the contract regarding notice of an improper invoice and delays in accrual of interest penalties apply.

(e) Liability for uncompleted or erroneous transfers. (1) If an uncompleted or erroneous transfer occurs because the Government used the Contractor's EFT information incorrectly, the Government remains responsible for--

(i) Making a correct payment;

(ii) Paying any prompt payment penalty due; and

(iii) Recovering any erroneously directed funds.

(2) If an uncompleted or erroneous transfer occurs because the Contractor's EFT information was incorrect, or was revised within 30 days of Government release of the EFT payment transaction instruction to the Federal Reserve System, and--

(i) If the funds are no longer under the control of the payment office, the Government is deemed to have made payment and the Contractor is responsible for recovery of any erroneously directed funds; or

(ii) If the funds remain under the control of the payment office, the Government shall not make payment, and the provisions of paragraph (d) of this clause shall apply.

(f) EFT and prompt payment. A payment shall be deemed to have been made in a timely manner in accordance with the prompt payment terms of this contract if, in the EFT payment transaction instruction released to the Federal Reserve System, the date specified for settlement of the payment is on or before the prompt payment due date, provided the specified payment date is a valid date under the rules of the Federal Reserve System.

(g) EFT and assignment of claims. If the Contractor assigns the proceeds of this contract as provided for in the assignment of claims terms of this contract, the Contractor shall require as a condition of any such assignment, that the assignee shall register separately in the CCR database and shall be paid by EFT in accordance with the terms of this clause. Notwithstanding any other requirement of this contract, payment to an ultimate recipient other than the Contractor, or a financial institution properly recognized under an assignment of claims pursuant to subpart 32.8, is not permitted. In all respects, the requirements of this clause shall apply to the assignee as if it were the Contractor. EFT information that shows the ultimate recipient of the transfer to be other than the Contractor, in the absence of a proper assignment of claims acceptable to the Government, is incorrect EFT information within the meaning of paragraph (d) of this clause.

(h) Liability for change of EFT information by financial agent. The Government is not liable for errors resulting from changes to EFT information made by the Contractor's financial agent.

(i) Payment information. The payment or disbursing office shall forward to the Contractor available payment information that is suitable for transmission as of the date of release of the EFT instruction to the Federal Reserve System. The Government may request the Contractor to designate a desired format and method(s) for delivery of payment information from a list of formats and methods the payment office is capable of executing. However, the Government does not guarantee that any particular format or method of delivery is available at any particular payment office and retains the latitude to use the format and delivery method most convenient to the Government. If the Government makes payment by check in accordance with paragraph (a) of this clause, the Government shall mail the payment information to the remittance address contained in the CCR database.

(End of Clause)

52.233-1 DISPUTES. (JUL 2002)

(a) This contract is subject to the Contract Disputes Act of 1978, as amended (41 U.S.C. 601-613).

(b) Except as provided in the Act, all disputes arising under or relating to this contract shall be resolved under this clause.

(c) Claim, as used in this clause, means a written demand or written assertion by one of the contracting parties seeking, as a matter of right, the payment of money in a sum certain, the adjustment or interpretation of contract terms, or other relief arising under or relating to this contract. However, a written demand or written assertion by the

Contractor seeking the payment of money exceeding $100,000 is not a claim under the Act until certified. A voucher, invoice, or other routine request for payment that is not in dispute when submitted is not a claim under the Act. The submission may be converted to a claim under the Act, by complying with the submission and certification requirements of this clause, if it is disputed either as to liability or amount or is not acted upon in a reasonable time.

(d)(1) A claim by the Contractor shall be made in writing and, unless otherwise stated in this contract, submitted within 6 years after accrual of the claim to the Contracting Officer for a written decision. A claim by the Government against the Contractor shall be subject to a written decision by the Contracting Officer.

(2)(i) The contractors shall provide the certification specified in subparagraph (d)(2)(iii) of this clause when submitting any claim -

(A) Exceeding $100,000; or

(B) Regardless of the amount claimed, when using -

(1) Arbitration conducted pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 575-580; or

(2) Any other alternative means of dispute resolution (ADR) technique that the agency elects to handle in accordance with the Administrative Dispute Resolution Act (ADRA).

(ii) The certification requirement does not apply to issues in controversy that have not been submitted as all or part of a claim.

(iii) The certification shall state as follows: "I certify that the claim is made in good faith; that the supporting data are accurate and complete to the best of my knowledge and belief; that the amount requested accurately reflects the contract adjustment for which the Contractor believes the Government is liable; and that I am duly authorized to certify the claim on behalf of the Contractor.

(3) The certification may be executed by any person duly authorized to bind the Contractor with respect to the claim.

(e) For Contractor claims of $100,000 or less, the Contracting Officer must, if requested in writing by the Contractor, render a decision within 60 days of the request. For Contractor-certified claims over $100,000, the Contracting Officer must, within 60 days, decide the claim or notify the Contractor of the date by which the decision will be made.

(f) The Contracting Officer's decision shall be final unless the Contractor appeals or files a suit as provided in the Act.

(g) If the claim by the Contractor is submitted to the Contracting Officer or a claim by the Government is presented to the Contractor, the parties, by mutual consent, may agree to use alternative disput resolution (ADR). If the Contractor refuses an offer for ADR, the Contractor shall inform the Contracting Officer, in writing, of the Contractor's specific reasons for rejecting the request.

(h) The Government shall pay interest on the amount found due and unpaid from (1) the date the Contracting Officer receives the claim (certified, if required); or (2) the date that payment otherwise would be due, if that date is later, until the date of payment. With regard to claims having defective certifications, as defined in (FAR) 48 CFR 33.201, interest shall be paid from the date that the Contracting Officer initially receives the claim. Simple interest on claims shall be paid at the rate, fixed by the Secretary of the Treasury as provided in the Act, which is applicable to the period during which the Contracting Officer receives the claim and then at the rate applicable for each 6-month period as fixed by the Treasury Secretary during the pendency of the claim.

(i) The Contractor shall proceed diligently with performance of this contract, pending final resolution of any request

for relief, claim, appeal, or action arising under the contract, and comply with any decision of the Contracting Officer.

(End of clause)

52.233-3 PROTEST AFTER AWARD (AUG. 1996)

(a) Upon receipt of a notice of protest (as defined in FAR 33.101) or a determination that a protest is likely (see FAR 33.102(d)), the Contracting Officer may, by written order to the Contractor, direct the Contractor to stop performance of the work called for by this contract. The order shall be specifically identified as a stop-work order issued under this clause. Upon receipt of the order, the Contractor shall immediately comply with its terms and take all reasonable steps to minimize the incurrence of costs allocable to the work covered by the order during the period of work stoppage. Upon receipt of the final decision in the protest, the Contracting Officer shall either--

(1) Cancel the stop-work order; or

(2) Terminate the work covered by the order as provided in the Default, or the Termination for Convenience of the Government, clause of this contract.

(b) If a stop-work order issued under this clause is canceled either before or after a final decision in the protest, the Contractor shall resume work. The Contracting Officer shall make an equitable adjustment in the delivery schedule or contract price, or both, and the contract shall be modified, in writing, accordingly, if--

(1) The stop-work order results in an increase in the time required for, or in the Contractor's cost properly allocable to, the performance of any part of this contract; and

(2) The Contractor asserts its right to an adjustment within 30 days after the end of the period of work stoppage; provided, that if the Contracting Officer decides the facts justify the action, the Contracting Officer may receive and act upon a proposal at any time before final payment under this contract.

(c) If a stop-work order is not canceled and the work covered by the order is terminated for the convenience of the Government, the Contracting Officer shall allow reasonable costs resulting from the stop-work order in arriving at the termination settlement.

(d) If a stop-work order is not canceled and the work covered by the order is terminated for default, the Contracting Officer shall allow, by equitable adjustment or otherwise, reasonable costs resulting from the stop-work order.

(e) The Government's rights to terminate this contract at any time are not affected by action taken under this clause.

(f) If, as the result of the Contractor's intentional or negligent misstatement, misrepresentation, or miscertification, a protest related to this contract is sustained, and the Government pays costs, as provided in FAR 33.102(b)(2) or 33.104(h)(1), the Government may require the Contractor to reimburse the Government the amount of such costs. In addition to any other remedy available, and pursuant to the requirements of Subpart 32.6, the Government may collect this debt by offsetting the amount against any payment due the Contractor under any contract between the Contractor and the Government.

(End of clause)

52.236-2 DIFFERING SITE CONDITIONS (APR 1984)

As prescribed in 36.502, insert the following clause in solicitations and contracts when a fixed-price construction contract or a fixed-price dismantling, demolition, or removal of improvements contract is contemplated and the contract amount is expected to exceed the small purchase limitation. The Contracting Officer may insert the clause in solicitations and contracts when a fixed-price construction or a fixed-price contract for dismantling, demolition, or removal of improvements is contemplated and the contract amount is expected to be within the small purchase limitation.

(a) The Contractor shall promptly, and before the conditions are disturbed, give a written notice to the Contracting Officer of

(1) subsurface or latent physical conditions at the site which differ materially from those indicated in this contract, or

(2) unknown physical conditions at the site, of an unusual nature, which differ materially from those ordinarily encountered and generally recognized as inhering in work of the character provided for in the contract.

(b) The Contracting Officer shall investigate the site conditions promptly after receiving the notice. If the conditions do materially so differ and cause an increase or decrease in the Contractor's cost of, or the time required for, performing any part of the work under this contract, whether or not changed as a result of the conditions, an equitable adjustment shall be made under this clause and the contract modified in writing accordingly.

(c) No request by the Contractor for an equitable adjustment to the contract under this clause shall be allowed, unless the Contractor has given the written notice required; provided, that the time prescribed in (a) above for giving written notice may be extended by the Contracting Officer.

(d) No request by the Contractor for an equitable adjustment to the contract for differing site conditions shall be allowed if made after final payment under this contract.

(End of clause)

52.236-3 SITE INVESTIGATION AND CONDITIONS AFFECTING THE WORK (APR 1984)

(a) The Contractor acknowledges that it has taken steps reasonably necessary to ascertain the nature and location of the work, and that it has investigated and satisfied itself as to the general and local conditions which can affect the work or its cost, including but not limited to

(1) conditions bearing upon transportation, disposal, handling, and storage of materials;

(2) the availability of labor, water, electric power, and roads;

(3) uncertainties of weather, river stages, tides, or similar physical conditions at the site;

(4) the conformation and conditions of the ground; and (5) the character of equipment and facilities needed preliminary to and during work performance. The Contractor also acknowledges that it has satisfied itself as to the character, quality, and quantity of surface and subsurface materials or obstacles to be encountered insofar as this information is reasonably ascertainable from an inspection of the site, including all exploratory work done by the Government, as well as from the drawings and specifications made a part of this contract. Any failure of the Contractor to take the actions described and acknowledged in this paragraph will not relieve the Contractor from responsibility for estimating properly the difficulty and cost of successfully performing the work, or for proceeding to successfully perform the work without additional expense to the Government.

(b) The Government assumes no responsibility for any conclusions or interpretations made by the Contractor based

on the information made available by the Government. Nor does the Government assume responsibility for any understanding reached or representation made concerning conditions which can affect the work by any of its officers or agents before the execution of this contract, unless that understanding or representation is expressly stated in this contract.

(End of clause)

52.236-5 MATERIAL AND WORKMANSHIP (APR 1984)

(a) All equipment, material, and articles incorporated into the work covered by this contract shall be new and of the most suitable grade for the purpose intended, unless otherwise specifically provided in this contract. References in the specifications to equipment, material, articles, or patented processes by trade name, make, or catalog number, shall be regarded as establishing a standard of quality and shall not be construed as limiting competition. The Contractor may, at its option, use any equipment, material, article, or process that, in the judgment of the Contracting Officer, is equal to that named in the specifications, unless otherwise specifically provided in this contract.

(b) The Contractor shall obtain the Contracting Officer's approval of the machinery and mechanical and other equipment to be incorporated into the work. When requesting approval, the Contractor shall furnish to the Contracting Officer the name of the manufacturer, the model number, and other information concerning the performance, capacity, nature, and rating of the machinery and mechanical and other equipment. When required by this contract or by the Contracting Officer, the Contractor shall also obtain the Contracting Officer's approval of the material or articles which the Contractor contemplates incorporating into the work. When requesting approval, the Contractor shall provide full information concerning the material or articles. When directed to do so, the Contractor shall submit samples for approval at the Contractor's expense, with all shipping charges prepaid. Machinery, equipment, material, and articles that do not have the required approval shall be installed or used at the risk of subsequent rejection.

(c) All work under this contract shall be performed in a skillful and workmanlike manner. The Contracting Officer may require, in writing, that the Contractor remove from the work any employee the Contracting Officer deems incompetent, careless, or otherwise objectionable.

(End of clause)

52.236-6 SUPERINTENDENCE BY THE CONTRACTOR (APR 1984)

At all times during performance of this contract and until the work is completed and accepted, the Contractor shall directly superintend the work or assign and have on the worksite a competent superintendent who is satisfactory to the Contracting Officer and has authority to act for the Contractor.

(End of clause)

52.236-7 PERMITS AND RESPONSIBILITIES (NOV 1991)

The Contractor shall, without additional expense to the Government, be responsible for obtaining any necessary licenses and permits, and for complying with any Federal, State, and municipal laws, codes, and regulations applicable to the performance of the work. The Contractor shall also be responsible for all damages to persons or property that occur as a result of the Contractor's fault or negligence. The Contractor shall also be responsible for

all materials delivered and work performed until completion and acceptance of the entire work, except for any completed unit of work which may have been accepted under the contract.

(End of clause)

52.236-8 OTHER CONTRACTS (APR 1984)

The Government may undertake or award other contracts for additional work at or near the site of the work under this contract. The Contractor shall fully cooperate with the other contractors and with Government employees and shall carefully adapt scheduling and performing the work under this contract to accommodate the additional work, heeding any direction that may be provided by the Contracting Officer. The Contractor shall not commit or permit any act that will interfere with the performance of work by any other contractor or by Government employees.

(End of clause)

52.236-9 PROTECTION OF EXISTING VEGETATION, STRUCTURES, EQUIPMENT, UTILITIES, AND IMPROVEMENTS (APR 1984)

(a) The Contractor shall preserve and protect all structures, equipment, and vegetation (such as trees, shrubs, and grass) on or adjacent to the work site, which are not to be removed and which do not unreasonably interfere with the work required under this contract. The Contractor shall only remove trees when specifically authorized to do so, and shall avoid damaging vegetation that will remain in place. If any limbs or branches of trees are broken during contract performance, or by the careless operation of equipment, or by workmen, the Contractor shall trim those limbs or branches with a clean cut and paint the cut with a tree-pruning compound as directed by the Contracting Officer.

(b) The Contractor shall protect from damage all existing improvements and utilities

(1) at or near the work site, and

(2) on adjacent property of a third party, the locations of which are made known to or should be known by the Contractor. The Contractor shall repair any damage to those facilities, including those that are the property of a third party, resulting from failure to comply with the requirements of this contract or failure to exercise reasonable care in performing the work. If the Contractor fails or refuses to repair the damage promptly, the Contracting Officer may have the necessary work performed and charge the cost to the Contractor.

(End of clause)

52.236-10 OPERATIONS AND STORAGE AREAS (APR 1984)

(a) The Contractor shall confine all operations (including storage of materials) on Government premises to areas authorized or approved by the Contracting Officer. The Contractor shall hold and save the Government, its officers and agents, free and harmless from liability of any nature occasioned by the Contractor's performance.

(b) Temporary buildings (e.g., storage sheds, shops, offices) and utilities may be erected by the Contractor only with the approval of the Contracting Officer and shall be built with labor and materials furnished by the Contractor without expense to the Government. The temporary buildings and utilities shall remain the property of the Contractor and shall be removed by the Contractor at its expense upon completion of the work. With the written

consent of the Contracting Officer, the buildings and utilities may be abandoned and need not be removed.

(c) The Contractor shall, under regulations prescribed by the Contracting Officer, use only established roadways, or use temporary roadways constructed by the Contractor when and as authorized by the Contracting Officer. When materials are transported in prosecuting the work, vehicles shall not be loaded beyond the loading capacity recommended by the manufacturer of the vehicle or prescribed by any Federal, State, or local law or regulation. When it is necessary to cross curbs or sidewalks, the Contractor shall protect them from damage. The Contractor shall repair or pay for the repair of any damaged curbs, sidewalks, or roads.

(End of clause)

52.236-11 USE AND POSSESSION PRIOR TO COMPLETION (APR 1984)

(a) The Government shall have the right to take possession of or use any completed or partially completed part of the work. Before taking possession of or using any work, the Contracting Officer shall furnish the Contractor a list of items of work remaining to be performed or corrected on those portions of the work that the Government intends to take possession of or use. However, failure of the Contracting Officer to list any item of work shall not relieve the Contractor of responsibility for complying with the terms of the contract. The Government's possession or use shall not be deemed an acceptance of any work under the contract.

(b) While the Government has such possession or use, the Contractor shall be relieved of the responsibility for the loss of or damage to the work resulting from the Government's possession or use, notwithstanding the terms of the clause in this contract entitled "Permits and Responsibilities." If prior possession or use by the Government delays the progress of the work or causes additional expense to the Contractor, an equitable adjustment shall be made in the contract price or the time of completion, and the contract shall be modified in writing accordingly.

(End of clause)

52.236-12 CLEANING UP (APR 1984)

The Contractor shall at all times keep the work area, including storage areas, free from accumulations of waste materials. Before completing the work, the Contractor shall remove from the work and premises any rubbish, tools, scaffolding, equipment, and materials that are not the property of the Government. Upon completing the work, the Contractor shall leave the work area in a clean, neat, and orderly condition satisfactory to the Contracting Officer.

(End of clause)

52.236-13 ACCIDENT PREVENTION (NOV 1991) – ALTERNATE I (NOV 1991)

(a) The Contractor shall provide and maintain work environments and procedures which will

(1) safeguard the public and Government personnel, property, materials, supplies, and equipment exposed to Contractor operations and activities;

(2) avoid interruptions of Government operations and delays in project completion dates; and

(3) control costs in the performance of this contract.

(b) For these purposes on contracts for construction or dismantling, demolition, or removal of improvements, the Contractor shall-

(1) Provide appropriate safety barricades, signs, and signal lights;

(2) Comply with the standards issued by the Secretary of Labor at 29 CFR Part 1926 and 29 CFR Part 1910; and

(3) Ensure that any additional measures the Contracting Officer determines to be reasonably necessary for the purposes are taken.

(2) If this contract is for construction or dismantling, demolition or removal of improvements with any Department of Defense agency or component, the Contractor shall comply with all pertinent provisions of the latest version of U.S. Army Corps of Engineers Safety and Health Requirements Manual, EM 385-1-1, in effect on the date of the solicitation.

(c) Whenever the Contracting Officer becomes aware of any noncompliance with these requirements or any condition which poses a serious or imminent danger to the health or safety of the public or Government personnel, the Contracting Officer shall notify the Contractor orally, with written confirmation, and request immediate initiation of corrective action. This notice, when delivered to the Contractor or the Contractor's representative at the work site, shall be deemed sufficient notice of the noncompliance and that corrective action is required. After receiving the notice, the Contractor shall immediately take corrective action. If the Contractor fails or refuses to promptly take corrective action, the Contracting Officer may issue an order stopping all or part of the work until satisfactory corrective action has been taken. The Contractor shall not be entitled to any equitable adjustment of the contract price or extension of the performance schedule on any stop work order issued under this clause.

(e) The Contractor shall insert this clause, including this paragraph (e), with appropriate changes in the designation of the parties, in subcontracts.

(f) Before commencing the work, the Contractor shall-

(1) Submit a written proposed plan for implementing this clause. The plan shall include an analysis of the significant hazards to life, limb, and property inherent in contract work performance and a plan for controlling these hazards; and

(2) Meet with representatives of the Contracting Officer to discuss and develop a mutual understanding relative to administration of the overall safety program.

(End of clause)

52.236-15 SCHEDULES FOR CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS (APR 1984)

(a) The Contractor shall, within five days after the work commences on the contract or another period of time determined by the Contracting Officer, prepare and submit to the Contracting Officer for approval three copies of a practicable schedule showing the order in which the Contractor proposes to perform the work, and the dates on which the Contractor contemplates starting and completing the several salient features of the work (including acquiring materials, plant, and equipment). The schedule shall be in the form of a progress chart of suitable scale to indicate appropriately the percentage of work scheduled for completion by any given date during the period. If the Contractor fails to submit a schedule within the time prescribed, the Contracting Officer may withhold approval of progress payments until the Contractor submits the required schedule.

(b) The Contractor shall enter the actual progress on the chart as directed by the Contracting Officer, and upon doing so shall immediately deliver three copies of the annotated schedule to the Contracting Officer. If, in the

opinion of the Contracting Officer, the Contractor falls behind the approved schedule, the Contractor shall take steps necessary to improve its progress, including those that may be required by the Contracting Officer, without additional cost to the Government. In this circumstance, the Contracting Officer may require the Contractor to increase the number of shifts, overtime operations, days of work, and/or the amount of construction plant, and to submit for approval any supplementary schedule or schedules in chart form as the Contracting Officer deems necessary to demonstrate how the approved rate of progress will be regained.

(c) Failure of the Contractor to comply with the requirements of the Contracting Officer under this clause shall be grounds for a determination by the Contracting Officer that the Contractor is not prosecuting the work with sufficient diligence to ensure completion within the time specified in the contract. Upon making this determination, the Contracting Officer may terminate the Contractor's right to proceed with the work, or any separable part of it, in accordance with the default terms of this contract.

(End of clause)

52.236-17 LAYOUT OF WORK (APR 1984)

The Contractor shall lay out its work from Government established base lines and bench marks indicated on the drawings, and shall be responsible for all measurements in connection with the layout. The Contractor shall furnish, at its own expense, all stakes, templates, platforms, equipment, tools, materials, and labor required to lay out any part of the work. The Contractor shall be responsible for executing the work to the lines and grades that may be established or indicated by the Contracting Officer. The Contractor shall also be responsible for maintaining and preserving all stakes and other marks established by the Contracting Officer until authorized to remove them. If such marks are destroyed by the Contractor or through its negligence before their removal is authorized, the Contracting Officer may replace them and deduct the expense of the replacement from any amounts due or to become due to the Contractor.

(End of clause)

52.236-21 SPECIFICATIONS AND DRAWINGS FOR CONSTRUCTION (FEB 1997)

(a) The Contractor shall keep on the work site a copy of the drawings and specifications and shall at all times give the Contracting Officer access thereto. Anything mentioned in the specifications and not shown on the drawings, or shown on the drawings and not mentioned in the specifications, shall be of like effect as if shown or mentioned in both. In case of difference between drawings and specifications, the specifications shall govern. In case of discrepancy in the figures, in the drawings, or in the specifications, the matter shall be promptly submitted to the Contracting Officer, who shall promptly make a determination in writing. Any adjustment by the Contractor without such a determination shall be at its own risk and expense. The Contracting Officer shall furnish from time to time such detailed drawings and other information as considered necessary, unless otherwise provided.

(b) Wherever in the specifications or upon the drawings the words "directed", "required", "ordered", "designated", "prescribed", or words of like import are used, it shall be understood that the "direction", "requirement", "order", "designation", or "prescription", of the Contracting Officer is intended and similarly the words "approved", "acceptable", "satisfactory", or words of like import shall mean "approved by," or "acceptable to", or "satisfactory to" the Contracting Officer, unless otherwise expressly stated.

(c) Where "as shown," as indicated", "as detailed", or words of similar import are used, it shall be understood that the reference is made to the drawings accompanying this contract unless stated otherwise. The word "provided" as used herein shall be understood to mean "provide complete in place," that is "furnished and installed".

(d) Shop drawings means drawings, submitted to the Government by the Contractor, subcontractor, or any lower tier subcontractor pursuant to a construction contract, showing in detail (1) the proposed fabrication and assembly of structural elements, and (2) the installation (i.e., fit, and attachment details) of materials or equipment. It includes drawings, diagrams, layouts, schematics, descriptive literature, illustrations, schedules, performance and test data, and similar materials furnished by the contractor to explain in detail specific portions of the work required by the contract. The Government may duplicate, use, and disclose in any manner and for any purpose shop drawings delivered under this contract.

(e) If this contract requires shop drawings, the Contractor shall coordinate all such drawings, and review them for accuracy, completeness, and compliance with contract requirements and shall indicate its approval thereon as evidence of such coordination and review. Shop drawings submitted to the Contracting Officer without evidence of the Contractor's approval may be returned for resubmission. The Contracting Officer will indicate an approval or disapproval of the shop drawings and if not approved as submitted shall indicate the Government's reasons therefor. Any work done before such approval shall be at the Contractor's risk. Approval by the Contracting Officer shall not relieve the Contractor from responsibility for any errors or omissions in such drawings, nor from responsibility for complying with the requirements of this contract, except with respect to variations described and approved in accordance with (f) below.

(f) If shop drawings show variations from the contract requirements, the Contractor shall describe such variations in writing, separate from the drawings, at the time of submission. If the Contracting Officer approves any such variation, the Contracting Officer shall issue an appropriate contract modification, except that, if the variation is minor or does not involve a change in price or in time of performance, a modification need not be issued.

(g) The Contractor shall submit to the Contracting Officer for approval four copies (unless otherwise indicated) of all shop drawings as called for under the various headings of these specifications. Three sets (unless otherwise indicated) of all shop drawings, will be retained by the Contracting Officer and one set will be returned to the Contractor.

(End of clause)

52.236-22 DESIGN WITHIN FUNDING LIMITATIONS (APR 1984)

(a) The Contractor shall accomplish the design services required under this contract so as to permit the award of a contract, using standard Federal Acquisition Regulation procedures for the construction of the facilities designed at a price that does not exceed the estimated construction contract price as set forth in paragraph (c) below. When bids or proposals for the construction contract are received that exceed the estimated price, the contractor shall perform such redesign and other services as are necessary to permit contract award within the funding limitation. These additional services shall be performed at no increase in the price of this contract. However, the Contractor shall not be required to perform such additional services at no cost to the Government if the unfavorable bids or proposals are the result of conditions beyond its reasonable control.

(b) The Contractor will promptly advise the Contracting Officer if it finds that the project being designed will exceed or is likely to exceed the funding limitations and it is unable to design a usable facility within these limitations. Upon receipt of such information, the Contracting Officer will review the Contractor's revised estimate of construction cost. The Government may, if it determines that the estimated construction contract price set forth in this contract is so low that award of a construction contract not in excess of such estimate is improbable, authorize a change in scope or materials as required to reduce the estimated construction cost to an amount within the estimated construction contract price set forth in paragraph (c) below, or the Government may adjust such estimated construction contract price. When bids or proposals are not solicited or are unreasonably delayed, the Government shall prepare an estimate of constructing the design submitted and such estimate shall be used in lieu of bids or proposals to determine compliance with the funding limitation.

(c) The estimated construction contract price for the project described in this contract is $5,100,000.
(End of clause)

52.236-24 WORK OVERSIGHT IN ARCHITECT-ENGINEER CONTRACTS (APR 1984)

The extent and character of the work to be done by the Contractor shall be subject to the general oversight, supervision, direction, control, and approval of the Contracting Officer.

(End of clause)

52.236-25 REQUIREMENTS FOR REGISTRATION OF DESIGNERS (JUN 2003)

Architects or engineers registered to practice in the particular professional field involved in a State, the District of Columbia, or an outlying area of the United States shall prepare or review and approve the design of architectural, structural, mechanical, electrical, civil, or other engineering features of the work.

(End of clause)

52.236-26 PRECONSTRUCTION CONFERENCE (FEB 1995)

If the Contracting Officer decides to conduct a preconstruction conference, the successful offeror will be notified and will be required to attend. The Contracting Officer's notification will include specific details regarding the date, time, and location of the conference, any need for attendance by subcontractors, and information regarding the items to be discussed.

(End of clause)

52.239-4001 Year 2000 Compliance

The contractor shall ensure products provided under this contract, to include hardware, software, firmware, and middleware, whether acting alone or combined as a system, are Year 2000 compliant as defined as follows: Year 2000 compliant means with respect to information technology, that the information technology accurately processes date/time data (including, but not limited to, calculating, comparing, and sequencing) from, into, and between the twentieth and twenty-first centuries, and the years 1999 and 2000 and leap year calculations, to the extent that other information, used in combination with the information technology being acquired, properly exchanges date/time data with it.

52.239-4005 Year 2000 Compliance - Construction Contracts

a. In accordance with FAR 39.106, the contractor shall ensure that with respect to any design, construction, goods, or services under this contract as well as any subsequent task/delivery orders issued under this contract (if applicable), all information technology contained therein shall be Year 2000 compliant. Specifically:
The contractor shall:

(1) Perform, maintain, and provide an inventory of all major components to include structures, equipment, items, parts, and furnishings under this contract and each task/delivery order which may be affected by the Y2K compliance requirement.

(2) Indicate whether each component is currently Year 2000 compliant or requires an upgrade for compliance prior to government acceptance.

(End of Clause)

52.239-4006 SECURITY CONTRACT LANGUAGE FOR ALL CORPS OF ENGINEERS' UNCLASSIFIED CONTRACTS (PIL 2003-06, 19 FEB 03)

All Contractor employees (U.S. citizens and Non- U.S. citizens) working under this contract (to include grants, cooperative agreements and task orders) who require access to Automated Information Systems (AIS), (stand alone computers, network computers/systems, e-mail) shall, at a minimum, be designated into an ADP-III position (non-sensitive) in accordance with DoD 5220-22-R, Industrial Security Regulation. The investigative requirements for an ADP-III position are a favorable National Agency Check (NAC), SF-85P, Public Trust Position. The contractor shall have each applicable employee complete a SF-85P and submit to the USACE, Savannah District Security Officer, ATTN: CESAS-SL, 100 West Oglethorpe Avenue, Savannah, GA 31401 within three (3) working days after award of any contract or task order, and shall be submitted prior to the individual being permitted access to an AIS. Contractors who have a commercial or government entity (CAGE) Code and Facility Security Clearance through the Defense Security Service shall process the NACs and forward visit requests/results of NAC to the Savannah District Security Officer (address above). For those contractors who do not have a CAGE Code or Facility Security Clearance, the Savannah District Security Office will process the investigation in coordination with the Contractor and contract employees.

In accordance with Engineering Regulation, ER 380-1-18, Section 4, foreign nationals who work on Corps of Engineers' contracts or task orders shall be approved by the HQUSACE Foreign Disclosure Officer or higher before beginning work on the contract/task order. This regulation includes subcontractor employees. (NOTE: exceptions to the above requirement include foreign nationals who perform janitorial and/or ground maintenance services.) The contractor shall submit to the Division/District Contract Office, the names of all foreign nationals proposed for performance under this contract/task order, along with documentation to verify that he/she was legally admitted into the United States and has authority to work and/or go to school in the US. Such documentation may include a US passport, Certificate of US citizenship (INS Form N-560 or N-561), Certificate of Naturalization (INS Form N-550 or N-570), foreign passport with I-551 stamp or attached INS Form I-94 indicating employment authorization, Alien Registration Receipt Card with photograph (INS Form I-151 or I-551), Temporary Resident Card (INS Form I-688), Employment Authorization Card (INS Form I-688A), Reentry Permit (INS Form I-327), Refugee Travel Document (INS Form I-571), Employment Authorization Document issued by the INS which contains a photograph (INS Form I-688B).

Classified contracts require the issuance of a DD Form 254 (Department of Defense Contract Security Classification Specification).

52.242-13 BANKRUPTCY (JUL 1995)

In the event the Contractor enters into proceedings relating to bankruptcy, whether voluntary or involuntary, the

Contractor agrees to furnish, by certified mail or electronic commerce method authorized by the contract, written notification of the bankruptcy to the Contracting Officer responsible for administering the contract. This notification shall be furnished within five days of the initiation of the proceedings relating to bankruptcy filing. This notification shall include the date on which the bankruptcy petition was filed, the identity of the court in which the bankruptcy petition was filed, and a listing of Government contract numbers and contracting offices for all Government contracts against which final payment has not been made. This obligation remains in effect until final payment under this contract.

(End of clause)

52.242-14 SUSPENSION OF WORK (APR 1984)

(a) The Contracting Officer may order the Contractor, in writing, to suspend, delay, or interrupt all or any part of the work of this contract for the period of time that the Contracting Officer determines appropriate for the convenience of the Government.

(b) If the performance of all or any part of the work is, for an unreasonable period of time, suspended, delayed, or interrupted (1) by an act of the Contracting Officer in the administration of this contract, or (2) by the Contracting Officer's failure to act within the time specified in this contract (or within a reasonable time if not specified), an adjustment shall be made for any increase in the cost of performance of this contract (excluding profit) necessarily caused by the unreasonable suspension, delay, or interruption, and the contract modified in writing accordingly. However, no adjustment shall be made under this clause for any suspension, delay, or interruption to the extent that performance would have been so suspended, delayed, or interrupted by any other cause, including the fault or negligence of the Contractor, or for which an equitable adjustment is provided for or excluded under any other term or condition of this contract. (c) A claim under this clause shall not be allowed (1) for any costs incurred more than 20 days before the Contractor shall have notified the Contracting Officer in writing of the act or failure to act involved (but this requirement shall not apply as to a claim resulting from a suspension order), and (2) unless the claim, in an amount stated, is asserted in writing as soon as practicable after the termination of the suspension, delay, or interruption, but not later than the date of final payment under the contract.

(End of clause)

52.243-1 CHANGES--FIXED-PRICE (AUG 1987) - ALTERNATE III (APR 1984)

(a) The Contracting Officer may at any time, by written order, and without notice to the sureties, if any, make changes within the general scope of this contract in the services to be performed.

(b) If any such change causes an increase or decrease in the cost of, or the time required for, performance of any part of the work under this contract, whether or not changed by the order, the Contracting Officer shall make an equitable adjustment in the contract price, the delivery schedule, or both, and shall modify the contract.

(c) The Contractor must assert its right to an adjustment under this clause within 30 days from the date of receipt of the written order. However, if the Contracting Officer decides that the facts justify it, the Contracting Officer may receive and act upon a proposal submitted before final payment of the contract.

(d) If the Contractor's proposal includes the cost of property made obsolete or excess by the change, the Contracting Officer shall have the right to prescribe the manner of the disposition of the property.

(e) Failure to agree to any adjustment shall be a dispute under the Disputes clause. However, nothing in this clause shall excuse the Contractor from proceeding with the contract as changed.

(f) No services for which an additional cost or fee will be charged by the Contractor shall be furnished without the prior written authorization of the Contracting Officer.

(End of clause)

52.243-4 CHANGES (AUG 1987)

(a) The Contracting Officer may, at any time, without notice to the sureties, if any, by written order designated or indicated to be a change order, make changes in the work within the general scope of the contract, including changes--

(1) In the specifications (including drawings and designs);

(2) In the method or manner of performance of the work;

(3) In the Government-furnished facilities, equipment, materials, services, or site; or

(4) Directing acceleration in the performance of the work.

(b) Any other written or oral order (which, as used in this paragraph (b), includes direction, instruction, interpretation, or determination) from the Contracting Officer that causes a change shall be treated as a change order under this clause; provided, that the Contractor gives the Contracting Officer written notice stating

(1) the date, circumstances, and source of the order and

(2) that the Contractor regards the order as a change order.

(c) Except as provided in this clause, no order, statement, or conduct of the Contracting Officer shall be treated as a change under this clause or entitle the Contractor to an equitable adjustment.

(d) If any change under this clause causes an increase or decrease in the Contractor's cost of, or the time required for, the performance of any part of the work under this contract, whether or not changed by any such order, the Contracting Officer shall make an equitable adjustment and modify the contract in writing. However, except for an adjustment based on defective specifications, no adjustment for any change under paragraph (b) of this clause shall be made for any costs incurred more than 20 days before the Contractor gives written notice as required. In the case of defective specifications for which the Government is responsible, the equitable adjustment shall include any increased cost reasonably incurred by the Contractor in attempting to comply with the defective specifications.

(e) The Contractor must assert its right to an adjustment under this clause within 30 days after

(1) receipt of a written change order under paragraph (a) of this clause or (2) the furnishing of a written notice under paragraph (b) of this clause, by submitting to the Contracting Officer a written statement describing the general nature and amount of the proposal, unless this period is extended by the Government. The statement of proposal for adjustment may be included in the notice under paragraph (b) above.

(f) No proposal by the Contractor for an equitable adjustment shall be allowed if asserted after final payment under this contract.

(End of clause)

52.244-5 COMPETITION IN SUBCONTRACTING (DEC 1996)

(a) The Contractor shall select subcontractors (including suppliers) on a competitive basis to the maximum practical extent consistent with the objectives and requirements of the contract.

(b) If the Contractor is an approved mentor under the Department of Defense Pilot Mentor-Protege Program (Pub. L. 101–510, section 831 as amended), the Contractor may award subcontracts under this contract on a noncompetitive basis to its proteges.

(End of clause)

52.244-6 SUBCONTRACTS FOR COMMERCIAL ITEMS (UL 2004)

(a) Definitions.

"Commercial item", has the meaning contained in Federal Acquistion Regulation 2.101, Definitions.

"Subcontract", includes a transfer of commercial items between divisions, subsidiaries, or affiliates of the Contractor or subcontractor at any tier.

(b) To the maximum extent practicable, the Contractor shall incorporate, and require its subcontractors at all tiers to incorporate, commercial items or nondevelopmental items as components of items to be supplied under this contract.

(c) (1) The Contractor shall insert the following clauses in subcontracts for commercial items:

(i) 52.219-8, Utilization of Small Business Concerns (MAY 2004) (15 U.S.C. 637(d)(2) and (3)), in all subcontracts that offer further subcontracting opportunities. If the subcontract (except subcontracts to small business concerns) exceeds $500,000 ($1,000,000 for construction of any public facility), the subcontractor must include 52.219-8 in lower tier subcontracts that offer subcontracting opportunities.

(ii) 52.222-26, Equal Opportunity (Apr 2002) (E.O. 11246).

(iii) 52.222-35, Equal Opportunity for Special Disabled Veterans, Veterans of the Vietnam Era and Other Eligible Veterans (DEC 2001) (38 U.S.C. 4212(a)).

(iv) 52.222-36, Affirmative Action for Workers with Disabilities (JUN 1998) (29 U.S.C. 793).

(v) 52.247-64, Preference for Privately Owned U.S.-Flag Commercial Vessels (APR 2003) (46 U.S.C. Appx 1241 and 10 U.S.C. 2631) (flow down required in accordance with paragraph (d) of FAR clause 52.247-64).

(2) While not required, the Contractor may flow down to subcontracts for commercial items a minimal number of additional clauses necessary to satisfy its contractual obligations.

(d) The Contractor shall include the terms of this clause, including this paragraph (d), in subcontracts awarded under this contract.

(End of clause)

52.249-2 TERMINATION FOR CONVENIENCE OF THE GOVERNMENT (FIXED-PRICE) (MAY 2004) -

ALTERNATE I (SEP 1996)

(a) The Government may terminate performance of work under this contract in whole or, from time to time, in part if the Contracting Officer determines that a termination is in the Government's interest. The Contracting Officer shall terminate by delivering to the Contractor a Notice of Termination specifying the extent of termination and the effective date.

(b) After receipt of a Notice of Termination, and except as directed by the Contracting Officer, the Contractor shall immediately proceed with the following obligations, regardless of any delay in determining or adjusting any amounts due under this clause:

(1) Stop work as specified in the notice.

(2) Place no further subcontracts or orders (referred to as subcontracts in this clause) for materials, services, or facilities, except as necessary to complete the continued portion of the contract.

(3) Terminate all subcontracts to the extent they relate to the work terminated.

(4) Assign to the Government, as directed by the Contracting Officer, all right, title, and interest of the Contractor under the subcontracts terminated, in which case the Government shall have the right to settle or to pay any termination settlement proposal arising out of those terminations.

(5) With approval or ratification to the extent required by the Contracting Officer, settle all outstanding liabilities and termination settlement proposals arising from the termination of subcontracts; the approval or ratification will be final for purposes of this clause.

(6) As directed by the Contracting Officer, transfer title and deliver to the Government (i) the fabricated or unfabricated parts, work in process, completed work, supplies, and other material produced or acquired for the work terminated, and (ii) the completed or partially completed plans, drawings, information, and other property that, if the contract had been completed, would be required to be furnished to the Government.

(7) Complete performance of the work not terminated.

(8) Take any action that may be necessary, or that the Contracting Officer may direct, for the protection and preservation of the property related to this contract that is in the possession of the Contractor and in which the Government has or may acquire an interest.

(9) Use its best efforts to sell, as directed or authorized by the Contracting Officer, any property of the types referred to in subparagraph (b)(6) of this clause; provided, however, that the Contractor (i) is not required to extend credit to any purchaser and (ii) may acquire the property under the conditions prescribed by, and at prices approved by, the Contracting Officer. The proceeds of any transfer or disposition will be applied to reduce any payments to be made by the Government under this contract, credited to the price or cost of the work, or paid in any other manner directed by the Contracting Officer.

(c) The Contractor shall submit complete termination inventory schedules no later than 120 days from the effective date of termination, unless extended in writing by the Contracting Officer upon written request of the Contractor within this 120-day period.

(d) After expiration of the plant clearance period as defined in Subpart 49.001 of the Federal Acquisition Regulation, the Contractor may submit to the Contracting Officer a list, certified as to quantity and quality, of termination inventory not previously disposed of, excluding items authorized for disposition by the Contracting Officer. The Contractor may request the Government to remove those items or enter into an agreement for their storage. Within 15 days, the Government will accept title to those items and remove them or enter into a storage

agreement. The Contracting Officer may verify the list upon removal of the items, or if stored, within 45 days from submission of the list, and shall correct the list, as necessary, before final settlement.

(e) After termination, the Contractor shall submit a final termination settlement proposal to the Contracting Officer in the form and with the certification prescribed by the Contracting Officer. The Contractor shall submit the proposal promptly, but no later than 1 year from the effective date of termination, unless extended in writing by the Contracting Officer upon written request of the Contractor within this 1-year period. However, if the Contracting Officer determines that the facts justify it, a termination settlement proposal may be received and acted on after 1 year or any extension. If the Contractor fails to submit the proposal within the time allowed, the Contracting Officer may determine, on the basis of information available, the amount, if any, due the Contractor because of the termination and shall pay the amount determined.

(f) Subject to paragraph (e) of this clause, the Contractor and the Contracting Officer may agree upon the whole or any part of the amount to be paid or remaining to be paid because of the termination. The amount may include a reasonable allowance for profit on work done. However, the agreed amount, whether under this paragraph (g) or paragraph (g) of this clause, exclusive of costs shown in subparagraph (g)(3) of this clause, may not exceed the total contract price as reduced by (1) the amount of payments previously made and (2) the contract price of work not terminated. The contract shall be modified, and the Contractor paid the agreed amount. Paragraph (g) of this clause shall not limit, restrict, or affect the amount that may be agreed upon to be paid under this paragraph.

(g) If the Contractor and Contracting Officer fail to agree on the whole amount to be paid the Contractor because of the termination of work, the Contracting Officer shall pay the Contractor the amounts determined as follows, but without duplication of any amounts agreed upon under paragraph (f) of this clause:

(1) For contract work performed before the effective date of termination, the total (without duplication of any items) of--

(i) The cost of this work;

(ii) The cost of settling and paying termination settlement proposals under terminated subcontracts that are properly chargeable to the terminated portion of the contract if not included in subdivision (g)(1)(i) of this clause; and

(iii) A sum, as profit on subdivision (g)(1)(i) of this clause, determined by the Contracting Officer under 49.202 of the Federal Acquisition Regulation, in effect on the date of this contract, to be fair and reasonable; however, if it appears that the Contractor would have sustained a loss on the entire contract had it been completed, the Contracting Officer shall allow no profit under this subdivision (iii) and shall reduce the settlement to reflect the indicated rate of loss.

(2) The reasonable costs of settlement of the work terminated, including--

(i) Accounting, legal, clerical, and other expenses reasonably necessary for the preparation of termination settlement proposals and supporting data;

(ii) The termination and settlement of subcontracts (excluding the amounts of such settlements); and

(iii) Storage, transportation, and other costs incurred, reasonably necessary for the preservation, protection, or disposition of the termination inventory.

(h) Except for normal spoilage, and except to the extent that the Government expressly assumed the risk of loss, the Contracting Officer shall exclude from the amounts payable to the Contractor under paragraph (g) of this clause, the fair value, as determined by the Contracting Officer, of property that is destroyed, lost, stolen, or damaged so as to become undeliverable to the Government or to a buyer.

(i) The cost principles and procedures of Part 31 of the Federal Acquisition Regulation, in effect on the date of this contract, shall govern all costs claimed, agreed to, or determined under this clause.

(j) The Contractor shall have the right of appeal, under the Disputes clause, from any determination made by the Contracting Officer under paragraph (e), (g), or (l) of this clause, except that if the Contractor failed to submit the termination settlement proposal or request for equitable adjustment within the time provided in paragraph (e) or (l), respectively, and failed to request a time extension, there is no right of appeal.

(k) In arriving at the amount due the Contractor under this clause, there shall be deducted--

(1) All unliquidated advance or other payments to the Contractor under the terminated portion of this contract;

(2) Any claim which the Government has against the Contractor under this contract; and

(3) The agreed price for, or the proceeds of sale of, materials, supplies, or other things acquired by the Contractor or sold under the provisions of this clause and not recovered by or credited to the Government.

(l) If the termination is partial, the Contractor may file a proposal with the Contracting Officer for an equitable adjustment of the price(s) of the continued portion of the contract. The Contracting Officer shall make any equitable adjustment agreed upon. Any proposal by the Contractor for an equitable adjustment under this clause shall be requested within 90 days from the effective date of termination unless extended in writing by the Contracting Officer.

(m)(1) The Government may, under the terms and conditions it prescribes, make partial payments and payments against costs incurred by the Contractor for the terminated portion of the contract, if the Contracting Officer believes the total of these payments will not exceed the amount to which the Contractor will be entitled.

(2) If the total payments exceed the amount finally determined to be due, the Contractor shall repay the excess to the Government upon demand, together with interest computed at the rate established by the Secretary of the Treasury under 50 U.S.C. App. 1215(b)(2). Interest shall be computed for the period from the date the excess payment is received by the Contractor to the date the excess is repaid. Interest shall not be charged on any excess payment due to a reduction in the Contractor's termination settlement proposal because of retention or other disposition of termination inventory until 10 days after the date of the retention or disposition, or a later date determined by the Contracting Officer because of the circumstances.

(n) Unless otherwise provided in this contract or by statute, the Contractor shall maintain all records and documents relating to the terminated portion of this contract for 3 years after final settlement. This includes all books and other evidence bearing on the Contractor's costs and expenses under this contract. The Contractor shall make these records and documents available to the Government, at the Contractor's office, at all reasonable times, without any direct charge. If approved by the Contracting Officer, photographs, microphotographs, or other authentic reproductions may be maintained instead of original records and documents.

(End of clause)

52.249-10 DEFAULT (FIXED-PRICE CONSTRUCTION) (APR 1984)

(a) If the Contractor refuses or fails to prosecute the work or any separable part, with the diligence that will insure its completion within the time specified in this contract including any extension, or fails to complete the work within this time, the Government may, by written notice to the Contractor, terminate the right to proceed with the work (or the separable part of the work) that has been delayed. In this event, the Government may take over the work and complete it by contract or otherwise, and may take possession of and use any materials, appliances, and plant on the work site necessary for completing the work. The Contractor and its sureties shall be liable for any damage to the

Government resulting from the Contractor's refusal or failure to complete the work within the specified time, whether or not the Contractor's right to proceed with the work is terminated. This liability includes any increased costs incurred by the Government in completing the work.

(b) The Contractor's right to proceed shall not be terminated nor the Contractor charged with damages under this clause, if--

(1) The delay in completing the work arises from unforeseeable causes beyond the control and without the fault or negligence of the Contractor. Examples of such causes include

(i) acts of God or of the public enemy,

(ii) acts of the Government in either its sovereign or contractual capacity,

(iii) acts of another Contractor in the performance of a contract with the Government,

(iv) fires,

(v) floods,

(vi) epidemics,

(vii) quarantine restrictions,

(viii) strikes,

(ix) freight embargoes,

(x) unusually severe weather, or delays of subcontractors or suppliers at any tier arising from unforeseeable causes beyond the control and without the fault or negligence of both the Contractor and the subcontractors or suppliers; and

(2) The Contractor, within 10 days from the beginning of any delay (unless extended by the Contracting Officer), notifies the Contracting Officer in writing of the causes of delay. The Contracting Officer shall ascertain the facts and the extent of delay. If, in the judgment of the Contracting Officer, the findings of fact warrant such action, the time for completing the work shall be extended. The findings of the Contracting Officer shall be final and conclusive on the parties, but subject to appeal under the Disputes clause.

(c) If, after termination of the Contractor's right to proceed, it is determined that the Contractor was not in default, or that the delay was excusable, the rights and obligations of the parties will be the same as if the termination had been issued for the convenience of the Government.

The rights and remedies of the Government in this clause are in addition to any other rights and remedies provided by law or under this contract.

(End of clause)

52.253-1 COMPUTER GENERATED FORMS (JAN 1991)

(a) Any data required to be submitted on a Standard or Optional Form prescribed by the Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR) may be submitted on a computer generated version of the form, provided there is no change to

the name, content, or sequence of the data elements on the form, and provided the form carries the Standard or Optional Form number and edition date.

(b) Unless prohibited by agency regulations, any data required to be submitted on an agency unique form prescribed by an agency supplement to the FAR may be submitted on a computer generated version of the form provided there is no change to the name, content, or sequence of the data elements on the form and provided the form carries the agency form number and edition date.

(c) If the Contractor submits a computer generated version of a form that is different than the required form, then the rights and obligations of the parties will be determined based on the content of the required form.

(End of clause)

252.201-7000 CONTRACTING OFFICER'S REPRESENTATIVE (DEC 1991)

(a) "Definition. Contracting officer's representative" means an individual designated in accordance with subsection 201.602-2 of the Defense Federal Acquisition Regulation Supplement and authorized in writing by the contracting officer to perform specific technical or administrative functions.

(b) If the Contracting Officer designates a contracting officer's representative (COR), the Contractor will receive a copy of the written designation. It will specify the extent of the COR's authority to act on behalf of the contracting officer. The COR is not authorized to make any commitments or changes that will affect price, quality, quantity, delivery, or any other term or condition of the contract.

(End of clause)

252.203-7001 PROHIBITION ON PERSONS CONVICTED OF FRAUD OR OTHER DEFENSE-CONTRACT-RELATED FELONIES (MAR 1999)

(a) Definitions. As used in this clause—

(1) “Arising out of a contract with the DoD” means any act in connection with—

(i) Attempting to obtain;

(ii) Obtaining, or

(iii) Performing a contract or first-tier subcontract of any agency, department, or component of the Department of Defense (DoD).

(2) “Conviction of fraud or any other felony” means any conviction for fraud or a felony in violation of state or Federal criminal statutes, whether entered on a verdict or plea, including a plea of *nolo contendere*, for which sentence has been imposed.

(3) “Date of conviction” means the date judgment was entered against the individual.

(b) Any individual who is convicted after September 29, 1988, of fraud or any other felony arising out of a contract with the DoD is prohibited from serving--

(1) In a management or supervisory capacity on any DoD contract or first-tier subcontract;

(2) On the board of directors of any DoD contractor or first-tier subcontractor;

(3) As a consultant, agent, or representative for any DoD contractor or first-tier subcontractor; or

(4) In any other capacity with the authority to influence, advise, or control the decisions of any DoD contractor or subcontractor with regard to any DoD contract or first-tier subcontract.

(c) Unless waived, the prohibition in paragraph (b) of this clause applies for not less than 5 years from the date of conviction.

(d) 10 U.S.C. 2408 provides that a defense contractor or first-tier subcontractor shall be subject to a criminal penalty of not more than $500,000 if convicted of knowingly—

(1) Employing a person under a prohibition specified in paragraph (b) of this clause; or

(2) Allowing such a person to serve on the board of directors of the contractor or first-tier subcontractor.

(e) In addition to the criminal penalties contained in 10 U.S.C. 2408, the Government may consider other available remedies, such as—

(1) Suspension or debarment;

(2) Cancellation of the contract at no cost to the Government; or

(3) Termination of the contract for default.

(f) The Contractor may submit written requests for waiver of the prohibition in paragraph (b) of this clause to the Contracting Officer. Requests shall clearly identify—

(1) The person involved;

(2) The nature of the conviction and resultant sentence or punishment imposed;

(3) The reasons for the requested waiver; and

(4) An explanation of why a waiver is in the interest of national security.

(g) The Contractor agrees to include the substance of this clause, appropriately modified to reflect the identity and relationship of the parties, in all first-tier subcontracts exceeding the simplified acquisition threshold in Part 2 of the Federal Acquisition Regulation, except those for commercial items or components.

(h) Pursuant to 10 U.S.C. 2408(c), defense contractors and subcontractors may obtain information as to whether a particular person has been convicted of fraud or any other felony arising out of a contract with the DoD by contacting The Office of Justice Programs, The Denial of Federal Benefits Office, U.S. Department of Justice, telephone (202) 616-3507.

(End of clause)

252.203-7002 DISPLAY OF DOD HOTLINE POSTER (DEC 1991)

(a) The Contractor shall display prominently in common work areas within business segments performing work under Department of Defense (DoD) contracts, DoD Hotline Posters prepared by the DoD Office of the Inspector

General.

(b) DoD Hotline Posters may be obtained from the DoD Inspector General, ATTN: Defense Hotline, 400 Army Navy Drive, Washington, DC 22202-2884.

(3) The Contractor need not comply with paragraph (a) of this clause if it has established a mechanism, such as a hotline, by which employees may report suspected instances of improper conduct, and instructions that encourage employees to make such reports.

(End of clause)

252.204-7000 DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION (DEC 1991)

(a) The Contractor shall not release to anyone outside the Contractor's organization any unclassified information, regardless of medium (e.g., film, tape, document), pertaining to any part of this contract or any program related to this contract, unless--

(1) The Contracting Officer has given prior written approval; or

(2) The information is otherwise in the public domain before the date of release.

(b) Requests for approval shall identify the specific information to be released, the medium to be used, and the purpose for the release. The Contractor shall submit its request to the Contracting Officer at least 45 days before the proposed date for release.

(c) The Contractor agrees to include a similar requirement in each subcontract under this contract. Subcontractors shall submit requests for authorization to release through the prime contractor to the Contracting Officer.

(End of clause)

252.204-7003 CONTROL OF GOVERNMENT PERSONNEL WORK PRODUCT (APR 1992)

The Contractor's procedures for protecting against unauthorized disclosure of information shall not require Department of Defense employees or members of the Armed Forces to relinquish control of their work products, whether classified or not, to the contractor.

(End of clause)

252.204-7004 REQUIRED CENTRAL CONTRACTOR REGISTRATION ALTERNATE A (NOV 2003)

(a) Definitions. As used in this clause--

“Central Contractor Registration (CCR) database” means the primary Government repository for contractor information required for the conduct of business with the Government.

“Commercial and Government Entity (CAGE) code” means--

(1) A code assigned by the Defense Logistics Information Service (DLIS) to identify a commercial or Government entity; or

(2) A code assigned by a member of the North Atlantic Treaty Organization that DLIS records and maintains in the CAGE master file. This type of code is known as an “NCAGE code.”

“Data Universal Numbering System (DUNS) number” means the 9-digit number assigned by Dun and Bradstreet, Inc. (D&B) to identify unique business entities.

“Data Universal Numbering System +4 (DUNS+4) number” means the DUNS number assigned by D&B plus a 4-character suffix that may be assigned by a business concern. (D&B has no affiliation with this 4-character suffix.) This 4-character suffix may be assigned at the discretion of the business concern to establish additional CCR records for identifying alternative Electronic Funds Transfer (EFT) accounts (see Subpart 32.11 of the Federal Acquisition Regulation) for the same parent concern.

“Registered in the CCR database” means that--

(1) The Contractor has entered all mandatory information, including the DUNS number or the DUNS+4 number, into the CCR database;

(2) The Contractor's CAGE code is in the CCR database; and

(3) The Government has validated all mandatory data fields and has marked the records “Active.”

(b)(1) By submission of an offer, the offeror acknowledges the requirement that a prospective awardee shall be registered in the CCR database prior to award, during performance, and through final payment of any contract, basic agreement, basic ordering agreement, or blanket purchasing agreement resulting from this solicitation.

(2) The offeror shall enter, in the block with its name and address on the cover page of its offer, the annotation “DUNS” or “DUNS +4” followed by the DUNS or DUNS +4 number that identifies the offeror's name and address exactly as stated in the offer. The DUNS number will be used by the Contracting Officer to verify that the offeror is registered in the CCR database.

(c) If the offeror does not have a DUNS number, it should contact Dun and Bradstreet directly to obtain one.

(1) An offeror may obtain a DUNS number--

(i) If located within the United States, by calling Dun and Bradstreet at 1-866-705-5711 or via the Internet at http://www.dnb.com; or

(ii) If located outside the United States, by contacting the local Dun and Bradstreet office.

(2) The offeror should be prepared to provide the following information:

(i) Company legal business.

(ii) Tradestyle, doing business, or other name by which your entity is commonly recognized.

(iii) Company Physical Street Address, City, State, and Zip Code.

(iv) Company Mailing Address, City, State and Zip Code (if separate from physical).

(v) Company Telephone Number.

(vi) Date the company was started.

(vii) Number of employees at your location.

(viii) Chief executive officer/key manager.

(ix) Line of business (industry).

(x) Company Headquarters name and address (reporting relationship within your entity).

(d) If the Offeror does not become registered in the CCR database in the time prescribed by the Contracting Officer, the Contracting Officer will proceed to award to the next otherwise successful registered Offeror.

(e) Processing time, which normally takes 48 hours, should be taken into consideration when registering. Offerors who are not registered should consider applying for registration immediately upon receipt of this solicitation.

(f) The Contractor is responsible for the accuracy and completeness of the data within the CCR database, and for any liability resulting from the Government's reliance on inaccurate or incomplete data. To remain registered in the CCR database after the initial registration, the Contractor is required to review and update on an annual basis from the date of initial registration or subsequent updates its information in the CCR database to ensure it is current, accurate and complete. Updating information in the CCR does not alter the terms and conditions of this contract and is not a substitute for a properly executed contractual document.

(g)(1)(i) If a Contractor has legally changed its business name, “doing business as” name, or division name (whichever is shown on the contract), or has transferred the assets used in performing the contract, but has not completed the necessary requirements regarding novation and change-of-name agreements in Subpart 42.12, the Contractor shall provide the responsible Contracting Officer a minimum of one business day's written notification of its intention to (A) change the name in the CCR database; (B) comply with the requirements of Subpart 42.12 of the FAR; and (C) agree in writing to the timeline and procedures specified by the responsible Contracting Officer. The Contractor must provide with the notification sufficient documentation to support the legally changed name.

(ii) If the Contractor fails to comply with the requirements of paragraph (g)(1)(i) of this clause, or fails to perform the agreement at paragraph (g)(1)(i)(C) of this clause, and, in the absence of a properly executed novation or change-of-name agreement, the CCR information that shows the Contractor to be other than the Contractor indicated in the contract will be considered to be incorrect information within the meaning of the “Suspension of Payment” paragraph of the electronic funds transfer (EFT) clause of this contract.

(2) The Contractor shall not change the name or address for EFT payments or manual payments, as appropriate, in the CCR record to reflect an assignee for the purpose of assignment of claims (see FAR Subpart 32.8, Assignment of Claims). Assignees shall be separately registered in the CCR database. Information provided to the Contractor's CCR record that indicates payments, including those made by EFT, to an ultimate recipient other than that Contractor will be considered to be incorrect information within the meaning of the “Suspension of payment” paragraph of the EFT clause of this contract.

(h) Offerors and Contractors may obtain information on registration and annual confirmation requirements via the internet at http://www.ccr.gov or by calling 1-888-227-2423, or 269-961-5757.

(End of clause)

252.205-7000 PROVISION OF INFORMATION TO COOPERATIVE AGREEMENT HOLDERS (DEC 1991)

(a) Definition.

"Cooperative agreement holder" means a State or local government; a private, nonprofit organization; a tribal organization (as defined in section 4(c) of the Indian Self-Determination and Education Assistance Act (Pub. L. 93-268; 25 U.S.C. 450 (c))); or an economic enterprise (as defined in section 3(e) of the Indian Financing Act of 1974 (Pub. L. 93-362; 25 U.S.C. 1452(e))) whether such economic enterprise is organized for profit or nonprofit purposes; which has an agreement with the Defense Logistics Agency to furnish procurement technical assistance to business entities.

(b) The Contractor shall provide cooperative agreement holders, upon their request, with a list of those appropriate employees or offices responsible for entering into subcontracts under defense contracts. The list shall include the business address, telephone number, and area of responsibility of each employee or office.

(c) The Contractor need not provide the listing to a particular cooperative agreement holder more frequently than once a year.

(End of clause)

252.209-7000 ACQUISITION FROM SUBCONTRACTORS SUBJECT TO ONSITE INSPECTION UNDER THE INTERMEDIATE-RANGE NUCLEAR FORCES (INF) TREATY (NOV 1995)

(a) The Contractor shall not deny consideration for a subcontract award under this contract to a potential subcontractor subject to on-site inspection under the INF Treaty, or a similar treaty, solely or in part because of the actual or potential presence of Soviet inspectors at the subcontractor's facility, unless the decision is approved by the Contracting Officer.

(b) The Contractor shall incorporate this clause, including this paragraph (b), in all solicitations and contracts exceeding the simplified acquisition threshold in part 13 of the Federal Acquisition Regulation, except those for commercial items.

(End of clause)

252.209-7004 SUBCONTRACTING WITH FIRMS THAT ARE OWNED OR CONTROLLED BY THE GOVERNMENT OF A TERRORIST COUNTRY (MAR 1998)

(a) Unless the Government determines that there is a compelling reason to do so, the Contractor shall not enter into any subcontract in excess of $25,000 with a firm, or subsidiary of a firm, that is identified, on the List of Parties Excluded from Federal Procurement and Nonprocurement Programs, as being ineligible for the award of Defense contracts or subcontracts because it is owned or controlled by the government of a terrorist country.

(b) A corporate officer or a designee of the Contractor shall notify the Contracting Officer, in writing, before entering into a subcontract with a party that is identified, on the List of Parties Excluded from Federal Procurement and Nonprocurement Programs, as being ineligible for the award of Defense contracts or subcontracts because it is owned or controlled by the government of a terrorist country. The notice must include the name of the proposed subcontractor notwithstanding its inclusion on the List of Parties Excluded From Federal Procurement and Nonprocurement Programs.

(End of clause)

252.215-7000 PRICING ADJUSTMENTS (DEC 1991)

The term "pricing adjustment," as used in paragraph (a) of the clauses entitled "Price Reduction for Defective Cost or Pricing Data - Modifications," "Subcontractor Cost or Pricing Data," and "Subcontractor Cost or Pricing Data - Modifications," means the aggregate increases and/or decreases in cost plus applicable profits.

(End of clause)

252.219-7010 ALTERNATE A (JUN 1998)

(a) Offers are solicited only from small business concerns expressly certified by the Small Business Administration (SBA) for participation in the SBA's 8(a) Program and which meet the following criteria at the time of submission of offer--

(1) The Offeror is in conformance with the 8(a) limitation set forth in its approved business plan; and

(2) The Offeror is in conformance with the Business Activity Targets set forth in its approved business plan or any remedial action directed by the SBA.

(b) By submission of its offer, the Offeror represents that it meets all of the criteria set forth in paragraph (a) of this clause.

(c) Any award resulting from this solicitation will be made directly by the Contracting Officer to the successful 8(a) offeror selected through the evaluation criteria set forth in this solicitation.

(d)(1) Agreement. A small business concern submitting an offer in its own name agrees to furnish, in performing the contract, only end items manufactured or produced by small business concerns in the United States. The term "United States" includes its territories and possessions, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, the trust territory of the Pacific Islands, and the District of Columbia. If this procurement is processed under simplified acquisition procedures and the total amount of this contract does not exceed $25,000, a small business concern may furnish the product of any domestic firm. This subparagraph does not apply in connection with construction or service contracts.

(2) The [insert name of SBA's contractor] will notify the [insert name of contracting agency] . Contracting Officer in writing immediately upon entering an agreement (either oral or written) to transfer all or part of its stock or other ownership interest to any other party.

(End of clause)

252.223-7001 HAZARD WARNING LABELS (DEC 1991)

(a) "Hazardous material," as used in this clause, is defined in the Hazardous Material Identification and Material Safety Data clause of this contract.

(b) The Contractor shall label the item package (unit container) of any hazardous material to be delivered under this contract in accordance with the Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200 et seq). The Standard requires that the hazard warning label conform to the requirements of the standard unless the material is otherwise subject to the labeling requirements of one of the following statutes:

(1) Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act;

(2) Federal Food, Drug and Cosmetics Act;

(3) Consumer Product Safety Act;

(4) Federal Hazardous Substances Act; or

(5) Federal Alcohol Administration Act.

(c) The Offeror shall list which hazardous material listed in the Hazardous Material Identification and Material Safety Data clause of this contract will be labeled in accordance with one of the Acts in paragraphs (b)(1) through (5) of this clause instead of the Hazard Communication Standard. Any hazardous material not listed will be interpreted to mean that a label is required in accordance with the Hazard Communication Standard.

MATERIAL (If None, Insert "None.")	ACT
_____	_____
_____	_____

(d) The apparently successful Offeror agrees to submit, before award, a copy of the hazard warning label for all hazardous materials not listed in paragraph (c) of this clause. The Offeror shall submit the label with the Material Safety Data Sheet being furnished under the Hazardous Material Identification and Material Safety Data clause of this contract.

(e) The Contractor shall also comply with MIL-STD-129, Marking for Shipment and Storage (including revisions adopted during the term of this contract).

(End of clause)

252.223-7006 PROHIBITION ON STORAGE AND DISPOSAL OF TOXIC AND HAZARDOUS MATERIALS (APR 1993)

(a) "Definitions".

As used in this clause --

(1) "Storage" means a non-transitory, semi-permanent or permanent holding, placement, or leaving of material. It does not include a temporary accumulation of a limited quantity of a material used in or a waste generated or resulting from authorized activities, such as servicing, maintenance, or repair of Department of Defense (DoD) items, equipment, or facilities.

(2) "Toxic or hazardous materials" means:

(i) Materials referred to in section 101(14) of the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act (CERCLA) of 1980 (42 U.S.C. 9601(14)) and materials designated under section 102 of CERCLA (42 U.S.C. 9602) (40 CFR part 302);

(ii) Materials that are of an explosive, flammable, or pyrotechnic nature; or

(iii) Materials otherwise identified by the Secretary of Defense as specified in DoD regulations.

(b) In accordance with 10 U.S.C. 2692, the Contractor is prohibited from storing or disposing of non-DoD-owned toxic or hazardous materials on a DoD installation, except to the extent authorized by a statutory exception to 10 U.S.C. 2692 or as authorized by the Secretary of Defense or his designee.

(End of clause)

252.225-7012 PREFERENCE FOR CERTAIN DOMESTIC COMMODITIES (JUN 2004)

(a) Definitions. As used in this clause--

(1) Component means any item supplied to the Government as part of an end product or of another component.

(2) End product means supplies delivered under a line item of this contract.

(3) United States means the 50 States, the District of Columbia, and outlying areas.

(4) U.S.-flag vessel means a vessel of the United States or belonging to the United States, including any vessel registered or having national status under the laws of the United States.

(b) The Contractor shall deliver under this contract only such of the following items, either as end products or components, that have been grown, reprocessed, reused, or produced in the United States:

(1) Food.

(2) Clothing.

(3) Tents, tarpaulins, or covers.

(4) Cotton and other natural fiber products.

(5) Woven silk or woven silk blends.

(6) Spun silk yarn for cartridge cloth.

(7) Synthetic fabric, and coated synthetic fabric, including all textile fibers and yarns that are for use in such fabrics.

(8) Canvas products.

(9) Wool (whether in the form of fiber or yarn or contained in fabrics, materials, or manufactured articles).

(10) Any item of individual equipment (Federal Supply Class 8465) manufactured from or containing fibers, yarns, fabrics, or materials listed in this paragraph (b).

(c) This clause does not apply--

(1) To items listed in section 25.104(a) of the Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR), or other items for which the Government has determined that a satisfactory quality and sufficient quantity cannot be acquired as and when needed at U.S. market prices;

(2) To end products incidentally incorporating cotton, other natural fibers, or wool, for which the estimated value of the cotton, other natural fibers, or wool--

(i) Is not more than 10 percent of the total price of the end product; and (ii) Does not exceed the simplified acquisition threshold in FAR part 2;

(3) To waste and byproducts of cotton or wool fiber for use in the production of propellants and explosives;

(4) To foods, other than fish, shellfish, or seafood, that have been manufactured or processed in the United States, regardless of where the foods (and any component if applicable) were grown or produced. Fish, shellfish, or seafood manufactured or processed in the United States and fish, shellfish, or seafood contained in foods manufactured or processed in the United States shall be provided in accordance with paragraph (d) of this clause;

(5) To chemical warfare protective clothing produced in the countries listed in subsection 225.872-1 of the Defense FAR Supplement; or

(6) To fibers and yarns that are for use in synthetic fabric or coated synthetic fabric (but does apply to the synthetic or coated synthetic fabric itself), if--

(i) The fabric is to be used as a component of an end product that is not a textile product. Examples of textile products, made in whole or in part of fabric, include--

(A) Draperies, floor coverings, furnishings, and bedding (Federal Supply Group 72, Household and Commercial Furnishings and Appliances);

(B) Items made in whole or in part of fabric in Federal Supply Group 83, Textile/leather/furs/apparel/findings/ tents/flags, or Federal Supply Group 84, Clothing, Individual Equipment and Insignia;

(C) Upholstered seats (whether for household, office, or other use); and

(D) Parachutes (Federal Supply Class 1670); or

(ii) The fibers and yarns are para-aramid fibers and yarns manufactured in the Netherlands.

(d)(1) Fish, shellfish, and seafood delivered under this contract, or contained in foods delivered under this contract--

(i) Shall be taken from the sea by U.S.-flag vessels; or

(ii) If not taken from the sea, shall be obtained from fishing within the United States; and

(2) Any processing or manufacturing of the fish, shellfish, or seafood shall be performed on a U.S.-flag vessel or in the United States.

(End of clause)

252.225-7031 SECONDARY ARAB BOYCOTT OF ISRAEL (APR 2003)

(a) Definitions. As used in this provision--

(1) Foreign person means any person (including any individual, partnership, corporation, or other form of association) other than a United States person.

(2) United States person is defined in 50 U.S.C. App. 2415(2) and means--

(i) Any United States resident or national (other than an individual resident outside the United States who is employed by other than a United States person);

(ii) Any domestic concern (including any permanent domestic establishment of any foreign concern); and

(iii) Any foreign subsidiary or affiliate (including any permanent foreign establishment) of any domestic concern that is controlled in fact by such domestic concern.

(b) Certification. If the offeror is a foreign person, the offeror certifies, by submission of an offer, that it--

(1) Does not comply with the Secondary Arab Boycott of Israel; and

(2) Is not taking or knowingly agreeing to take any action, with respect to the Secondary Boycott of Israel by Arab countries, which 50 U.S.C. App. 2407(a) prohibits a United States person from taking.

(End of provision)

252.226-7001 UTILIZATION OF INDIAN ORGANIZATIONS AND INDIAN-OWNED ECONOMIC ENTERPRISES, AND NATIVE HAWAIIAN SMALL BUSINESS CONCERNS (OCT 2003)

(a) Definitions. As used in this clause--

Indian means any person who is a member of any Indian tribe, band, group, pueblo, or community that is recognized by the Federal Government as eligible for services from the Bureau of Indian Affairs (BIA) in accordance with 25 U.S.C. 1452(c) and any ``Native'' as defined in the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act (43 U.S.C. 1601).

Indian organization means the governing body of any Indian tribe or entity established or recognized by the governing body of an Indian tribe for the purposes of 25 U.S.C. chapter 17.

Indian-owned economic enterprise means any Indian-owned (as determined by the Secretary of the Interior) commercial, industrial, or business activity established or organized for the purpose of profit, provided that Indian ownership constitutes not less than 51 percent of the enterprise.

Indian tribe means any Indian tribe, band, group, pueblo, or community, including native villages and native groups (including corporations organized by Kenai, Juneau, Sitka, and Kodiak) as defined in the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act, that is recognized by the Federal Government as eligible for services from BIA in accordance with 25 U.S.C. 1452(c).

Interested party means a contractor or an actual or prospective offeror whose direct economic interest would be affected by the award of a subcontract or by the failure to award a subcontract.

Native Hawaiian small business concern means an entity that is--

(1) A small business concern as defined in section 3 of the Small Business Act (15 U.S.C. 632) and relevant implementing regulations; and

(2) Owned and controlled by a Native Hawaiian as defined in 25 U.S.C. 4221(9).

(b) The Contractor shall use its best efforts to give Indian organizations, Indian-owned economic enterprises, and Native Hawaiian small business concerns the maximum practicable opportunity to participate in the subcontracts it awards, to the fullest extent consistent with efficient performance of the contract.

(c) The Contracting Officer and the Contractor, acting in good faith, may rely on the representation of an Indian organization, Indian-owned economic enterprise, or Native Hawaiian small business concern as to its eligibility, unless an interested party challenges its status or the Contracting Officer has independent reason to question that status.

(d) In the event of a challenge to the representation of a subcontractor, the Contracting Officer will refer the matter to--

(1) For matters relating to Indian organizations or Indian-owned economic enterprises: U.S. Department of the Interior, Bureau of Indian Affairs, Attn: Chief, Division of Contracting and Grants Administration, 1849 C Street NW, MS-2626-MIB, Washington, DC 20240-4000. The BIA will determine the eligibility and will notify the Contracting Officer.

(2) For matters relating to Native Hawaiian small business concerns: Department of Hawaiian Home Lands, PO Box 1879, Honolulu, HI 96805. The Department of Hawaiian Home Lands will determine the eligibility and will notify the Contracting Officer.

(e) No incentive payment will be made--

(1) While a challenge is pending; or

(2) If a subcontractor is determined to be an ineligible participant.

(f)(1) The Contractor, on its own behalf or on behalf of a subcontractor at any tier, may request an incentive payment in accordance with this clause.

(2) The incentive amount that may be requested is 5 percent of the estimated cost, target cost, or fixed price included in the subcontract at the time of award to the Indian organization, Indian-owned economic enterprise, or Native Hawaiian small business concern.

(3) In the case of a subcontract for commercial items, the Contractor may receive an incentive payment only if the subcontracted items are produced or manufactured in whole or in part by an Indian organization, Indian-owned economic enterprise, or Native Hawaiian small business concern.

(4) The Contractor has the burden of proving the amount claimed and shall assert its request for an incentive payment prior to completion of contract performance.

(5) The Contracting Officer, subject to the terms and conditions of the contract and the availability of funds, will authorize an incentive payment of 5 percent of the estimated cost, target cost, or fixed price included in the subcontract awarded to the Indian organization, Indian-owned economic enterprise, or Native Hawaiian small business concern.

(6) If the Contractor requests and receives an incentive payment on behalf of a subcontractor, the Contractor is obligated to pay the subcontractor the incentive amount.

(g) The Contractor shall insert the substance of this clause, including this paragraph (g), in all subcontracts exceeding $500,000 for which further subcontracting opportunities may exist.

(End of clause)

252.227-7022 GOVERNMENT RIGHTS (UNLIMITED) (MAR 1979)

The Government shall have unlimited rights, in all drawings, designs, specifications, notes and other works developed in the performance of this contract, including the right to use same on any other Government design or construction without additional compensation to the Contractor. The Contractor hereby grants to the Government a

paid-up license throughout the world to all such works to which he may assert or establish any claim under design patent or copyright laws. The Contractor for a period of three (3) years after completion of the project agrees to furnish the original or copies of all such works on the request of the Contracting Officer.

(End of clause)

252.227-7033 RIGHTS IN SHOP DRAWINGS (APR 1966)

(a) Shop drawings for construction means drawings, submitted to the Government by the Construction Contractor, subcontractor or any lower-tier subcontractor pursuant to a construction contract, showing in detail (i) the proposed fabrication and assembly of structural elements and (ii) the installation (i.e., form, fit, and attachment details) of materials or equipment. The Government may duplicate, use, and disclose in any manner and for any purpose shop drawings delivered under this contract.

(b) This clause, including this paragraph (b), shall be included in all subcontracts hereunder at any tier.

252.231-7000 SUPPLEMENTAL COST PRINCIPLES (DEC 1991)

When the allowability of costs under this contract is determined in accordance with part 31 of the Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR), allowability shall also be determined in accordance with part 231 of the Defense FAR Supplement, in effect on the date of this contract.

(End of clause)

252.236-7000 MODIFICATION PROPOSALS - PRICE BREAKDOWN. (DEC 1991)

(a) The Contractor shall furnish a price breakdown, itemized as required and within the time specified by the Contracting Officer, with any proposal for a contract modification.

(b) The price breakdown --

(1) Must include sufficient detail to permit an analysis of profit, and of all costs for --

(i) Material;

(ii) Labor;

(iii) Equipment;

(iv) Subcontracts; and

(v) Overhead; and

(2) Must cover all work involved in the modification, whether the work was deleted, added, or changed.

(c) The Contractor shall provide similar price breakdowns to support any amounts claimed for subcontracts.

(d) The Contractor's proposal shall include a justification for any time extension proposed.

252.236-7005 AIRFIELD SAFETY PRECAUTIONS. (DEC 1991)

(a) Definitions. As used in this clause --

(1) "Landing areas means" --

(i) The primary surfaces, comprising the surface of the runway, runway shoulders, and lateral safety zones. The length of each primary surface is the same as the runway length. The width of each primary surface is 2,000 feet (1,000 feet on each side of the runway centerline);

(ii) The "clear zone" beyond the ends of each runway, i.e., the extension of the primary surface for a distance of 1,000 feet beyond each end of each runway;

(iii) All taxiways, plus the lateral clearance zones along each side for the length of the taxiways (the outer edge of each lateral clearance zone is laterally 250 feet from the far or opposite edge of the taxiway, e.g., a 75-foot-wide taxiway would have a combined width of taxiway and lateral clearance zones of 425 feet); and

(iv) All aircraft parking aprons, plus the area 125 feet in width extending beyond each edge all around the aprons.

(2) "Safety precaution" areas means those portions of approach-departure clearance zones and transitional zones where placement of objects incident to contract performance might result in vertical projections at or above the approach-departure clearance, or the transitional surface.

(i) "The approach-departure clearance surface" is an extension of the primary surface and the clear zone at each end of each runway, for a distance of 50,000 feet, first along an inclined (glide angle) and then along a horizontal plane, both flaring symmetrically about the runway centerline extended.

(A) The inclined plane (glide angle) begins in the clear zone 200 feet past the end of the runway (and primary surface) at the same elevation as the end of the runway. It continues upward at a slope of 50:1 (1 foot vertically for each 50 feet horizontally) to an elevation of 500 feet above the established airfield elevation. At that point the plane becomes horizontal, continuing at that same uniform elevation to a point 50,000 feet longitudinally from the beginning of the inclined plane (glide angle) and ending there.

(B) The width of the surface at the beginning of the inclined plane (glide angle) is the same as the width of the clear zone. It then flares uniformly, reaching the maximum width of 16,000 feet at the end.

(ii) The "approach-departure clearance zone" is the ground area under the approach-departure clearance surface.

(iii) The "transitional surface" is a sideways extension of all primary surfaces, clear zones, and approach-departure clearance surfaces along inclined planes.

(A) The inclined plane in each case begins at the edge of the surface.

(B) The slope of the incline plane is 7:1 (1 foot vertically for each 7 feet horizontally). It continues to the point of intersection with the --

(1) Inner horizontal surface (which is the horizontal plane 150 feet above the established airfield elevation); or

(2) Outer horizontal surface (which is the horizontal plane 500 feet above the established airfield elevation), whichever is applicable.

(iv) The "transitional zone" is the ground area under the transitional surface. (It adjoins the primary surface, clear zone, and approach-departure clearance zone.)

(b) General. (1) The Contractor shall comply with the requirements of this clause while --

(i) Operating all ground equipment (mobile or stationary);

(ii) Placing all materials; and

(iii) Performing all work, upon and around all airfields.

(2) The requirements of this clause are in addition to any other safety requirements of this contract.

(c) The Contractor shall -

(1) Report to the Contracting Officer before initiating any work;

(2) Notify the Contracting Officer of proposed changes to locations and operations;

(3) Not permit either its equipment or personnel to use any runway for purposes other than aircraft operation without permission of the Contracting Officer, unless the runway is -

(i) Closed by order of the Contracting Officer; and

(ii) Marked as provided in paragraph (d)(2) of this clause;

(4) Keep all paved surfaces, such as runways, taxiways, and hardstands, clean at all times and, specifically, free from small stones which might damage aircraft propellers or jet aircraft;

(5) Operate mobile equipment according to the safety provisions of this clause, while actually performing work on the airfield. At all other times, the Contractor shall remove all mobile equipment to locations -

(i) Approved by the Contracting Officer;

(ii) At a distance of at least 750 feet from the runway centerline, plus any additional distance; and

(iii) Necessary to ensure compliance with the other provisions of this clause; and

(6) Not open a trench unless material is on hand and ready for placing in the trench. As soon as practicable after material has been placed and work approved, the Contractor shall backfill and compact trenches as required by the contract. Meanwhile, all hazardous conditions shall be marked and lighted in accordance with the other provisions of this clause.

(d) Landing areas. The Contractor shall -

(1) Place nothing upon the landing areas without the authorization of the Contracting Officer;

(2) Outline those landing areas hazardous to aircraft, using (unless otherwise authorized by the Contracting Officer) red flags by day, and electric, battery-operated low-intensity red flasher lights by night;

(3) Obtain, at an airfield where flying is controlled, additional permission from the control tower operator every time before entering any landing area, unless the landing area is marked as hazardous in accordance with paragraph (d)(2) of this clause;

(4) Identify all vehicles it operates in landing areas by means of a flag on a staff attached to, and flying above, the vehicle. The flag shall be three feet square, and consist of a checkered pattern of international orange and white

squares of 1 foot on each side (except that the flag may vary up to ten percent from each of these dimensions);

(5) Mark all other equipment and materials in the landing areas, using the same marking devices as in paragraph (d)(2) of this clause; and

(6) Perform work so as to leave that portion of the landing area which is available to aircraft free from hazards, holes, piles of material, and projecting shoulders that might damage an airplane tire.

(e) Safety precaution areas. The Contractor shall -

(1) Place nothing upon the safety precaution areas without authorization of the Contracting Officer;

(2) Mark all equipment and materials in safety precaution areas, using (unless otherwise authorized by the Contracting Officer) red flags by day, and electric, battery-operated, low-intensity red flasher lights by night; and

(3) Provide all objects placed in safety precaution areas with a red light or red lantern at night, if the objects project above the approach-departure clearance surface or above the transitional surface.

252.242-7000 POSTAWARD CONFERENCE (DEC 1991)

The Contractor agrees to attend any postaward conference convened by the contracting activity or contract administration office in accordance with Federal Acquisition Regulation subpart 42.5.

(End of clause)

252.242-7004 MATERIAL MANAGEMENT AND ACCOUNTING SYSTEM (SEP 1996)

(a) Definitions. As used in this clause--

(1) Material management and accounting system means the Contractor's system or systems for planning, controlling, and accounting for the acquisition, use, issuing, and disposition of material. Material management and accounting systems may be manual or automated. They may be stand-alone systems or they may be integrated with planning, engineering, estimating, purchasing, inventory, accounting, or other systems.

(2) Valid time-phased requirements means material which is--

Needed to fulfill the production plan, including reasonable quantities for scrap, shrinkage, yield, etc.; and

(ii) Charged/billed to contracts or other cost objectives in a manner consistent with the need to fulfill the production plan.

(3) Contractor means a business unit as defined in section 31.001 of the Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR).

(b) General. The Contractor agrees to--

(1) Maintain a material management and accounting system (MMAS) that--

(i) Reasonably forecasts material requirements;

(ii) Ensures that costs of purchased and fabricated material charged or allocated to a contract are based on valid time-phased requirements; and

(iii) Maintains a consistent, equitable, and unbiased logic for costing of material transactions.

(2) Assess its MMAS and take reasonable action to comply with the MMAS standards in paragraph (f) of this clause.

(c) Applicability. Paragraphs (d) and (e) of this clause apply only if the Contractor--

(1) Is a large business; and

(2) Received, in its fiscal year preceding award of this contract, Department of Defense prime contracts or subcontracts, and their modifications totaling--

(i) $70 million or more; or

(ii) $30 million or more (but less than $70 million), and is notified in writing by the Contracting Officer that paragraphs (d) and (e) apply.

(d) Disclosure, demonstration, and maintenance requirements. (1) The Contractor shall--

Disclose its MMAS to the Administrative Contracting Officer in writing; and

(ii) If requested by the Administrative Contracting Officer, demonstrate that the MMAS conforms to the standards in paragraph (f) of this clause.

(2) An MMAS disclosure is adequate when the Contractor has provided the Administrative Contracting Officer with documentation which--

(i) Accurately describes those policies, procedures, and practices that the Contractor currently uses in its MMAS; and

(ii) Provides sufficient detail for the Government to reasonably make an informed judgment regarding the adequacy of the MMAS.

(3) An MMAS demonstration is adequate when the Contractor has provided the Administrative Contracting Officer--

(i) Sufficient evidence to demonstrate the degree of compliance of its MMAS with the standards at paragraph (f) of this clause; and

(ii) Identification of any significant deficiencies, the estimated cost impact of the deficiency, and a comprehensive corrective action plan.

(4) The Contractor shall disclose significant changes in its MMAS to the Administrative Contracting Officer within 30 days of implementation.

(5) If the contractor desires the Government to protect such information as privileged or confidential, the Contractor shall--

(i) Notify the Government representative to whom the information is submitted, i.e., the ACO, or the auditor; and

(ii) Ensure an appropriate legend is on the face of the document(s) at the time of submission.

(e) Deficiencies. (1) If the Contractor receives a report which identifies deficiencies in its MMAS, the Contractor

agrees to respond as follows--

(i) If the Contractor agrees with the report findings and recommendations, the Contractor shall--

(A) Within 30 days, state its agreement in writing; and

(B) Within 60 days, correct the deficiencies or submit a corrective action plan.

(ii) If the Contractor disagrees with the report findings and recommendations, the Contractor shall, within 30 days, state its rationale for each area of disagreement.

(2) The Administrative Contracting Officer shall evaluate the Contractor's response and notify the Contractor of the--

(i) Determination concerning remaining deficiencies;

(ii) Adequacy of any proposed or completed corrective action plan; and

(iii) Need for any new or revised corrective action plan.

(f) MMAS standards. MMAS systems shall have adequate internal accounting and administrative controls to ensure system and data integrity, and comply with the following:

(1) Have an adequate system description including policies, procedures, and operating instructions which comply with the Federal Acquisition Regulation and Defense FAR Supplement;

(2) Ensure that costs of purchased and fabricated material charged or allocated to a contract are based on valid time-phased requirements as impacted by minimum/economic order quantity restrictions--

(i) A 98 percent bill of material accuracy and a 95 percent master production schedule accuracy are desirable as a goal in order to ensure that requirements are both valid and appropriately time-phased.

(ii) If systems have accuracy levels below these, the Contractor shall demonstrate that--

(A) There is no material harm to the Government due to lower accuracy levels; and

(B) The cost to meet the accuracy goals is excessive in relation to the impact on the Government;

(3) Provide a mechanism to identify, report, and resolve system control weaknesses and manual override. Systems should identify operational exceptions such as excess/residual inventory as soon as known;

(4) Provide audit trails and maintain records (manual and those in machine readable form) necessary to evaluate system logic and to verify through transaction testing that the system is operating as desired;

(5) Establish and maintain adequate levels of record accuracy, and include reconciliation of recorded inventory quantities to physical inventory by part number on a periodic basis. A 95 percent accuracy level is desirable. If systems have an accuracy level below 95 percent, the Contractor shall demonstrate that--

(i) There is no material harm to the Government due to lower accuracy levels; and

(ii) The cost to meet the accuracy goal is excessive in relation to the impact on the Government;

(6) Provide detailed descriptions of circumstances which will result in manual or system generated transfers of parts;

(7) Maintain a consistent, equitable, and unbiased logic for costing of material transactions--

(i) The Contractor shall maintain and disclose written policies describing the transfer methodology and the loan/pay-back technique.

(ii) The costing methodology may be standard or actual cost, or any of the inventory costing methods in 48 CFR 9904.411-50(b). Consistency shall be maintained across all contract and customer types, and from accounting period to accounting period for initial charging and transfer charging.

(iii) The system should transfer parts and associated costs within the same billing period. In the few instances where this may not be appropriate, the Contractor may accomplish the material transaction using a loan/pay-back technique. The "loan/pay-back technique" means that the physical part is moved temporarily from the contract, but the cost of the part remains on the contract. The procedures for the loan/pay-back technique must be approved by the Administrative Contracting Officer. When the technique is used, the Contractor shall have controls to ensure--

(A) Parts are paid back expeditiously;

(B) Procedures and controls are in place to correct any overbilling that might occur;

(C) Monthly, at a minimum, identification of the borrowing contract and the date the part was borrowed; and

(D) The cost of the replacement part is charged to the borrowing contract;

(8) Where allocations from common inventory accounts are used, have controls (in addition to those in paragraphs (b)(2) and (7) of this clause) to ensure that--

(i) Reallocations and any credit due are processed no less frequently than the routine billing cycle;

(ii) Inventories retained for requirements which are not under contract are not allocated to contracts; and

(iii) Algorithms are maintained based on valid and current data;

(9) Notwithstanding FAR 45.505-3(f)(1)(ii), have adequate controls to ensure that physically commingled inventories that may include material for which costs are charged or allocated to fixed-price, cost-reimbursement, and commercial contracts do not compromise requirements of any of the standards in paragraphs (f)(1) through (8) of this clause. Government furnished material shall not be--

(i) Physically commingled with other material; or

(ii) Used on commercial work; and

(10) Be subjected to periodic internal audits to ensure compliance with established policies and procedures.

(End of clause)

252.243-7001 PRICING OF CONTRACT MODIFICATIONS (DEC 1991)

When costs are a factor in any price adjustment under this contract, the contract cost principles and procedures in FAR part 31 and DFARS part 231, in effect on the date of this contract, apply.

252.243-7002 REQUESTS FOR EQUITABLE ADJUSTMENT (MAR 1998)

(a) The amount of any request for equitable adjustment to contract terms shall accurately reflect the contract adjustment for which the Contractor believes the Government is liable. The request shall include only costs for performing the change, and shall not include any costs that already have been reimbursed or that have been separately claimed. All indirect costs included in the request shall be properly allocable to the change in accordance with applicable acquisition regulations.

(b) In accordance with 10 U.S.C. 2410(a), any request for equitable adjustment to contract terms that exceeds the simplified acquisition threshold shall bear, at the time of submission, the following certificate executed by an individual authorized to certify the request on behalf of the Contractor:

I certify that the request is made in good faith, and that the supporting data are accurate and complete to the best of my knowledge and belief.

(Official's Name)

(Title)

(c) The certification in paragraph (b) of this clause requires full disclosure of all relevant facts, including--

(1) Cost or pricing data if required in accordance with subsection 15.403-4 of the Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR); and

(2) Information other than cost or pricing data, in accordance with subsection 15.403-3 of the FAR, including actual cost data and data to support any estimated costs, even if cost or pricing data are not required.

(d) The certification requirement in paragraph (b) of this clause does not apply to----

(1) Requests for routine contract payments; for example, requests for payment for accepted supplies and services, routine vouchers under a cost-reimbursement type contract, or progress payment invoices; or

(2) Final adjustment under an incentive provision of the contract.

252.244-7000 SUBCONTRACTS FOR COMMERCIAL ITEMS AND COMMERCIAL COMPONENTS (DOD) (MAR 2000)

In addition to the clauses listed in paragraph (c) of the Subcontracts for Commercial Items and Commercial Components clause of this contract (Federal Acquisition Regulation 52.244-6), the Contractor shall include the terms of the following clauses, if applicable, in subcontracts for commercial items or commercial components, awarded at any tier under this contract:

252.225-7014 Preference for Domestic Specialty Metals, Alternate I (10 U.S.C. 2241 note).

252.247-7023 Transportation of Supplies by Sea (10 U.S.C. 2631).

252.247-7024 Notification of Transportation of Supplies by Sea (10 U.S.C. 2631).

(End of clause)

252.247-7023 TRANSPORTATION OF SUPPLIES BY SEA (MAY 2002)

(a) Definitions. As used in this clause --

(1) "Components" means articles, materials, and supplies incorporated directly into end products at any level of manufacture, fabrication, or assembly by the Contractor or any subcontractor.

(2) "Department of Defense" (DoD) means the Army, Navy, Air Force, Marine Corps, and defense agencies.

(3) "Foreign flag vessel" means any vessel that is not a U.S.-flag vessel.

(4) "Ocean transportation" means any transportation aboard a ship, vessel, boat, barge, or ferry through international waters.

(5) "Subcontractor" means a supplier, materialman, distributor, or vendor at any level below the prime contractor whose contractual obligation to perform results from, or is conditioned upon, award of the prime contract and who is performing any part of the work or other requirement of the prime contract.

(6) "Supplies" means all property, except land and interests in land, that is clearly identifiable for eventual use by or owned by the DoD at the time of transportation by sea.

(i) An item is clearly identifiable for eventual use by the DoD if, for example, the contract documentation contains a reference to a DoD contract number or a military destination.

(ii) "Supplies" includes (but is not limited to) public works; buildings and facilities; ships; floating equipment and vessels of every character, type, and description, with parts, subassemblies, accessories, and equipment; machine tools; material; equipment; stores of all kinds; end items; construction materials; and components of the foregoing.

(7) "U.S.-flag vessel" means a vessel of the United States or belonging to the United States, including any vessel registered or having national status under the laws of the United States.

(b)(1) The Contractor shall use U.S.-flag vessels when transporting any supplies by sea under this contract.

(2) A subcontractor transporting supplies by sea under this contract shall use U.S.-flag vessels if--

(i) This contract is a construction contract; or

(ii) The supplies being transported are--

(A) Noncommercial items; or

(B) Commercial items that--

(1) The Contractor is reselling or distributing to the Government without adding value (generally, the Contractor does not add value to items that it contracts for f.o.b. destination shipment);

(2) Are shipped in direct support of U.S. military contingency operations, exercises, or forces deployed in humanitarian or peacekeeping operations; or

(3) Are commissary or exchange cargoes transported outside of the Defense Transportation System in accordance with 10 U.S.C. 2643.

(c) The Contractor and its subcontractors may request that the Contracting Officer authorize shipment in foreign-flag vessels, or designate available U.S.-flag vessels, if the Contractor or a subcontractor believes that --

(1) U.S.-flag vessels are not available for timely shipment;

(2) The freight charges are inordinately excessive or unreasonable; or

(3) Freight charges are higher than charges to private persons for transportation of like goods.

(d) The Contractor must submit any request for use of other than U.S.-flag vessels in writing to the Contracting Officer at least 45 days prior to the sailing date necessary to meet its delivery schedules. The Contracting Officer will process requests submitted after such date(s) as expeditiously as possible, but the Contracting Officer's failure to grant approvals to meet the shipper's sailing date will not of itself constitute a compensable delay under this or any other clause of this contract. Requests shall contain at a minimum --

(1) Type, weight, and cube of cargo;

(2) Required shipping date;

(3) Special handling and discharge requirements;

(4) Loading and discharge points;

(5) Name of shipper and consignee;

(6) Prime contract number; and

(7) A documented description of efforts made to secure U.S.-flag vessels, including points of contact (with names and telephone numbers) with at least two U.S.-flag carriers contacted. Copies of telephone notes, telegraphic and facsimile message or letters will be sufficient for this purpose.

(e) The Contractor shall, within 30 days after each shipment covered by this clause, provide the Contracting Officer and the Maritime Administration, Office of Cargo Preference, U.S. Department of Transportation, 400 Seventh Street SW., Washington, DC 20590, one copy of the rated on board vessel operating carrier's ocean bill of lading, which shall contain the following information:

(1) Prime contract number;

(2) Name of vessel;

(3) Vessel flag of registry;

(4) Date of loading;

(5) Port of loading;

(6) Port of final discharge;

(7) Description of commodity;

(8) Gross weight in pounds and cubic feet if available;

(9) Total ocean freight in U.S. dollars; and

(10) Name of the steamship company.

(f) The Contractor shall provide with its final invoice under this contract a representation that to the best of its knowledge and belief--

(1) No ocean transportation was used in the performance of this contract;

(2) Ocean transportation was used and only U.S.-flag vessels were used for all ocean shipments under the contract;

(3) Ocean transportation was used, and the Contractor had the written consent of the Contracting Officer for all non-U.S.-flag ocean transportation; or

(4) Ocean transportation was used and some or all of the shipments were made on non-U.S.-flag vessels without the written consent of the Contracting Officer. The Contractor shall describe these shipments in the following format:

ITEM DESCRIPTION	CONTRACT LINE ITEMS	QUANTITY

TOTAL_____

(g) If the final invoice does not include the required representation, the Government will reject and return it to the Contractor as an improper invoice for the purposes of the Prompt Payment clause of this contract. In the event there has been unauthorized use of non-U.S.-flag vessels in the performance of this contract, the Contracting Officer is entitled to equitably adjust the contract, based on the unauthorized use.

(h) In the award of subcontracts for the types of supplies described in paragraph (b)(2) of this clause, the Contractor shall flow down the requirements of this clause as follows:

(1) The Contractor shall insert the substance of this clause, including this paragraph (h), in subcontracts that exceed the simplified acquisition threshold in part 2 of the Federal Acquisition Regulation.

(2) The Contractor shall insert the substance of paragraphs (a) through (e) of this clause, and this paragraph (h), in subcontracts that are at or below the simplified acquisition threshold in part 2 of the Federal Acquisition Regulation.

(End of clause)

252.247-7024 NOTIFICATION OF TRANSPORTATION OF SUPPLIES BY SEA (MAR 2000)

(a) The Contractor has indicated by the response to the solicitation provision, Representation of Extent of Transportation by Sea, that it did not anticipate transporting by sea any supplies. If, however, after the award of this contract, the Contractor learns that supplies, as defined in the Transportation of Supplies by Sea clause of this contract, will be transported by sea, the Contractor --

(1) Shall notify the Contracting Officer of that fact; and

(2) Hereby agrees to comply with all the terms and conditions of the Transportation of Supplies by Sea clause of this contract.

(b) The Contractor shall include this clause; including this paragraph (b), revised as necessary to reflect the relationship of the contracting parties--

(1) In all subcontracts under this contract, if this contract is a construction contract; or

(2) If this contract is not a construction contract, in all subcontracts under this contract that are for--

(i) Noncommercial items; or

(ii) Commercial items that--

(A) The Contractor is reselling or distributing to the Government without adding value (generally, the Contractor does not add value to items that it subcontracts for f.o.b. destination shipment);

(B) Are shipped in direct support of U.S. military contingency operations, exercises, or forces deployed in humanitarian or peacekeeping operations; or

(C) Are commissary or exchange cargoes transported outside of the Defense Transportation System in accordance with 10 U.S.C. 2643.

(End of clause)

Section 00800 - Special Contract Requirements

CLAUSES INCORPORATED BY FULL TEXT

52.211-10 COMMENCEMENT, PROSECUTION, AND COMPLETION OF WORK (APR 1984)

The Contractor shall be required to (a) commence work under this contract within 10 calendar days after the date the Contractor receives the notice to proceed, (b) prosecute the work diligently, and (c) complete the entire work ready for use not later than 660 calendar days. The time stated for completion shall include final cleanup of the premises.

(End of clause)

52.211-12 LIQUIDATED DAMAGES--CONSTRUCTION (SEP 2000)

(a) If the Contractor fails to complete the work within the time specified in the contract, the Contractor shall pay liquidated damages to the Government in the amount of $922.51 for each calendar day of delay until the work is completed or accepted.

(b) If the Government terminates the Contractor's right to proceed, liquidated damages will continue to accrue until the work is completed. These liquidated damages are in addition to excess costs of repurchase under the Termination clause.

(End of clause)

52.211-13 TIME EXTENSIONS (SEP 2000)

Time extensions for contract changes will depend upon the extent, if any, by which the changes cause delay in the completion of the various elements of construction. The change order granting the time extension may provide that the contract completion date will be extended only for those specific elements related to the changed work and that the remaining contract completion dates for all other portions of the work will not be altered. The change order also may provide an equitable readjustment of liquidated damages under the new completion schedule.

(End of clause)

52.217-7 OPTION FOR INCREASED QUANTITY--SEPARATELY PRICED LINE ITEM (MAR 1989)

The Government may require the delivery of the numbered line item, identified in the Schedule as an option item, in the quantity and at the price stated in the Schedule. The Contracting Officer may exercise the option by written notice to the Contractor within _____. Delivery of added items shall continue at the same rate that like items are called for under the contract, unless the parties otherwise agree.

(End of clause)

52.223-9 ESTIMATE OF PERCENTAGE OF RECOVERED MATERIAL CONTENT FOR EPA-DESIGNATED PRODUCTS (AUG 2000)

(a) Definitions. As used in this clause--

Postconsumer material means a material or finished product that has served its intended use and has been discarded for disposal or recovery, having completed its life as a consumer item. Postconsumer material is a part of the broader category of "recovered material."

Recovered material means waste materials and by-products recovered or diverted from solid waste, but the term does not include those materials and by-products generated from, and commonly reused within, an original manufacturing process.

(b) The Contractor, on completion of this contract, shall--

(1) Estimate the percentage of the total recovered material used in contract performance, including, if applicable, the percentage of postconsumer material content; and

(2) Submit this estimate to US Army Corps of Engineers
Savannah District
Attn: CESAS-CT-C
100 West Oglethorpe Avenue
Savannah, Georgia 31401

(End of clause)

52.223-4002 U.S. ARMY CORPS OF ENGINEERS SAFETY AND HEALTH REQUIREMENTS MANUAL, EM 385-1-1

This paragraph applies to contracts and purchase orders that require the contractor to comply with EM 385-1-1 (e.g., contracts that include the Accident Prevention clause at FAR 52.236-13 and/or other safety provisions). EM 385-1-1 and its changes are available at http://www.hq.usace.army.mil. (At the HQ homepage, select Safety and Occupational Health.) The Contractor shall be responsible for complying with the current edition and all changes posted on the web through the date that is 10 calendar days prior to the date offers are due. If the solicitation is amended to extend the time set for receipt of offers, the 10 calendar days rule stated above shall be applied against the amended date. (For example, if offers are due on 10 April, all changes posted on or before 31 March shall apply to the contract. If the time for receipt of offers is extended from 10 April to 20 April, all changes posted on or before 10 April shall apply to the contract.)

52.228-4001 RECOMMENDED INSURANCE COVERAGE – MAY 2000

The Design-Build Contractor's attention is invited to the contract requirements concerning "RESPONSIBILITY OF THE CONTRACTOR FOR DESIGN' and 'WARRANTY OF CONSTURCTION WORK". These requirements vest in the Contractor complete responsibility for the professional quality, technical accuracy, and coordination of all design, drawings, specifications and other work or materials furnished by his in-house or consultant forces. The Design-Build Contractor must correct and revise any errors or deficiencies in his work, notwithstanding any review, approval, acceptance or payment by the Government. The Contractor must correct and change any work resulting from his defective design at no additional cost to the Government. The requirements further stipulate that the Design-Build Contractor shall be liable to the Government for the damages to the Government caused by negligent

performance. Though it is not a mandatory requirement, this is to recommend that the Design-Build Contractor investigate and obtain appropriate insurance coverage for such liability protection.

(End of Clause)

52.228-4002 REQUIRED INSURANCE (FEB 1987 SAS) (Ref. FAR 28.307)

(a) The Contractor shall procure and maintain during the entire period of his performance under this contract the following minimum insurance:

Comprehensive and Employer's Liability Insurance in the amount required by the State law in which the work is to be performed under this contract.

Comprehensive General Liability Insurance in an amount not less than $500,000 per accident.

Automobile Liability Insurance: $200,000 per person and $500,000 per accident for bodily injury liability and $20,000 property damage liability.

(b) Prior to the commencement of work hereunder, the Contractor shall furnish to the Contracting Officer a certificate or written statement of the above-required insurance. The policies evidencing required insurance shall contain an endorsement to the effect that cancellation, or any material change in the policies adversely affecting the interests of the Government in such insurance, shall not be effective for such period as may be prescribed by the laws of the State in which this contract is to be performed and in no event less than 30 days after written notice thereof to the Contracting Officer.

(c) The Contractor agrees to insert the substance of this clause, including this subparagraph (c), in all subcontracts hereunder.

(End of clause)

52.231-5000 EQUIPMENT OWNERSHIP AND OPERATING EXPENSE SCHEDULE
MAR 1995)--EFARS

(a) This clause does not apply to terminations. See 52.249-5000, Basis for Settlement of Proposals and FAR Part 49.

(b) Allowable cost for construction and marine plant and equipment in sound workable condition owned or controlled and furnished by a contractor or subcontractor at any tier shall be based on actual cost data for each piece of equipment or groups of similar serial and series for which the Government can determine both ownership and operating costs from the contractor's accounting records. When both ownership and operating costs cannot be determined for any piece of equipment or groups of similar serial or series equipment from the contractor's accounting records, costs for that equipment shall be based upon the applicable provisions of EP 1110-1-8, Construction Equipment Ownership and Operating Expense Schedule, Region III. Working conditions shall be considered to be average for determining equipment rates using the schedule unless specified otherwise by the contracting officer. For equipment not included in the schedule, rates for comparable pieces of equipment may be used or a rate may be developed using the formula provided in the schedule. For forward pricing, the schedule in effect at the time of negotiations shall apply. For retroactive pricing, the schedule in effect at the time the work was performed shall apply.

(c) Equipment rental costs are allowable, subject to the provisions of FAR 31.105(d)(ii) and FAR 31.205-36. Rates for equipment rented from an organization under common control, lease-purchase arrangements, and sale-leaseback arrangements, will be determined using the schedule, except that actual rates will be used for equipment leased from an organization under common control that has an established practice of leasing the same or similar equipment to unaffiliated lessees.

(d) When actual equipment costs are proposed and the total amount of the pricing action exceeds the small purchase threshold, the contracting officer shall request the contractor to submit either certified cost or pricing data,

or partial/limited data, as appropriate. The data shall be submitted on Standard Form 1411, Contract Pricing Proposal Cover Sheet.
(End of clause)

52.232-4007 ACCOUNTING AND APPROPRIATION DATA (APR 1989 CESAS-RM):
21 5 2050 508 8021 P100000 3230 S09133

(End of clause)

52.232-4008 DESIGNATED BILLING OFFICE (APR 1989 CESAS-RM)

Invoices will be mailed to: Fort McPherson Resident Office
Attn: CESAS-CD-ROM
1322 Cobb Street, SW
Building 181, Station 144
Fort McPherson, Georgia 30330-5000

(End of Clause)

52.232-4009 DESIGNATED PAYMENT OFFICE (AUG 1998 CESAS-RM-F)

Payment will be made by:
U.S. Army Corps of Engineers Finance Center
ATTN: CEFC-AO-P
5720 Integrity Drive
Millington, TN 38054-5005
(End of clause)

52.232-5000 PAYMENT FOR MATERIALS DELIVERED OFF-SITE (MAR 1995)—EFARS

(a) Pursuant to FAR clause 52.232-5, Payments Under Fixed Priced Construction Contracts, materials delivered to the contractor at locations other than the site of the work may be taken into consideration in making payments if included in payment estimates and if all the conditions of the General Provisions are fulfilled. Payment for items delivered to locations other than the work site will be limited to: (1) materials required by the technical provisions; or (2) materials that have been fabricated to the point where they are identifiable to an item of work required under this contract.
(b) Such payment will be made only after receipt of paid or receipted invoices or invoices with canceled check showing title to the items in the prime contractor and including the value of material and labor incorporated into the item. In addition to petroleum products, payment for materials delivered off-site is limited to the following items: NONE

(End of clause)

52.236-1 PERFORMANCE OF WORK BY THE CONTRACTOR (APR 1984)

The Contractor shall perform on the site, and with its own organization, work equivalent to at least twenty (20) percent of the total amount of work to be performed under the contract. This percentage may be reduced by a supplemental agreement to this contract if, during performing the work, the Contractor requests a reduction and the Contracting Officer determines that the reduction would be to the advantage of the Government.

(End of clause)

52.236-4 PHYSICAL DATA (APR 1984)

Data and information furnished or referred to below is for the Contractor's information. The Government shall not be responsible for any interpretation of or conclusion drawn from the data or information by the Contractor.

Foundation Conditions: The indications of physical conditions on the drawings and in the specifications for the Request for Proposal are the result of site investigations by means of soil borings, exploratory test pit excavations, and laboratory soils tests. Locations of the borings and test pits are shown on the drawings.

The soil borings included Standard Penetration Test (SPT) borings. Spit-barrel sampling with Standard Penetration Tests (SPT) was performed in the SPT borings at intervals shown on the boring logs. The soil sampling and standard penetration testing was in general accordance with ASTM D 1586.

Representative portions of all split-barrel samples and of selected samples obtained from the test pit excavations were sealed in airtight containers and transported to the laboratory where they were examined by an engineer. Classification of the soil samples was performed in general accordance with ASTM D 2488 (Visual-Manual Procedure for Description of Soils). The soil classifications include the use of the Unified Soil Classification System described in ASTM D 2487 (Classification of Soils for Engineering Purposes).

Moisture content, grain-size analysis, and Atterberg limits tests were performed on selected samples. The tests were performed to confirm visual soil classifications and to aid in the evaluation of the subsurface soils at the project site. All testing was performed in accordance with applicable ASTM or Corps of Engineers standards.

Water level readings are normally taken in conjunction with the borings and are recorded on the boring logs. These readings indicate the approximate location of the hydrostatic water table at the time of the field investigation. Where impervious solid (clayey soils) are encountered, the amount of water seeping into the borehole is mall. Therefore, it is generally not possible to establish the location of the hydrostatic water table in such soils through water level readings taken during the drilling. An initial water level reading is taken during or at the completion of the drilling of each boring. This reading is affected by the drilling methods used and the types of soils encountered in the boring. A second water level reading is taken following completion of the boring, generally at about 24 hours. This period of time usually permits stabilization of the ground water table, which has been disturbed by the drilling operations. The readings are made by using an electrical probe to detect the water level surface.

The water level data indicate only the conditions at the particular time or times the information was obtained and may not indicate variations such as those caused by periods of drought or increased rainfall, seasonal fluctuations in rainfall, changes in the surface drainage pattern, or application of irrigation water.

Occasionally, the walls of a borehole will collapse. The collapse can obscure the actual water level, or infer an erroneous level if water is trapped above the zone of collapse. Thus, when the collapse of a borehole occurs, a careful evaluation must be made of the water level readings. When a collapse of a borehole occurs, the cave-in depth is recorded on the boring log.

Logs of the borings and test pit excavations, which graphically depict soil descriptions, standard penetration resistance, “N”, and observed ground water levels, are shown on the drawings. The results of the laboratory testing are also shown on the drawings. Sometimes the laboratory classification will be different from the visual

classification made in the field. Where there is a discrepancy between the classifications, the laboratory classification takes precedence over the visual classification. While the borings and test pit excavations are representative of subsurface conditions at their respective locations and for their respective vertical reaches, local variations characteristic of the subsurface materials of the region are anticipated and, if encountered, such variations will not be considered as differing materially within the purview of the differing site conditions clause of the contract.

Offerors are urged to examine the data presented and to visit the site to observe existing conditions.

(End of clause)

52.236-14 AVAILABILITY AND USE OF UTILITY SERVICES (APR 1984)

(a) The Government shall make all reasonably required amounts of utilities available to the Contractor from existing outlets and supplies, as specified in the contract. Unless otherwise provided in the contract, the amount of each utility service consumed shall be charged to or paid for by the Contractor at prevailing rates charged to the Government or, where the utility is produced by the Government, at reasonable rates determined by the Contracting Officer. The Contractor shall carefully conserve any utilities furnished without charge.

(b) The Contractor, at its expense and in a workmanlike manner satisfactory to the Contracting Officer, shall install and maintain all necessary temporary connections and distribution lines, and all meters required to measure the amount of each utility used for the purpose of determining charges. Before final acceptance of the work by the Government, the Contractor shall remove all the temporary connections, distribution lines, meters, and associated paraphernalia.

(End of clause)

52.236-4001 DESIGN-BUILD CONTRACT-ORDER OF PRECEDENCE – AUG 1997

(a) The contract includes the standard contract clauses and schedules current at the time of award. It also entails: (1) the solicitation in its entirety, including all drawings, cuts and illustrations, and any amendments during proposal evaluation and selection, and (2) the successful Offeror's accepted proposal. The contract constitutes and defines the entire agreement between the Contractor and the Government. No documentation shall be omitted which in any ways bears upon the terms of that agreement.

(b) In the event of conflict or inconsistency between any of the provisions of the various portions of this contract, precedence shall be given in the following order:

(1) Betterments: Any portions of the Offeror's proposal which both meet and exceed the provisions of the solicitation

(2) The provisions of the solicitation. (see also Contract Clause: SPECIFICATIONS AND DRAWINGS FOR CONSTRUCTION.)

(3) All other provisions of the accepted proposal.

(4)Any design products, including but not limited to plans, specifications, engineering studies and analyses, shop drawings, equipment installation drawings, etc. These are "deliverables" under the contract and are not part of the contract itself. Design products must conform to all provisions of the contract, in the order of precedence herein.

(End of Clause)

52.236-4003 RESPONSIBILITY OF THE CONTRACTOR FOR DESIGN – FEB 2000

(a) The Contractor shall be responsible for the professional quality, technical accuracy, and the coordination of all designs, drawings, specifications, and other non-construction services furnished by the Contractor under this contract. The Contractor shall, without additional compensation, correct or revise any errors or deficiency in its designs, drawings, specifications, and other non-construction services and perform any necessary rework or modifications, including any damage to real or personal property, resulting from the design error or omission.

(b) Neither the Government's review, approval or acceptance of, nor payment for, the services required under this contract shall be construed to operate as a waiver of any rights under this contract or of any cause of action arising out of the performance of this contract. The Contractor shall be and remain liable to the Government in accordance wit applicable law for all damages to the Government caused by the Contractor's negligent performance of any of these services furnished under this contract.

(c) The rights and remedies of the Government provided for under this contract are in addition to any other rights and remedies provided by law

(d) If the Contractor is comprised of more than one legal entity shall be jointly and severally liable thereunder.

(End of Clause)

52.236-4004 SEQUENCE OF DESIGN-CONSTRUCTION – AUG 1997

(a) After receipt of the Contract Notice to Proceed (NTP) the Contractor shall initiate design, comply with all design submission requirements as covered under Division 01 General Requirements, and obtain Government review of each submission. No construction may be started, <with the exception of….clearing, etc…> until the Government reviews the Final Design submission and determines it satisfactory for purposes of beginning construction. The Contracting Officer will notify the Contractor when the design is cleared for construction. The Government will not grant any time extension for any design resubmittal required when, in the opinion of the Contracting Officer, the initial submission failed to meet the minimum quality requirements as set forth in the Contract.

(b) If the Government allows the Contractor to proceed with limited construction based on pending minor revisions to the reviewed Final Design submission, no payment will be made for any in-place construction related to the pending revisions until they are completed, resubmitted and are satisfactory to the Government.

(c) No payment will be made for any in-place construction until all required submittals have been made, reviewed and are satisfactory to the Government.

(End of Clause)

52.236-4005 SEQUENCE OF DESIGN- CONSTRUCTION (FAST TRACK) – AUG 1997

(a) After receipt of the Contract Notice to Proceed (NTP) the Contractor shall initiate design, comply with all design submissions requirements as covered under Division 01 General Requirements, and obtain Government review of each submission. The contractor may begin construction on portions of the work for which the Government has reviewed the final design submission and has determined satisfactory for purposes of beginning construction. The Contracting Officer will notify the Contractor when the design is cleared for construction. The Government will not grant any time extension for any design resubmittal required when, in the opinion of the Contracting Officer, the initial submission failed to meet the minimum quality requirements as set forth in the Contract.

(b) If the Government allows the Contractor to proceed with the construction based on pending minor revisions to the reviewed Final Design submission, no payment will be made for any in-place construction related to the pending revisions until they are completed, resubmitted and are satisfactory to the Government.

(c) No payment will be made for any in-place construction until all required submittals have been made, reviewed and are satisfactory to the Government.

(End of Clause)

52.236-4006 CONSTRUCTOR'S ROLE DURING DESIGN – JUN 1998

The Contractor's construction management key personnel shall be actively involved during the design process to effectively integrate the design and construction requirements of this contract. In addition to the typical required construction activities, the constructor's involvement includes, but is not limited to actions such as: integrating the design schedule into the Master Schedule to maximize the effectiveness of fast-tracking design and construction (within the limits allowed in the contract), ensuring constructability and economy of the design, integrating the shop drawing and installation drawing process into the design, executing the material and equipment acquisition programs to meet critical schedules, effectively interfacing the construction QC program with the design QC program, and maintaining and providing the design team with accurate, up-to-date redline and as-built documentation. The Contractor shall require and manage the active involvement of key trade subcontractors in the above activities.

(End of Clause)

52.236-4008 DESIGN CONFERENCES – AUG 1997

(a) Pre-Work: As part of the Pre-Work Conference conducted after contract award, key representatives of the Government and the Contractor will review the design submission and procedures specified herein, discuss the preliminary design schedule and provisions for phase completion of the D-B documents with construction activities (fast tracking), as appropriate, meet with Corps of Engineers Design Review personnel and key Using Agency points of contract and any other appropriate pre-design discussion items.

(b) Design Charette: After award of the contract, the Contractor shall visit the site and conduct extensive interviews, and problem solving discussions with the individual users, base personnel, Corps of Engineers personnel to acquire all necessary site information, review user options, and discuss user needs. The Contractor shall document all discussions. The design shall be finalized as direct result of these meetings.

(c) Design Review Conferences: Review conferences will be held on base for each design submittal. The Contractor will bring the personnel that developed the design submittal to the review conference. The conferences will take place the week after the review is complete.

(End of Clause)

52.236-4009 PARTNERING – FEB 2000

In order to most effectively accomplish this contract, the Government proposes to form a partnership with the Contractor to develop a cohesive building team. It is anticipated that this partnership would involve the <NAME THE USING ORGANIZATIONS AND OTHER CRITICAL PARTIES HERE>, the Contractor, primary subcontractors and designers and the Corps of Engineers. This partnership would strive to develop a cooperative management team drawing on the strengths of each team member in an effort to achieve quality project within budget and on schedule. This partnership would be bilateral in membership and participation will be totally voluntary. Any cost associated with effectuating this partnership, excluding travel and lodging cost of Government personnel, will be borne by <<SELECT AN OPTION TO SPECIFY: The Contractor/each party/the Government>>, The partnering meetings shall be held in ……

(End of Clause)

52.236-4013 CONTRACTOR-PREPARED NETWORK ANALYSIS SYSTEM
(January 2002 SAS) (Ref. DFARS 236.273)

The progress chart to be prepared by the contractor pursuant to FAR 52.236-15, Schedules for Construction Contracts, shall utilize the Critical Path Method (CPM) of network calculation. (See Attachment 1 to Section 00800).

52.236-4015 PRECONSTRUCTION CONFERENCE (OCT 1988 SAS) (Ref. FAR 36.305)

(a) A preconstruction conference will be arranged by the Area/Resident Engineer after award of contract and before commencement of work. The Area/Resident Engineer will notify the Contractor of the time and date set for the meeting. At this conference, the Contractor shall be oriented with respect to Government procedures and line of authority, contractual, administrative, and construction matters.

(b) The Contractor shall bring to this conference, in completed form, a Certificate of Insurance, plus the following items in either completed or draft form:

Accident Prevention Plan (5 copies)
(use format shown in Attachment 1 to SECTION 00800)
Quality Control Plan (5 copies)
Letter Appointing Superintendent
Transmittal Register
Power of Attorney and Certified Copy of Resolution
Network Analysis System, when applicable
List of Subcontractors

(c) A letter of record will be written documenting all items discussed at the conference, and a copy will be furnished by the Area/Resident Engineer to all in attendance.

(End of clause)

52.236-4016 VIDEO TAPING OPERATING AND MAINTENANCE INSTRUCTIONS (MAR 1987 SASCD-SQ)

For all of the operating and maintenance instructions which are required in the contract specifications, the Contractor shall video tape these instructions as they are presented to the Government representatives. These tapes shall provide clear and understandable detailed instructions for all items required by the contract specifications. The tapes shall be prepared by an experienced video director/cameraman using good quality half-inch VHS color tape with correct sound equipment, lighting, and backdrop. The sound and picture quality shall be high and subject to approval by the Contracting Officer. The tapes are intended as followup training for other Government representatives at a later date. They must be suitable for this purpose. The Contractor shall be responsible for the contents of the instructions and shall verify that they are correct prior to taping. The Contractor may submit individual equipment manufacturer's instructional tape(s), provided they meet the above qualifications and cover the actual equipment that is installed. The tape(s) shall be for specific equipment identified by contents and contract name and number. The Contractor shall submit one copy of the tape(s) to the Contracting Officer for review and approval. Unacceptable tapes are to be corrected by the Contractor as indicated by the Contracting Officer at no additional cost to the Government.

(End of clause)

52.236-4017 SUBMITTAL OF MODIFICATION COST ESTIMATE PROPOSALS (MAR 1992 SAS)
(Ref. DFARS 52.236-7000)

When submittals of Cost Estimate Proposals are required for additions or deletions to work under this contract by modification, the Contractor shall use DA Form 5418-R titled "Cost Estimate Analysis" (see Attachment 1 to SECTION 00800). A separate assemblage will be prepared for submittal by each trade affected by the proposed work.
(End of clause)

52.246-12 INSPECTION OF CONSTRUCTION (AUG 1996)

(a) Definition. "Work" includes, but is not limited to, materials, workmanship, and manufacture and fabrication of components.

(b) The Contractor shall maintain an adequate inspection system and perform such inspections as will ensure that the work performed under the contract conforms to contract requirements. The Contractor shall maintain complete inspection records and make them available to the Government. All work shall be conducted under the general direction of the Contracting Officer and is subject to Government inspection and test at all places and at all reasonable times before acceptance to ensure strict compliance with the terms of the contract.

(c) Government inspections and tests are for the sole benefit of the Government and do not--

(1) Relieve the Contractor of responsibility for providing adequate quality control measures;

(2) Relieve the Contractor of responsibility for damage to or loss of the material before acceptance;

(3) Constitute or imply acceptance; or

(4) Affect the continuing rights of the Government after acceptance of the completed work under paragraph (i) of this section.

(d) The presence or absence of a Government inspector does not relieve the Contractor from any contract

requirement, nor is the inspector authorized to change any term or condition of the specification without the Contracting Officer's written authorization.

(e) The Contractor shall promptly furnish, at no increase in contract price, all facilities, labor, and material reasonably needed for performing such safe and convenient inspections and tests as may be required by the Contracting Officer. The Government may charge to the Contractor any additional cost of inspection or test when work is not ready at the time specified by the Contractor for inspection or test, or when prior rejection makes reinspection or retest necessary. The Government shall perform all inspections and tests in a manner that will not unnecessarily delay the work. Special, full size, and performance tests shall be performed as described in the contract.

(f) The Contractor shall, without charge, replace or correct work found by the Government not to conform to contract requirements, unless in the public interest the Government consents to accept the work with an appropriate adjustment in contract price. The Contractor shall promptly segregate and remove rejected material from the premises.

(g) If the Contractor does not promptly replace or correct rejected work, the Government may (1) by contract or otherwise, replace or correct the work and charge the cost to the Contractor or (2) terminate for default the Contractor's right to proceed.

(h) If, before acceptance of the entire work, the Government decides to examine already completed work by removing it or tearing it out, the Contractor, on request, shall promptly furnish all necessary facilities, labor, and material. If the work is found to be defective or nonconforming in any material respect due to the fault of the Contractor or its subcontractors, the Contractor shall defray the expenses of the examination and of satisfactory reconstruction. However, if the work is found to meet contract requirements, the Contracting Officer shall make an equitable adjustment for the additional services involved in the examination and reconstruction, including, if completion of the work was thereby delayed, an extension of time.

(i) Unless otherwise specified in the contract, the Government shall accept, as promptly as practicable after completion and inspection, all work required by the contract or that portion of the work the Contracting Officer determines can be accepted separately. Acceptance shall be final and conclusive except for latent defects, fraud, gross mistakes amounting to fraud, or the Government's rights under any warranty or guarantee.

(End of clause)

52.246-4001 WARRANTY OF CONSTRUCTION WORK – AUG 1997

(a) In addition to any other warranties in this contract, the Contractor warrants, except as provided in paragraph (1) of this clause, that work performed under this contract conforms to the contract requirements and is free of any defect in equipment, material, or workmanship performed by the Contractor or any subcontractor or supplier at any tier.

(b) This warranty shall contain for a period of year from the date of final acceptance of the work. If the Government takes possession of any part of the work before final acceptance, this warranty shall continue for a period of 1 year from the date the Government takes possession.

(c) The Contractor shall remedy at the Contractor’s expense any failure to conform, or any defect. In addition, the Contractor shall remedy at the Contractor’s expense any damage to Government-owned or controlled real or personal property, when that damage is the result of –

(1) The Contractor’s failure to conform to contract requirements; or

(2) Any defect of equipment, material, or workmanship.

(d) The Contractor shall restore any work damaged in fulfilling the terms and conditions of this clause. The Contractor's warranty with respect to work repaired or replaced will run for 1 year from the date of repair or replacement.

(e) The Contracting Officer shall notify the Contractor, in writing, within a reasonable time after the discovery of any failure, defect, or damage.

(f) If the Contractor fails to remedy any failure, defect, or damage within a reasonable time after receipt of notice, the Government shall have the right to replace, repair, or otherwise remedy the failure, defect, or damage at the Contractor's expense.

(g) With respect to all warranties, express or implied, from subcontractors, manufacturers, or suppliers for work performed and materials furnished under this contract, the Contractor shall –

(1) Obtain all warranties that would be given in normal commercial practice:

(2) Require all warranties to be executed, in writing for the benefit of the Government, if directed by the Contracting Officer; and

(3)Enforce warranties for the benefit of the Government, if directed by the Contracting Officer.

(h) In the event the Contractor's warranty under paragraph (b) of this clause has expired, the Government may bring suit at its expense to enforce a subcontractor's, manufacturer's or supplier's warranty.

(i) Unless a defect is caused by the negligence of the Contractor or subcontractor or supplier at any tier, the Contractor shall not be liable for the repair of any defects of material furnished by the Government nor for the repair of any damage that results from any defect in Government-furnished material or design.

(j) This warranty shall not limit the Government's rights under the Inspection and Acceptance clause of this contract with respect to latent defects, gross mistakes, or fraud.

(End of Clause)

52.248-4003 VALUE ENGINEERING AFTER AWARD

(a) In reference to Contract Clause 52.248-3, "Value Engineering – Construction", the Government may refuse to entertain a "Value Engineering Change Proposal" (VECP) for those "performance oriented" aspects of the Solicitation documents which were addressed in the Contractor's accepted contract proposal and which were evaluated in competition with other offerors for award of this contract.

(b) The Government may consider a VECP for those "prescriptive" aspects of the Solicitation documents, not addressed in the Contractor's accepted contract proposal or addressed but evaluated only for minimum conformance with the Solicitation requirements.

(c) For purposes of this clause, the term "performance oriented" refers to those aspects of the design criteria or other contract requirements which allow the Offeror or Contractor certain latitude, choice of and flexibility to propose in its accepted contract offer a choice of design, technical approach, design solution, construction approach

or other approach to fulfil the contract requirements. Such requirements generally tend to be expressed in terms of functions to be performed, performance required or essential physical characteristics, without dictating a specific process or specific design solution for achieving the desired result.

(d) In contrast, for purposes of this clause, the term “prescriptive” refers to those aspects of the design criteria or other Solicitation requirements wherein the Government expressed the design solution or other requirements in terms of specific materials, approaches, systems and/or processes to be used. Prescriptive aspects typically allow the Offerors little or no freedom in the choice of design approach, materials, fabrication techniques, methods of installation or other approach to fulfill the contract requirements.

(End of Clause)

52.249-4001 TIME EXTENSIONS FOR UNUSUALLY SEVERE WEATHER (APR 1991 OCE)
(Ref. FAR 52.249-10)

(a) This provision specifies the procedure for the determination of time extensions for unusually severe weather in accordance with the contract clause entitled DEFAULT (FIXED-PRICE CONSTRUCTION). In order for the Contracting Officer to award a time extension under this clause, the following conditions must be satisfied:

(1) The weather experienced at the project site during the contract period must be found to be unusually severe, that is, more severe than the adverse weather anticipated for the project location during any given month.

(2) The unusually severe weather must actually cause a delay to the completion of the project. The delay must be beyond the control and without the fault or negligence of the Contractor.

(b) The following schedule of monthly anticipated adverse weather delays is based on National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA) or similar data for the project location and will constitute the base line for monthly weather time evaluations. The Contractor's progress schedule must reflect these anticipated adverse weather delays in all weather dependent activities.

MONTHLY ANTICIPATED ADVERSE WEATHER DELAY
WORKDAYS BASED ON 5-DAY WORK WEEK

JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	DEC
9	8	7	4	4	6	8	6	4	3	5	8

(c) Upon acknowledgment of the Notice to Proceed and continuing through-out the contract, the Contractor will record on the daily Contractor Quality Control report the occurrence of adverse weather and resultant impact to normally scheduled work. Actual adverse weather delay days must prevent work on critical activities for 50 percent or more of the Contractor's scheduled workday. The number of actual adverse weather delay days shall include days impacted by actual adverse weather (even if adverse weather occurred in previous month), be calculated chronologically from the first to the last day in each month, and be recorded as full days. If the number of actual adverse weather delay days exceeds the number of days anticipated in paragraph (b) above, the Contracting Officer will convert any qualifying delays to calendar days, giving full consideration for equivalent fair weather workdays, and issue a modification in accordance with the contract clause entitled DEFAULT (FIXED PRICE CONSTRUCTION).
(End of clause)

52.249-5000 BASIS FOR SETTLEMENT OF PROPOSALS - EFARS

Actual costs will be used to determine equipment costs for a settlement proposal submitted on the total cost basis under FAR 49.206-2(b). In evaluating a terminations settlement proposal using the total cost basis, the following principles will be applied to determine allowable equipment costs:

(1) Actual costs for each piece of equipment, or groups of similar serial or series equipment, need not be available in the contractor's accounting records to determine total actual equipment costs.

(2)If equipment costs have been allocated to a contract using predetermined rates , those charges will be adjusted to actual costs.

(3) Recorded job costs adjusted for unallowable expenses will be used to determine equipment operating expenses.

(4) Ownership costs (depreciation) will be determined using the contractor's depreciation schedule (subject to the provisions of FAR 31.205-11).

(5) License, taxes, storage and insurance costs are normally recovered as an indirect expense and unless the contractor charges these costs directly to contracts, they will be recovered through the indirect expense rate.
(End of Clause)

ATTACHMENT 1 TO SECTION 00800

LIST OF ATTACHMENTS

1. Contract Drawings: File No. 141-82-01, Sheets 1 through 43

2. Rates of Wages:

3. Formats:

   Army Project Sign

   Project Sign Legend Defined

   Project Sign Erection Detail

   Corps of Engineers Logo

   Accident Prevention Plan (Ref. FAR 52.236-13 and EM 385-1-1)

   Construction Quality Control Report

   Weekly Temporary Electrical Inspection

4. Minimum Standard for Temporary Electrical Service (Ref. FAR 52.236-14)

5. Forms:

   SAS Form 9 - Activity Hazard Analysis

   SAD Form 1666a-R - Safety Checklist for Crawler, Truck & Wheel Mounted Cranes

   SAD Form 1666b-R - Safety Checklist for Portal, Tower, and Pillar Cranes

   SAD Form 1666c-R - Safety Checklist for Rigging

   SAD Form 1666d-R - Safety Checklist for Motor Vehicles, Trailers and Trucks

   SAD Form 1666e-R - Safety Checklist for Crawler Tractors and Dozers

   SAD Form 1666f-R - Safety Checklist for Scrapers, Motor Graders, and Other Mobile Equipment

   SAD Form 1666g-R - Safety Checklist for Material Hoists

   SAD Form 1666h-R - Safety Checklist for Earth Drilling Equipment

   ENG Form 4025 - Transmittal of Shop Drawings, Equipment Data, Material Samples, or Manufacturer's Certificates of Compliance

   DA Form 5418-R - Cost Estimate Analysis

   Standard Form LLL-A - Disclosure of Lobbying Activities

   Real Property Inventory

General Decision Number: GA030003 07/09/2004 GA3

Superseded General Decision Number: GA020003

State: Georgia

Construction Type: Building

County: Clayton County in Georgia.

BUILDING CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS (does not include residential construction consisting of single family homes and apartments up to and including 4 stories)

Modification Number	Publication Date
0	06/13/2003
1	02/13/2004
2	07/09/2004

* ASBE0048-001 04/01/2004

	Rates	Fringes
Asbestos Workers/Insulator (includes the application of all insulating materials, protective coverings, coatings and finishings to all types of mechanical systems)	$ 21.47	9.20

ASBE0207-001 08/01/2000

	Rates	Fringes
Asbestos Removal worker/hazardous material handler (Includes preparation, wetting, stripping, removal, scrapping, vacuuming, bagging and disposing of all insulation materials from mechanical systems, whether they contain asbestos or not)	$ 11.00	3.25

ELEC0613-001 03/01/2002

	Rates	Fringes
Electricians:		
Cable splicer	$ 25.88	26%
Electrician	$ 24.98	26%

FOOTNOTES: Work on bar joists, walk logs, exposed steel and swinging scaffolds when the surface the worker stands or sits on exceeds twenty-five (25) feet above solid floor and the worker is subject to free fall: $1.00 per hour

additional. Work of a similar nature above fifty (50) feet: $3.00 per hour additional.

ELEV0032-001 01/01/2002

	Rates	Fringes
Elevator Mechanic.....	$ 22.955	7.455

FOOTNOTE: Vacation Pay: 8% with 5 or more years of service, 6% for 6 months to 5 years service. Paid Holidays: New Year's Day, Memorial Day, Independence Day, Labor Day, Thanksgiving Day and Friday after, and Christmas Day.

IRON0387-002 08/01/2002

	Rates	Fringes
Ironworker, Structural.....	$ 20.72	7.60

PAIN1940-001 10/01/2001

	Rates	Fringes
Glazier.....	$ 18.30	3.16

FOOTNOTE: Paid holidays: Thanksgiving Day, Christmas Day, New Year's Day, National Memorial Day, July 4th and Labor Day; if the employee works the day before and the day after the holiday.

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* SFGA0669-001 01/01/2004

	Rates	Fringes
Sprinkler Fitter.....	$ 21.25	8.70

SHEE0085-002 02/01/2003

	Rates	Fringes
Sheet Metal Worker (HVAC duct work only)		
Work on projects of 100,000 sq. ft. or less; does not include work on new construction projects which involve facilities that produce or process a product, nor does it include maintenance work on such facilities.....	$ 19.64	7.96
All other work.....	$ 24.55	7.96

FOOTNOTE:
Work on swinging stages, boatswains chairs or scaffolds,

booms, or scissors lifts over 50 ft. high: $1.25 per hour additional.

SUGA1990-001 03/01/1990

	Rates	Fringes
Bricklayer/Blocklayer	$ 13.53	
Carpenter (including acoustical ceiling installation, drywall hanging & batt insulation)	$ 11.03	1.08
Cement Mason/Concrete Finisher	$ 10.65	
Laborers:		
Mason tender, brick	$ 7.97	
Unskilled	$ 7.33	
Painter, Brush (excluding drywall finishing)	$ 12.51	
Truck Driver	$ 7.50	.49

WELDERS - Receive rate prescribed for craft performing operation to which welding is incidental.

==========

Unlisted classifications needed for work not included within the scope of the classifications listed may be added after award only as provided in the labor standards contract clauses (29CFR 5.5 (a) (1) (ii)).

In the listing above, the "SU" designation means that rates listed under the identifier do not reflect collectively bargained wage and fringe benefit rates. Other designations indicate unions whose rates have been determined to be prevailing.

WAGE DETERMINATION APPEALS PROCESS

1.) Has there been an initial decision in the matter? This can be:

* an existing published wage determination
* a survey underlying a wage determination
* a Wage and Hour Division letter setting forth a position on a wage determination matter
* a conformance (additional classification and rate) ruling

On survey related matters, initial contact, including requests for summaries of surveys, should be with the Wage and Hour Regional Office for the area in which the survey was conducted because those Regional Offices have responsibility for the Davis-Bacon survey program. If the response from this initial contact is not satisfactory, then the process described in 2.)

and 3.) should be followed.

With regard to any other matter not yet ripe for the formal process described here, initial contact should be with the Branch of Construction Wage Determinations. Write to:

Branch of Construction Wage Determinations

Wage and Hour Division

U.S. Department of Labor

200 Constitution Avenue, N.W.

Washington, DC 20210

2.) If the answer to the question in 1.) is yes, then an interested party (those affected by the action) can request review and reconsideration from the Wage and Hour Administrator (See 29 CFR Part 1.8 and 29 CFR Part 7). Write to:

Wage and Hour Administrator

U.S. Department of Labor

200 Constitution Avenue, N.W.

Washington, DC 20210

The request should be accompanied by a full statement of the interested party's position and by any information (wage payment data, project description, area practice material, etc.) that the requestor considers relevant to the issue.

3.) If the decision of the Administrator is not favorable, an interested party may appeal directly to the Administrative Review Board (formerly the Wage Appeals Board). Write to:

Administrative Review Board

U.S. Department of Labor

200 Constitution Avenue, N.W.

Washington, DC 20210

4.) All decisions by the Administrative Review Board are final.

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General Decision Number GA030074 06/13/2003 GA74

Superseded General Decision No. GA020074

State: Georgia

Construction Type:
HEAVY

County(ies):
CLAYTON

HEAVY CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS (does not include sewer and water line projects)

Modification Number	Publication Date
0	06/13/2003

COUNTY(ies):
CLAYTON

SUGA1056A 02/07/1992

	Rates	Fringes
HEAVY CONSTRUCTION (NOT APPLICABLE TO SEWER & WATER LINES):		
CARPENTER	9.10	.87
CEMENT MASON/FINISHER	8.70	1.00
ELECTRICIAN	16.95	21%
IRONWORKER	9.60	1.29
LABORER, GENERAL	6.00	
PLUMBER	11.15	1.26
POWER EQUIPMENT OPERATORS:		
Backhoe	8.15	1.02
Bulldozer	8.15	1.02
Crane	9.10	1.32
Front end loader	8.15	1.02
Oiler	7.43	1.32
Scraper - pan	8.15	1.02

WELDERS - Receive rate prescribed for craft performing operation to which welding is incidental.

==========

Unlisted classifications needed for work not included within the scope of the classifications listed may be added after award only as provided in the labor standards contract clauses (29 CFR 5.5(a)(1)(ii)).

In the listing above, the "SU" designation means that rates listed under that identifier do not reflect collectively bargained wage and fringe benefit rates. Other designations indicate unions whose rates have been determined to be prevailing.

WAGE DETERMINATION APPEALS PROCESS

1.) Has there been an initial decision in the matter? This can be:

* an existing published wage determination
* a survey underlying a wage determination
* a Wage and Hour Division letter setting forth a position on a wage determination matter
* a conformance (additional classification and rate) ruling

On survey related matters, initial contact, including requests for summaries of surveys, should be with the Wage and Hour Regional Office for the area in which the survey was conducted because those Regional Offices have responsibility for the Davis-Bacon survey program. If the response from this initial contact is not satisfactory, then the process described in 2.) and 3.) should be followed.

With regard to any other matter not yet ripe for the formal process described here, initial contact should be with the Branch of Construction Wage Determinations. Write to:

Branch of Construction Wage Determinations
Wage and Hour Division
U. S. Department of Labor
200 Constitution Avenue, N. W.
Washington, D. C. 20210

2.) If the answer to the question in 1.) is yes, then an interested party (those affected by the action) can request review and reconsideration from the Wage and Hour Administrator (See 29 CFR Part 1.8 and 29 CFR Part 7). Write to:

Wage and Hour Administrator
U.S. Department of Labor
200 Constitution Avenue, N. W.
Washington, D. C. 20210

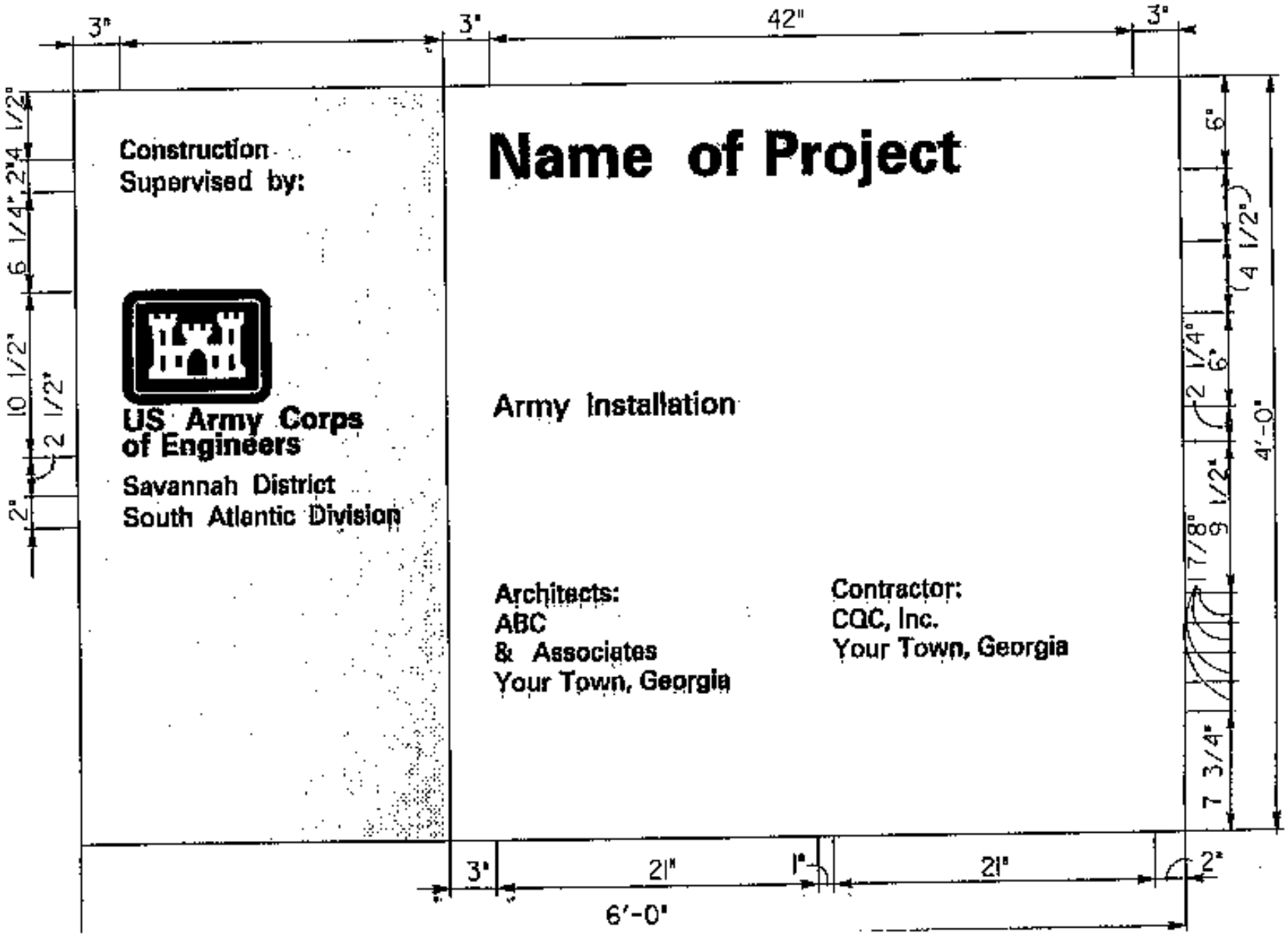
The request should be accompanied by a full statement of the interested party's position and by any information (wage payment data, project description, area practice material, etc.) that the requestor considers relevant to the issue.

3.) If the decision of the Administrator is not favorable, an interested party may appeal directly to the Administrative Review Board (formerly the Wage Appeals Board). Write to:

Administrative Review Board
U. S. Department of Labor
200 Constitution Avenue, N. W.
Washington, D. C. 20210

4.) All decisions by the Administrative Review Board are final.

END OF GENERAL DECISION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Construction
Supervised by:
US Army Corps
of Engineers
Savannah District
South Atlantic Division
Name of Project
Army Installation
Architects:
ABC
& Associates
Your Town, Georgia
Contractor:
CQC, Inc.
Your Town, Georgia
6"
4 1/2"
2 1/4"
6"
9 1/2"
7 3/4"
4'-0"
2 1/2"
10 1/2"
6 1/4"
4 1/2"
2"
3"
21"
1"
21"
2"
6'-0"

PROJECT SIGN LEGEND DEFINED

Legend Group 1: The words:

"Construction Supervised by:" or "Design and Construction Supervised by:"

shall be placed on two lines using black, 1.25" Helvetica regular typeface. Maximum line length is 19".

10.5" Reverse Signature: The Corps symbol shall be a 10.5" white reverse signature using a 6" castle on a red background. The castle and surrounding border lines shall be white. The castle windows, door, and logo background are to be red. The words "U.S. Army Corps of Engineers" shall be black.

Legend Group 2: The words:

"Savannah District
South Atlantic Division"

shall be placed on two lines below the 10.5" reverse signature, using black, 1.25" Helvetica regular typeface.

Legend Group 3: The "Name of Project" shall be placed on one to three lines using white 3" Helvetica bold typeface. Maximum line length is 42".

Legend Group 4: The "Army Installation" shall be a one or two line identification of the facility or name of the sponsoring department. Lettering is to be white, 1.5" Helvetica regular typeface. Maximum line length is 42".

NOTE: Cross-align the first line of legend group 4 with the first line of the Corps signature (U.S. Army Corps) as shown.

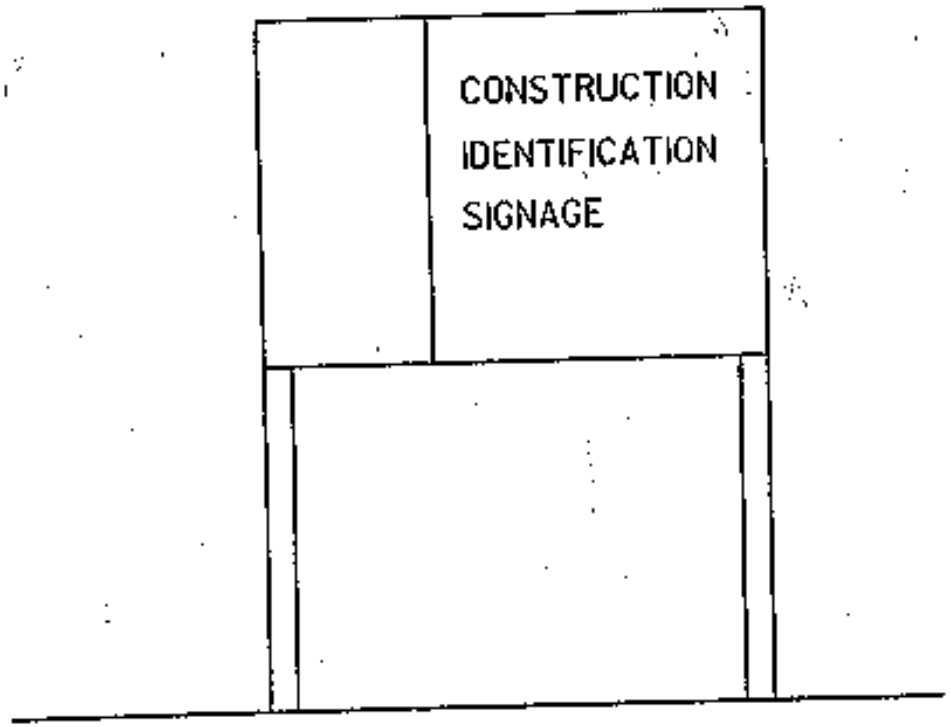
Legend Group 5a: The words:

"Architects:" or "Engineers:" or "Architect-Engineers:"

shall be a one to five line identification of the prime architect or engineering corporate or firm name, city, and State. Lettering shall be white, 1.25" Helvetica regular typeface. Maximum line length is 21".

Legend Group 5b: The "Contractor:" shall be a one to five line identification of the prime Contractor corporate or firm name, city, and State. Include type of Contractor, i.e. General Contractor, etc. Lettering shall be white, 1.25" Helvetica regular typeface. Maximum line length is 21".

NOTE: All typography shall be flush left and rag right, upper and lower case with initial capitals only as shown.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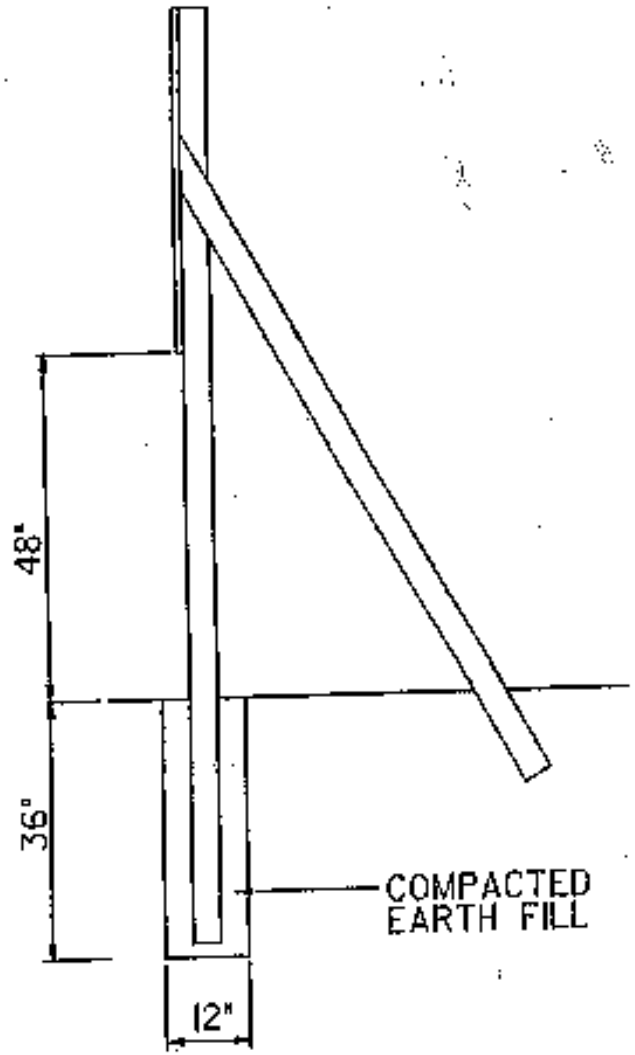
IDENTIFICATION
SIGNAGE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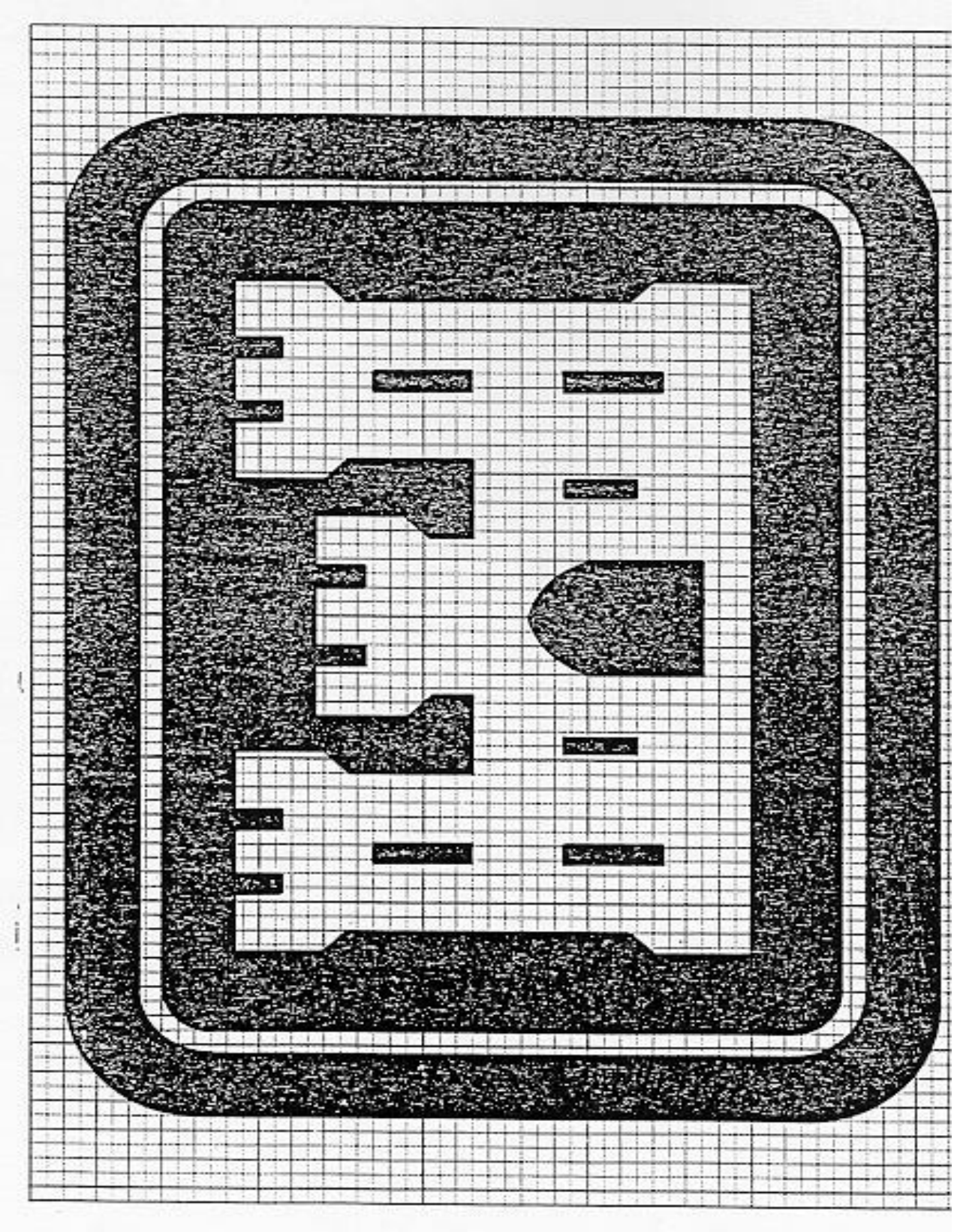

CORPS OF ENGINEERS LOGO
HALF SIZE

*3 Last revised ~~9 May 97~~

FORMAT
(Ref. FAR 52.236-13 and EM 385-1-1 dated 3 ~~Sep 96~~Nov 03)
ACCIDENT PREVENTION PLAN

MINIMUM BASIC OUTLINE FOR ACCIDENT PREVENTION PLAN

An accident prevention plan is, in essence, a safety and health policy and program document. The following areas are typically addressed in an accident prevention plan, but a plan shall be job specific and shall also address any unusual or unique aspects of the project or activity for which it is written. The accident prevention plan shall interface with the employer's overall safety and health program. Any portions of the overall safety and health program that are referenced in the accident prevention plan shall be included as appropriate.

1. SIGNATURE SHEET. Title, signature, and phone number of the following:

a. Plan preparer (corporate safety staff person, QC);

b. Plan approval, e.g., owner, company president, regional vice president (HTRW activities require approval of a Certified Industrial Hygienist (or qualified Industrial Hygiene personnel for in-house USACE activities; a Certified Safety Professional (or qualified USACE safety personnel for in-house work) may approve the plan for operations involving UST removal where contaminants are known to be petroleum, oils, or lubricants);

c. Plan concurrence (provide concurrence of other applicable corporate and project personnel (contractor)), e.g., Corporate Chief of Operations, Corporate Chief of Safety, Corporate Industrial Hygienist, project manager or superintendent, project safety professional, project QC. The plan will be developed by qualified personnel (plan preparer) and will be signed by a competent person (plan concurrence) and a representative of the prime contractor's project management team (plan approval).

2. BACKGROUND INFORMATION. List the following:

a. Contractor;

b. Contract number;

c. Project name;

d. Brief project description, description of work to be performed, and location (map);

e. Contractor accident experience (provide information such as EMR, OSHA 200 Forms, corporate safety trend analyses);

f. Listing of phases of work and hazardous activities requiring activity hazards analyses.

3. STATEMENT OF SAFETY AND HEALTH POLICY. (In addition to the corporate policy statement, a copy of the corporate safety program may provide a significant portion of the information required by the accident prevention plan.)

4. RESPONSIBILITIES AND LINES OF AUTHORITIES.

a. Identification and accountability of personnel responsible for safety - at both corporate and project level (contracts specifically requiring safety or industrial hygiene personnel should include a copy of their resume - the District Safety and Occupational Health Office will review the qualifications for acceptance). For items in EM 385-1-1 which require the use of a competent person or a qualified person, the contractor is to maintain documentation demonstrating the competence or qualification of that individual.

b. Lines of authority

5. SUBCONTRACTORS AND SUPPLIERS. Provide the following:

a. Identification of subcontractors and suppliers (if known);

b. Means for controlling and coordinating subcontractors and suppliers;

c. Safety responsibilities of subcontractors and suppliers.

6. TRAINING.

a. List subjects to be discussed with employees in safety indoctrination.

b. List mandatory training and certifications which are applicable to this project (e. g., explosive actuated tools, confined space entry, crane operator, diver, vehicle operator, HAZWOPER training and certification, personal protective equipment) and any requirements for periodic retraining/recertification.

c. Identify requirements for emergency response training.

d. Outline requirements (who attends, when given, who will conduct etc.) for supervisory and employee safety meetings.

e. Identify location at the project site where the records will be maintained.

7. SAFETY AND HEALTH INSPECTIONS. Provide details on:

a. Who will conduct safety inspections (e.g., project manager, safety professional, QC, supervisors, employees, etc.), when inspections will be conducted, how the inspections will be recorded, deficiency tracking system, follow-up procedures, etc;

b. Any external inspections/certifications which may be required (e.g., Coast Guard).

8. SAFETY AND HEALTH EXPECTATIONS, INCENTIVE PROGRAMS, AND COMPLIANCE.

a. The company's written safety program goals, objectives, and accident experience goals for this contract should be provided.

b. A brief description of the company's safety incentive programs (if any) should be provided.

c. Policies and procedures regarding noncompliance with safety requirements (to include disciplinary actions for violation of safety requirements) should

be identified.

d. Provide written company procedures for holding managers and supervisors accountable for safety.

9. ACCIDENT REPORTING. The contractor shall identify who shall complete the following, how, and when:

a. Exposure data (man-hours worked);

b. Accident investigations, reports and logs;

c. Immediate notification of major accidents.

10. MEDICAL SUPPORT. Outline on-site medical support and off-site medical arrangements.

11. PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT. Outline procedures (who, when, how) for conducting hazard assessments and written certifications for use of personal protective equipment.

12. PLANS (PROGRAMS, PROCEDURES) REQUIRED BY THE SAFETY MANUAL (as applicable).

a. Hazard communication program (01.B.04);

b. Emergency response plans:
- procedures and tests (01.E.01)
- spill plans (01.E.01, 06.A.02)
- fire fighting plan (01.E.01, 19.A.04)
- posting of emergency telephone numbers (01.E.04)
- wildfire prevention plan (09.K.01)
- man overboard/abandon ship (19.A.04)

c. Layout plans (04.A.01);

d. Respiratory protection plan (05.E.01);

e. Health hazard control program (06.A.02);

f. Lead abatement plan (06.B.05 & specifications);

g. Asbestos abatement plan (06.B.05 & specifications);

h. Abrasive blasting (06.H.01);

i. Confined space (06.1);

j. Hazardous energy control plan (12.A.07);

k. Critical lift procedures (16.C.17);

1. Contingency plan for severe weather (19.A.03);

m. Access and haul road plan (22.1.10);

n. Demolition plan (engineering and asbestos surveys) (23.A.01);

o. Emergency rescue (tunneling) (26.A.05);

p. Underground construction fire prevention and protection plan (26.D.01);

q. Compressed air plan (26.1.01);

r. Formwork and shoring erection and removal plans (27.B.02);

s. Lift slab plans (27.D.01);

t. SHP and SSHP (for HTRW work an SSHP must be submitted and shall contain all information required by the accident prevention plan - two documents are not required (28.B.01);

u. Blasting plan (29.A.01);

v. Diving plan (30.A.13);

w. Plan for prevention of alcohol and drug abuse (Defense Federal Acquisition Regulation Supplement Subpart 252.223-7004, Drug-Free Work Force).

13. The Contractor shall provide information on how they will meet the requirements of major sections of EM 385-1-1 in the accident prevention plan. Particular attention shall be paid to excavations, scaffolding, medical and first aid requirements, sanitation, personal protective equipment, fire prevention, machinery and mechanized equipment, electrical safety, public safety requirements, and chemical, physical agent, and biological occupational exposure prevention requirements. Detailed site-specific hazards and controls shall be provided in the activity hazard analysis for each phase of the operation. Site-specific hazards are those hazards which would be reasonably be anticipated to occur on the construction site of concern and will be identified through analysis of the activities to be performed. The controls are measures which will be implemented by the contractor to eliminate or reduce each hazard to an acceptable level.

F O R M A T

CONTRACTOR'S NAME
(Address)

CONSTRUCTION QUALITY CONTROL REPORT

Date: _____ Report No. _____

Contract No.: _____

Description and Location of Work: _____

WEATHER: (Clear)(P. Cloudy)(Cloudy); Temperature:___Min,___Max;
Rainfall ___Inches

Contractor/Subcontractors and Area of Responsibility
a._____
b._____
c._____
d._____
e._____
f._____
g._____
h._____

1. Work Performed Today:

(Indicate location and description of work performed. Refer to work performed by prime and/or subcontractors by letter in table above.)

_____

2. Results of Control Activities:

(Indicate whether: P-Preparatory, I-Initial, or F-Followup and include satisfactory work completed or deficiencies with action to be taken.)

_____

3. Test Required by Plans and/or Specifications Performed and Results of Tests:

_____

4. Monitoring of Materials and Equipment:

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5. Offsite Surveillance Activities:

---

6. Job Safety:

(Daily comment required.)

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7. Remarks:

a. (Cover any conflicts in plans, specifications or instructions.)

b. (Action taken in review of submittal.)

c. (Verbal instructions received.)

_____
Inspector

CONTRACTOR'S VERIFICATION:

The above report is complete and correct and all material and equipment used and work performed during this reporting period are in compliance with the contract plans and specifications except as noted above.

_____
Contractor's Approved
Authorized Representative

WEEKLY TEMPORARY ELECTRICAL INSPECTION

Week ending _____

Contract No. _____

Contract Description _____

The following items were inspected in accordance with requirements in National Electrical Code and Corps of Engineers Safety and Health Requirements Manual, EM 385-1-1.

1. Wire (size, type, condition).

2. Systems and devices (polarity, continuity of ground, resistance to ground).

3. Resistance of ground rods (25 OHMS) measured and recorded.

4. Check GFI for 15/20 amp 120 volt circuits.

5. Plugs and receptacles (type, NEMA rating).

6. Circuit breakers and disconnect (size, type, weatherproof).

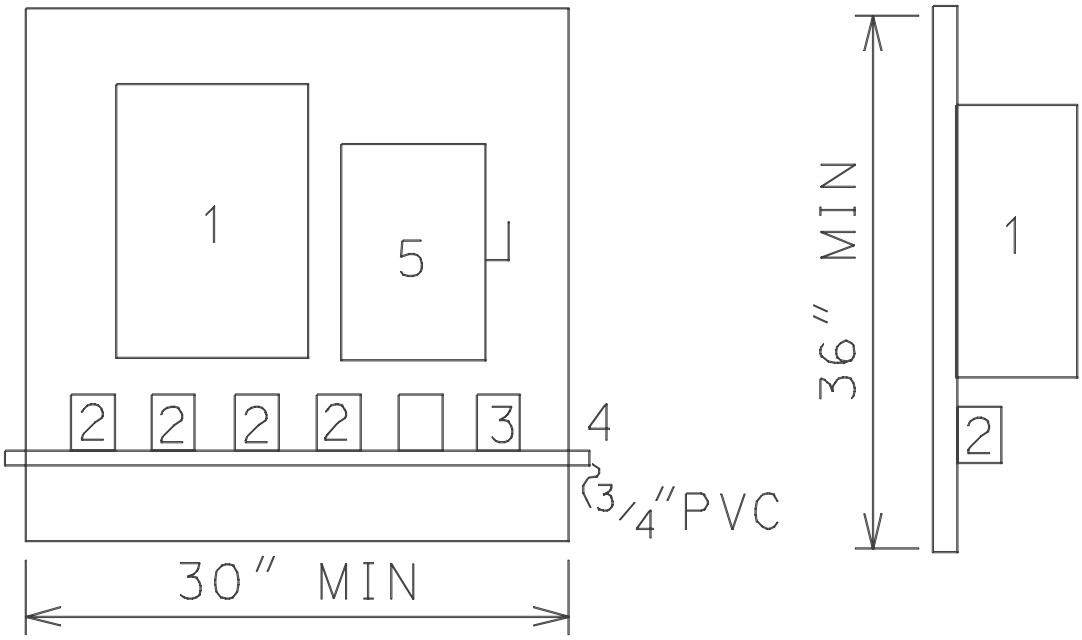
7. Extension cords (type, UL listed, insulation condition, splices, location).

8. Open wiring on insulators, nonmetallic sheathed cable, outside clearance (600 volts or less), Festoon lighting (as applicable).

_____

Signature Electrician/Electrical Engineer

MINIMUM STANDARD FOR TEMPORARY ELECTRICAL SERVICE



(DIMENSIONS ARE APPROXIMATE)

A. The backboard for temporary service shall consist of not less than 1/2 inch plywood of exterior grade.

B. Numbers above correspond to the item below:

Item 1 - NEMA 3R circuit breaker type panelboard. This panelboard shall consist of 1 two-pole 60 amp main circuit breaker, 4* one pole 20 AMP branch circuit breakers, and 1* two pole 20 AMP branch circuit breaker. Breakers shall meet Federal Specifications Standards for Class 1A breakers and shall be plug-in type. (*Number of breakers to be adjusted to suit the job requirements.)

Item 2 - Duplex grounding type convenience outlets in standard utility type outlet boxes with covers, meeting the NEC and NEMA requirements for wet locations. Connections to the branch circuit breakers shall be grounded by two conductors #12 NMC cable.

Item 3 – (Optional) A single three-conductor grounding type outlet rated for 250 volt service meeting the NEC and NEMA requirements for wet locations. Connections from this outlet to the two pole breaker shall be by two conductor grounded type NMC cable.

Item 4 - 3/4 inch PVC. This shall be used to support extension cords.

Item 5 – NEMA 3R service disconnect safety switch – 60 amp minimum.

C. The panelboard shall be grounded by #6 copper wire connected to a 3/4 inch by 10-foot long ground rod.

D. Service to the panel shall consist of three copper conductor #6 minimum service entrance cable. This cable may enter the top or side of the panelboard.

E. Periodic inspections of systems and devices will be made by the Contractor at intervals not to exceed 1 week, and a report will be submitted indicating the results.

F. All receptacle outlets that provide temporary electrical power during construction, remodeling, maintenance, repair, or demolition shall have ground-fault circuit-interrupter (CFCI) protection for personnel. GFCI protection shall be provided on all circuits serving portable electric hand tools or semi-portable electric power tools (such as block/brick saws, table saws, air compressors, welding machines, and drill presses). See EM 385-1-1 for exceptions.

G. Per EM 385-1-1 all temporary power distribution systems shall be submitted to the field office before installation.

ACTIVITY HAZARD ANALYSIS

1. Phase of Construction		
2. Location	3. Contract No.	4. Project
5. Prime Contractor	6. Date of Preparatory	7. Estimated Start Date
Potential Safety Hazard	Procedure to Control Hazard	
8. Contractor's Representative (signature)	9.	

SAS Form 9
1 Jan 82

SAFETY CHECKLIST FOR CRAWLER, TRUCK & WHEEL MOUNTED CRANES

Contract # and title:	
Equipment name & number: owned or leased?	
Contractor:	Subcontractor:
Contract Inspector:	Date inspected:

	Yes	No	N/A
1. Unless the manufacture has specified an on-rubber rating, outriggers will be fully extended and down? (16.D.10)			
2. Are lattice boom cranes equipped with a boom angle indicator, load indicating device, or a load moment indicator? (16.D.01)			
3. Are lattice boom and hydraulic cranes equipped with a means for the operator to visually determine levelness? (16.D.02)			
4. Are lattice boom and hydraulic cranes, except articulating booms cranes, equipped with drum rotation indicators located for use for the operator? (16.D.03)			
5. Are lattice boom and hydraulic mobile cranes equipped with a boom angle or radius indicator within the operator’s view? (16.D.04)			
6. Are lattice boom cranes, with exception of duty cycle cranes, equipped with an anti-two blocking device? (16.D.05)			
7. When duty cycle machines are required to make a non-duty lift, is the crane equipped with an international orange warning device and is a signal person present? (16.D 05)			
8. Are the following with the crane at all times: (16.C.02) a. the manufacturer’s operating manual? b. the load rating chart? c. the crane’s log book documenting use, maintenance, inspections and tests? d. operating manual for crane operator aids used on the crane.			

	Yes	No	N/A
9. Are the following on the project site: a. completed periodic inspection report prior to initial work? (16.C.12) b. pre-operational checklist used for daily inspection? (16.C.12) c. written reports of the operational performance test? (16.C.13) d. written reports of the load performance test? (16.C.13)			
10. Are all operators physically qualified to perform work? (16.C.05)			
11. Are all operators qualified by written and practical exam or by appropriate licensing agency for the type crane they are to operate? (16.C.05)			
12. Is the crane designed and constructed IAW the standards listed in Table 16-1? (16.C.06)			
13. Is a hazard analysis for set-up and set-down available? (16.C.08)			
14. Are accessible areas within the swing radius of the rear of the crane barricaded? (16.C.09)			
15. Are there at least 3 wraps of cable on the drum? (16.C.10)			
16. Are the hoisting ropes installed IAW the manufacturer’s recommendations? (16.C.10)			
17. Are critical lift plans available? (16.C.18)			
18. Are minimum clearance distance for high voltage lines posted at the operator’s position? (11.E.04)			
19. Do older lattice boom cranes with anti-two block warning devices in lieu of anti-two block prevention devices have a written exemption? (16.D.05)			
20. Is the slow moving emblem used on all vehicles which by design move at 25 MPH or less on public roads? (08.A.04)			
21. Are all vehicles which will be parked or moving slower than normal traffic on haul roads equipped with a yellow flashing light or flasher visible from all directions? (16.A.13)			

	Yes	No	N/A
22. Is all equipment to be operated on public roads provided with: (16A.07) a. headlights? b. brake lights? c. taillights? d. back-up lights? e. front and rear turn signals?			
23. Are seat and seat belts provided for the operator and each rider on equipment? (16.A.07 and 16.B.08)			
24. Is all equipment with windshields equipped with powered wipers and defogging or defrosting devices? (16.A.07)			
25. Is the glass in the windshield or other windows clear and unbroken to provide adequate protection and visiblity for the operator? (16.A.07, 16.B.10)			
26. Is all equipment equipped with adequate service brake system and emergency brake system? (16.A.18)			
27. Are areas on equipment where employees walk or climb equipped with platforms, footwalks, steps, handholds, guardrails, toeboards and non-slip surfaces? (16.B.03)			
28. Is all self propelled equipment equipped with automatic, audible, reverse signal alarms? (16.B.01)			
29. Is there a record of manufacturer’s approval of any modification of equipment which affects its capacity or safe operation? (16.A.18)			
30. Are truck and crawler cranes attached to a barge or pontoon by a slack tiedown system? (16.F.06)			
31. Have the following conditions been met for land cranes mounted on barges or pontoons: (16.F.04) a. Have load ratings been modified to reflect the increased loading from list, trim, wave, and wind action? b. Are all deck surfaces above the water? c. Is the entire bottom area of the barge or pontoon submerged? d. Are tie downs available? e. Are cranes blocked and secured?			
32. Are all belts, gears, shafts, spindles, drums, flywheels, or other rotating parts of equipment guarded where is a potential for exposure to workers? (16.B.03)			

	Yes	No	N/A
33. Is the area where the crane is to work level, firm and secured? (16.A.10)			
34. Is a dry chemical or carbon dioxide fire extinguisher rated at least 5-B:C on the crane? (16.A.26)			
35. Are trucks, for truck mounted cranes, equipped with a working reverse signal alarm? (16.B.01)			
36. Is a signal person provided where there is danger from swinging loads, buckets, booms, etc.? (16.B.13)			
37. Is there adequate clearance from overhead structures and electrical sources for the crane to be operated safely? (16.C.09)			
38. Is there adequate lighting for night operations? (16.C.19)			
39. Has the the boom stop test on cable-supported booms been performed? (16.D.06)			
40. Is the boom disenaging device functioning as required? (16.D.06)			
41. Has all rigging and wire rope been inspected? (Section 15)			
Remarks:(Enter actions taken for all “no” answers.)			
Contractor inspector signature			
Contractor QC/safety officer/project manager signature			

SAFETY CHECKLIST FOR PORTAL, TOWER, AND PILLAR CRANES

Contract # and Title:			
Equipment name & number: owned or leased?			
Contractor:	Subcontractor:		
Contract Inspector:	Date Inspected:		
	Yes	No	N/A
1. Are the following available: (16.E.02) a. written erection instructions? b. listing of the weight of each component? c. an activity hazard analysis for the erection? d. does the activity hazard analysis contain (1.) location of crane and adjacent structures? (2.) foundation design and construction requirements? (3.) clearance and bracing requirements?			
2. Is there a boom angle indicator within the operator's view? (16.E.04)			
3. Are luffing jib cranes equipped with: (16.E.05) a. shock absorbing jib stops? b. jib hoist limit switch? c. jib angle indicator visible to operator?			
4. If used, do rail clamps have slack between the point of attachment to the rail and the end fastened to the crane? (16E.06)			
5. Are the following with the crane at all times: (16.C.02) a. the manufacturer's operating manual? b. the load rating chart? c. the crane's log book documenting use, maintenance, inspections and tests? d. the operating manual for crane operational aids used on the crane?			

	Yes	No	N/A
6. Are the following on the project site: a. completed periodic inspection report prior to initial work? (16.C.12) b. pre-operational checklist used for daily inspections? (16.C.12) c. written reports of the operational performance tests? (16.C.13) d. written reports of the load performance tests? (16.C.13)			
7. Is every crane operator certified by a physician to be physically qualified to perform work? (16.C.05)			
8. Are all operators qualified by written and practical exam or by appropriate licensing agency for the type crane they are to operate? (16.C.05)			
9. Is the crane designed and constructed IAW the standards listed in Table 16-1? (16.C.05)			
10. Is a hazard analysis for set-up and set-down available? (16.C.08)			
11. Are there at least 3 wraps of cable on the drum? (16.C.10)			
12. Are the hoisting ropes installed IAW the manufacturer’s recommendations? (16.C.10)			
13. Is the a record of manufacturer’s approval of any modification of equipment which affects its capacity or safe operation? (16.A.07)			
5. Remarks: (Enter actions taken)			
Contractor inspector signature			
Contractor QC/safety officer/project manager signature			

SAFETY CHECKLIST FOR RIGGING

Contract # and title:			
Equipment name & number: owned or leased?			
Contractor	Subcontractor:		
Contractor inspector:	Date inspected:		
	Yes	No	N/A
1. Has all defective rigging been removed? (15.A.01)			
2. Is rigging stored properly? (15.A.01)			
3. Are running lines within 6.5’ of the ground or working level guarded? (15.A.03)			
4. Are all eye splices made in an approved manner with rope thimbles? (sling eyes excepted) (15.A.04)			
5. Are positive latching devices used to secure loads? (15.A.05)			
6. Are all custom lifting accessories marked to indicate their safe working loads? (15A.07)			
7. Are all custom designed lifting accessories proof-tested to 125% of their rated load? (15.A.07)			
8. Are the following conditions met for wire rope: (15.B.01-09) a. Are they free of rust or broken wires? b. Are defective ropes cut up or marked as unusable? c. Do rope clips attached with U-bolts have the U-bolts on the dead end or short end of the rope? d. Are protruding ends of strands in splices on slings and bridles covered or blunted? e. Except for eye splices in the end of wires and for all endless wire rope slings, are all wire ropes used in hoisting, lowering, or pulling loads one continuous piece, free of knots or splices?			

	Yes	No	N/A
f. Do all eye splices have at least 5 full tucks? g. If used, are wedge sockets fastening attached without attached the dead end of the wire rope to the live rope? h. Are they free of eyes or splices formed by wire rope clips or knots?			
9. Are the following conditions met for chain? (15.C.01-04) a. Are all chains alloyed? b. Do all coupling links or other attachments have rated capacities at least equal to that of the chain. c. Are makeshift fasteners restricted from use?			
10. Are the following conditions met for fiber rope:(15.D.01-07) a. Are all ropes protected from freezing, excessive heat or corrosive materials? b. Are all ropes protected from abrasion? c. Are splices made IAW manufacture's recommendations? d. Do all eye splices in manila rope contain at least 3 full tucks and do all short splices contain at least 6 full tucks(3 on each side of the centerline of the splice)? e. Do all splices in layed synthetic fiber rope contain at least 4 full tucks and do short splices contain at least 8 full tucks (4 on each side of the centerline of the splice)? f. Do the tails of fiber rope splices extend at least 6 rope diameters (for rope 1" diameter or greater) past the last full tuck? g. Are all eye splices large enough to provide an included angle of not greater than 60* at the splice when the eye is placed over the load or support?			
11. Are the following conditions met for all slings:(15.E.01-06) a. Is protection provided between the sling and sharp surfaces? b. Do all rope slings have minimum clear length of 40 times the diameter of component ropes between each end fitting or eye splice? c. Do all braided slings have a minimum clear length of 40 times the diameter of component ropes between each end fitting or eye splice?			

	Yes	No	N/A
d. Do all welded alloy steel chain slings have affixed permanent identification stating size, grade, rated capacity and manufacturer? e. Is each synthetic web sling marked or coded to identify its manufacturer, rated capacities for each type hitch and the type material?			
12. Are drums, sheaves, and pulley smooth and free of surface defects? (15.F.01)			
13. Is the ratio of the diameter of the rigging and the drum, block sheave or pulley thread diameter such that the rigging will adjust without excessive wear, deformation, or damage? (15F.02)			
14. Have all damaged drums, sheaves and pulleys been removed from service? (15.F.04)			
15. Are all connections, fittings, fastenings, and attachments of good quality, proper size and strength, and installed IAW manufacturer's recommendations? (15.F.05)			
16. Are all shackles and hooks sized properly? (15.F.06 & .07)			
17. Are hoisting hooks rated at 10 tons or greater provided with safe handling means? (15.F.07)			
18. Do all drums have sufficient rope capacity? (15.F.08)			
19. Is the drum end of the rope anchored by a clamp securely attached to the drum in a manner approved by the manufacturer? (15.F.08)			
20. Do grooved drums have the correct groove pitch for the diameter of the rope and is the groove depth correct? (15.F.08)			
21. Do the flanges on grooved drums project beyond the last layer of rope at a distance of either 2″ or twice the diameter of the rope, whichever is greater? (15.F.08)			
22. Do the flanges on ungrooved drums project beyond the last layer of rope a distance of either 2.5″ or twice the diameter of the rope, which ever is greater.			

	Yes	No	N/A
23. Are the sheaves compatible with the size of rope used and as specified by the manufacture? (15F.09)			
24. Are sheaves properly aligned, lubricated, and in good condition? (15.F.09)			
25. When rope is subject to riding or jumping off a sheave, are sheaves equipped with cablekeepers? 915.F.09)			
26. Are eye bolts loaded in the plane of the eye and at angles less than 45* to the horizontal? (15.F.10)			
27. Remarks: (Enter actions taken for “no” answers.)			
Contractor inspector signature			
Contractor QC/safety/project manager signature			

SAFETY CHECKLIST FOR MOTOR VEHICLES , TRAILERS AND TRUCKS

Contract # and title: owned or leased?	
Equipment name & number:	
Contractor:	Subcontractor:
Contractor inspector:	Date inspected:

	Yes	No	N/A
1. Are records of safety inspections of all vehicles available? (18.A.02)			
2. Are all vehicles to be operated between sunset and sunrise equipped with: (18.A.04) a. 2 headlights? b. taillights and brake lights? c. front and back turn signals? d. 3 emergency flares, reflective markers, or equivalent portable warning devices?			
3. Are vehicles, except trailers or semi-trailers having a gross weight of 5000 lbs or less, equipped with service brakes and manually operated parking brakes? (18.A.05)			
4. Are service brakes on trailers and semitrailers controlled from the driver’s seat of the prime mover? (18A.06)			
5. Does the vehicle have: (18.A.06) a. a speedometer? b. a fuel gage? c. an audible warning device (horn)? d. a windshield & adequate windshield wiper? e. an operable defroster and defogging device? f. an adequate rearview mirror? g. a cab, cab shield, and other protection to protect the driver from the elements and falling or shifting materials? h. non-slip surfaces on steps? I. a power-operated starting device?			

	Yes	No	N/A
6. Is all the glass safety glass and is all broken or cracked glass replace? (18.A.07)			
7. Do trailers meet the following: (18A.08) a. Are all towing devices adequate for the weight drawn? b. Are all towing devices properly mounted? c. Are locking devices or a double safety system provided on every 5th wheel mechanism and tow bar arrangement to prevent accidental separation? d. Are trailers coupled with safety chains or cables to the towing vehicle? e. Are trailers equipped with the power brakes equipped with a break-away device which will lock-up the brakes in the event the trailer separates from the towing vehicle?			
8. Are all dump trucks:(18.A.10) a. equipped with a holding device to prevent accidental lowering of the body? b. equipped with a hoist lever secured to prevent accidental starting or tipping? c. equipped with means to determine (from the operator’s position) if the dump box is lowered? d. equipped with trip handles for tailgates that allow the operator to be clear?			
9. Are all buses, trucks and combination of vehicles with a carrying capacity of 1.5 tons or more, to be operated on public roads equipped with: (18.A.11) a. 3 reflective markers? b. 2 wheel chocks for each vehicle? c. at least one 2A:10B:C fire extinguisher? d. at least two properly rated fire extinguishers (for vehicles carrying flammable cargo)? e. a red flag not less than 1 foot square.			
10. Is vehicle exhaust controlled so as not to present a hazard to personnel? (18.A.13)			
11. Are all rubber tired motor vehicles equipped with fenders or with mud flaps if the vehicle is not designed for fenders? (18.A.14)			

	Yes	No	N/A
12. Are all vehicles, except buses, equipped with seat belts? (18.B.02)			
13. Does all self-propelled construction and industrial equipment have a working reverse signal alarm? (16.B.01)			
14. Are all hot surfaces of equipment, including exhaust pipes or other lines, guarded or insulated to prevent injury or fire? (16.B.03)			
15. If an off the road vehicle, is it equipped with rollover protective structures? (16.B.12)			
16. Remarks: (Enter actions taken for “no” answers)			
Contractor inspector signature			
Contractor QC/safety officer/project manager signature			

SAFETY CHECKLIST FOR CRAWLER TRACTORS AND DOZERS

Contract # and title:	
Equipment name & number: owned or leased?	
Contractor:	Subcontractor:
Contractor inspector:	Date inspected:

	Yes	No	N/A
1. Are initial and daily/shift inspection records available? (16.A.01& .02)			
2. Are only qualified operators assigned to operate mechanized equipment? (16.A.04)			
3. Are sufficient lights provided for night operations? (16.A.11)			
4. Is the unit shut down before refueling? (16.A.14)			
5. Does the unit have as a minimum a 5-B:C fire extinguisher? (16.A.26)			
6. Is there an effective, working reverse alarm? (16.B.01)			
7. Are moving parts, shafts, sprockets, belts, etc., guarded? (16.B.03 ,07, and 13)			
8. Is protections against hot surfaces, exhausts, etc., provided? (16.B.03 and .13)			
9. Are fuel tanks located in a manner to prevent spills or overflows from running onto engine exhaust or electrical equipment?			

	Yes	No	N/A
10. Are exhaust discharges directed so they do not endanger person of obstruct operator vision?(16.B.05)			
11. Are seat belts provided? (16B.08)			
12. Is protection (grills, canopies, screens) provided to shield operator from falling or flying objects? (16.B.10 and .11)			
13. Is roll over protection provided? (16.B.12)			
14. Remarks: (Enter actions taken for “no” answers)			
Contractor inspector signature			
Contractor QC/safety officer/project manager signature			

SAFETY CHECKLIST FOR SCRAPERS, MOTOR GRADERS , AND OTHER MOBILE EQUIPMENT

Contract # and title:	
Equipment name and number: owned or leased?	
Contractor:	Subcontractor:
Contractor inspector:	Date inspected:

	Yes	No	N/A
1. Are initial and daily/shift inspection records available? (16.A.01 & .02)			
2. Are only qualified operators assigned to operate equipment? (16.A.04)			
3. Are sufficient lights provided for night operations? (16.A.11)			
4. Does the unit have as a minimum a 5-B:C fire extinguisher? (16.A.26)			
5. Is there an effective working reverse alarm? (16.B.01)			
6. Is the unit shut down for refueling? (16.A.14)			
7. Are moving parts, shafts, sprockets, belts, etc., guarded? (16.B.03, .07 and .13)			
8. Is protection against hot surfaces, exhausts, etc., provided? (16.B.03 and .13)			
9. Are fuel tanks located in a manner to prevent spills or overflow from running onto engine exhaust or electrical equipment? (16.B.04)			
10. Are exhaust discharges directed so they do not endanger persons or obstruct operator vision? (16.B.05)			

	Yes	No	N/A
11. Are seat belts provided for each person required to ride on the equipment? (16.B.08)			
12. Is protection (grills, canopies, screens) provided to shield operators from falling or flying objects? (16.B.10 and .11)			
13. Is roll over protection provided? (16.B.12)			
14. Is a safe means of access to the cab provided (steps, grab bars, non-slip surfaces)? (16.B.03)_			
15. Are adequate head and tail lights provided? (16.A.07)			
16. Have brakes been tested and found satisfactory? (16.A.07)			
17. Does the unit have an emergency brake which will automatically stop the equipment upon brake failure? Is this system manually operable from the drivers position? (16.A.07)			
18. Is all equipment with windshields equipped with powered wipers and defogging or defrosting system? (16.A.07)			
19. Are all vehicles which will be parked or moving slower than normal traffic on haul roads equipped with a yellow flashing light or flasher visible from all directions? (16.A.13)			
20. Is the slow moving emblem used on all vehicles which by design move at 25 MPH or less on public roads? (08A.04)			

	Yes	No	N/A
21. Have air tanks been tested and certified? (20.A.01)			
22. Is an air pressure gage in working condition installed on the unit? (20.A.12)			
23. Does the air tank have an accessible drain valve? (20.B.17)			
24. Remarks: (Enter action taken for all “no” answers)			
Contractor inspector signature			
Contractor QC/safety officer/project manager			

SAFETY CHECKLIST FOR MATERIAL HOISTS

Contract # and title:	
Equipment name & number:	
Contractor:	Subcontractor:
Contract Inspector:	Date inspected:

	Yes	No	N/A
1. Are all hoist towers, masts, guys or braces, counterweights, drive machinery supports, sheave supports, platforms, supporting structures, and accessories designed by a licensed engineer? (16.K.02)			
2. Is a copy of the hoist operating manual available? (16.K.04)			
3. Do all floors and platforms have slip-resistant surfaces? (16.K.08)			
4. Are landings and runways adequately barricaded and is overhead protection provided where needed? (16.K.08)			
5. Are hoisting ropes installed IAW manufacturer's instructions? (16.K.10)			
6. Are operating rules posted at the hoist operator's station? (16.K.14)			
7. Are air powered hoists connected to an air supply of sufficient capacity and pressure to safely operate the hoist? (16.K.15)			
8. Are pneumatic hoses secured by some positive means to prevent accidental disconnection? (16.K.15)			
9. Remarks: (Enter actions taken for all "no" answers.)			
Contractor inspector signature			
Contractor QC/safety officer/project manager signature			

SAD Form 1666g-R Mar 97 Previous editions may be used for contracts referencing the 1992 edition of EM 385-1-1.

SAFETY CHECKLIST FOR EARTH DRILLING EQUIPMENT

Contract # and title:	
Equipment name & number:	
Contractor:	Subcontractor:
Contractor inspector:	Date inspected:

	Yes	No	N/A
1. Is a copy of the manual for all drilling equipment available? (16.M.01)			
2. Have all overhead electrical hazards and potential ground hazards been identified in a site layout plan and addressed in an activity hazard analysis? (16.M.02)			
3. Are MSDSs for all drilling fluids available? (16.M.05)			
4. Does the drilling equipment have 2 easily accessible emergency shut down devices (one for the operator and one for the helper)? (16.M.06)			
5. Is the equipment posted with a warning of electrical hazards? (16.M.06)			
6. Is there a spotter or an electrical proximity warning device available to ensure safe distances from power lines are maintained? (16.M.06)			
7. Remarks: (Enter actions taken for “no” answers)			
Contractor inspector signature			
Contractor QC/safety officer/project manager			

SAD Form 1666h-R Mar 97 Previous editions may be used for contracts referencing the 1992 edition of EM 385-1-1.

TRANSMITTAL OF SHOP DRAWINGS, EQUIPMENT DATA, MATERIAL SAMPLES, OR MANUFACTURER'S CERTIFICATES OF COMPLIANCE *(Read instructions on the reverse side prior to initiating this form)*	DATE	TRANSMITTAL NO.

SECTION I - REQUEST FOR APPROVAL OF THE FOLLOWING ITEMS *(This section will be initiated by the contractor)*

TO:	FROM:	CONTRACT NO.	CHECK ONE: ☐ THIS IS A NEW TRANSMITTAL ☐ THIS IS A RESUBMITTAL OF TRANSMITTAL _____
SPECIFICATION SEC. NO. *(Cover only one section with each transmittal)*	PROJECT TITLE AND LOCATION		CHECK ONE: THIS TRANSMITTAL IS FOR ☐ FIO ☐ GOV'T. APPROVAL

ITEM NO. *a.*	DESCRIPTION OF ITEM SUBMITTED *(Type size, model number/etc.)* *b.*	MFG OR CONTR. CAT., CURVE DRAWING OR BROCHURE NO. *(See instruction no. 8)* *c.*	NO. OF COPIES *d.*	CONTRACT REFERENCE DOCUMENT		FOR CONTRACTOR USE CODE *g.*	VARIATION *(See instruction No. 6)* *h.*	FOR CE USE CODE *i.*
				SPEC. PARA. NO. *e.*	DRAWING SHEET NO. *f.*			

REMARKS	I certify that the above submitted items have been reviewed in detail and are correct and in strict conformance with the contract drawings and specifications except as other wise stated. NAME AND SIGNATURE OF CONTRACTOR

SECTION II - APPROVAL ACTION

ENCLOSURES RETURNED *(List by Item No.)*	NAME, TITLE AND SIGNATURE OF APPROVING AUTHORITY	DATE

INSTRUCTIONS

1. Section I will be initiated by the Contractor in the required number of copies.

2. Each transmittal shall be numbered consecutively in the space provided for "Transmittal No.". This number, in addition to the contract number, will form a serial number for identifying each submittal. For new submittals or resubmittals mark the appropriate box; on resubmittals, insert transmittal number of last submission as well as the new submittal number.

3. The "Item No." will be the same "Item No." as indicated on ENG FORM 4288-R for each entry on this form.

4. Submittals requiring expeditious handling will be submitted on a separate form.

5. Separate transmittal form will be used for submittals under separate sections of the specifications.

6. A check shall be placed in the "Variation" column when a submittal is not in accordance with the plans and specifications--also, a written statement to that effect shall be included in the space provided for "Remarks".

7. Form is self-transmittal, letter of transmittal is not required.

8. When a sample of material or Manufacturer's Certificate of Compliance is transmitted, indicate "Sample" or "Certificate" in column c, Section I.

9. U.S. Army Corps of Engineers approving authority will assign action codes as indicated below in space provided in Section I, column i to each item submitted. In addition they will ensure enclosures are indicated and attached to the form prior to return to the contractor. The Contractor will assign action codes as indicated below in Section I, column g, to each item submitted.

THE FOLLOWING ACTION CODES ARE GIVEN TO ITEMS SUBMITTED

A -- Approved as submitted.

B -- Approved, except as noted on drawings.

C -- Approved, except as noted on drawings.
Refer to attached sheet resubmission required.

D -- Will be returned by separate correspondence.

E -- Disapproved (See attached).

F -- Receipt acknowledged.

FX -- Receipt acknowledged, does not comply as noted with contract requirements.

G -- Other *(Specify)*

10. Approval of items does not relieve the contractor from complying with all the requirements of the contract plans and specifications.

(Reverse of ENG Form 4025-R)

COST ESTIMATE ANALYSIS

For use of this form, see TM 5-800-2; the proponent agency is USACE.

PROJECT	INVITATION/CONTRACTOR	EFFECTIVE PRICING DATE	DATE PREPARED
LOCATION	CODE (Check one) ☐ A ☐ B ☐ C ☐ OTHER	DRAWING NO.	SHEET OF SHEETS
		ESTIMATOR	CHECKED BY

TASK DESCRIPTION	QUANTITY		LABOR				EQUIPMENT		MATERIAL		TOTAL	SHIPPING	
	NO. OF UNITS	UNIT MEAS	MH UNIT	TOTAL HRS	UNIT PRICE	COST	UNIT PRICE	COST	UNIT PRICE	COST		UNIT WT	TOTAL WT
TOTAL THIS SHEET													

DA FORM 5418-R, Apr 85

Approved by OM 0348-0046

DISCLOSURE OF LOBBYING ACTIVITIES

Complete this form to disclose lobbying activities pursuant to 31 U.S.C. 1352
(See reverse for public burden disclosure.)

1. Type of Federal Action:

☐ a. contract
b. grant
c. cooperative agreement
d. loan
e. loan guarantee
f. loan insurance

2. Status of Federal Action:

☐ a. bid/offer/application
b. initial award
c. post-award

3. Report Type:

☐ a. initial filing
b. material change

For Material Change Only:
year _____ quarter _____
date of last report _____

4. Name and Address of Reporting Entity:

☐ Prime ☐ Subawardee
Tier _____, *if known*:

Congressional District, *if known:*

5. If Reporting Entity in No. 4 is Subawardee, Enter Name and Address of Prime:

Congressional District, *if known*:

6. Federal Department/Agency:

7. Federal Program Name/Description:

CFDA Number, *if applicable*: _____

8. Federal Action Number, *if known*:

9. Award Amount, *if known*:

$

10. a. Name and Address of Lobbying Entity
(*if individual, last name, first name, MI):*

b. Individuals Performing Services *(including address if different from No. 10a)*
(last name, first name, MI):

(attach Continuation Sheet(s) SF-LLL-A, *if necessary*)

11. Amount of Payment *(check all that apply)*:

$ _____ ☐ actual ☐ planned

12. Form of Payment *(check all that apply)*:

☐ a. cash
☐ b. in-kind; specify: nature _____
value _____

13. Type of Payment *(check all that apply)*:

☐ a. retainer
☐ b. one-time fee
☐ c. commission
☐ d. contingent fee
☐ e. deferred
☐ f. other; specify: _____

14. Brief Description of Services Performed or to be Performed and Date(s) of Service, including officer(s), employee(s), or Member(s) contacted, for Payment indicated in Item 11:

(attach Continuation Sheet(s) SF-LLL-A, *if necessary*)

15. Continuation Sheet(s) SF-LLL-A attached: ☐ Yes ☐ No

16. Information requested through this form is authorized by title 31 U.S.C section 1352. This disclosure of lobbyig activities is a materia representation of fact upon which reliance was placed by the tier above when this transaction was made or entered into. This disclosure is required pursuant to 31 U.S.C. 1352 . This information will be reported to the Congress semi-annually and will be available for public inspection. Any person who fails to

Signature: _____

Print Name: _____

Title: _____

Telephone No.: _____ **Date:** _____

Federal Use Only:

Authorized for Local Reproduction

INSTRUCTIONS FOR COMPLETION OF SF-LLL, DISCLOSURE OF LOBBYING ACTIVITIES

This disclosure form shall be completed by the reporting entity, whether subawardee or prime Federal recipient, at the initiation or receipt of a covered Federal action, or a material change to a previous filing, pursuant to title 31 U.S.C. section 1352. The filing of a form is required for each payment or agreement to make payment to any lobbying entity for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a member of Congress in connection with a covered Federal action. Use the SF-LLL-A Continuation Sheet for additional information if the space on the form is inadequate. Complete all items that apply for both the initial filing and material change report. Refer to the implementing guidance published by the Office of Management and Budget for additional information.

1. Identify the type of covered Federal action for which lobbying activity is and/or has been secured to influence the outcome of a covered Federal action.

2. Identify the status of the covered Federal action.

3. Identify the appropriate classification of this report. If this is a followup report caused by a material change to the information previously reported, enter the year and quarter in which the change occurred. Enter the date of the last previously submitted report by this reporting entity for this covered Federal action.

4. Enter the full name, address, city, state and zip code of the reporting entity. Include Congressional District, if known. Check the appropriate classification of the reporting entity that designates if it is, or expects to be, a prime or subaward recipient. Identify the tier of the subawardee, e.g., the first subawardee of the prime is the 1st tier. Subawards include but are not limited to subcontracts, subgrants and contract awards under grants.

5. If the organization filing the report in item 4 checks “Subawardee”, then enter the full name, address, city, state and zip code of the prime Federal recipient. Include Congressional District, if known.

6. Enter the name of the Federal agency making the award or loan commitment. Include at least one organizational level below agency name, if known. For example, Department of Transportation, United States Coast Guard.

7. Enter the Federal program name or description for the covered Federal action (item 1). If known, enter the full Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance (CFDA) number for grants, cooperative agreements, loans, and loan commitments.

8. Enter the most appropriate Federal identifying number available for the Federal action identified in item 1 (e.g., Request for Proposal (RFP) number; Invitation for Bid (IFB) number; grant announcement number; the contract, grant, or loan award number; the application/proposal control number assigned by the Federal agency). Include prefixes, e.g., “RFP-DE-90-001.”

9. For a covered Federal action where there has been an award or loan commitment by the Federal agency, enter the Federal amount of the award/loan commitment for the prime entity identified in item 4 or 5.

10. (a) Enter the full name, address, city, state and zip code of the lobbying entity engaged by the reporting entity identified in item 4 to influence the covered Federal action.

    (b) Enter the full names of the individuals(s) performing services, and include full address if different from 10 (a). Enter Last Name, First Name, and Middle Initial (MI).

11. Enter the amount of compensation paid or reasonably expected to be paid by the reporting entity (item 4) to the lobbying entity (item 10). Indicate whether the payment has been made (actual) or will be made (planned). Check all boxes that apply. If this is a material change report, enter the cumulative amount of payment made or planned to be made.

12. Check the appropriate box(es). Check all boxes that apply. If payment is made through an in-kind contribution, specify the nature and value of the in-kind payment.

13. Check the appropriate box(es). Check all boxes that apply. If other, specify nature.

    Provide a specific and detailed description of the services that the lobbyist has performed, or will be expected to perform, and the date(s) of any services rendered. Include all preparatory and related activity, not just time spent in

Public reporting burden for this collection of information is estimated to average 30 minutes per response, including time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing the collection of information. Send comments regarding the burden estimate or any other aspect of this collection of information, including suggestions for reducing this burden, to the Office of Management and Budget, Paperwork Reduction Project (0348-0046), Washington, D.C. 20503.

DISCLOSURE OF LOBBYING ACTIVITIES
CONTINUATION SHEET

Approved by OM
0348-0046

Reporting Entity: _____ Page ____ of ____ ____

*U.S. G.P.O. 1990-260-708:00012

*7 REAL PROPERTY INVENTORY

ITEM	TALLY	TOTAL
COMMODES		
LAVATORIES		
URINALS		
EXHAUST FAN (9")		
EXHAUST FAN (OTHER)		
WATER COOLER		
HOTWATER HEATER		
MOP SINK		
AC PLANT	LS 5 TN. 5-25 TN. 25-100 TN. OVER 100 TN.	
AS (WINDOW TYPE)		
FIRE ALARM SYSTEM	MANUAL HALON SPRINKLER	
EMERGENCY LIGHTS		
UNIT HEATER		
STRIP HEATER		
COOLING TOWER		
WALK-IN COOLER		
AIR CURTAIN		
EYE WASH		
SHOWERS		
BOILER	GAS FIRED OIL FIRED STEAM	
~~FUEL TANK~~	~~UNDERGROUND~~ ~~OUTSIDE~~	

REAL PROPERTY INVENTORY

ITEM	TALLY	TOTAL
WASH BASIN		
AIR COMPRESSOR		
HOISTS		
INVENTORY BY:		DATA:
RECONCILED BY:		DATA:

REAL PROPERTY INVENTORY

ITEM	TALLY	TOTAL
INVENTORIED BY:		DATE:
RECONCILED BY:		DATE:

SECTION 01010

GENERAL PROJECT REQUIREMENTS

1. GENERAL

1.1 This section provides general scope information and design/construction requirements for this project. More explicit requirements are provided in subsequent sections. The design and construction requirements within this RFP represent the minimum quantity and quality acceptable for the proposal and project.

1.2 The site plan and floor plan provide a conceptual design that has been coordinated with and is acceptable to the User and Base Master Planning for functional relationships and working arrangements. The floor plan must be used as provided. Minor adjustments required to accommodate the structural design are acceptable as long as they do not modify the functional relationships and working arrangements. Minor adjustments to the site layout are acceptable as long as planned elements and their spatial relationships are retained. It is desired to maintain the building envelope as described in the RFP. Adjustments to the building envelope shall be allowed only if required to reduce construction cost to meet the CCL as described in paragraph 1.3 below.

1.3 To stay within the Base Bid construction cost limitation of $5,125,000, proposers may consider the following cost savings as part of their proposal. Proposers will only implement these measures as a last resort to stay within the cost limitation. Proposers will indicate, as part of their proposal, which items have been implemented.
In consideration of the Government's desire to achieve a project within the funds available, the items have been prioritized to assist the proposer in determining which savings to incorporate into their proposal. It is up to the proposers to make the choices on which savings, if any, to incorporate. Item number 1 is the cost saving measure that the Government would like to see adopted first. Item 5 is the measure that the Government would like to see adopted last (the item the Government would most like to retain as shown in the Request For Proposal documents). The listing here does not preclude the proposers from taking any other cost saving measures allowed by this Request For Proposal. Implicit in the description of cost savings measure is the requirement to complete or modify any work affected by the execution of the cost savings measures in order to effect a workable final solution. If specifically mentioned in the description, the proposers shall substitute as directed. Otherwise the proposers are permitted to handle modifications at their discretion provided their choices fall within the parameters allowed by this Request For Proposal. For example, sodding is explicitly required in lieu of paving where parking lots have been deleted, whereas the reduction of brick requires continuation of exterior closure or other treatment to provide weather protection in keeping with the base design guidelines for materials and colors.
The potential cost saving measures are as follows:

1. Eliminate up to a maximum 1/2 of the parking spaces and associated site improvements and lighting. Instead, sod those areas.
2. Decrease the amount of brick used in the elevations to a minimum of 75% of the entire elevation (minimum allowed by the Fort Gillem IDG). Replace the brick by use of EIFS.

3. Use EIFS in lieu of cast stone base at exterior walls except at projected façade elements at building entrances.
4. Reduce the total gross building areas by a maximum of 10% by reducing the footprint of the building proportionally and adjusting the interior partitions in order to maintain the spatial relationships and functionality of the floor plan included in the RFP. Care must be taken to insure that the remaining spaces conform to the applicable codes and standards and that items included in the furnishings order forms will still fit in the adjusted floor plan.
5. Use gable end roofs in lieu of hip roofs indicated in the drawings

2. GENERAL PROJECT DESCRIPTION

The scope of work for the Recruiting Brigade Operations Building, Fort Gillem, Georgia, includes the design, site preparation and construction of one new building on a vacant and a mostly level site and other miscellaneous improvements on the site. Supporting facilities will include parking, concrete pavement, sidewalks, water, sewer, electrical service, fire alarm systems, storm drainage, erosion control measures, information systems, and landscaping.

2.1 Sustainable Design. This project has been chosen as a showcase for sustainable design with the goal of achieving a Gold or Platinum level of sustainable design features as measured through the use of Sustainable Project Rating Tool (SPiRiT), Appendix D to Section 01020. SPiRiT is a modified version of the U.S. Green Building Council LEED Green Building Rating System. As stated in the contract clauses each offeror will complete and submit the SPiRit Facility Points Summary, Appendix E, with the proposal; the total points score will determine the SPiRiT Sustainable Project Certificate Level: SPiRiT Bronze, Silver, Gold or Platinum. The proposed level will be used as a proposal evaluation factor as defined in the contract clauses.

2.2 Site Development and Utilities. Site development will include all clearing, grading, roads, parking lots, landscaping, sidewalks, curbs and gutters and utilities for the complex.

2.3 Demolition. Demolition will include removal and disposal of hazardous building materials which include but are not limited to asbestos, lead items, lead-based paint items that exceed 1 mg/cm2, 0.5% by weight, mercury containing fluorescent tubes, high intensity direct lights, PCB-containing ballasts, mercury containing switches and thermostats; and removal of buildings, foundations, pavement and site improvements. Underground water and sewer utilities will be capped at main to avoid dead-end lines.

2.4 Facilities. The project facilities will house 2nd Recruiting Brigade, AMEDD, and building functions. Administrative functions, training facilities and equipment, briefing areas, mission related equipment and transport and personnel effects storage and other functions related to the Recruiting Brigade and AMEDD will be accommodated. All required anti-terrorism/ force protection measures will be incorporated into the facilities and grounds. The project will be designed in accordance with ADA.

2.5 There are no Army Standard Designs for this project.

2.6 Project design plans and specifications may be in English inch-pound units or the Metric SI System of measurements but the units for the site and building(s) must be consistent. The site survey drawings provided are in English units, as are the Site Layout Plan and Floor Plan. The Offerors may present their plans in either English or Metric units of measure.

3. FUNDING CONSTRUCTION:

3.1 The funding limit for this project is stated in the notes to the bid schedule. A contact award for bid items 1 through 3 will not exceed the cost limitation noted in the bid schedule.

4. DESIGN REQUIREMENTS

The proposal documents shall include adequate information in the form of narratives, drawings, calculations, catalog cuts, etc., to enable the Government to adequately review the proposal. Proposal documents shall include all requirements listed in this Request For Proposal and compliance with the format requirements is encouraged to facilitate review and award.

4.1 The design, following award, will include a preliminary design submittal, final design submittal, corrected final design submittal and approved corrected final design submittals. See Section 01030, DESIGN AFTER AWARD.

4.2 The proposal drawings may be done with any CADD software. Once the contract is awarded all drawings will be initiated and done in Microstation software (latest version) in accordance with A/E/C CADD Standards Manual which is available at: (http://tsc.wes.army.mil/). The Savannah District border sheets will be provided to the contractor. Note: drawing files to be furnished to USAREC (Dan Powell) as described in Section 01030, paragraph 8.

4.3 Codes, reference documents and criteria referenced within this RFP, although not attached, are an integral part of this RFP. Each proposer shall be responsible for securing any necessary reference at his own expense and resources.

4.4 Preparation of DD Form 1354, "Transfer and Acceptance of Military Real Property." At the conclusion of the project, the Contractor will compile and furnish to the Contracting Officer all costs and quantity data of materials and systems furnished and installed. A list of items for which the costs and quantity data is required will be furnished to the Contractor. Such information will be returned to the Contracting Officer within 10 days from receipt of the list.

5. EXPLANATION OF BID ITEMS:

5.1 General: This section comprises an explanation of the bid items identified in the bid schedule. This section is a general scope of work for the bid items described in the bid schedule and is not intended to be all-encompassing in the descriptions. All work specified herein shall be accomplished in accordance with the procedures prescribed in the technical provisions of the RFP. The Contractor shall bid each type of work under the applicable bid item. Measurement for payment will not be made. Payment

described for the various bid items will be full compensation for all labor, materials, and equipment required to complete the work. Compensation for any item of work described in the contract but not listed in the bid schedule shall be included in the payment for the item of work to which it is made subsidiary.

5.2 Payment under Bid Item No. 0001, "Design Effort,… Complete" will constitute full compensation for furnishing all materials, labor and other associated incidentals necessary to complete the design for the facilities including demolition, sitework and utility design in accordance with RFP. This also includes engineering services during construction to assure quality construction and commissioning of equipment. This item will also include the structural interior design.

5.3 Payment under Bid Item No. 0002, "Construction of Recruiting Brigade Operations Building Complete to 5 foot Building Line" will constitute full compensation for furnishing all materials, equipment, plant, tools, and all labor costs and other associated incidentals necessary to complete the construction of the building as proposed by the Contractor.

5.4 Payment under Bid Item No. 0003, "Site Preparation and Development Including Utilities (Everything Outside the 5 foot Building Line, Complete)" but excluding bid options. This will constitute full compensation for furnishing all materials, equipment, plants, tools, and all labor costs and other associated incidentals necessary to complete the construction of the work beyond the 5' building line including clearing, grubbing, grading, new curbs, gutters and pavement, landscaping, irrigation and all utilities. "Demolition - Two buildings:…Complete to 5-Foot Building Line”. This will constitute full compensation for hazardous building materials abatement, disposition of debris and furnishing all materials, equipment, tools, and all labor and hauling costs and other associated incidentals necessary to complete Water and sewer utilities may be abandoned in place outside the 5’ building line, but will be capped back at the main to avoid dead-end lines.

5.5 Payment under Bid Item No. 0004, Option 1, "Purchase of Emergency Generator and Automatic Transfer Switch…". This will constitute full compensation for furnishing and delivery of all materials, equipment, tools, and all labor costs and other associated incidentals necessary to purchase the equipment and accessories. The final installation and connections required for a complete and functioning system shall be included under Bid Item No. 0009, Option 6.

5.6 Payment under Bid Item No. 0005, Option 2 " Widen “O” Avenue to 24’. " This will constitute full compensation for furnishing all materials, equipment, plant, tools, and all labor costs and other associated incidentals necessary to complete the described roadwork including providing and installing street lighting, signage and markings along roadway.

5.7 Payment under Bid Item No. 0006, Option 3 " Widen “26th” Street to 24’" This will constitute full compensation for furnishing all materials, equipment, plant, tools, and all labor costs and other associated incidentals necessary to complete the described roadwork including providing and installing street lighting, signage and markings along roadway.

5.8 Payment under Bid Item No. 0007, Option 4 " Provide and install sod at all areas disturbed by construction in lieu of seeding". This will constitute full compensation for furnishing all materials, equipment, plant,

tools, and all labor costs and other associated incidentals necessary to complete the described site improvements.

5.9 Payment under Bid Item No. 0008, Option 5 "Purchase, Deliver and Install CID Furniture/Furnishings as described in Appendix M, complete including Project Management for the purchase, receipt of delivery and oversight of installation of CID Furniture/Furnishings". This will constitute full compensation for the work described including the costs from the GSA vendors for purchase, delivery and installation. Other peripheral actions required to make workstations operational including providing electrical and communications to and within systems furniture are to be included under Base Bid Item 0002.

5.10 Payment under Bid Item No. 0009, Option 6 – "Installation of Emergency Generator and Automatic Transfer Switch Equipment, [Purchase of Equipment is under Option 1 (Item 0004) above]". This will constitute full compensation for all labor and other associated costs necessary to make final installation and connections required for a complete and functioning system of the equipment and accessories purchased and delivered under Bid Item 0004, Option 1.

--End of Section--

APPENDIX A
FUNCTIONAL ROOM REQUIREMENTS

APPENDIX A

FUNCTIONAL ROOM REQUIREMENTS

This room by room summary of specific user requirements for function within the facilities represents the minimum quantity and quality of user desired features and functional relationships. Where there is a conflict between the functional room requirements and applicable building codes, standards and installation design guidelines, the most stringent condition shall apply.

COMMON AREA FUNCTIONS/SPACES

SPACE: VESTIBULE 1
DESCRIPTION: Main building entry vestibule.
NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS: 0
ADJACENCY REQUIREMENTS: Exterior entry and Corridor 1.
FEATURES: Exterior sidelights, building directory, fire alarm panel, walk-off mat with logo. Locate a "Knox Box" and a covered telephone accessible to the exterior near the main entrance. Card reader on exterior side of Main entrance to operate magnetic lock. Push button device on interior side of main entrance door to manually disengage magnetic lock.

SPACE: CORRIDOR 1
DESCRIPTION: Main building corridor.
NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS: 0
ADJACENCY REQUIREMENTS: Vestibule 1, Anteroom to conference room/training
FEATURES: Proved display cases recessed in alcove. Display units shall have wood trim finished to match interior trim, glass shelving, sliding glass doors with lock and internal lighting, memorabilia encased in the display units shall be provided and installed by the users)

SPACE: CORRIDOR 2
DESCRIPTION: Main building corridor.
NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS: 0
ADJACENCY REQUIREMENTS: Anteroom, building egress, recruiting brigade functions, copier alcove
FEATURES: Card reader on exterior side of West entrance to operate magnetic lock. Push button device on interior side of West entrance door to manually disengage magnetic lock.

SPACE: JANITOR'S CLOSET
DESCRIPTION: Janitor's closet.
NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS: 0
ADJACENCY REQUIREMENTS: Accessed from public corridor system.
FEATURES: Mop sink with drain. Stainless steel shelf with mop holder.

SPACE: COPIER ALCOVE 1
DESCRIPTION: Copier alcove
NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS: 0
ADJACENCY REQUIREMENTS: recruiting brigade functions, main building corridor
FEATURES: freestanding photocopier, wall cabinets for full width of alcove, room for recycling and waste bins
DATA/VOICE REQUIREMENTS: 2 data lines

SPECIAL POWER REQUIREMENTS: Provide one each 3 phase, 20 amp and 1 phase, 20 amp outlet for flexibility in selection of a copier.

SPACE: CORRIDOR 3
DESCRIPTION: Main building corridor.
NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS: 0
ADJACENCY REQUIREMENTS: Anteroom, building egress, building functions, copier alcove, Break Room, Public Toilets
FEATURES: Accessible water purifier. Card reader on exterior side of North entrance to operate magnetic lock. Push button device on interior side of North entrance door to manually disengage magnetic lock.

SPACE: COPIER ALCOVE 2
DESCRIPTION: Copier alcove
NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS: 0
ADJACENCY REQUIREMENTS: facility and recruiting brigade functions, main building corridor
FEATURES: freestanding photocopier, wall cabinets for full width of alcove, room for recycling and waste bins
DATA/VOICE REQUIREMENTS: 2 data lines
SPECIAL POWER REQUIREMENTS: Provide one each 3 phase, 20 amp and 1 phase, 20 amp outlet for flexibility in selection of a copier.

SPACE: MEN'S TOILET
DESCRIPTION: Centrally located multi-occupant handicapped-accessible men's toilet.
NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS: Based on serving 55 male personnel
ADJACENCY REQUIREMENTS: Centrally located for convenient use by facility personnel and visitors, near break room and drinking fountains.
FEATURES: Sound control, floor drain. 2 toilets, 2 urinals and 4 lavatories. Two-roll toilet tissue dispensers, grab bars, soap dispensers, full width mirror at lavatory, paper towel dispensers and wall-mounted waste receptacle, diaper changing station, four two-tiered built-in lockers.

SPACE: MEN'S SHOWER
DESCRIPTION: Multi-occupant handicapped-accessible men's showers.
NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS: 3 shower compartments
ADJACENCY REQUIREMENTS: Accessed from Men's Toilet.
FEATURES: Sound control. 3 shower compartments, each with floor drain, plus floor drain in main room. Ceramic tile surrounds with ceramic soap holder. Shower curtain, hangers and rod. Changing benches. Towel/robe hooks accessible to shower compartment and changing benches.

SPACE: WOMEN'S TOILET
DESCRIPTION: Centrally located multi-occupant handicapped-accessible women's toilet.
NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS: Based on serving 55 female personnel
ADJACENCY REQUIREMENTS: Centrally located for convenient use by facility personnel and visitors, near break room and drinking fountains.
FEATURES: Sound control, floor drain. 4 toilets and 4 lavatories. Two-roll toilet tissue dispensers, grab bars, sanitary napkin disposals, soap dispensers, full width mirror at lavatory, paper towel dispensers and wall-mounted waste receptacle, diaper changing station, four two-tiered built-in lockers.

SPACE: WOMEN'S SHOWER

DESCRIPTION: Multi-occupant handicapped-accessible women's showers.
NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS: 3 shower compartments
ADJACENCY REQUIREMENTS: Accessed from Women's Toilet.
FEATURES: Sound control. 3 shower compartments, each with floor drain, plus floor drain in main room. Ceramic tile surrounds with ceramic soap holder. Shower curtain, hangers and rod. Changing benches. Towel/robe hooks accessible to shower compartment and changing benches.

SPACE: ANTEROOM
DESCRIPTION: Junction of main building corridors, serving as anteroom to conference room/training room.
NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS: 0
ADJACENCY REQUIREMENTS: main building corridors, main entrance to conference room/training room
FEATURES: raised ceiling, decorative columns, gypsum wallboard soffits, special lighting – accent lighting to highlight conference room doors, cove lighting above soffit.

SPACE: CONFERENCE ROOM/TRAINING ROOM
DESCRIPTION: Conference room/training room - can be closed off into two smaller rooms
NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS: 20, minimum
ADJACENCY REQUIREMENTS: Centrally located for facility personnel, near main building entrance for visitors
FEATURES: Sound control. Manual operable panel wall (sound control STC 44) with door, stacking closet with closure panels for operable wall. Electrically operated drop down screens (2) - one on each end of room, ceiling mounted projectors (2) with data and power outlets serving each drop down screen. Provide for A/V equipment requirements. CATV and power outlets for TV and VCR on cart at each end of room. Window treatment to close off light - blank off shades. Provide closet for storing chairs, tables and training supplies and equipment. In addition to general lighting, the room shall have dimmable lighting over work areas. Emergency lighting shall be configured such that the lamp may be switched off manually, however, in the event of power loss, the emergency fixture shall operate to provide illumination.
DATA/VOICE REQUIREMENTS: 2 voice for each side of room and 2 data lines for A/V equipment. 10 voice, data and power combo flush floor mounted outlets on each side of operable wall (total 20 voice, data and power combo outlets) locations determined through interior design development

SPACE: A/V CLOSET
DESCRIPTION: Space to house audio video equipment and rack.
NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS: N/A
ADJACENCY REQUIREMENTS: Accessed from Conference/Training Room
FEATURES: 2 @ 20 Amp dedicated duplex power outlets. Design of HVAC for this room shall accommodate the heat output of the rack equipment, the UPS and 1 person. The required heat output and operating temperature shall be verified with the equipment to be provided. A supply and a return as well as lighting shall be provided on opposite sides of the equipment rack. Cable runs into the room shall be located on the return side.
DATA/VOICE REQUIREMENTS: 1 wall mounted phone, 2 data outlets, 1-1/2" minimum ID conduit shall be run to this room from the ceiling mounted projector locations in the Conference Room.

SPACE: BREAK ROOM
DESCRIPTION: Warming kitchen with space for tables and chairs.

NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS: 28 seated
ADJACENCY REQUIREMENTS: Centrally located for facility personnel
FEATURES: Sound control. Built-in countertop, base cabinets and wall cabinets. Stainless steel sink, microwave space in wall cabinet, space for full height refrigerator, commercial coffee machines and paper towel dispenser. Coin operated vending machines (2). Space for waste receptacle. Bulletin Board.
DATA/VOICE REQUIREMENTS: 3 voice lines distributed around the room. 1 CATV outlet.

SPACE: OUTDOOR BREAK AREA
DESCRIPTION: Paved seating area for outdoor tables, market umbrella and chairs.
NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS:
ADJACENCY REQUIREMENTS: Located near the west entry.
FEATURES: Provide outdoor lighting and exterior grade power outlet
DATA/VOICE REQUIREMENTS:

2nd RECRUITING BRIGADE - COMMAND GROUP

SPACE: WAITING ROOM
DESCRIPTION: Space for chairs and tables for 5-7 waiting visitors.
NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS: 5-7
ADJACENCY REQUIREMENTS: At entrance of Command Group suite.
FEATURES: Couches, chairs and end tables
DATA/VOICE REQUIREMENTS: 2 voice, 1 data line

SPACE: RECEPTION/WORK AREA
DESCRIPTION: Open office area for 1 receptionist/administration workstation. Space to keep files and miscellaneous storage as determined through interior design development.
NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS: 1
ADJACENCY REQUIREMENTS: Within Command Group suite near waiting area.
FEATURES: Pedestal and wall fed Systems furniture configuration and storage requirements as determined through comprehensive interior design development. Provide voice and LAN outlets at workstation. Desktop copier at reception.
DATA/VOICE REQUIREMENTS: 1 combination outlet for workstation. 1 voice for fax, one data for copier.
SPECIAL POWER REQUIREMENTS: Provide one dedicated outlet for a desktop copier.

SPACE: OFFICE 1 - COMMANDER'S OFFICE
DESCRIPTION: Private Office with work desk, credenza, chair and visitor’s chairs, small conference table with seating for 4, lounge area - space for small sofa, chair and end table.
NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS: 1
ADJACENCY REQUIREMENTS: Within Command Group suite.
FEATURES: Sound control, floor mounted safe concealed behind finishes or furnishings - space and mounting hooks required, TV/VCR on a cart. Meeting area for 10 persons. Space for clothes wardrobe or closet.
DATA/VOICE REQUIREMENTS: 2 combination outlets , 1 secure voice (SIPR outlet) and 1 secure fax, Cable television connection.

SPACE: OFFICE 2 - DEPUTY COMMANDER'S OFFICE

DESCRIPTION: Private Office with work desk, credenza, chair and visitor's chairs.
NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS: 1
ADJACENCY REQUIREMENTS: Within Command Group suite.
FEATURES: Sound control. Space for clothes wardrobe or closet.
DATA/VOICE REQUIREMENTS: 2 combination outlets. 1 secure voice (SIPR outlet)

SPACE: OFFICE 3 - CHIEF OF STAFF'S OFFICE
DESCRIPTION: Private Office with work desk, credenza, chair and visitor's chairs.
NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS: 1
ADJACENCY REQUIREMENTS: Within Command Group suite.
FEATURES: Sound control. Space for clothes wardrobe or closet.
DATA/VOICE REQUIREMENTS:2 combination outlets. 1 secure voice (SIPR outlet). Cable television connection.

SPACE: OFFICE 4 - CSM'S OFFICE
DESCRIPTION: Private Office with work desk, credenza, chair and visitor's chairs.
NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS: 1
ADJACENCY REQUIREMENTS: Within Command Group suite.
FEATURES: Sound control. Space for clothes wardrobe or closet.
DATA/VOICE REQUIREMENTS:2 combination outlets.

2nd RECRUITING BRIGADE - LEGAL

SPACE: LEGAL
DESCRIPTION: Open office area with 2 workstations for Paralegal and Legal Tech. Space for each group to keep files, references and miscellaneous storage as determined through interior design development. Space for two visitors.
NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS: 2
ADJACENCY REQUIREMENTS: Within Legal Suite
FEATURES: Pedestal and wall fed Systems furniture configuration and storage requirements as determined through comprehensive interior design development. Storage includes filing and shelving for legal library.
DATA/VOICE REQUIREMENTS: 1 combination outlet for each of 2 workstations plus one voice line for fax.

SPACE: OFFICE 1 - ATTORNEY ADVISOR'S OFFICE
DESCRIPTION: Private Office with work desk, chair and visitor's chairs.
NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS: 1
ADJACENCY REQUIREMENTS: Within Legal Suite.
FEATURES: Sound control
DATA/VOICE REQUIREMENTS: 1combination outlet.

SPACE: OFFICE 2 - BJA'S OFFICE
DESCRIPTION: Private Office with work desk, chair and visitor's chairs.
NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS: 1
ADJACENCY REQUIREMENTS: Within Legal Suite.
FEATURES: Sound control
DATA/VOICE REQUIREMENTS: 1 combination outlet.

2nd RECRUITING BRIGADE - SOLDIER AND FAMILY SUPPORT

SPACE: SOLDIER AND FAMILY SUPPORT
DESCRIPTION: Open office area with 1 workstation for Chap Asst NCO. Space for each group to keep files and miscellaneous storage as determined through interior design development.
NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS: 1
ADJACENCY REQUIREMENTS: Within S & F Support Suite. Locate close to the main building entrance. Doors into the department should be on the public side of any cross corridor doors.
FEATURES: Pedestal and wall fed Systems furniture configuration and storage requirements as determined through comprehensive interior design development. Storage includes file cabinets.
DATA/VOICE REQUIREMENTS: 1 combination outlet for workstation

SPACE: OFFICE 1 - CHAPLAIN'S OFFICE
DESCRIPTION: Private Office with work desk, chair and visitor's chairs.
NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS: 1
ADJACENCY REQUIREMENTS: Within S & F Support Suite
FEATURES: Sound control
DATA/VOICE REQUIREMENTS:2 combination outlets.

SPACE: OFFICE 2 - S&F ASST PG MANAGER'S OFFICE
DESCRIPTION: Private Office with work desk, chair and visitor's chairs.
NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS: 1
ADJACENCY REQUIREMENTS: Within S & F Support Suite
FEATURES: Sound control
DATA/VOICE REQUIREMENTS:2 combination outlets.

SPACE: OFFICE 3 - FAP COORDINATOR'S OFFICE
DESCRIPTION: Private Office with work desk, chair and visitor's chairs.
NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS: 1
ADJACENCY REQUIREMENTS: Within S & F Support Suite
FEATURES: Sound control
DATA/VOICE REQUIREMENTS: 2 combination outlets.

SPACE: OFFICE 4 - EO ADVISOR'S OFFICE
DESCRIPTION: Private Office with work desk, chair and visitor's chairs.
NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS: 1
ADJACENCY REQUIREMENTS: Within S & F Support Suite
FEATURES: Sound control
DATA/VOICE REQUIREMENTS: 1 combination outlet.

SPACE: OFFICE 5 - CAREER COUNSELOR'S OFFICE
DESCRIPTION: Private Office with work desk, chair and visitor's chairs.
NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS: 1
ADJACENCY REQUIREMENTS: Within S & F Support Suite
FEATURES: Sound control
DATA/VOICE REQUIREMENTS: 1 combination outlet.

2nd RECRUITING BRIGADE - S-1 PERSONNEL

SPACE: OPEN OFFICE AREA

DESCRIPTION: Open office area with 11 workstations. Space for each group to keep files and miscellaneous storage as determined through interior design development.
NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS: 11
ADJACENCY REQUIREMENTS: Within S-1 Suite.
FEATURES: Pedestal and wall fed Systems furniture configuration and storage requirements as determined through comprehensive interior design development. Bulletin Board.
DATA/VOICE REQUIREMENTS: 1 combination outlet for each of 11 workstations plus 2 data lines for networked printers locations to be determined.

SPACE: OFFICE 1 - CH PERS DIV OFFICE
DESCRIPTION: Private Office with work desk, chair and visitor's chairs.
NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS: 1
ADJACENCY REQUIREMENTS: Within S-1 Suite.
FEATURES: Sound control
DATA/VOICE REQUIREMENTS: 2 combination outlets.

SPACE: OFFICE 2 - PERS MGT OFFICE
DESCRIPTION: Private Office with work desk, chair and visitor's chairs.
NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS: 1
ADJACENCY REQUIREMENTS: Within S-1 Suite.
FEATURES: Sound control – if adjacent to corridor
DATA/VOICE REQUIREMENTS: 1 combination outlet.

2nd RECRUITING BRIGADE - S-3

SPACE: OPEN OFFICE AREA
DESCRIPTION: Open office area with 18 workstations. Space for each group to keep files and miscellaneous storage as determined through interior design development.
NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS: 18
ADJACENCY REQUIREMENTS: Within S-3 Suite.
FEATURES: Pedestal and wall fed Systems furniture configuration and storage requirements as determined through comprehensive interior design development. Bulletin Board.
DATA/VOICE REQUIREMENTS: 1 combination outlet for each of 18 workstations plus 2 additional voice lines location to be determined. (Total of 19 voice, 34 data lines).

SPACE: WORK AREA
DESCRIPTION: Common work area.
NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS: 0
ADJACENCY REQUIREMENTS: Within S-3 Suite.
FEATURES: Work area partially enclosed by permanent partitions for shared photocopier, printer and fax. Built-in wall and base cabinets for storage for paper & copier supplies, waste and paper recycling containers.
DATA/VOICE REQUIREMENTS: 1 voice line for fax, 1 data line for printer, 1 data line for copier.

SPACE: STORAGE ROOM
DESCRIPTION: Room for general storage.
NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS: 0
ADJACENCY REQUIREMENTS: Accessible to S-3 Suite.
FEATURES: Storage configuration and requirements as determined through comprehensive interior design development.

SPACE: OFFICE 1 - CH RCTG DIV OFFICE
DESCRIPTION: Private Office with work desk, chair and visitor's chairs.
NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS: 1
ADJACENCY REQUIREMENTS: Within S-3 Suite.
FEATURES: Sound control
DATA/VOICE REQUIREMENTS: 2 combination outlets.

SPACE: OFFICE 2 - OPS NCO OFFICE
DESCRIPTION: Private Office with work desk, chair and visitor's chairs.
NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS: 1
ADJACENCY REQUIREMENTS: Within S-3 Suite.
FEATURES: Sound control – if adjacent to corridor
DATA/VOICE REQUIREMENTS: 1 combination outlet.

SPACE: OFFICE 3 - ED SPEC OFFICE
DESCRIPTION: Private Office with work desk, chair and visitor's chairs.
NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS: 1
ADJACENCY REQUIREMENTS: Within S-3 Suite.
FEATURES: Sound control – if adjacent to corridor
DATA/VOICE REQUIREMENTS: 1 combination outlet.

SPACE: OFFICE 4 - CH OPS BR OFFICE
DESCRIPTION: Private Office with work desk, chair and visitor's chairs.
NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS: 1
ADJACENCY REQUIREMENTS: Within S-3 Suite.
FEATURES: Sound control – if adjacent to corridor
DATA/VOICE REQUIREMENTS: 2 combination outlets.

SPACE: OFFICE 5 - OPS OFF USAR OFFICE
DESCRIPTION: Private Office with work desk, chair and visitor's chairs.
NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS: 1
ADJACENCY REQUIREMENTS: Within S-3 Suite.
FEATURES: Sound control – if adjacent to corridor
DATA/VOICE REQUIREMENTS: 1 combination outlet.

SPACE: OFFICE 6 - OPS NCO USAR OFFICE
DESCRIPTION: Private Office with work desk, chair and visitor's chairs.
NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS: 1
ADJACENCY REQUIREMENTS: Within S-3 Suite.
FEATURES: Sound control – if adjacent to corridor
DATA/VOICE REQUIREMENTS: 1 combination outlet.

SPACE: OFFICE 7 - CH RCTG TRNG BR OFFICE
DESCRIPTION: Private Office with work desk, chair and visitor's chairs.
NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS: 1
ADJACENCY REQUIREMENTS: Within S-3 Suite.
FEATURES: Sound control
DATA/VOICE REQUIREMENTS: 2 combination outlets.

SPACE: OFFICE 8 - CHAP ASST RCTR OFFICE
DESCRIPTION: Private Office with work desk, chair and visitor's chairs.
NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS: 1
ADJACENCY REQUIREMENTS: Within S-3 Suite.
FEATURES: Sound control – if adjacent to corridor
DATA/VOICE REQUIREMENTS: 1 combination outlet.

SPACE: OFFICE 9 - CHAP RCTR OFFICE
DESCRIPTION: Private Office with work desk, chair and visitor's chairs.
NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS: 1
ADJACENCY REQUIREMENTS: Within S-3 Suite.
FEATURES: Sound control – if adjacent to corridor
DATA/VOICE REQUIREMENTS: 1 combination outlet.

2nd RECRUITING BRIGADE - S-4 LOGISTICS

SPACE: OPEN OFFICE AREA
DESCRIPTION: Open office area with 4 workstations. Space for each group to keep files and miscellaneous storage as determined through interior design development.
NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS: 4
ADJACENCY REQUIREMENTS: Within S-4 Suite.
FEATURES: Pedestal and wall fed Systems furniture configuration and storage requirements as determined through comprehensive interior design development.
DATA/VOICE REQUIREMENTS: 1 combination outlet for each of 3 workstations, 2 combination outlets for Log Mgt workstation, plus 1 voice line for fax location to be determined.

SPACE: OFFICE 1 - SUP LOG MGT OFFICE
DESCRIPTION: Private Office with work desk, chair and visitor's chairs.
NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS: 1
ADJACENCY REQUIREMENTS: Within S-4 Suite.
FEATURES: Sound control – if adjacent to corridor
DATA/VOICE REQUIREMENTS: 2 combination outlets.

SPACE: OFFICE 2 - LOG MGT OFFICE
DESCRIPTION: Workstation in Open Office with work desk, chair and visitor's chairs.
NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS: 1
ADJACENCY REQUIREMENTS: Within S-4 Suite.
FEATURES: Sound control – if adjacent to corridor
DATA/VOICE REQUIREMENTS: 1 combination outlet.

2nd RECRUITING BRIGADE - A & PA

SPACE: OPEN OFFICE AREA
DESCRIPTION: Open office area with 4 workstations. Space for each group to keep files and miscellaneous storage as determined through interior design development.
NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS: 4
ADJACENCY REQUIREMENTS: Within A & PA Suite.
FEATURES: Pedestal and wall fed Systems furniture configuration and storage requirements as determined through comprehensive interior design development. Full height refrigerator for film storage.
DATA/VOICE REQUIREMENTS: 1 combination outlet for each of 4 workstations.

SPACE: STORAGE ROOM
DESCRIPTION: Room for general storage.
NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS: 0

ADJACENCY REQUIREMENTS: Access from A & PA Suite.
FEATURES: Storage configuration and requirements as determined through comprehensive interior design development. Must be secure as it will be used to store cameras.

SPACE: OFFICE 1 - SUP PUB AFFAIRS SP OFFICE
DESCRIPTION: Private Office with work desk, chair and visitor's chairs.
NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS: 1
ADJACENCY REQUIREMENTS: Within A & PA Suite.
FEATURES: Sound control – if adjacent to corridor
DATA/VOICE REQUIREMENTS: 2 combination outlets.. Television cable connection.

SPACE: OFFICE 2 - PUB AFFAIRS SP OFFICE
DESCRIPTION: Private Office with work desk, chair and visitor's chairs.
NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS: 1
ADJACENCY REQUIREMENTS: Within A & PA Suite.
FEATURES: Sound control – if adjacent to corridor
DATA/VOICE REQUIREMENTS: 1 combination outlet. Television cable connection.

SPACE: GRAPHIC ARTS ROOM
DESCRIPTION: Shared work and meeting room between A&PA and MMA.. Space for each group to keep files and miscellaneous storage as determined through interior design development.
NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS: 0
ADJACENCY REQUIREMENTS: Shared access from A & PA Suite and MMA Suite
FEATURES: Sound control, large format plotter, networked photocopier, large format flat files, networked printers, faxes, scanner, table top paper cutter, table top document binder, coffee maker, wall or ceiling mounted television. Install PLAM counter supported over files and flat files. Wall cabinets full width of two walls. Marker Board.
DATA/VOICE REQUIREMENTS: 1 combination outlet, 5 data lines. Television cable connection and power.

2nd RECRUITING BRIGADE - MMA

SPACE: OPEN OFFICE AREA
DESCRIPTION: Open office area with 5 workstations. Space for each group to keep files and miscellaneous storage as determined through interior design development.
NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS: 5
ADJACENCY REQUIREMENTS: Within MMA Suite. Access to Graphics Arts Room shared with A & PA.
FEATURES: Pedestal and wall fed Systems furniture configuration and storage requirements as determined through comprehensive interior design development.
DATA/VOICE REQUIREMENTS: 1 combination outlet for each of 5 workstations.

SPACE: OFFICE 1 - SUPV ORSA OFFICE
DESCRIPTION: Private Office with work desk, chair and visitor's chairs.
NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS: 1
ADJACENCY REQUIREMENTS: Within MMA Suite.
FEATURES: Sound control – if adjacent to corridor
DATA/VOICE REQUIREMENTS: 2 combination outlets.

2nd RECRUITING BRIGADE - COMPTROLLER

SPACE: OPEN OFFICE AREA
DESCRIPTION: Open office area with 7 workstations. Space for each group to keep files and miscellaneous storage as determined through interior design development. Waiting area for two persons.
NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS: 7
ADJACENCY REQUIREMENTS: Within Comptroller Suite.
FEATURES: Pedestal and wall fed Systems furniture configuration and storage requirements as determined through comprehensive interior design development.
DATA/VOICE REQUIREMENTS: 1 combination outlet for each of 7 workstations plus 2 data lines for networked printer location to be determined plus 1 voice for fax location to be determined.

SPACE: OFFICE 1 - BUDGET OFFICER'S OFFICE
DESCRIPTION: Private Office with work desk, chair and visitor's chairs.
NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS: 1
ADJACENCY REQUIREMENTS: Within Comptroller Suite. Near Accountant
FEATURES: Sound control – if adjacent to corridor
DATA/VOICE REQUIREMENTS: 2 combination outlets.

SPACE: OFFICE 2 - ACCOUNTANT'S OFFICE
DESCRIPTION: Private Office with work desk, chair and visitor's chairs.
NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS: 1
ADJACENCY REQUIREMENTS: Within Comptroller Suite. Near Budget Officer
FEATURES: Sound control – if adjacent to corridor
DATA/VOICE REQUIREMENTS: 2 combination outlets.

SPACE: OFFICE 3 - FINANCIAL MANAGER'S OFFICE
DESCRIPTION: Private Office with work desk, chair and visitor's chairs.
NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS: 1
ADJACENCY REQUIREMENTS: Within Comptroller Suite. Near entry to suite and waiting area.
FEATURES: Sound control
DATA/VOICE REQUIREMENTS: 2 combination outlets, 1 fax outlet.

SPACE: OFFICE 4 – MANPOWER OFFICE
DESCRIPTION: Shared Office for MGT Analyst and Manpower Clerk
NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS: 2
ADJACENCY REQUIREMENTS: Within Comptroller Suite. Near Financial Manager
FEATURES: Sound control – if adjacent to corridor, Pedestal and wall fed Systems furniture configuration and storage requirements as determined through comprehensive interior design development.
DATA/VOICE REQUIREMENTS: 1 combination outlet for each of 2 workstations plus 1 voice for fax.

AMEDD

SPACE: OPEN OFFICE AREA
DESCRIPTION: Open office area with 7 workstations. Space for each group to keep files and miscellaneous storage as determined through interior design development. Waiting area for at least 4 persons.

NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS: 7
ADJACENCY REQUIREMENTS: Within S-3 Suite.
FEATURES: Pedestal and wall fed Systems furniture configuration and storage requirements as determined through comprehensive interior design development.
DATA/VOICE REQUIREMENTS: 1 combination outlet for each of 7 workstations. 1 voice at waiting area

SPACE: STORAGE ROOM
DESCRIPTION: Room for general storage.
NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS: 0
ADJACENCY REQUIREMENTS: Access from AMEDD Suite.
FEATURES: Storage configuration and requirements as determined through comprehensive interior design development.

SPACE: MEETING ROOM
DESCRIPTION: Room for conference functions.
NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS: 6
ADJACENCY REQUIREMENTS: Access from AMEDD Suite. Near waiting area and entrance to suite.
FEATURES: Sound Control. Conference table with seating for 6. Storage configuration and requirements as determined through comprehensive interior design development. TV and credenza. AV capabilites with ceiling mounted projector and pull down screen. In addition to general lighting, the room shall have dimmable lighting over work areas. Emergency lighting shall be configured such that the lamp may be switched off manually, however, in the event of power loss, the emergency fixture shall operate to provide illumination.
DATA/VOICE REQUIREMENTS: 1 voice line, 1 wall mounted voice, 5 data lines for training, 2 data for AV connection, television cable connection and power.

SPACE: COPIER ROOM
DESCRIPTION: Room for photocopier and layout space.
NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS: 0
ADJACENCY REQUIREMENTS: Access from AMEDD Suite.
FEATURES: Freestanding photocopier, wall cabinets for full width of room above copier, room for recycling and waste bins. Wall and base cabinets for full width of room opposite copier. Storage configuration and requirements as determined through comprehensive interior design development.
DATA/VOICE REQUIREMENTS: 1 voice line for fax, 1 data line, 1 wall mounted phone

SPACE: OFFICE 1 - CR OFFICE
DESCRIPTION: Private Office with work desk, chair and visitor’s chairs.
NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS: 1
ADJACENCY REQUIREMENTS: Access from AMEDD Suite.
FEATURES: Sound control
DATA/VOICE REQUIREMENTS: 2 combination outlets.

SPACE: OFFICE 2 - XO OFFICE
DESCRIPTION: Private Office with work desk, chair and visitor’s chairs.
NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS: 1
ADJACENCY REQUIREMENTS: Access from AMEDD Suite.
FEATURES: Sound control – if adjacent to corridor
DATA/VOICE REQUIREMENTS: 2 combination outlets.

SPACE: OFFICE 3 - USAR OFFICE
DESCRIPTION: Private Office with work desk, chair and visitor's chairs.
NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS: 1
ADJACENCY REQUIREMENTS: Access from AMEDD Suite.
FEATURES: Sound control – if adjacent to corridor
DATA/VOICE REQUIREMENTS: 2 combination outlets.

SPACE: OFFICE 4 - FIRST SGT OFFICE
DESCRIPTION: Private Office with work desk, chair and visitor's chairs.
NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS: 1
ADJACENCY REQUIREMENTS: Access from AMEDD Suite.
FEATURES: Sound control – if adjacent to corridor
DATA/VOICE REQUIREMENTS: 1 combination outlet.

SPACE: OFFICE 5 – ADMIN TECH OFFICE
DESCRIPTION: Private Office with work desk, chair and visitor's chairs.
NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS: 1
ADJACENCY REQUIREMENTS: Access from AMEDD Suite.
FEATURES: Sound control – if adjacent to corridor
DATA/VOICE REQUIREMENTS: 1 combination outlet.

PHYSICAL PLANT/BUILDING FUNCTIONS - HQ COMMANDANT OFFICES

SPACE: OPEN OFFICE AREA
DESCRIPTION: Open office area with 2 workstations. Space for each group to keep files and miscellaneous storage as determined through interior design development.
NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS: 2
ADJACENCY REQUIREMENTS: Within HQ Commandant Suite.
FEATURES: Pedestal and wall fed Systems furniture configuration and storage requirements as determined through comprehensive interior design development.
DATA/VOICE REQUIREMENTS: 2 combination outlets for Motor Vehicle Operator's workstation and 1 combination outlet for the other workstation.

SPACE: OFFICE 1 - HQ COMMANDANT OFFICE
DESCRIPTION: Private Office with work desk, chair and visitor's chairs.
NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS: 1
ADJACENCY REQUIREMENTS: Within HQ Commandant Suite.
FEATURES:
DATA/VOICE REQUIREMENTS: 2 combination outlets.

PHYSICAL PLANT/BUILDING FUNCTIONS - HQ COMMANDANT SUPPORT

SPACE: DISTRIBUTION AREA
DESCRIPTION: Correspondence distribution area with 1 workstation. Space for each group to keep files and miscellaneous storage as determined through interior design development.
NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS: 1
ADJACENCY REQUIREMENTS: Adjacent to service vestibule and main building corridor system. Does not have to be adjacent to HQ Commandant. Has to be adacent to the general storage to allow a common point of delivery and staffing coverage.

FEATURES: Secure access, work counter with seating area, back fed distribution cabinet with 20-22 bins, publications cabinet, dutch doors, floor mounted safe - space and mounting hooks required
DATA/VOICE REQUIREMENTS: 2 combination outlets

SPACE: GENERAL WAREHOUSE STORAGE
DESCRIPTION: Warehouses general storage with 1 workstation. Space for each group to keep files and miscellaneous storage as determined through interior design development. Service entrance with electrically powered roll-up door where deliveries to the building are made.
NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS: 1
ADJACENCY REQUIREMENTS: Adjacent to main building corridor system.
FEATURES: Work counter with seating area, Full height welded wire fencing and gates for storage for separate Recruiting and AMEDD storage areas. , Buzzer operated by button mounted outside of door at corridor and at roll-up door. Space for vending machines.
DATA/VOICE REQUIREMENTS: 1 combination outlet

PHYSICAL PLANT/BUILDING FUNCTIONS - IMO

SPACE: OPEN OFFICE AREA
DESCRIPTION: Open office area with 4 workstations. Space for each group to keep files and miscellaneous storage as determined through interior design development.
NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS: 4
ADJACENCY REQUIREMENTS: Within IMO Suite.
FEATURES: Pedestal and wall fed Systems furniture configuration and storage requirements as determined through comprehensive interior design development. Cipher lock required at section entry door.
DATA/VOICE REQUIREMENTS: 1 combination outlet for each of 4 workstations.

SPACE: OFFICE 1 - IMO SUPERVISOR OFFICE
DESCRIPTION: Private Office with work desk, chair and visitor’s chairs.
NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS: 1
ADJACENCY REQUIREMENTS: Within IMO Suite.
FEATURES: Sound control – if adjacent to corridor
DATA/VOICE REQUIREMENTS: 1 combination outlet. 1 secure voice (SIPR outlet)

SPACE: LAN/SERVER ROOM
DESCRIPTION: Room for server racks and connections.
NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS: 0
ADJACENCY REQUIREMENTS: Near IMO Suite and MDF room.
SECURITY REQUIREMENTS: Card reader on both sides of door to unlock magnetic lock and to document access by card holder. GSA approved safe to be secured to a bolt anchored into the concrete slab.
FEATURES: Space for server(s) and double sided racks. Sound control, view windows into room, separate climate control. Provide power for equipment racks.
DATA/VOICE REQUIREMENTS: Wall mounted phone and as noted elsewhere in this RFP. SIPR outlets from Commander, Deputy Commander, Chief of Staff and IMO Supervisor's offices.

SPACE: WORK AREA

DESCRIPTION: Area for servicing computer and equipment.
NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS: 0
ADJACENCY REQUIREMENTS: Within IMO Suite
FEATURES: continuous work counter (15′ wide by 30″ deep by 42″ high) for 3 work spaces adjacent to work counter (3′ wide by 30″ deep by 36″ high) for 1 wheelchair accessible workspace, continuous power strip above counter, storage requirements as determined through comprehensive interior design development. Rolling wire storage bins to fit under counters. Open shelves above counter. Bulletin Board.
DATA/VOICE REQUIREMENTS: 1 combination outlet at each workspace (Total of 4) above counter.

SPACE: IMO STORAGE
DESCRIPTION: Room for storing computers, monitors hardware.
NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS: 0
ADJACENCY REQUIREMENTS: Accessed from IMO Suite and Warehouse General Storage.
FEATURES: Heavy duty metal shelving around perimeter of room.
DATA/VOICE REQUIREMENTS:

PHYSICAL PLANT/BUILDING FUNCTIONS

SPACE: MECHANICAL ROOM
DESCRIPTION: Room for domestic water, fire water and natural gas service entrances and mechanical equipment.
NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS: 0
ADJACENCY REQUIREMENTS: Direct access from exterior, adequate exterior wall for required louvers.
FEATURES: Double leaf door with access to exterior, access control. Floor drain. Sound control, wall mounted phone.

SPACE: MDF ROOM
DESCRIPTION: Room for telephone backboards and equipment racks, NIPR switches/network servers and related equipment.
NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS: 0
ADJACENCY REQUIREMENTS: Accessible to qualified maintenance personnel from exterior of building. A door with automatic closer accessed through break room.
FEATURES: Plywood backer board(s). Interior and exterior doors shall have closers and be provided with card readers (keyed separately for DOIM personnel) on the interior and exterior sides of the doors to operate magnetic locks. The exterior door shall be provided with a panic bar.
DATA/VOICE REQUIREMENTS: Telephone terminal board(s), patch panel(s), NIPR switches and related equipment, wall mounted phone.

SPACE: DDC ROOM
DESCRIPTION: Room for DDC equipment and related accessories.
NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS: 0
ADJACENCY REQUIREMENTS: Accessible to maintenance personnel from mechanical room.
FEATURES: Plywood backer board(s).
DATA/VOICE REQUIREMENTS: Telephone terminal board(s), patch panel(s), and related equipment. 1 combination outlet, wall mounted phone.

SPACE: MAIN ELECTRICAL ROOM

DESCRIPTION: Location of electrical panels and transformers feeding north wing
NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS: 0
ADJACENCY REQUIREMENTS: Accessible to maintenance personnel from corridor
FEATURES: Access control. Plywood backer board(s). Sound control
DATA/VOICE REQUIREMENTS: Wall mounted phone

SPACE: ELECTRICAL ROOM
DESCRIPTION: Location of electrical panels and transformers feeding west wing.
NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS: 0
ADJACENCY REQUIREMENTS: Accessible to maintenance personnel from corridor
FEATURES: Access control. Plywood backer board(s).
DATA/VOICE REQUIREMENTS: Wall mounted phone

END OF FUNCTIONAL ROOM REQUIREMENTS

APPENDIX B
FIRE PROTECTION / LIFE SAFETY CODE ANALYSIS

APPENDIX B
FIRE PROTECTION/LIFE SAFETY CODE ANALYSIS

NOTE TO DESIGNER: This document is a preliminary analysis used for concept development. It does not contain all requirements and does not relieve the designer of complete code and criteria review, compliance and documentation responsibilities during proposal preparation and final design development.

REFERENCES:
UFC 3-600-01, Design: Fire Protection Engineering for Facilities, , 17 April 2003
Engineering Circular EC 1110-1-92, Classification of Type of Construction, 21 June 2000
International Building Code(IBC) 2000 as modified by UFC 1-200-01
NFPA 101, Life Safety Code, 2000
NFPA 10, Standard for Portable Fire Extinguishers, 1998
NFPA 37, Stationary Combustion Engines, latest edition

BUILDING DESCRIPTION:
One-Story Building, Approximately 24,908 Square Feet

AUTOMATIC SPRINKLER SYSTEM: Fully Sprinklered

IBC OCCUPANCY: B Business (Section 304)

NFPA 101 OCCUPANCY: Business (Chapter 38)

CONSTRUCTION TYPE (IBC Table 503): Type IIB
Construction may be of any materials allowed by IBC, nonrated, noncombustible per IBC Table 601.

ALLOWABLE AREAS (IBC Table 503): Type IIB, Business (B)
References: Table 503 - 23,000 SF per floor max and 4 story max.
503.3 69,000 SF max allowable floor area.
506.1 – allows 75% increase for frontage
506.2 – allows 300% for 1 story fully sprinklered building
506 – 109,250 SF allowable area (23,000 x (1 + .75 + 3))
therefore: 69,000 SF maximum allowable area, 24,908 SF used.

EXTERIOR WALL AND OPENING PROTECTION (IBC Table 704.8):
Unlimited area of unprotected openings permitted with fire separation distance greater than 30 feet.

FIRE RATED SEPARATIONS:
Generator rooms: One Hour (NFPA 101 8.4.1.1).
Conference/Training: One Hour (IBC Table 302.3.3, Section 302.3.3 exc 1).

ATTIC DRAFT STOPS (IBC 716.4):
Sprinklered attic spaces at combustible roof construction: Draft stops of gypsum board on wood or metal framing required to divide space into areas not exceeding 3,000 square feet.

DESIGN OCCUPANT LOAD (NFPA 101, Table 7.1.3.2, IBC Table 1003.2.2.2):
Gross floor area excludes exterior walls. Net Floor area excludes unoccupied accessory areas. Thus the difference between the total floor area and the sum of the measured areas below represents the area of the exterior wall and accessory areas in the Conference /Training room.

Occupancy	Area	Area/Occupant	Occupants
West Wing	11,115	100 sf gross	112
North Wing	8,345	100 sf gross	84
Conference/Training	1,336	15 sf net	90
General Storage	915	300 sf gross	4
Mechanical/Elec/MDF	1,250	300 sf gross	5

EGRESS REQUIREMENTS (NFPA 101)

CAPACITY (Table 7.3.3.1): Level Components and Ramps (Min.):

West Wing	112(0.2) = 22.4 inches
North Wing	84(0.2) = 16.8 inches
Conference/Training	90(0.2) = 18.8 inches
General Storage	4(0.2) = 0.8 inches
Mechanical/Elec/MDF	5(0.2) = 1.0 inches

MINIMUM CORRIDOR WIDTH (NFPA 101 38.2.3.2): 44 inches

NUMBER OF EXITS (NFPA 101 7.4.1.1, IBC 1004.2.1):
Two required at Business
Two required at Assembly with greater than 50 occupants

MAXIMUM DEAD END (NFPA 101 38.2.5.2, IBC 1004.3.2.3, exc 2):
50 feet at Business

MAXIMUM COMMON PATH OF TRAVEL (NFPA 101 38.2.5.3, IBC 1004.2.5 exc 1):
100 feet

MAXIMUM TRAVEL DISTANCE (NFPA 101 38.2.6, IBC Table 1004.2.4):
300 feet at Business

INTERIOR FINISHES:
WALL AND CEILING FINISHES (NFPA 101 Table A 10.2.2, 10.2.8.1):
Class A or B in Exits and Exit Passageways.
Class A, B or C all other areas.
Class A materials shall not exceed FS 25 and SD 50.
Class B materials shall not exceed FS 75 and SD 100.
Class C materials shall not exceed FS 200 and SD 200.
Cellular Plastics not permitted.

FLOOR FINISHES (NFPA 101 Table A 10.2.2, 10.2.8.2):
Class I or Class II in Corridors and Exits.

PORTABLE FIRE EXTINGUISHERS (NFPA 10):
Contractor to provide number and type meeting specifications of Fort McPherson/Gillem Fire Prevention Office.
Maximum travel to fire extinguisher: 75 feet
Multi-purpose fire extinguishers shall be of the following type:
ABC 10 lb Dry Chemical Minimum
4A: 80-B:C Minimum rating

Recessed or semi-recessed fire extinguisher cabinets shall be provided in occupied space. They shall be constructed of metal treated to prevent rust or corrosion. They shall be white in color and not be lockable type. Fire extinguisher shall be provided for each mechanical room, electrical room and communications room and shall be installed within the room as close to the exit as possible.

End of FIRE PROTECTION/LIFE SAFETY CODE ANALYSIS

APPENDIX C
FINISH SCHEDULE

SPACE	FLOOR	BASE	WALLS	CEILING	MIN CLG HT	REMARKS
Common Areas/Functions						
Vestibule 1	FW1	WD1	PGWB(P1)/ WC1	PGWB/ ATC	10'-0"	See Note 1
Corridor 1	CPT1	WD1	PGWB(P1)/ WC1	PGWB/ ATC	9'-1"	See Note 1
Corridor 2	CPT1	WD1	PGWB(P1)/ WC1	PGWB/ ATC	9'-1"	See Note 1
Copier Alcove 1	CPT1	WD1	PGWB/ WC	PGWB	7'-2"	See Note 5
Corridor 3	CPT1	WD1	PGWB(P1)/ WC1	PGWB/ ATC	9'-1"	See Note 1
Copier Alcove 2	CPT1	WD1	PGWB/ WC	PGWB	7'-2"	See Note 5
Men's Toilet	CT1	CT1	CT3/PGWB (P1)	PGWB	9'-1"	See Notes 3 and 5
Men's Shower	CT1	CT1	CT3/PGWB (P1)	PGWB	9'-1"	See Notes 13
Women's Toilet	CT1	CT1	CT3/PGWB (P1)	PGWB	9'-1"	See Notes 3 and 5
Women's Shower	CT1	CT1	CT3/PGWB (P1)	PGWB	9'-1"	See Notes 13
Anteroom	CPT2/CPT3	WD1	PGWB(P1)/ WC1	PGWB/ ATC	10'-0"/ 11'-0"	See Note 1,8 and 9
Conference Room/Training Room	CPT2	RB1	WC3	PGWB/ ATC	10'-6"	
A/V Closet	CPT2	RB1	P1	ATC	10'-6"	
Break Room	VCT1	RB1	PGWB(P1)	ATC	9'-1"	See Notes 2 and 5 (base/upper cabinets PL1 & countertop PL2)

SPACE	FLOOR	BASE	WALLS	CEILING	MIN CLG HT	REMARKS
2nd Recruiting Brigade - Command Group						
Waiting Room	CPT2/CPT3	WD1	PGWB(P1)/ (P2)	ATC	9'-1"	See Note 2 (P2) Below Chair Rail and (P1) Above Chair Rail
Reception/Work Area	CPT3	WD1	PGWB(P1)	ATC	9'-1"	
Office 1 - Commander's Office	CPT3/CPT4	WD2	WC2/WP1	ATC	9'-1"	See Note 5 - shelving at safe and Note 7
Office 2 - Deputy Commander's Office	CPT3/CPT4	WD1	WC3	ATC	9'-1"	
Office 3 - Chief Of Staff's Office	CPT3	WD1	WC3	ATC	9'-1"	
Office 4 - CSM's Office	CPT3	WD1	WC3	ATC	9'-1"	
2nd Recruiting Brigade - Legal						
Legal	CPT1	RB1	PGWB(P1)	ATC	9'-1"	
Office 1 - Attorney Advisor's Office	CPT1	RB1	PGWB(P1)	ATC	9'-1"	
Office 2 - BJA's Office	CPT1	RB1	PGWB(P1)	ATC	9'-1"	
2nd Recruiting Brigade - Soldier And Family Support						
Soldier And Family Support - Open Office Area	CPT1	RB1	PGWB(P1)	ATC	9'-1"	
Office 1 - Chaplain's Office	CPT1	RB1	PGWB(P1)	ATC	9'-1"	
Office 2 - S&F Asst Pg Manager's Office	CPT1	RB1	PGWB(P1)	ATC	9'-1"	
Office 3 - FAP Coordinator's Office	CPT1	RB1	PGWB(P1)	ATC	9'-1"	
Office 4 - EO Advisor's Office	CPT1	RB1	PGWB(P1)	ATC	9'-1"	
Office 5 - Career Counselor's Office	CPT1	RB1	PGWB(P1)	ATC	9'-1"	

SPACE	FLOOR	BASE	WALLS	CEILING	MIN CLG HT	REMARKS
2nd Recruiting Brigade - S-1 Personnel						
Open Office Area	CPT1	RB1	PGWB(P1)	ATC	9'-1"	
Office 1 - Ch Pers Div Office	CPT1	RB1	WC3	ATC	9'-1"	
Office 2 - Pers Mgt Office	CPT1	RB1	PGWB(P1)	ATC	9'-1"	
2nd Recruiting Brigade - S-3						
Open Office Area	CPT1	RB1	PGWB(P1)	ATC	9'-1"	
Work Area	CPT1	RB1	PGWB(P1)	ATC	9'-1"	See Note 5
Office 1 - Ch Rctg Div Office	CPT1	RB1	WC3	ATC	9'-1"	
Office 2 - Ops Nco Office	CPT1	RB1	PGWB(P1)	ATC	9'-1"	
Office 3 - Ed Spec Office	CPT1	RB1	PGWB(P1)	ATC	9'-1"	
Office 4 - Ch Ops Br Office	CPT1	RB1	PGWB(P1)	ATC	9'-1"	
Office 5 - Ops Off Usar Office	CPT1	RB1	PGWB(P1)	ATC	9'-1"	
Office 6 - Ops Nco Usar Office	CPT1	RB1	PGWB(P1)	ATC	9'-1"	
Office 7 - Ch Rctg Trng Br Office	CPT1	RB1	PGWB(P1)	ATC	9'-1"	
Office 8 - Chap Asst Rctr Office	CPT1	RB1	PGWB(P1)	ATC	9'-1"	
Office 9 - Chap Rctr Office	CPT1	RB1	PGWB(P1)	ATC	9'-1"	
Storage	VCT1	RB1	PGWB(P1)	ATC	9'-1"	
2nd Recruiting Brigade - S-4 Logistics						
Open Office Area	CPT1	RB1	PGWB(P1)	ATC	9'-1"	
Office 1 - Sup Log Mgt Office	CPT1	RB1	PGWB(P1)	ATC	9'-1"	
2nd Recruiting Brigade - A & PA						
Open Office Area	CPT1	RB1	PGWB(P1)	ATC	9'-1"	
Storage Room	VCT1	RB1	PGWB(P1)	ATC	9'-1"	
Office 1 - Sup Pub Affairs Sp Office	CPT1	RB1	PGWB(P1)	ATC	9'-1"	
Office 2 - Pub Affairs Sp Office	CPT1	RB1	PGWB(P1)	ATC	9'-1"	
Graphic Arts Room	CPT1	RB1	PGWB(P1)	ATC	9'-1"	See Note 5

SPACE	FLOOR	BASE	WALLS	CEILING	MIN CLG HT	REMARKS
2nd Recruiting Brigade - MMA						
Open Office Area	CPT1	RB1	PGWB(P1)	ATC	9'-1"	
Office 1 - Supv Orsa Office	CPT1	RB1	PGWB(P1)	ATC	9'-1"	
2nd Recruiting Brigade - Comptroller						
Open Office Area	CPT1	RB1	PGWB(P1)	ATC	9'-1"	See Note 2
Office 1 - Budget Officer's Office	CPT1	RB1	PGWB(P1)	ATC	9'-1"	
Office 2 - Accountant's Office	CPT1	RB1	PGWB(P1)	ATC	9'-1"	
Office 3 - Financial Manager's Office	CPT1	RB1	PGWB(P1)	ATC	9'-1"	
Office 4 – Manpower Office	CPT1	RB1	PGWB(P1)	ATC	9'-1"	
AMEDD						
Open Office Area	CPT1	RB1	PGWB(P1)	ATC	9'-1"	See Note 2
Storage Room	VCT1	RB1	PGWB(P1)	ATC	9'-1"	See Note 5
Meeting Room	CPT1	RB1	PGWB(P1)	ATC	9'-1"	See Note 5
Copier Room	CPT1	RB1	PGWB(P1)	ATC	9'-1"	See Note 5
Office 1 - CR Office	CPT3/4	WD1	WC3	ATC	9'-1"	
Office 2 - XO Office	CPT1	RB1	PGWB(P1)	ATC	9'-1"	
Office 3 - Usar Office	CPT1	RB1	PGWB(P1)	ATC	9'-1"	
Office 4 - First Sgt Office	CPT1	RB1	PGWB(P1)	ATC	9'-1"	
Office 5 - Admin Tech Office	CPT1	RB1	PGWB(P1)	ATC	9'-1"	
Physical Plant/Building Functions - HQ Commandant Offices						
Open Office Area	CPT	RB	PGWB	ATC	9'-1"	
Office 1 - HQ Commandant Office	CPT	RB	PGWB	ATC	9'-1"	
Physical Plant/Building Functions - HQ Commandant Support						
Distribution Area	VCT1	RB1	PGWB(P1)	ATC	9'-1"	See Notes 4 and 5
General Storage	CONC1	RB1 at GWB	CMUP(P1)/ PGWB(P1)	EXP STR	N/A	See Notes 4 and 6

SPACE	FLOOR	BASE	WALLS	CEILING	MIN CLG HT	REMARKS
Physical Plant/Building Functions - IMO						
Open Office Area	VCT1	RB	PGWB(P1)	ATC	9'-1"	
Office 1 - IMO Supervisor Office	VCT1	RB	PGWB(P1)	ATC	9'-1"	
LAN/Server Room	SDT1	RB1	PGWB(P1)	ATC	9'-1"	
Work Area	VCT1	RB	PGWB(P1)	ATC	9'-1"	See Note 5
IMO Storage	VCT1	RB	PGWB(P1)	ATC	9'-1"	
Physical Plant/Building Functions						
Mechanical Room	CONC1	RB1 at GWB	CMUP(P1)/ PGWB(P1)	EXP STR	N/A	See Note 4
Main Electrical Room	CONC1	RB1 at GWB	CMUP(P1)/ PGWB(P1)	EXP STR	N/A	
MDF Room	CONC1	RB1 at GWB	CMUP(P1)/ PGWB(P1)	EXP STR	N/A	
Electrical Room	CONC1	RB1 at GWB	CMUP(P1)/ PGWB(P1)	EXP STR	N/A	
DDC Room	CONC1	RB1 at GWB	CMUP(P1)/ PGWB(P1)	EXP STR	N/A	
Janitor's Closet	VCT1	RB	PGWB(P1)	ATC	9'-1"	

LEGEND:	
	Flooring:
CT1	Ceramic Floor Tile - 'VISION' Recycled Ceramic Tile, Tiger Lily I R-200
CONC1	Sealed Concrete
CPT1	Carpet - 'J&J Industries', pattern: Link 2665, color: 2646 Highways
CPT2	Carpet - 'J&J Industries', pattern: Emotion 6254, color: 2939 The Bitter End
CPT3	Carpet - 'J&J Industries', pattern: Colours.com 3820, color: 049 Chambray
CPT4	Carpet - 'J&J Industries', pattern: Colours.com 3820, color: 091 Willow
LF1	Linoleum Flooring - 'Forbo' Marmoleum, pattern: Fresco, color: 3866 Eternity
LF2	Linoleum Flooring - 'Forbo' Marmoleum, pattern: Fresco, color: 3830 Karnak
LF3	Linoleum Flooring - 'Forbo' Marmoleum, pattern: Dual, color: 614 Charcoal
FW1	Faux Wood Flooring - 'Amtico' Stratica, Surlyn wood plank flooring, X-W512 Brazilian Rosewood
VCT1	Vinyl Composition Tile - 'Tarkett', Stoneworks 3014 Quartz
SDT1	Static Dissipative Tile - 'VPI' ESD Control Tile, Statmate LE SD22 Olive
	Base:
CT2	Coved Ceramic Tile Base - 'VISION' Recycled Ceramic Tile, Linen III R-100
RB1	Rubber Base - 'Allstate' #12
WD1	Wood Base - Painted P3, Semi-Gloss
WD2	Wood Base - Stained to match Kimball furniture Oxford Cherry
	Walls:
CT3	Ceramic Wall Tile - where wainscot is indicated include bullnose trim cap. 'VISION' Recycled Ceramic Tile, Linen III R-100
Epoxy	Epoxy Painted Gypsum Wallboard
WC	Wall Covering - Fabric
CMU	Unfinished Concrete Masonry Unit
CMUP	Painted Concrete Masonry Unit
PGWB	Painted Gypsum Wallboard
	Ceiling:
ATC	Acoustical Tile Ceiling
Epoxy	Epoxy Painted Gypsum Wallboard - Ceiling White
EXP STR	Exposed to Structure
PCONC	Painted Concrete - Ceiling White
PGWB	Painted Gypsum Wallboard - Ceiling White

	Plastic Laminate:
PL1	Nevamar, color: Raven S-6-33T
PL2	Wilsonart Laminate, color: Carbon EV 4820-60
	Paint:
P1	Benjamin Moore HC-27 Monterey White
P2	Benjamin Moore HC-111 Nantucket Gray
P3	Benjamin Moore HC-101 Hampshire Gray
P4	Benjamin Moore 2129-30 Blue Note
	Wallcovering:
WC1	Blumenthal Alternative Wallcovering, pattern: Parchment, color: Parch212
WC2	Maharam', Tek-Wall Syntax, color: 009 Mineral
WC3	Muraspec N.A.', Fusama Raffia NE-FS-19
	Solid Surface Countertop:
SS1	Avonite' Solid Surfaces, Kaleidoscope K3-8200, Satin Finish
	Solid Surface Undermount Sink:
SS2	Avonite' Solid Surface, Porcelain White F1-4200
	Wood Paneling:
WP1	Cherry wood/veneer stained to match Kimball furniture stain color Oxford Cherry

GENERAL NOTES:	
A	Where PGWB wall is indicated other finishes such as wallcovering or paneling that convey design image and provide a similar quality finish are acceptable.
B	Where ATC ceiling is indicated soffits are acceptable for design enhancement.
C	Vinyl wallcovering is not desired.
D	1" mini blinds and PLAM or painted wood sills shall be provided at all exterior windows, typical.
E	Exterior entrance pads shall have a broom finish. Exposed concrete slabs in interior rooms and slabs to receive resilient tile, carpet and ceramic tile shall have a trowel finish. Exposed concrete slabs shall be sealed.
F	Provide compatible reducers at all changes in floor material. Install reducers under door where door exists. Where no door occurs, install reducer in line with partition until perpendicular partition.
G	Coordinate hardware finishes with base. All hardware finishes shall match. Provide metal thresholds at all exterior doors.
KEYED NOTES:	
1	Install chair rail, painted P3, with top at 36" AFF with painted GWB, P1, above and WC1 below.
2	Install chair rail, painted P3, with top at 36" AFF behind seating at waiting areas and with top at 2'-10" AFF for full perimeter of break room
3	Install ceramic tile for full height behind water closets, sinks and lavatories and recessed paper towel dispenser/disposals for full width of wall. Install 4' high minimum ceramic tile wainscot and cap for all other walls within toilet area.
4	Install fiber reinforced gypsum panels or FRP panels on GWB where wallboard is installed.
5	Plastic laminate countertops, base cabinets, wall cabinets or shelving throughout to be PL1. PL2 to be used at Breakroom countertops.
6	Welded wire enclosures shall be full height from floor to structure, heavy duty #6 W&M gauge with 2" diamond pattern. Height of doors shall be coordianted with user.
7	Install wood paneling at full perimeter of Commander's Office #070 at 36" AFF with wallcovering WC2 above.
8	Install carpet (CPT2) as inset and carpet (CPT3) as border.
9	Columns at Anteroom to be painted (P3), semi-gloss finish.
10	Carpet (CPT4) border at Commander's Office, Deputy Commander's Office and AMEDD Chair's Office.
11	Breakroom to have a floor pattern.
12	There is to be a painted accent wall at each suite's open office area and at the breakroom.
13	Install ceramic tile for full height at shower enclosure. Install 4' high minimum ceramic tile wainscot and cap for all other walls within shower area. Furnish changing bench, robe and towel hooks or bars.

APPENDIX D

SUSTAINABLE PROJECT RATING TOOL (SPiRiT)

Sustainable Project Rating Tool (SPiRiT)

Version 1.4

U. S. Army Corps of Engineers
U. S. Army Assistant Chief of Staff for Installation Management

April 2001

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Content

NOTES iii

1.0 Sustainable Sites 1

- 1.R1 Erosion, Sedimentation and Water Quality Control
- 1.C1 Site Selection
- 1.C2 Installation/Base Redevelopment
- 1.C3 Brownfield Redevelopment
- 1.C4 Alternative Transportation
- 1.C5 Reduced Site Disturbance
- 1.C6 Stormwater Management
- 1.C7 Landscape and Exterior Design to Reduce Heat Islands
- 1.C8 Light Pollution Reduction
- 1.C9 Optimize Site Features
- 1.C10 Facility Impact
- 1.C11 Site Ecology

2.0 Water Efficiency 5

- 2.C1 Water Efficient Landscaping
- 2.C2 Innovative Wastewater Technologies
- 2.C3 Water Use Reduction

3.0 Energy and Atmosphere 6

- 3.R1 Fundamental Building Systems Commissioning
- 3.R2 Minimum Energy Performance
- 3.R3 CFC Reduction in HVAC&R Equipment
- 3.C1 Optimize Energy Performance
- 3.C2 Renewable Energy
- 3.C3 Additional Commissioning
- 3.C4 <<Deleted>>
- 3.C5 Measurement and Verification
- 3.C6 Green Power
- 3.C7 Distributed Generation

4.0 Materials and Resources 10

- 4.R1 Storage & Collection of Recyclables
- 4.C1 Building Reuse
- 4.C2 Construction Waste Management
- 4.C3 Resource Reuse
- 4.C4 Recycled Content
- 4.C5 Local/Regional Materials
- 4.C6 Rapidly Renewable Materials
- 4.C7 Certified Wood

5.0 Indoor Environmental Quality (IEQ) 13

- 5.R1 Minimum IAQ Performance
- 5.R2 Environmental Tobacco Smoke (ETS) Control
- 5.C1 IAQ Monitoring
- 5.C2 Increase Ventilation Effectiveness
- 5.C3 Construction IAQ Management Plan
- 5.C4 Low-Emitting Materials
- 5.C5 Indoor Chemical and Pollutant Source Control
- 5.C6 Controllability of Systems
- 5.C7 Thermal Comfort
- 5.C8 Daylight and Views
- 5.C9 Acoustic Environment /Noise Control
- 5.C10 Facility In-Use IAQ Management Plan

6.0 Facility Delivery Process 17

- 6.C1 Holistic Delivery of Facility

7.0 Current Mission 18

- 7.C1 Operation and Maintenance
- 7.C2 Soldier and Workforce Productivity and Retention

8.0 Future Missions 19

- 8.C1 Functional Life of Facility and Supporting Systems
- 8.C2 Adaptation, Renewal and Future Uses

Facility Points Summary 20

SPiRiT Comment Sheet 22

NOTES

1) This Sustainable Project Rating Tool (SPiRiT) is derived from The U. S. Green Building Council LEED 2.0 (Leadership in Energy and Environmental Design) Green Building Rating System™.

2) The SPiRiT numbering scheme parallels, but does not match LEED 2.0. LEED does not number major sections, which it calls 'Credit Categories,' ex. 'Sustainable Sites,' rather it numbers criteria or 'credits' within each major section. SPiRiT credit numbers match those of LEED where there is a 1:1 comparison. Where additional credits have been added they fall at the end of major sections.

3) The SPiRiT Credits all follow the format: Intent, Requirement and Technologies/Strategies.

Intent: A statement of the primary goal for the credit;
Requirement: Quantifiable conditions necessary to achieve stated intent;
Technologies/Strategies: Suggested technologies, strategies and referenced guidance on the means to achieve identified requirements.

4) Projects are evaluated for each SPiRiT credit which are either 'Prerequisites' or result in a point score:

Prerequisites: These credits are a statement of minimum requirements and must be met. No further points will be awarded unless the minimum is achieved. These credits are recognizable by an 'R' in the number scheme, ex. 1.R1, and a 'Reqd.' in the score column.
Point Score: These credits are evaluated and result in a point score. Where the potential score is greater than 1, no partial points are granted.

5) SPiRiT Sustainable Project Certification Levels:

SPiRiT Bronze	25 to 34 Points
SPiRiT Silver	35 to 49 Points
SPiRiT Gold	50 to 74 Points
SPiRiT Platinum	75 to 100 Points

6) SPiRiT credits have been developed to address facility life cycle phases including programming, design, construction, and commissioning. Additional rating tools will be developed to address installation/base master planning and facilities operations and maintenance, rehabilitation, recycling, and disposal.

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9) Army/USACE employees are members of the USGBC with membership privileges accessible via the USGBC web site, http://www.usgbc.org. For information on membership and access to available LEED resources to support use of SPiRiT and sustainable design in your projects, contact Richard Schneider at (217) 373-6752 or richard.l.schneider@erdc.usace.army.mil (Annette Stumpf at (217) 352-6511 ext. 7542 or annette.l.stumpf@erdc.usace.army.mil alternate).

10) For the latest information on SPiRiT and for access to guidance, tools and resources supporting sustainable design initiatives, visit the CERL 'Sustainable Design and Development Resource' website, http://www.cecer.army.mil/SustDesign. There you may also join the CERL Sustainable Design ListServ to be directly notified of information pertinent to sustainable design.

1.0 Sustainable Sites

Score 20

1.R1 **Erosion, Sedimentation, and Water Quality Control** [1] Reqd.

Intent: Control erosion and pollutants to reduce negative impacts on water and air quality.

Requirement:

- ❑ Design a site sediment and erosion control plan and a pollution prevention plan that conforms to best management practices in the EPA's Storm Water Management for Construction Activities, EPA Document No. EPA-833-R-92-001, Chapter 3, OR local Erosion and Sedimentation Control standards and codes, whichever is more stringent. The plan shall meet the following objectives:
  - Prevent loss of soil during construction by storm water runoff and/or wind erosion, including protecting topsoil by stockpiling for reuse.
  - Prevent sedimentation of storm sewer or receiving streams and/or air pollution with dust and particulate matter.
  - Prevent hazardous material discharge into storm water systems.
  - Prevent petroleum oils and lubricants (POL) discharge into storm water systems.

Technologies /Strategies: The EPA standard lists numerous measures such as silt fencing, sediment traps, oil grit separators, construction phasing, stabilization of steep slopes, maintaining vegetated ground cover and providing ground cover that will meet this prerequisite.

1.C1 **Site Selection** [1]

Intent: Avoid development of inappropriate sites and reduce the environmental impact from the location of a building on a site. Select site based on functional adjacencies/relationships and land use compatibility.

Requirement:

- ❑ Do not develop buildings on portions of sites that meet any one of the following criteria: 1
  - Prime training or maneuver land.
  - Land whose elevation is lower than 5 ft. above the 100-year flood elevation as defined by FEMA.
  - Land that provides habitat for any species on the Federal or State threatened or endangered list.
  - Within 100 feet of any wetland as defined by 40 CFR, Parts 230-233 and Part 22, OR as defined by local or state rule or law, whichever is more stringent.
- ❑ Select site based on functional adjacencies/relationships and land use compatibility. 1
  - Select sites close to existing roads and utilities or use an existing structure to minimize the need for new infrastructure.
  - Select site in area of high density.
  - Site facilities based on the strength of their relationships to other facilities/land-uses to limit travel distances. The stronger the relationship/functional interaction, the closer the distance between two facilities.
  - Select for distance to installation/base transit systems and access to pedestrian ways and bike paths.
  - Select for development previously used or developed suitable and available sites.

Technologies /Strategies: Screen potential building sites for these criteria and/or ensure that these criteria are addressed by the designer during the conceptual design phase. Utilize landscape architects, ecologists, environmental engineers, civil engineers, and similar professionals for the screening process. New wetlands constructed as part of stormwater mitigation or other site restoration efforts are not affected by the restrictions of this prerequisite.

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[1] Adapted material not reviewed or endorsed by U. S. Green Building Council.

1.C2 **Installation/Base Redevelopment** [1]

Intent: Channel development to installation/base cantonment areas with existing infrastructure, protecting greenfields and preserving habitat and natural resources.

Requirement:

- ❑ Increase localized density to conform to existing or desired density goals by utilizing sites that are located within existing cantonment areas of high development density. **1**
- ❑ Select sites close to existing roads and utilities or use an existing structure to minimize the need for new infrastructure. **1**

Technologies /Strategies: During the site selection process give preference to previously developed sites with installation/base cantonment redevelopment potential such as facility reduction program cleared sites.

1.C3 **Brownfield Redevelopment** [1]

Intent: Rehabilitate damaged sites where development is complicated by real or perceived environmental contamination, reducing pressure on undeveloped land.

Requirement:

- ❑ Develop on a site classified as a brownfield and provide remediation as required by EPA's Brownfield Redevelopment program requirements OR Develop a brownfield site (a site that has been contaminated by previous uses). **1**

Technologies /Strategies: Screen potential damaged sites for these criteria prior to selection for rehabilitation.

Utilize EPA OSWER Directive 9610.17 and ASTM Standard Practice E1739 for site remediation where required.

1.C4 **Alternative Transportation** [1]

Intent: Reduce pollution and land development impacts from automobile use.

Requirement:

- ❑ Locate building within ½ mile of installation/base transit systems. **1**
- ❑ Provide suitable means for securing bicycles, with convenient changing/shower facilities for use by cyclists, for 5% or more of building occupants. **1**
- ❑ Locate building within 2 miles of alternative-fuel refueling station(s). **1**
- ❑ Size parking capacity not to exceed minimum installation/base cantonment requirements AND provide preferred parking for carpools or van pools capable of serving 5% of the building occupants, OR, add no new parking for rehabilitation projects AND provide preferred parking for carpools or van pools capable of serving 5% of the building occupants. **1**

Technologies /Strategies: Select sites near public installation/base transit served by safe, convenient pedestrian pathways.

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[1] Adapted material not reviewed or endorsed by U. S. Green Building Council.

1.C5 **Reduced Site Disturbance** [1]

Intent: Conserve existing natural areas and restore damaged areas to provide habitat and promote biodiversity.

Requirement:

- ❑ On greenfield sites, limit site disturbance including earthwork and clearing of vegetation to 40 feet beyond the building perimeter, 5 feet beyond primary roadway curbs, walkways, and main utility branch trenches, and 25 feet beyond pervious paving areas that require additional staging areas in order to limit compaction in the paved area; OR, on previously developed sites, restore a minimum of 50% of the remaining open area by planting native or adapted vegetation. **1**
- ❑ Reduce the development footprint (including building, access roads and parking) to exceed the installation/base's/base's master plan local zoning's open space requirement for the site by 25% or in accordance with installation/base policy on open space set asides, whichever is greater. **1**

Technologies /Strategies: Note requirements on plans and in specifications. Establish contractual penalties for destruction of trees and site areas noted for protection. Reduce footprints by tightening program needs and stacking floor plans. Establish clearly marked construction and disturbance boundaries. Delineate laydown, recycling, and disposal areas. Use areas to be paved as staging areas. Work with local horticultural extension services, ~~or~~ native plant societies, or installation/base agronomy staff to select indigenous plant species for site restoration and landscaping.

1.C6 **Stormwater Management** [1]

Intent: Limit disruption of natural water flows by minimizing storm water runoff, increasing on-site infiltration and reducing contaminants.

Requirement: Implement a stormwater management plan that results in:

- ❑ No net increase in the rate or quantity of stormwater runoff from undeveloped to developed conditions; OR, if existing imperviousness is greater than 50%, implement a stormwater management plan that results in a 25% decrease in the rate and quantity of stormwater runoff. **1**
- ❑ Treatment systems designed to remove 80% of the average annual post development total suspended solids (TSS), and 40% of the average annual post development total phosphorous (TP), by implementing Best Management Practices (BMPs) outlined in EPA's Guidance Specifying Management Measures for Sources of Nonpoint Pollution in Coastal Waters (EPA-840-B-92-002 1/93). **1**

Technologies /Strategies: Significantly reduce impervious surfaces, maximize on-site stormwater infiltration, and retain pervious and vegetated areas. Capture rainwater from impervious areas of the building for groundwater recharge or reuse within building. Use green/vegetated roofs. Utilize biologically-based and innovative stormwater management features for pollutant load reduction such as constructed wetlands, stormwater filtering systems, bioswales, bio-retention basins, and vegetated filter strips. Use open vegetated swales to reduce drainage velocity and erosion, reduce system maintenance, increase vegetative variety and support wildlife habitat where space permits.

1.C7 **Landscape and Exterior Design to Reduce Heat Islands** [2]

Intent: Reduce heat islands (thermal gradient differences between developed and undeveloped areas) to minimize impact on microclimate and human and wildlife habitat.

Requirement:

- ❑ Provide shade (within 5 years) on at least 30% of non-roof impervious surface on the site, including parking lots, walkways, plazas, etc., OR, use light-colored/ high-albedo materials (reflectance of at least 0.3) for 30% of the site's non-roof impervious surfaces, OR place a minimum of 50% of parking space under-ground OR use open-grid pavement system (net impervious area of LESS than 50%) for a minimum of 50% of the parking lot area. **1**
- ❑ Use ENERGY STAR Roof compliant, high-reflectance AND low emissivity roofing (initial reflectance of at least .65 and three-year-aged reflectance of at least .5 when tested in accordance with ASTM E408) for a minimum of 75% of the roof surface; OR, install a "green" (vegetated) roof for at least 50% of the roof area. **1**

Technologies /Strategies: Employ design strategies, materials, and landscaping designs that reduce heat absorption of exterior materials. Note albedo/reflectance requirements in the drawings and specifications. Provide shade (calculated on June 21, noon solar time) using native or climate tolerant trees and large shrubs, vegetated trellises, or other exterior structures supporting vegetation. Substitute vegetated surfaces for hard surfaces. Explore elimination of blacktop and the use of new coatings and integral colorants for asphalt to achieve light colored surfaces.

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1.C8 **Light Pollution Reduction** [1]

Intent: Eliminate light trespass from the building site, improve night sky access, and reduce development impact on nocturnal environments.

Requirement: ❑ Do not exceed Illuminating Engineering Society of North America (IESNA) footcandle level requirements as stated in the Recommended Practice Manual: Lighting for Exterior Environments, AND design interior and exterior lighting such that zero direct-beam illumination leaves the building site. **1**

Technologies /Strategies: Consult IESNA Recommended Practice Manual: Lighting for Exterior Environments for Commission Internationle de l'Eclairage (CIE) zone and pre and post curfew hour descriptions and associated ambient lighting level requirements. Ambient lighting for pre-curfew hours for CIE zones range between .01 footcandles for areas with dark landscapes such as parks, rural, and residential areas, and 1.5 footcandles for areas with high ambient brightness such as installation/base areas with high levels of nighttime activity. Design site lighting and select lighting styles and technologies to have a minimal impact off-site and minimal contribution to sky glow. Minimize lighting of architectural and landscape features. Exterior lighting should be consistent with security lighting requirements.

1.C9 **Optimize Site Features**

Intent: Optimize utilization of the site's existing natural features and placement of man-made features on the site.

Requirement: ❑ Perform both of the following: **1**

- Maximize the use of free site energy.
- Plan facility, parking and roadways to "fit" existing site contours and limit cut and fill.

Technologies /Strategies: Evaluate site resources to ascertain how each can enhance the proposed project and visa versa. Work to maximum advantage of the site's solar and wind attributes. Use landscaping to optimize solar and wind conditions and to contribute to energy efficiency; Locate and orient the facility on the site to optimize solar and wind conditions.

1.C10 **Facility Impact**

Intent: Minimize negative impacts on the site and on neighboring properties and structures; avoid or mitigate excessive noise, shading on green spaces, additional traffic, obscuring significant views, etc.

Requirement: ❑ Cluster facilities to reduce impact, access distance to utilities and sufficient occupant density to support mass transit. **1**

❑ Collaborate with installation/base and community planners to identify and mitigate potential impacts of the project beyond site boundaries, and transportation planners to insure efficient public transport. **1**

Technologies /Strategies: Involve local/regional planners and community members in installation/base master planning processes. Recognize the context and the impact of a project beyond site boundaries, and integrate it with the larger installation/base/community context/land use.

1.C11 **Site Ecology**

Intent: Identify and mitigate all existing site problems including contamination of soil, water, and air, as well as any negative impacts caused by noise, eyesores, or lack of vegetation, enhancing or creating new site habitat.

Requirement: ❑ Develop site environmental management and mitigation plan. **1**

Technologies /Strategies: Understand site and surrounding ecosystem interdependence and interconnectivity. Plan landscaping scheme to incorporate biodiversity. Preserve/enhance existing trees, hydrological features, ecosystems, habitats, and cultural resources. Increase the existence of healthy habitat for native species. Reintroduce native plants and trees where they have been destroyed by previous development.

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[1] Adapted material not reviewed or endorsed by U. S. Green Building Council.

2.0 Water Efficiency — Score 5

2.C1 **Water Efficient Landscaping** [2]

Intent: Limit or eliminate the use of potable water for landscape irrigation.

Requirement:

- ❑ Use high efficiency irrigation technology, OR, use captured rain or recycled site water to reduce potable water consumption for irrigation by 50% over conventional means. **1**
- ❑ Use only captured rain or recycled site water for an additional 50% reduction (100% total reduction) of potable water for site irrigation needs, OR, do not install permanent landscape irrigation systems. **1**

Technologies /Strategies: Develop a landscaping water use baseline according to the methodology outlined in the LEED Reference Guide. Specify water-efficient, native or adapted, climate tolerant plantings. High efficiency irrigation technologies include micro irrigation, moisture sensors, or weather data based controllers. Feed irrigation systems with captured rainwater, gray water, or on-site treated wastewater.

2.C2 **Innovative Wastewater Technologies** [2]

Intent: Reduce generation of wastewater and potable water demand, while increasing local aquifer recharge.

Requirement:

- ❑ Reduce the use of municipally provided potable water for building sewage conveyance by a minimum of 50%, OR, treat 100% of wastewater on site to tertiary standards. **1**

Technologies /Strategies: Develop a wastewater baseline according to the methodology outlined in the LEED Reference Guide. Implement decentralized on-site wastewater treatment and reuse systems. Decrease the use of potable water for sewage conveyance by utilizing gray and/or black water systems. Non-potable reuse opportunities include, toilet flushing, landscape irrigation, etc. Provide advanced wastewater treatment after use by employing innovative, ecological, on-site technologies including constructed wetlands, a mechanical recirculating sand filter, or aerobic treatment systems.

2.C3 **Water Use Reduction** [1]

Intent: Maximize water efficiency within buildings to reduce the burden on municipal water supply and wastewater systems.

Requirement:

- ❑ Employ strategies that in aggregate use 20% less water than the water use baseline calculated for the building (not including irrigation) after meeting Energy Policy Act (EPACT) of 1992 fixture performance requirements. **1**
- ❑ Exceed the potable water use reduction by an additional 10% (30% total efficiency increase). **1**

Technologies /Strategies: Develop a water use baseline including all water consuming fixtures, equipment, and seasonal conditions according to methodology guidance outlined in the LEED Reference Guide. Specify water conserving plumbing fixtures that exceed Energy Policy Act (EPACT) of 1992 fixture requirements in combination with ultra high efficiency or dry fixture and control technologies. Specify high water efficiency equipment (dishwashers, laundry, cooling towers, etc.). Use alternatives to potable water for sewage transport water. Use recycled or storm water for HVAC/process make up water. Install cooling tower systems designed to minimize water consumption from drift, evaporation and blowdown.

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3.R1 **Fundamental Building Systems Commissioning** [1] **Reqd.**

Intent: Verify and ensure that fundamental building elements and systems are designed, installed and calibrated to operate as intended.

Requirement: ❑ Implement all of the following fundamental best practice commissioning procedures.

- Engage a commissioning authority.
- Develop design intent and basis of design documentation.
- Include commissioning requirements in the construction documents.
- Develop and utilize a commissioning plan.
- Verify installation, functional performance, training and documentation.
- Complete a commissioning report.

Technologies /Strategies: Introduce standards and strategies into the design process early, and then carry through selected measures by clearly stating target requirements in the construction documents. Tie contractor final payments to documented system performance. Perform additional commissioning in accordance with the DOE Building Commissioning Guide, Version 2.2. Refer to the LEED Reference Guide for detailed descriptions of required elements and references to additional commissioning guides. Specify pre-occupancy baseline IAQ testing at time of commissioning. Test for indoor air concentrations of CO, CO2, total VOCs and particulates. Test to assure that adequate ventilation rates have been achieved prior to initial occupancy.

3.R2 **Minimum Energy Performance** [1] **Reqd.**

Intent: Establish the minimum level of energy efficiency for the base building and systems.

Requirement: ❑ Design to meet building energy efficiency and performance as required by TI 800-01 (Design Criteria).

Technologies /Strategies: Use building modeling and analysis techniques to establish and document compliance. ASHRAE/IESNA 90.1-1999 provides guidance for establishing building base case development and analysis. Refer to the LEED Reference Guide for a wide variety of energy efficiency strategy resources.

Use a professionally recognized and proven computer program or programs that integrate architectural features with air-conditioning, heating, lighting, and other energy producing or consuming systems. These programs will be capable of simulating the features, systems, and thermal loads used in the design. Using established weather data files, the program will perform 8760 hourly calculations. BLAST, DOE-2 or EnergyPlus are acceptable programs for these purposes.

3.R3 **CFC Reduction in HVAC&R Equipment** [2] **Reqd.**

Intent: Reduce ozone depletion.

Requirement: ❑ Zero use of CFC-based refrigerants in new base building HVAC&R systems. When reusing existing base building HVAC equipment, complete a comprehensive CFC phaseout conversion.

Technologies /Strategies: Specify only non-CFC-based refrigerants in all base building HVAC&R systems.

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3.C1 **Optimize Energy Performance** [1]

Intent: Achieve increasing levels of energy performance above the prerequisite standard to reduce environmental impacts associated with excessive energy use.

Requirement: ❑ Reduce design energy usage (DEU) compared to the energy use budget (EUB) in joules per square meter per year for regulated energy components as described in the requirements of Chapter 11 of the TI 800-01 (Design Criteria), as demonstrated by a whole building simulation. **20**

- 1 Point will be awarded for every reduction in design energy use of 2.5% for both new and existing facilities for a maximum score of 20 points.

Regulated energy components include HVAC systems, building envelope, service hot water systems, lighting and other regulated systems as defined by ASHRAE.

Technologies /Strategies: Develop and use building modeling and analysis techniques to establish a base case that meets the minimum prerequisite standard. ASHRAE/IESNA 90.1-1999 provides guidance for establishing building base case development and analysis. Perform interactive energy use analysis for selected design elements that affect energy performance and document compliance.

Unit of measure for performance shall be annual energy usage in joules per square meter. Life-Cycle energy costs shall be determined using rates for purchased energy, such as electricity, gas, oil, propane, steam, and chilled water and approved by the adopting authority. Refer to the LEED Reference Guide or Whole Building Design Guide for a wide variety of energy efficiency resources and strategies including conservation measures, electromechanical energy efficiency technologies (for example ground-source heat pumps), passive heating and cooling strategies, solar hot water, and daylighting.

Life-Cycle costing will be done in accordance with 10 CFR 436.

Consider installation of an Energy Management and Control System (EMCS), which is compatible with exiting installation systems to optimize performance. Use sensors to control loads based on occupancy, schedule and/or the availability of natural resources use (day light or natural ventilation).

3.C2 **Renewable Energy** [1]

Intent: Encourage and recognize increasing levels of self-supply through renewable technologies to reduce environmental impacts associated with fossil fuel energy use.

Requirement: ❑ Supply a net fraction of the building's total energy use through the use of on-site renewable energy systems.

% of Total Annual Energy Usage in Renewables	
5%	**1**
10%	**2**
15%	**3**
20%	**4**

Technologies /Strategies: Employ the use of on-site non-polluting-source renewable technologies contributing to the total energy requirements of the project. Consider and use high temperature solar and/or geothermal, photovoltaics, wind, biomass (other than unsustainably harvested wood), and bio-gas. Passive solar, solar hot water heating, ground-source heat pumps, and daylighting do not qualify for points under this credit. Credit for these strategies is given in Energy & Atmosphere Credit 1: Optimizing Energy Performance.

[1] Adapted material not reviewed or endorsed by U. S. Green Building Council.

3.C3 **Additional Commissioning** [2]

Intent: Verify and ensure that the entire building is designed, constructed, and calibrated to operate as intended.

Requirement: ❑ In addition to the Fundamental Building Commissioning prerequisite, implement the following additional commissioning tasks: **1**

1. Conduct a focused review of the design prior to the construction documents phase.
2. Conduct a focused review of the construction documents when close to completion.
3. Conduct a selective review of contractor submittals of commissioned equipment.
4. Develop a system and energy management manual.
5. Have a contract in place for a near-warranty end or post occupancy review.

Items 1, 2, and 3 must be performed by someone other than the designer.

Technologies /Strategies: Introduce standards and strategies into the design process early, and then carry through selected measures by clearly stating target requirements in the construction documents. Tie contractor final payments to documented system performance. Refer to the LEED Reference Guide for detailed descriptions of required elements and references to additional guidelines.

3.C4 **<< Deleted >>** [1]

3.C5 **Measurement and Verification** [1]

Intent: Provide for the ongoing accountability and optimization of building energy and water consumption performance over time.

Requirement: ❑ Comply with the installed equipment requirements for continuous metering as stated in selected Measurement and Verification Methods - Option B: Retrofit Isolation of the US DOE's International Performance Measurement and Verification Protocol (IPMVP) for the following: **1**

- Lighting systems and controls.
- Constant and variable motor loads.
- Variable frequency drive (VFD) operation.
- Chiller efficiency at variable loads (kW/ton).
- Cooling load.
- Air and water economizer and heat recovery cycles.
- Air distribution static pressures and ventilation air volumes.
- Boiler efficiencies.
- Building specific process energy efficiency systems and equipment.
- Indoor water risers and outdoor irrigation systems.

Technologies /Strategies: Design and specify equipment to be installed in base building systems to allow for comparison, management, and optimization of actual vs. estimated energy and water performance. Employ building automation systems to perform M&V functions where applicable. Tie contractor final payments to documented M&V system performance and include in the commissioning report. Provide for ongoing M&V system maintenance and operating plan in building operations and maintenance manuals. Consider installation/base of an Energy Management and Control System (EMCS), which is compatible with exiting installation/base systems to optimize performance.

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3.C6 **Green Power** [1]

Intent: Encourage the development and use of grid-source, renewable energy technologies on a net zero pollution basis.

Requirement: ❑ Engage in a two year contract to purchase the amount of power equal to projected building consumption generated from renewable sources that meet the Center for Resource Solutions (CRS) Green-E requirements. **1**

Technologies /Strategies: Purchase power from a provider that guarantees a fraction of its delivered electric power is from net nonpolluting renewable technologies. Begin by contacting local utility companies. If the project is in an open market state, investigate Green Power and Power Marketers licensed to provide power in that state. Grid power that qualifies for this credit originates from solar, wind, geothermal, biomass, or low-impact hydro sources. Low-impact hydro shall comply with the Low Impact Hydropower Certification Program.

3.C7 **Distributed Generation**

Intent: Encourage the development and use of distributed generation technologies, which are less polluting than grid-source energy.

Requirement: ❑ Reduce total energy usage and emissions by considering source energy implications and local cogeneration and direct energy conversion. Generate at least 50% of the building's projected annual consumption by on-site distributed generation sources. **1**

Technologies /Strategies: Investigate the use of integrated generation and delivery systems, such as co-generation, fuel cells, micro-turbines and off-peak thermal storage.

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[1] Adapted material not reviewed or endorsed by U. S. Green Building Council.

4.0 Materials and Resources — Score 13

4.R1 — **Storage & Collection of Recyclables** [1] — **Reqd.**

Intent: Facilitate the reduction of waste generated by building occupants that is hauled to and disposed of in landfills.

Requirement:

- ❑ Provide an easily accessible area that serves the entire building that is dedicated to the separation, collection and storage of materials for recycling including (at a minimum) paper, glass, plastics, and metals.

Technologies /Strategies: Establish a waste management plan which meets requirements of the installation/base environmental and/or solid waste management plans in cooperation with users to encourage recycling. Reserve space for recycling functions early in the building occupancy programming process and show areas dedicated to collection of recycled materials on space utilization plans. Broader recycling support space considerations should allow for collection and storage of the required elements and newspaper, organic waste (food and soiled paper), and dry waste. When collection bins are used, bin(s) should be able to accommodate a 75% diversion rate and be easily accessible to custodial staff and recycling collection workers. Consider bin designs that allow for easy cleaning to avoid health issues.

4.C1 — **Building Reuse** [1]

Intent: Extend the life cycle of existing building stock, conserve resources, retain cultural resources, reduce waste, and reduce environmental impacts of new buildings as they relate to materials manufacturing and transport.

Requirement: Reuse large portions of existing structures during renovation or redevelopment projects.

- ❑ Maintain at least 75% of existing building structure and shell (exterior skin and framing excluding window assemblies). **1**
- ❑ Maintain an additional 25% (100% total) of existing building structure and shell (exterior skin and framing excluding window assemblies). **1**
- ❑ Maintain 100% of existing building structure and shell AND 50% non-shell (walls, floor coverings, and ceiling systems). **1**

Technologies /Strategies: Evaluate retention of existing structure. Consider facade preservation, particularly in installation/base areas. During programming and space planning, consider adjusting needs and occupant use patterns to fit within existing building structure and interior partition configurations. Identify and effectively address energy, structural, and indoor environmental (lead & asbestos) issues in building reuse planning and deconstruction documents. Percentage of reused non-shell building portions will be calculated as the total area (s.f.) of reused walls, floor covering, and ceiling systems, divided by the existing total area (s.f.) of walls, floor covering, and ceiling systems.

4.C2 — **Construction Waste Management** [1]

Intent: Divert construction, demolition, and land clearing debris from landfill disposal. Redirect recyclable material back to the manufacturing process.

Requirement: Develop and implement a waste management plan, quantifying material diversion by weight:

- ❑ Recycle and/or salvage at least 50% (by weight) of construction, demolition, and land clearing waste. **1**
- ❑ Recycle and/or salvage an additional 25% (75% total by weight) of the construction, demolition, and land clearing debris. **1**

Technologies /Strategies: Develop and specify a waste management plan which meets requirements of the installation/base environmental and/or solid waste management plans that identifies licensed haulers and processors of recyclables; identifies markets for salvaged materials; employs deconstruction, salvage, and recycling strategies and processes, includes waste auditing; and documents the cost for recycling, salvaging, and reusing materials. Source reduction on the job site should be an integral part of the plan.

The plan should address recycling of corrugated cardboard, metals, concrete brick, asphalt, land clearing debris (if applicable), beverage containers, clean dimensional wood, plastic, glass, gypsum board, and carpet; evaluate the cost-effectiveness of recycling rigid insulation, engineered wood products and other materials; hazardous materials storage and management; and participation in manufacturers' "take-back" programs to the maximum extent possible. Refer to the LEED Reference Guide for guidelines and references that provide waste management plan development and implementation support including model bid specifications.

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[1] Adapted material not reviewed or endorsed by U. S. Green Building Council.

4.C3 **Resource Reuse** [2]

Intent: Extend the life cycle of targeted building materials, reducing environmental impacts related to materials manufacturing and transport.

Requirement:

- ❑ Specify salvaged or refurbished materials for 5% of building materials. **1**
- ❑ Specify salvaged or refurbished materials for 10% of building materials. **1**

Technologies /Strategies: Commonly salvaged building materials include wood flooring/ paneling/cabinets, doors and frames, mantels, iron work and decorative lighting fixtures, brick, masonry and heavy timbers. See the LEED Reference Guide for calculation tools and guidelines. Determine percentages in terms of dollar value using the following steps:

1. Calculate total dollars* (see exclusions) of the salvaged or refurbished material.
2. Calculate total dollars (see exclusions) of all building materials.
3. Divide Step 1 by Step 2 to determine the percentage.

Exclusions: In total dollar calculations, exclude; labor costs; all mechanical and electrical material and labor costs and project overhead and fees. *If the cost of the salvaged or refurbished material is below market value, use replacement cost to estimate the material value, otherwise use actual cost to the project.

4.C4 **Recycled Content** [1]

Intent: Increase demand for building products that have incorporated recycled content material, reducing the impacts resulting from extraction of new material.

Requirement:

- ❑ Specify a minimum of 25% of building materials that contain in aggregate a minimum weighted average of 20% post-consumer recycled content material, OR, a minimum weighted average of 40% post-industrial recycled content material. **1**
- ❑ Specify an additional 25% (50% total) of building materials that contain in aggregate, a minimum weighted average of 20% post consumer recycled content material, OR, a minimum weighted average of 40% post-industrial recycled content material. **1**

Technologies /Strategies: Specify building materials containing recycled content for a fraction of total building materials. Select products and materials with supporting information from the AIA Resource Guide or the EPA Environmentally Preferable Purchasing (EPP) Program. Common building materials and products with recycled content include; wall, partition, and ceiling materials and systems; insulation; tiles and carpets; cement, concrete, and reinforcing metals; structural and framing steel. For products/materials not listed, selection should be made on the basis of EPP criterion and/or:

- Toxicity;
- Embodied energy;
- Production use of water, energy and ozone depleting substances (ODSs);
- Production limits on toxic emissions and effluents;
- Minimal, reusable or recycled/recyclable packaging;
- Impact on indoor environmental quality (IEQ);
- Installation that limits generation of waste;
- Materials that limit waste generation over their life;
- EPA guideline compliance; and
- Harvested on a sustainable yield basis.

See the LEED Reference Guide for a summary of the EPA guidelines and calculation methodology guidelines. Determine percentages in terms of dollar value using the following steps:

1. Calculate total dollars (see exclusions) of the material that contain recycled content.
2. Calculate total dollars (see exclusions) of all building materials.
3. Divide Step 1 by Step 2 to determine the percentage.

Exclusions: Labor costs; all mechanical and electrical material and labor costs; project overhead and fees)

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4.C5 **Local/Regional Materials** [2]

Intent: Increase demand for building products that are manufactured locally, reducing the environmental impacts resulting from transportation, and supporting the local economy.

Requirement:

- ❑ Specify a minimum of 20% of building materials that are manufactured regionally within a radius of 500 miles. **1**
- ❑ Of these regionally manufactured materials, specify a minimum of 50% that are extracted, harvested, or recovered within 500 miles. **1**

Technologies /Strategies: Specify and install regionally extracted, harvested, and manufactured building materials. Contact the state and local waste management boards for information about regional building materials. See the LEED Reference Guide for calculation methodology guidelines. Determine percentages in terms of dollar value using the following steps:

1. Calculate total dollars (see exclusions) of material that is locally or regionally manufactured.
2. Calculate total dollars (see exclusions) of all building materials.
3. Divide Step 1 by Step 2 to determine the percentage.

Exclusions: Labor costs; all mechanical and electrical material and labor costs; project overhead and fees.

4.C6 **Rapidly Renewable Materials** [2]

Intent: Reduce the use and depletion of finite raw and long cycle renewable materials by replacing them with rapidly renewable materials.

Requirement:

- ❑ Specify rapidly renewable building materials for 5% of total building materials. **1**

Technologies /Strategies: Rapidly renewable resources are those materials that substantially replenish them-selves faster than traditional extraction demand (e.g. planted and harvested in less than a 10 year cycle) and do not result in significant biodiversity loss, increase erosion, air quality impacts, and that are sustainably managed. See the LEED Reference Guide for calculation methodology guidelines. Determine percentages in terms of dollar value using the following steps:

1. Calculate total dollars (see exclusions) of materials that are considered to be rapidly renewable.
2. Calculate total dollars (see exclusions) of all building materials.
3. Divide Step 1 by Step 2 to determine the percentage.

Exclusions: Labor costs; all mechanical and electrical material and labor costs; project overhead and fees.

4.C7 **Certified Wood** [2]

Intent: Encourage environmentally responsible forest management.

Requirement:

- ❑ Use a minimum of 50% of wood-based materials certified in accordance with the Forest Stewardship Council guidelines for wood building components including but not limited to framing, flooring, finishes, furnishings, and non-rented temporary construction applications such as bracing, concrete form work and pedestrian barriers. **1**

Technologies /Strategies: Refer to the Forest Stewardship Council guidelines for wood building components that qualify for compliance to the requirements and incorporate into material selection for the project.

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5.R1 **Minimum IAQ Performance** [1] **Reqd.**

Intent: Establish minimum IAQ performance to prevent the development of indoor air quality problems in buildings, maintaining the health and well being of the occupants.

Requirement: ❑ Meet the minimum requirements of voluntary consensus standard ASHRAE 62-1999, Ventilation for Acceptable Indoor Air Quality and approved Addenda.

Technologies /Strategies: Include proactive design details that will eliminate some of the common causes of indoor air quality problems in buildings. Introduce standards into the design process early. Incorporate references to targets in plans and specifications. Ensure ventilation system outdoor air capacity can meet standards in all modes of operation. Locate building outdoor air intakes (including operable windows) away from potential pollutants/contaminant sources such as sporulating plants (allergens), loading areas, building exhaust fans, cooling towers, sanitary vents, dumpsters, vehicular exhaust, and other sources. Include operational testing in the building commissioning report. Design cooling coil drain pans to ensure complete draining. Include measures to control and mitigate radon buildup in areas where it is prevalent. Limit humidity to a range that minimizes mold growth and promotes respiratory health.

5.R2 **Environmental Tobacco Smoke (ETS) Control** [2] **Reqd.**

Intent: Prevent exposure of building occupants and systems to Environmental Tobacco Smoke (ETS).

Requirement: ❑ Zero exposure of nonsmokers to ETS by prohibition of smoking in the building, OR, by providing a designated smoking room designed to effectively contain, capture and remove ETS from the building. At a minimum, the smoking room shall be directly exhausted to the outdoors with no recirculation of ETS-containing air to the non-smoking area of the building, enclosed with impermeable structural deck-to-deck partitions and operated at a negative pressure compared with the surrounding spaces of at least 7 Pa (0.03 inches of water gauge). Performance of smoking rooms shall be verified using tracer gas testing methods as described in ASHRAE Standard 129-1997. Acceptable exposure in non-smoking areas is defined as less than 1% of the tracer gas concentration in the smoking room detectable in the adjoining non-smoking areas. Smoking room testing as described in the ASHRAE Standard 129-1997 is required in the contract documents and critical smoking facility systems testing results must be included in the building commissioning plan and report or as a separate document.

Technologies /Strategies: Prohibit smoking in the building and/or provide designated smoking areas outside the building in locations where ETS cannot reenter the building or ventilation system and away from high building occupant or pedestrian traffic.

5.C1 **IAQ Monitoring** [1]

Intent: Provide capacity for indoor air quality (IAQ) monitoring to sustain long term occupant health and comfort.

Requirement: ❑ Install a permanent carbon dioxide (CO_2) monitoring system that provides feedback on space ventilation performance in a form that affords operational adjustments, AND specify initial operational set point parameters that maintain indoor carbon dioxide levels no higher than outdoor levels by more than 530 parts per million at any time. **1**

Technologies /Strategies: Install an independent system or make CO_2 monitoring a function of the building automation system. Situate monitoring locations in areas of the building with high occupant densities and at the ends of the longest runs of the distribution ductwork. Specify that system operation manuals require calibration of all of the sensors per manufacturer recommendations but not less than one year. Include sensor and system operational testing and initial set point adjustment in the commissioning plan and report. Also consider periodic monitoring of carbon monoxide (CO), total volatile organic compounds (TVOCs), and particulates (including PM10).

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5.C2 **Increase Ventilation Effectiveness** [2]

Intent: Provide for the effective delivery and mixing of fresh air to building occupants to support their health, safety, and comfort.

Requirement:

- ❑ For mechanically ventilated buildings, design ventilation systems that result in an air change effectiveness (E) greater than or equal to 0.9 as determined by ASHRAE 129-1997. For naturally ventilated spaces demonstrate a distribution and laminar flow pattern that involves not less than 90% of the room or zone area in the direction of air flow for at least 95% of hours of occupancy. **1**

Technologies /Strategies: Employ architectural and HVAC design strategies to increase ventilation effectiveness and prevent short-circuiting of airflow delivery. Techniques available include use of displacement ventilation, low velocity, and laminar flow ventilation (under floor or near floor delivery) and natural ventilation. Operable windows with an architectural strategy for natural ventilation, cross ventilation, or stack effect can be appropriate options with study of inlet areas and locations. See the LEED Reference Guide for compliance methodology guidelines.

5.C3 **Construction IAQ Management Plan** [2]

Intent: Prevent indoor air quality problems resulting from the construction/renovation process, to sustain long term installer and occupant health and comfort.

Requirement: Develop and implement an Indoor Air Quality (IAQ) Management Plan for the construction and pre-occupancy phases of the building as follows:

- ❑ During construction meet or exceed the minimum requirements of the Sheet Metal and Air Conditioning National Contractors Association (SMACNA) IAQ Guideline for Occupied Buildings under Construction, 1995, AND protect stored on-site or installed absorptive materials from moisture damage, AND replace all filtration media immediately prior to occupancy (Filtration media shall have a Minimum Efficiency Reporting Value (MERV) of 13 as determined by ASHRAE 52.2-1999). **1**
- ❑ Conduct a minimum two-week building flushout with new filtration media at 100% outside air after construction ends and prior to occupancy, OR, conduct a baseline indoor air quality testing procedure consistent with current EPA protocol for Environmental Requirements, Baseline IAQ and Materials, for the Research Triangle Park Campus, Section 01445. **1**

Technologies /Strategies: Specify containment control strategies including protecting the HVAC system, controlling pollutant sources, interrupting pathways for contamination, enforcing proper housekeeping and coordinating schedules to minimize disruption. Specify the construction sequencing to install absorptive materials after the prescribed dry or cure time of wet finishes to minimize adverse impacts on indoor air quality. Materials directly exposed to moisture through precipitation, plumbing leaks, or condensation from the HVAC system are susceptible to microbial contamination. Absorptive materials to protect and sequence installation include; insulation, carpeting, ceiling tiles, and gypsum products. Appoint an IEQ Manager with owner's authority to inspect IEQ problems and require mitigation as necessary.

5.C4 **Low-Emitting Materials** [2]

Intent: Reduce the quantity of indoor air contaminants that are odorous or potentially irritating to provide installer and occupant health and comfort.

Requirement: Meet or exceed VOC limits for adhesives, sealants, paints, composite wood products, and carpet systems as follows:

- ❑ Adhesives must meet or exceed the VOC limits of South Coast Air Quality Management District Rule #1168 by, AND all sealants used as a filler must meet or exceed Bay Area Air Resources Board Reg. 8, Rule 51. **1**
- ❑ Paints and coatings must meet or exceed the VOC and chemical component limits of Green Seal requirements. **1**
- ❑ Carpet systems must meet or exceed the Carpet and Rug Institute Green Label Indoor Air Quality Test Program. **1**
- ❑ Composite wood or agrifiber products must contain no added urea-formaldehyde resins. **1**

Technologies /Strategies: Evaluate and preferentially specify materials that are low emitting, non-irritating, nontoxic and chemically inert. Request and evaluate emissions test data from manufacturers for comparative products. Ensure that VOC limits are clearly stated in specifications, in General Conditions, or in each section where adhesives, sealants, coatings, carpets, and composite woods are addressed.

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5.C5 **Indoor Chemical and Pollutant Source Control** [1]

Intent: Avoid exposure of building occupants to potentially hazardous chemicals that adversely impact air quality.

Requirement:

- ❑ Design to minimize cross-contamination of regularly occupied areas by chemical pollutants: **1**
  - Employ permanent entryway systems (grills, grates, etc.) to capture dirt, particulates, etc. from entering the building at all high volume entryways, AND provide areas with structural deck to deck partitions with separate outside exhausting, no air recirculation and negative pressure where chemical use occurs (including housekeeping areas and copying/print rooms), AND provide drains plumbed for appropriate disposal of liquid waste in spaces where water and chemical concentrate mixing occurs.

Technologies /Strategies: Design to physically isolate activities associated with chemical contaminants from other locations in the building, providing dedicated systems to contain and remove chemical pollutants from source emitters at source locations. Applicable measures include eliminating or isolating high hazard areas; designing all housekeeping chemical storage and mixing areas (central storage facilities and janitors closets) to allow for secure product storage; designing copy/fax/printer/printing rooms with structural deck to deck partitions and dedicated exhaust ventilation systems; and including permanent architectural entryway system(s) to catch and hold particles to keep them from entering and contaminating the building interior.

Consider utilization of EPA registered anti-microbial treatments in carpet, textile or vinyl wall coverings, ceiling tiles or paints where microbial contamination is a concern. Utilize "breathable" wall finishes where circumstances require, to reduce moisture build-up and prevent microbial contamination. Minimize selection of fibrous materials, e.g. insulation, carpet and padding and flexible fabrics, whose exposed surfaces when exposed to the air stream or occupied space can contribute significant emissions and absorb and re-emit other contaminants over time.

5.C6 **Controllability of Systems** [2]

Intent: Provide a high level of individual occupant control of thermal, ventilation, and lighting systems to support optimum health, productivity, and comfort conditions.

Requirement:

- ❑ Provide a minimum of one operable window and one lighting control zone per 200 s.f. for all occupied areas within 15 feet of the perimeter wall. **1**
- ❑ Provide controls for each individual for airflow, temperature, and lighting for 50% of the non perimeter, regularly occupied areas. **1**

Technologies /Strategies: Provide individual or integrated controls systems that control lighting, airflow, and temperature in individual rooms and/or work areas. Consider combinations of ambient and task lighting control and operable windows for perimeter and VAV systems for non perimeter with a 1:1: 2 terminal box to controller to occupant ratio.

5.C7 **Thermal Comfort** [2]

Intent: Provide for a thermally comfortable environment that supports the productive and healthy performance of the building occupants.

Requirement:

- ❑ Comply with ASHRAE Standard 55-1992, Addenda 1995 for thermal comfort standards including humidity control within established ranges per climate zone. **1**
- ❑ Install a permanent temperature and humidity monitoring system configured to provide operators control over thermal comfort performance and effectiveness of humidification and/or dehumidification systems in the building. **1**

Technologies /Strategies: Integrated envelope and HVAC system design strategies that achieve thermal comfort conditions based on mean radiant temperature, local air velocity, relative humidity, and air temperature. Install and maintain a temperature and humidity monitoring system for key areas of the building (i.e., at the perimeter, and spaces provided with humidity control). This function can be satisfied by the building automation system. Specify in system operation manuals that all sensors require quarterly calibration. Include criteria verification and system operation in commissioning plan and report.

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5.C8 **Daylight and Views** [2]

Intent: Provide a connection between indoor spaces and the outdoor environment through the introduction of sunlight and views into the occupied areas of the building.

Requirement:

- ❑ Achieve a minimum Daylight Factor of 2% (excluding all direct sunlight penetration) in 75% of all space occupied for critical visual tasks, not including copy rooms, storage areas, mechanical, laundry, and other low occupancy support areas. Exceptions include those spaces where tasks would be hindered by the use of daylight or where accomplishing the specific tasks within a space would be enhanced by the direct penetration of sunlight. **1**
- ❑ Direct line of sight to vision glazing from 90% of all regularly occupied spaces, not including copy rooms, storage areas, mechanical, laundry, and other low occupancy support areas. **1**

Technologies /Strategies: Implement design strategies to provide access to daylight and views to the outdoors in a glare-free way using exterior sun shading, interior light shelves, and /or window treatments. Orient buildings to maximize daylighting options. Consider shallow or narrow building footprints. Employ courtyards, atriums, clerestory windows, skylights, and light shelves to achieve daylight penetration (from other than direct effect or direct rays from the sun) deep into regularly occupied areas of the building.

5.C9 **Acoustic Environment /Noise Control**

Intent: Provide appropriate acoustic conditions for user privacy and comfort.

Requirement:

- ❑ Minimize environmental noise through appropriate use of insulation, sound-absorbing materials and noise source isolation. **1**

Technologies /Strategies: Evaluate each occupied environment and determine the appropriate layout, materials and furnishings design.

5.C10 **Facility In-Use IAQ Management Plan**

Intent: Insure the effective management of facility air quality during its life.

Requirement:

- ❑ Perform all of the following: **1**
  - Develop an air quality action plan to include scheduled HVAC system cleaning.
  - Develop an air quality action plan to include education of occupants and facility managers on indoor pollutants and their roles in preventing them.
  - Develop an air quality action plan to include permanent monitoring of supply and return air, and ambient air at the fresh air intake, for carbon monoxide (CO), carbon dioxide (CO 2), total volatile organic compounds (TVOCs), and particulates (including PM10).

Technologies /Strategies: Provide action plan for periodic system maintenance, monitoring, occupant/manager training.

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6.0 Facility Delivery Process — Score 7

6.C1

Holistic Delivery of Facility

Intent: Encourage a facility delivery process that actively engages all stakeholders in the design process to deliver a facility that meets all functional requirements while effectively optimizing tradeoffs among sustainability, first costs, life cycle costs and mission requirements.

Requirement:

- ❑ Choose team leaders that are experienced in holistic delivery of facilities. **1**
- ❑ Train the entire team in the holistic delivery process. The team must include all stakeholders in the facility delivery, including the users, the contracting staff, the construction representatives, project manager, and design/engineering team members. **1**
- ❑ Identify project goals and metrics. **1**
- ❑ Plan and execute charrettes with team members at critical phases of the facility delivery. **1**
- ❑ Identify and resolve tradeoffs among sustainability, first costs, life cycle costs and mission requirements through charrettes and other collaborative processes. **2**
- ❑ Document required results for each phase of project deliverables that achieve the project goals and are measurable throughout the facility life span. **1**

Technologies /Strategies:

Develop performance specifications or choose competitive range of products that meet environmental criteria.

Use automated modeling and analysis tools to assess site and facility design alternatives.

Conduct life-cycle cost analysis (LCCA) in the design process according to the Federal Facilities Council Technical Report, Sustainable Federal Facilities: A Guide To Integrating Value Engineering, Life Cycle Costing, and Sustainable Development, FFC # 142, 2000.

Conduct a full ecological assessment to include soil quality, water resources and flows, vegetation and trees, wildlife habitats and corridors, wetlands, and ecologically sensitive areas to identify the least sensitive site areas for development. Evaluate space utilization/functions to reduce overall space requirements, considering networking, flextime, flexi-place, dual-use, and other strategies to reduce space requirements/optimize facility size.

7.0 Current Mission — Score 6

7.C1
Intent:

Operation and Maintenance
Encourage the development of a facility delivery process that enhances efficient operation and maintenance of the facility.

Requirement:

- ❑ Develop a facility operations and maintenance program to include: **2**
  - Commissioning instructions for all facility systems.
  - Comprehensive facility operations and maintenance instructions for system operation, performance verification procedures and results, an equipment inventory, warrantee information, and recommended maintenance schedule. The instructions should include a comprehensive, preventive maintenance program to keep all facility systems functioning as designed.
  - A periodic training program for occupants, facilities managers, and maintenance staff in all facility operations and maintenance activities.
  - Instructions on sustainable cleaning and pest control practices.
  - Develop a comprehensive site/facility recycling/waste management plan.
- ❑ Provide surfaces, furnishings, and equipment that are appropriately durable, according to life cycle cost analysis. **1**

Technologies /Strategies:

Maintain facility elements, systems and subsystems on a routine maintenance schedule to ensure integrity and longevity.

Perform scheduled cleaning and maintenance activities with nontoxic environmentally preferable cleaning products and procedures. Keep air ducts clean and free of microorganisms through a structured program of preventive maintenance. Clean lighting systems following a regular maintenance schedule to ensure optimum light output and energy efficiency.

Use pesticides and herbicides sparingly and only when necessary with preference to natural methods and materials over poisons and toxic agents.

Use automated monitors and controls for energy, water, waste, temperature, moisture, and ventilation monitors and controls. Turn off the lights, computers, computer monitors, and equipment when not in use. Enable power-down features on office equipment.

7.C2
Intent:

Soldier and Workforce Productivity and Retention
Provide a high-quality, functional, healthy and safe work environment to promote soldier and workforce productivity and retention.

Requirement:

- ❑ Provide a high quality indoor environment to enhance user/occupant quality of life (QOL). **1**
- ❑ Provide a highly functional work environment to promote user/occupant work productivity. **1**
- ❑ Provide a healthy and safe work environment to sustain QOL and productivity. **1**

Technologies /Strategies:

Use a registered/certified interior designer to provide stimulating interior environments with pleasant colors, surface treatments, room proportions and ceiling heights, external views, natural lighting, and quality detailing for interior furnishings, equipment, materials and finishes. Use IES standards to provide light to occupied space with variations in level, comfortable contrasts, natural color rendition, natural/man-made, and adequate controls to optimize light aesthetic qualities. Provide occupant control of individual work areas configuration, and lighting, thermal and ventilation systems.

Collaborate with end users to identify functional and technical requirements and to perform adjacency studies. Configure occupied space to address the specific workers/occupants functions and activities that will be carried out there. Meet TI 800-01 Design Guide requirements. Design and configure occupied space, and select furniture and equipment using human ergonomics. Identify existing user amenities, such as dining, recreation, socialization, shopping and child care facilities. Identify what amenities should be incorporated into the project or provided in the future, nearby facility. Provide ventilation air in sufficient volume free from natural and man made contaminants.

8.0 Future Missions

Score 4

8.C1 **Functional Life of Facility and Supporting Systems**

Intent: Assess the functional life of a facility and its supporting systems to optimize the infrastructure investment.

Requirement:

- ❑ Identify how long the designed function is likely to occupy the current facility. **1**
- ❑ Identify how long the envelope, structure, HVAC, plumbing, communications, electrical, and other systems are likely to last before requiring replacement or upgrade. Consider economic, functional and physical obsolescence. **1**

Technologies /Strategies: Assess the typical or likely lifespan of the function(s) to be accommodated to forecast eventual adaptation to a different use(s). Assess the life spans of the various building systems/components to forecast their revision/replacement during the facility lifespan and design in a manner that facilitates revision/replacement.

Consider the life span of the weapon systems, doctrines, or other programs supported by the facility.

Use life cycle data and other sources to identify the life span of the embodied systems.

8.C2 **Adaptation, Renewal and Future Uses**

Intent: Encourage facility design that is responsive to change over time to maximize accommodation of future uses without creating waste and insuring maximum useful life of products.

Requirement:

- ❑ Identify possible future uses for the facility; consider alternatives that expand the list of possible future uses. AND Design the building to accommodate as wide a range of future uses, as practical. AND Design the installation of building systems to accommodate foreseeable change with a minimum amount of disruption, cost, and additional materials. **1**
- ❑ Build the smallest facility necessary to meet current mission functional requirements, using the most efficient shape and form, while taking into consideration expansion capabilities and potential future mission requirements. AND Design the facility for recycling of materials and systems. **1**

Technologies /Strategies: Create durable, long-lasting and adaptable facility shell and structural system. Create an adaptable, flexible facility design using open planning, service corridors, interstitial space, access floors, demountable walls/partitions, modular furniture and other adaptable space configuration/utilization strategies.

Select materials that are recyclable, avoiding composite materials, such as reinforced plastics and carpet fibers and backing. Consider selecting materials and labeling construction materials with identification information to facilitate recycling. Use pre-cut/pre-fabricated materials and use standard lengths and sizes (dimensional modularity) in design. Design facility systems and subsystems for reconfiguration and/or disassembly/recycling using reversible/reusable connectors.

Facility Points Summary

1.0	**Sustainable Sites (S)**	**Score**	**0**	**Max 20**
1.R1	❑ Erosion, Sedimentation and Water Quality Control			[Required]
1.C1	❑ Site Selection			2
1.C2	❑ Installation/Base Redevelopment			2
1.C3	❑ Brownfield Redevelopment			1
1.C4	❑ Alternative Transportation			4
1.C5	❑ Reduced Site Disturbance			2
1.C6	❑ Stormwater Management			2
1.C7	❑ Landscape and Exterior Design to Reduce Heat Islands			2
1.C8	❑ Light Pollution Reduction			1
1.C9	❑ Optimize Site Features			1
1.C10	❑ Facility Impact			2
1.C11	❑ Site Ecology			1
			0	**Max 5**
2.C1	❑ Water Efficient Landscaping			2
2.C2	❑ Innovative Wastewater Technologies			1
2.C3	❑ Water Use Reduction			2
			0	**Max 28**
3.R1	❑ Fundamental Building Systems Commissioning			[Required]
3.R2	❑ Minimum Energy Performance			[Required]
3.R3	❑ CFC Reduction in HVAC&R Equipment			[Required]
3.C1	❑ Optimize Energy Performance			20
3.C2	❑ Renewable Energy			4
3.C3	❑ Additional Commissioning			1
3.C4	❑ <<Deleted>>			
3.C5	❑ Measurement and Verification			1
3.C6	❑ Green Power			1
3.C7	❑ Distributed Generation			1
4.0	**Materials and Resources (M)**	**Score**	**0**	**Max 13**
4.R1	❑ Storage & Collection of Recyclables			[Required]
4.C1	❑ Building Reuse			3
4.C2	❑ Construction Waste Management			2
4.C3	❑ Resource Reuse			2
4.C4	❑ Recycled Content			2
4.C5	❑ Local/Regional Materials			2
4.C6	❑ Rapidly Renewable Materials			1
4.C7	❑ Certified Wood			1
5.0	**Indoor Environmental Quality (IEQ) [Q]**	**Score**	**0**	**Max 17**
5.R1	❑ Minimum IAQ Performance			[Required]
5.R2	❑ Environmental Tobacco Smoke (ETS) Control			[Required]
5.C1	❑ IAQ Monitoring			1
5.C2	❑ Increase Ventilation Effectiveness			1
5.C3	❑ Construction IAQ Management Plan			2
5.C4	❑ Low-Emitting Materials			4
5.C5	❑ Indoor Chemical and Pollutant Source Control			1
5.C6	❑ Controllability of Systems			2
5.C7	❑ Thermal Comfort			2
5.C8	❑ Daylight and Views			2
5.C9	❑ Acoustic Environment /Noise Control			1
5.C10	❑ Facility In-Use IAQ Management Plan			1

Facility Points Summary (Continued)

				Maximum Points
6.0	**Facility Delivery Process (P)**	**Score**	**0**	**Max 7**
6.C1	❑ Holistic Delivery of Facility			7
7.0	**Current Mission**	**Score**	**0**	**Max 6**
7.C1	❑ Operation and Maintenance			3
7.C2	❑ Soldier and Workforce Productivity and Retention			3
8.0	**Future Missions**	**Score**	**0**	**Max 4**
8.C1	❑ Functional Life of Facility and Supporting Systems			2
8.C2	❑ Adaptation, Renewal and Future Uses			2

Total Score | **0** | **Max 100**

SPiRiT Sustainable Project Certification Levels

SPiRiT Bronze		**25 to 34 Points**
SPiRiT Silver		**35 to 49 Points**
SPiRiT Gold		**50 to 74 Points**
SPiRiT Platinum		**75 to 100 Points**

Project Points of Contact

SPiRiT Comment Sheet

Please forward any comments that you may have on this Sustainable Project Rating Tool, preferably by Email, to:

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SPiRiT Para.

APPENDIX E
SPIRIT REQUIREMENTS AND SUMMARY TABLE

APPENDIX E

SPIRIT REQUIREMENTS AND SUMMARY TABLE

	SPIRIT Requirements and Summary Table	Maximum points possible	Mandatory points in RFP	Proposal points	
PAR	**FEATURE**				**REMARKS**
NOTE: SEE SPIRIT TEXT FOR FULL DESCRIPTION OF REQUIREMENTS FOR EACH ITEM.					
COMPLIANCE IS REQUIRED IF "R" OR A NUMBER GREATER THAN ZERO APPEARS IN THE					
MANDATORY POINTS COLUMN					
1.R1	Sediment/Erosion Control Plan	R	R	R	SPiRiT requirement
1.C1	Avoid undesirable sites	1	1	1	meets SPiRiT criteria, point is allowed
	Site adjacencies/compatibility	1	1	1	meets SPiRiT criteria, point is allowed
1.C2	Increase density	1	1	1	meets SPiRiT criteria, point is allowed
	Minimize new infrastructure	1	1	1	meets SPiRiT criteria, point is allowed
1.C3	Brownfield	1	0	0	not a Brownfield site
1.C4	Proximity to transit system	1	1	1	meets SPiRiT criteria, point is allowed
	Bike racks & showers	1			can claim point by adding bike rack
	Proximity to alternative fuel station	1	0	0	not within 2 miles of alternative fuel source
	Parking capacity, carpool parking	1			
1.C5	Limited site disturbance , restoration	1			
	Reduced footprint	1			
1.C6	Stormwater runoff rate	1			
	Stormwater treatment	1			
1.C7	Reduce site heat islands	1			
	Reduce roof heat islands	1			
1.C8	Reduce light pollution	1			
1.C9	Optimize site features	1			
1.C10	Cluster facilities	1			
	Mitigate offsite impacts	1			
1.C11	Site Ecology	1			
2.C1	High efficiecy irrigation/recycle site water	1			
	no irrigation	1	1	1	RFP requirement
2.C2	Innovative wastewater technologies	1			
2.C3	20% Water use reduction	1			
	30% Water use reduction	1			
3.R1	Building commissioning	R	R	R	SPiRiT requirement
3.R2	Minimum energy performance	R	R	R	SPiRiT requirement
3.R3	CFC Reduction	R	R	R	SPiRiT requirement
3.C1	Optimize energy performance	20			
3.C2	5% Onsite renewable energy	1			
	10% onsite renewable energy	2			
	15% onsite renewable energy	3			
	20% onsite renewable energy	4			
3.C3	Additional commissioning	1			
3.C5	Measurement and verification	1			
3.C6	Green power	1			
3.C7	Distributed generation	1			
4.R1	Storage & collection of recyclables	R	R	R	SPiRiT requirement
4.C1	Building reuse	3			
4.C2	Reduce construction waste	1			
	Reduce construction waste addl	1			

APPENDIX E

SPIRIT REQUIREMENTS AND SUMMARY TABLE

4.C3	Salvage/reused materials	1			
	Salvage/reused materials addl	1			
4.C4	Materials recycled content	1			
	Addl materials recycled content	1			
4.C5	Regionally manufactured materials	1			
	Regionally extracted materials	1			
4.C6	Rapidly renewable materials	1			
4.C7	Certified wood	1			
5.R1	Minimum IAQ performance	R	R	R	SPiRiT requirement
5.R2	Environmental tobacco smoke	R	R	R	SPiRiT requirement
5.C1	IAQ monitoring	1			
5.C2	Increase ventilation effectiveness	1			
5.C3	SMACNA/absorptive mtls/filtration	1			
	Flushout/baseline IAQ test	1			
5.C4	Adhesive/sealant VOC	1			
	Green Seal paints & coatings	1			
	CRI Green Label carpet	1			
	No urea/formaldehyde resins	1			
5.C5	Indoor pollutant source control	1			
5.C6	Operable windows, perimeter light controls	1	0	0	windows required by RFP to be fixed type
	Non-perimeter controls	1			
5.C7	ASHRAE thermal comfort stds	1			
	Temperature/humidity monitoring	1			
5.C8	75% daylighting	1	0	0	plan locked in by RFP
	90% outdoor view	1	0	0	plan locked in by RFP
5.C9	Noise control	1			
5.C10	IAQ management plan	1			
6.C1	Team leader experience	1			
	Train team	1			
	Identify project goals	1			
	Charettes	1			
	Resolve tradeoffs	1			
	Document results	1			
7.C1	Develop O&M plan	2			
	Durable materials	1			
7.C2	Quality indoor environment	1	1	1	RFP requirement
	Functional work environment	1	1	1	RFP requirement
	Healthy work environment	1	1	1	RFP requirement
8.C1	Determine functional life	1			
	Determine building life	1			
8.C2	Design for future uses	1	1	1	meets SPiRiT criteria, point is allowed
	Minimize building size	1	1	1	meets SPiRiT criteria, point is allowed
	TOTAL	100			

APPENDIX F
GEOTECHNICAL INFORMATION

SUBSURFACE EXPLORATION
AND
GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING REPORT
(PRELIMINARY)

RECRUITING BRIGADE OPERATIONS BUILDING
L.I. 53321, FY-05
Ft. Gillem, Georgia

By
Soils Section
Geotechnical & HTRW Branch
U.S. Army Engineer District, Savannah

15 DECEMBER 2003

TABLE OF CONTENTS

SUBJECT	PAGE
1. PURPOSE	1
2. QUALIFICATION OF REPORT	1
3. PROJECT DESCRIPTION	1
4. EXPLORATION PROCEDURES	2
a. Site Reconnaissance	2
b. Field Exploration	2
c. Laboratory Soils Testing	3
5. SITE AND SUBSURFACE CONDITIONS	3
a. Site Description	3
b. Area and Site Geology	3
c. Subsurface Soil Conditions	4
d. Groundwater Conditions	4
6. ENGINEERING EVALUATIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS	5
a. General	5
b. General Site Preparation	5
c. Foundation Design and Construction	5
d. Seismic Design	6
e. Concrete Slabs-on-Grade	6
f. Groundwater Considerations	6
g. Structural Fill	6
h. Construction Quality Control Testing	7

APPENDIX

One-Point and Two-Point Compaction Methods

SUBSURFACE EXPLORATION AND
GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING REPORT
(PRELIMINARY)

RECRUITING BRIGADE OPERATIONS BUILDING
L.I. 53321, FY-05
Fort Gillem, Georgia

15 December 2003

1. PURPOSE. The Government has conducted a preliminary geotechnical investigation for the proposed project. This report provides an overview of the site conditions, including subsurface soil and groundwater conditions, and preliminary recommendations pertaining to the geotechnical design and construction of the project.

2. QUALIFICATION OF REPORT. The field explorations performed for this report were made to determine the subsurface soil and groundwater conditions and were not intended to serve as an assessment of site environmental conditions. No effort was made to define, delineate, or designate any areas of environmental concern or of contamination. Any recommendations regarding drainage and earthwork construction are made on the basis that such work can be performed in accordance with applicable laws pertaining to environmental contamination.

3. PROJECT DESCRIPTION. The proposed project consists of the design, site preparation and construction of a facility which is required to provide adequate special purpose space for the United States 2nd Recruiting Brigade and Army Medical Detachment (AMEDD) personnel at Fort Gillem. The special purpose space is required for the support of nine battalions, 51 companies, and 312 recruiting stations located in the southeastern United States, Puerto Rico, and the Virgin Islands. The facility is to include a Brigade Operation Center, computer training classroom, local area network (LAN) room, automated data processing (ADP) staging area, ADP storage room, emergency backup system, mail room, file room, conference room, legal library, graphics art room, lunch/break room, and general purpose storage room.

The proposed facility will be a one-story structure containing 25, 820 square feet. The building is organized into three connected pavilions capped with hipped roofs. The pavilions and the links form an "L" shape on the site.

Since the project will be constructed under a design/build contract, detailed structural information for the proposed building is unavailable. However, some of the pertinent design features are as follows: Roof construction consists of open web steel joists spanning to wide flange steel beams supported by steel HSS columns. The roofing system consists of a standing seam metal roof deck over rigid insulation that is fastened to wide rib metal roof deck. The metal roof deck spans to the roof joists, carries dead and live roof loads, and acts as a structural diaphragm for the framing system. Certain areas of the roof geometry are constructed of a light gauge metal framing over build to achieve the gables and roof

geometries necessary to simplify the framing system. The lateral force resisting system consists of reinforced masonry shear walls. The typical bay sizes vary widely and are dictated by the roof geometries and architectural plan layouts. Roof joists do not exceed a span of 40 feet. Girders do not exceed spans of 46 feet. These spans may be reduced with additional column locations coordinated with plan layout.

4. EXPLORATION PROCEDURES.

a. Site Reconnaissance. Prior to the field exploration, the site and surrounding areas were visually inspected by a geotechnical engineer. The observations were used in planning the exploration, in determining areas of special interest, and in relating site conditions to known geologic conditions in the area.

b. Field Exploration.

(1) Subsurface conditions at the project site were explored by ten soil test borings (designated B-1 through B-10) and ten exploratory test pits (designated TP-1 through TP-10). The borings were drilled and the test pits excavated at the approximate locations shown on the drawings included with this RFP. Depths of the borings ranged from 5 feet below existing ground surface for borings drilled in areas of pavement, to 25 feet for borings drilled in the vicinity of the proposed building. Test pits were excavated to depths of 4.5 to 6.5 feet.

(2) Boring and test pit locations were established in the field by an engineer by measuring distances and estimating right angles from existing roads, sidewalks, and other features. The ground surface elevation at each boring and test pit location was determined by interpolation from the site topography survey. Since the measurements were not precise, the locations shown on the boring location plan and the elevations on the boring logs and test pit logs should be considered approximate.

(3) Geotechnical and Environmental Consultants (GEC) drilled the borings under contract to the Savannah District. The borings were drilled with a truck-mounted CME 55 drill rig and a CME 450 ATV drill rig; a 2.25 inch hollow-stem auger was used to advance the boreholes. Split-barrel sampling with Standard Penetration Testing (SPT) was performed at intervals shown on the boring logs. All soil sampling and Standard Penetration Testing were in substantial accordance with ASTM D 1586. In the Standard Penetration Test, a soil sample is obtained with a standard 1 ½ inch I.D. by 2 inch O.D. split-barrel sampler. The sampler is first seated 6 inches and then driven an additional 12 inches with blows from a 140-pound hammer falling a distance of 30 inches. The number of blows required to drive the sampler the final 12 inches is recorded and is termed the “standard penetration resistance”, or the “N-value”. Penetration resistance, when properly evaluated, is an index of the soil’s strength, density, and foundation support capability. Groundwater levels were measured in the boreholes at the termination of drilling. The boreholes were backfilled immediately, thus, long-term stabilized water levels were not obtained.

(4) Representative portions of the soil samples obtained from the borings were sealed in airtight containers and transported to the driller’s laboratory where they were examined by an

engineer to confirm the driller's field classifications. Classification of the soil samples was performed in general accordance with ASTM D 2488 (Visual-Manual Procedure for Description of Soils). The soil classifications include the use of the Unified Soil Classification System described in ASTM D 2487 (Classification of Soils for Engineering Purposes). Since the soil descriptions and classifications are based on visual examination, they should be considered approximate, except where samples were subjected to laboratory testing, as described below.

(5) Since the proposed project site originally accommodated a rather extensive infrastructure, a ground penetrating radar (GPR) survey was performed over the site to check for buried remnants of foundations and other structures. The survey was performed using a NOGGIN Smart Cart 250 MHz GPR system. The system provided information down to a depth of about 5 feet. Following performance of the GPR survey, the exploratory test pits were excavated at locations where the survey indicated anomalies and discontinuities in the subsurface profile. The test pits were excavated by Reams Enterprises under direction of Savannah District personnel. The pits were excavated by a Bobcat 331 crawler-mounted excavator equipped with a two-foot wide bucket.

(6) Logs of the soil borings and exploratory test pits graphically depicting soil description, standard penetration resistances (for borings), and observed groundwater levels are shown on the drawings with this RFP. Photographs of the test pits are included following this report.

c. Laboratory Soils Testing. Sixteen of the samples from the borings were selected for grain-size distribution and Atterberg limits testing. The purpose of the laboratory testing was to aid in our evaluation of the subsurface soils and in confirming the field classifications. The laboratory tests were performed in substantial accordance with applicable ASTM standards. Results of the laboratory testing are shown on the drawings included with this RFP.

5. SITE AND SUBSURFACE CONDITIONS.

a. Site Description. The site for the proposed facility is located in the 700 area of the west end of Fort Gillem. The site is near the EOD Group Headquarters, Battalion and Company facility presently under construction and the recently constructed MEPS building. The proposed building is to be placed on the tract of land bordered by O Avenue and North 26th Street. The northwestern half of the site is covered in small pine trees, and the southeastern half is occupied by a grassed ball field. There is an existing (non operating) paved runway to the west of the site which must be taken into account due to Force Protection setback standards.

b. Area and Site Geology. Fort Gillem is located in the Piedmont geologic region, a part of an area that has been subjected to several periods of metamorphism, folding, faulting, and some granitic intrusions. The bedrock underlying the installation is considered Precambrian age (approximately 600 million years) and weathering of the complex crystalline, principally gneissic bedrock, has formed a thick surficial blanket of residual soil identified as saprolite. This material is an earthy, clay-rich soil which has formed in-place by chemical weathering of the underlying bedrock. The zone of saprolite, along with partially weathered rock, varies in thickness regionally from less than 3 feet to over 98 feet and generally overlies unweathered

crystalline gneissic bedrock in the vicinity of Fort Gillem. The degree of weathering commonly decreases with depth, following a transition from clay or silt to sand, to partially weathered rock, to hard unweathered granitic gneiss bedrock. The residual soils consist mainly of micaceous saprolite ranging from clay and silt to fine-grained sand with some gravel.

c. Subsurface Soil Conditions.

(1) The soil profile, to the depths of the borings, at the project site generally consists of intermixed micaceous fine sandy silt, clayey silt, and silty sand. Fill ranging in thickness from 3 to 5 feet was encountered at the surface in borings B-1, B-2, B-3, B-5, and B-7; however, the fill consists of soils very similar to the natural underlying soils. Standard penetration resistances, or N-values, ranged from 2 to refusal (50 blows for less than 6 inches). The lower resistances were generally in the upper portion of the soil profile. The high resistances, N- values in the 30's and 40's to refusal, were probably in saprolite, or very intensely weathered rock.

(2) The above subsurface descriptions are of a generalized nature to highlight the major subsurface stratification features and material characteristics. The logs shown on the drawings should be reviewed for specific information at individual boring and test pit locations. The stratifications shown on the logs represent the conditions only at the actual boring or test pit locations; variations may occur and should be expected between locations. The stratifications represent the approximate boundary between the subsurface materials; the actual transition may be gradual.

(3) The GPR survey performed at the project site indicated that the soil over the area was disturbed and appears to have been manipulated, and probably contained some type of debris. The presence of debris was confirmed by the excavation of the test pits which revealed construction materials, such as brick, concrete and steel pipe, as well as several concrete footings. However, the debris appears to be of limited quantity and scattered extent. The logs shown on the drawings and the photographs that follow this report should be reviewed for specific information regarding the types, quantity and dimensions of the debris encountered in the test pits. Similar debris could be encountered in the excavations performed for construction of the project.

d. Groundwater Conditions.

(1) Water levels were measured in the borings at termination of drilling. No groundwater was encountered in any of the soil borings, except for boring B-7, in which water was measured at a depth of 25 feet. No groundwater was encountered in any of the test pits.

(2) Groundwater depths or elevations shown on the boring and test pit logs represent groundwater encountered on the dates shown. Absence of groundwater data for certain explorations implies that no data is available, but does not necessarily mean that groundwater will not be encountered at the locations of those explorations. Groundwater levels will fluctuate with seasonal and climatic variations, variations in subsurface soil conditions, and construction operations. Therefore, groundwater conditions in the future, and at other locations on the site, may differ from the conditions encountered at the exploration locations, on the dates the exploration features were performed.

6. ENGINEERING EVALUATIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS.

a. General. The following conclusions and recommendations are based on the information available on the proposed structure, observations made at the project site, interpretation of the data obtained from the soil test borings and exploratory test pits, and our experience with soils and subsurface conditions similar to those encountered at the site. Since the test borings and test pits represent a very small statistical sampling of the subsurface conditions, it is possible that subsurface conditions substantially different from those indicated by the borings and test pits could be encountered during the construction. In such instances, adjustments to the design and construction of the proposed structure might be necessary, depending on the actual conditions.

b. General Site Preparation. Following clearing and removal of trees, the construction area should be grubbed and stripped of all vegetation, topsoil, organics, and other deleterious materials. Clean topsoil can be stockpiled and reused in landscaped areas. It is recommended that the zone of stripping extend a minimum of 10 feet beyond the outer edges of the structure and pavement. Any existing utilities in construction areas should be located and rerouted, as necessary.

c. Foundation Design and Construction.

(1) Soil test borings B-5 through B-10 that were performed in the vicinity of the proposed building encountered very loose to loose sandy silts and silts, particularly from the ground surface to depths of 3 to 5 feet. The GPR survey performed over the project site indicated that the soil over the area is disturbed and appears to have been manipulated. Due to the presence of the near-surface loose and disturbed soils, the soils beneath the area of the proposed Recruiting Brigade Operations Building should be excavated and replaced in compacted layers. The area should be excavated to a depth of 4 feet below existing ground surface following clearing and grubbing and stripping. The base of the excavated area should extend a distance of 5 feet beyond the outer limits of the building. All debris and rubbish encountered in the excavation should be removed and disposed of off post. Excavated satisfactory materials should be used in other earthwork construction for the project or stockpiled for replacement in the excavated area. Some moisture conditioning of the excavated soils will probably be required prior to their reuse as structural fill. The excavated area should be refilled using satisfactory excavated soils and/or satisfactory borrow material. Backfill materials should be placed in layers not exceeding 8 inches loose measure and compacted to 92 percent of maximum dry density as determined by the modified Proctor compaction test (ASTM D 1557). Provided the soils beneath the proposed structure are excavated and replaced as described above, it is anticipated the structure can be supported on shallow spread footings.

(2) Footings should be supported on properly compacted structural fill. Column footings and loadbearing wall footings should have minimum dimensions of 30 and 24 inches, respectively, and should be located at a minimum depth of 24 inches below finish floor or finish grade, as appropriate. Non-loadbearing wall footings should have a minimum width of 18 inches and should be located at a depth of 18 inches below finish floor or finish grade, as appropriate.

(3) Foundation excavations should be concreted as soon as practical following excavation. Exposure to the environment could weaken the soils at the footing bearing level should the foundation excavations remain open for an extended period of time. Bottoms of foundation excavations should be inspected immediately prior to placement of reinforcing steel and concrete to verify that adequate bearing soils are present and that all debris, mud, and loose, frozen or water softened soils are removed. If the bearing surface soils have been softened by surface water intrusion or by exposure, the softened soils must be removed to firm bearing, and replaced with additional concrete during the concreting, or replaced to design subgrade with No. 57 or No. 67 stone, compacted to a non-yielding condition. To minimize exposure, the final excavation (4 to 6 inches) to design subgrade could be delayed until just prior to placement of reinforcing steel and concreting. As an alternative, a 2- to 3 - inch thick "mud-mat" of lean (2000 psi) concrete could be placed on the bearing subgrade once it has been approved. Foundation excavations must be maintained in a drained/dewatered condition throughout the foundation construction process.

d. Seismic Design. Seismic loads should be computed in accordance with IBC 2000, except as modified by UFC 1-200-01. The project site is classified as Site Class D for the purpose of determining maximum considered earthquake spectral response accelerations.

e. Concrete Slabs-On-Grade.

(1) Based upon our past experience and the subsurface conditions encountered at the site, concrete floor slabs can be supported on densified in situ soils or on fill soils placed and compacted in accordance with the recommendations presented in this report regarding structural fill. We recommend that all concrete slabs-on-grade in inhabitable areas, including storage areas, be underlain by a minimum of 4 inches of open graded, washed pea gravel, or stone, often termed "capillary water barrier," to prevent the capillary rise of groundwater. Nos. 57, 67, 78, or 89 stone could be used. We also recommend that a moisture vapor barrier consisting of lapped polyethylene sheeting having a minimum thickness of 6 mils be provided beneath the building floor slabs to reduce the potential for slab dampness from soil moisture. Concrete slabs should be jointed around columns and along supported walls to minimize cracking due to possible differential movement.

(2) Construction activities and exposure to the environment often cause deterioration of the prepared slab-on-grade subgrade. Therefore, we recommend that the slab subgrade soil be inspected and evaluated immediately prior to floor slab construction. The evaluation might include a combination of visual observations, hand rod probing and field density tests to verify that the subgrade has been properly prepared. If unstable soil is revealed, the affected soil should be removed to firm bearing, and replaced to design subgrade with suitable structural fill soil placed and compacted as recommended, or replaced with additional capillary water barrier material.

f. Groundwater Considerations. Water should not be allowed to collect near the foundation or on floor slab areas of the building either during or after construction. Undercut or excavated areas should be sloped toward one corner to facilitate removal of any collected rainwater, groundwater, or surface runoff. Positive site drainage should be provided to reduce infiltration of surface water around the perimeter of the building and beneath the floor slabs.

g. Structural Fill. In order to achieve high density structural fill, the following evaluations and recommendations are offered:

(1) Based on the soil test borings and exploratory test pits, excavated on-site soils (excluding any organics and debris) can be used as structural fill. Some moisture content adjustment will probably be necessary to achieve proper compaction. If water must be added, it should be uniformly applied and thoroughly mixed into the soil by discing.

(2) We recommend that the contractor have appropriate disc harrows on site during earthwork for both drying and wetting the soils.

(3) Materials selected for use as structural fill should be free from roots and other organic matter, trash, debris, and frozen soil, and stones larger than 3 inches in any dimension. The following soils represented by their Unified Soil Classification System (ASTM D 2487) group symbols will be suitable for use as structural fill: GC, GM, SP, SW, SC, SM, CL, and ML. The following soil types are considered unsuitable: Pt, OH, OL, GP, GW, MH, and CH.

(4) Suitable fill soils should be placed in lifts of maximum 8 inches loose measurement. The soil should be compacted by mechanical means such as steel drum, sheepsfoot, tamping, or rubber-tired rollers. Compaction of clays is best accomplished with a sheepsfoot or tamping roller. Periodically rolling with heavily loaded, rubber-tired equipment may be desirable to seal the surface of the compacted fill, thus reducing the potential for absorption of surface water following a rain. This sealing operation is particularly important at the end of the workday and at the end of the week. Within confined areas or foundation excavations, we recommend the use of manually operated, internal combustion activated compactors (“wacker packers” or sled tamps). The compactors should have sufficient weight and striking power to produce the same degree of compaction that is obtained on the other portions of the fill by the rolling equipment as specified. Where hand operated equipment is used, the soils should be placed in lifts of maximum 4 inches loose measurement.

(5) We recommend the structural fill and subgrades be compacted to the following minimum percents of the modified Proctor maximum dry density (ASTM D 1557):

Beneath structures and building slabs, to 5 feet beyond building and structure line, around footings and in trenches	92 percent
Beneath paved areas, except top 12 inches	90 percent
Beneath paved areas, top 12 inches	95 percent
Beneath sidewalks and grassed areas	85 percent

h. Construction Quality Control Testing.

(1) Prior to initiating any structural fill placement and/or compaction operations, we recommend that representative samples of the soils which will be used as structural fill or subgrade, both suitable on-site soils and off-site soils (borrow), be obtained and tested to determine their classification and compaction characteristics. The samples should be carefully selected to represent the full range of soil types to be used. The moisture content, maximum dry density, optimum moisture content, grain-size and plasticity characteristics should be determined. These tests are required to determine if the fill and subgrade soils are acceptable and for compaction quality control of the subgrades and structural fill. Tests for the above soil properties should be in accordance with the following:

Moisture Content	ASTM D 2216
Maximum Dry Density and Optimum Moisture	ASTM D 1557
Grain-Size (Wash No. 200, less hydrometer)	ASTM D 422 and D 1140
Plasticity	ASTM D 4318

(2) A representative number of in-place field density tests should be performed in the subgrade of compacted on-site soils and in the structural fill and backfill to confirm that the required degree of compaction has been obtained. In-place density tests should be performed in accordance with the sand cone method prescribed in ASTM D 1556. We recommend at least one density test be performed for each 5000 square feet, or portion thereof, of compacted existing on-site soils, subgrades, and in <u>each</u> lift of compacted structural fill. We also recommend that at least one density test be performed for each 100 linear feet in the bearing level soils of continuous footings. Density tests should be performed at 100-foot intervals along roadway subgrade soils. In addition, a density test should be performed for each 150 linear feet of backfill placed per foot of depth in trenches for utilities systems. Where other areas are compacted separately by manually operated compactors, a minimum of one density test should be performed for every 250 square feet, or portion thereof, of fill placed per foot of depth.

(3) Compaction control of soils requires the comparison of fill water content and dry density values obtained in the field density tests with optimum water content and maximum dry density. The performance of a laboratory compaction test on material from each field density test would provide the most accurate relation of the in-place material to optimum water content and maximum density, but it is not feasible to do this as the testing could not keep pace with fill construction. We recommend that compaction control of the earthwork construction be performed using a “family” of compaction curves and the one-point or two-point compaction methods. Excerpts from construction specifications, which describe the approach and its use, are included in the Appendix.

(4) Any area that does not meet the required compaction criteria should be reworked, and retested. If the moisture content of the soil is within the recommended range, additional compaction may be all that is necessary to increase the density. If the moisture content is not within the recommended range, then, the moisture content should be adjusted to within the range, and the area recompacted.

(5) All laboratory and field density testing should be performed by an approved commercial testing laboratory qualified in this type of work.

APPENDIX

One-Point and Two-Point Compaction Methods

Compaction Control

For fine grained (clayey and silty) soils and for sands with appreciable fines such that normal shaped compaction curves are obtained, results of all compaction tests shall be plotted on a common plot as a family of curves. For each field density test performed, a one-point compaction test, with additional points as needed, shall be performed on the same material on which the field density test was conducted. The one-point compaction test shall be performed on the dry side of the optimum moisture content. For comparison of field density data to the proper laboratory compaction test results, the procedures for the one-point and/or two-point compaction control methods as described in paragraph Compaction Procedure, shall be used. Compaction curves plotted on the family of curves shall be of such a scale that the optimum moisture content can be interpreted to the nearest 0.1 percent and the maximum dry density can be interpreted to the nearest 0.1 pcf(or 2 kg/m^3). When a one-point test plots outside the range of the family of curves, an additional five-point compaction test shall be performed.

Compaction Procedure

General

The following paragraphs describe methods of relating field density data to desired or specified values. Compaction control of soils requires comparison of fill water content and/or dry density values obtained in field density tests with optimum water content and/or maximum dry density. At a minimum, control shall be in accordance with the One-Point Compaction Method. Where conditions require, the Two-Point Compaction Method shall be used.

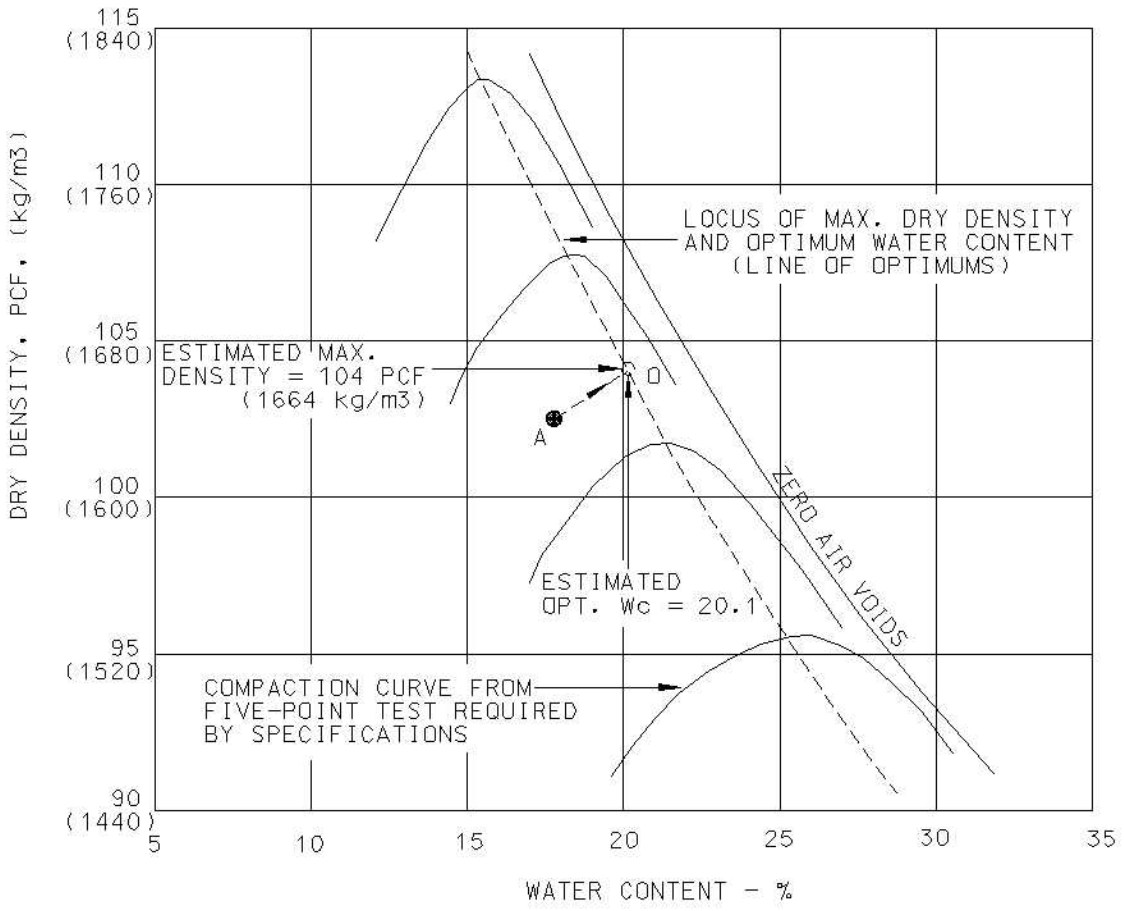
One-Point Compaction Method

The material from the field density test is allowed to dry to a water content on the dry side of estimated optimum, and then compacted using the same equipment and procedures used in the five-point compaction test. Thorough mixing is required to obtain uniform drying; otherwise, results obtained may be erroneous. The water content and dry density of the compacted sample are determined and then used to estimate its optimum water content and maximum dry density as illustrated in Figure 1 at the end of this section. In Figure 1, the line of optimums is well defined and the compaction curves are approximately parallel to each other, consequently, the one-point compaction method could be used with a relatively high degree of confidence. However, in Figure 2 at the end of this section, the curves are not parallel to each other and in several instances will cross if extended on the dry side. Consequently, the correct curve cannot be determined from the one-point method; therefore, the two-point compaction method should be used. The one-point method should be used only when the data define a relatively good line of optimums.

Two-Point Compaction Method

In the two-point test, one sample of material from the location of the field density test is compacted at the fill water content if thought to be at or on the dry side of optimum water

content (otherwise, reduced by drying to this condition) using the same equipment and procedures used in the five-point compaction test. A second sample of material is allowed to dry back about 2 to 3 percentage points dry of the water content of the first sample and then compacted in the same manner. At least one point shall fall within 3 percent of the line of optimums. After compaction, the water contents and dry densities for the two samples are determined. The results are used to identify the appropriate compaction curve for the material being tested as shown in Figure 2 at the end of this section. The data shown in Figure 2 warrant the use of the two-point compaction test because the five-point compaction curves are not parallel. Using point A only, as in the one-point test method, would result in appreciable error as the shape of the curve would not be defined. The estimated compaction curve can be more accurately defined by two compaction points.



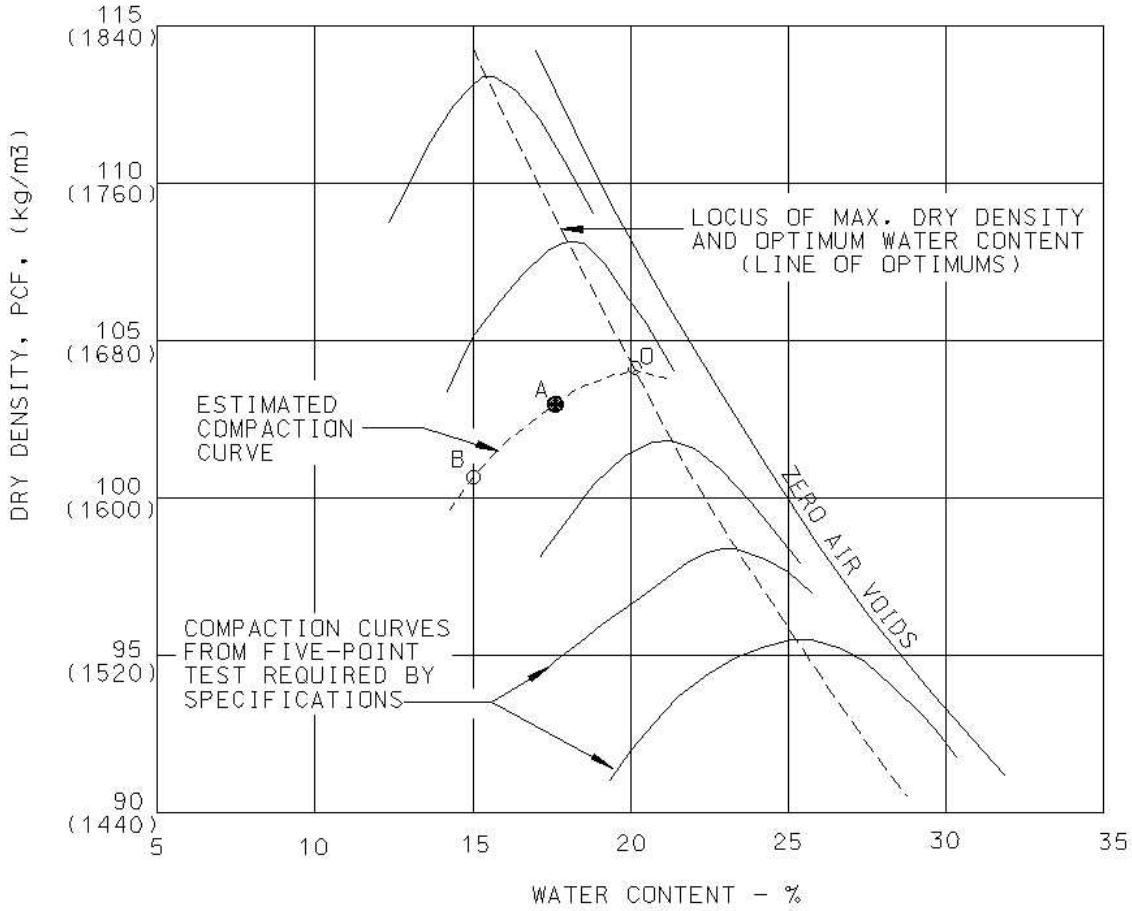
PROCEDURE:

1. Point A is the result of a one-point compaction test on material from field density test. This point must be on the dry side of optimum water content.

2. Point O is the estimated optimum water content and maximum density of the fill material based on a projection of point A approximately parallel to the adjacent compaction curves.

3. Point A must plot within 3 percent of the line of optimums.

Figure 1. Illustration of one-point compaction method.



PROCEDURE:

1. Points A and B are results of a two-point compaction test on material from field density test. Points A and B must be on the dry side of optimum water content.

2. The estimated compaction curve based on Points A and B establishes Point O on the locus, which is the estimated maximum dry density and optimum water content of the fill material.

3. One point must plot within 3 percent of the line of optimums.

Figure 2. Illustration of two-point compaction method.

NOTES:

1. A Ground Penetrating Radar (GPR) survey was performed over the existing project site using a NOGGIN Smart Cart 250 MHz GPR system. The system provided information down to a depth of about 5 feet. The GPR survey indicated that the soil over the area was disturbed and appears to have been possibly manipulated, and probably contained some type of debris.

   The exploratory test pits revealed the presence of debris consisting of construction materials, such as brick, concrete and steel pipe, as well as several concrete footings. However, the debris appears to be of limited quantity and scattered extent. The logs of the test pits shown on the drawings, and the "preliminary" geotechnical report and photographs of the test pits included in Appendix "F" should be reviewed for specific information regarding the types, quantity and dimensions of the debris encountered in the test pits. The Contractor shall anticipate encountering similar debris in the excavations performed for construction of the project.

2. Due to the presence of the near-surface loose and disturbed soils,

   the soils beneath the area of the Recruiting Brigade Operations Building shall be excavated and replaced in compacted layers. Excavation shall be performed in accordance with EM 385-1-1 and OSHA 29 CFR 1926.652. The area shall be excavated to a depth of 4 feet below existing ground surface following clearing and grubbing and stripping. The base of the excavated area shall extend a distance of 5 feet beyond the outer limits of the building. All debris and rubbish encountered in the excavation shall be removed and disposed of off post. Excavated satisfactory materials shall be used in other earthwork construction for the project or stockpiled for replacement in the excavated area. The excavated area shall be refilled using satisfactory excavated soils and/or satisfactory borrow material. Backfill materials shall be placed in layers not exceeding 8 inches loose measure and compacted to 92 percent of maximum dry density as determined by the modified Proctor compaction test (ASTM D 1557).

PHOTOGRAPHS

OF

EXPLORATORY TEST PITS

TEST PIT NO. 1

TEST PIT NO. 2

TEST PIT NO. 3

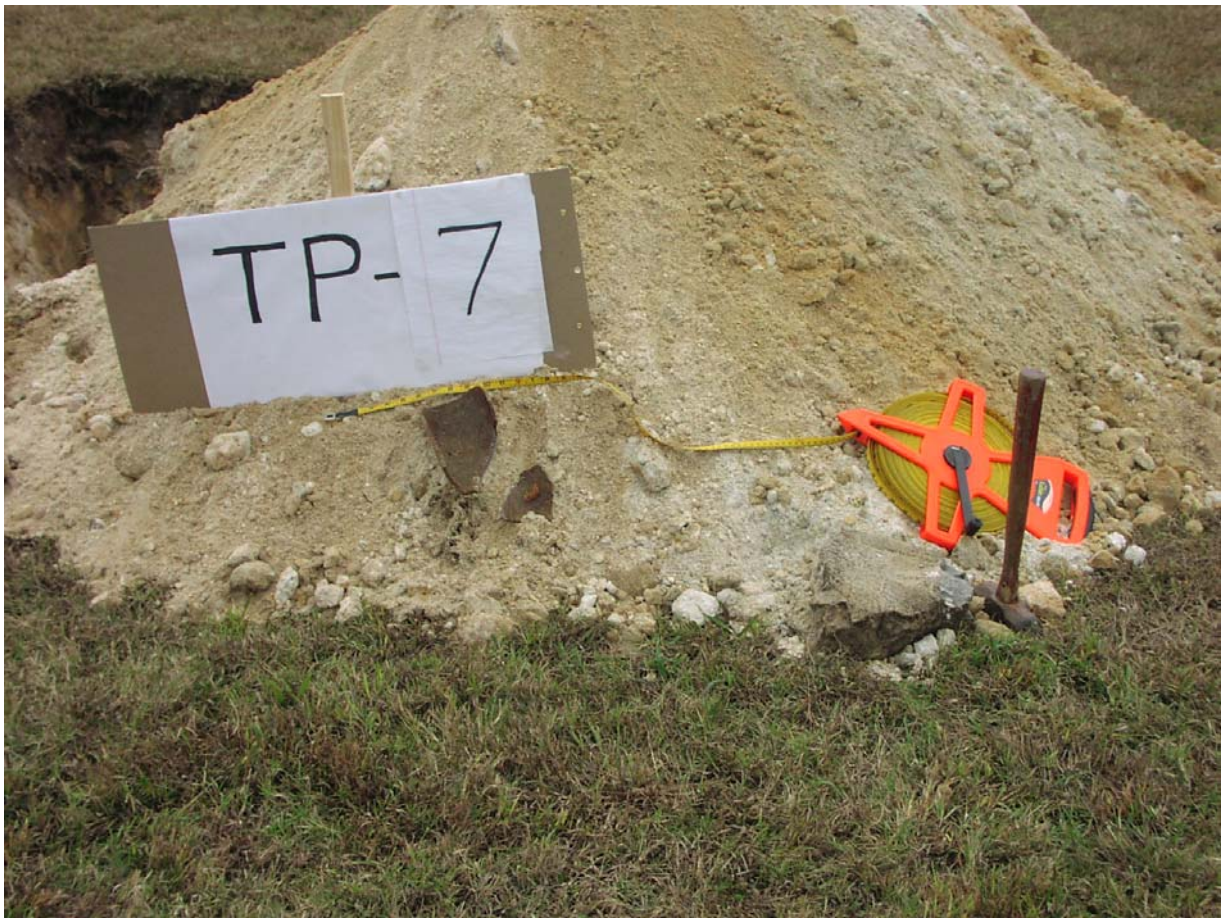
TEST PIT NO. 4

Note concrete footing (2’x 2’ x 1’).

TEST PIT NO. 5

Note debris pieces; refer to logs for description.

TEST PIT NO. 6



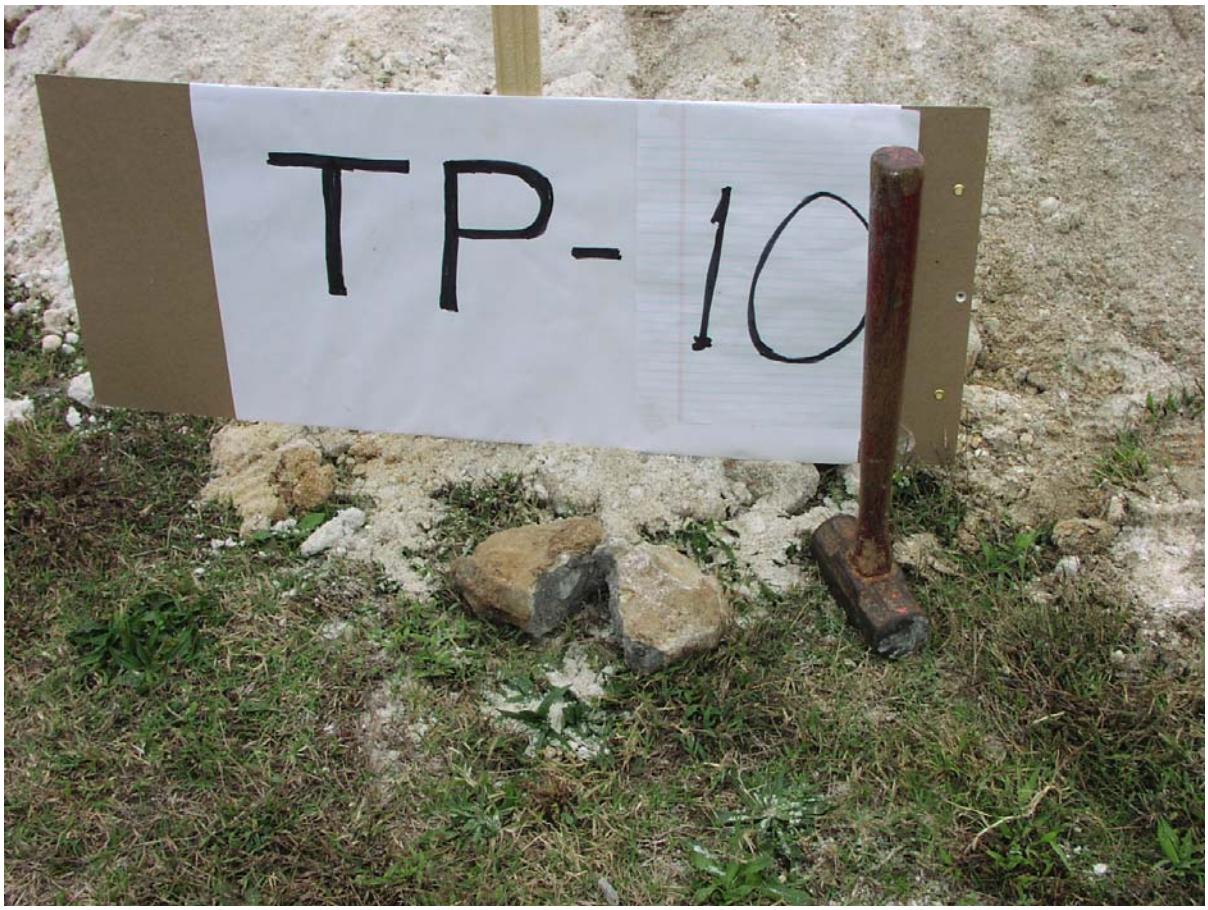
Note concrete and pipe pieces; refer to logs.

TEST PIT NO. 7

Note two concrete footings; refer to logs.

TEST PIT NO. 8

TEST PIT NO. 9



Note concrete fragment; broken after excavated.

TEST PIT NO. 10

APPENDIX G
ASBESTOS AND HAZARDOUS MATERIALS INFORMATION

SPECIFIC INSTRUCTIONS

FOR

RECRUITING BRIGADE OPERATIONS BUILDING, FORT GILLEM, GEORGIA
FY: 04 Line Item 53321:

ASBESTOS, LEAD-BASED PAINT, HAZARDOUS AND/OR REGULATED BUILDING MATERIALS, HAZARDOUS BUILDING MATERIALS AND/OR WASTES

PREPARED BY: K.CAMPBELL-MILES DATE: 14 MARCH 2003

[An abatement specification shall be included. Edits may not reduce requirements described here, but may better define, specify or describe methods such as hauling, TSDs additional documentation, etc.]

12.1. GENERAL. The instructions given herein supplement and modify the requirements given in Chapter A-12, Asbestos and Other Hazardous Materials (Identification, Handling and Removal) of the Savannah District Design Manual for Military Construction. Except where modified, all pertinent instructions found in Chapter A-12 of the Design Manual shall be complied with for this project. These instructions are written and numbered so as to "parallel" the text of Chapter A-12. If variations are noted between this guidance's submittal requirements and the RFP's submittal schedule, the RFP requirements shall take preference. For technical variations, please contact the Project Manager, Timothy Morris, for resolution.

In addition to the instructions covered here and in A-12 of the Design Manual, the Contractor shall address requirements for the removal and recycling/recovery of miscellaneous hazardous building materials such as High Intensity Direct lighting (HID), fluorescent light tubes (lamps) containing mercury, mercury containing thermostats, manometers and related sensing equipment, PCB containing ballasts and transformers, and lead items such as roofing anchors, flashing, window weights, tub and sink noise dampers, etc. The Contractor shall use the attached specification 08091 as the minimum requirement to execute this effort. The Contractor may perform minor editing to this specification in order to address any actual site conditions found during abatement and removal procedures. The documentation and reporting requirements cannot be minimized or decreased, as the installation and USACE require this data.

12.2 APPLICABLE PUBLICATIONS. Include Georgia's asbestos, lead-based paint (LBP) and other applicable Georgia regulations in all specifications, which shall be used in the development of all design specifications.

The AE/Contractor shall comply with the issue or version (including all changes and amendments) of Federal, State and local environmental statutes and regulations in effect on the day of issuance of the contract, including the applicable portions of the documents cited in the RFP. References include but are not limited to the following.

Environmental Protection Agency, Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) (40 CFR 266).

Environmental Protection Agency 40 CFR Parts 260, 261, 264, 265, 268, 270 and 273

Environmental Protection Agency, Disposal of Polychlorinated Biphenyls (PCBs) Federal Register vol. 63 29 June 1998, p. 25283 together with 40 CFR 761.

Hazardous Waste Management System: Modification of the Hazardous Waste Program; Hazardous Waste Lamps, Final Rule Federal Register Vol. 64 No. 128, July 6 1999 Rules and Regulations

Hazardous Waste and Emergency Responder 29 CFR 1926.65

Georgia Department of Natural Resources, Environmental Protection Division's web site for regulations is: www.dnr.state.ga.us/dnr/environ

Georgia Department of Natural Resources, Environmental Protection Division, Chapter 391-3-1, Rules for Air Quality Control

Georgia Department of Natural Resources, Environmental Protection Division, Chapter 391-3-14, Rules for Asbestos Encapsulation

Georgia Department of Natural Resources, Environmental Protection Division, Chapter 391-3-4, Rules of Solid Waste Management

Georgia Department of Natural Resources, Environmental Protection Division, Chapter 391-3-24, Lead-based Paint Abatement, Certification, and Accreditation

12.3 PRECONCEPT SUBMITTAL REQUIREMENTS. No changes.

12.4 CONCEPT/EARLY PRELIMINARY (35%) DESIGN SUBMITTAL REQUIREMENTS. Because an asbestos and hazardous materials survey has been conducted, no further surveys of these items are expected to be needed. Should unexpected hazardous building materials be encountered during demolition the requirements in Design Manual chapter A-12 section 12.4 and the following requirements will also be met. The report of findings shall be stand-alone chapters in one volume. "Negative findings' reports shall be included. The AE/Contractor shall address all USACE comments in writing and make all changes necessary to bring the report into compliance with federal, state, local, USACE, and Army requirements. The reports shall be included as a permanent part of the project files.

Lead-based Paint. The buildings to be demolished are circa WW II era, wood-sided structures with 1970's era aluminum siding upgrade. Lead-based Paint must be addressed on two aspects, environmental disposal and worker safety and health. A composite-debris test, using the Toxicity Characteristic Leaching Process (TCLP) has been performed by the government and the results are included in the Hazardous (Building) Materials Survey Report for each building. Debris from these shall be placed in a C&D landfill. Worker protection, such as required under the OSHA Lead in Construction Standard and the Hazard Communication Standard, is to be addressed in the specifications regardless of TCLP results as demolition activities may produce hazardous lead dust situations. It is the Contractor's responsibility to control all dusts generated by demolition activities. In addition the Contractor shall ensure that lead-based paint dusts, paint chips etc. are not carried off –site where it may enter storm drains, swales or other soil surfaces.

Lead Items. All lead items such as pipe and venting systems (hot pour), flashing, noise deadening pastes, and medical/dental x-ray protection panels must be removed prior to demolition to prevent lead

items from entering the landfill. If at all possible these items should be recovered or recycled. Lead items as described herein cannot be disposed of in a C&D landfill. See the Hazardous Building Materials Survey Report for type, quantity and location.

Asbestos. An Asbestos Survey has been conducted by USACE. An estimate of the location, type and quantity of asbestos is presented in the attached Asbestos Survey Reports, Ft Gillem, November /December 2002. The Contractor is encouraged to inspect the buildings for types and quantities of ACM and present any changes in his proposal. There are two issues of concern. The buildings have been renovated and as such original walls and areas above drop ceilings may still retain ACM that was undetected during the survey. These quantities are considered incidental and modifications for changed conditions will not be considered. The Contractor shall ensure that all ACM is identified and removed under this Contract. Quantities found in the Asbestos Survey are estimated.

Should suspected ACM be encountered, the material must be sampled by the Contractor and reported in accordance with Chapter 12-A and this instruction. The Contractor shall estimate no more than 10 bulk sample analysis to be performed at no additional cost to this project. The findings from any additional bulk sampling shall be collated into a brief report (Asbestos Sampling and Survey Supplemental Report) that shall be included as a permanent part of the project file. The sampling report shall be prepared in such a way as to include: location and specific area, quantity, condition and whether it can be demolished in place without becoming friable. All completed sampling forms, custody forms, and drawings shall be included. Sampling locations shall be marked on the drawings. The Asbestos Sampling and Survey Supplemental Report shall include copies of all licenses and certifications and shall be signed by the licensed asbestos inspector. Suspected asbestos containing materials (ACM) shall not be called negative (or <1%) based upon one sample. A minimum of three asbestos samples shall be analyzed unless the homogeneous material is less than 10 linear ft.

The Contractor must produce an asbestos abatement specification and associated drawings. (Sampling point drawings are included in the RFP and may be used as a basis for developing abatement drawings). The specification must include the submission of an Asbestos Hazard Control Plan. The Contractor is strongly encouraged to use the Unified Facilities Guide Specification (UFGS) *Asbestos Abatement 02081*, found at: http://www.hnd.usace.army.mil/techinfo/index.asp in order to facilitate the acceptance of the Asbestos Hazard Control Plan. The Asbestos Hazard Control Plans must be submitted and accepted by the Savannah District's Safety and Occupational Health Office as a part of the RFP requirements.

Mercury. Mercury containing materials and hazardous waste lamps (HWL): A visual survey of all mercury containing building materials was done and a brief report submitted describing the approximate number and type of materials present. Due to the lapse of time between the survey and the actual removal, some variation in numbers and types are expected. This will not be considered a 'changed condition'. All fluorescent tubes and metal halide 'bulbs' that are not marked 'mercury free' shall be considered 'mercury-containing' and disposed of as Universal Waste. The quantities of fluorescent light tubes and fixtures and mercury containing items are listed in each Hazardous Building Material Survey Report. Materials such as electrical switches, thermostats, and thermometers containing liquid mercury must be accounted for. These items may be recycled, recovered, or disposed of as a hazardous waste product as deemed necessary by the AE/Contractor. The AE/Contractor shall contact the Ft Gillem environmental coordinators as to their preference in disposal methods.

PCBs. The AE/Contractor shall use the inventory of fluorescent light fixtures that is found in the Hazardous Building Materials Survey Report on each building to determine the number of PCB containing ballasts. The AE/Contractor shall contact the Ft. Gillem environmental coordinators as to their preference in disposal methods.

Miscellaneous Hazardous Building Materials. All fluorocarbon refrigerants and coolants must be removed and recovered or recycled prior to building demolition. All residual fuels in abandoned pipelines and (USTs) must be removed and disposed of in accordance with Georgia underground storage regulations (GUST). See the Hazardous Building Materials Survey Report for more details on these materials. All USTs, regardless of use must be removed in accordance with GUST. Coordination with Ft. Gillem environmental and real property departments is required should these be encountered.

The Contractor shall use the attached a specification, 02081, PCB BALLASTS, TRANSFORMERS, HAZARDOUS WASTE LAMP AND OTHER HAZARDOUS BUILDING MATERIALS REMOVAL, for the removal and disposal of all Universal and Hazardous building wastes. The AE/Contractor shall assume that the installation will accept no Universal or Hazardous Wastes and all such materials must be removed from the installation for proper disposal. The AE/Contractor may edit the attached specification to reflect current conditions. All documentation as listed in the supplied specification shall be met.

12.5 SIXTY PERCENT (60%) SUBMITTAL REQUIREMENTS. No changes.

The AE/Contractor shall utilize the information presented in the Asbestos Survey Reports, the Hazardous Building Materials repots report and the knowledge that the buildings contain lead-based paint to create a an Asbestos Abatement and Control Specification and to edit a separate Hazardous Building Materials Removal Specification (02081). The Hazardous Building Materials Removal specification shall not be combined with a general demolition specification, although the Demolition Specification shall reference it. The specifications shall address all applicable environmental, worker safety and health regulations, and the methods for removing, recycling/recovering and/or disposal of the hazardous materials that have been identified. Sample guide specifications can be viewed from TECHINFO on the USACE Huntsville District website: http://www.hnd.usace.army.mil/techinfo/index.asp . As these materials are either hazardous or universal wastes, record keeping and disposition documentation must be included as submittal items (FIO).

12.6 PRELIMINARY (60%) DESIGN SUBMITTAL REQUIREMENTS.

12.6.1 The format shall match the rest of the project's drawings and style.

12.6.2 Generally, guide specifications must be edited and tailored by the A/E to satisfy the requirements of the particular project being designed. The drawings and specifications must complement each other. All extraneous and irrelevant information contained in the guide specifications must be eliminated. Likewise, information not originally contained in the guide specifications must be added to ensure a complete specification. Furthermore, functional or descriptive specifications must be developed as necessary to fully specify the requirements of the project being designed.

12.6.3 All *Set-up* and *Detail Sheets* referenced in the final specification shall be included as an addendum or attachment to the asbestos specification (UFGS 13280 or similar). The website address alone is not acceptable.

12.6.4 The Asbestos Sampling and Survey Supplemental Report shall be included as an addendum.

12.6.5 Contractor Submittal Requirements. The specifications shall require the Contractor to submit shop drawings, samples, manufacturer's data, personnel and equipment certificates, test reports, an abatement plan, etc. as appropriate. The AE/Contractor shall be required to furnish a listing of the Contractor's submittal requirements. The AE/Contractor shall add submittal items as needed to supply all relevant information.

12.6.6 Provide a minimum 1-inch margin at all four edges of each page.

12.6.7 All abatement and removal drawings/plates shall be labeled. Drawings shall be specific as to the type and location of the asbestos or hazardous materials. General descriptions shall be avoided. Textual descriptions must be accompanied by hatching or other markings on the drawing. Drawings shall contain material descriptions and approximate quantities, based upon the inspection report and the AE/Contractors visual inspection. Drawings shall contain sufficient exterior landscaping and details so as to assist the Contractor in locating suitable areas for decontamination units, negative air machines, and material load-out centers. The Asbestos Survey drawings may be edited for this purpose.

12.7 CORRECTED FINAL (100%) DESIGN SUBMITTAL REQUIREMENTS. No changes.

12.8 ESTIMATE. No changes.

12.9 FEE PROPOSAL. No changes.

12.10 PROJECT REVIEW COMMENTS. The AE/Contractor shall submit specific annotated responses to all review comments. Responses shall state the specification section or the drawing /plate number where the change was made. Changes include deletions as well as additions. Revised submittals shall be legibly typed and not marked by hand.

-End-

SPECIFIC INSTRUCTIONS

FOR

RECRUITING BRIGADE OPERATIONS BUILDING, FORT GILLEM, GEORGIA
FY: 04 Line Item 53321:
PREPARED BY: K.CAMPBELL-MILES DATE: 14 MARCH 2003

HEALTH AND SAFETY REQUIREMENTS

1. The Contractor shall prepare a specification essentially similar to UFGS 01525 SAFETY AND OCCUPATIONAL HEALTH REQUIREMENTS. The Contractor shall edit the guide specification to reflect actual work that will be performed. In particular remove all references to the Navy and their associated safety and health offices. Contact Savannah District Engineering (Kathleen Campbell-Miles 912-652-5726) or Safety Office (Mike Tustin 912-652-5843) if there are any questions. A copy of the 01525 can be found at: http://www.hnd.usace.army.mil/techinfo/index.asp.

SPECIFIC INSTRUCTIONS

FOR

RECRUITING BRIGADE OPERATIONS BUILDING, FORT GILLEM, GEORGIA
FY: 04 Line Item 53321:
PREPARED BY: K.CAMPBELL-MILES DATE: 14 MARCH 2003

SECTION 02081

PCB BALLASTS, TRANSFORMERS, HAZARDOUS WASTE LAMP AND OTHER HAZARDOUS BUILDING MATERIALS REMOVAL

[This specification shall be included. Edits may not reduce requirements, but may better define, specify or describe methods such as hauling, TSDs, additional documentation, etc.]

PART 1 - GENERAL

Buildings 841 and 704 are scheduled for demolition. The following describes the anticipated types of hazardous building materials (HBMs) that are expected to be encountered in execution of this project.

1.1 Electrical fixtures, classed as 'Hazardous Waste Lamps' (HWL) found in these buildings include (but may not be limited to) fluorescent downlight with compact fluorescence, troffers with 2 and 4 lamp fluorescents ranging in length from 18 inches to 4 feet tube, interior and exterior fixtures, battery back-up emergency fixtures, and exterior high intensity direct (HID) fixtures including round and square mercury vapor lamps. These types and quantities may vary due to changes since the time of the initial survey, and are to be used as estimating guidelines only. These fixtures, unless otherwise marked to remain, are to be removed prior to demolition/renovation after all asbestos containing materials have been removed. Fixtures are regulated based upon the presence of PCB containing electrical equipment. HWLs are regulated due to the mercury contained in the lamps. Not all buildings and all rooms of the buildings were available for inspection. Quantities are estimated and the Contractor shall take this into consideration in his proposal. All ballasts were assumed PCB containing ballast without inspection. Lighted exit signs, when found, were assumed to be fluorescent replacements, although some may be incandescent. Numbers provided here are estimates based upon the type of building and building usage. Incidental spare bulbs found in utility rooms and closets are included in this estimate. Utility (streetlight) metal halide lamps are not included in this estimate. The Contractor shall verify number and type of HWLs and ballasts to be removed and recycled. Estimated quantities are included in Hazardous Building Materials Survey, Ft Gillem November/December 2002, located in a separate volume.

The State of Georgia and the Federal EPA considers unbroken mercury containing lamps as universal waste. Unbroken lamps shall be packed and shipped with applicable

Department of Transportation Labeling. They do not need full hazardous materials manifesting. They do require a Universal Waste 'Bill of Lading" and a state of Georgia 'Universal Waste' (GAU) number. Broken HWL are considered 'Hazardous Waste' and RCRA and DOT requirements apply.

1.2 Mercury –containing thermostats are present in the buildings. These shall be removed prior to demolition and disposed of as recovered, recycled or hazardous wastes. Recovery and recycling is the preferred method of handling these materials. Manifests shall be prepared for all forms of disposal.

1.3 Transformers, capacitors, electrical light ballasts, electromagnets, switches, and voltage regulators are considered PCB Articles, sub-classed as PCB Equipment. They shall also be removed and recycled or disposed of as required by local, state and federal regulations. All capacitors are assumed to contain PCBs unless a label or chemical analysis states that they do not. PCB ballasts must be disposed of as hazardous wastes and may not be re-sold to subsequent users. Estimated quantities are included in Hazardous Building Materials Survey, Ft Gillem November/December 2002, located in a separate volume.

1.4 Refrigerant from the central air conditioning units shall be recovered prior to removal to the landfill. Window air conditioners are present in some of the buildings. Those AC units not removed by the installation shall be removed or their refrigerant recovered prior to demolition.

1.5 Grease traps will be cleaned and removed. Contents of grease traps may be considered hazardous if they contain flammable materials or can cause environmental or sewer line damage. Water generated from grease trap cleaning shall not be disposed of in POTW sewers, septic tanks, or open areas, but shall be removed and disposed of off-site in accordance with installation, local, state, and federal regulations. Removed traps shall be cleaned prior to disposal in landfills. Contractor shall document disposal of grease and grease-trap cleaning wastes and provide to the Contracting Officer.

1.6 Smoke detectors had not been noted in the buildings, however they are sometimes located in return air ducts or above the drop ceilings. The building surveyors were unable to determine their presence. Smoke detectors may contain hazardous materials such as chemical batteries or radioactive materials. The Contractor shall remove any smoke detectors and dispose of them as required by local, state, and federal regulations. Submit documentation of number and method of disposal.

1.7 Underground fuel storage tanks (USTs) and aboveground fuel tanks (ASTs) were not noted at these buildings. Should they be discovered prior to or during demolition, the Contractor shall remove them under Georgia Underground Storage Tanks (GUST) rules. A closure assessment plan (CAP) shall be prepared even if the tanks are considered home heating fuel tanks. Contractor shall ensure that no regulated or hazardous materials are spilled during removals and that all contents are disposed of in accordance with local,

state, and federal requirements. Documentation of removal, disposal, soil assessments, etc. shall be submitted to the Contracting Officer.

1.8 All lead-items such as poured lead seals, counter weights, etc. that are within the demolition area, shall be removed and disposed of prior to demolition. Estimated quantities are included in Hazardous Building Materials Survey, Ft Gillem November/December 2002, located in a separate volume.

1.9 Under the state of Georgia no hazardous materials shall be disposed of in a landfill. Buildings 794 and 841 have been tested by the Toxicity Characteristic Leaching Procedure (TCLP) and it has been determine that their debris does not contain leachable lead over the regulatory limit of 5 mg/L. Debris may be disposed of in an off -base construction and debris (C&D) landfill.

1.10. Control of silica dust hazards from demolition is required under OSHA. These controls should also control any small amounts of lead from lead-based paint dust released from the block. Where possible wet methods should be used. The Contractor shall ensure that wet methods do not create a mold or mildew problem that can contribute to future poor indoor air quality.

2. Work Requirements:

The Contractor shall provide all personnel, transportation, services, materials, equipment, technical and management support required to perform the requirements as defined in this specification. The Contractor shall document the results of all recycling/recovery efforts.

3. DEFINITIONS

2.1 Certified Recycling Facility (CRF): A facility that can validate that recyclable materials received are manufactured into new materials for commercial sale or are reused onsite by the facility.

3.2 Georgia EPD: Georgian Environmental Protection Division of the Department of Natural Resources.

3.3 Hazardous Materials Transporter: A person engaged in the off-site transportation of waste mercury-containing lamps, PCB ballasts and transformers, and any other regulated hazardous materials by air, rail, highway or water.

3.4 PCB Ballasts: Light Ballasts weighing less than 50 pounds that may contain polychlorinated biphenyls (PCBs).

3.5 Hazardous Waste Lamps (HWL): Any type of high or low pressure lighting device that is unprocessed, contains mercury and generated light through the

discharge of electricity either directly or indirectly through a fluorescing coating. Includes fluorescent lamps, mercury lamps, metal halide lamps and high-pressure sodium lamps.

3.6 Waste Mercury-Containing Lamp Transfer Facility: Any transportation-related facility including loading docks, parking areas, storage areas and other similar areas where shipments of waste mercury-containing lamps are held during the normal course of transportation for ten days or less.

3.7 Lead Items. Items made primarily of elemental lead for the purpose of anchoring, sealing or noise deadening. They include but are not limited to hot-pour lead plumbing, roofing tile anchors, certain types of roofing sealing mastic, window counter weights, cast iron tub and sink leaded under-pastes. Note that asbestos abatement takes precedence over removal of lead items.

4. GOVERNMENT FURNISHED ITEMS AND SERVICES: The government shall not provide any materials or services under this specification.

4. CONTRACTOR FURNISHED ITEMS AND SERVICES: The Contractor shall furnish everything required to meet the conditions of this specification.

5.1 Equipment, Materials and Tools: The Contractor shall furnish all labor, equipment, materials, supplies, containers, labels, tools, vehicles and supervision necessary to perform the work defined in this specification. The Contractor shall be responsible for completing all disposal and disposal tracking documents.

5.2 Equipment: All equipment which is used by the Contractor to collect, transfer, transport, containerize and otherwise handle waste mercury-containing lamps, PCB ballasts and transformers, lead items and other hazardous building materials shall meet all applicable federal and state requirements. Appropriate and permitted vehicles must be used to collect and transport the recyclable hazardous materials to the appropriate transfer and recycling/reclaim facilities.

5.3 Materials: The Contractor shall provide appropriate collection containers for the safe collection and shipment of waste mercury-containing lamps that will accommodate 4 foot and 8 foot tube lengths as well as other sized and shaped lamps, and for the collection and shipment of small PCB ballasts and transformers and other hazardous building materials. Containers provided by the Contractor shall meet the requirements of the receiving certified recycling facility and the Department of Transportation (DOT). The Contractor shall also provide appropriate shipping labels for these containers.

5.3.1 Labeling Collection Containers: Logo decals and descriptive labels (i.e. “Used Mercury-Containing lamps” or PCB Ballasts”) shall initially be placed by the contractor on all containers used to collect materials. Used Mercury-containing lamps shall not be considered hazardous waste while intact.

5.3.2 Transportation: The Contractor shall provide permitted transportation for the collection, transfer, removal and transport of waste mercury-containing lamps, PCB ballasts and transformers from Fort Gillem to appropriate recycling and reclamation facilities.

5.3.3 Forms and Notifications: It is the responsibility of the Contractor to determine which forms must be completed for compliance with state, federal, and local requirements complete and submit these forms. Copies of all notification forms shall be included in a PCB ARTICLES, HAZARDOUS WASTE LAMP, AND MISCELLANEOUS RECOVERED/RECYCLED AND HAZARDOUS BUILDING MATERIAL DISPOSITION REPORT.

6. SPECIFIC TASKS

6.1 The contractor shall perform mercury-containing fluorescent light, HID light and PCB ballast/transformer recycling/and all other hazardous building material removal and disposal. These materials are to be re-cycled within the United States. Lead items and other hazardous building materials shall be removed for recycling or disposal as allowed by local, state and federal laws.

6.2 The Contractor, along with the Contracting Officer or his designated representative, shall determine a fixed quantity of said HBMs to be removed from the buildings prior to commencement of work. Broken HWL shall be noted at this time. Quantity estimates provided here are to be verified by the Contractor prior to bid submittal.

6.3 All waste mercury-containing lamps shall be delivered to a certified recycling facility (CRF), which has been approved prior to use by the Contracting Officer or his representative, where they shall be disassembled, reclaimed and prepared for marketing as a raw material in a manner that constitutes recycling as defined in the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) (40 CFR 266).

6.4 PCB ballasts and transformers shall be delivered to a certified recycling facility (CRF) which has been approved prior to use by the Contracting Officer, where they shall be disassembled. PCB-contaminated liquids shall be incinerated in accordance with 40 CFR 720. All other parts of the ballast shall be reclaimed, reused or prepared for marketing as a raw material in a manner that constitutes recycling as defined in RCRA (40 CFR 266).

6.5 The Contractor must submit copies of manifests, bills of lading and other receipts for every shipment transported off-site from Fort Gillem, to a transfer facility or recycling facility. All copies must show name, address and phone number of receiving facility, as well as weight in pounds of materials being received. Receipts must be only for materials removed at Fort Gillem under this contract. The Contractor, in accordance with RCRA regulations and State and federal

standards for HBMs, must fulfill all applicable transportation and record keeping requirements.

6.6 The Contractor shall ensure that all mercury-containing lamps, PCB ballasts, and other HBMs transformers are transported by a permitted hazardous materials transporter directly to a permitted transfer facility or permitted recycling facility, completing proper DOT shipping documentation and obtaining signature of transfer on shipping documentation from the Contracting Officer prior to leaving the site.

6.7 The Contractor shall take all precautions against breakage of mercury-containing lamps or spilling of any controlled or hazardous materials. If any mercury-containing lamps are broken during handling by the Contractor, they are considered to be hazardous waste and handled in accordance RCRA regulation. The Contractor shall be responsible for all costs associated with the cleanup and disposal of hazardous waste generated by the Contractor's employees if intact lamps are broken while being collected and transported or hazardous building materials are spilled.

6.7.1 It is the Contractor's responsibility to clean up any pre-existing broken HWL. This material is to be treated, shipped and disposed of as hazardous waste and shall meet all of the requirements (personal protective equipment, hazard posting, site control, emergency responder training, medical clearance to wear a respirator, etc as stated in OSHA's Hazardous Waste Site and Emergency Responder, 29 CFR 1926.65). Prior to removal activities, the Contractor shall walk the buildings scheduled for demolition with the Contracting Officer to determine the number of broken HWLs. The Contractor shall submit an estimate for the clean-up and disposal costs of broken HWL and will be reimbursed by the government. All other breakage caused by the removal and handling of the HWLs shall be the Contractor's responsibility and will not be reimbursable, as the government will not have generated it.

6.8 The Contractor shall conduct all renovation and demolition work in a safe manner, ensuring that no hazardous dusts are released to expose workers or contaminate the existing buildings or areas. The Contractor shall fully document the removal and disposal of all regulated materials, ensuring that copies of all receipts are provided to the Contracting Officer not later than 10 days from date of material leaving the site.

7. REFERENCES, PUBLICATIONS AND FORMS

7.1 The Contractor shall comply with the issue or version (including all changes and amendments) of Federal, State and local environmental statutes and regulations in effect on the day of issuance of this contract, including the applicable portions of the documents cited in the basic contract. References include but are not limited to the following.

Environmental Protection Agency 40 CFR Parts 260, 261, 264, 265, 268, 270 and 273

Environmental Protection Agency, Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) (40 CFR 266).

Environmental Protection Agency, Disposal of Polychlorinated Biphenyls (PCBs) Federal Register vol. 63 29 June 1998, p. 25283 together with 40 CFR 761.

Hazardous Waste Management System: Modification of the Hazardous Waste Program; Hazardous Waste Lamps, Final Rule Federal Register Vol. 64 No. 128, July 6 1999 Rules and Regulations

Hazardous Waste and Emergency Responder 29 CFR 1926.65

Department of Housing and Urban Development, HUD 6780, Guidelines for Evaluation and Control of Lead-based Paint Hazards in Housing

Occupational Health and Safety (OSHA) 29 CFR 1926 Safety and Health Requirements for Construction; Lead in Construction

8 SUBMITTALS

CERTIFICATION of APPPROVED RECYCLING or TRANSFER FACILITY: To be submitted 30 days prior to the removal of recyclable from the site (reference Section 5.3 and 5.4) and any time the Contractor changes facilities. GA approval.

RECEIPT of MATERIALS at TRANSFER or RECYCLING FACILITY OR TSDF: To be submitted no later than 30 days from the date of shipment (reference Sections 5.5 and 5.6). FIO.

SPILL PREVENTION and RESPONSE PLAN: Three separately bound copies including the names of workers responsible for handling of PCB articles and HWLs. Submittal shall include the requirements of 29 CFR 1926.65 Emergency Responders and all applicable training and certifications. GA approval.

PCB ARTICLES and HAZARDOUS WASTE LAMPS DISPOSITION REPORT: Three separately bound copies of all logs, invoices, forms, notices, manifests, bills of lading or other shipping documents shall be submitted at the completion of the removal operations specified in this section. FIO.

SPECIFIC INSTRUCTIONS

FOR

RECRUITING BRIGADE OPERATIONS BUILDING, FORT GILLEM, GEORGIA
FY: 04 Line Item 53321:
PREPARED BY: K.CAMPBELL-MILES DATE: 14 MARCH 2003

Demolition

Include and edit the demolition specification as needed. Add/Include the areas noted below:

The demolition specification must reference all other specifications, (by name and number), that impact the buildings to be demolished. These include but are not limited to: Asbestos Abatement, Hazardous Building Materials Removals (02081), SpiRiT or LEAD specifications, Recycled/Recovered Materials (UFGS 01670), USTs/ASTs Removals, Health and Safety Requirements for USTs/HTRW, Construction and Construction and Demolition Waste Management, and any other related documents.

SPECIFIC INSTRUCTIONS

FOR

RECRUITING BRIGADE OPERATIONS BUILDING, FORT GILLEM, GEORGIA
FY: 04 Line Item 53321:
PREPARED BY: K.CAMPBELL-MILES DATE: 14 MARCH 2003

Construction and Demolition Waste Management,

Include and edit a C&D Waste management specification as needed. Changes noted below reference the UFGS 01572:

1.3 Plans will be submitted to CESAS-EN and CESAS-CD for review and acceptance.

1.4 Records shall be compiled into a concise report, detailing quantities, types and disposal methods used. It shall be submitted to the Contracting Officer who will forward a copy to CESAS-EN. The report may be included as a chapter with other close –out reports.

SPECIFIC INSTRUCTIONS

FOR

RECRUITING BRIGADE OPERATIONS BUILDING, FORT GILLEM, GEORGIA
FY: 04 Line Item 53321:
PREPARED BY: K.CAMPBELL-MILES DATE: 14 MARCH 2003

Recycled/Recovered Materials
(UFGS 01670 or similar)

Include and edit a Recycled/Recovered Materials specification as needed. The changes noted below reference the UFGS 01670.

Identified products shall be included/ addressed in the SpiRiT requirements for this project. Should no SpiRiT rating be required, the identified items to be used in this project shall be forwarded with the Closeout submittals (UFGS 01780A or equivalent).

SPECIFIC INSTRUCTIONS

FOR

RECRUITING BRIGADE OPERATIONS BUILDING, FORT GILLEM, GEORGIA
FY: 04 Line Item 53321:

ASBESTOS, LEAD-BASED PAINT, HAZARDOUS AND/OR REGULATED BUILDING MATERIALS, HAZARDOUS BUILDING MATERIALS AND/OR WASTES

PREPARED BY: K.CAMPBELL-MILES DATE: 14 MARCH 2003

[An abatement specification shall be included. Edits may not reduce requirements described here, but may better define, specify or describe methods such as hauling, TSDs additional documentation, etc.]

12.1. GENERAL. The instructions given herein supplement and modify the requirements given in Chapter A-12, Asbestos and Other Hazardous Materials (Identification, Handling and Removal) of the Savannah District Design Manual for Military Construction. Except where modified, all pertinent instructions found in Chapter A-12 of the Design Manual shall be complied with for this project. These instructions are written and numbered so as to "parallel" the text of Chapter A-12. If variations are noted between this guidance's submittal requirements and the RFP's submittal schedule, the RFP requirements shall take preference. For technical variations, please contact the Project Manager, Timothy Morris, for resolution.

In addition to the instructions covered here and in A-12 of the Design Manual, the Contractor shall address requirements for the removal and recycling/recovery of miscellaneous hazardous building materials such as High Intensity Direct lighting (HID), fluorescent light tubes (lamps) containing mercury, mercury containing thermostats, manometers and related sensing equipment, PCB containing ballasts and transformers, and lead items such as roofing anchors, flashing, window weights, tub and sink noise dampers, etc. The Contractor shall use the attached specification 08091 as the minimum requirement to execute this effort. The Contractor may perform minor editing to this specification in order to address any actual site conditions found during abatement and removal procedures. The documentation and reporting requirements cannot be minimized or decreased, as the installation and USACE require this data.

12.2 APPLICABLE PUBLICATIONS. Include Georgia's asbestos, lead-based paint (LBP) and other applicable Georgia regulations in all specifications, which shall be used in the development of all design specifications.

The AE/Contractor shall comply with the issue or version (including all changes and amendments) of Federal, State and local environmental statutes and regulations in effect on the day of issuance of the contract, including the applicable portions of the documents cited in the RFP. References include but are not limited to the following.

Environmental Protection Agency, Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) (40 CFR 266).

Environmental Protection Agency 40 CFR Parts 260, 261, 264, 265, 268, 270 and 273

Environmental Protection Agency, Disposal of Polychlorinated Biphenyls (PCBs) Federal Register vol. 63 29 June 1998, p. 25283 together with 40 CFR 761.

Hazardous Waste Management System: Modification of the Hazardous Waste Program; Hazardous Waste Lamps, Final Rule Federal Register Vol. 64 No. 128, July 6 1999 Rules and Regulations

Hazardous Waste and Emergency Responder 29 CFR 1926.65

Georgia Department of Natural Resources, Environmental Protection Division's web site for regulations is: www.dnr.state.ga.us/dnr/environ

Georgia Department of Natural Resources, Environmental Protection Division, Chapter 391-3-1, Rules for Air Quality Control

Georgia Department of Natural Resources, Environmental Protection Division, Chapter 391-3-14, Rules for Asbestos Encapsulation

Georgia Department of Natural Resources, Environmental Protection Division, Chapter 391-3-4, Rules of Solid Waste Management

Georgia Department of Natural Resources, Environmental Protection Division, Chapter 391-3-24, Lead-based Paint Abatement, Certification, and Accreditation

12.3 PRECONCEPT SUBMITTAL REQUIREMENTS. No changes.

12.4 CONCEPT/EARLY PRELIMINARY (35%) DESIGN SUBMITTAL REQUIREMENTS. Because an asbestos and hazardous materials survey has been conducted, no further surveys of these items are expected to be needed. Should unexpected hazardous building materials be encountered during demolition the requirements in Design Manual chapter A-12 section 12.4 and the following requirements will also be met. The report of findings shall be stand-alone chapters in one volume. "Negative findings' reports shall be included. The AE/Contractor shall address all USACE comments in writing and make all changes necessary to bring the report into compliance with federal, state, local, USACE, and Army requirements. The reports shall be included as a permanent part of the project files.

Lead-based Paint. The buildings to be demolished are circa WW II era, wood-sided structures with 1970's era aluminum siding upgrade. Lead-based Paint must be addressed on two aspects, environmental disposal and worker safety and health. A composite-debris test, using the Toxicity Characteristic Leaching Process (TCLP) has been performed by the government and the results are included in the Hazardous (Building) Materials Survey Report for each building. Debris from these shall be placed in a C&D landfill. Worker protection, such as required under the OSHA Lead in Construction Standard and the Hazard Communication Standard, is to be addressed in the specifications regardless of TCLP results as demolition activities may produce hazardous lead dust situations. It is the Contractor's responsibility to control all dusts generated by demolition activities. In addition the Contractor shall ensure that lead-based paint dusts, paint chips etc. are not carried off –site where it may enter storm drains, swales or other soil surfaces.

Lead Items. All lead items such as pipe and venting systems (hot pour), flashing, noise deadening pastes, and medical/dental x-ray protection panels must be removed prior to demolition to prevent lead

items from entering the landfill. If at all possible these items should be recovered or recycled. Lead items as described herein cannot be disposed of in a C&D landfill. See the Hazardous Building Materials Survey Report for type, quantity and location.

Asbestos. An Asbestos Survey has been conducted by USACE. An estimate of the location, type and quantity of asbestos is presented in the attached Asbestos Survey Reports, Ft Gillem, November /December 2002. The Contractor is encouraged to inspect the buildings for types and quantities of ACM and present any changes in his proposal. There are two issues of concern. The buildings have been renovated and as such original walls and areas above drop ceilings may still retain ACM that was undetected during the survey. These quantities are considered incidental and modifications for changed conditions will not be considered. The Contractor shall ensure that all ACM is identified and removed under this Contract. Quantities found in the Asbestos Survey are estimated.

Should suspected ACM be encountered, the material must be sampled by the Contractor and reported in accordance with Chapter 12-A and this instruction. The Contractor shall estimate no more than 10 bulk sample analysis to be performed at no additional cost to this project. The findings from any additional bulk sampling shall be collated into a brief report (Asbestos Sampling and Survey Supplemental Report) that shall be included as a permanent part of the project file. The sampling report shall be prepared in such a way as to include: location and specific area, quantity, condition and whether it can be demolished in place without becoming friable. All completed sampling forms, custody forms, and drawings shall be included. Sampling locations shall be marked on the drawings. The Asbestos Sampling and Survey Supplemental Report shall include copies of all licenses and certifications and shall be signed by the licensed asbestos inspector. Suspected asbestos containing materials (ACM) shall not be called negative (or <1%) based upon one sample. A minimum of three asbestos samples shall be analyzed unless the homogeneous material is less than 10 linear ft.

The Contractor must produce an asbestos abatement specification and associated drawings. (Sampling point drawings are included in the RFP and may be used as a basis for developing abatement drawings). The specification must include the submission of an Asbestos Hazard Control Plan. The Contractor is strongly encouraged to use the Unified Facilities Guide Specification (UFGS) *Asbestos Abatement 02081*, found at: http://www.hnd.usace.army.mil/techinfo/index.asp in order to facilitate the acceptance of the Asbestos Hazard Control Plan. The Asbestos Hazard Control Plans must be submitted and accepted by the Savannah District's Safety and Occupational Health Office as a part of the RFP requirements.

Mercury. Mercury containing materials and hazardous waste lamps (HWL): A visual survey of all mercury containing building materials was done and a brief report submitted describing the approximate number and type of materials present. Due to the lapse of time between the survey and the actual removal, some variation in numbers and types are expected. This will not be considered a 'changed condition'. All fluorescent tubes and metal halide 'bulbs' that are not marked 'mercury free' shall be considered 'mercury-containing' and disposed of as Universal Waste. The quantities of fluorescent light tubes and fixtures and mercury containing items are listed in each Hazardous Building Material Survey Report. Materials such as electrical switches, thermostats, and thermometers containing liquid mercury must be accounted for. These items may be recycled, recovered, or disposed of as a hazardous waste product as deemed necessary by the AE/Contractor. The AE/Contractor shall contact the Ft Gillem environmental coordinators as to their preference in disposal methods.

PCBs. The AE/Contractor shall use the inventory of fluorescent light fixtures that is found in the Hazardous Building Materials Survey Report on each building to determine the number of PCB containing ballasts. The AE/Contractor shall contact the Ft. Gillem environmental coordinators as to their preference in disposal methods.

Miscellaneous Hazardous Building Materials. All fluorocarbon refrigerants and coolants must be removed and recovered or recycled prior to building demolition. All residual fuels in abandoned pipelines and (USTs) must be removed and disposed of in accordance with Georgia underground storage regulations (GUST). See the Hazardous Building Materials Survey Report for more details on these materials. All USTs, regardless of use must be removed in accordance with GUST. Coordination with Ft. Gillem environmental and real property departments is required should these be encountered.

The Contractor shall use the attached a specification, 02081, PCB BALLASTS, TRANSFORMERS, HAZARDOUS WASTE LAMP AND OTHER HAZARDOUS BUILDING MATERIALS REMOVAL, for the removal and disposal of all Universal and Hazardous building wastes. The AE/Contractor shall assume that the installation will accept no Universal or Hazardous Wastes and all such materials must be removed from the installation for proper disposal. The AE/Contractor may edit the attached specification to reflect current conditions. All documentation as listed in the supplied specification shall be met.

12.5 SIXTY PERCENT (60%) SUBMITTAL REQUIREMENTS. No changes.

The AE/Contractor shall utilize the information presented in the Asbestos Survey Reports, the Hazardous Building Materials repots report and the knowledge that the buildings contain lead-based paint to create a an Asbestos Abatement and Control Specification and to edit a separate Hazardous Building Materials Removal Specification (02081). The Hazardous Building Materials Removal specification shall not be combined with a general demolition specification, although the Demolition Specification shall reference it. The specifications shall address all applicable environmental, worker safety and health regulations, and the methods for removing, recycling/recovering and/or disposal of the hazardous materials that have been identified. Sample guide specifications can be viewed from TECHINFO on the USACE Huntsville District website: http://www.hnd.usace.army.mil/techinfo/index.asp . As these materials are either hazardous or universal wastes, record keeping and disposition documentation must be included as submittal items (FIO).

12.6 PRELIMINARY (60%) DESIGN SUBMITTAL REQUIREMENTS.

12.6.1 The format shall match the rest of the project's drawings and style.

12.6.2 Generally, guide specifications must be edited and tailored by the A/E to satisfy the requirements of the particular project being designed. The drawings and specifications must complement each other. All extraneous and irrelevant information contained in the guide specifications must be eliminated. Likewise, information not originally contained in the guide specifications must be added to ensure a complete specification. Furthermore, functional or descriptive specifications must be developed as necessary to fully specify the requirements of the project being designed.

12.6.3 All *Set-up* and *Detail Sheets* referenced in the final specification shall be included as an addendum or attachment to the asbestos specification (UFGS 13280 or similar). The website address alone is not acceptable.

12.6.4 The Asbestos Sampling and Survey Supplemental Report shall be included as an addendum.

12.6.5 Contractor Submittal Requirements. The specifications shall require the Contractor to submit shop drawings, samples, manufacturer's data, personnel and equipment certificates, test reports, an abatement plan, etc. as appropriate. The AE/Contractor shall be required to furnish a listing of the Contractor's submittal requirements. The AE/Contractor shall add submittal items as needed to supply all relevant information.

12.6.6 Provide a minimum 1-inch margin at all four edges of each page.

12.6.7 All abatement and removal drawings/plates shall be labeled. Drawings shall be specific as to the type and location of the asbestos or hazardous materials. General descriptions shall be avoided. Textual descriptions must be accompanied by hatching or other markings on the drawing. Drawings shall contain material descriptions and approximate quantities, based upon the inspection report and the AE/Contractors visual inspection. Drawings shall contain sufficient exterior landscaping and details so as to assist the Contractor in locating suitable areas for decontamination units, negative air machines, and material load-out centers. The Asbestos Survey drawings may be edited for this purpose.

12.7 CORRECTED FINAL (100%) DESIGN SUBMITTAL REQUIREMENTS. No changes.

12.8 ESTIMATE. No changes.

12.9 FEE PROPOSAL. No changes.

12.10 PROJECT REVIEW COMMENTS. The AE/Contractor shall submit specific annotated responses to all review comments. Responses shall state the specification section or the drawing /plate number where the change was made. Changes include deletions as well as additions. Revised submittals shall be legibly typed and not marked by hand.

-End-

SPECIFIC INSTRUCTIONS

FOR

RECRUITING BRIGADE OPERATIONS BUILDING, FORT GILLEM, GEORGIA
FY: 04 Line Item 53321:
PREPARED BY: K.CAMPBELL-MILES DATE: 14 MARCH 2003

HEALTH AND SAFETY REQUIREMENTS

1. The Contractor shall prepare a specification essentially similar to UFGS 01525 SAFETY AND OCCUPATIONAL HEALTH REQUIREMENTS. The Contractor shall edit the guide specification to reflect actual work that will be performed. In particular remove all references to the Navy and their associated safety and health offices. Contact Savannah District Engineering (Kathleen Campbell-Miles 912-652-5726) or Safety Office (Mike Tustin 912-652-5843) if there are any questions. A copy of the 01525 can be found at: http://www.hnd.usace.army.mil/techinfo/index.asp.

SPECIFIC INSTRUCTIONS

FOR

RECRUITING BRIGADE OPERATIONS BUILDING, FORT GILLEM, GEORGIA
FY: 04 Line Item 53321:
PREPARED BY: K.CAMPBELL-MILES DATE: 14 MARCH 2003

SECTION 02081

PCB BALLASTS, TRANSFORMERS, HAZARDOUS WASTE LAMP AND OTHER HAZARDOUS BUILDING MATERIALS REMOVAL

[This specification shall be included. Edits may not reduce requirements, but may better define, specify or describe methods such as hauling, TSDs, additional documentation, etc.]

PART 1 - GENERAL

Buildings 841 and 704 are scheduled for demolition. The following describes the anticipated types of hazardous building materials (HBMs) that are expected to be encountered in execution of this project.

1.1 Electrical fixtures, classed as 'Hazardous Waste Lamps' (HWL) found in these buildings include (but may not be limited to) fluorescent downlight with compact fluorescence, troffers with 2 and 4 lamp fluorescents ranging in length from 18 inches to 4 feet tube, interior and exterior fixtures, battery back-up emergency fixtures, and exterior high intensity direct (HID) fixtures including round and square mercury vapor lamps. These types and quantities may vary due to changes since the time of the initial survey, and are to be used as estimating guidelines only. These fixtures, unless otherwise marked to remain, are to be removed prior to demolition/renovation after all asbestos containing materials have been removed. Fixtures are regulated based upon the presence of PCB containing electrical equipment. HWLs are regulated due to the mercury contained in the lamps. Not all buildings and all rooms of the buildings were available for inspection. Quantities are estimated and the Contractor shall take this into consideration in his proposal. All ballasts were assumed PCB containing ballast without inspection. Lighted exit signs, when found, were assumed to be fluorescent replacements, although some may be incandescent. Numbers provided here are estimates based upon the type of building and building usage. Incidental spare bulbs found in utility rooms and closets are included in this estimate. Utility (streetlight) metal halide lamps are not included in this estimate. The Contractor shall verify number and type of HWLs and ballasts to be removed and recycled. Estimated quantities are included in Hazardous Building Materials Survey, Ft Gillem November/December 2002, located in a separate volume.

The State of Georgia and the Federal EPA considers unbroken mercury containing lamps as universal waste. Unbroken lamps shall be packed and shipped with applicable

Department of Transportation Labeling. They do not need full hazardous materials manifesting. They do require a Universal Waste 'Bill of Lading" and a state of Georgia 'Universal Waste' (GAU) number. Broken HWL are considered 'Hazardous Waste' and RCRA and DOT requirements apply.

1.2 Mercury –containing thermostats are present in the buildings. These shall be removed prior to demolition and disposed of as recovered, recycled or hazardous wastes. Recovery and recycling is the preferred method of handling these materials. Manifests shall be prepared for all forms of disposal.

1.3 Transformers, capacitors, electrical light ballasts, electromagnets, switches, and voltage regulators are considered PCB Articles, sub-classed as PCB Equipment. They shall also be removed and recycled or disposed of as required by local, state and federal regulations. All capacitors are assumed to contain PCBs unless a label or chemical analysis states that they do not. PCB ballasts must be disposed of as hazardous wastes and may not be re-sold to subsequent users. Estimated quantities are included in Hazardous Building Materials Survey, Ft Gillem November/December 2002, located in a separate volume.

1.4 Refrigerant from the central air conditioning units shall be recovered prior to removal to the landfill. Window air conditioners are present in some of the buildings. Those AC units not removed by the installation shall be removed or their refrigerant recovered prior to demolition.

1.5 Grease traps will be cleaned and removed. Contents of grease traps may be considered hazardous if they contain flammable materials or can cause environmental or sewer line damage. Water generated from grease trap cleaning shall not be disposed of in POTW sewers, septic tanks, or open areas, but shall be removed and disposed of off-site in accordance with installation, local, state, and federal regulations. Removed traps shall be cleaned prior to disposal in landfills. Contractor shall document disposal of grease and grease-trap cleaning wastes and provide to the Contracting Officer.

1.6 Smoke detectors had not been noted in the buildings, however they are sometimes located in return air ducts or above the drop ceilings. The building surveyors were unable to determine their presence. Smoke detectors may contain hazardous materials such as chemical batteries or radioactive materials. The Contractor shall remove any smoke detectors and dispose of them as required by local, state, and federal regulations. Submit documentation of number and method of disposal.

1.7 Underground fuel storage tanks (USTs) and aboveground fuel tanks (ASTs) were not noted at these buildings. Should they be discovered prior to or during demolition, the Contractor shall remove them under Georgia Underground Storage Tanks (GUST) rules. A closure assessment plan (CAP) shall be prepared even if the tanks are considered home heating fuel tanks. Contractor shall ensure that no regulated or hazardous materials are spilled during removals and that all contents are disposed of in accordance with local,

state, and federal requirements. Documentation of removal, disposal, soil assessments, etc. shall be submitted to the Contracting Officer.

1.8 All lead-items such as poured lead seals, counter weights, etc. that are within the demolition area, shall be removed and disposed of prior to demolition. Estimated quantities are included in Hazardous Building Materials Survey, Ft Gillem November/December 2002, located in a separate volume.

1.9 Under the state of Georgia no hazardous materials shall be disposed of in a landfill. Buildings 794 and 841 have been tested by the Toxicity Characteristic Leaching Procedure (TCLP) and it has been determine that their debris does not contain leachable lead over the regulatory limit of 5 mg/L. Debris may be disposed of in an off -base construction and debris (C&D) landfill.

1.10. Control of silica dust hazards from demolition is required under OSHA. These controls should also control any small amounts of lead from lead-based paint dust released from the block. Where possible wet methods should be used. The Contractor shall ensure that wet methods do not create a mold or mildew problem that can contribute to future poor indoor air quality.

2. Work Requirements:

The Contractor shall provide all personnel, transportation, services, materials, equipment, technical and management support required to perform the requirements as defined in this specification. The Contractor shall document the results of all recycling/recovery efforts.

3. DEFINITIONS

2.1 Certified Recycling Facility (CRF): A facility that can validate that recyclable materials received are manufactured into new materials for commercial sale or are reused onsite by the facility.

3.2 Georgia EPD: Georgian Environmental Protection Division of the Department of Natural Resources.

3.3 Hazardous Materials Transporter: A person engaged in the off-site transportation of waste mercury-containing lamps, PCB ballasts and transformers, and any other regulated hazardous materials by air, rail, highway or water.

3.4 PCB Ballasts: Light Ballasts weighing less than 50 pounds that may contain polychlorinated biphenyls (PCBs).

3.5 Hazardous Waste Lamps (HWL): Any type of high or low pressure lighting device that is unprocessed, contains mercury and generated light through the

discharge of electricity either directly or indirectly through a fluorescing coating. Includes fluorescent lamps, mercury lamps, metal halide lamps and high-pressure sodium lamps.

3.6 Waste Mercury-Containing Lamp Transfer Facility: Any transportation-related facility including loading docks, parking areas, storage areas and other similar areas where shipments of waste mercury-containing lamps are held during the normal course of transportation for ten days or less.

3.7 Lead Items. Items made primarily of elemental lead for the purpose of anchoring, sealing or noise deadening. They include but are not limited to hot-pour lead plumbing, roofing tile anchors, certain types of roofing sealing mastic, window counter weights, cast iron tub and sink leaded under-pastes. Note that asbestos abatement takes precedence over removal of lead items.

4. GOVERNMENT FURNISHED ITEMS AND SERVICES: The government shall not provide any materials or services under this specification.

4. CONTRACTOR FURNISHED ITEMS AND SERVICES: The Contractor shall furnish everything required to meet the conditions of this specification.

5.1 Equipment, Materials and Tools: The Contractor shall furnish all labor, equipment, materials, supplies, containers, labels, tools, vehicles and supervision necessary to perform the work defined in this specification. The Contractor shall be responsible for completing all disposal and disposal tracking documents.

5.2 Equipment: All equipment which is used by the Contractor to collect, transfer, transport, containerize and otherwise handle waste mercury-containing lamps, PCB ballasts and transformers, lead items and other hazardous building materials shall meet all applicable federal and state requirements. Appropriate and permitted vehicles must be used to collect and transport the recyclable hazardous materials to the appropriate transfer and recycling/reclaim facilities.

5.3 Materials: The Contractor shall provide appropriate collection containers for the safe collection and shipment of waste mercury-containing lamps that will accommodate 4 foot and 8 foot tube lengths as well as other sized and shaped lamps, and for the collection and shipment of small PCB ballasts and transformers and other hazardous building materials. Containers provided by the Contractor shall meet the requirements of the receiving certified recycling facility and the Department of Transportation (DOT). The Contractor shall also provide appropriate shipping labels for these containers.

5.3.1 Labeling Collection Containers: Logo decals and descriptive labels (i.e. “Used Mercury-Containing lamps” or PCB Ballasts”) shall initially be placed by the contractor on all containers used to collect materials. Used Mercury-containing lamps shall not be considered hazardous waste while intact.

5.3.2 Transportation: The Contractor shall provide permitted transportation for the collection, transfer, removal and transport of waste mercury-containing lamps, PCB ballasts and transformers from Fort Gillem to appropriate recycling and reclamation facilities.

5.3.3 Forms and Notifications: It is the responsibility of the Contractor to determine which forms must be completed for compliance with state, federal, and local requirements complete and submit these forms. Copies of all notification forms shall be included in a PCB ARTICLES, HAZARDOUS WASTE LAMP, AND MISCELLANEOUS RECOVERED/RECYCLED AND HAZARDOUS BUILDING MATERIAL DISPOSITION REPORT.

6. SPECIFIC TASKS

6.1 The contractor shall perform mercury-containing fluorescent light, HID light and PCB ballast/transformer recycling/and all other hazardous building material removal and disposal. These materials are to be re-cycled within the United States. Lead items and other hazardous building materials shall be removed for recycling or disposal as allowed by local, state and federal laws.

6.2 The Contractor, along with the Contracting Officer or his designated representative, shall determine a fixed quantity of said HBMs to be removed from the buildings prior to commencement of work. Broken HWL shall be noted at this time. Quantity estimates provided here are to be verified by the Contractor prior to bid submittal.

6.3 All waste mercury-containing lamps shall be delivered to a certified recycling facility (CRF), which has been approved prior to use by the Contracting Officer or his representative, where they shall be disassembled, reclaimed and prepared for marketing as a raw material in a manner that constitutes recycling as defined in the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) (40 CFR 266).

6.4 PCB ballasts and transformers shall be delivered to a certified recycling facility (CRF) which has been approved prior to use by the Contracting Officer, where they shall be disassembled. PCB-contaminated liquids shall be incinerated in accordance with 40 CFR 720. All other parts of the ballast shall be reclaimed, reused or prepared for marketing as a raw material in a manner that constitutes recycling as defined in RCRA (40 CFR 266).

6.5 The Contractor must submit copies of manifests, bills of lading and other receipts for every shipment transported off-site from Fort Gillem, to a transfer facility or recycling facility. All copies must show name, address and phone number of receiving facility, as well as weight in pounds of materials being received. Receipts must be only for materials removed at Fort Gillem under this contract. The Contractor, in accordance with RCRA regulations and State and federal

standards for HBMs, must fulfill all applicable transportation and record keeping requirements.

6.6 The Contractor shall ensure that all mercury-containing lamps, PCB ballasts, and other HBMs transformers are transported by a permitted hazardous materials transporter directly to a permitted transfer facility or permitted recycling facility, completing proper DOT shipping documentation and obtaining signature of transfer on shipping documentation from the Contracting Officer prior to leaving the site.

6.7 The Contractor shall take all precautions against breakage of mercury-containing lamps or spilling of any controlled or hazardous materials. If any mercury-containing lamps are broken during handling by the Contractor, they are considered to be hazardous waste and handled in accordance RCRA regulation. The Contractor shall be responsible for all costs associated with the cleanup and disposal of hazardous waste generated by the Contractor's employees if intact lamps are broken while being collected and transported or hazardous building materials are spilled.

6.7.1 It is the Contractor's responsibility to clean up any pre-existing broken HWL. This material is to be treated, shipped and disposed of as hazardous waste and shall meet all of the requirements (personal protective equipment, hazard posting, site control, emergency responder training, medical clearance to wear a respirator, etc as stated in OSHA's Hazardous Waste Site and Emergency Responder, 29 CFR 1926.65). Prior to removal activities, the Contractor shall walk the buildings scheduled for demolition with the Contracting Officer to determine the number of broken HWLs. The Contractor shall submit an estimate for the clean-up and disposal costs of broken HWL and will be reimbursed by the government. All other breakage caused by the removal and handling of the HWLs shall be the Contractor's responsibility and will not be reimbursable, as the government will not have generated it.

6.8 The Contractor shall conduct all renovation and demolition work in a safe manner, ensuring that no hazardous dusts are released to expose workers or contaminate the existing buildings or areas. The Contractor shall fully document the removal and disposal of all regulated materials, ensuring that copies of all receipts are provided to the Contracting Officer not later than 10 days from date of material leaving the site.

7. REFERENCES, PUBLICATIONS AND FORMS

7.1 The Contractor shall comply with the issue or version (including all changes and amendments) of Federal, State and local environmental statutes and regulations in effect on the day of issuance of this contract, including the applicable portions of the documents cited in the basic contract. References include but are not limited to the following.

Environmental Protection Agency 40 CFR Parts 260, 261, 264, 265, 268, 270 and 273

Environmental Protection Agency, Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) (40 CFR 266).

Environmental Protection Agency, Disposal of Polychlorinated Biphenyls (PCBs) Federal Register vol. 63 29 June 1998, p. 25283 together with 40 CFR 761.

Hazardous Waste Management System: Modification of the Hazardous Waste Program; Hazardous Waste Lamps, Final Rule Federal Register Vol. 64 No. 128, July 6 1999 Rules and Regulations

Hazardous Waste and Emergency Responder 29 CFR 1926.65

Department of Housing and Urban Development, HUD 6780, Guidelines for Evaluation and Control of Lead-based Paint Hazards in Housing

Occupational Health and Safety (OSHA) 29 CFR 1926 Safety and Health Requirements for Construction; Lead in Construction

8 SUBMITTALS

CERTIFICATION of APPPROVED RECYCLING or TRANSFER FACILITY: To be submitted 30 days prior to the removal of recyclable from the site (reference Section 5.3 and 5.4) and any time the Contractor changes facilities. GA approval.

RECEIPT of MATERIALS at TRANSFER or RECYCLING FACILITY OR TSDF: To be submitted no later than 30 days from the date of shipment (reference Sections 5.5 and 5.6). FIO.

SPILL PREVENTION and RESPONSE PLAN: Three separately bound copies including the names of workers responsible for handling of PCB articles and HWLs. Submittal shall include the requirements of 29 CFR 1926.65 Emergency Responders and all applicable training and certifications. GA approval.

PCB ARTICLES and HAZARDOUS WASTE LAMPS DISPOSITION REPORT: Three separately bound copies of all logs, invoices, forms, notices, manifests, bills of lading or other shipping documents shall be submitted at the completion of the removal operations specified in this section. FIO.

SPECIFIC INSTRUCTIONS

FOR

RECRUITING BRIGADE OPERATIONS BUILDING, FORT GILLEM, GEORGIA
FY: 04 Line Item 53321:
PREPARED BY: K.CAMPBELL-MILES DATE: 14 MARCH 2003

Demolition

Include and edit the demolition specification as needed. Add/Include the areas noted below:

The demolition specification must reference all other specifications, (by name and number), that impact the buildings to be demolished. These include but are not limited to: Asbestos Abatement, Hazardous Building Materials Removals (02081), SpiRiT or LEAD specifications, Recycled/Recovered Materials (UFGS 01670), USTs/ASTs Removals, Health and Safety Requirements for USTs/HTRW, Construction and Construction and Demolition Waste Management, and any other related documents.

SPECIFIC INSTRUCTIONS

FOR

RECRUITING BRIGADE OPERATIONS BUILDING, FORT GILLEM, GEORGIA
FY: 04 Line Item 53321:
PREPARED BY: K.CAMPBELL-MILES DATE: 14 MARCH 2003

Construction and Demolition Waste Management,

Include and edit a C&D Waste management specification as needed. Changes noted below reference the UFGS 01572:

1.3 Plans will be submitted to CESAS-EN and CESAS-CD for review and acceptance.

1.4 Records shall be compiled into a concise report, detailing quantities, types and disposal methods used. It shall be submitted to the Contracting Officer who will forward a copy to CESAS-EN. The report may be included as a chapter with other close –out reports.

SPECIFIC INSTRUCTIONS

FOR

RECRUITING BRIGADE OPERATIONS BUILDING, FORT GILLEM, GEORGIA
FY: 04 Line Item 53321:
PREPARED BY: K.CAMPBELL-MILES DATE: 14 MARCH 2003

Recycled/Recovered Materials
(UFGS 01670 or similar)

Include and edit a Recycled/Recovered Materials specification as needed. The changes noted below reference the UFGS 01670.

Identified products shall be included/ addressed in the SpiRiT requirements for this project. Should no SpiRiT rating be required, the identified items to be used in this project shall be forwarded with the Closeout submittals (UFGS 01780A or equivalent).

Savannah District
Environmental and Materials Unit

US Army Corps of Engineers®

Asbestos Survey

Building No. 704 Ft. Gillem, Georgia

Prepared by Timothy A. Jones

Approved for public release, distribution is unlimited

The contents of this report are not to be used for advertising, publication, or promotional purposes. Citation of trade names does not constitute an official endorsement or approval of the use of such commercial products.

The findings of this report are not to be construed as an official Department of the Army position, unless so designated by other authorized documents.

Asbestos Survey **November 2002**

Building 704, Fort Gillem, Georgia

by Timothy A. Jones

Final report

Approved for public release; distribution is unlimited

Prepared for **US Army Corps of Engineers**
Savannah District

Asbestos Inspection Report

Introduction

Scope of the Investigation

This report documents the asbestos inspection and survey of Building No.704 at Fort Gillem, Georgia conducted on 7 September 2002 by Savannah District US Army Corps of Engineers employees Tim Jones and Jack Ford. The survey was conducted in general accordance with the regulatory guidelines in the Asbestos Hazard Emergency Response Act (AHERA) (40 CFR Part 763 Subpart E Sections 763.80-763.88) and "Guidance for Controlling Asbestos-Containing Materials in Buildings" (Purple Book) (EPA publication number 560/5-85-024). Although not required by the AHERA guidelines, roof and other exterior miscellaneous materials were also inspected and sampled.

Background

Building No. 704 is a two-story wood frame structure with wood siding covered with newer vinyl siding, a shingle roof system and a floor system that is part wood frame and part concrete slab on grade. The buildings current primary use is as an office building.

Description of study

Investigation

All accessible areas of Building No. 704 were visually inspected for suspected asbestos containing materials (ACM) by an accredited inspector. Bulk samples of all suspected ACM's were collected. This report details ACM as identified at the time of inspection only.

The bulk samples were analyzed by Hygeia Laboratories, Inc. Hygeia is accredited by the National Voluntary Laboratory Accredited Program (NVLAP Accreditation sponsored by the National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST)). A copy of their accreditation certificates is included in Appendix C. The samples were analyzed by the accepted method of polarized light microscopy (PLM) using EPA's "Method For the Determination of Asbestos In Bulk Building Materials", EPA/600/R-93/116. Hygeia's analytical report is included in Appendix A.

In compliance with the AHERA regulations, material is considered an Asbestos Containing Material (ACM) when it contains greater than one percent asbestos. Likewise, in this report, any material containing concentrations greater than one percent asbestos will be considered "positive". A narrative discussion of the AHERA ACM types (i.e., thermal systems insulation, miscellaneous and surfacing materials) found in Building No. 704 is included in this report where relevant. Bulk sample information appears on Table 1. Estimated quantities of individual asbestos containing materials appear on Table 2. Material characterization of asbestos containing materials appears on Table 3. Photographs of the positive materials, when available, appear as Figures. The specific location where each bulk sample was obtained is shown on the building floor plans, which appear as Figures. Positive ACM samples are highlighted on the floor plan Figures and, where possible, locations of positive ACM are identified. It is reasonable to assume that all materials similar to those testing positive, also contain positive amounts of asbestos and should be treated as such.

Analysis

Thermal Systems Insulation (TSI)

TSI is insulation material applied to pipes, fittings, tanks, ducts, or for other interior structural components to prevent heat loss or gain, or water condensation, or for other purposes.

All TSI inspected in Building 704 is of non-suspect materials.

Miscellaneous Materials

Miscellaneous materials include building material on structural components, structural members or fixtures, such as floor and ceiling tiles, and do not include surfacing or TSI. In the past, there were a great number of miscellaneous building materials that had asbestos fibers added to them during the manufacturing process to increase durability and fireproofing qualities. The following suspect miscellaneous materials at Building No. 704 were found to contain or were assumed to contain asbestos:

a. *Flooring Materials:* The black mastic associated with the 12" X 12" floor tiles in the men's restroom and women's restroom and lounge contains asbestos - (Refer to Tables1, 2 and 3 for specific information and Figure 2 for homogeneous area locations).

b. *HVAC Duct Vibration Isolator:* Cloth vibration isolation material in the ductwork near the air-handling units in the mechanical room contains asbestos - (Refer to Tables 1, 2 and 3 for specific information, Figure 1 for sample location and Figure 4 for homogeneous area locations).

c. *R*oof *Flashing Cement:* Flashing cement around the bases of the two attic vents and around the chimney at the roofline is assumed to contain asbestos. This

material, or one similar, is normally also found under the fabric which wraps the brick chimney above the roofline.

Surfacing

Surfacing material is friable material that is sprayed on, troweled on, or otherwise applied to surfaces for decorative or other purposes.

a. No surfacing materials were found to be asbestos containing.

Conclusions

The following materials found at Building No. 704 contain positive amounts of asbestos:

a. *Mastic:* The mastic associated with the 12” X 12” floor tiles in the restrooms and women’s lounge contains asbestos.

b. *Duct Flex Joint:* The cloth flex joint material in the ductwork near the air-handlers contains asbestos.

c. *Roof Flashing Cement:* The flashing cement at the bases of the attic vents and on the chimney both at the roofline and under the fabric wrap is assumed to contain asbestos.

List of Tables

Table 1. Suspect ACM Samples 5-6

Table 2. ACM Quantity Summary 7

Table 3. Material Characterization and Assessment 8

List of Figures

Figure 1. FGB704a.dgn – First Floor Suspect ACM Sampling Locations..... 9

Figure 2. FGB704b.dgn - Second Floor Suspect ACM Sampling Locations10

Figure 3. FGB704c.dgn - Roof Suspect ACM Sampling Locations 11

Figure 4. FGB704d.dgn – First Floor ACM Homogeneous Areas..... 12

Figure 5. FGB704e.dgn – Roof ACM Homogeneous Areas..... 13

Figure 6. Photo Of ACM Roof Flashing Cement On Chimney And Vents . 14

Figure 7. Photo Of ACM Duct Vibration Isolator..... 15

Appendix

Appendix A. Analytical Report – Hygeia Laboratories, Inc.....16-26

Appendix B. Sample Chain of Custody.....27-29

Appendix C. Certifications 30-34

TABLE 1
SUSPECT ACM SAMPLES
Ft. GILLEM, BUILDING 704

FIELD ID	DESCRIPTION	LOCATION	ASBESTOS TYPE & %
704-M-1	Unfinished gypsum drywall	Mechanical room, east wall	None
704-M-2	**Ductwork cloth vibration isolator**	**Mechanical room, duct near air-handlers, 5 locations**	**60% chrysotile**
704-M-3	TSI duct liner	Mechanical room, inside HVAC supply duct	None
704-M-4	Unfinished gypsum drywall	Mechanical room ceiling	None
704-E-5	Felt paper	Exterior, under siding around mechanical room door	None
704-E-6	Window glazing compound	Exterior, mechanical room window	None
704-E-7	Window frame caulk	Exterior, mechanical room window	None
704-E-8	Window frame caulk	Exterior, west wall first floor, second window from north	<1% chrysotile by point count method
704-E-9	Window glazing compound	Exterior, west wall second floor, third window from north	None
704-E-10	Window frame caulk	Exterior, east wall first floor, third window from north	<1% chrysotile
704-E-11	Window glazing compound	Exterior, east wall first floor, third window from north	None
704-1-12	Paint chip	First floor, copy room floor, under carpet	None
704-1-13	Drywall joint compound	First floor, corridor near stairs	None
704-1-14	Ceiling tile	First floor, men's restroom	None
704-1-15	**12" X 12" floor tile**	**First floor, men's restroom**	**Tile NAD, mastic 5% chrysotile**
704-1-16	**Black mastic**	**First floor, men's restroom**	**4% chrysotile**
704-1-17	**12" X 12" floor tile**	**First floor, women's lounge**	**Tile NAD, mastic 5% chrysotile**
704-1-18	Cloth backed sheet vinyl flooring	First floor, women's lounge	None
704-1-19	Craft paper	First floor, women's lounge, between layers of T&G wood sub-flooring	None
704-1-20	Drywall joint compound	First floor, women's lounge, north wall	None

704-1-21	Gypsum drywall	First floor, women's lounge, north wall	None
704-1-22	Floor leveling compound	First floor, Open office, near south doorway	None
704-1-23	Cloth backed sheet vinyl flooring	First floor, Open office, near south doorway	None
704-1-24	Cloth backed sheet vinyl flooring	First floor, Open office, near center	None
704-1-25	Cloth backed sheet vinyl flooring	First floor, Break room	None
704-1-26	Craft paper	First floor, Break room, between layers of T&G wood sub-flooring	None
704-1-27	Drywall joint compound	First floor, Open office, column near center	None
704-1-28	Ceiling tile	First floor, Open office	None
704-2-29	Drywall joint compound	Second floor at top of stairs, east wall	None
704-2-30	Cloth backed sheet vinyl flooring	Second floor, Open office near stairs	None
704-2-31	Ceiling tile	Second floor, Open office	None
704-2-32	Fiberboard ceiling	Second floor, above suspended ceiling	None
704-2-33	Drywall joint compound	Second floor, Open office, column near center	None
704-R-34	Roof shingle	Main roof field	None
704-R-35	Roof felt	Main roof field, under shingle	None
704-R-36	Roof shingle	Awning roof over north stairs	None
704-R-37	Roof felt	Awning roof over north stairs, under shingles	None
704-R-38	Roof felt	Awning roof over north stairs, under shingles	None

Samples testing positive for asbestos indicated in **BOLD** type

TABLE 2
ACM QUANTITY SUMMARY
Ft. GILLEM, BUILDING 704

Material Descriptions	Units	Area Descriptions							
		RESTROOMS & LOUNGE	MECHANICAL ROOM	ROOF					Totals
Duct vibration isolator	L.F.		40 (6 inches wide)						40
Floor Tile Mastic	S.F.	225							225
Flashing Cement	S.F.			60					60

S.F. = Square Foot, L.F. = Linear Foot, C.F. = Cubic Foot

TABLE 3
MATERIAL CHARACTERIZATION AND ASSESSMENT
Ft. GILLEM, BUILDING 704

MATERIAL		CHARACTERISTICS			ASSESSMENT	
Type	**Description**	**Asbestos Yes/no/assumed**	**Quantity (If ACM)**	**Friable / Non-friable**	**Condition**	**Disturbance Potential**
Miscellaneous	Duct vibration isolator	Yes 60%	40 L.F.	Non-friable	Good	Low
Miscellaneous	Floor Tile Mastic	Yes 4-5 %	225 S.F.	Non-friable	Good	Low
Miscellaneous	Flashing Cement	Assumed	60 S.F.	Non-friable	Good	Low

S.F. = Square Foot, L.F. = Linear Foot, C.F. = Cubic Foot

Figure 1

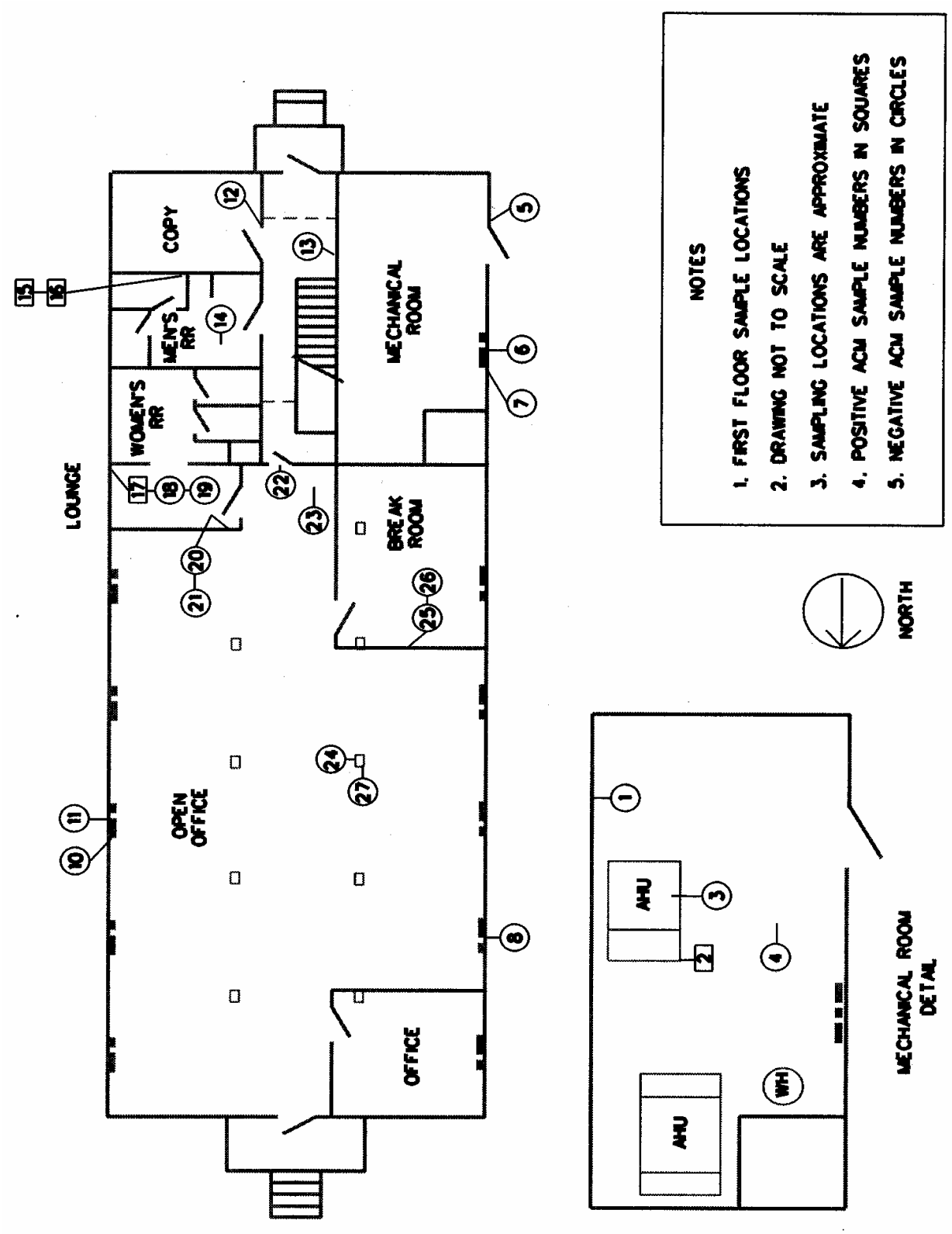

COPY
MEN'S RR
WOMEN'S RR
LOUNGE
MECHANICAL ROOM
BREAK ROOM
OPEN OFFICE
OFFICE
NOTES
1. FIRST FLOOR SAMPLE LOCATIONS
2. DRAWING NOT TO SCALE
3. SAMPLING LOCATIONS ARE APPROXIMATE
4. POSITIVE ACM SAMPLE NUMBERS IN SQUARES
5. NEGATIVE ACM SAMPLE NUMBERS IN CIRCLES
NORTH
AHU
AHU
WH
MECHANICAL ROOM DETAIL

Figure 2

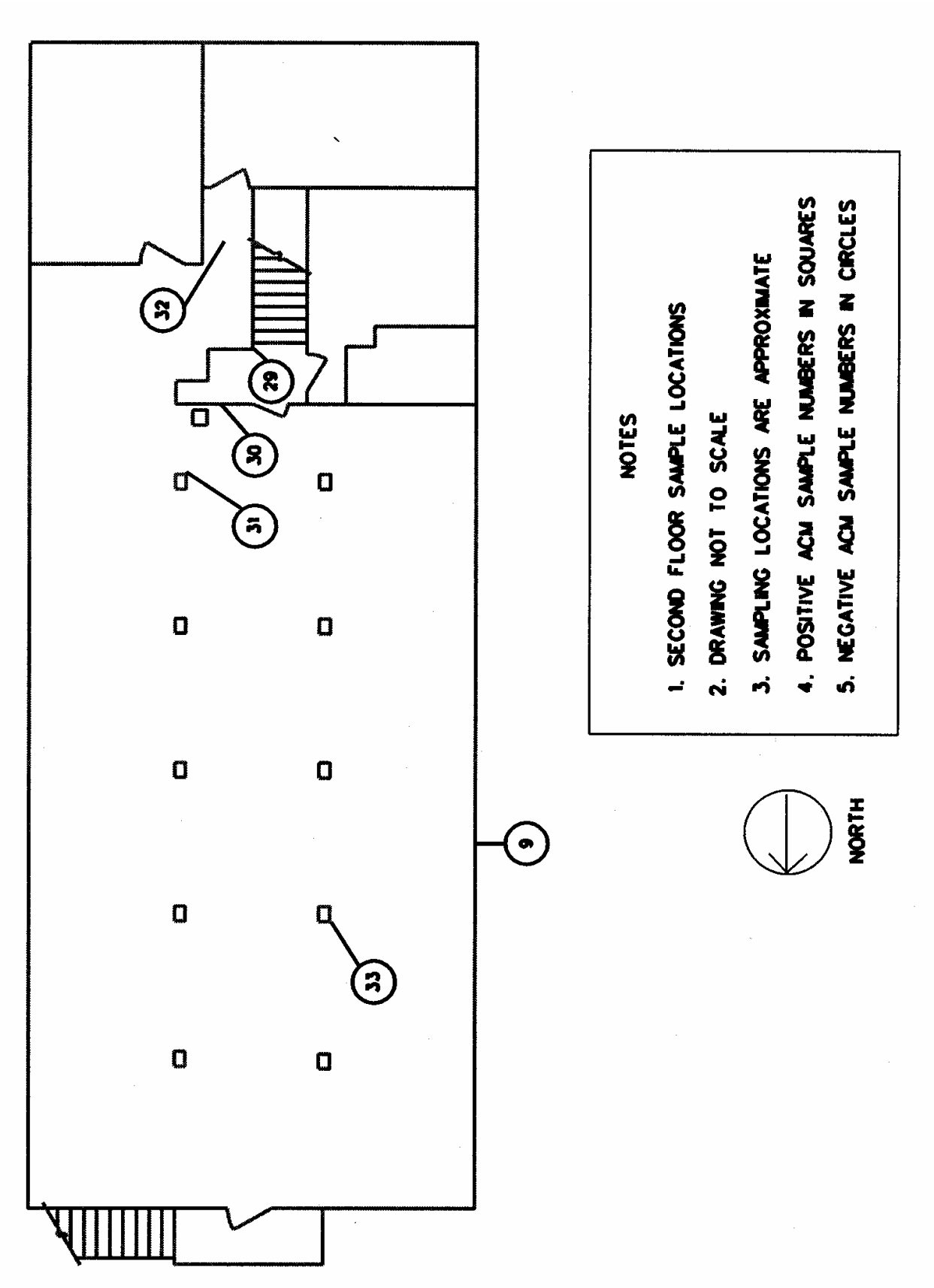

32
29
30
31
33
9
NOTES
1. SECOND FLOOR SAMPLE LOCATIONS
2. DRAWING NOT TO SCALE
3. SAMPLING LOCATIONS ARE APPROXIMATE
4. POSITIVE ACM SAMPLE NUMBERS IN SQUARES
5. NEGATIVE ACM SAMPLE NUMBERS IN CIRCLES
NORTH

Figure 3

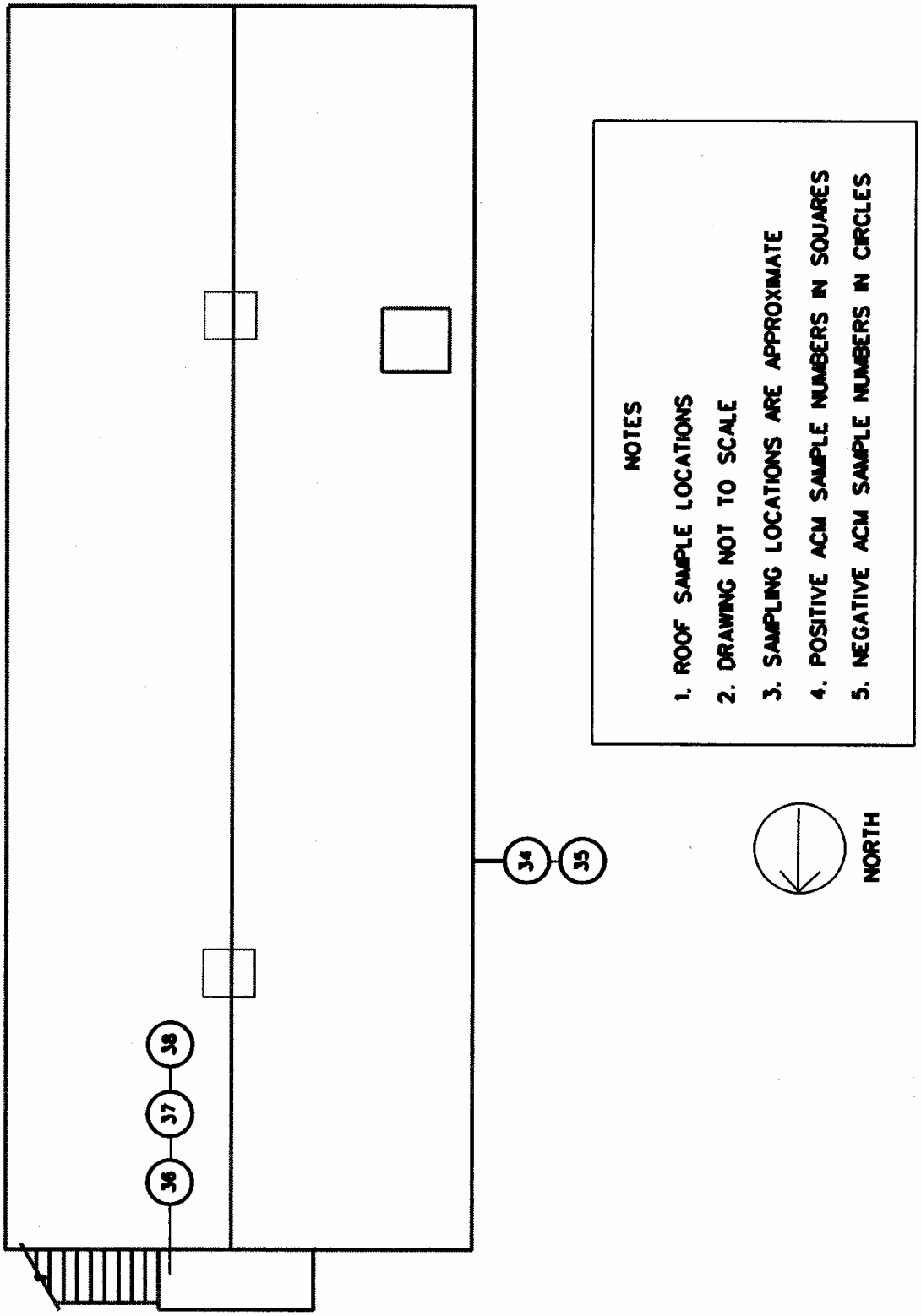

NOTES
1. ROOF SAMPLE LOCATIONS
2. DRAWING NOT TO SCALE
3. SAMPLING LOCATIONS ARE APPROXIMATE
4. POSITIVE ACM SAMPLE NUMBERS IN SQUARES
5. NEGATIVE ACM SAMPLE NUMBERS IN CIRCLES
NORTH
34
35
36
37
38

Figure 4

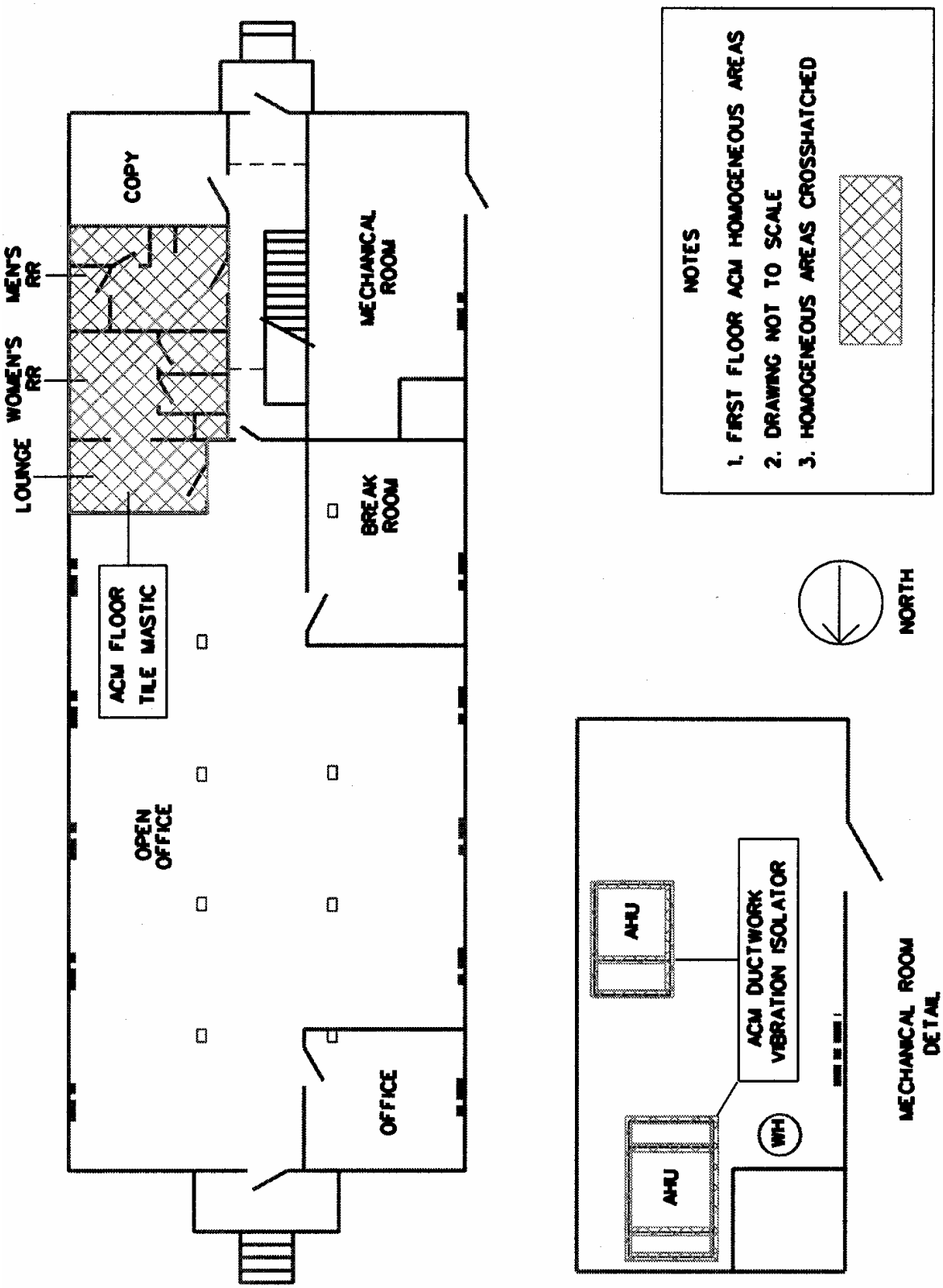

COPY
MEN'S RR
WOMEN'S RR
LOUNGE
MECHANICAL ROOM
BREAK ROOM
ACM FLOOR TILE MASTIC
OPEN OFFICE
OFFICE
NOTES
1. FIRST FLOOR ACM HOMOGENEOUS AREAS
2. DRAWING NOT TO SCALE
3. HOMOGENEOUS AREAS CROSSHATCHED
NORTH
AHU
AHU
ACM DUCTWORK VIBRATION ISOLATOR
WH
MECHANICAL ROOM DETAIL

Figure 5

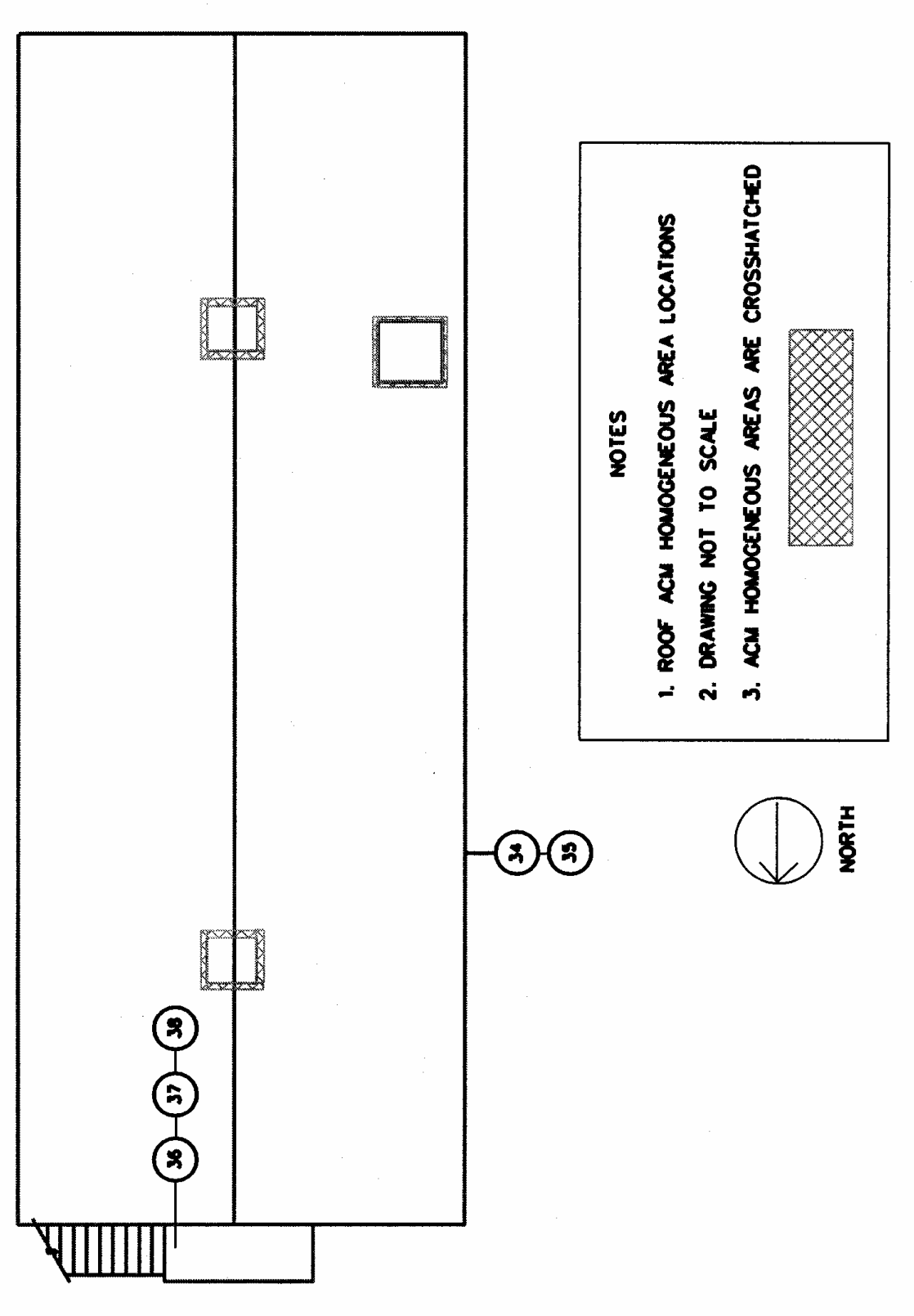

NOTES
1. ROOF ACM HOMOGENEOUS AREA LOCATIONS
2. DRAWING NOT TO SCALE
3. ACM HOMOGENEOUS AREAS ARE CROSSHATCHED
NORTH
34
35
36
37
38

Figure 6

Figure 7

Appendix A

Analytical Report - Hygeia Laboratories, Inc.

HYGEIA LABORATORIES, INC.

1300 Williams Drive, Suite A - Marietta, Georgia 30066-6299 - (770) 514-6933, FAX (770) 514-6966

US Army Corp of Engineers
Environmental & Materials Unit
200 North Cobb Parkway
Bldg. 400, Ste. 404
Marietta, GA 30062

10/11/2002

Subject:

Hygeia Project Number: A0210031
Client Project Number/Name: 7636 /Ft. Gillem Bldg 704

Dear Mr. Tim Jones:

Enclosed are the analytical results of bulk samples submitted by you to this laboratory on 10/9/2002. All analyses were performed by polarized light microscopy (PLM) in accordance with the EPA method as defined in Perkins and Harvey, July 1993, "Methods for the Determination of Asbestos in Bulk Materials" 61pp. (EPA/600/R-93/116). The reported percentages are volume estimates obtained by calibrated visual estimation. The results in this report apply only to the items tested.

The EPA defines an asbestos containing material (ACM) as a material that is reported to contain greater than one percent asbestos. HYGEIA is only responsible for the accuracy of the analytical results provided in this report and cannot be held responsible for the errors resulting from improper sample collection techniques. This report may not be used to claim product endorsement by NVLAP or any other U.S. Government agency.

For nonhomogeneous samples, each layer was analyzed separately and the results combined to form the reported value except where otherwise noted. Vinyl floor tile samples with negative results by PLM should be submitted for confirmation by transmission electron microscopy (TEM). Friable samples containing less than 10% asbestos as determined by PLM may be resubmitted for point counting at your discretion.

Thank you for using our analytical services. HYGEIA Laboratories has been NVLAP accredited since 1988. Our current NVLAP code is 102087-0. We will keep a copy of this report on file for three years. We will dispose of your samples in 60 days unless you request that we return them. This report my be reproduced only in its entirety with the consent of Hygeia Laboratories, Inc. If you have any questions, please call us at (770) - 514-6933.

Sincerely,

Clayton Call

Clayton Call
Asbestos Laboratory Manager

NVLAP#	102087-0
Texas Dept. of Health #	30-0232
Commonwealth of Virginia #	3333-000210

Hygeia Laboratories Inc.
1300 Williams Drive, Suite A
Marietta, GA 30066
(770) 514-6933

PLM Analysis Summary

Hygeia Project Number: A0210031
Client Project Number/Name: 7636 / Ft. Gillem Bldg 704

Analyzed: 10/9/2002 by CC

Sample ID		Sample Description			Asbestos Percent					Other Fibers			Non - Fibers	
Client #	Hygeia #	Color	Texture	Homog.	Chr.	Am.	Cro.	An.	T/A	Cell.	Glass	OF	B/F	ONF
704-M-1	A0210031-01	Gray	Powdery	Yes						10%			90%	

Comment: **No Asbestos Detected.**

Client #	Hygeia #	Color	Texture	Homog.	Chr.	Am.	Cro.	An.	T/A	Cell.	Glass	OF	B/F	ONF
704-M-2	A0210031-02	Gray	Fibrous	Yes	60%					5%		5%	30%	

Comment: **Material lbeled as "Other Fibers" is synthetic fibers. Asbestos Detected.**

Client #	Hygeia #	Color	Texture	Homog.	Chr.	Am.	Cro.	An.	T/A	Cell.	Glass	OF	B/F	ONF
704-M-3	A0210031-03	Yellow	Fibrous	Yes							95%		5%	

Comment: **No Asbestos Detected.**

Client #	Hygeia #	Color	Texture	Homog.	Chr.	Am.	Cro.	An.	T/A	Cell.	Glass	OF	B/F	ONF
704-M-4	A0210031-04	Gray	Powdery	Yes						10%			90%	

Comment: **No Asbestos Detected.**

Client #	Hygeia #	Color	Texture	Homog.	Chr.	Am.	Cro.	An.	T/A	Cell.	Glass	OF	B/F	ONF
704-E-5	A0210031-05	Black	Fibrous	Yes						40%			60%	

Comment: **No Asbestos Detected.**

Hygeia Project Number: A0210031
Client Project Number/Name: 7636 / Ft. Gillem Bldg 704

Analyzed: 10/9/2002 by CC

Sample ID		Sample Description			Asbestos Percent					Other Fibers			Non - Fibers	
Client #	Hygeia #	Color	Texture	Homog.	Chr.	Am.	Cro.	An.	T/A	Cell.	Glass	OF	B/F	ONF
704-E-6	A0210031-06	Gray	Cons.	Yes									100%	

Comment: **No Asbestos Detected.**

Client #	Hygeia #	Color	Texture	Homog.	Chr.	Am.	Cro.	An.	T/A	Cell.	Glass	OF	B/F	ONF
704-E-7	A0210031-07	Gray	Cons.	Yes									100%	

Comment: **No Asbestos Detected.**

Client #	Hygeia #	Color	Texture	Homog.	Chr.	Am.	Cro.	An.	T/A	Cell.	Glass	OF	B/F	ONF
704-E-8	A0210031-08	Gray	Cons.	Yes	2%								98%	

Comment: **Asbestos Detected.**

Client #	Hygeia #	Color	Texture	Homog.	Chr.	Am.	Cro.	An.	T/A	Cell.	Glass	OF	B/F	ONF
704-E-9	A0210031-09	Gray	Powdery	Yes									100%	

Comment: **No Asbestos Detected.**

Client #	Hygeia #	Color	Texture	Homog.	Chr.	Am.	Cro.	An.	T/A	Cell.	Glass	OF	B/F	ONF
704-E-10	A0210031-10	Gray	Powdery	Yes	<1%								100%	

Comment: **Asbestos Detected.**

Hygeia Project Number: A0210031
Client Project Number/Name: 7636 / Ft. Gillem Bldg 704

Analyzed: 10/9/2002 by JC

Sample ID		Sample Description			Asbestos Percent					Other Fibers			Non - Fibers	
Client #	Hygeia #	Color	Texture	Homog.	Chr.	Am.	Cro.	An.	T/A	Cell.	Glass	OF	B/F	ONF
704-E-11	A0210031-11	White	Cons.	Yes									100%	

Comment: **No Asbestos Detected.**

Client #	Hygeia #	Color	Texture	Homog.	Chr.	Am.	Cro.	An.	T/A	Cell.	Glass	OF	B/F	ONF
704-1-12	A0210031-12	Brown	Layered	No									100%	

Comment: **No Asbestos Detected.**

Client #	Hygeia #	Color	Texture	Homog.	Chr.	Am.	Cro.	An.	T/A	Cell.	Glass	OF	B/F	ONF
704-1-13	A0210031-13	White	Flaky	Yes						5%			95%	

Comment: **No Asbestos Detected.**

Client #	Hygeia #	Color	Texture	Homog.	Chr.	Am.	Cro.	An.	T/A	Cell.	Glass	OF	B/F	ONF
704-1-14	A0210031-14	White	Fibrous	No						40%	10%		50%	

Comment: **No Asbestos Detected.**

Client #	Hygeia #	Color	Texture	Homog.	Chr.	Am.	Cro.	An.	T/A	Cell.	Glass	OF	B/F	ONF
704-1-15	A0210031-15	White	Cons.	No	<1%								100%	

Comment: **Tile: NAD. Mastic: 5% Chrysotile. Asbestos Detected.**

Hygeia Project Number: A0210031
Client Project Number/Name: 7636 / Ft. Gillem Bldg 704

Analyzed: 10/9/2002 by JC

Sample ID		Sample Description			Asbestos Percent					Other Fibers			Non - Fibers	
Client #	Hygeia #	Color	Texture	Homog.	Chr.	Am.	Cro.	An.	T/A	Cell.	Glass	OF	B/F	ONF
704-1-16	A0210031-16	Black	Flaky	No	4%								96%	

Comment: **Asbestos Detected.**

Client #	Hygeia #	Color	Texture	Homog.	Chr.	Am.	Cro.	An.	T/A	Cell.	Glass	OF	B/F	ONF
704-1-17	A0210031-17	Tan	Cons.	No	<1%								100%	

Comment: **Tile: NAD. Mastic: 5% Chrysotile. Asbestos Detected.**

Client #	Hygeia #	Color	Texture	Homog.	Chr.	Am.	Cro.	An.	T/A	Cell.	Glass	OF	B/F	ONF
704-1-18	A0210031-18	Brown	Layered	No						20%			80%	

Comment: **No Asbestos Detected.**

Client #	Hygeia #	Color	Texture	Homog.	Chr.	Am.	Cro.	An.	T/A	Cell.	Glass	OF	B/F	ONF
704-1-19	A0210031-19	Tan	Fibrous	No						80%			20%	

Comment: **No Asbestos Detected.**

Client #	Hygeia #	Color	Texture	Homog.	Chr.	Am.	Cro.	An.	T/A	Cell.	Glass	OF	B/F	ONF
704-1-20	A0210031-20	White	Flaky	Yes						10%			90%	

Comment: **No Asbestos Detected.**

Hygeia Project Number: A0210031
Client Project Number/Name: 7636 / Ft. Gillem Bldg 704

Analyzed: 10/9/2002 by JC

Sample ID		Sample Description			Asbestos Percent					Other Fibers			Non - Fibers	
Client #	Hygeia #	Color	Texture	Homog.	Chr.	Am.	Cro.	An.	T/A	Cell.	Glass	OF	B/F	ONF
704-1-21	A0210031-21	Gray	Layered	No									100%	

Comment: **No Asbestos Detected.**

Client #	Hygeia #	Color	Texture	Homog.	Chr.	Am.	Cro.	An.	T/A	Cell.	Glass	OF	B/F	ONF
704-1-22	A0210031-22	Gray	Cons.	No									100%	

Comment: **No Asbestos Detected.**

Client #	Hygeia #	Color	Texture	Homog.	Chr.	Am.	Cro.	An.	T/A	Cell.	Glass	OF	B/F	ONF
704-1-23	A0210031-23	Brown	Layered	No						15%			85%	

Comment: **Vinyl flooring and mastic: NAD. No Asbestos Detected.**

Client #	Hygeia #	Color	Texture	Homog.	Chr.	Am.	Cro.	An.	T/A	Cell.	Glass	OF	B/F	ONF
704-1-24	A0210031-24	Brown	Layered	No						15%			85%	

Comment: **Vinyl flooring and mastic: NAD. No Asbestos Detected.**

Client #	Hygeia #	Color	Texture	Homog.	Chr.	Am.	Cro.	An.	T/A	Cell.	Glass	OF	B/F	ONF
704-1-25	A0210031-25	Brown	Layered	No						15%			85%	

Comment: **Vinyl flooring and mastic: NAD. No Asbestos Detected.**

Hygeia Project Number: A0210031
Client Project Number/Name: 7636 / Ft. Gillem Bldg 704

Analyzed: 10/9/2002 by JC

Sample ID		Sample Description			Asbestos Percent					Other Fibers			Non - Fibers	
Client #	Hygeia #	Color	Texture	Homog.	Chr.	Am.	Cro.	An.	T/A	Cell.	Glass	OF	B/F	ONF
704-1-26	A0210031-26	Tan	Fibrous	No						60%			40%	

Comment: **No Asbestos Detected.**

Client #	Hygeia #	Color	Texture	Homog.	Chr.	Am.	Cro.	An.	T/A	Cell.	Glass	OF	B/F	ONF
704-1-27	A0210031-27	White	Flaky	Yes									100%	

Comment: **No Asbestos Detected.**

Client #	Hygeia #	Color	Texture	Homog.	Chr.	Am.	Cro.	An.	T/A	Cell.	Glass	OF	B/F	ONF
704-1-28	A0210031-28	White	Fibrous	No						60%	20%		20%	

Comment: **No Asbestos Detected.**

Client #	Hygeia #	Color	Texture	Homog.	Chr.	Am.	Cro.	An.	T/A	Cell.	Glass	OF	B/F	ONF
704-2-29	A0210031-29	White	Flaky	Yes									100%	

Comment: **No Asbestos Detected.**

Client #	Hygeia #	Color	Texture	Homog.	Chr.	Am.	Cro.	An.	T/A	Cell.	Glass	OF	B/F	ONF
704-2-30	A0210031-30	Brown	Layered	No						30%			70%	

Comment: **No Asbestos Detected.**

Hygeia Project Number: A0210031
Client Project Number/Name: 7636 / Ft. Gillem Bldg 704

Analyzed: 10/9/2002 by JC

Sample ID		Sample Description			Asbestos Percent					Other Fibers			Non - Fibers	
Client #	Hygeia #	Color	Texture	Homog.	Chr.	Am.	Cro.	An.	T/A	Cell.	Glass	OF	B/F	ONF
704-2-31	A0210031-31	Gray	Fibrous	Yes						30%	10%		50%	10%

Comment: **Material labeled as "Other Non-Fibers" is Perlite. No Asbestos Detected.**

Client #	Hygeia #	Color	Texture	Homog.	Chr.	Am.	Cro.	An.	T/A	Cell.	Glass	OF	B/F	ONF
704-2-32	A0210031-32	Brown	Fibrous	Yes						90%			10%	

Comment: **No Asbestos Detected.**

Client #	Hygeia #	Color	Texture	Homog.	Chr.	Am.	Cro.	An.	T/A	Cell.	Glass	OF	B/F	ONF
704-2-33	A0210031-33	Gray	Powdery	Yes									100%	

Comment: **No Asbestos Detected.**

Client #	Hygeia #	Color	Texture	Homog.	Chr.	Am.	Cro.	An.	T/A	Cell.	Glass	OF	B/F	ONF
704-R-34	A0210031-34	Black	Gummy	Yes							10%		90%	

Comment: **No Asbestos Detected.**

Client #	Hygeia #	Color	Texture	Homog.	Chr.	Am.	Cro.	An.	T/A	Cell.	Glass	OF	B/F	ONF
704-R-35	A0210031-35	Black	Gummy	Yes						40%			60%	

Comment: **No Asbestos Detected.**

Hygeia Project Number: A0210031
Client Project Number/Name: 7636 / Ft. Gillem Bldg 704

Analyzed: 10/9/2002 by JC

Sample ID		Sample Description			Asbestos Percent					Other Fibers			Non - Fibers	
Client #	Hygeia #	Color	Texture	Homog.	Chr.	Am.	Cro.	An.	T/A	Cell.	Glass	OF	B/F	ONF
704-R-36	A0210031-36	Black	Fibrous	No						10%	40%		50%	

Comment: **No Asbestos Detected.**

Client #	Hygeia #	Color	Texture	Homog.	Chr.	Am.	Cro.	An.	T/A	Cell.	Glass	OF	B/F	ONF
704-R-37	A0210031-37	Black	Fibrous	Yes						60%			40%	

Comment: **No Asbestos Detected.**

Client #	Hygeia #	Color	Texture	Homog.	Chr.	Am.	Cro.	An.	T/A	Cell.	Glass	OF	B/F	ONF
704-R-38	A0210031-38	Black	Fibrous	Yes						60%			40%	

Comment: **No Asbestos Detected.**

abbreviations:

Chr. = **chrysotile**
Am. = **amosite**
Cro. = **crocidolite**
An. = **anthophyllite**
T/A = **tremolite/actinolite**

cell = cellulose
glass = fibrous glass
syn = synthetic
sty = styrene foam
det = detected

per = perlite
ver = vermiculite
MF = Mineral filler
B/F = Binder / filler
NAD = **No asbestos detected**

OF = Other Fibers
ONF = Other Non-Fibers
Cons = Consolidated

Hygeia Laboratories Inc.
1300 Williams Drive, Suite A
Marietta, GA 30066
(770) 514-6933

10/11/2002

Point Count Summary

Hygeia Project Number: A0210031

Client Project Number/Name: 7636 / Ft. Gillem Bldg 704

Client Sample #	Hygeia #	Chryso	Amosite	Crocid	Antho	Trem Actin	Binder Matrix
704-E-8	A0210031-08	<1%					100%

Comments: 3 points counted.

Percentages derived by point counting using the folowing formula:
A/400 X 100% Where A = the total asbestos points counted

Detection Limit is 1% total asbestos.

Appendix B

Sample Chain of Custody Forms

ASBESTOS CHAIN OF CUSTODY - US ARMY CORPS OF ENGINEERS A0240031

Project: Ft. Gillem Bldg. 704	EMU Job No.: **7636**
Samplers: Tim Jones, Jeff Smith	Analysis: PLM

DATE	FIELD ID	EMU ID	COMPONENTS / NOTES
10/7/2002	704-M-1	44511	Gypsum drywall
10/7/2002	704-M-2	44512	Duct flex joint
10/7/2002	704-M-3	44513	TSI duct liner
10/7/2002	704-M-4	44514	Gypsum drywall
10/7/2002	704-E-5	44515	Felt paper
10/7/2002	704-E-6	44516	Window glazing compound
10/7/2002	704-E-7	44517	Caulking material
10/7/2002	704-E-8	44518	Caulking material
10/7/2002	704-E-9	44519	Window glazing compound
10/7/2002	704-E-10	44520	Caulking material
10/7/2002	704-E-11	44521	Window glazing compound
10/7/2002	704-1-12	44522	Paint chip
10/7/2002	704-1-13	44523	Drywall joint compound
10/7/2002	704-1-14	44524	Ceiling tile
10/7/2002	704-1-15	44525	Floor tile
10/7/2002	704-1-16	44526	Paint chip/mastic
10/7/2002	704-1-17	44527	Floor tile
10/7/2002	704-1-18	44528	Floor tile
10/7/2002	704-1-19	44529	Craft paper
10/7/2002	704-1-20	44530	Drywall joint compound
10/7/2002	704-1-21	44531	Gypsum drywall
10/7/2002	704-1-22	44532	Floor leveling compound

Relinquished By	Date	Time	Received By	Date	Time
Tim Jones	10-9-02	0930	[illegible]	10-9-02	

Comments: Fax results to Tim Jones @ 678-354-0330

OCT 10 AM9:14

ASBESTOS CHAIN OF CUSTODY - US ARMY CORPS OF ENGINEERS

Project: Ft. Gillem Bldg. 704	EMU Job No.: **7636**
Samplers: Tim Jones, Jeff Smith	Analysis: PLM

DATE	FIELD ID	EMU ID	COMPONENTS / NOTES
10/7/2002	704-1-23	44533	Sheet vinyl flooring
10/7/2002	704-1-24	44534	Sheet vinyl flooring
10/7/2002	704-1-25	44535	Sheet vinyl flooring
10/7/2002	704-1-26	44536	Craft paper
10/7/2002	704-1-27	44537	Drywall joint compound
10/7/2002	704-1-28	44538	Ceiling tile
10/7/2002	704-2-29	44539	Drywall joint compound
10/7/2002	704-2-30	44540	Sheet vinyl flooring
10/7/2002	704-2-31	44541	Ceiling tile
10/7/2002	704-2-32	44542	Fiberboard
10/7/2002	704-2-33	44543	Drywall joint compound
10/8/2002	704-R-34	44544	Roof shingle
10/8/2002	704-R-35	44545	Roof felt
10/8/2002	704-R-36	44546	Roof shingle
10/8/2002	704-R-37	44547	Roof felt
10/8/2002	704-R-38	44548	Roof felt

Relinquished By	Date	Time	Received By	Date	Time
Tim Jones	10-9-02	0930	[illegible]	10-9-02	

Comments: Fax results to Tim Jones @ 678-354-0330

Appendix C

Certifications

The Environmental Institute

Tim Jones

Has completed coursework and satisfactorily passed

an examination that meets all criteria required for

EPA / AHERA (TSCA Title II) Approved Accreditation

and NESHAP Regulations Training

Asbestos in Buildings: Inspection and Assessment

February 10-12, 1997
Course Date

2360
Certificate Number

February 12, 1997
Examination Date

February 11, 1998
Expiration Date

William H. Spain - Course Director

Rachel G. McCain - Exam Administrator

TEI - 1300 Williams Drive, Suite E - Marietta, Georgia 30066 - (770) 427-3600

The Environmental Institute

Tim Jones

Has completed coursework and satisfactorily passed an examination that meets all criteria required for EPA/AHERA/ASHARA (TSCA Title II) Approved Reaccreditation and NESHAP Regulations Training

Asbestos in Buildings: Inspector Refresher

February 26, 2002
Course Date

7283
Certificate Number

February 26, 2002
Examination Date

February 25, 2003
Expiration Date

Thomas G. Laubenthal - Course Director

Rachel G. McCain - Exam Administrator

TEI - 1300 Williams Drive, Suite E - Marietta, Georgia 30066 - (770) 427-3600

United States Department of Commerce
National Institute of Standards and Technology

NVLAP®

ISO/IEC GUIDE 25:1990
ISO 9002:1987

Certificate of Accreditation

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE ★ UNITED STATES OF AMERICA ★

HYGEIA LABORATORIES, INC.

MARIETTA, GA

is recognized under the National Voluntary Laboratory Accreditation Program for satisfactory compliance with criteria established in Title 15, Part 285 Code of Federal Regulations. These criteria encompass the requirements of ISO/IEC Guide 25 and the relevant requirements of ISO 9002 (ANSI/ASQC Q92-1987) as suppliers of calibration or test results. Accreditation is awarded for specific services, listed on the Scope of Accreditation for:

BULK ASBESTOS FIBER ANALYSIS

March 31, 2003

Effective through

David F. Alderman

For the National Institute of Standards and Technology

NVLAP Lab Code: 102087-0

NVLAP-01C (11-95)

National Institute of Standards and Technology

NVLAP®

National Voluntary Laboratory Accreditation Program

ISO/IEC GUIDE 25:1990
ISO 9002:1987

Scope of Accreditation

BULK ASBESTOS FIBER ANALYSIS **NVLAP LAB CODE 102087-0**

HYGEIA LABORATORIES, INC.
1300 Williams Drive, Suite A
Marietta, GA 30066-6299
Mr. Clayton Call
Phone: 770-514-6933 Fax: 770-514-6966
E-Mail: call67@atc-enviro.com

NVLAP Code	*Designation*
18/A01	EPA-600/M4-82-020: Interim Method for the Determination of Asbestos in Bulk Insulation Samples

March 31, 2003

Effective through

David F. Alderman

For the National Institute of Standards and Technology

NVLAP-01S (11-95)

Savannah District
Environmental and Materials Unit

US Army Corps of Engineers®

Hazardous Building Materials Survey

Building No. 704 Ft. Gillem, Georgia

Prepared by Timothy A. Jones

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The findings of this report are not to be construed as an official Department of the Army position, unless so designated by other authorized documents.

Hazardous Building Materials Survey **November 2002**

Building 704, Gillem, GA

by Timothy A. Jones

Final Report

Approved for public release; distribution is unlimited

Prepared for **US Army Corps of Engineers**
Savannah District

Hazardous Building Materials Survey Report

Introduction

Background

Building No. 704 is a two-story wood frame structure with wood siding covered with newer vinyl siding, a shingle roof system and a floor system that is part wood frame and part concrete slab on grade. The buildings current primary use is as an office building.

Description of study

Investigation

This report documents the hazardous building materials survey of Building No. 704 at Ft. Gillem, Georgia conducted No 8 October 2002 by USACE Savannah District employee Tim Jones. This survey was conducted in general accordance with the Statement of Services developed by Ray Willingham, USACE Savannah District, which includes the USAEHA guidance for demolition debris characterization by TCLP sampling.

Conclusions

The following information gathered during the survey of Building 704 is presented in attached information:

a. *Light Count:* The fluorescent and mercury vapor light count results are presented in Table 1.

b. *Lead Building Materials: Inspection* of the building revealed lead in the plumbing drain and vent piping system at ground level and below. Details are outlined in Table 2.

c. *T*CLP *Lead Results:* Sampling of building components was performed as required and components were processed and mixed in the proper

percentages and given a sample identification of FGB 704 TCLP. TCLP analysis by Hygeia Laboratories indicates that lead is present at 2.5 mg/L, which is below the regulatory limit of 5mg/L for landfill disposal. Field sampling data including component type, color, TCLP mix percentage and approximate sampling location is presented in Table 3. Approximate locations of material sub-samples are indicated in the floor plans, Figures 1 & 2. A scanned copy of Hygeia's analytical report is included as Appendix A.

d. *Thermostats:* No mercury-containing thermostats or switches were located in Building 704.

e. *Compressed Refrigerant Gas:* Two central air-conditioning systems were located in Building 704 that contain refrigerant gas that should be recovered prior to demolition.

List of Tables

Table 1. Fluorescent and Mercury Vapor Light Count 4

Table 2. Lead Building Components..... 4

Table 3. TCLP Sampling Details..... 5

List of Figures

Figure 1. FGB704f.dgn First Floor Plan TCLP Sampling Locations..... 6

Figure 2. FGB704g.dgn Second Floor Plan TCLP Sampling Locations..... 7

Appendix

Appendix A. Analytical Report – Hygeia Laboratories, Inc.....8-12

Tables

TABLE 1
Ft. GILLEM BUILDING 704
FLORESCENT AND MERCURY LIGHT FIXTURES

AREA IDENTIFICATION	# & TYPE LIGHTS PRESENT	DESCRIPTION OF LIGHTS
Interior	52	4 foot long, 4 bulb florescent fixtures
Interior	2	8 foot long, 2 bulb florescent fixtures
Interior	8	4 foot long, 2 bulb florescent fixtures

TABLE 2
Ft. GILLEM BUILDING 704
LEAD BUILDING COMPONENTS

BUILDING COMPONENT	DESCRIPTION	LOCATION	ESTIMATED NUMBER
Hot poured lead pipe joint	In plumbing drainage, waste and vent piping	Underground, below restrooms	25-50

TABLE 3
Ft. GILLEM BLDG. 704
TCLP COMPOSITE SAMPLE COMPONENTS

BUILDING COMPONENT	DESCRIPTION	LOCATION	PERCENTAGE OF SAMPLE
Unpainted Wood	Wall framing	Mechanical Room	42%
Interior wall covering	Silver painted drywall	Mechanical Room	23%
Roofing Components	Roof shingle	Roof	7%
Interior Floor Coverings	Brown sheet vinyl	Second floor Open Office	8%
Block, Brick, Concrete	Grey painted concrete	Foundation	7%
Ceiling Material	1/3 white fiberboard, 2/3 ceiling tile	Fiberboard from 2nd floor Open Office, Ceiling tile from Men's RR	7%
Painted Wood-Interior	Older white wood ceiling	1st floor Ladies RR	1%
Painted Wood-Exterior	Brown and white window sill	Exterior, Mechanical Room window	5%

Figure 1

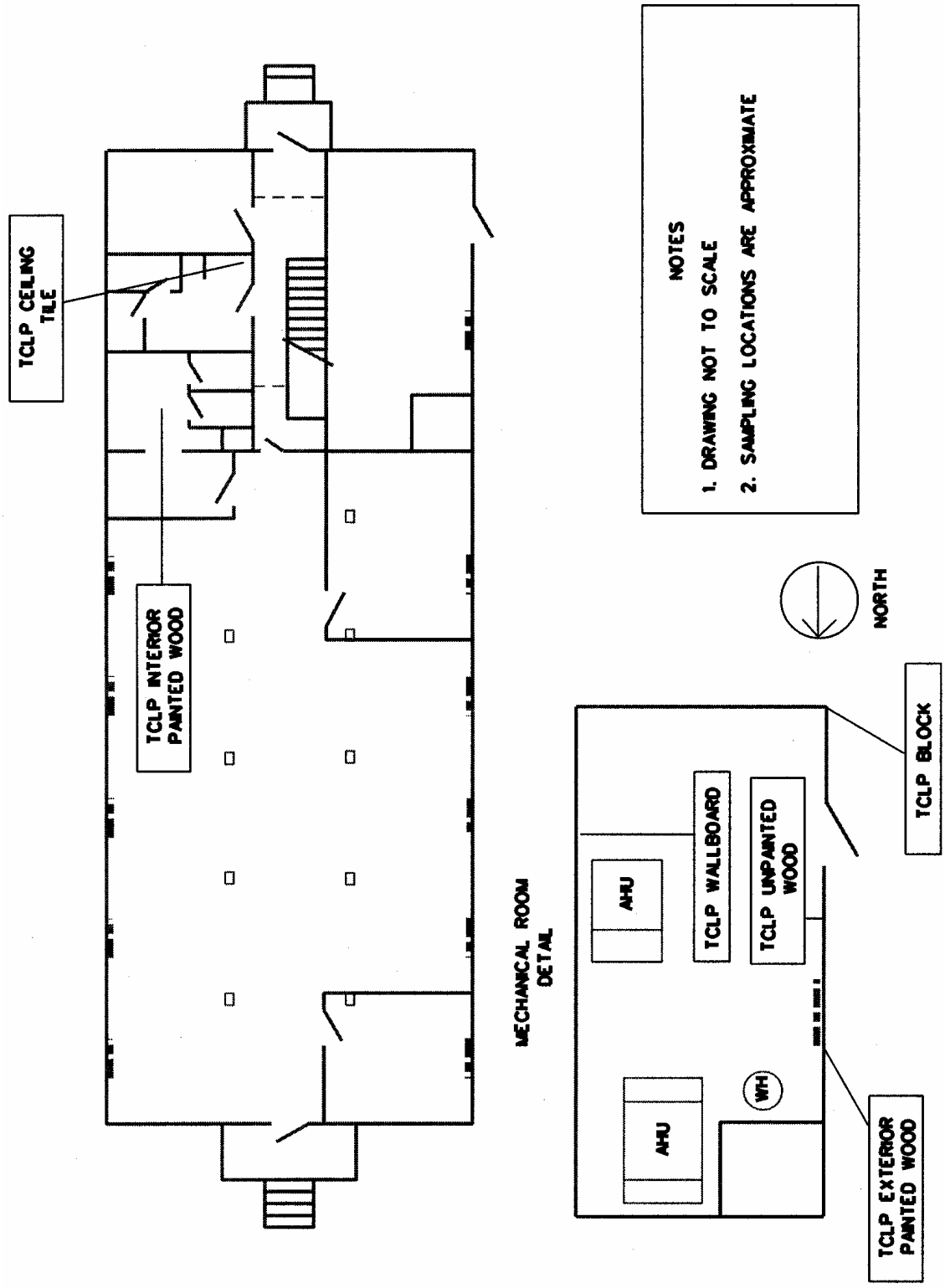
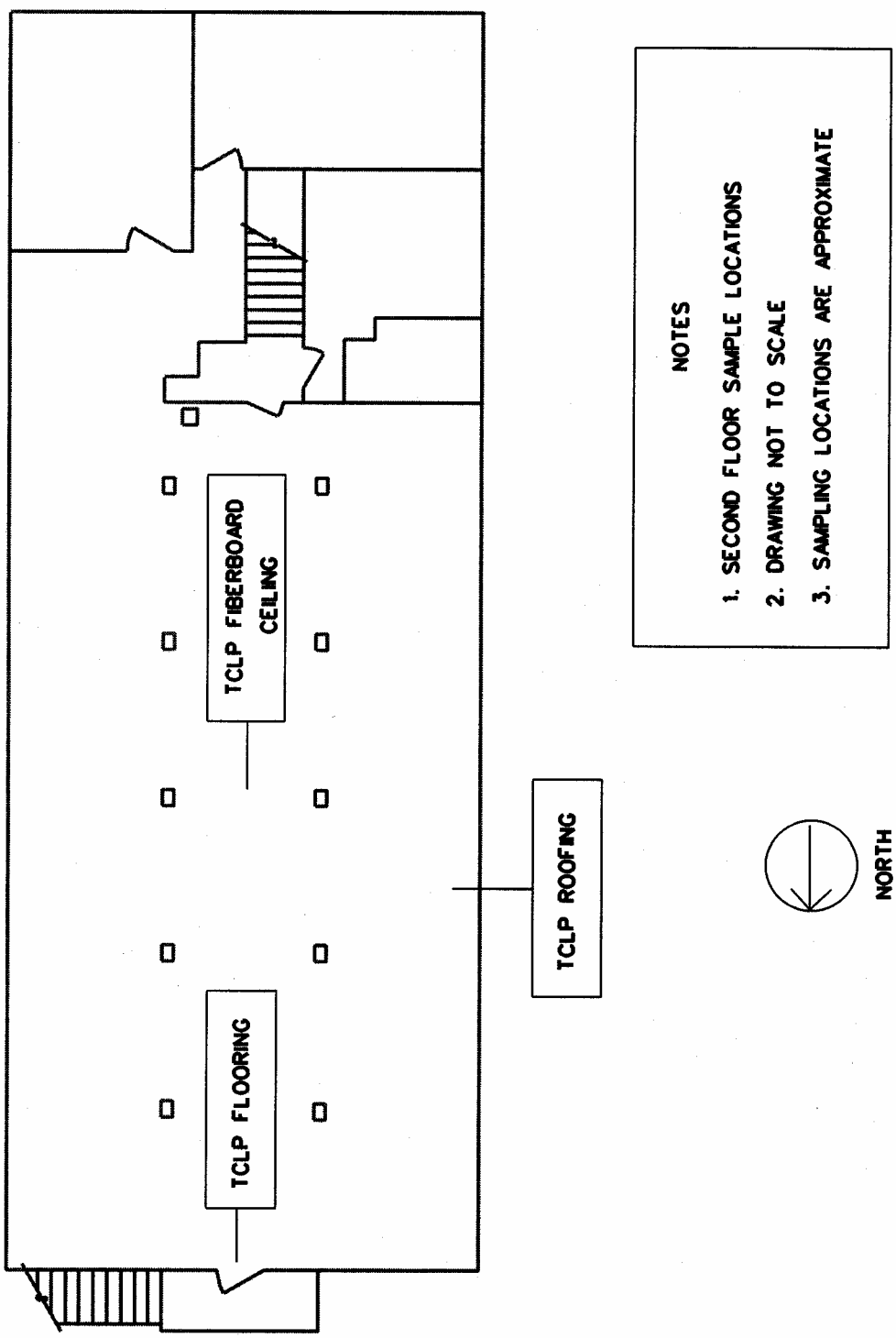

TCLP CEILING TILE
TCLP INTERIOR PAINTED WOOD
NOTES
1. DRAWING NOT TO SCALE
2. SAMPLING LOCATIONS ARE APPROXIMATE
NORTH
TCLP BLOCK
AHU
TCLP WALLBOARD
TCLP UNPAINTED WOOD
MECHANICAL ROOM DETAIL
AHU
WH
TCLP EXTERIOR PAINTED WOOD

Figure 2


TCLP FLOORING
TCLP FIBERBOARD CEILING
TCLP ROOFING
NOTES
1. SECOND FLOOR SAMPLE LOCATIONS
2. DRAWING NOT TO SCALE
3. SAMPLING LOCATIONS ARE APPROXIMATE
NORTH

Appendix A

Analytical Report – Hygeia Laboratories, Inc

HYGEIA LABORATORIES, INC.

1300 Williams Drive, Suite A - Marietta, Georgia 30066-6299 - (770) 514-6933, FAX (770) 514-6966

Lab Project No. **M0210088** Report Date: 10/16/02

Client Name: **US Army Corp of Engineers - Atlanta**
Contact: **Tim Jones**
Address: Environmental & Materials Unit
200 North Cobb Parkway
Bldg. 400, Ste. 404
Marietta, GA 30062
Project Name: **Fort Gillem Recruiting Brigade**
Project ID: 0396
Receipt Date: 10/9/2002

Case Narrative

1. The sample holding times were met for all analyses.
2. Where applicable, results & reporting limits are based on wet weight; dry weight calculations available.
3. The temperature of the sample cooler as received by the laboratory was room temperature.

Respectively Submitted:

Reviewed By: AWS

Hygeia Laboratories, Inc.

Sample Identification

Lab Sample #	Client Sample ID	Sample Supply	Collected
M0210088-01	FGB 704 TCLP	Other	10/8/02
M0210088-02	FGB 841 TCLP	Other	10/8/02

TCLP Lead Units: mg/L (ppm) Method #: **EPA_1311/6010B**
Matrix: Leachate Analysis Date: 10/15/2002 Prep Date: 10/10/2002 Analyst: SR
Lab Sample #: **M0210088-01** Client ID: **FGB 704 TCLP**

Analyte(s)	CAS #	Result	Report Limit	Flag Code
Lead	7439-92-1	2.5	0.5	

TCLP Lead Units: mg/L (ppm) Method #: **EPA_1311/6010B**
Matrix: Leachate Analysis Date: 10/15/2002 Prep Date: 10/10/2002 Analyst: SR
Lab Sample #: **M0210088-02** Client ID: **FGB 841 TCLP**

Analyte(s)	CAS #	Result	Report Limit	Flag Code
Lead	7439-92-1	1.0	0.5	

HYGEIA

NOTES:

- Results relate only to the samples tested as received (See Chain-of-Custody).
- BRL = "Below Reporting Limit"
- RL = "Reporting Limit"
- E = "Estimated Result"
- Dates are presented in the format "month/day/year"

Certifications

Alabama - Lab ID 40970; Arkansas; Connecticut - No. PH 0208; Delaware - GA040; Georgia - No. 804; Indiana - Lab ID C-GA-01
Kentucky - Lab ID 90053, UST - No. 0005; Louisiana; Maryland - No. 293; Massachussetts No. M - GA040; North Carolina - No. 409
Rhode Island, License No. 245; South Carolina - No. 98012001; Tennessee - Lab ID 02827; Virginia - Lab ID 00024
South Carolina - No. 98012; Tennessee - Lab ID 02827 (DW), UST Program; Virginia - Lab ID 0024

Accreditations

American Association for Laboratory Accreditation, A2LA - No. 330.01;
American Industrial Hygiene Association, AIHA - Lab ID 100649; NELAC - State of Florida DOH, No. E87257

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HYGEIA

US Army Corps of Engineers
Savannah District
Environmental & Materials Unit

Chain of Custody Record

M0210088

Project Name: Ft. Gillem Recruiting Brigade
SAI Acct # 5394
Job #
TAT 7 days

Date	Time	Pres.	Gr	Cm	Site Code/Sample Number	No. of Containers	TCLP Lead					SAD No.	Matrix
10-8-02	1600			✓	FGB 704 TCLP	2	✓					1A,B	Building Composite
↓	1645			✓	FGB 841 TCLP	1	✓					2A	

Relinquisher by: (sig)	Date/Time	Received by: (sig)	Date/Time	Remarks:
Sampler Tim Jones	10-9-02 0930	Jason Holliday	10/9/02 9:30	Must have by 10/17/02
Relinquished by: (sig)	Date/Time	Received by: (sig)	Date/Time	
Relinquished by: (sig)	Date/Time	Received by: (sig)	Date/Time	

Savannah District
Environmental and Materials Unit

US Army Corps of Engineers®

Asbestos Survey

Building No. 841 Ft. Gillem, Georgia

Prepared by Timothy A. Jones

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Asbestos Survey **November 2002**

Building 841, Fort Gillem, Georgia

by Timothy A. Jones

Final report

Approved for public release; distribution is unlimited

Prepared for **US Army Corps of Engineers**
Savannah District

Asbestos Inspection Report

Introduction

Scope of the Investigation

This report documents the asbestos inspection and survey of Building No.841 at Fort Gillem, Georgia conducted between 8 September and 6 November 2002 by Savannah District US Army Corps of Engineers employees Tim Jones, Jeff Smith and Jack Ford. The survey was conducted in general accordance with the regulatory guidelines in the Asbestos Hazard Emergency Response Act (AHERA) (40 CFR Part 763 Subpart E Sections 763.80-763.88) and "Guidance for Controlling Asbestos-Containing Materials in Buildings" (Purple Book) (EPA publication number 560/5-85-024). Although not required by the AHERA guidelines, roof and other exterior miscellaneous materials were also inspected and sampled. In addition, Tim Jones inspected the Mechanical Room of Building 841 on 3 July 2001. Findings from that inspection are included and a copy of the report detailing that survey is included as Appendix D.

Background

Building No. 841 is a two-story wood frame structure with wood siding covered with newer vinyl siding, a shingle roof system and a floor system that is part wood frame and part concrete slab on grade. The buildings current primary use is as an office building. Rooms on the building floor plans are arbitrarily numbered for identification in this report only.

Description of study

Investigation

All accessible areas of Building No. 841 were visually inspected for suspected asbestos containing materials (ACM) by an accredited inspector. Bulk samples of all suspected ACM's were collected. This report details ACM as identified at the time of inspection only.

The bulk samples were analyzed by Hygeia Laboratories, Inc. Hygeia is accredited by the National Voluntary Laboratory Accredited Program (NVLAP Accreditation sponsored by the National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST)). Copies of their accreditation certificates are included in Appendix C. The samples were analyzed by the accepted method of polarized light microscopy (PLM) using EPA's "Method For the

Determination of Asbestos In Bulk Building Materials", EPA/600/R-93/116. Hygeia's analytical report is included in Appendix A.

In compliance with the AHERA regulations, material is considered an Asbestos Containing Material (ACM) when it contains greater than one percent asbestos. Likewise, in this report, any material containing concentrations greater than one percent asbestos will be considered "positive". A narrative discussion of the AHERA ACM types (i.e., thermal systems insulation, miscellaneous and surfacing materials) found in Building No. 841 is included in this report where relevant. Bulk sample information appears on Table 1. Estimated quantities of individual asbestos containing materials appear on Table 2. Material characterization of asbestos containing materials appears on Table 3. Photographs of the positive materials, when available, appear as Figures. The specific location where each bulk sample was obtained is shown on the building floor plans, which appear as Figures. Positive ACM samples are highlighted on the floor plan Figures and, where possible, locations of positive ACM are identified. It is reasonable to assume that all materials similar to those testing positive, also contain positive amounts of asbestos and should be treated as such.

Analysis

Thermal Systems Insulation (TSI)

TSI is insulation material applied to pipes, fittings, tanks, ducts, or for other interior structural components to prevent heat loss or gain, or water condensation, or for other purposes.

a. *TSI remnants:* Remnants of assumed asbestos containing TSI were located in the crawlspace crushed into the dirt floor and lying on the CMU foundation. It is assumed that the soil is contaminated with asbestos and should be dealt with appropriately. Other TSI throughout Building 841 is of non-asbestos materials- (Refer to Tables 2 and 3 for specific information and Figure 13 for homogeneous area locations).

b. Most of the TSI pipe insulation in the Mechanical Room has been replaced since the time of the July 3 2001 inspection with newer fiberglass. This replacement occurred during renovation and installation of a new boiler system.

Miscellaneous Materials

Miscellaneous materials include building material on structural components, structural members or fixtures, such as floor and ceiling tiles, and do not include surfacing or TSI. In the past, there were a great number of miscellaneous building materials that had asbestos fibers added to them during the manufacturing process to increase durability and fireproofing qualities. The following suspect miscellaneous materials at Building No. 841 were found to contain or were assumed to contain asbestos:

a. *Flooring Materials:* Fifteen floor tile samples were taken from Building 841 and all but two contained asbestos in either the tile, mastic or both. The two samples that did not have asbestos associated with them did not have enough mastic present to analyze. 9” X 9” asbestos containing floor tiles lie under newer flooring materials in the majority of the building space- (Refer to Tables1, 2 and 3 for specific information, and Figures 3 & 4 for sample locations and Figures 6 & 9 for homogeneous area locations).

b. *Wallboard Joint Compound:* Fourteen samples of drywall joint compound were taken from Building 841 seven of which contained asbestos. The asbestos containing samples were all taken from walls or ceilings constructed of a brown fiberboard material. Samples taken from gypsum drywall board did not contain positive amounts of asbestos- (Refer to Tables 1, 2 and 3 for specific information, Figures 3 & 4 for sample locations and Figures 6, 7, 10and 11 for homogeneous area locations).

c. *H*eat *Shielding Material:* Soft white fibrous board heat shielding material applied to roof framing in the Mechanical Room surrounding the boiler vent stack contains asbestos- (Refer to Tables 2 and 3 for specific information).

d. *R*oof *Flashing Cement:* Flashing cement around the roof penetrations and at junctions of roof fields and walls contains asbestos- (Refer to Tables 1, 2 and 3 for specific information, Figure 5 for sample locations and Figure 12 for homogeneous area locations).

e. *Asbestos Cement Board Debris:* Asbestos cement board debris similar to Transite^{tm} was located in the crawlspace near the eastern access door. This material is assumed to contain asbestos- (Refer to Tables 2 and 3 for specific information).

Surfacing

Surfacing material is friable material that is sprayed on, troweled on, or otherwise applied to surfaces for decorative or other purposes.

a. No surfacing materials were found to be asbestos containing.

Conclusions

The following materials found at Building No. 841 contain positive amounts of asbestos:

a. *Floor Tile & Mastic:* Floor tiles and or mastic throughout most of Building 841 contain asbestos.

b. *Wallboard Joint Compound:* The gypsum joint compound applied to the older construction brown fiberboard wall and ceiling covering contains asbestos.

c. *Heat Shielding Material:* Heat shielding material in the mechanical room around the boiler vent stack at the roof contains asbestos.

d. *Roof Flashing Cement:* The flashing cement at roof penetrations and junctions between roof fields and walls contains asbestos.

e. *TSI Remnants:* TSI remnants and contaminated soil in the crawlspace are assumed to contain asbestos.

f. *Asbestos Cement Board Debris:* Asbestos cement board in the eastern end of the crawlspace is assumed to contain asbestos.

List of Tables

Table 1. Suspect ACM Samples.....6-9

Table 2. ACM Quantity Summary 10

Table 3. Material Characterization and Assessment 11

List of Figures

Figure 1. FGB841a.dgn – First Floor Room Number Designations 12

Figure 2. FGB841b.dgn - Second Floor Room Number Designations 13

Figure 3. FGB841c.dgn – First Floor ACM Sampling Locations..... 14

Figure 4. FGB841d.dgn – Second Floor ACM Sampling Locations 15

Figure 5. FGB841e.dgn – Roof ACM Sampling Locations..... 16

Figure 6. FGB841f.dgn – First Floor ACM Flooring Areas 17

Figure 7. FGB841g.dgn – First Floor ACM Walls Joint Compound Areas 18

Figure 8. FGB841h.dgn – First Floor ACM Ceiling Joint Compound Areas.... 19

Figure 9. FGB841i.dgn – Second Floor ACM Flooring Areas..... 20

Figure 10. FGB841j.dgn – Second Floor ACM Walls Joint Compound Areas…21

Figure 11. FGB841k.dgn – Second Floor ACM Ceiling Joint Compound Areas.22

Figure 12. FGB841l.dgn – Roof ACM Flashing Cement Areas..... 23

Figure 12. FGB841l.dgn – Roof ACM Flashing Cement Areas……..24

Appendix

Appendix A. Analytical Report – Hygeia Laboratories, Inc.....25-39

Appendix B. Sample Chain of Custody.....40-43

Appendix C. Certifications 44-48

Appendix D. Previous ACM Report Of Mechanical Room 49-63

TABLE 1
SUSPECT ACM SAMPLES
Ft. GILLEM, BUILDING 841

FIELD ID	DESCRIPTION	LOCATION	ASBESTOS TYPE & %
841-1-1	Felt paper	Room 1 floor, between 2 layers of T&G sub-flooring	None
841-1-2	**Drywall joint compound**	**Room 1, Applied to old fiber wallboard, behind new construction gypsum board wall**	**7% chrysotile**
841-1-3	Fiberboard	Room 1, behind new construction gypsum board wall	None
841-1-4	Roofing debris, shingles & felt	Room 3, above ceiling	None
841-1-5	Ceiling insulation	Room 1 above ceiling	None
841-1-6	Ceiling tile, patch tile	Room 1 ceiling	None
841-1-7	Ceiling tile	Room 1 ceiling	None
841-1-8	Drywall joint compound	Room 1, newer construction gypsum drywall, behind paneling	None
841-1-9	**Fiberboard & joint compound**	**Room 2, older construction ceiling above suspended ceiling**	**3% chrysotile in joint compound, fiberboard NAD**
841-1-10	**9” X 9” brown floor tile & mastic**	**Room 8 (corridor), under carpet**	**Tile 8% chrysotile, mastic 2% chrysotile**
841-1-11	**9” X 9” red floor tile & mastic**	**Room 8 (corridor), under carpet**	**Tile 8% chrysotile, mastic <1% chrysotile**
841-1-12	Floor leveling compound	Room 8 (corridor), under carpet	None
841-1-13	Ceiling tile	Room 11 (corridor)	None
841-1-14	Ceiling tile	Room 11 (corridor), patch tile	None
841-1-15	**12” X 12” brown floor tile & mastic**	**Room 11 (corridor)**	**Tile NAD, mastic 10% chrysotile**
841-1-16	**Drywall joint compound**	**Room 11 (corridor), applied to older construction fiber wallboard behind newer gypsum drywall**	**3% chrysotile**
841-1-17	Gypsum wall board	Room 11 (corridor), newer construction over fiberboard	None
841-1-18	Drywall joint compound	Room 11 (corridor), newer construction over fiberboard	None
841-1-19	Leveling compound	Room 12 (corridor) floor	None

841-1-20	Felt paper	Room 12 (corridor), floor between layers of T&G sub-flooring	None
841-1-21	Roofing debris, shingles & felt	Room 14, Above ceiling	None
841-1-22	**12” X 12” brown floor tile & mastic**	**Room 16, Men’s Restroom floor**	**Total sample <1% chrysotile, Tile NAD, Mastic 4% chrysotile**
841-1-23	12” X 12” white floor tile & mastic	Room 16, Men’s Restroom floor	None (not enough mastic to analyze)
841-1-24	Drywall joint compound	Room 16, Men’s Restroom wall behind paneling	None
841-1-25	**Drywall joint compound**	**Room 17, applied to fiberboard ceiling**	**Total sample 2% chrysotile, joint compound 4% chrysotile**
841-1-26	**Drywall joint compound**	**Room 17, applied to fiberboard wall**	**Total sample 2% chrysotile, joint compound 3% chrysotile**
841-1-27	**9” X 9” pink floor tile & mastic**	**Room 17 floor**	**Tile 3% chrysotile, mastic NAD**
841-1-28	**9” X 9” white floor tile & mastic**	**Room 17 floor**	**Tile 3% chrysotile, mastic NAD**
841-1-29	Drywall joint compound	Room 20, east partition wall, newer looking gypsum board	None
841-1-30	**12” X 12” light gray floor tile & mastic**	**Room 29, women’s restroom floor patch tile**	**Total sample <1% chrysotile, tile <1% chrysotile, mastic 2% chrysotile**
841-1-31	Tan 12” X 12” Floor tile & mastic	Room 29, women’s restroom floor patch tile	None (not enough mastic to analyze)
841-1-32	**9” X 9” black floor tile & mastic**	**Room 35 (corridor) floor**	**7% chrysotile in tile, 3% chrysotile in mastic**
841-1-33		No sample taken	
841-1-34	**Drywall joint compound**	**Room 37 ceiling, applied to old fiberboard ceiling above suspended ceiling**	**3% chrysotile**
841-1-35	Drywall joint compound	Room 37, applied to newer gypsum board wall	None
841-1-36	**9” X 9” black floor tile & mastic**	**Room 41 floor**	**7% chrysotile**
841-2-37	**12” X 12” brown floor tile & mastic**	**Room 54, men’s restroom floor, upper layer**	**Total sample <1% chrysotile, tile NAD, mastic 2% chrysotile**

841-2-38	**Black floor tile & mastic**	**Room 54, men's restroom floor, lower layer, under sample 37**	**7% chrysotile**
841-2-39	Brown cloth backed sheet vinyl flooring	Room 56 floor, upper layer	None
841-2-40	Drywall joint compound	Room 56, applied to old fiberboard wall behind gypsum board	None
841-2-41	**Black floor tile & mastic**	**Room 56, under plywood sub-flooring**	**Total sample 2% chrysotile, tile 4% chrysotile, rest NAD**
841-2-42	Brown cloth backed sheet vinyl flooring	Room 56 floor, upper layer	None
841-2-43	**Black floor tile & mastic**	**Room 56, under plywood sub-flooring**	**Total sample 2% chrysotile, tile 6% chrysotile, rest NAD**
841-2-44	Drywall joint compound	Room 61, applied to gypsum board partition wall	None
841-2-45	2' X 2' foil backed ceiling tile	Room 47, scrap above suspended ceiling	None
841-2-46	**Drywall joint compound**	**Room 49, applied to fiberboard ceiling above suspended ceiling**	**2% chrysotile**
841-R-47	Roof shingle	Roof, over mechanical room	None
841-R-48	Roof felt	Roof, over mechanical room, upper layer of 3	None
841-R-49	Roof felt	Roof, over mechanical room, 2nd layer of 3	None
841-R-50	Roof felt	Roof, over mechanical room, lowest layer	None
841-R-51	**Roof flashing cement**	**Roof, over mechanical room**	**4% chrysotile**
841-R-52	Rolled roofing	Roof, over mechanical room, used as flashing against wall	None
841-R-53	**Roof flashing cement**	**Roof, eastern portion, against wall**	**5% chrysotile**
841-R-54	**Roof flashing cement**	**Roof, central portion, applied to base of roof vent**	**5% chrysotile**
841-R-55	Roof shingle	Roof, over western wing	None
841-R-56	Roof felt	Roof, over western wing, upper layer of 3	None
841-R-57	Roof felt	Roof, over western wing, 2nd layer of 3	None
841-R-58	Roof felt	Roof, over western wing, lower layer of 3	None
841-R-59	Roof shingle	Roof, over north porch	None

841-R-60	Built up roofing	Roof, over north porch, upper layer of 3	None
841-R-61	Built up roofing	Roof, over north porch, 2nd layer of 3	None
841-R-62	Built up roofing	Roof, over north porch, lower layer of 3	None
841-R-63	Felt paper	Roof, over north porch, under all roofing layers	None

Samples testing positive for asbestos indicated in **BOLD** type

TABLE 2
ACM QUANTITY SUMMARY
Ft. GILLEM, BUILDING 841

Material Descriptions	Units	Area Descriptions							
		FIRST FLOOR	SECOND FLOOR	ROOF	MECHANICAL ROOM	CRAWLSPACE			Totals
Drywall Joint Compound *	S.F.	19,800	9,800						29,600
Floor Tile & Mastic	S.F.	11,600	6,200						17,800
Flashing Cement	S.F.			650					650
Heat Shield Board	S.F.				8				8
TSI Remnants and Contaminated Soil	S.F.					12,400			12,400
Asbestos Cement Board	S.F.					20 S.F.			20 S.F.

*** Drywall joint compound is estimated based on total area of fiberboard ceilings and walls**
S.F. = Square Foot, L.F. = Linear Foot, C.F. = Cubic Foot

TABLE 3
MATERIAL CHARACTERIZATION AND ASSESSMENT
Ft. GILLEM, BUILDING 841

MATERIAL		CHARACTERISTICS			ASSESSMENT	
Type	**Description**	**Asbestos Yes/No/Assumed**	**Quantity (If ACM)**	**Friable / Non-friable**	**Condition**	**Disturbance Potential**
TSI	TSI Remnants & Contaminated Soil	Assumed	12,400 S.F.	Friable	Significantly Damaged	High
Miscellaneous	Floor Tile Mastic	Yes <1-8 %	17,800 S.F.	Non-friable	Good	Low
Miscellaneous	Flashing Cement	Yes 4-5%	650 S.F.	Non-friable	Good	Low
Miscellaneous	Drywall Joint Compound	Yes 2-7%	29,600 S.F.	Friable	Damaged	Moderate
Miscellaneous	Heat Shield Board	Yes 15%	8 S.F.	Friable	Damaged	Moderate
Miscellaneous	Asbestos Cement Board	Assumed	20 S.F.	Non-friable	Damaged	Moderate

S.F. = Square Foot, L.F. = Linear Foot, C.F. = Cubic Foot

Figure 1

5 July 2001

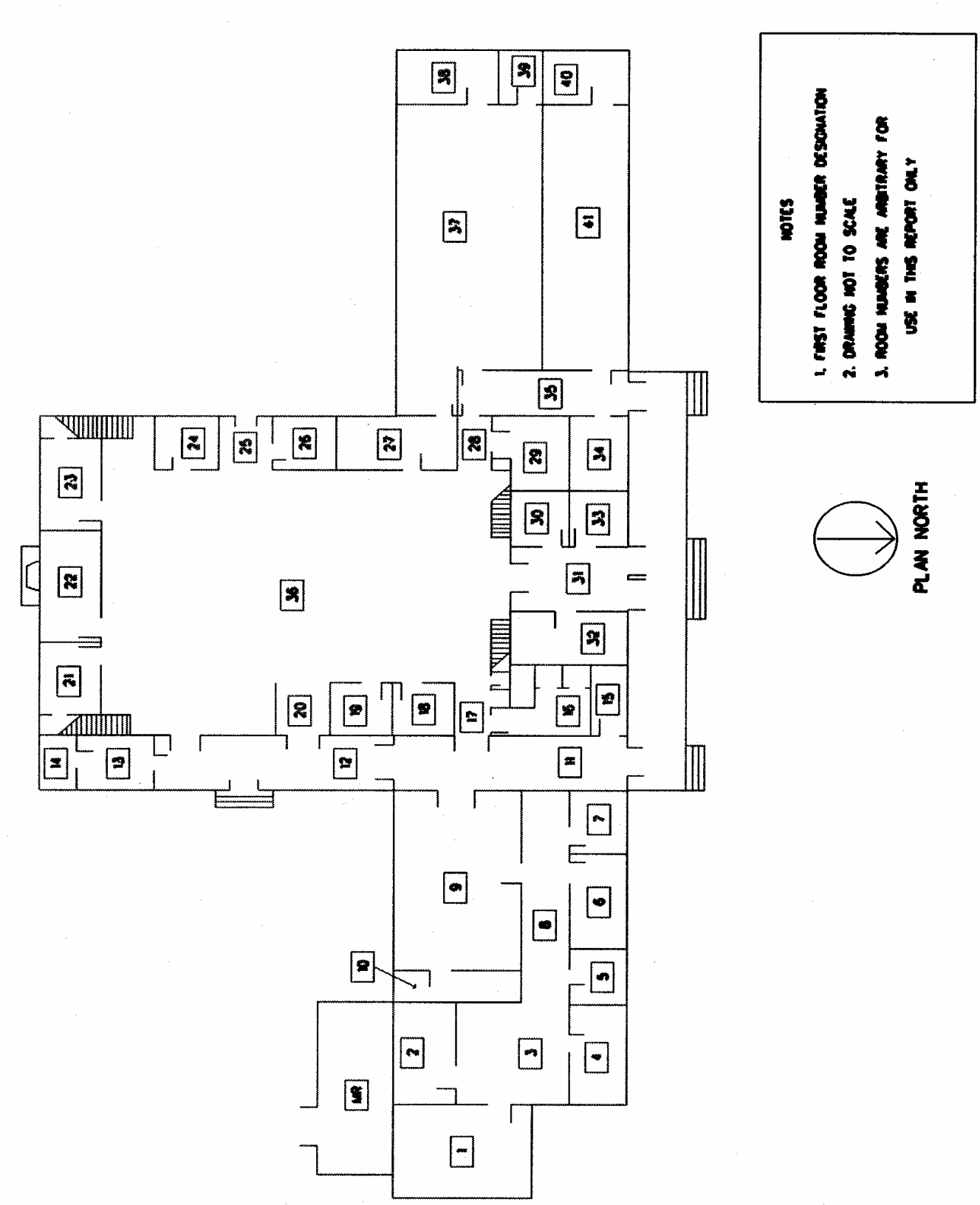

Figure 2

5 July 2001

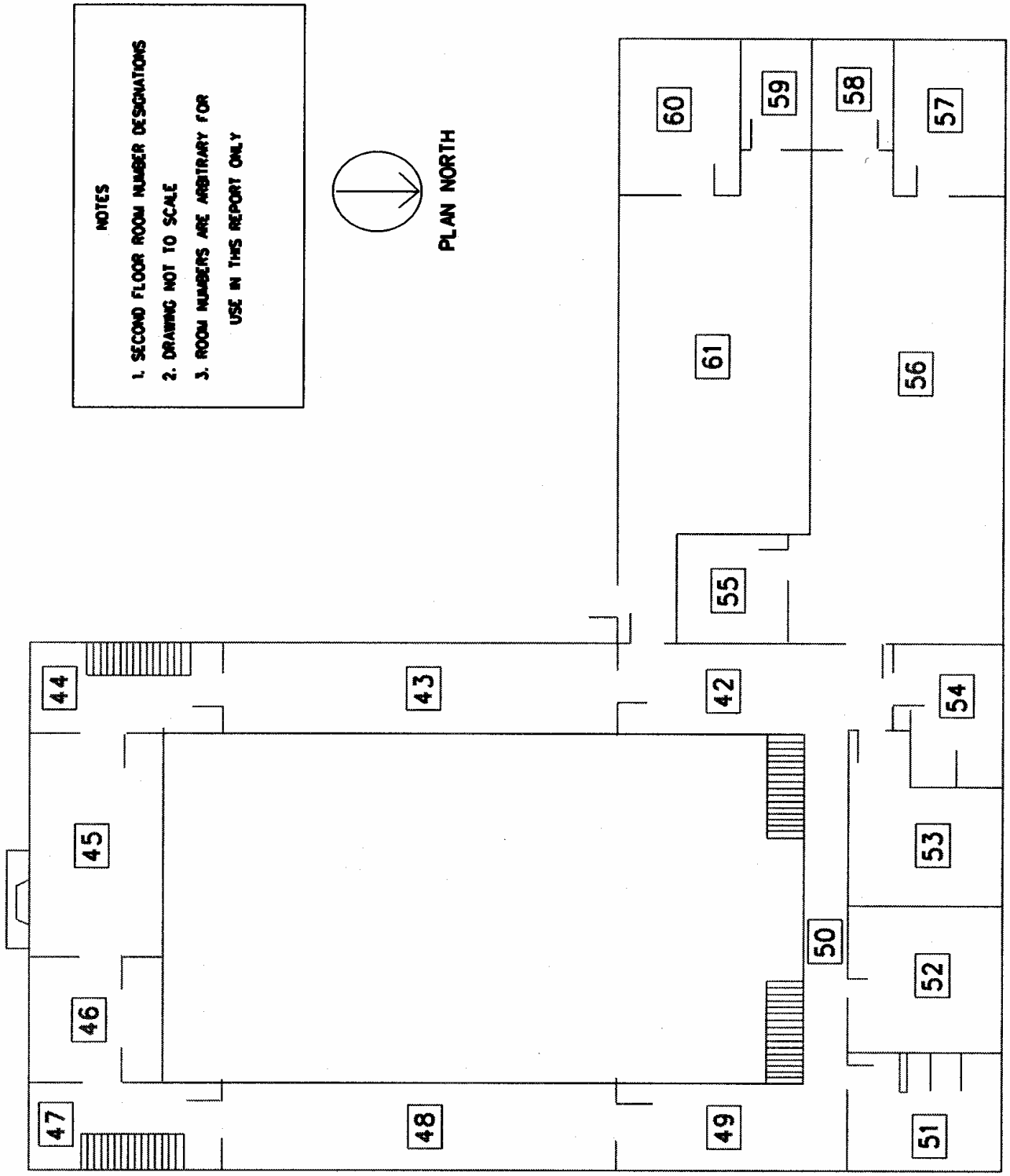

Figure 3

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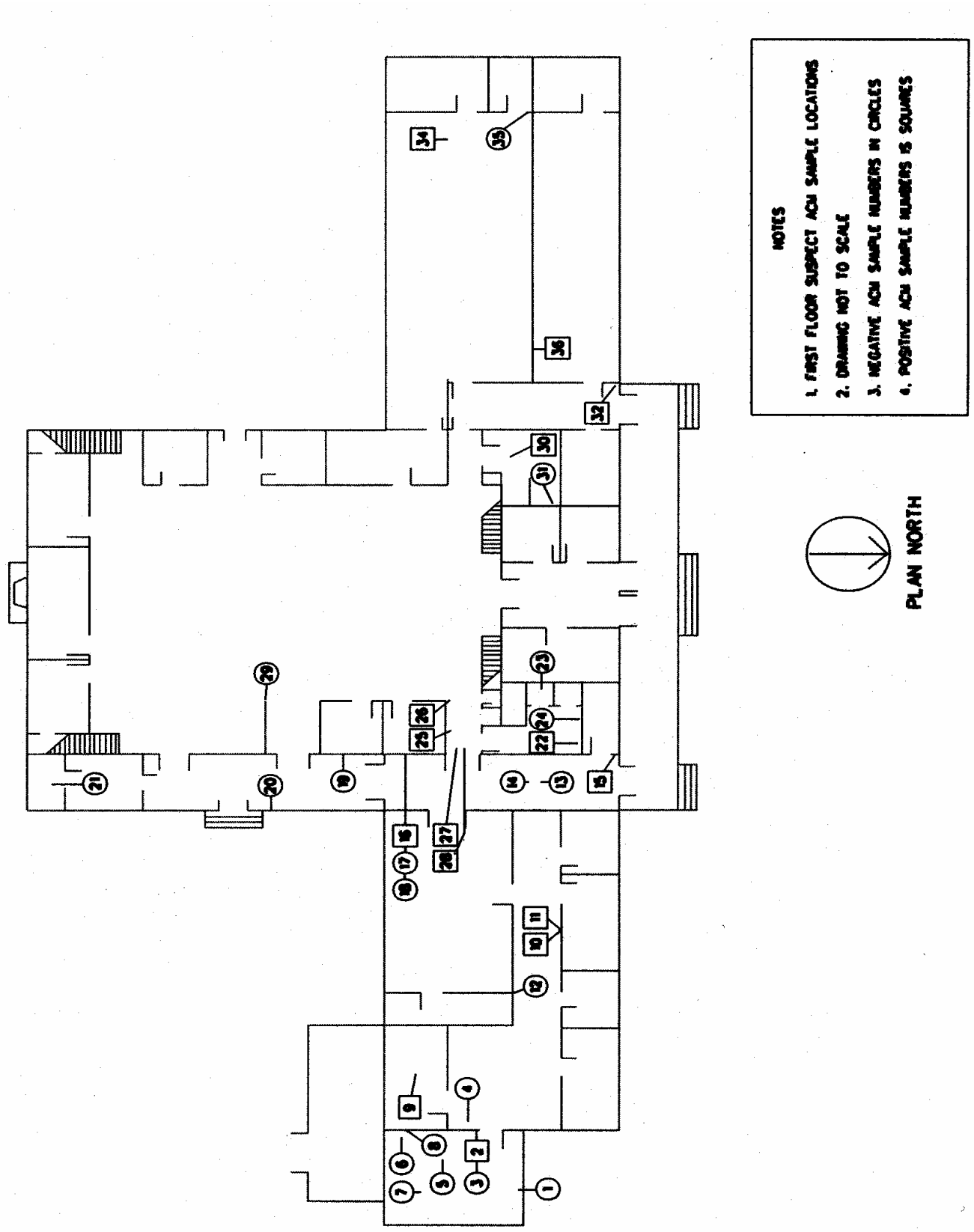

Figure 4

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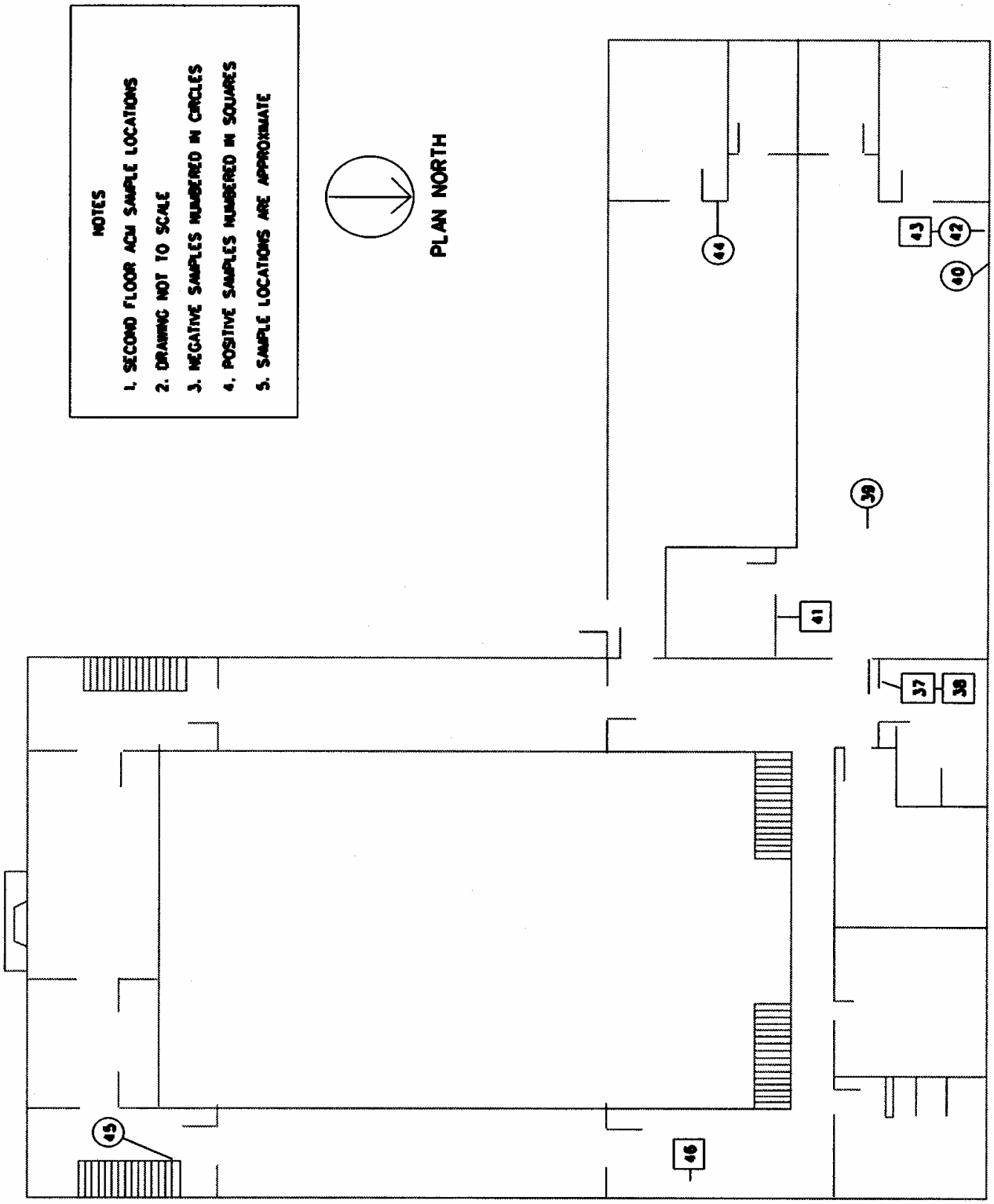

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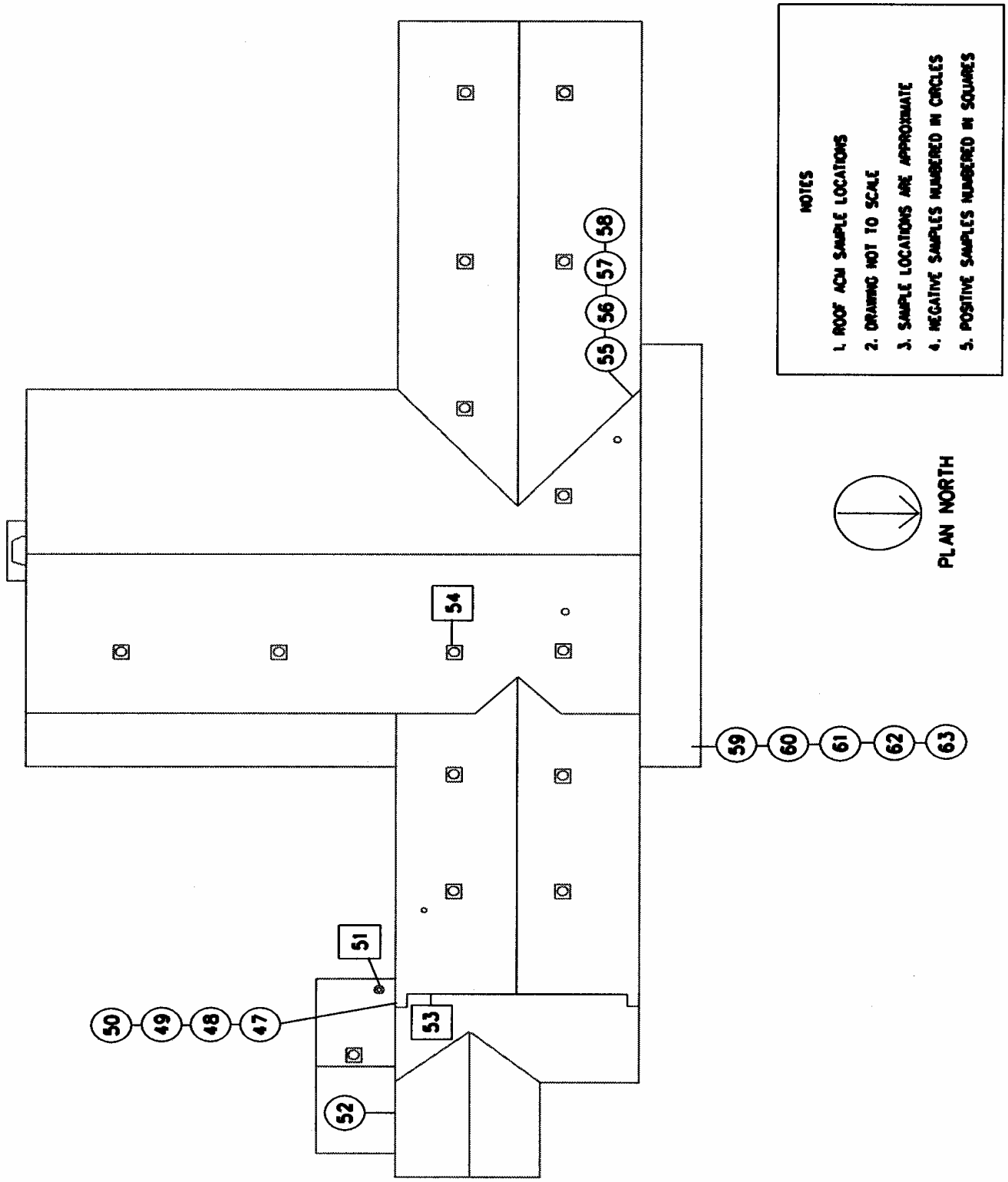

Figure 6

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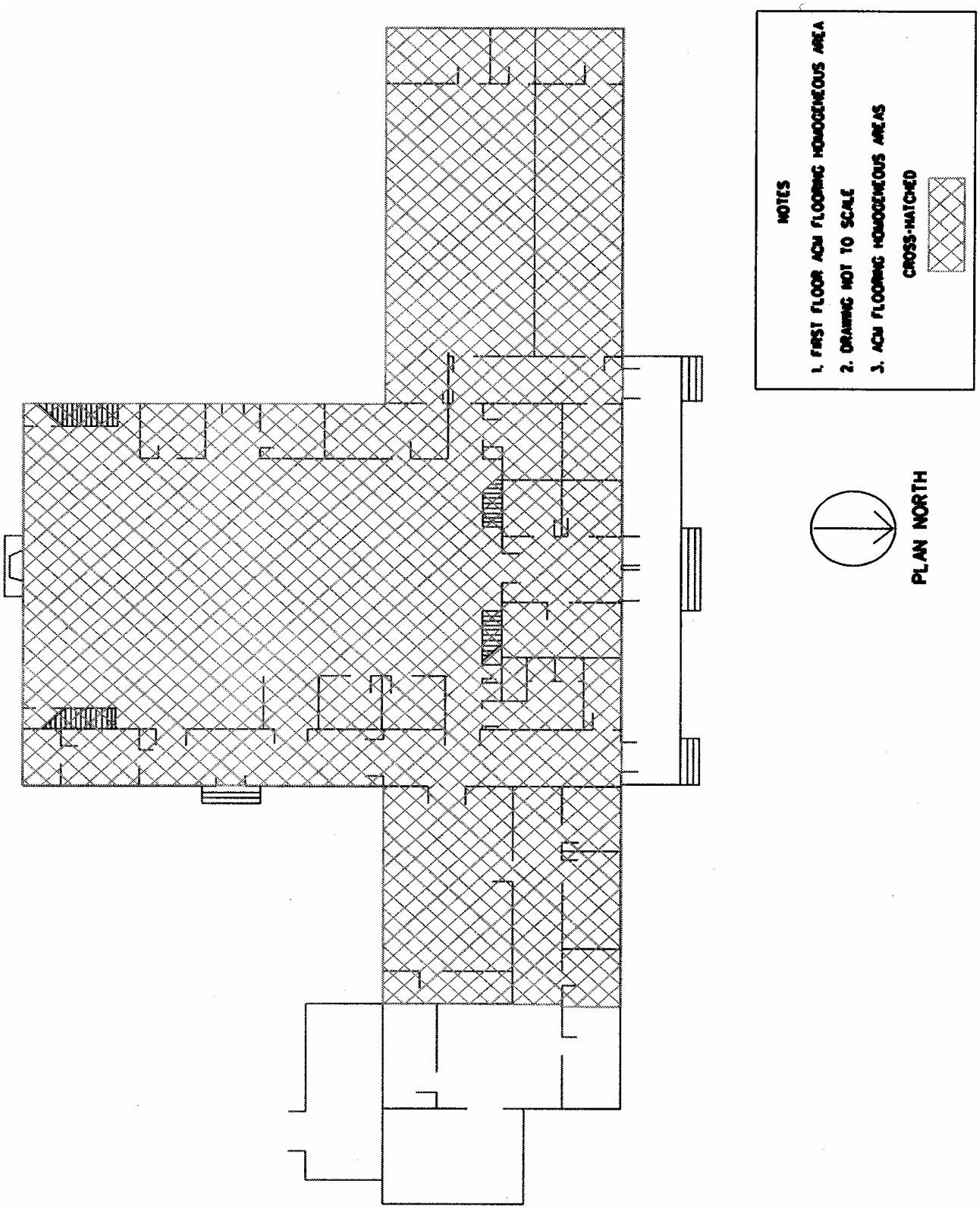

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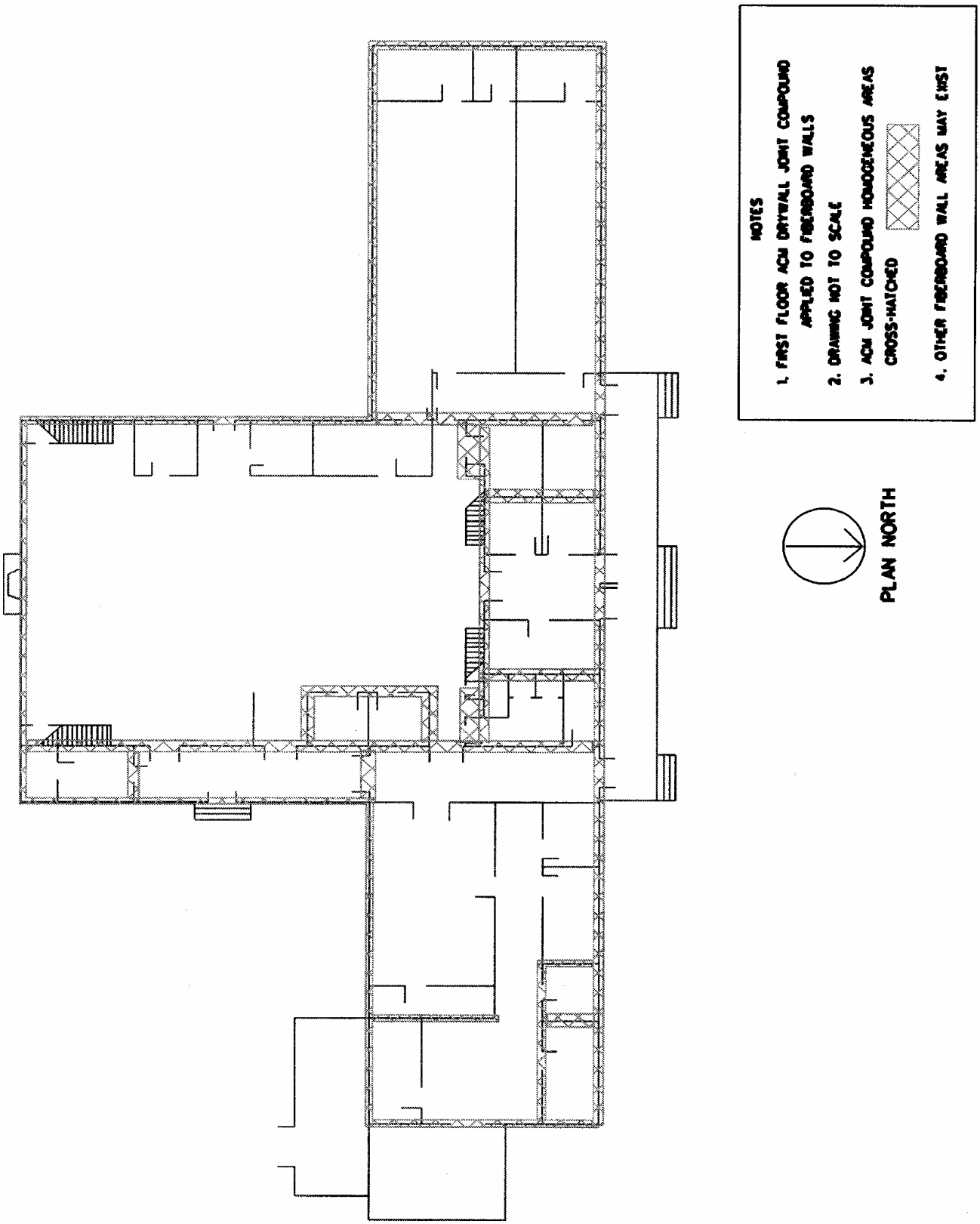

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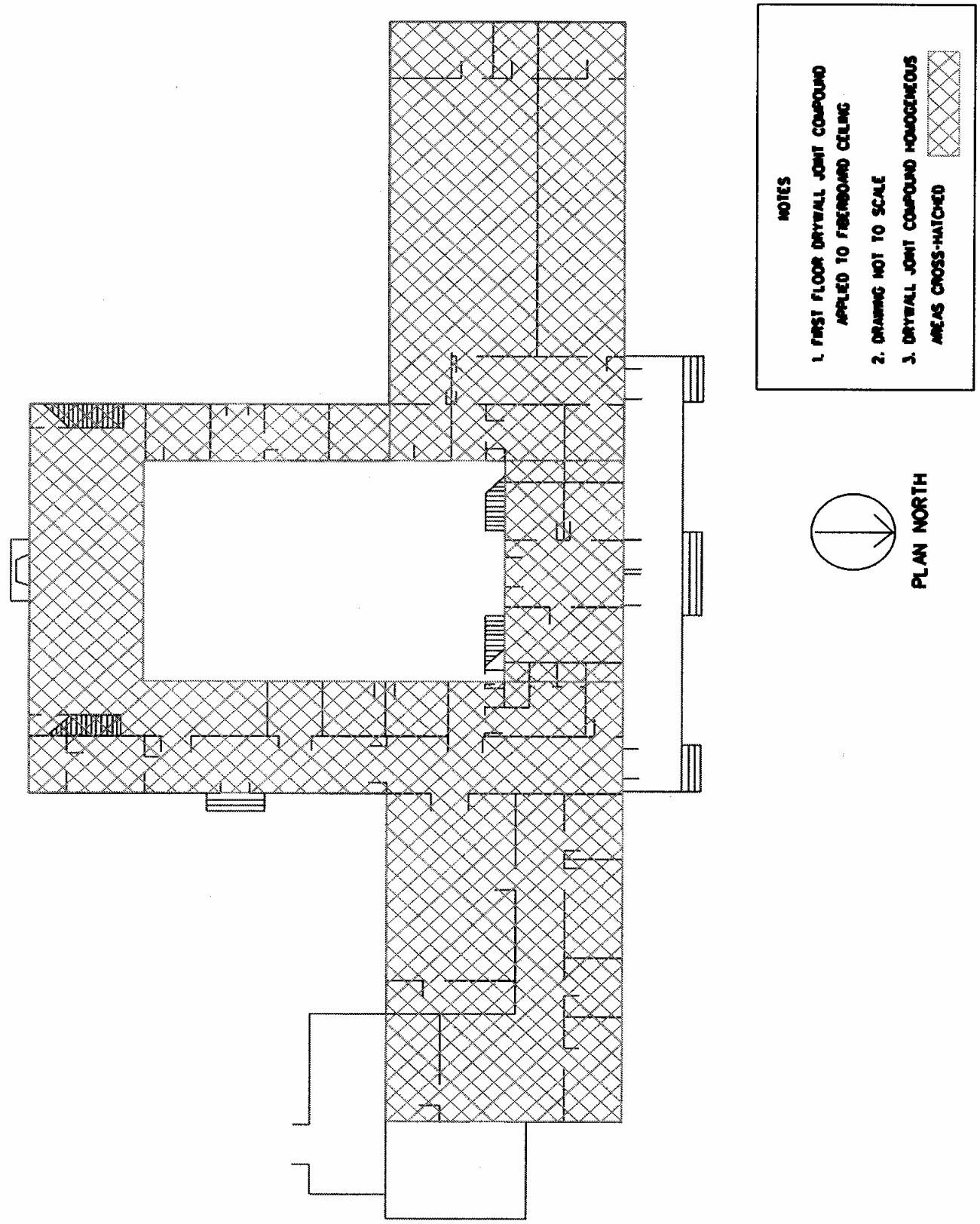

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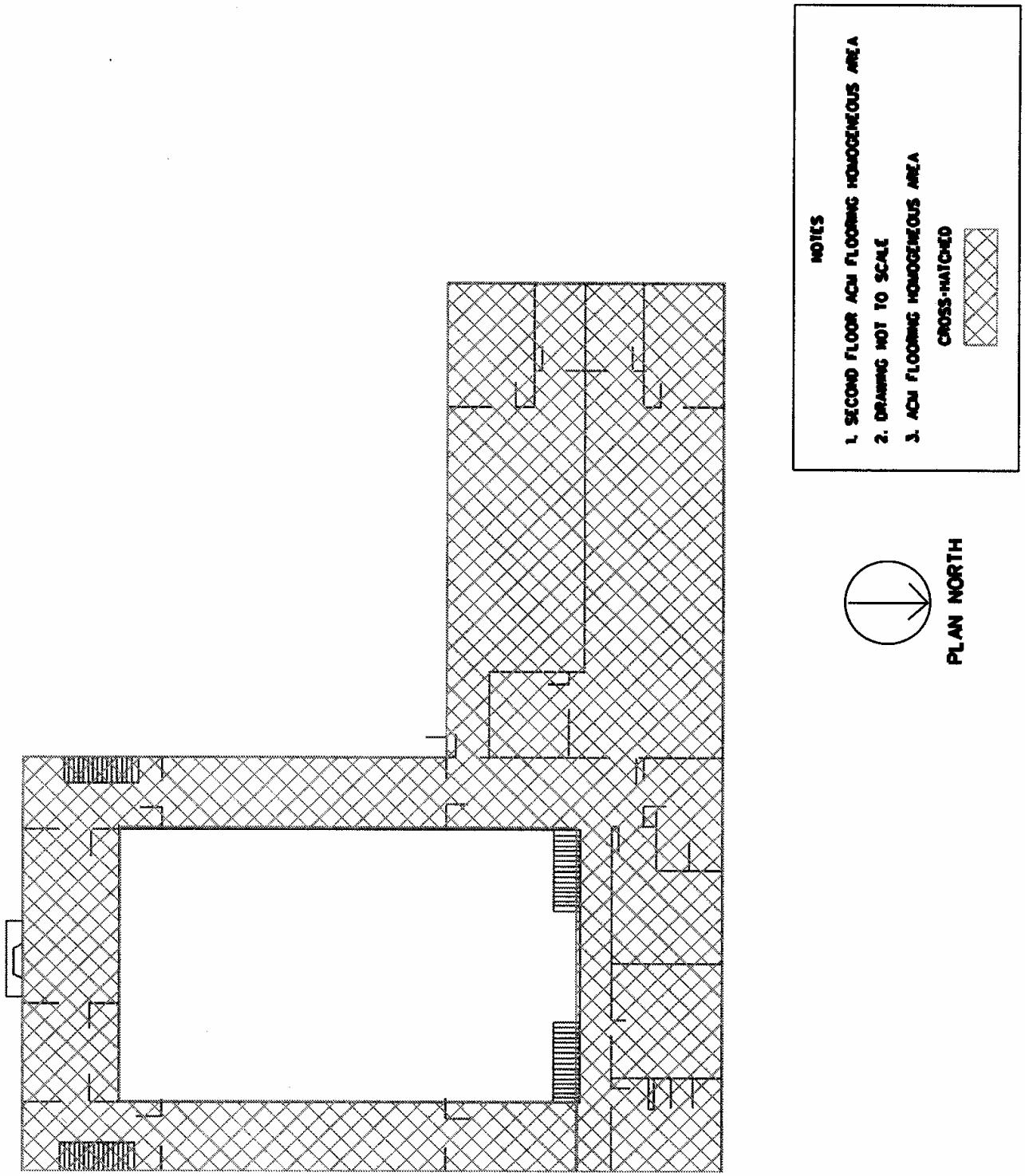

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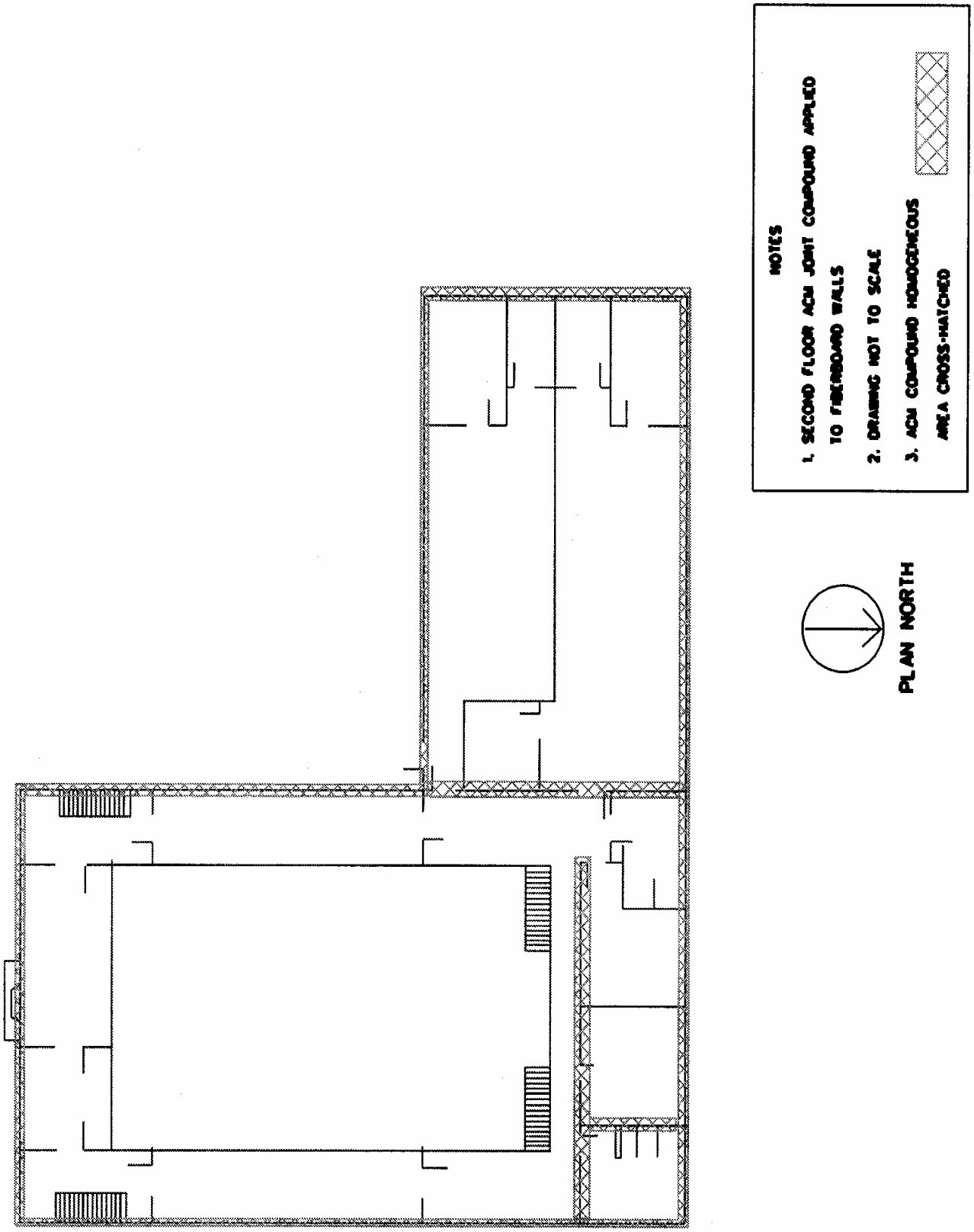

Figure 11

5 July 2001

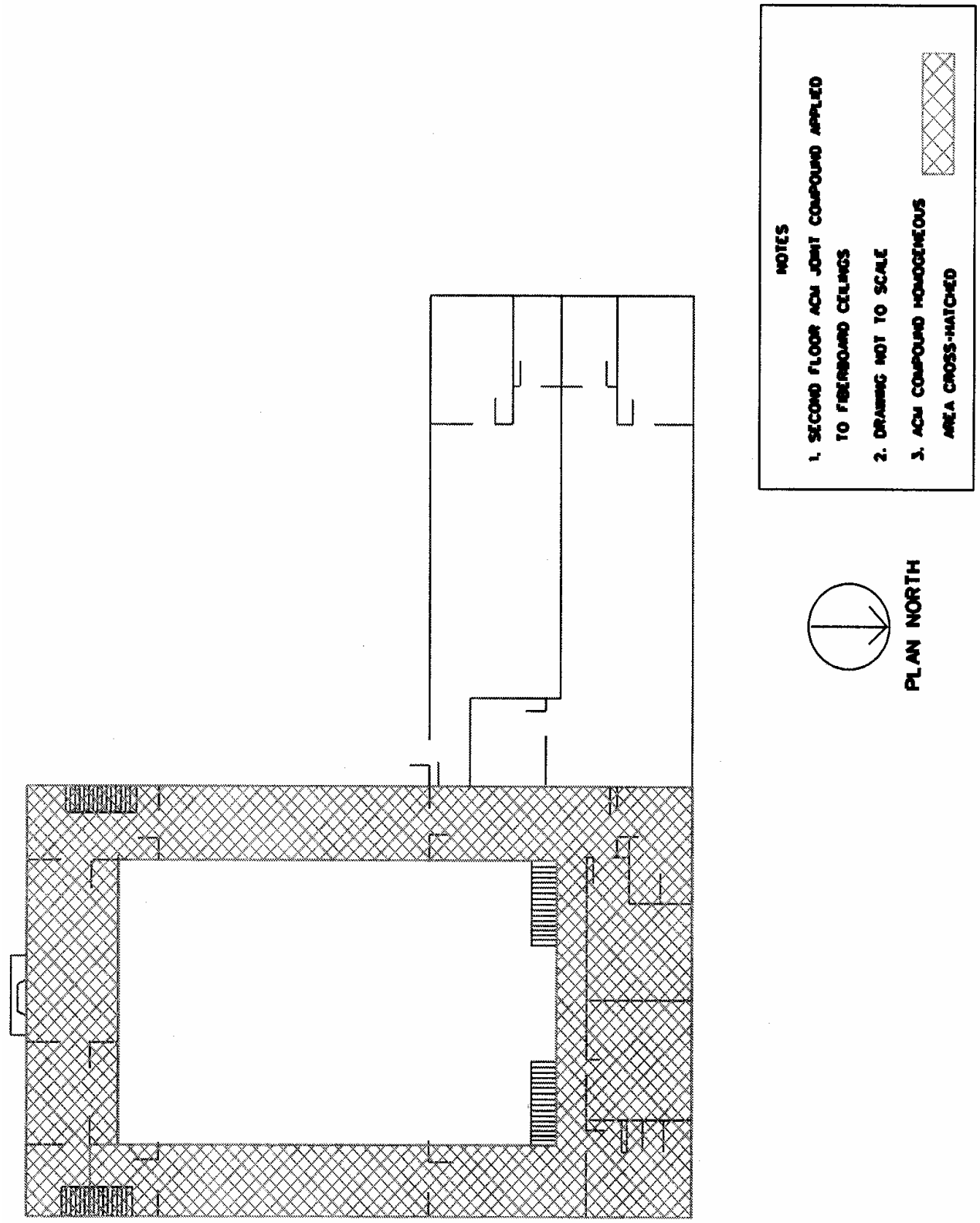

Figure 12

5 July 2001

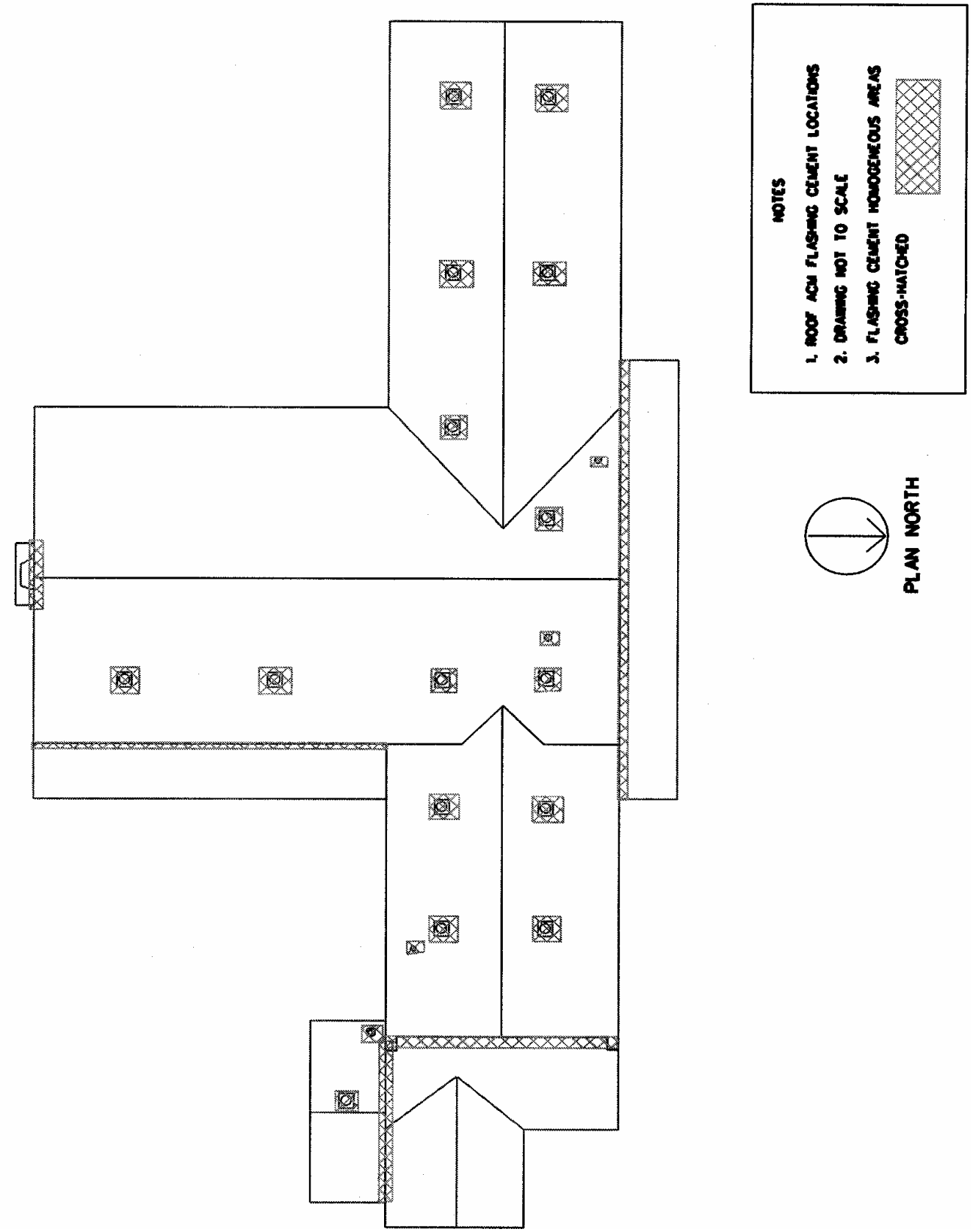

Figure 13

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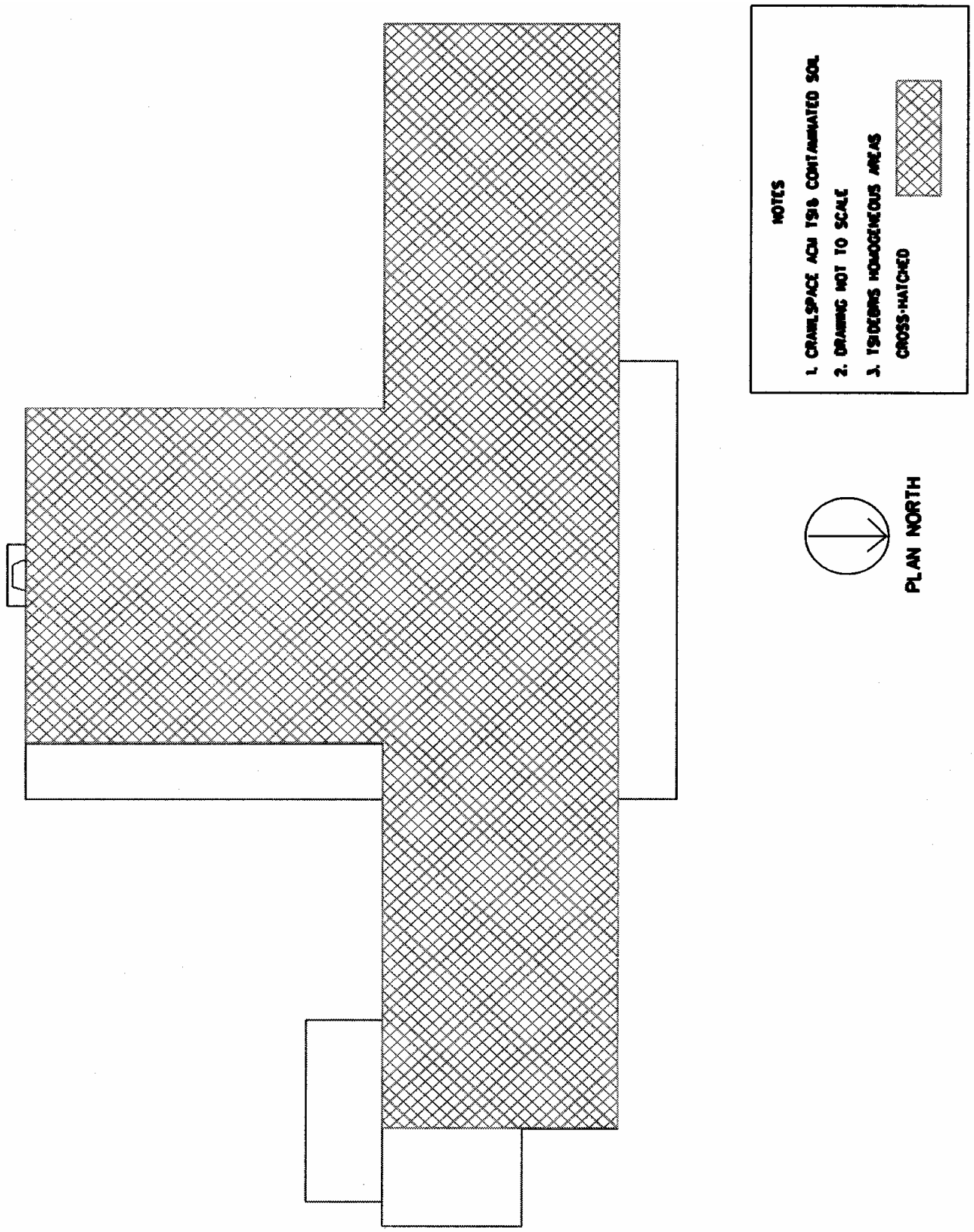


Appendix A

Analytical Report - Hygeia Laboratories, Inc.

HYGEIA LABORATORIES, INC.
1300 Williams Drive, Suite A - Marietta, Georgia 30066-6299 - (770) 514-6933, FAX (770) 514-6966

US Army Corp of Engineers
Environmental & Materials Unit
200 North Cobb Parkway
Bldg. 400, Ste. 404
Marietta, GA 30062

10/15/2002

Subject:
Hygeia Project Number: A0210038
Client Project Number/Name: 7639 /Ft. Gilem Bldg 841

Dear Mr. Tim Jones:

Enclosed are the analytical results of bulk samples submitted by you to this laboratory on 10/10/2002. All analyses were performed by polarized light microscopy (PLM) in accordance with the EPA method as defined in Perkins and Harvey, July 1993, "Methods for the Determination of Asbestos in Bulk Materials" 61pp. (EPA/600/R-93/116). The reported percentages are volume estimates obtained by calibrated visual estimation. The results in this report apply only to the items tested.

The EPA defines an asbestos containing material (ACM) as a material that is reported to contain greater than one percent asbestos. HYGEIA is only responsible for the accuracy of the analytical results provided in this report and cannot be held responsible for the errors resulting from improper sample collection techniques. This report may not be used to claim product endorsement by NVLAP or any other U.S. Government agency.

For nonhomogeneous samples, each layer was analyzed separately and the results combined to form the reported value except where otherwise noted. Vinyl floor tile samples with negative results by PLM should be submitted for confirmation by transmission electron microscopy (TEM). Friable samples containing less than 10% asbestos as determined by PLM may be resubmitted for point counting at your discretion.

Thank you for using our analytical services. HYGEIA Laboratories has been NVLAP accredited since 1988. Our current NVLAP code is 102087-0. We will keep a copy of this report on file for three years. We will dispose of your samples in 60 days unless you request that we return them. This report my be reproduced only in its entirety with the consent of Hygeia Laboratories, Inc. If you have any questions, please call us at (770) - 514-6933.

Sincerely,

Clayton Call
Asbestos Laboratory Manager

NVLAP#	102087-0
Texas Dept. of Health #	30-0232
Commonwealth of Virginia #	3333-000210

Hygeia Laboratories Inc.
1300 Williams Drive, Suite A
Marietta, GA 30066
(770) 514-6933

PLM Analysis Summary

Hygeia Project Number: A0210038
Client Project Number/Name: 7639 / Ft. Gilem Bldg 841

Analyzed: 10/10/2002 by WAS

Sample ID		Sample Description			Asbestos Percent					Other Fibers			Non - Fibers	
Client #	Hygeia #	Color	Texture	Homog.	Chr.	Am.	Cro.	An.	T/A	Cell.	Glass	OF	B/F	ONF
841-1-1	A0210038-01	Brown	Fibrous	Yes						70%			30%	

Comment: **No Asbestos Detected.**

Client #	Hygeia #	Color	Texture	Homog.	Chr.	Am.	Cro.	An.	T/A	Cell.	Glass	OF	B/F	ONF
841-1-2	A0210038-02	Brown	Cons.	Yes	7%								93%	

Comment: **Asbestos Detected.**

Client #	Hygeia #	Color	Texture	Homog.	Chr.	Am.	Cro.	An.	T/A	Cell.	Glass	OF	B/F	ONF
841-1-3	A0210038-03	Brown	Fibrous	Yes						70%			30%	

Comment: **No Asbestos Detected.**

Client #	Hygeia #	Color	Texture	Homog.	Chr.	Am.	Cro.	An.	T/A	Cell.	Glass	OF	B/F	ONF
841-1-4	A0210038-04	Brown	Fibrous	Yes						30%			70%	

Comment: **No Asbestos Detected.**

Client #	Hygeia #	Color	Texture	Homog.	Chr.	Am.	Cro.	An.	T/A	Cell.	Glass	OF	B/F	ONF
841-1-5	A0210038-05	Tan	Fibrous	Yes							70%		30%	

Comment: **No Asbestos Detected.**

Hygeia Project Number: A0210038
Client Project Number/Name: 7639 / Ft. Gilem Bldg 841

Analyzed: 10/10/2002 by CC

Sample ID		Sample Description			Asbestos Percent					Other Fibers			Non - Fibers	
Client #	Hygeia #	Color	Texture	Homog.	Chr.	Am.	Cro.	An.	T/A	Cell.	Glass	OF	B/F	ONF
841-1-6	A0210038-06	Gray	Fibrous	Yes						30%	10%	10%	50%	

Comment: **No Asbestos Detected.**

Client #	Hygeia #	Color	Texture	Homog.	Chr.	Am.	Cro.	An.	T/A	Cell.	Glass	OF	B/F	ONF
841-1-7	A0210038-07	Gray	Fibrous	Yes						30%	10%	10%	50%	

Comment: **No Asbestos Detected.**

Client #	Hygeia #	Color	Texture	Homog.	Chr.	Am.	Cro.	An.	T/A	Cell.	Glass	OF	B/F	ONF
841-1-8	A0210038-08	Gray	Powdery	Yes									100%	

Comment: **No Asbestos Detected.**

Client #	Hygeia #	Color	Texture	Homog.	Chr.	Am.	Cro.	An.	T/A	Cell.	Glass	OF	B/F	ONF
841-1-9	A0210038-09	Gray	Powdery	No	2%					8%			90%	

Comment: **Joint mud: 3% Chrysotile. Rest: NAD. Asbestos Detected.**

Client #	Hygeia #	Color	Texture	Homog.	Chr.	Am.	Cro.	An.	T/A	Cell.	Glass	OF	B/F	ONF
841-1-10	A0210038-10	Brown	Cons.	No	7%					13%			80%	

Comment: **Tile: 8% Chrysotile. Felt: NAD. Black mastic: 2% Chrysotile. Asbestos Detected.**

Hygeia Project Number: A0210038
Client Project Number/Name: 7639 / Ft. Gilem Bldg 841

Analyzed: 10/10/2002 by CC

Sample ID		Sample Description			Asbestos Percent					Other Fibers			Non - Fibers	
Client #	Hygeia #	Color	Texture	Homog.	Chr.	Am.	Cro.	An.	T/A	Cell.	Glass	OF	B/F	ONF
841-1-11	A0210038-11	Red	Cons.	No	8%								92%	

Comment: **Tile: 8% Chrysotile. Black mastic: <1% Chrysotile. Asbestos Detected.**

Client #	Hygeia #	Color	Texture	Homog.	Chr.	Am.	Cro.	An.	T/A	Cell.	Glass	OF	B/F	ONF
841-1-12	A0210038-12	Green	Powdery	Yes									100%	

Comment: **No Asbestos Detected.**

Client #	Hygeia #	Color	Texture	Homog.	Chr.	Am.	Cro.	An.	T/A	Cell.	Glass	OF	B/F	ONF
841-1-13	A0210038-13	Gray	Fibrous	Yes						30%	10%	10%	50%	

Comment: **No Asbestos Detected.**

Client #	Hygeia #	Color	Texture	Homog.	Chr.	Am.	Cro.	An.	T/A	Cell.	Glass	OF	B/F	ONF
841-1-14	A0210038-14	Gray	Fibrous	Yes						30%	10%	10%	50%	

Comment: **No Asbestos Detected.**

Client #	Hygeia #	Color	Texture	Homog.	Chr.	Am.	Cro.	An.	T/A	Cell.	Glass	OF	B/F	ONF
841-1-15	A0210038-15	Gray	Cons.	No	<1%								100%	

Comment: **Tile: NAD. Mastic: 10% Chrysotile. Asbestos Detected.**

Hygeia Project Number: A0210038
Client Project Number/Name: 7639 / Ft. Gilem Bldg 841

Analyzed: 10/10/2002 by WAS

Sample ID		Sample Description			Asbestos Percent					Other Fibers			Non - Fibers	
Client #	Hygeia #	Color	Texture	Homog.	Chr.	Am.	Cro.	An.	T/A	Cell.	Glass	OF	B/F	ONF
841-1-16	A0210038-16	Multi	Cons.	Yes	3%					20%			77%	

Comment: **Asbestos Detected.**

Client #	Hygeia #	Color	Texture	Homog.	Chr.	Am.	Cro.	An.	T/A	Cell.	Glass	OF	B/F	ONF
841-1-17	A0210038-17	Multi	Cons.	Yes						40%			60%	

Comment: **No Asbestos Detected.**

Client #	Hygeia #	Color	Texture	Homog.	Chr.	Am.	Cro.	An.	T/A	Cell.	Glass	OF	B/F	ONF
841-1-18	A0210038-18	White	Cons.	Yes									100%	

Comment: **No Asbestos Detected.**

Client #	Hygeia #	Color	Texture	Homog.	Chr.	Am.	Cro.	An.	T/A	Cell.	Glass	OF	B/F	ONF
841-1-19	A0210038-19	Gray	Cons.	Yes						20%			80%	

Comment: **No Asbestos Detected.**

Client #	Hygeia #	Color	Texture	Homog.	Chr.	Am.	Cro.	An.	T/A	Cell.	Glass	OF	B/F	ONF
841-1-20	A0210038-20	Brown	Fibrous	Yes						70%			30%	

Comment: **No Asbestos Detected.**

Hygeia Project Number: A0210038
Client Project Number/Name: 7639 / Ft. Gilem Bldg 841

Analyzed: 10/10/2002 by WAS

Sample ID		Sample Description			Asbestos Percent					Other Fibers			Non - Fibers	
Client #	Hygeia #	Color	Texture	Homog.	Chr.	Am.	Cro.	An.	T/A	Cell.	Glass	OF	B/F	ONF
841-1-21	A0210038-21	Black	Fibrous	Yes						30%			70%	

Comment: **No Asbestos Detected.**

Client #	Hygeia #	Color	Texture	Homog.	Chr.	Am.	Cro.	An.	T/A	Cell.	Glass	OF	B/F	ONF
841-1-22	A0210038-22	Brown	Cons.	Yes	<1%								100%	

Comment: **Tile: NAD. Mastic: 4% Chrysotile. Asbestos Detected.**

Client #	Hygeia #	Color	Texture	Homog.	Chr.	Am.	Cro.	An.	T/A	Cell.	Glass	OF	B/F	ONF
841-1-23	A0210038-23	White	Cons.	Yes									100%	

Comment: **Tile: NAD. Not enough mastic to analyze. No Asbestos Detected.**

Client #	Hygeia #	Color	Texture	Homog.	Chr.	Am.	Cro.	An.	T/A	Cell.	Glass	OF	B/F	ONF
841-1-24	A0210038-24	White	Cons.	Yes									100%	

Comment: **No Asbestos Detected.**

Client #	Hygeia #	Color	Texture	Homog.	Chr.	Am.	Cro.	An.	T/A	Cell.	Glass	OF	B/F	ONF
841-1-25	A0210038-25	Multi	Cons.	Yes	2%					48%			50%	

Comment: **Joint compound: 4% Chrysotile. Rest: NAD. Asbestos Detected.**

Sample ID		Sample Description			Asbestos Percent					Other Fibers			Non - Fibers	
Client #	Hygeia #	Color	Texture	Homog.	Chr.	Am.	Cro.	An.	T/A	Cell.	Glass	OF	B/F	ONF
841-1-26	A0210038-26	Gray	Powdery	No	2%					18%			80%	

Comment: **Joint mud: 3% Chrysotile. Rest: NAD. Asbestos Detected.**

Client #	Hygeia #	Color	Texture	Homog.	Chr.	Am.	Cro.	An.	T/A	Cell.	Glass	OF	B/F	ONF
841-1-27	A0210038-27	Gray	Cons.	No	3%								97%	

Comment: **Tile: 3% Chrysotile. Black mastic: NAD. Brown glue: NAD. Asbestos Detected.**

Client #	Hygeia #	Color	Texture	Homog.	Chr.	Am.	Cro.	An.	T/A	Cell.	Glass	OF	B/F	ONF
841-1-28	A0210038-28	Gray	Cons.	No	3%								97%	

Comment: **Tile: 3% Chrysotile. Black mastic: NAD. Brown glue: NAD. Asbestos Detected.**

Client #	Hygeia #	Color	Texture	Homog.	Chr.	Am.	Cro.	An.	T/A	Cell.	Glass	OF	B/F	ONF
841-1-29	A0210038-29	Gray	Powdery	Yes									100%	

Comment: **No Asbestos Detected.**

Client #	Hygeia #	Color	Texture	Homog.	Chr.	Am.	Cro.	An.	T/A	Cell.	Glass	OF	B/F	ONF
841-1-30	A0210038-30	Green	Cons.	Yes	<1%								100%	

Comment: **Tile: <1% Chrysotile. Mastic: 2% Chrysotile (small amount of mastic). Asbestos Detected.**

Hygeia Project Number: A0210038
Client Project Number/Name: 7639 / Ft. Gilem Bldg 841

Analyzed: 10/10/2002 by WAS

Sample ID		Sample Description			Asbestos Percent					Other Fibers			Non - Fibers	
Client #	Hygeia #	Color	Texture	Homog.	Chr.	Am.	Cro.	An.	T/A	Cell.	Glass	OF	B/F	ONF
841-1-31	A0210038-31	White	Cons.	Yes									100%	

Comment: **Tile: NAD. Mastic: Not enough to analyze. No Asbestos Detected.**

Client #	Hygeia #	Color	Texture	Homog.	Chr.	Am.	Cro.	An.	T/A	Cell.	Glass	OF	B/F	ONF
841-1-32	A0210038-32	Black	Cons.	Yes	7%					2%			91%	

Comment: **Tile: 7% Chrysotile. Black fibrous layer: 3% Chrysotile. Asbestos Detected.**

Client #	Hygeia #	Color	Texture	Homog.	Chr.	Am.	Cro.	An.	T/A	Cell.	Glass	OF	B/F	ONF
841-1-33	A0210038-33	N/A	N/A	N/A										

Comment: **No sample taken. Did not analyze.**

Client #	Hygeia #	Color	Texture	Homog.	Chr.	Am.	Cro.	An.	T/A	Cell.	Glass	OF	B/F	ONF
841-1-34	A0210038-34	Multi	Cons.	Yes	3%					10%			87%	

Comment: **Asbestos Detected.**

Client #	Hygeia #	Color	Texture	Homog.	Chr.	Am.	Cro.	An.	T/A	Cell.	Glass	OF	B/F	ONF
841-1-35	A0210038-35	White	Cons.	Yes									100%	

Comment: **No Asbestos Detected.**

Sample ID		Sample Description			Asbestos Percent					Other Fibers			Non - Fibers	
Client #	Hygeia #	Color	Texture	Homog.	Chr.	Am.	Cro.	An.	T/A	Cell.	Glass	OF	B/F	ONF
841-1-36	A0210038-36	Brown	Cons.	Yes	7%					10%			83%	

Comment: **Tile: 7% Chrysotile. Brown fibrous layer: NAD. Asbestos Detected.**

Client #	Hygeia #	Color	Texture	Homog.	Chr.	Am.	Cro.	An.	T/A	Cell.	Glass	OF	B/F	ONF
841-1-37	A0210038-37	Brown	Cons.	Yes	<1%								100%	

Comment: **Bag labeled as 841-2-37. Tile: NAD. Black mastic: 2% Chrysotile. Asbestos Detected.**

Client #	Hygeia #	Color	Texture	Homog.	Chr.	Am.	Cro.	An.	T/A	Cell.	Glass	OF	B/F	ONF
841-1-38	A0210038-38	Brown	Cons.	Yes	7%					10%			83%	

Comment: **Bag labeled as 841-2-38. Tile: 7% Chrysotile. Mastic: NAD. Asbestos Detected.**

Client #	Hygeia #	Color	Texture	Homog.	Chr.	Am.	Cro.	An.	T/A	Cell.	Glass	OF	B/F	ONF
841-1-39	A0210038-39	Multi	Cons.	Yes						30%			70%	

Comment: **Bag labeled as 841-2-39. No Asbestos Detected.**

Client #	Hygeia #	Color	Texture	Homog.	Chr.	Am.	Cro.	An.	T/A	Cell.	Glass	OF	B/F	ONF
841-1-40	A0210038-40	Multi	Cons.	Yes						40%			60%	

Comment: **Bag labeled as 841-2-40. No Asbestos Detected.**

Hygeia Project Number: A0210038
Client Project Number/Name: 7639 / Ft. Gilem Bldg 841

Analyzed: 10/10/2002 by WAS

Sample ID		Sample Description			Asbestos Percent					Other Fibers			Non - Fibers	
Client #	Hygeia #	Color	Texture	Homog.	Chr.	Am.	Cro.	An.	T/A	Cell.	Glass	OF	B/F	ONF
841-1-41	A0210038-41	Multi	Cons.	Yes	2%					48%			50%	

Comment: **Bag labeled as 841-2-41. Tile: 4% Chrysotile. Rest: NAD. Asbestos Detected.**

Client #	Hygeia #	Color	Texture	Homog.	Chr.	Am.	Cro.	An.	T/A	Cell.	Glass	OF	B/F	ONF
841-2-42	A0210038-42	Multi	Cons.	Yes						70%			30%	

Comment: **No Asbestos Detected.**

Client #	Hygeia #	Color	Texture	Homog.	Chr.	Am.	Cro.	An.	T/A	Cell.	Glass	OF	B/F	ONF
841-2-43	A0210038-43	Multi	Cons.	Yes	2%					38%			60%	

Comment: **Tile: 6% Chrysotile. Rest: NAD. Asbestos Detected.**

Client #	Hygeia #	Color	Texture	Homog.	Chr.	Am.	Cro.	An.	T/A	Cell.	Glass	OF	B/F	ONF
841-2-44	A0210038-44	White	Cons.	Yes									100%	

Comment: **No Asbestos Detected.**

Client #	Hygeia #	Color	Texture	Homog.	Chr.	Am.	Cro.	An.	T/A	Cell.	Glass	OF	B/F	ONF
841-2-45	A0210038-45	Brown	Cons.	Yes							80%		20%	

Comment: **No Asbestos Detected.**

Hygeia Project Number: A0210038
Client Project Number/Name: 7639 / Ft. Gilem Bldg 841

Analyzed: 10/10/2002 by WAS

Sample ID		Sample Description			Asbestos Percent					Other Fibers			Non - Fibers	
Client #	Hygeia #	Color	Texture	Homog.	Chr.	Am.	Cro.	An.	T/A	Cell.	Glass	OF	B/F	ONF
841-2-46	A0210038-46	Yellow	Cons.	Yes	2%					18%			80%	

Comment: **Asbestos Detected.**

Client #	Hygeia #	Color	Texture	Homog.	Chr.	Am.	Cro.	An.	T/A	Cell.	Glass	OF	B/F	ONF
841-R-47	A0210038-47	Black	Cons.	Yes									100%	

Comment: **No Asbestos Detected.**

Client #	Hygeia #	Color	Texture	Homog.	Chr.	Am.	Cro.	An.	T/A	Cell.	Glass	OF	B/F	ONF
841-R-48	A0210038-48	Black	Fibrous	Yes						80%			20%	

Comment: **No Asbestos Detected.**

Client #	Hygeia #	Color	Texture	Homog.	Chr.	Am.	Cro.	An.	T/A	Cell.	Glass	OF	B/F	ONF
841-R-49	A0210038-49	Black	Fibrous	Yes						80%			20%	

Comment: **No Asbestos Detected.**

Client #	Hygeia #	Color	Texture	Homog.	Chr.	Am.	Cro.	An.	T/A	Cell.	Glass	OF	B/F	ONF
841-R-50	A0210038-50	Black	Fibrous	Yes						80%			20%	

Comment: **No Asbestos Detected.**

Hygeia Project Number: A0210038
Client Project Number/Name: 7639 / Ft. Gilem Bldg 841

Analyzed: 10/10/2002 by CC

Sample ID		Sample Description			Asbestos Percent					Other Fibers			Non - Fibers	
Client #	Hygeia #	Color	Texture	Homog.	Chr.	Am.	Cro.	An.	T/A	Cell.	Glass	OF	B/F	ONF
841-R-51	A0210038-51	Black	Gummy	Yes	4%								96%	

Comment: **Silver layer: NAD. Rest: 4% Chrysotile. Asbestos Detected.**

Client #	Hygeia #	Color	Texture	Homog.	Chr.	Am.	Cro.	An.	T/A	Cell.	Glass	OF	B/F	ONF
841-R-52	A0210038-52	Black	Gummy	Yes							10%		90%	

Comment: **No Asbestos Detected.**

Client #	Hygeia #	Color	Texture	Homog.	Chr.	Am.	Cro.	An.	T/A	Cell.	Glass	OF	B/F	ONF
841-R-53	A0210038-53	Black	Gummy	Yes	5%					5%			90%	

Comment: **Asbestos Detected.**

Client #	Hygeia #	Color	Texture	Homog.	Chr.	Am.	Cro.	An.	T/A	Cell.	Glass	OF	B/F	ONF
841-R-54	A0210038-54	Black	Gummy	Yes	5%					5%			90%	

Comment: **Silver layer: NAD. Rest: 5% Chrysotile. Asbestos Detected.**

Client #	Hygeia #	Color	Texture	Homog.	Chr.	Am.	Cro.	An.	T/A	Cell.	Glass	OF	B/F	ONF
841-R-55	A0210038-55	Black	Gummy	Yes							10%		90%	

Comment: **No Asbestos Detected.**

Sample ID		Sample Description			Asbestos Percent					Other Fibers			Non - Fibers	
Client #	Hygeia #	Color	Texture	Homog.	Chr.	Am.	Cro.	An.	T/A	Cell.	Glass	OF	B/F	ONF
841-R-56	A0210038-56	Black	Gummy	Yes						40%			60%	

Comment: **No Asbestos Detected.**

Client #	Hygeia #	Color	Texture	Homog.	Chr.	Am.	Cro.	An.	T/A	Cell.	Glass	OF	B/F	ONF
841-R-57	A0210038-57	Black	Gummy	Yes						30%			70%	

Comment: **No Asbestos Detected.**

Client #	Hygeia #	Color	Texture	Homog.	Chr.	Am.	Cro.	An.	T/A	Cell.	Glass	OF	B/F	ONF
841-R-58	A0210038-58	Black	Gummy	Yes						50%			50%	

Comment: **No Asbestos Detected.**

Client #	Hygeia #	Color	Texture	Homog.	Chr.	Am.	Cro.	An.	T/A	Cell.	Glass	OF	B/F	ONF
841-R-59	A0210038-59	Black	Gummy	Yes							10%		90%	

Comment: **No Asbestos Detected.**

Client #	Hygeia #	Color	Texture	Homog.	Chr.	Am.	Cro.	An.	T/A	Cell.	Glass	OF	B/F	ONF
841-R-60	A0210038-60	Black	Gummy	Yes							10%		90%	

Comment: **No Asbestos Detected.**

Hygeia Project Number: A0210038
Client Project Number/Name: 7639 / Ft. Gilem Bldg 841

Analyzed: 10/10/2002 by WAS

Sample ID		Sample Description			Asbestos Percent					Other Fibers			Non - Fibers	
Client #	Hygeia #	Color	Texture	Homog.	Chr.	Am.	Cro.	An.	T/A	Cell.	Glass	OF	B/F	ONF
841-R-61	A0210038-61	Black	Fibrous	Yes							20%		80%	

Comment: **No Asbestos Detected.**

Client #	Hygeia #	Color	Texture	Homog.	Chr.	Am.	Cro.	An.	T/A	Cell.	Glass	OF	B/F	ONF
841-R-62	A0210038-62	Black	Fibrous	Yes							20%		80%	

Comment: **No Asbestos Detected.**

Client #	Hygeia #	Color	Texture	Homog.	Chr.	Am.	Cro.	An.	T/A	Cell.	Glass	OF	B/F	ONF
841-R-63	A0210038-63	Brown	Fibrous	Yes						80%			20%	

Comment: **No Asbestos Detected.**

abbreviations:

Chr. = **chrysotile**
Am. = **amosite**
Cro. = **crocidolite**
An. = **anthophyllite**
T/A = **tremolite/actinolite**

cell = cellulose
glass = fibrous glass
syn = synthetic
sty = styrene foam
det = detected

per = perlite
ver = vermiculite
MF = Mineral filler
B/F = Binder / filler
NAD = **No asbestos detected**

OF = Other Fibers
ONF = Other Non-Fibers
Cons = Consolidated

Appendix B

Sample Chain of Custody Forms

A0210038

ASBESTOS CHAIN OF CUSTODY - US ARMY CORPS OF ENGINEERS

Project: Ft. Gillem Bldg. 841	EMU Job No.: 7639
Samplers: Tim Jones	Analysis: PLM

DATE	FIELD ID	EMU ID	COMPONENTS / NOTES
10/8/2002	841-1-1	44556	Felt paper
10/8/2002	841-1-2	44557	Drywall joint compound
10/8/2002	841-1-3	44558	Fiberboard
10/8/2002	841-1-4	44559	Roofing debris (shingles and felt)
10/8/2002	841-1-5	44560	Ceiling insulation
10/8/2002	841-1-6	44561	Ceiling tile
10/8/2002	841-1-7	44562	Ceiling tile
10/8/2002	841-1-8	44563	Drywall joint compound
10/8/2002	841-1-9	44564	Fiberboard & joint compound
10/8/2002	841-1-10	44565	Floor tile
10/8/2002	841-1-11	44566	Floor tile
10/8/2002	841-1-12	44567	Floor leveling compound
10/8/2002	841-1-13	44568	Ceiling tile
10/8/2002	841-1-14	44569	Ceiling tile
10/8/2002	841-1-15	44570	Floor tile
10/8/2002	841-1-16	44571	Drywall joint compound
10/8/2002	841-1-17	44572	Gypsum wall board
10/8/2002	841-1-18	44573	Drywall joint compound
10/8/2002	841-1-19	44574	Floor leveling compound
10/8/2002	841-1-20	44575	Felt paper
10/8/2002	841-1-21	44576	Roofing debris (shingles and felt)
10/8/2002	841-1-22	44577	Floor tile

Relinquished By	Date	Time	Received By	Date	Time
Tim Jones	10/10/02	9:00AM	C. Cell	10/10/02	9:00AM

Comments: Fax results to Tim . 678-354-0330

A0240038

ASBESTOS CHAIN OF CUSTODY - US ARMY CORPS OF ENGINEERS

Project: Ft. Gillem Bldg. 841	EMU Job No.: 7639
Samplers: Tim Jones	Analysis: PLM

DATE	FIELD ID	EMU ID	COMPONENTS / NOTES
10/8/2002	841-1-23	44578	Floor tile
10/8/2002	841-1-24	44579	Drywall joint compound
10/8/2002	841-1-25	44580	Drywall joint compound
10/8/2002	841-1-26	44581	Drywall joint compound
10/8/2002	841-1-27	44582	Floor tile
10/8/2002	841-1-28	44583	Floor tile
10/8/2002	841-1-29	44584	Drywall joint compound
10/8/2002	841-1-30	44585	Floor tile
10/8/2002	841-1-31	44586	Floor tile
10/8/2002	841-1-32	44587	Floor tile
	841-1-33		No sample 33 taken
10/9/2002	841-1-34	44588	Drywall joint compound
10/9/2002	841-1-35	44589	Drywall joint compound
10/9/2002	841-1-36	44590	Floor tile
10/9/2002	841-2-37	44591	Floor tile
10/9/2002	841-2-38	44592	Floor tile
10/9/2002	841-2-39	44593	Sheet vinyl flooring
10/9/2002	841-2-40	44594	Drywall joint compound
10/9/2002	841-2-41	44595	Floor tile
10/9/2002	841-2-42	44596	Sheet vinyl flooring
10/9/2002	841-2-43	44597	Floor tile
10/9/2002	841-2-44	44598	Drywall joint compound

Relinquished By	Date	Time	Received By	Date	Time
Tim [illegible]	10/10/02	9:00AM	C. Cal	10/10/02	9:00AM

Comments: Fax results to Tim . 678-354-0330

OCT 14

ASBESTOS CHAIN OF CUSTODY - US ARMY CORPS OF ENGINEERS

Project: Ft. Gillem Bldg. 841	EMU Job No.: 7639
Samplers: Tim Jones	Analysis: PLM

DATE	FIELD ID	EMU ID	COMPONENTS / NOTES
10/9/2002	841-2-45	44599	Ceiling tile
10/9/2002	841-2-46	44600	Drywall joint compound
10/9/2002	841-R-47	44601	Roof shingle
10/9/2002	841-R-48	44602	Roof felt
10/9/2002	841-R-49	44603	Roof felt
10/9/2002	841-R-50	44604	Roof felt
10/9/2002	841-R-51	44605	Roofing cement
10/9/2002	841-R-52	44606	Rolled roofing
10/9/2002	841-R-53	44607	Roofing cement
10/9/2002	841-R-54	44608	Roofing cement
10/9/2002	841-R-55	44609	Roof shingle
10/9/2002	841-R-56	44610	Roof felt
10/9/2002	841-R-57	44611	Roof felt
10/9/2002	841-R-58	44612	Roof felt
10/9/2002	841-R-59	44613	Roof shingle
10/9/2002	841-R-60	44614	Built up roofing
10/9/2002	841-R-61	44615	Built up roofing
10/9/2002	841-R-62	44616	Built up roofing
10/9/2002	841-R-63	44617	Felt paper

Relinquished By	Date	Time	Received By	Date	Time
Tim Jones	10/10/02	9:00 AM	[illegible]	10/10/02	9:00 AM

Comments: Fax results to Tim . 678-354-0330

Appendix C

Certifications

The Environmental Institute

Tim Jones

Has completed coursework and satisfactorily passed

an examination that meets all criteria required for

EPA / AHERA (TSCA Title II) Approved Accreditation

and NESHAP Regulations Training

Asbestos in Buildings: Inspection and Assessment

February 10-12, 1997
Course Date

2360
Certificate Number

February 12, 1997
Examination Date

February 11, 1998
Expiration Date

William H. Spain - Course Director

Rachel G. McCain - Exam Administrator

TEI - 1300 Williams Drive, Suite E - Marietta, Georgia 30066 - (770) 427-3600

The Environmental Institute

Tim Jones

Has completed coursework and satisfactorily passed an examination that meets all criteria required for EPA/AHERA/ASHARA (TSCA Title II) Approved Reaccreditation and NESHAP Regulations Training

Asbestos in Buildings: Inspector Refresher

February 26, 2002
Course Date

7283
Certificate Number

February 26, 2002
Examination Date

February 25, 2003
Expiration Date

Thomas G. Laubenthal - Course Director

Rachel G. McCain - Exam Administrator

TEI - 1300 Williams Drive, Suite E - Marietta, Georgia 30066 - (770) 427-3600

United States Department of Commerce
National Institute of Standards and Technology

NVLAP®

ISO/IEC GUIDE 25:1990
ISO 9002:1987

Certificate of Accreditation

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE ★ UNITED STATES OF AMERICA ★

HYGEIA LABORATORIES, INC.

MARIETTA, GA

is recognized under the National Voluntary Laboratory Accreditation Program for satisfactory compliance with criteria established in Title 15, Part 285 Code of Federal Regulations. These criteria encompass the requirements of ISO/IEC Guide 25 and the relevant requirements of ISO 9002 (ANSI/ASQC Q92-1987) as suppliers of calibration or test results. Accreditation is awarded for specific services, listed on the Scope of Accreditation for:

BULK ASBESTOS FIBER ANALYSIS

March 31, 2003

Effective through

David F. Alderman

For the National Institute of Standards and Technology

NVLAP Lab Code: 102087-0

NVLAP-01C (11-95)

National Institute of Standards and Technology

NVLAP®

National Voluntary Laboratory Accreditation Program

ISO/IEC GUIDE 25:1990
ISO 9002:1987

Scope of Accreditation

BULK ASBESTOS FIBER ANALYSIS **NVLAP LAB CODE 102087-0**

HYGEIA LABORATORIES, INC.
1300 Williams Drive, Suite A
Marietta, GA 30066-6299
Mr. Clayton Call
Phone: 770-514-6933 Fax: 770-514-6966
E-Mail: call67@atc-enviro.com

NVLAP Code	*Designation*
18/A01	EPA-600/M4-82-020: Interim Method for the Determination of Asbestos in Bulk Insulation Samples

March 31, 2003

Effective through

David F. Alderman

For the National Institute of Standards and Technology

NVLAP-01S (11-95)

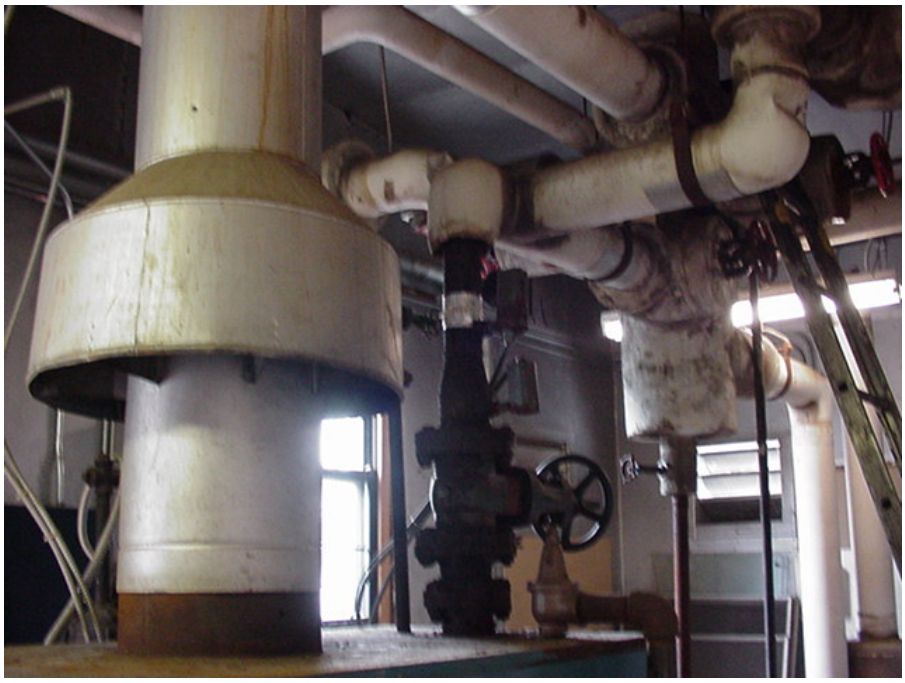
Appendix D

U.S. Army Corps
Of Engineers
Savannah District

U.S. ARMY CORPS OF ENGINEERS
ENVIRONMENTAL & MATERIALS UNIT
200 NORTH COBB PARKWAY
BUILDING 400, SUITE 404
MARIETTA, GA 30062

ASBESTOS SURVEY

BUILDING NO. 841
BOILER ROOM ONLY
FORT GILLEM, GEORGIA



ASBESTOS INSPECTION REPORT
FORT GILLEM MILITARY RESERVATION, GEORGIA
BOILER ROOM ONLY
BUILDING NO. 841

INTRODUCTION

1. This report documents the asbestos inspection and survey of Building No. 841 Boiler Room only at Fort Gillem, Georgia. The survey was conducted in accordance with the regulatory guidelines in the Asbestos Hazard Emergency Response Act (AHERA) (40 CFR Part 763 Subpart E Sections 763.80-763.88) and "Guidance for Controlling Asbestos-Containing Materials in Buildings" (Purple Book) (EPA publication number:(560/5-85-024

2. All accessible areas of Building No. 841 Boiler Room were visually inspected for suspected asbestos containing materials (ACM) by an accredited inspector. Bulk samples of all suspected ACM's were collected.

3. Hygeia Laboratories, Inc analyzed the bulk samples. Hygeia is accredited by the National Voluntary Laboratory Accredited Program (NVLAP Accreditation sponsored by the National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST)). The samples were analyzed by the accepted method of polarized light microscopy (PLM) using EPA's "Method for the Determination of Asbestos in Bulk Building Materials", EPA/600/R-93/116. Hygeia's analytical report is included in Appendix A.

4. In compliance with the AHERA regulations, material is considered an Asbestos Containing Material (ACM) when it contains greater than 1 (one) percent asbestos. Likewise, in this report, any material containing in concentrations greater than 1 percent asbestos will be considered "positive". A narrative discussion of the AHERA ACM types (i.e., thermal systems insulation, miscellaneous and surfacing materials) found in Building No. 841 Boiler Room is included in this report where applicable. Bulk sample information appears on Table 1. The specific location where each bulk sample was obtained is shown on the building floor plans, which appear as Plates. Positive ACM samples are highlighted on the floor plan Plates. Material characterization and quantity for positive samples appears as Table 2. It is reasonable to assume that materials similar to those testing positive, also contain positive amounts of asbestos and should be treated as such.

DISCUSSION

5. **Thermal Systems Insulation (TSI) –** TSI is insulation material applied to pipes, fittings, boilers, tanks, ducts, or for other interior structural components to prevent heat loss or gain, or water condensation, or for other purposes.

   Several types of TSI were found on piping in the boiler room and sampled. No TSI bulk sample taken contained any asbestos.

6. **Miscellaneous Materials –** Miscellaneous materials include building material on structural components, structural members or fixtures, such as floor and ceiling tiles, and do not include surfacing or TSI.

   In the past, there were a great number of miscellaneous building materials that had asbestos fibers added to them during the manufacturing process to increase durability and fireproofing qualities. The following suspect miscellaneous materials were sampled at Building No. 841 Boiler Room and found to contain asbestos.

Miscellaneous Others – (Refer to Table for specific information).

Heat shield board applied to the roof framing where the boiler stack penetrates the roof contains 15% chrysotile asbestos.

Summary

7. In summary, the following materials found at building No. 841 Boiler Room contain positive amounts of asbestos.

   Heat shielding board at boiler stack penetration through the roof contains asbestos.

Prepared by: _____
TIMOTHY A. JONES

Tables

TABLE 1
FORT GILLEM BLDG. 841 BOILER ROOM
SAMPLED SUSPECT ACM

FIELD ID	DESCRIPTION	LOCATION	ASBESTOS TYPE(%)
841-M-1	Silver painted sheetrock	Mechanical room wall	None
841-M-2	Unpainted sheetrock	Mechanical room wall	None
841-M-3	Unpainted sheetrock	Mechanical room wall, patches	None
841-M-4	Silver painted sheetrock	Mechanical room ceiling	None
841-M-5PR	TSI cloth wrapping and mastic	Over foam glass piping insulation	None
841-M-6PR	TSI, paper wrapped, brown powdery	HVAC piping	None
841-M-7PR	TSI, paper wrapped, brown powdery	HVAC piping	None
841-M-8PV	TSI cloth wrapping and mastic	Over foam glass piping insulation	None
841-M-9PF	TSI, white filler material	In voids in foam glass at pump	None
841-M-10PF	TSI cloth wrapping and mastic	Over foam glass piping insulation at pump	None
841-M-11PR	TSI, paper wrapped, brown powdery	HVAC piping	None
841-M-12PR	TSI, paper wrapped, brown powdery	HVAC piping	None
841-M-13PR	TSI, paper wrapping and mastic	HVAC piping	None
841-M-14PR	TSI cloth wrapping and mastic	Over foam glass piping insulation	None
841-M-15PR	TSI, paper wrapped, brown powdery	HVAC piping	None
841-M-16PR	TSI, paper wrapped, brown powdery	HVAC piping	None
841-M-17	**Heat shielding board**	**Ceiling framing at boiler stack penetration through roof**	**15% chrysotile**
841-E-18	Silver mastic and cloth wrap	Exterior, piping to chiller	None

Building materials testing positive for asbestos in **bold** type

TABLE 2

MATERIAL CHARACTERIZATION AND ASSESSMENT
BUILDING 841 BOILER ROOM
Ft. GILLEM GA.

MATERIAL		CHARACTERISTICS			ASSESSMENT	
Type	**Description**	**Asbestos yes/no/ assumed**	**Quantity (If ACM)**	**Friable Non-Friable**	**Condition**	**Disturbance Potential**
Miscellaneous	Heat shielding board at boiler stack roof penetration	Yes 15%	8 S.F.	Friable	Poor	Moderate, through routine maintenance operations

S.F. = Square Foot L.F. = Linear Foot Ea. = Each

Appendix 1

HYGEIA LABORATORIES, INC.
1300 Williams Drive, Suite A - Marietta, Georgia 30066-6299 - (770) 514-6933, FAX (770) 514-6966

USArmy Corps of Engineers
Environmental & Materials
200 N. Cobb Pkwy.Bldg.400
Ste.404 Marietta, GA 30062

07/24/01

Subject: PLM Analysis of Bulk Samples
HYGEIA Project Number: **39940**
Client Reference: **Ft. Gillem Bldg. 841 #7244**

Dear Mr. Jones :

Enclosed are the analytical results of bulk samples submitted by you to this laboratory on 07/03/01. All analyses were performed by polarized light microscopy (PLM) in accordance with the EPA method as defined in Perkins and Harvey, July 1993, "Methods for the Determination of Asbestos in Bulk Materials" 61 pp. (EPA/600/R-93/116). The reported percentages are volume estimates obtained by calibrated visual estimation. The results in this report apply only to the items tested.

The EPA defines an asbestos containing material (ACM) as a material that is reported to contain greater than one percent asbestos. HYGEIA is only responsible for the accuracy of the analytical results provided in this report and cannot be held responsible for errors resulting from improper sample collection techniques. This report may not be used to claim product endorsement by NVLAP or any other U.S. Government agency.

For nonhomogeneous samples, each layer was analyzed separately and the results combined to form the reported value except where otherwise noted. Vinyl floor tile samples with negative results by PLM should be submitted for confirmation by transmission electron microscopy (TEM). Friable samples containing less than 10% asbestos as determined by PLM may be resubmitted for point counting at your discretion.

Thank you for using our analytical services. HYGEIA Laboratories has been NVLAP accreditted since 1988. Our current NVLAP code is 102087-0. We will keep a copy of this report on file for three years. We will dispose of your samples in sixty days unless you request that we return them. If you have any questions, please call us at (770) 514-6933.

Sincerely,

Clayton Call

Clayton Call
Manager, Asbestos Laboratory

NVLAP # 102087-0
Texas Dept. of Health # 30-0232
Commonwealth of Virginia # 3333-000210

HYGEIA Laboratories Inc.
1300 Williams Drive, Suite A
Marietta, GA 30066
(770) 514-6933

PLM ANALYSIS SUMMARY

HYGEIA Project Number:39940
Client Project ID:Ft. Gillem Bldg. 841 #7244 **Analyzed 07/03/01 by JTC** **Page: 1**

Sample ID		Sample Description			Asbestos Percent					Other Fibers %			Non-Fibers %	
Client#	HYGEIA#	Color	Texture	Homog.	Chr.	Am.	Cro.	An.	T/A	Cell	Glass	Other	B/F	Other
841-M-1	291836	Gray	Layered	No						15%			85%	
Comments:**No asbestos detected.**														
841-M-2	291837	Gray	Layered	No						15%			85%	
Comments:**No asbestos detected.**														
841-M-3	291838	Gray	Layered	No						15%			85%	
Comments:**No asbestos detected.**														
841-M-4	291839	Gray	Layered	No						15%			85%	
Comments:**No asbestos detected.**														
841-M-5PR	291840	Brown	Consolid.	No						5%			95%	
Comments:**No asbestos detected.**														

abbreviations:

Chr. = chrysotile	cell = cellulose	per = perlite
Am. = amosite	glass = fibrous glass	ver = vermiculite
Cro. = crocidolite	syn = synthetic	MF = Mineral filler
An. = anthophyllite	sty = styrene foam	B/F = Binder/filler
T/A = tremolite/actinolite	det = detected	**NAD = No asbestos detected**

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HYGEIA Laboratories Inc.
1300 Williams Drive, Suite A
Marietta, GA 30066
(770) 514-6933

PLM ANALYSIS SUMMARY

HYGEIA Project Number:39940
Client Project ID:Ft. Gillem Bldg. 841 #7244 Analyzed 07/03/01 by JTC Page: 2

Sample ID		Sample Description			Asbestos Percent					Other Fibers %			Non-Fibers %	
Client#	HYGEIA#	Color	Texture	Homog.	Chr.	Am.	Cro.	An.	T/A	Cell	Glass	Other	B/F	Other
841-M-6PR	291841	Green	Foamy	Yes									100%	
Comments:No asbestos detected.														
841-M-7PR	291842	Green	Foamy	Yes									100%	
Comments:No asbestos detected.														
841-M-8PV	291843	Brown	Consolid.	No									100%	
Comments:No asbestos detected.														
841-M-9PF	291844	Tan	Consolid.	No							5%		95%	
Comments:No asbestos detected.														
841-M-10PF	291845	Tan	Consolid.	No							5%		95%	
Comments:No asbestos detected.														

abbreviations:

Chr. = chrysotile	cell = cellulose	per = perlite
Am. = amosite	glass = fibrous glass	ver = vermiculite
Cro. = crocidolite	syn = synthetic	MF = Mineral filler
An. = anthophyllite	sty = styrene foam	B/F = Binder/filler
T/A = tremolite/actinolite	det = detected	NAD = No asbestos detected

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HYGEIA Laboratories Inc.
1300 Williams Drive, Suite A
Marietta, GA 30066
(770) 514-6933

PLM ANALYSIS SUMMARY

HYGEIA Project Number:39940
Client Project ID:Ft. Gillem Bldg. 841 #7244 Analyzed 07/03/01 by JTC Page: 3

Sample ID		Sample Description			Asbestos Percent					Other Fibers %			Non-Fibers %	
Client#	HYGEIA#	Color	Texture	Homog.	Chr.	Am.	Cro.	An.	T/A	Cell	Glass	Other	B/F	Other
841-M-11PR	291846	Green	Foamy	Yes									100%	
Comments:No asbestos detected.														
841-M-12PR	291847	Green	Foamy	Yes									100%	
Comments:No asbestos detected.														
841-M-13PR	291848	White	Layered	No						10%			90%	
Comments:No asbestos detected.														
841-M-14PR	291849	Black	Foamy	No									100%	
Comments:No asbestos detected.														
841-M-15PR	291850	Green	Foamy	Yes									100%	
Comments:No asbestos detected.														

abbreviations:

Chr. = chrysotile	cell = cellulose	per = perlite
Am. = amosite	glass = fibrous glass	ver = vermiculite
Cro. = crocidolite	syn = synthetic	MF = Mineral filler
An. = anthophyllite	sty = styrene foam	B/F = Binder/filler
T/A = tremolite/actinolite	det = detected	NAD = No asbestos detected

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HYGEIA Laboratories Inc.
1300 Williams Drive, Suite A
Marietta, GA 30066
(770) 514-6933

PLM ANALYSIS SUMMARY

HYGEIA Project Number:39940
Client Project ID:Ft. Gillem Bldg. 841 #7244 Analyzed 07/03/01 by JTC Page: 4

Sample ID		Sample Description			Asbestos Percent					Other Fibers %			Non-Fibers %	
Client#	HYGEIA#	Color	Texture	Homog.	Chr.	Am.	Cro.	An.	T/A	Cell	Glass	Other	B/F	Other
841-M-16PR	291851	Green	Foamy	Yes									100%	
Comments:No asbestos detected.														
841-M-17PR	291852	Gray	Fibrous	No	15%								85%	
Comments:.														
841-E-18PR	291853	Gray	Fibrous	No						15%			85%	
Comments:No asbestos detected.														

abbreviations:

Chr. = chrysotile	cell = cellulose	per = perlite
Am. = amosite	glass = fibrous glass	ver = vermiculite
Cro. = crocidolite	syn = synthetic	MF = Mineral filler
An. = anthophyllite	sty = styrene foam	B/F = Binder/filler
T/A = tremolite/actinolite	det = detected	NAD = No asbestos detected

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US Army Corps of Engineers
Savannah District
Environmental & Materials Unit

Chain of Custody Record

Project Name: Ft. Gillem Bldg 841
SAI Acct # 5394
Job # 7244
TAT 24 hrs

Date	Time	Pres.	Gr	Cm	Site Code/Sample Number	No. of Containers	PLM					SAD No.	Matrix
7-2-01					841-M-1	1	✓					42102	suspect ACM
					841-M-2	1	✓					42103	
					841-M-3	1	✓					42104	
					841-M-4	1	✓					42105	
					841-M-5 PR	1	✓					42106	
					841-M-6 PR	1	✓					42107	
					841-M-7 PR	1	✓					42108	
					841-M-8 PV	1	✓					42109	
					841-M-9 PF	1	✓					42110	
					841-M-10 PF	1	✓					42111	

Sampler / Relinquisher by: (sig)	Date/Time	Received by: (sig)	Date/Time	Remarks:
Thelen Rattanapoy			7-3-01	
Relinquished by: (sig)	Date/Time	Received by: (sig)	Date/Time	
Relinquished by: (sig)	Date/Time	Received by: (sig)	Date/Time	

US Army Corps of Engineers
Savannah District
Environmental & Materials Unit

Chain of Custody Record

Project Name: Ft. Gillem Bldg 841
SAI Acct # 5394
Job # 7244
TAT 24 hrs

Date	Time	Pres.	Gr	Cm	Site Code/Sample Number	No. of Containers	PLM					SAD No.	Matrix
7-2-01					841-M-11PR	1	✓					42112	suspect ACM
					841-M-12PR	1	✓					42113	
					841-M-13PR	1	✓					42114	
					841-M-14PR	1	✓					42115	
					841-M-15PR	1	✓					42116	
					841-M-16PR	1	✓					42117	
					841-M-17	1	✓					42118	
					841-E-18	1	✓					42119	
												~~42120~~	
												~~42121~~	

~~Sampler~~ Relinquisher by: (sig) Thalen Pattaway	Date/Time 7-3-01	Received by: (sig)	Date/Time 7-3-01	Remarks:
Relinquished by: (sig)	Date/Time	Received by: (sig)	Date/Time	
Relinquished by: (sig)	Date/Time	Received by: (sig)	Date/Time	

Savannah District
Environmental and Materials Unit

US Army Corps of Engineers®

Hazardous Building Materials Survey

Building No. 841 Ft. Gillem, Georgia

Prepared by Timothy A. Jones

Approved for public release, distribution is unlimited

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The findings of this report are not to be construed as an official Department of the Army position, unless so designated by other authorized documents.

Hazardous Building Materials Survey **December 2002**

Building 841, Gillem, GA

by Timothy A. Jones

Final Report

Approved for public release; distribution is unlimited

Prepared for **US Army Corps of Engineers**
Savannah District

Hazardous Building Materials Survey Report

Introduction

Background

Building No. 841 is a two-story wood frame structure with wood siding covered with newer vinyl siding, a shingle roof system and a floor system that is part wood frame and part concrete slab on grade. The buildings current primary use is as an office building.

Description of study

Investigation

This report documents the hazardous building materials survey of Building No. 841 at Ft. Gillem, Georgia conducted on 8 October 2002 by USACE Savannah District employee Tim Jones. This survey was conducted in general accordance with the Statement of Services developed by Ray Willingham, USACE Savannah District, which includes the USAEHA guidance for demolition debris characterization by TCLP sampling.

Conclusions

The following information gathered during the survey of Building 841 is presented in attached information:

a. *Light Count:* The fluorescent and mercury vapor light count results are presented in Table 1.

b. *Lead Building Materials: Inspection* of the building revealed lead in the plumbing drain and vent piping system used as pipe joints and roof flashing. Details are outlined in Table 2.

c. *T*CLP *Lead Results:* Sampling of building components was performed as required and components were processed and mixed in the proper

percentages and given a sample identification of FGB 841 TCLP. TCLP analysis by Hygeia Laboratories indicates that lead is present at 1.0 mg/L, which is below the regulatory limit of 5mg/L for landfill disposal. Field sampling data including component type, color, TCLP mix percentage and approximate sampling location is presented in Table 3. Approximate locations of material sub-samples are indicated in the floor plans, Figure 1. A scanned copy of Hygeia's analytical report is included as Appendix A.

d. *Thermostats:* Two mercury-containing thermostats or switches were located in Building 841. Approximate locations are indicated on the building floor plan

e. *Compressed Refrigerant Gas:* One central air-conditioning system and fifteen window air conditioners were located in Building 841 that contain refrigerant gas that should be recovered prior to demolition.

List of Tables

Table 1. Fluorescent and Mercury Vapor Light Count 4

Table 2. Lead Building Components..... 4

Table 3. TCLP Sampling Details..... 5

List of Figures

Figure 1. FGB841o.dgn First Floor Plan TCLP Sampling Locations 6

Appendix

Appendix A. Analytical Report – Hygeia Laboratories, Inc.....7-11

Tables

TABLE 1
Ft. GILLEM BUILDING 841
FLORESCENT AND MERCURY LIGHT FIXTURES

AREA IDENTIFICATION	# & TYPE LIGHTS PRESENT	DESCRIPTION OF LIGHTS
Interior	6	4 foot long, 1 bulb florescent fixtures
Interior	98	4 foot long, 2 bulb florescent fixtures
Interior	87	4 foot long, 3 bulb florescent fixtures
Interior	62	4 foot long, 4 bulb florescent fixtures
Interior	13	Exit Lights
Interior	2	2 foot square, 2 bulb florescent fixtures
Exterior	2	1 foot square mercury vapor lamp

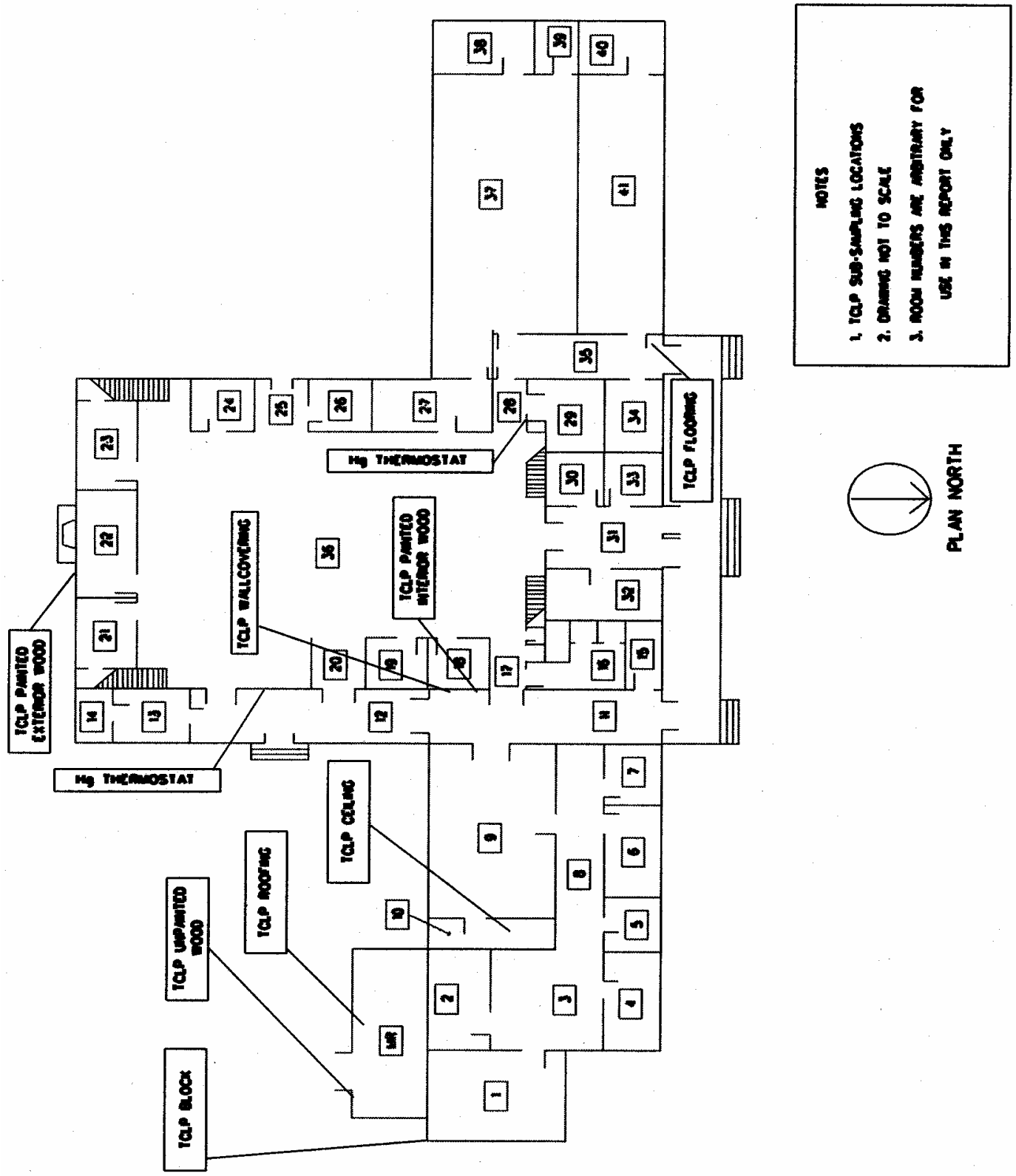
TABLE 2
Ft. GILLEM BUILDING 841
LEAD BUILDING COMPONENTS

BUILDING COMPONENT	DESCRIPTION	LOCATION	ESTIMATED NUMBER
Hot poured lead pipe joint	In plumbing drainage, waste and vent piping	Crawlspace and walls	150-200
Lead pipe flashing	Roof flashing	Roof	4

TABLE 3
Ft. GILLEM BLDG. 841
TCLP COMPOSITE SAMPLE COMPONENTS

BUILDING COMPONENT	DESCRIPTION	LOCATION	PERCENTAGE OF SAMPLE
Unpainted Wood	Wall framing	Mechanical Room	42%
Interior wall covering	Tan painted drywall	Room 11, Corridor	23%
Roofing Components	Green roof shingle	Roof	7%
Interior Floor Coverings	Blue carpet	Room 35, Corridor	8%
Block, Brick, Concrete	White painted block	Foundation	7%
Ceiling Material	1/2 brown fiberboard, 1/2 white ceiling tile	Room 10	7%
Painted Wood-Interior	Tan ¼ round ceiling trim	Room 11, Corridor	1%
Painted Wood-Exterior	White siding trim	Exterior, beside chimney	5%

Figure 1


NOTES
1. TCLP SUB-SAMPLING LOCATIONS
2. DRAWING NOT TO SCALE
3. ROOM NUMBERS ARE ARBITRARY FOR USE IN THIS REPORT ONLY
PLAN NORTH
TCLP FLOORING
Hg THERMOSTAT
TCLP PAINTED INTERIOR WOOD
TCLP WALLCOVERING
TCLP PAINTED EXTERIOR WOOD
Hg THERMOSTAT
TCLP CEILING
TCLP ROOFING
TCLP UNPAINTED WOOD
TCLP BLOCK

Appendix A

Analytical Report – Hygeia Laboratories, Inc

HYGEIA LABORATORIES, INC.

1300 Williams Drive, Suite A - Marietta, Georgia 30066-6299 - (770) 514-6933, FAX (770) 514-6966

Lab Project No. **M0210088**

Client Name: **US Army Corp of Engineers - Atlanta**
Contact: **Tim Jones**
Address: Environmental & Materials Unit
200 North Cobb Parkway
Bldg. 400, Ste. 404
Marietta, GA 30062
Project Name: **Fort Gillem Recruiting Brigade**
Project ID: 0396
Receipt Date: 10/9/2002

Case Narrative

1. The sample holding times were met for all analyses.
2. Where applicable, results & reporting limits are based on wet weight; dry weight calculations available.
3. The temperature of the sample cooler as received by the laboratory was room temperature.

Respectively Submitted:

Reviewed By: AWS

Hygeia Laboratories, Inc.

Sample Identification

Lab Sample #	Client Sample ID	Sample Supply	Collected
M0210088-01	FGB 704 TCLP	Other	10/8/02
M0210088-02	FGB 841 TCLP	Other	10/8/02

TCLP Lead Units: mg/L (ppm) Method #: **EPA_1311/6010B**
Matrix: Leachate Analysis Date: 10/15/2002 Prep Date: 10/10/2002 Analyst: SR
Lab Sample #: **M0210088-01** Client ID: **FGB 704 TCLP**

Analyte(s)	CAS #	Result	Report Limit	Flag Code
Lead	7439-92-1	2.5	0.5	

TCLP Lead Units: mg/L (ppm) Method #: **EPA_1311/6010B**
Matrix: Leachate Analysis Date: 10/15/2002 Prep Date: 10/10/2002 Analyst: SR
Lab Sample #: **M0210088-02** Client ID: **FGB 841 TCLP**

Analyte(s)	CAS #	Result	Report Limit	Flag Code
Lead	7439-92-1	1.0	0.5	

HYGEIA

NOTES:

- Results relate only to the samples tested as received (See Chain-of-Custody).
- BRL = "Below Reporting Limit"
- RL = "Reporting Limit"
- E = "Estimated Result"
- Dates are presented in the format "month/day/year"

Certifications

Alabama - Lab ID 40970; Arkansas; Connecticut - No. PH 0208; Delaware - GA040; Georgia - No. 804; Indiana - Lab ID C-GA-01
Kentucky - Lab ID 90053, UST - No. 0005; Louisiana; Maryland - No. 293; Massachussetts No. M - GA040; North Carolina - No. 409
Rhode Island, License No. 245; South Carolina - No. 98012001; Tennessee - Lab ID 02827; Virginia - Lab ID 00024
South Carolina - No. 98012; Tennessee - Lab ID 02827 (DW), UST Program; Virginia - Lab ID 0024

Accreditations

American Association for Laboratory Accreditation, A2LA - No. 330.01;
American Industrial Hygiene Association, AIHA - Lab ID 100649; NELAC - State of Florida DOH, No. E87257

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HYGEIA

US Army Corps of Engineers
Savannah District
Environmental & Materials Unit

Chain of Custody Record

M0210088

Project Name: Ft. Gillem Recruiting Brigade
SAI Acct # 5394
Job #
TAT 7 days

Date	Time	Pres.	Gr	Cm	Site Code/Sample Number	No. of Containers	TCLP Lead					SAD No.	Matrix
10-8-02	1600			✓	FGB 704 TCLP	2	✓					1A,B	Building Composite
↓	1645			✓	FGB 841 TCLP	1	✓					2A	

Relinquisher by: (sig)	Date/Time	Received by: (sig)	Date/Time	Remarks:
Sampler Tim Jones	10-9-02 0930	Jason Holliday	10/9/02 9:30	Must have by 10/17/02
Relinquished by: (sig)	Date/Time	Received by: (sig)	Date/Time	
Relinquished by: (sig)	Date/Time	Received by: (sig)	Date/Time	

APPENDIX H

INTERIOR DESIGN PRESENTATION FORMAT

US Army Corps
of Engineers
Savannah District

Interior Design Presentation Format

February 1999

U.S. ARMY ENGINEER DISTRICT, SAVANNAH
CORPS OF ENGINEERS
100 WEST OGLETHORPE AVENUE
SAVANNAH, GEORGIA 31401-3640

THE SAVANNAH DISTRICT'S MANUAL
FOR INTERIOR DESIGN PRESENTATION

SECTION	TITLE	PAGE
	PREFACE	2
	GOVERNMENT CONTRACTING TERMS	3-7
	PRESENTATION FORMAT	
1.	GENERAL NOTES	8
2.	TECHNICAL NOTES	9
3.	SIGNAGE	9-11
4.	SID/CID SUBMITTAL REQUIREMENTS	12-13
5.	SUBMITTAL MATRIX SUMMARY	14-16
6.	CID FURNISHINGS AND COST GUIDELINES	17-19
7.	PREWIRED AND SYSTEMS FURNITURE	19
8.	MANUFACTURER'S SUMMARY LIST	19
9.	FURNITURE LOCATION CODES	20
10.	FURNITURE ILLUSTRATION SHEET	20
11.	FURNITURE PLACEMENT PLAN	20
12.	ARTWORK SHEETS	21
13.	FURNITURE COST ESTIMATE	21
14.	ORDER FORMS	21
15	LETTER OF WAIVER	22
16.	HEALTH AND SAFETY	22
17.	CHECKLIST FOR SID	24-28
18.	CHECKLIST FOR CID	28-29
19.	LESSONS LEARNED	29-36
20.	SID/CID ILLUSTRATIONS	
	APPENDICES	
	A: ADA REQUIREMENTS	
	B: COMMANDERS' POLICY	
	C: UNICOR WAIVER	

THE SAVANNAH DISTRICT'S MANUAL
FOR INTERIOR DESIGN PRESENTATION FORMAT

A. This format is required in accordance with THE SAVANNAH DISTRICT DESIGN MANUAL section 10.8.9. and is developed in accordance with Air Force and Army interior design requirements for SID/CID submittals.

B. SID/CID PACKAGES RUN CONCURRENT WITH THE ARCHITECTURAL SUBMITTALS.

C. "Checklists for Reviews" and "Lessons Learned" are to be used to ensure all required information is included in the Contract Documents, the SID/CID presentation binders and to achieve customer satisfaction.

D. The General Contractor will not be receiving the 8 ½" X 11" SID/CID binders. Verify that all graphic illustrations such as carpet borders, ceramic tile patterns, accent color placement, millwork details and prewired furniture finished and details are on the contract drawings.

E. DO NOT REFERENCE THE SID/CID BINDERS IN THE CONTRACT DOCUMENTS.

F. THIS INFORMATION IS NOT OPTIONAL WHEN PRESENTING A SID/CID SUBMITTAL FOR REVIEW and FINAL DESIGN.

G. The Interior Design Point of Contact for the Savannah District is:

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers
ATTN: EN-DA/Peggy Roberson
100 W. Oglethorpe Avenue
Savannah, GA 31402-0889
COMM (912) 652-5544 FAX (912) 652-5891

GOVERNMENT CONTRACTING TERMS

ARMY	AIR FORCE	DEFINITION
MCA	**MILCON**	**MILITARY CONSTRUCTION** funds appropriated by Congress for new construction-fixed price contracts.
OMA	**O & M**	**OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE** funds provided to each installation by the Major Command and used for the day to day operations of the installation. These funds may be used for the renovation of existing buildings or for the purchase of furniture. Funds not spent to award a contract disappear at the end of the FY and cannot be recovered.
FY	**FY**	**FISCAL YEAR:** (A) October 1 through September 30 per the calendar. (B) If the project title begins with "FY-...." This identifies the year Congress will fund the Construction Contract Award.
PD	**PD**	**PROJECT DEFINITION:** A conceptual design of the proposed project (floorplans, elevations, cost estimate).
DD FORM 1391	**DD FORM 1391**	A programming document initiated by the installation; passed through the Major Command on to Congress for funding. The **1391** outlines basic needs for a proposed facility and an estimated cost to reach those needs.
JOC	**SABER**	**JOB ORDER CONTRACT** <u>**OR**</u> **SIMPLIFIED ACQUISITION OF BASE ENGINEERING REQUIREMENTS:** The installation's method to contract for repair work. Unit prices are agreed upon with a Contractor then individual job orders are negotiated for specific scopes of repair work.

GOVERNMENT CONTRACTING TERMS

ARMY	AIR FORCE	DEFINITION
CBD	**CBD**	**COMMERCE AND BUSINESS DAILY:** The federal government's "want ads". Advanced notice of contracting actions & requests for A-E Services.
IFB	**IFB**	**INVITATION FOR BID:** Standard contract procedures with clearly defined requirements, specifications and terms that are not negotiated. Any proposal prepared in response to an IFB must strictly adhered to the terms. Award is based on the lowest bid meeting the requirements and specifications.
RFP **RFQ**	**RFP** **RFQ**	A **REQUEST FOR PROPOSAL** is flexible in contrast to an IFB. It usually defines a problem and allows those who respond to the RFP to suggest a solution. A **REQUEST FOR QUOTES** is an informal request for price for standard item.
DESIGN BUILD	**DESIGN BUILD**	Using the RFP format, performance requirements are outlined; the Construction Contractor and A-E subcontractor are responsibility for the design of specifics to meet performance requirements.
APPENDIX A	**APPENDIX A**	The contractual scope of work for A-E contracts which outlines basic requirements including specific deliverables and the schedule of design submittals.
SF 254 & 255	**SF 254 & 255**	**STANDARD FORMS** to provide resume information to the government regarding the qualifications of A-E's responding to a CBD announcement.

GOVERNMENT SID/CID TERMS

ARMY	AIR FORCE	DEFINITION
SID	**SID**	**STRUCTURAL INTERIOR DESIGN:** Building related finishes; funded with MCA or MILCON dollars; Building Materials and finishes are purchased and installed by the General Contractor; a submittal with samples of proposed building materials being used on a particular project.
CID	**CID**	**COMPREHENSIVE INTERIOR DESIGN:** Furniture related; funded with OMA or O & M dollars: a submittal with furniture illustrations, fabric & finish samples, footprint plans, and furniture ordering information. Purchased by the installation and not by the General Contractor.
PREWIRED WORKSTATIONS	**PREWIRED WORKSTATIONS**	**PREWIRED WORKSTATION** is the term used to identify systems furniture purchased with MCA or MILCON funds. The designers will coordinate the footprint plans with the buildings systems and provide the plans and specifications in the contact documents. The General Contractor will purchase and install this furniture.
SYSTEMS FURNITURE	**SYSTEMS FURNITURE**	**SYSTEMS FURNITURE** is the term used to identify systems furniture purchased with OMA or O & M dollars. The designer will coordinate the footprint plans with the building systems and provide the plans in the contract documents for "information only." Procurement information will appear in the CID and will be purchased by the installation.

GOVERNMENT CID TERMS

ARMY	AIR FORCE	DEFINITION
FAR	**FAR**	**FEDERAL ACQUISITION REGULATIONS:** The laws outlining how the government buys products and services. Title 18 of the U.S.Code allows for direct purchase from UNICOR without competitive bids. (FAR) 8.6 identifies UNICOR as a mandatory procurement source to all federal agencies for products that meet the requirements of the ordering office.
FSS	**FSS**	**FEDERAL SUPPLY SCHEDULES** provides indefinite quantity contracts for commercial items at established prices for direct ordering use by government agencies. Address: Furniture Commodity Center (3FN-CO); Crystal Mall 4, RM 403, Washington DC 20406 (703) 305-5056.
UNICOR	**UNICOR**	**UNICOR** is the trade name for the Federal Prison Industries Inc (FPI) a wholly owned government corporation est. in 1934. UNICOR provides a variety of products and services to the Federal Government.
GSA FSC/FSG	**GSA FSC/FSG**	**GENERAL SERVICES ADMINISTRATION FEDERAL SUPPLY CLASSES FEDERAL SUPPLY GROUPS** are government contracts with private manufacturers that are fixed price, fixed MOL and fixed dates of expirations. GSA CENTRALIZED MAILING LIST SERVICE (7CAFL); PO BOX 6477 FT. WORTH, TX 76115 (817) 334-5215

TYPICAL GOVERNMENT TERMS

ARMY	AIR FORCE	DEFINITION
MOL	**MOL**	**MAXIMUM ORDER of LIMITATION:** GSA FSC/FSC contracts have a ceiling contract dollar amount that can be purchased from a vendor.
OPEN MARKET	**OPEN MARKET**	**OPEN MARKET** is the term indicating products that are not on a GSA contract.
ENVIRONMENTAL PRODUCTS GUIDE	**ENVIRONMENTAL PRODUCTS GUIDE**	GSA CATALOG SUPPLY ITEMS GSA CENTRALIZED MAILING LIST SERVICE (7CAFL); PO BOX 6477 FT. WORTH, TX 76115 (817) 334-5215
FSN 595B	**FSN 595B**	**FEDERAL STANDARD NUMBER 595B** A collection of standard colors used by the various departments or agencies. Colors have been classified in three categories: 1 is full gloss, 2 is semigloss and 3 is flat.
FSN 595B FAN DECK	**FSN 595B FAN DECK**	Standard colors are available in a booklet for under $10.00. Order number NSN 7690-01-162-2210 GSA Specification Unit (3F-BP-W) Seventh and D Sts SW Washington DC 20407

INTERIOR DESIGN PRESENTATION FORMAT

GENERAL NOTES

1. DEFINITIONS:

1.1 STRUCTURAL INTERIOR DESIGN (SID): Structural Interior Design is the term referring to the building related finishes. A SID shall involve the selection and sampling of all applied finishes necessary to complete the buildings' interior and exterior architectural features. If required, the SID shall also include all prewired workstation drawings and specifications. All SID information shall be presented in a 3-ring Binder, 8 1/2" x 11" format. The products sampled in the SID are to be purchased by the General Contractor and are MCA or MILCON funded.

1.2 COMPREHENSIVE INTERIOR DESIGN (CID): Comprehensive Interior Design is the term referring to the furniture related finishes. A CID shall involve the selection and sampling of all the furnishings components necessary to complete the interior environment. The CID shall generally include all free standing furnishings, accessories, Furniture Cost Estimate and generic Order Forms. The products illustrated in the CID are purchased by the installation and are OMA or O&M funded.

1.3 When a "CID Package" is required in the DD Form 1391 and/or the Appendix A, the A/E shall provide to the Government both the SID/ CID illustrated information in the required 8 1/2" x 11" format.

2. TECHNICAL NOTES:

2.1 SPECIAL REQUIREMENTS: The Interior Designer shall identify items in the SID or CID that require attachment to the building either by cutting or fitting. The Designer must prepare specifications and drawings for this service to be performed.

2.2 DISCLAIMER: Guide Specification 09915 Exterior/Interior Finish Schedule indicates all product trade names and colors used for the project. The nonproprietary declaimer indicated within this Guide Specification may also be located on the Finish Schedule of the Contact Drawings.

2.3 FEDERAL STANDARD 595b COLORS (FSN 595b): The use of the Federal Standard Colors is required when indicating exterior colors used on roofs and trim. The use of Federal Standard Colors is not required when indicating interior colors. EXCEPTION: Hurlburt Field, FL requires both exterior and interior paint colors to be indicated with the FSN 595b code.

2.4 CID FURNITURE RESOURCE: Every effort should be made to use UNICOR, GSA Stock or Federal Supply Schedule items. However, when the Interior

Designer determines CID items available on FSS/GSA contract or from UNICOR do not meet the functional requirements, or there is no current FSS/GSA/ UNICOR resource for a furniture requirement, a waiver to use an Open Market source is required. The Designer shall write a waiver/justification letter (Paragraph 15).

This letter shall be included in the CID Binder; attached to the required Order Form. The Government will process the waiver.

3. SIGNAGE:
Signage is critical to "pathway finding" and is to met the requirements indicated in the American With Disabilities Act unless directed by the client to do otherwise.

Indicate on separate signage drawings the typical plaque sizes, types locations, and the message for all signage. Submit a sample of the signage color in the SID.

4. SID/CID SUBMITTAL REQUIREMENTS

4.1 The Interior Designer shall be involved in all phases of the design in order to ensure customer satisfaction.

4.2 REVIEWS: During each phase of the project all SID/CID Binders shall be reviewed by the Government with written and annotated comments being issued back to the A/E. These annotated comments are to be incorporated into the next SID/CID Binder update. Written responses from the Interior Designer are to be included in the front inside pocket of the first volume of the SID Binder.

4.3 FORMAT: Submit all SID/CID information and samples on 8 1/2"x 11" color boards with a maximum spread of 25 1/2" for foldouts.

Each binder shall be labeled on the outside spine and front cover with the Phase %, SID or CID, Project title, Location, Date, and A/E firm. Indicate the volume number (example: Vol 1 of 3).

Each sheet shall be labeled with the Date, Project Tile, Location, A/E firm.

4.3.1 The color boards shall support and anchor all samples. Anchor large or heavy samples with mechanical fasteners or with velcro. Rubber cement or glue will not be acceptable.

4.3.2 Assemble the 8 1/2" x 11" pages and color boards in a 3-ring binder.

4.3.3 Material and finish samples must indicate true pattern, color and texture. Carpet samples must be large enough to indicate a complete pattern or design.

4.3.4 Photographs or colored photocopies of SID materials or CID fabrics will be disapproved.

Color photocopies of artwork are accepted.

4.4 REVISIONS: The Interior Designer shall revise the binders after each review to satisfy review comments. Printed information on existing pages can be updated with "white-out" for cost effective reasons. If the binders are not returned to the A/E for in-house update, the A/E may provide updated inserts to the Government.

4.5 RENDERINGS: Verify that renderings are a contract requirement. All renderings shall be provided by a professional illustrator.

4.6 BLACK AND WHITE SKETCHES: Verify that B&W Sketches are a contract requirement. If they are required, emphasize space relationships, furnishings, patterns and texture. One major area is to be illustrated and possibly used as a basis for the interior color rendering for the final design.

4.7 SEQUENCE: Organize the SID/CID Binder presentation according to the following sequence:

SEQUENCE OF SID SUBMITTAL

1. TITLE PAGE

2. TABLE OF CONTENTS

3. NARRATIVE OF INTERIOR DESIGN OBJECTIVES

4. EXTERIOR ELEVATION

5. EXTERIOR BUILDING MATERIAL LEGEND

6. EXTERIOR BUILDING MATERIAL COLOR BOARD

7. INTERIOR COLOR PLACEMENT PLAN
   (half size drawing or 8 1/2" X 11")

8. INTERIOR COLOR BOARDS (according color placement plan)

9. INTERIOR SIGNAGE COLOR BOARDS

10. PREWIRED WORKSTATION COLOR BOARDS

11. INTERIOR FLOOR PLANS

12. ROOM FINISH SCHEDULES

13. SIGNAGE PLANS

14. PREWIRED WORKSTATION COMPOSITE FLOOR PLANS

15. PREWIRED WORKSTATION PANEL PLANS

16. PREWIRED WORKSTATION ELECTRICAL/VOICE/DATA PLANS

17. PREWIRED WORKSTATION ELEVATION AND INVENTORY DRAWINGS

SEQUENCE OF CID SUBMITTAL

18. TITLE PAGE

19. TABLE OF CONTENTS

20. NARRATIVE OF INTERIOR DESIGN OBJECTIVES

21. PHOTO OF INTERIOR COLOR RENDERING (only if required by contract)

22. BLACK AND WHITE SKETCH PERSPECTIVE(only if required by contract)

23. COMPOSITE FURNITURE PLANS WITH CONVENTIONAL AND SYSTEMS FURNITURE (full size sheet 1/8" scale. Note: provide all systems furniture plans in the contact drawings and indicate "for information only." This is only if the user is buying and installing the systems furniture. Drawing requirements are the same as indicated in items 11-15 of the SID Sequence.

24. MANUFACTURE'S SUMMARY LISTS

25. FURNITURE LOCATION CODE INDEX

26. CONVENTIONAL FURNITURE PLACEMENT PLANS (1/4" scale)

27. CONVENTIONAL FURNITURE ILLUSTRATION SHEETS

28. ARTWORK ILLUSTRATION SHEETS AND PLACEMENT PLAN

29. ITEMIZED FURNITURE COST ESTIMATE

30. INTERIOR FURNISHING ORDER FORMS

31. LETTER OF JUSTIFICATION FOR WAIVER

5. SID/CID SUBMITTAL MATRIX SUMMARY

INTERIOR DESIGN SUBMITTALS RUN CONCURRENT WITH ARCHITECTURAL SUBMITTALS.

		DESIGN PHASE			
ITEM	DESCRIPTION	35%	65%	95%	100% RTA
1.	TITLE PAGE	X	X	X	X
2.	TABLE OF CONTENTS (SID)	X	X	X	X
3.	NARRATIVE (SID)	X	X	X	X
4.	EXTERIOR ELEVATION	X	X	X	X
5.	EXTERIOR MATERIAL LEGEND	X	X	X	X
6.	EXTERIOR COLOR BOARDS	X	X	X	X
7.	INTERIOR COLOR PLACEMENT PLAN	X	X	X	X
8.	INTERIOR COLOR BOARDS	X	X	X	X
9.	SIGNAGE COLOR BOARD	X	X	X	X
10.	WORKSTATION COLOR BOARDS	X	X	X	X
11.	INTERIOR FLOOR PLANS	X	X	X	X
12.	ROOM FINISH SCHEDULE	X	X	X	X
13.	SIGNAGE PLANS			x	X
14.	PREWIRED WORKSTATIONS COMPOSITE FLOOR PLANS	X	X	X	X
15.	PREWIRED WORKSTATION PANEL PLANS	X	X	X	X
16.	PREWIRED WORKSTATION ELECTRICAL/VOICE/DATA PLANS	X	X	X	X
17.	WORKSTATION ELEVATIONS AND INVENTORY DRAWINGS			X	X
18.	TITLE PAGE (CID)	X	X	X	X
19.	TABLE OF CONTENTS	X	X	X	X
20.	NARRATIVE	X	X	X	X
21.	PHOTO OF PROPOSED RENDERING TECHNIQUE (APPROVAL NEEDED)	X			
21a.	FINAL INTERIOR RENDERING			X	X

5. con't CID SUBMITTAL MATRIX SUMMARY

INTERIOR DESIGN SUBMITTALS RUN CONCURRENT WITH ARCHITECTURAL SUBMITTALS.

		DESIGN PHASE			
ITEM	DESCRIPTION	35%	65%	95%	100% RTA
22.	BLACK AND WHITE SKETCHES (ONE SHALL BE APPROVED FOR THE INTERIOR RENDERING).		X	X	X
23.	COMPOSITE AND SYSTEMS FURNITURE PLANS	X	X	X	X
24.	MANUFACTURER'S SUMMARY LIST			X	X
25.	FURNITURE LOCATION CODE (ONE MAJOR AREA)	X			
25A.	FURNITURE LOCATION CODES(ALL AREAS)		X	X	X
26.	FURNITURE PLACEMENT PLANS (ONE MAJOR AREA)	X			
26A.	FURNITURE PLACEMENT PLANS (ALL AREAS)		X	X	X
27.	FURNITURE ILLUSTRATION SHEETS (ONE MAJOR AREA)	X			
27A	FURNITURE ILLUSTRATION SHEETS (ALL AREAS)		X	X	X
28.	ARTWORK ILLUSTRATION SHEETS (PUBLIC AREAS ONLY, ARTWORK NOT REQUIRED IN PRIVATE OFFICES).			X	X
29.	ITEMIZED COST ESTIMATE		X	X	X
30.	FURNITURE ORDER FORMS (ONE MAJOR AREA)	X			
30A.	FURNITURE ORDER FORMS (ALL AREAS)			X	X
31.	LETTERS OF JUSTIFICATION.		X	X	X

6. TYPICAL CID FURNISHINGS AND COST GUIDELINES

6.1 CID FURNISHINGS

ADP tables/printer stands
Acoustical Partial Height Partitions 6' of less in height - freestanding
Artwork
Beds/wall units/ night stands/ chests/ refrigerators
Bedspreads/bedding
Bookcases
Bulletin board/ projection screens(If NOT attached to structure.)
Carts
Chairs - all kinds, including stools
Desks - freestanding
Drafting tables
Draperies
Files - all kinds
Library furniture - book stacks/card files/ study carrels
Modular desk units
Podium/ lecture stands
Systems furniture workstations (If not in SID)
Planters/art/waste & ash receptacles
Storage - all kinds
Tables - all kinds
Upholstered lounge seating (sofas, etc.)
Wardrobes

6.2 FURNISHINGS COST GUIDELINES

The figures are based on an Air Force FY 88 Costs Guide and an inflation factor of 5% per year should be included for subsequent years. These guidelines are for actual items (furniture, window treatments, accessories, etc.) and they do not include other associated cost such as contractor's overhead, profit and shipping.

Overseas Consideration: If local items are used prices may vary from country to country and may vary depending on the current exchange rates.

FACILITY TYPE	$/SQUARE FEET
Administration Space (Conventional Furn)	$ 7.00- $15.00
Administration Space (Systems Furn)	$33.00- *
Airmen Club (Not incl kitchen equip)	$14.00
Alert Facilities	$12.00
Auditorium	$35.00
Base Ops DV Lounge	$18.00

FACILITY TYPE	$/SQUARE FEET
Billeting Office	$15.00
Chief Suite (Billeting)	$17.00
Child Development Center	$13.00
Classroom	$20.00
Clinic/Dental Clinic (not incl equip)	$35.00
Conference Room	$18.00
Dining Facility (incl kitchen equip)	$35.00-$45.00
Dining Facility (not inclu kitchen equip)	$15.00
DV Suite (Billeting)	$24.00
Flight Training Center	$30.00
Family Housing Office	$14.00
Golf Clubhouse	$12.00
Intelligence Training Center	$30.00
Medical Training Center	$30.00
Package Store	$28.00
NC Officer Mess (Not incl Kitchen equip)	$17.00
Officer Open Mess (Not incl Kitchen equip)	$17.00
Recreation Center	$11.00
Transient Living Facility	$15.00
Unenlisted Personnel Housing	$16.00*
Visiting Airman Quarters	$13.00
Visiting Officers Quarters	$16.00*
Yacht Clubhouse	$12.00
Youth Center	$12.00

FACILITY TYPE	$/SQUARE FEET
*UNIT BUDGET GUIDES	
Admin Space (Systems Furn)	1994 price ($4,000/per workstation incl instal(ergo chair $350.00)
1988 Price	
Billeting Office/Lobby	$14,000-$16,000 refinish existing. $35.0000-50,000 for new
Distinguished Visitor Suite	$15,000 per one bedroom suite $20,000 per two bedroom suite $37,000 per 2/3 bedroom apartment
Transient Living Facility One Bedroom, Living/Dining 525 sq feet (new construction)	$15,000 per standard unit
Dorms	
Unaccompanied Enlisted Personnel Housing	$2,500-$3,500 Per person
UOPH	$ 7,000 per single unit
VAQ	$ 6,000 per double occupancy.
VOQ	$ 5,000 per single occupancy $ 8,000 per single Suite. $11,000 per double Suite.

PARAGRAPHS 7-15 EXPLAIN THE FORMAT REQUIRED FOR THE FOLLOWING:

7. PREWIRED AND SYSTEMS FURNITURE WORKSTATIONS
8. MANUFACTURE'S SUMMARY LIST
9. FURNITURE LOCATION CODES
10. FURNITURE ILLUSTRATION SHEETS
11. FURNITURE PLACEMENT PLANS
12. ARTWORK
13. FURNITURE COST SUMMARY
14. ORDER FORMS
15. LETTER OF WAIVER JUSTIFICATION

7. PREWIRED AND SYSTEMS FURNITURE

7.1 General

Prewired and or systems furniture workstations shall be designed with generic components and work surfaces that are typically sold by various manufacturers of systems furniture. Indicate on the contract drawings one manufacture's name and finishes as a bases for design. This will provide a general of range colors for competitive bid purposes.

Indicate in the Guide Specifications 12640 Prewired Workstations, the fabric width, fiber content, and construction method. DO NOT INDICATE A VENDOR IN THE SPECIFICATIONS. INDICATE A VENDOR ONLY ON THE DRAWINGS.

7.2. COMPOSITE FLOOR PLAN

A Composite floor plan shall show the all panels, components and free-standing furniture in relationship to the building and the building systems such as light switches and mechanical devices.

7.3. PANEL PLAN

The panel plan shall indicate a panel symbol legend, all panel placements, critical dimensions of aisles widths and critical dimensions in relation to the building's structure and the building's electrical/mechanical system devices and the panels. Each panel shall be noted as follows:

N (non-power) Width (in feet) Height (in inches)
or
P (power)

Example: a non-powered panel 2 feet wide and 68 inches high will be noted on the plan N 2 68

7.4 ELECTRICAL, VOICE AND DATA PLAN

The Electrical, voice and data plans shall indicate all panel placements, a symbol legend, and all receptacles used in each workstations. This plan shall also indicate the height and location of the building's light switches and building's mechanical control devices like thermostats. Provide a general note that on the "PREWIRED WORKSTATION plans" are to be coordinated with the Communication and Mechanical Engineering Plans.

7.5 ELEVATION AND INVENTORY PLAN

The Elevation and inventory drawings shall illustrate each typical workstation in elevation form with a related inventory list of all panels and components used to build the typical. The inventory list shall be generic in description.

7.6 FINISHES

It is suggested when selecting finishes for prewired workstations that only two (2) fabric colors be used: one color for all panels and one color for tackboards. A third color can be used as a means of "wayfinding" for large open office projects.

7.7 COST

The average cost of a prewired workstation is $4000.00. Do not exceed this average cost figure or the project will be rejected. Verify line item 10 in the 1391 for a line item total cost of the prewired workstations appropriated for the project.

7.8 WORKSTATION LOCATION CODE

Each and every workstation will be identified on each plan with a single alpha identification code to indicate the "Typical". For example all like reception stations are "A" and like offices are "B". Every workstation shall have a "room number" that is separate and apart from the fixed room numbering system. This is to provide consistent workstation identification throughout all drawings. An example would be "A-100" "B-101" "B-102" "B-103".

7.9 PREWIRED WORKSTATION PACKAGE ITEMS

1. Panels

1.1 Acoustical/nonacoustical
1.2 Powered/nonpowered
1.3 Connecting hardware

2. Components

2.1 Work surfaces
2.2 Drawers
2.3 Shelves(with doors/ without doors)
2.4 Files (lateral, panel hung/ bins)
2.5 Task Lights/special purpose
2.6 Counter tops
2.7 Drafting surface

3. Accessories

3.1 Tackboards
3.2 Locks
3.3 Shelf dividers
3.4 Reader Stand
3.5 Paper flow devices
3.6 Marker boards

3.7 Computer turntable
3.8 Printer stand
3.9 Coat rack
3.10 Wire guides

4. Signage

4.1 Organization signs
4.2 Workstation name signs

8. MANUFACTURER'S SUMMARY LIST

Provide a summary of all the manufactures' used in the CID package. Manufactures name, address, phone, fax and Point of Contact is to be included.

9. FURNISHINGS LOCATION CODE

This CODE is assigned by the interior designer to each conventional furnishing item indicated in the CID. Use of this code is important for quick reference between Order Forms, Furniture Illustrations, and Placement Plans.

The first letter of the code is a GENERAL CATEGORY
EXAMPLE:
A - Accessories
B - Book storage
C - Chairs

The second number of the code is a SPECIFIC CATEGORY

1 - Plant (7' height in brass container)
2 - Clocks, Peter Pepper, #0000 Color Blue
3 - Wastebaskets, FSS, Color Black
4 - Chalkboard: Egan Visual, Oak

OVERALL EXAMPLE: C1, C2 and C3

C - CHAIRS

1 - Guest chair, Knoll, #1234, Color: #12 Red
2 - Ergo Chair, Knoll Bulldog, 1233, Color: #34 Blue
3 - Stacking Chair, Fixtures, Bola, 1234, Color #12 Multi

10. FURNITURE ILLUSTRATION SHEET

A Furniture Illustration Sheet is a pictorial example with finish samples o a single product specified for the CID. Only one product is illustrated per page.

The Furniture Illustration Sheet shall have the following information:

1. A Picture or line drawings of the product specified.

2. A Location Code to Key the specified product to the Footprint Plan and the Furniture Placement Plan.

3. A Sample of the product's finishes.

4. Recap quantity of illustrated item listed by room number
   (e.g. 4 ea. Room 104 Commander
   3 ea. Room 103 Receptionist)

5. Job name, Job Location, Date.

11. FURNITURE PLACEMENT PLAN

A Furniture Placement Plan consist of one room broken out from the Composite Furniture Plan which identifies each furniture component placed in that room. All rooms shown on the Composite Furniture Plan shall be illustrated in the Furniture Placement Plan section. The Furniture Placement Plans shall be drawn at a 1/4" scale. Large rooms/areas shall be drawn at 1/8" scale.

Each Furniture Placement Plan shall contain the following:

1. 1/4" Scale Drawing showing room and furniture.

2. Location Code and quantity of each item specified per room.

3. Name and Number of Room

4. Job Name , Job Location, Date.

The Composite Furniture Plan shall be a full size contract drawing with location codes. Half sizes will not be acceptable for review.

12. ARTWORK ILLUSTRATIONS SHEETS AND PLANS

The Artwork Illustrations Sheets shall have a pictorial example of the artwork with mat colors. Color photos copies are accepted.

Full size drawings of the Artwork Plan are to show plan placement of artwork and an elevation for all the artwork showing placement height and installation instructions.

Each Artwork sheet shall have the following:

1. A Picture of the proposed artwork.

2. Location Code

4. Room Name and Number that artwork will be displayed in.

5. Job name, Job Number, Date.

6. Mounting height and installation instructions.

13. ITEMIZED FURNITURE COST ESTIMATE

The itemized furniture cost estimate sheets list all furnishings, indicate quantities, unit costs and grand totals. The Cost Estimate is organized according to UNICOR and GSA Source/Schedules. The Cost estimate will also include a general 10% contingency and 7% installation. Because some items will include freight in the price, note that freight charges are not included.

14. FURNITURE ORDER FORM

The Furniture Order Forms indicate all information necessary to order products specified in the CID. Only one product shall be listed per page.

Organize and separate the Order Forms according to the Sources and GSA Schedules to coordinate with the Itemized Furniture Cost Estimate. Do not organize forms according to the Locations codes.

15. LETTER FOR WAIVER/JUSTIFICATION

FOR CID ITEMS THAT REQUIRE A JUSTIFICATION, SUCH AS OPEN MARKET ITEMS FOLLOW THE FORMAT EXAMPLE AND ATTACH IT TO THE APPROPRIATE ORDER FORM. See Appendix "C" for UNICOR Waiver information.

JUSTIFICATION FOR ACOUSTICAL PANELS
December 15, 1994

1. REQUESTING ACTIVITY: U.S. Army Corps of Engineers
EN-DA/Peggy Roberson
100 W. Oglethorpe Avenue
Savannah, GA 31402-0889

2. POINT OF CONTACT: Peggy Roberson
(912) 652-5144

3. REQUIREMENTS: To provide acoustical and visual control through a cost effective and timely means. The panels will separate and define workstations for 7 individuals representing 5 engineering disciplines. These individuals are located in 1,470 sq. ft. of open area.

4. PROPOSED SOLUTION: To purchase portable, acoustical panels 62 inches high and various widths from XYZ manufacture. This manufacturer delivers and installs within 30 days from the date they received the order. See the attached order form for stock number, dimensions, colors and manufacturers.

5. UNICOR WAIVER: Market research indicates that the Federal Prison Industry does not supply this type of portable panel.

6. TRIANGLE/INTANGIBLE BENEFITS: The tangible benefits to be gained from this purchase will be an enhancement of employee morale and productivity due to the reduction of sound and visual disturbances currently found in this open space.

7. IMPACT IS REQUEST IS NOT APPROVED: Employee morale will drop, which could impact performance.

8. ESTIMATED DATE ITEMS ARE REQUIRED: ASAP but no later than 30 days.

16. HEALTH AND SAFETY CRITERIA

16.1 PROVIDE PROTECTION AGAINST PERSONAL INJURY AND DEATH FROM:

16.1.1 FALLS

* ASTM D-2047-Test for Slip Resistance of Hard Surfaces

16.1.2 CHEMICAL EMISSIONS
16.1.3 ELECTRONIC EMISSIONS
16.1.4 MICROBIAL CONDITIONS

NOTE: 16.1.2, 16.1.3, and 16.1.4 are not defined by code at the present. OSHA has a proposed regulation in relation to indoor air quality standards. It is currently in the review phase. It is not in

16.1.5 FIRE (Interior Finishes and Furnishings)

* ASTM-E-84-Steiner Tunnel Test.

* NFAP-701-Standard method of Fire Test for Flame Resistant Textiles and Films.

* NFPA-705-Field flame Test for Textiles and Films

* FF 1-70-Standard for the Surface Flammability of Carpet and Rugs (Methenamine Pill Test)

* NFPA 80-Fire Test of Door and Windows

* NFPA 253-Flooring Radiant Panel Test

* NFPA 258-Research Test method for Determining Smoke Generation of Solid Materials.

* NFPA 259-Potential Heat of Building Materials

* NFPA 260 Methods of Tests and Classification System for Cigarette Ignition Resistance of Components

* NFPA 261- Method of Test for Determining Resistance of Mock-up Upholstered Furniture Material Assemblies to Ignition by Smoldering Cigarettes.

* NFPA 264- A Standard Test Method of Test for Heat Release Rates for Upholstered Furniture Components or Composites and Mattresses Using an Oxygen Consumption Calometer.

* NFPA 267- Standard on Mattress, subjected to Open Flame Ignition, Using a Large-Scale Oxygen Consumption Calorimeter.

* UL-1056- Fire Test of Upholstered Furniture

* TB 133- Flammability Test Procedure For Seating Furniture for Use in Public Occupancies. State of California Bureau Home Furnishings.

* TB 117- (Section A though E) Test Procedures for Testing the Flame Retardance of Resilient Filling Materials used in Upholstered Furniture.

16.2 PROVIDE FURNISHINGS AND EQUIPMENT WITH ANTHROPOMORPHIC FIT AND STABILITY

* ANSI/BIFMA X5.6-86 Standard for office Furnishings.

16.3 PROVIDE GLARE-FREE ILLUMINATION OF WORK SURFACES
* ANSI E-97

16.4 PROVIDE ACCEPTABLE REFLECTANCE LEVELS

* ASTM E-97-IES

16.5 PROVIDE FOR USE AND MAKE ACCESSIBLE TO PHYSICALLY DISABLED

* American Disabilities Act: ASTM 117.1
* Uniform Federal Accessibility Standards

16.6 PROVIDE SAFE AND SWIFT EGRESS FROM INTERIOR SPACES

* NFPA 101 Fire Safety Code-94
* National Building Code, BOCA
* Standard Building Code
* Uniform Building Code, ICBO

16.7 PROVIDE ACOUSTIC CONTROL
* Airborne sound: ASTM C 423, PBS C.1
* Speech Privacy: SPP, Speech Privacy Potential
* Impact sound transmission: ASTM C 423-66, PBS C-2

17 CHECKLIST FOR SID REVIEWS

17.1 GENERAL

The Checklists are used to ensure that SID/CID binders and all contact drawings and specifications are complete and will meet customer approval.

17.2 CHECKLISTS FOR SID BINDERS

The correct organization of the SID Binder is important to ensure a rapid and accurate evaluation of the submittal and to ensure all the information provided in the binders appears in the contract documents. The SID binder shall include the information in the order indicated in paragraphs 4 and paragraph 5 Submittal Matrix Summary 1-17.
17.2.1 CHECKLIST FOR SID NARRATIVE

Review the statement of DESIGN OBJECTIVES. Design Objectives are to indicate the proposed building materials, color scheme and the philosophy for the selection each. When applicable the design narrative shall discuss Energy Efficiency, Safety, Maintenance, Durability, Image and Occupant Morale.

17.2 CHECKLIST FOR EXTERIOR COLOR LEGEND AND COLOR BOARDS

Exterior Colors are often dictated by the Installation's Design Guidance. In these instances, the Federal Standard 595b paint colors may be referenced for factory finished items. See examples below.

Metal Roof Federal Standard 595b 0000

17.2.2 REVIEW QUESTIONS

1. Are all exterior materials labeled and properly identified?

2. Do all exterior materials and finishes meet standard Installation Design Guidance requirements?

3. Are there any miscellaneous exterior materials and finishes that need to be listed and sampled in the SID Binder OR indicated in Guide Specifications OR contract drawings?

4. Are all the exterior materials sampled in SID Binder and indicated on Finish Schedule?

5. Are all exterior materials indicated on Finish Schedule sampled in SID Binder?

17.3 CHECKLIST FOR SID INTERIOR COLOR SCHEME AND COLOR BOARDS: Review the architectural finish samples for an orderly arrangement on 8 1/2" x 11" color boards according to like rooms/areas receiving like finishes. Each color board will be noted as a COLOR SCHEME. Each Color Board shall consist of a material sample board and a material legend board.

17.3.1 Each Color Scheme shall be properly identified:
[The following information should be on the lower portion of each sheet]

a. Project title
b. Location
c. Date
d. A/E Firm

17.3.2 Each material legend shall have written identification of materials in the order as follows:

1. Alpha Code
2. Material
3. Manufacturer
4. Color name
5. Color Number

The material legend identification shall be consistent with the material legend found in the Exterior and Interior Finish Guide Specification or in the contract drawings. Without exception all rooms and areas shall be identified and their finishes shown.

* The general contractor will not be receiving the SID binders therefore all finishes and their placement must be on the contract drawings or in the Guide Specifications.

17.4 CHECKLIST FOR INTERIOR COLOR SCHEME

17.4.1 SID REVIEW QUESTIONS

COLOR SCHEME

1. What basic color scheme is used?
   a. Monochromatic
   b. Analogous plus complement accent
   c. Complementary
   d. Split Complementary
   e. Triadic

2. Is there a basic neutral color for all walls?

3. Does the color scheme create a sense of order?

4. Are accent colors appropriate in hue value and intensity to create interest? Do they overpower the space?

5. Are Accent Colors clearly indicated on the contract drawings?

6. Are the colors placed to create a "visual balance" throughout the building?

7. Do the Accent colors assist with "pathway finding"?

GENERAL FINISHES

1. Do finishes offer variety in appearance?(soft, hard, smooth, rough, dull, gloss, matte)

2. Do selected finishes enhance the architectural lines of the building?

3. Are materials, finishes,and colors appropriate for the surfaces they will be covering?

4. Are walls painted [Gloss] [Semi-Gloss] [eggshell]? (Flat Latex wall paint is not durable for interior walls.)

5. Do the interior finishes reflect and reinforce the appropriate image for the facility?

6. Is the flooring selected for all areas appropriate in color pattern, texture and scale?

7. Does color and pattern in Carpet/Carpet Tile relate to scale and size of room?

8. Will Carpet/ Carpet Tile color and pattern hide soil and wear path?
9. Are window treatments compatible with architectural detailing?

10. Will window treatment and its installation cause unnecessary wear or abrasion?

11. Are finishes selected creative in use and placement?

12 Will there be acoustical problems because of the materials selected? (A balance of Reflective and Absorptive surfaces is necessary)

13. Will all colors, materials, and finishes retain their appearance long-term?

14. Are all interior finishes labeled and properly identified?

15. Do all interior finishes meet standard codes requirements?

16. Are there any miscellaneous interior finishes and materials that need to be listed, sampled and specified?

17. Are all interior materials sampled in SID Binder listed on the Finish Schedule?

18. Are all materials listed on the Finish Schedule sampled in the SID Binder?

19. Are there any treatments such as bordered carpets, or multi-color ceramic tile borders that need to be illustrated in plans but are not?

20. Are all SID finishes specified according to the quality to ensure quality and performance?

PREWIRED WORKSTATIONS

1. Do the prewired workstations and specifications coordinate to fully cover all the information required for bidding, and installation of the product?

2. Have all the required contract drawings as indicated in paragraph 5 of the Submittal Summary Matrix been provided?

17.4.2 CHECKLIST FOR SAFETY:

Do all finishes selected shall meet code requirements and are appropriate in color, texture, and pattern to insure the well being of the inhabitants?

17.4.3 FACILITY SIGNAGE REVIEW QUESTIONS

1. Is the signage listed on a separate plan and indicated correctly in the specifications?

2. What type face is specified? Does it meet approved standards?

3. Is Symbol Signage used in lieu of Printed identification for restrooms?

4. Are Signs flexible so that names and rooms can be changed easily?

5. Are Signage colors and samples in the SID?

For additional reference on signage refer to Sign Standards relative to the Department of Defense.

18.5. CHECKLIST FOR CID BINDER LAYOUT

The CID Binder is the most detailed of all binders submitted because of the numerous components specified ,priced, and illustrated. The correct organization of the CID Binder is important to insure a rapid and accurate review of the building's furniture components and their relationship to the architecture and it's finishes. The CID Binder shall include the information in the order indicated in paragraph 5 Submittal Matrix Summary items 18-31.

18.5.1 CHECKLIST FOR CID NARRATIVE: Review the statement of DESIGN OBJECTIVES explaining the CID interior design philosophy of the facility. Design Objectives and the proposed method of accomplishing the objectives shall cover, when applicable, the furnishings and their relationship to the building and it's inhabitants, energy, efficiency, safety, health, maintenance, image, personal performance of occupants and functional flexibility.

18.5.2 CID REVIEW QUESTIONS

1. Does the layout of the CID Binder follow the TABLE OF CONTENTS format indicated in paragraph 4.7 and 5?

2. Are all pages properly identified?

3. Are all samples labeled and identified?

4. Are there any miscellaneous components shown on the Footprint Plan that are not shown in the CID Binder?

5. Are there any miscellaneous components shown in the CID Binder that are not reflected on the FURNITURE PLACEMENT PLANS?

CHAIRS

1. Is the chair appropriate for the task?

2. Is the style of the chair in keeping with the overall theme of the building and other components selected?

3. Is the chair scaled correctly for the space it occupies?

4. Are chair costs appropriate for the project?(ERGO $300-350)

5. Is the finish of the chair interesting and in harmony with the elements surrounding it?

6. Are all chairs listed on the composite Footprint Plan, Furniture Placement Plans, Illustration Sheets, Location Code and Order Forms?

DESK

1. Is the desk appropriate for the task?

2. Is the style of the desk in keeping with the overall theme of the building and other components selected?

3. Is the desk too large for the space it occupies?

4. Are the desk costs appropriate for the project?

5. Is the finish of the desk interesting and in harmony with the elements surrounding it?

6. Are all desks listed on the composite Footprint Plan, Furniture Placement Plan, Location Code and Cost Estimate, Furniture Illustration Sheet,and Order Form?

COST ESTIMATES and ORDER FORMS

1. Are cost estimates correct?

2. Are Order Forms completed and accurate?

18.5.3 CHECKLIST FOR SAFETY

1. In the placement of furniture, is emergency egress considered?

2. In the placement of furniture, is consideration given to the requirements for the handicapped. (Reference: Uniform Federal Accessibility Standards and ADA).

19. LESSONS LEARNED

Lessons Learned are for information only and to eliminate lost effort in the development of SID/CID submittals. Lessons learned are from both Air Force and Army projects.

Experience has taught that generally neutral interior environments with color accents used appropriately in SID finishes and all CID finishes provide the best "look" for a government facility. The common sense approach to all projects is the most cost effective way to achieve customer satisfaction.

Interior Design Solutions are important to the treatment and housing of a personnel. If leaders expect excellence in people, the environment in which they are housed should not be created on a whim or by individuals not technically educated and experienced in creating such environments.

Although interior environments cannot motivate people to excel they can provide a background that creates a functional opportunity for them to excel.

The Mobile District considers a quality interior design environment to be one that meets the followings ten (10) objectives:

1. COMPLETE COORDINATION BETWEEN CONTACT DRAWINGS AND SPECIFICATIONS. THE LACK THEREOF IS A POTENTIAL SOURCE OF LIABILITY.

2. The use of durable, easily maintained finishes that support "good housekeeping".

3. Appropriate use of accents colors that are easy to "live with" and cost effectively removed when updating the "look".

4. Spaces that are planned to support life safety.

5. Spaces that meet the functional needs of the user. Maximize flexibility for future change in both SID and CID plans.

6. Furnishing selected that support personal performance and personal health.

7. Appropriate use of All the design elements (Landscape, Architecture and Interior Design)to support "path wayfinding" "up to" and within the facility.

8. Accurate documentation of all the contract documents(SID) and procurement documents (CID).

9. Finishes and furniture selected that meet government procurement regulations.

10. Customer satisfaction.

19.1 EXTERIOR FINISHES

1. Exterior SID: The Exterior building finish materials, colors and signage shall be in accordance with the Master Plan/Installation Design Guide of the installation on which the project is being constructed.

2. Verify with each installation what their current standard exterior finishes are.

3. Use the Federal Standard Number 595B to indicate the range of exterior finish colors.

19.2 INTERIOR DESIGN PHILOSOPHY

1. Interiors building finishes, furnishings and colors schemes are to be appropriate and support the function of the facility.

2. Interior design objectives are to create an environment that enhances public image, employee morale, provide building finishes that are durable, easy to clean, cost effective to maintain and support life safety.

3. Appropriate accent colors are easy to "live with" and can be easy and cost effectively removed when updating the "look" is the objective.

4. Accurate documentation of finishes and furnishings in both the SID and the CID.

5. Talk to the customer. Let them know what you are planning before you submit the color boards. Do more in-process design and review communication with the customer before formal submittals.

19.3 INTERIOR FINISHES

1. Non-slip surfaces at entryway.

2. Semi-gloss for trim only

3. Egg-shell finish for walls if possible.

19.4 INTERIOR COLORS

1. Generally the exterior color scheme should transition and continue into the interior color scheme.

1. A neutral warm or cool color palette with accent colors used in furnishings has generally been the most successful for most interior projects.

2. Colors in a mid-tone range used for door trim and matching base is generally approved.

3. Light colored carpets shows soil easily and will be disapproved.

4. Painted doors, trim and walls to blend (do not use extreme contrast colors for doors and walls).

5. Because the general contractor can substitute colors, textures and patterns during the construction process "permanent interior building finishes" are most successful if they are neutral colors.
The most typical finishes substituted during construction are
* Plastic laminates, vinyl wall coverings, ceramic tile, toilet partitions, wood stains.

19. 5 ACCENT COLORS

1. Ceramic tile accent borders on floors and walls in restrooms (one or two colors on a neutral field.)

2. Multi-colored graphic pattern carpet with solid or fleck colors used as accent borders.

3. Accent vinyl wall covering colors used a visual "pathway finding" guide through a facility.

4. Colorful fabrics with small pattern designs used on guest chairs.

19.6 WALL COVERING

1. Use Type II for all areas. Type III only in heavy use corridors. The additional satin resistant coatings used for health care environments.

2. The architect is to design walls with a correct vapor barrier. Wall covering can be used on both exterior and interior perimeter walls.

3. Must meet NFPA Class A Flame Spread rating.

4. Use chair rail when walls are subject to frequent furniture movement and scarring. ig. conference rooms and waiting areas.

5. Fabric wall covering can only be used in a sprinkled buildings according to NFPA.

19.7 CARPET

1. Primary interior finish and should be the bases for the overall color scheme.

2. Graphic Patterns with random pattern is the best. Avoid large geometric or rigid patterns. They look askew if adjacent to a wall that is not plumb,

3. Avoid bright or light colors which soil easily.

4. Carpet tile is recommended when power and communications are installed in floor raceways.

5. Carpet tile is best for corridors: use patterned fields and solid-colored borders for "pathway finding".

19.8 SIGNAGE

1. Use the Installations' Design Guidance or the appropriate design guide for the Department of Defence agency.

2. Coordinate the signage color with the interiors color scheme.

3. Specify a flexible sign that allows for easy personnel name change or room name change.

4. Signage changes. It is helpful when ordering additional signage that signage specified be on a GSA schedule.

5. Bulletin Boards and fire exit plans are to be included in facility signage package.

19.9 UPHOLSTERY

1. Tweeds and small scaled patterns retain their appearance longer.

2. Avoid solid colors because they show dirt, lint and fade faster that patterns and tweeds.

3. Vinyls are used for wet areas such as labs.

4. Avoid vinyls fabrics in administrative areas or for general use seating.

5. Leather seating is used for only high ranking officers and directors.

6. Use Nylon and Nylon blends seating fabrics that are easy to maintain.

19.10 FURNITURE

1. Black and wood veneer horizontal surfaces are discouraged in general public use areas. A plastic laminate table surface in public areas retains it's appearance longer.

2. Mid-tone range colors for work surfaces are recommended because it will not add to eye fatigue. Light oaks, beige, and grays work best.

3. Black finishes are discouraged for case goods because it is a housekeeping problem.

4. Oak is an acceptable color range for woods and laminated wood surfaces and frames. Darker woods are traditionally accepted for those of higher rank.

5. Use commercial grade, performance tested GSA contracts

6. Laminate tops are recommended for all work surfaces other that executive suite areas (wood veneer may be used).

7. Systems furniture plans require Air Force HQ Interior Design Review and approval.

8. Acoustical panels over 65" in height may restrict light and air distribution. 62-64" high panels are generally the best.

9. Fabric finishes on flipper doors will not be approved.

19.11 ARTWORK

1. Only use in public areas; not in private personnel offices.

2. Use to assist occupants in "pathway finding"

3. Hang artwork at 5'-6" with security type devices.

4. Choose mats and frames which complement other accessories and interior color scheme.

5. Art should be large enough to fill the space.

19.12 PLANTS AND ACCESSORIES

1. Plants help soften the space

2. Do not specify live plants. This type of specification requires a maintenance contract.

3. Use quality artificial plants such as with real trucks, bark etc.

4. Specify sturdy containers. Limit the use of wicker baskets.

19.13 Window Treatments

1. Use doubled return hems and doubled bottom hems.

2. Draperies are not encouraged in areas other that executive suites and living areas.

3. Mini blinds that match the window frame are recommended for admin space.

4. Vertical blinds are accepted and can have a fabric inserts. Do not

specify any fabric vertical blinds without using a PVC insert vain.

5. Specify blackout lining in sleeping areas

6. Fabric valances maybe used over mini blinds.

7. Use decorative rods or top treatments to give draperies a finished appearance.

8. Draperies are to be 2.5 fullness.

9. Ripple fold over pinched pleats recommended.

10. Draperies are to have minimum 4 inch returns and 2 inch overlaps with a 4 inch heading. Weighted at the corners and all seams.

19.14 BEDSPREADS

1. Use a fitted style bedspread.

2. Pattern is recommended.

3. Minimum 5 oz 100% polyester fill

4. Fabric must have dimensional stability with less than 2% shrinkage after washing at 160 F degrees.

19.15 THE DISTINGUISHING CHARACTERISTICS OF SUCCESSFUL INTERIORS

The Mobile District holds firmly to the position that a successful interior design solution consistently incorporates typical finishes, colors and features to obtain quality interior design solutions. The following guidelines shall be the basis from which all projects will be reviewed and judged for their success.

When planning for the interior environment emphases of one from each of the following groups will hopefully achieve good design:

1. Architectural Emphasis or Component Emphasis
2. Color System in Contrast or Color System in Continuity
3. Directional Reinforcement or Directional Change
4. Value Contrast or Value similarity
5. Surface/Texture Emphasis or Surface/Pattern Emphasis
6. Contemporary/Traditional Emphasis or Eclectic Emphasis

Interior SID: Permanent interior building finishes are to be neutral in color. "Permanent finishes" are considered:

1. Plastic Laminates
2. Vinyl Composition Tile
3. Ceramic Tile or other hard tiles
4. Wood doors (stained wood finish)

5. Metal Doors and Metal Trim
6. Toilet Partitions
7. The majority of walls and ceilings.

The appropriate placement of accent hues and patterns for a government project are considered to be:

1. Accent borders on floors and walls in restrooms.
2. Multi-colored graphic patterned carpet used throughout the facility.
3. Accent colors on vertical surfaces used as visual assistant in "path wayfinding".
4. Artwork
5. Upholstery fabric

Although cost constraints can limit complex design details throughout the facility, there are areas where cost effective use of accents hues and identifying architectural features should be considered and used to create an image. The following areas are ranked according to importance:

1. Lobby Areas
2. Main Conference rooms
3. Command Areas
4. Employee Break rooms and Toilet Rooms
5. General Office Areas

Successful "Path wayfinding" is achieved when users and visitors easily find their way "up to" a building and throughout it's interiors. The District's position is that "path wayfinding" can successfully be obtained by incorporating reason and experience offered by a multi-disciplined team of the Landscape Architect, the Architect and the Interior Designer.

20. SID/CID ILLUSTRATIONS

30% STRUCTURAL INTERIOR DESIGN

FY-95 UEPH DORMS

EGLIN AIR FORCE BASE

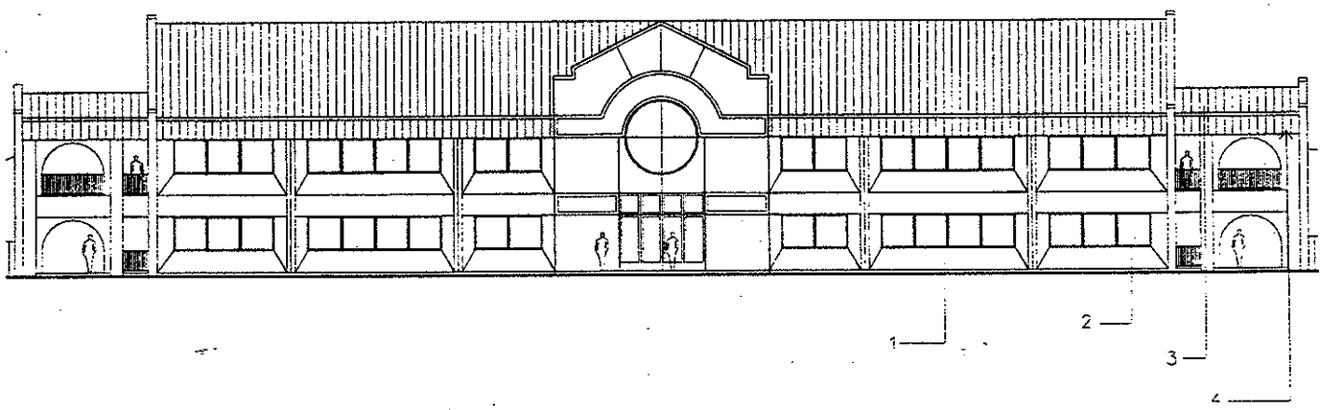
FLORIDA

U.S. ARMY CORPS OF ENGINEERS

MOBILE DISTRICT

MOBILE, ALABAMA

APRIL 1994



1. SMOOTH FACE BLOCK, LT. TAN
2. GLAZING, PPG, SOLARBRONZE TINT
3. METAL ROOF, FEDERAL STANDARD 595B 00000C
4. METAL GUTTER, FEDERAL STANDARD 595B 00000

FRM
DATE

EXTERIOR ELEVATIONS

PROJECT NAME
LOCATION

SAMPLE

1

SAMPLE

2

SAMPLE

3

SAMPLE

4

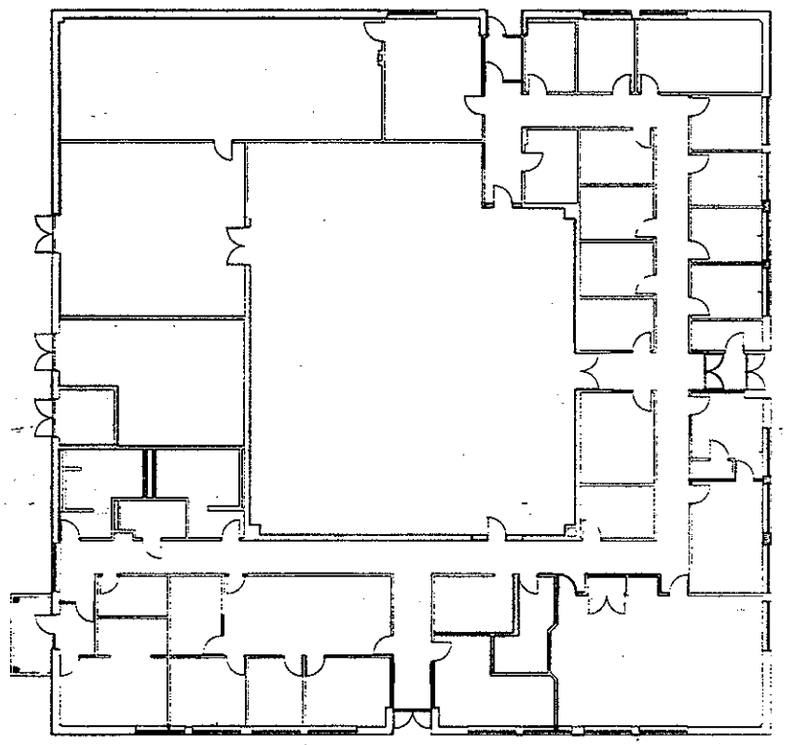
FRM

DATE

EXTERIOR MATERIAL SAMPLES

PROJECT NAME

LOCATION



COLOR SCHEME "A"- GENERAL OFFICE AREAS

COLOR SCHEME "B" TOILET ROOMS

COLOR SCHEME "C" MISCELLANEOUS AREAS

FIRM

DATE

INTERIOR COLOR PLACEMENT

PROJECT NAME

LOCATION

INTERIOR
COLOR BOARDS

FRM

DATE

PROJECT NAME

LOCATION

SAMPLE

FIELD

CT-1

ACCENT

CT-2

SAMPLE

GROUT-1

SAMPLE

CT-3

FLOOR TILE

SAMPLE

P-2

CEILING

SAMPLE

TP-1

PL-1

FIRM

DATE

COLOR SCHEME "C"

PROJECT NAME

LOCATION

CT-1: CERAMIC TILE, AMERICAN OLEAN, 153 ALMOND. 4" X 4"

CT-2: CERAMIC TILE, AMERICAN OLEN, 2" X 2" TEAL

CT-3: CERAMIC TILE, AMERICAN OLEN, 2" X 2" A 20 BEACH TAN

GROUT-1: AMERICAN OLEAN, BROWN

P-2: EPOXY PAINT, WHITE (FOR CEILINGS)

PL-1: PLASTIC LAMINATE, WILSONART, ALMOND, 513 COUNTER TOPS

TP-1: PLASTIC LAMINATE, WILSONART, ALMOND 513 TOILET PARTITIONS

FIRM

DATE

COLOR SCHEME "C"

PROJECT NAME

LOCATION

SAMPLE

APCO WHITE (PLAQUE HOLDER)

SAMPLE

LETTERING

APCO BLACK

SAMPLE

APCO CLEAR (INSERT)

FIRM

DATE

SIGNAGE

PROJECT NAME

LOCATION

XYZ SYSTEMS MFG.

SAMPLE

PANELS FABRIC
466 TAN

SAMPLE

TACKBOARD
033 TEAL

SAMPLE

FLIPPER DOOR AND TRIM
PUTTY

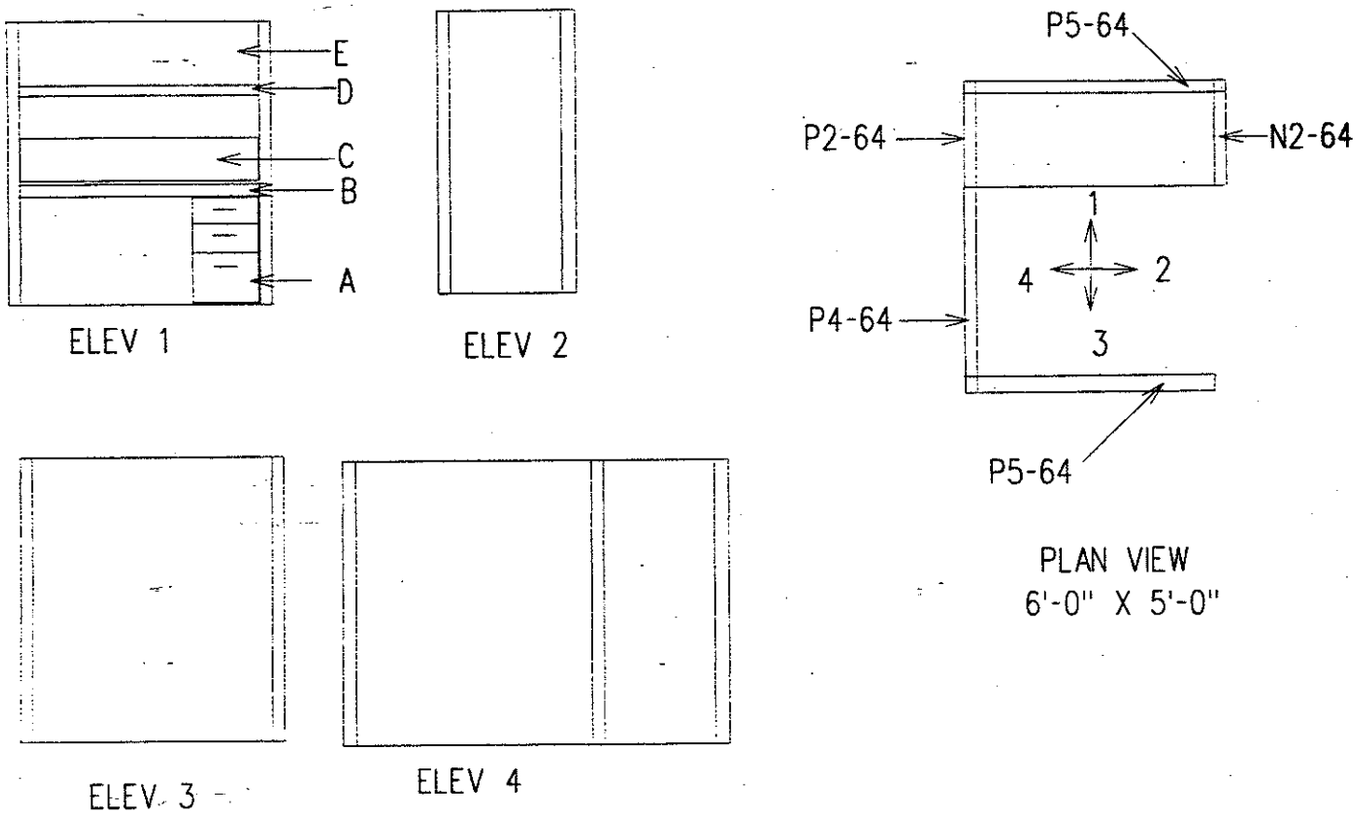
COMPONENTS

WORKSURFACES

FIRM
DATE

PREWIRED WORKSTATION COLOR BOARD

PROJECT NAME
LOCATION



QTY.	CODE	DESCRIPTION
2	P5-64	2' W X 64"H POWERED ACOUSTICAL PANEL
1	N2-64	2'W X 64"H NON-POWERED ACOUSTICAL PANEL
1	A	3", 3", 12" DRAWER PEDESTAL
1	B	23"D X 60" W HANGING WORK SURFACE

10 EACH TYPICAL" A"

FIRM

DATE

PREWIRED WORKSTATION

TYPICAL "A"

LOCATION

INSERT CONTRACT DRAWINGS OF:

FLOOR PLANS

FINISH SCHEDULE

SIGNAGE PLAN

PREWIRED WORKSTATIONS DRAWINGS

FIRM

DATE

PROJECT NAME

LOCATION

100%
COMPREHENSIVE INTERIOR DESIGN

FY-95
UEPH DORMS

EGLIN AIR FORCE BASE
FLORIDA

U.S. ARMY CORPS OF ENGINEERS
MOBILE DISTRICT
MOBILE, ALABAMA
APRIL 1994

MANUFACTURER ABC
109 MAIN STREET
ANYWHERE, USA 00000
POINT OF CONTACT:
1-800-000-0000

MANUFACTURER XYZ
109 MAIN STREET
ANYWHERE, USA 00000
POINT OF CONTACT:
1-800-000-0000

MANUFACTURER XXX
109 MAIN STREET
ANYWHERE, USA 00000
POINT OF CONTACT:
1-800-000-0000

INSERT COMPOSITE FURNITURE PLANS

FIRM

DATE

PROJECT NAME

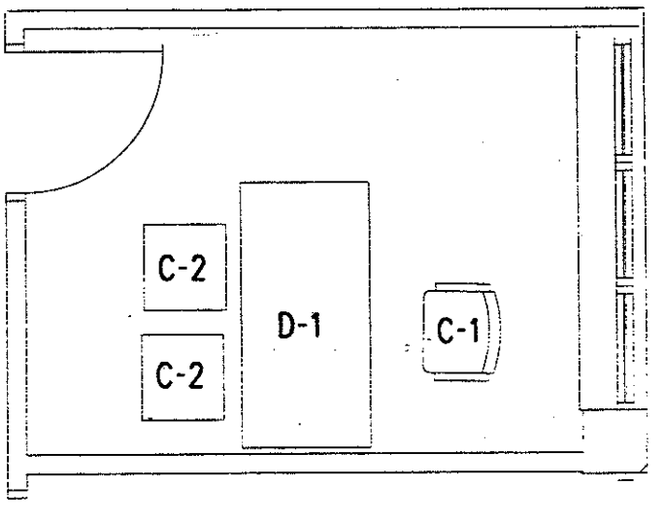
LOCATION

A- ACCESSORIES

B- BOOKCASES

C- CHAIRS

D- DESKS



ROOM:123

QTY.	LOCATION CODE	DESCRIPTION
1 EA.	C-1	KNOLL BULL DOG , BLACK FRAME, COLOR: TEAL
2 EA.	C-2	KRUGER, "VERSA" BLACK FRAME, TEAL
1 EA.	D-1:	XYZ , WOOD: WALNUT

FIRM

DATE

FURNITURE PLACEMENT PLAN

PROJECT NAME

LOCATION

FURNITURE ILLUSTRATION

C-2

SINGLE LINE DRAWING
OR
CUT SHEET

FABRIC:
002 BLUE

SAMPLE

FRAME
BLACK

SAMPLE

ROOM	QTY	TOTALS
123	2	8
124	2	
125	2	
126	2	

FIRM
DATE

FURNITURE ILLUSTRATION SHEET

PROJECT NAME
LOCATION

ARTWORK ILLUSTRATION

A-1

A-1

MAT
002 BLUE

SAMPLE

FRAME
BLACK

SAMPLE

MOUNTING INSTRUCTIONS:

PLACE CENTER OF WALL WITH TOP OF FRAME 64"
ABOVE THE FINISHED FLOOR

ROOM	QTY	TOTALS
123	1	1

FIRM
DATE

ART ILLUSTRATION SHEET

PROJECT NAME
LOCATION

FIRM
DATE

COST ESTIMATE

PROJECT NAME
LOCATION

SOURCE: FSC GROUP 71, PART X CONFERENCE TABLES

CODE	MFG.	ITEM	QT.	UNIT PRICE	TOTAL
T-1	KRUGER	TABLE	04	$ 350.00	1,400.00
T-2	KRUGER	TABLE	01	$ 350.00	350.00
T-3	KRUGER	TABLE	04	$ 350.00	1,400.00
				TOTAL:	$5,4350.00
T-5	VECTA	TABLE	04	$1,000.00	$4,000.00
T-6	VECTA	TABLE	04	$1,000.00	$4,000.00
				TOTAL:	$8,000.00

TOTAL OF ALL CID SOURCES:
10% CONTINGENCY:
7% INSTALLATION:
MISCELLANEOUS FEES:

GRAND TOTAL:

FURNITURE ORDER FORM SAMPLE
PROJECT TITLE

1. LOCATION CODE:
2 DIRECTORATE:
4. DEPARTMENT
5. ACTIVITY:
6. FSC GROUP: 71 PART III SECTION: L CLASS 7110 SIN 499-1 CONTRACT EXPIRATION DATE: MOL:
7. SOURCE: Manufacturer's name etc....
8. PRODUCT NAME:
9. PRODUCT STOCK NUMBER:
10. PRODUCT FABRIC NAME AND COLOR NUMBER:
11. PRODUCT FINISH NAME AND COLOR NUMBER:
12. DIMENSIONS: WEIGHT:
13. DESCRIPTION:(Include construction information; fabric content, finish application)
14. JUSTIFICATION: These guest chairs are coordinated to match the tasks seating at each workstation. The size of the guest chair was critical because of the limited space where they were to be placed. If this company is not selected coordinate the newly proposed finishes with Location Codes: C3, C4 and C5.
15. ROOM LOCATION QUANTITY PER ROOM
16. TOTAL QUANTITY:
17. UNIT PRICE:
18. TOTAL PRICE:
19. FREIGHT CHARGES: FOB DESTINATION (Note if freight charges are included in the price of the CID item.)
20. Additional remarks or justification.

21. APPENDICES

A. ADA REQUIREMENTS

B. COMMANDER'S POLICY

C. UNICOR WAIVER

DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY
U.S. Army Corps of Engineers
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20314-1000

REPLY TO
ATTENTION OF:

CEMP-EA/CECW-EP

25 JAN 1994

MEMORANDUM FOR SEE DISTRIBUTION

SUBJECT: Access for People with Disabilities

1. Reference Secretary of Defense memorandum dated 20 October 1993, subject as above (enclosure 1).

2. In accordance with the referenced memorandum, the Department of Defense (DoD) has implemented a new policy concerning accessibility standards. In the past, USACE was required to meet the requirements of the **Uniform Federal Accessibility Standards (UFAS)** and not the **Americans with Disabilities Act Accessibility Guidelines (ADAAG)**. The new policy requires that, in addition to meeting UFAS requirements as required by 42 U.S.C. 4151-4157 and consistent with 29 U.S.C. 794, the requirements of the ADAAG that provide equal or greater accessibility then the requirements of the UFAS must also be met in those facilities subject to UFAS. The facilities excluded under UFAS (such as unaccompanied personnel housing) are still excluded under this new policy, even though the ADAAG has no such exclusions. The implementation of this new policy is considered to have *routine application* as defined by ER 1110-345-100.

3. Copies of UFAS and ADAAG criteria are available from the Architectural and Transportation Barriers Compliance Board, telephone (202) 272-5434. Copies of the Title II Technical Assistance Manual which explains differences between the two standards are available from the Department of Justice, (202) 514-0301.

4. The Directorate of Military Programs POC is Mr. D. S. Gim, CEMP-EA, (202) 272-0440, and the Directorate of Civil Works POC is Mr. Douglas J. Kamien, CECW-EP, (202) 272-8894.

FOR THE DIRECTORS OF MILITARY PROGRAMS AND CIVIL WORKS:

Encl

RICHARD C. ARMSTRONG, P.E.
Chief, Engineering Division
Directorate of Military Programs

PAUL D. BARBER, P.E.
Chief, Engineering Division
Directorate of Civil Works

DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY
U.S. Army Corps of Engineers
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20314-1000

REPLY TO
ATTENTION OF:

CEMP-EA

31 MAR 1993

COMMANDER'S POLICY MEMORANDUM #7

SUBJECT: Comprehensive Interior Designs

1. The Vice Chief of Staff, Army has placed priority on providing quality living conditions for our soldiers wherever stationed. While this initial thrust to improve the quality of interior environments is directed at barracks facilities, my overall concern is that we ensure quality interior living, working, and training conditions for all of our customers.

2. In order for the Army and our other customers to recruit and retain dedicated career professionals, excellent environments are needed to provide a high quality of life. Our customers and our own personnel spend a majority of their time in interior environments. Excellence in building interiors and furnishings is critical in meeting our customer's and our own functional and operations requirements. Excellent comprehensive interior design must be given high priority in the planning, programming, design, and implementation of our construction projects.

ARTHUR E. WILLIAMS
Lieutenant General, USA
Commanding

DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY
U.S. Army Corps of Engineers
Washington, DC 20314-1000

CEMP-EA

Regulation
No. 1110-345-122

15 April 1994

Engineering and Design
INTERIOR DESIGN

1. **Purpose.** This regulation establishes policy, requirements, and responsibilities to be followed in the planning, design, approval, and procurement of interior designs for military construction projects and improvement programs.

2. **Applicability.** This regulation applies to HQUSACE/OCE elements, major subordinate commands (MSC), district commands and technical centers, laboratories, and field operating activities (FOA) having military construction (MILCON) responsibilities.

3. **References.** References and additional information resources are listed at Appendix A.

4. **Projects Requiring Interior Design.** Interior design is required on all new building construction and renovation projects regardless of funding source. Interior design guidance for most facility types is provided by Design Guide (DG) 1110-3-122. Interior design guidance for medical facilities is furnished by Architectural and Engineering Instructions, Medical Design Standards. Interior design for family housing will be in accordance with Architectural and Engineering Instructions, Army Family Housing.

5. **Interior Design Services.** Two types of interior design services are offered.

a. **Building-Related Interior Design.** Building-related interior design service will be provided for all facilities. This service requires the accommodation of needed furniture and equipment within the building, and the design or selection of items normally provided as part of the building construction project in accordance with AR 415-15. These services will be provided as an integral part of the project design and shall include:

(1) Basic space planning for anticipated furniture and equipment requirements in conjunction with the functional layout of the building design and such requirements as life safety, privacy, lighting, ventilation, and accessibility.

(2) Design, selection, and coordination of surface materials and colors that are applied to or compose walls, floors, ceilings, trims, doors, windows, window treatments, built-in furniture and installed building equipment, lighting, signage and other items which are permanently attached to, or are integral to the building. Appendix B further defines interior design elements that are building-related and furniture-related.

b. **Furniture-Related Interior Design.** Furniture-related interior design should be provided for all facilities where the arrangement of furniture and furnishings is important to building functionality. Furniture-related interior design services relate to the accommodation and selection of items that will be provided or procured by the Government. This service will be provided when requested by the using activity and will normally include:

(1) Selection, and color coordination of furniture and equipment drawn from existing inventory, procured from Government supply sources (see Appendix C), or procured by competitive bid. These items normally include such things as ergonomic chairs, freestanding and mobile furniture, draperies, lamps, rugs, plant materials, planters, and free standing or wall hung art.

(2) Detailed space design, placement planning, and procurement documentation for the selected furniture, furnishings, and equipment.

This regulation supersedes ER 1110-345-122, 31 October 1989.

(3) Coordination of furniture-related items with the building design.

6. General Requirements.

a. **Building-Related Interior Design.** General requirements for building-related interior design are as follows:

(1) Preparation of the basic space layout plans for furniture and equipment, in coordination with the functional layout of the building design.

(2) Specification of the material and color applications for interior component surfaces, and preparation of color and finish schedules.

(3) Design and specification of permanent features such as signage, graphics, casework, and built-in equipment; and the preparation of appropriate schedules.

(4) Coordination of finishes, interior components, lighting, acoustical treatment, electrical, information systems, and mechanical elements.

(5) Preparation of display books or boards showing layout diagrams, special details, and material and color samples, for the purpose of obtaining approval of the design scheme and for facilitating the execution of the design intent through the construction contract or other procurement.

(6) Description of interior design intentions for enhancement of energy efficiency, safety, health, functional flexibility, maintenance, increased personnel performance, and projecting the proper image.

b. **Furniture-Related Interior Design.** General requirements for furniture-related interior design are:

(1) Coordination with all the tasks identified in paragraph 6a above, so that the furniture-related and building-related design schemes reflect a single, coordinated design theme.

(2) Selection and description of furniture and equipment from available Government sources of supply (see Appendix C). Selection will be based on factors indicated in DG 1110-3-122. When Government source items do not meet requirements, purchase specifications to include materials testing and/or rating requirements to meet minimum Federal standards, and any other data necessary for procurement on the open market will be provided.

(3) Preparation of detailed furniture arrangement and placement plans, and coordination with electrical, information systems, and mechanical elements.

(4) Preparation of procurement documents with source data, item identification, color and finish schedules, and cost estimates. Documents will reflect current source data for procurement.

(5) Preparation of display books or boards showing layout diagrams, selected furniture and equipment, material and color samples. Perspectives or sketches may also be necessary to obtaining approval of the design scheme.

(6) Technical consultation during procurement, delivery, and placement, to assure receipt of specified and selected items, and completion and coordination of the overall design scheme.

7. Design Requirements. Preparation of project interior designs will coincide with the project design process described in AR 415-15. An interior design analysis will be prepared as part of the project design analysis required by ER 1110-345-700. Interior design drawings will likewise be prepared as part of the project drawings required by ER 1110-345-710.

a. **Concept Design.** During the concept design phase, those responsible for interior design will meet with representatives of the using activity and the building design team to determine the design concept. The design concept should meet the users functional, physical, and aesthetic needs as defined below.

(1) Functional. Achieve space planning layout which considers all furniture and equipment required to support the users operation. Related design issues include accessibility, privacy, safety, and health.

(2) Physical. Assure that environmental support systems such as electrical, lighting, mechanical,

information systems, and structure meet the users physical requirements.

(3) Aesthetic. Meet the users needs for aesthetic expression. Aesthetic needs are the physical interpretations of the users sociological and psychological needs. Design issues related to these needs include the use of light, color, and texture.

b. **Final Design.** Upon approval of the concept design, those responsible for design will develop the design concept in sufficient detail to assure successful execution. Building-related interior design is the detailed design and specification of building-related elements in the contract documents. Furniture-related interior design includes the detailed design and preparation of procurement documents.

8. **Responsibilities.**

a. **Planning Phase.**

(1) The using activity and installation will:

(a) Provide design and design review funds for furniture-related design, as indicated in paragraphs 10 and 11 of this regulation.

(b) Provide funds for procurement of furniture and equipment, and indicate these funds on DD Form 1391, as required by AR 415-15.

(c) Identify unique functional requirements related to the interior design of the facility.

(d) Identify existing furniture and equipment to be reused in addition to new furniture and equipment required.

(2) USACE MSC and district commands responsible for design will assist, on a reimbursable basis, in determining preliminary design requirements, indicated in paragraphs 8a(l)(c) and (d) above, during development of the planning and programming documents.

b. **Design Phase.**

(1) The designated representative of the using activity, having final approval authority for the project will review and approve interior design in a manner that is compatible with the provisions of AR 415-15.

(2) USACE MSC and district commands will:

(a) Accomplish interior design services within the scope and methods described herein, and as stated in the programming documents and design directives.

(b) Assure that interior design services are coordinated with the architectural design and reflect the requirements of the using activity.

(c) Verify and validate the technical adequacy and professional quality of the interior design.

c. **Construction and Procurement Phases.**

(1) The using activity and installation have the following responsibilities regarding interior design:

(a) Procurement of furniture and equipment for delivery to coincide as closely as possible with beneficial occupancy of the building.

(b) Tracking of procurement to assure timely receipt of required furniture and equipment.

(c) Warehousing of furniture and equipment until it is required for placement in the building.

(d) Delivery, assembly, and placement of furniture and furnishings at the project site.

(e) Verification that furniture and equipment received meet specifications requirements.

(f) Establishment of a move in date for the user. This date should be coordinated with the USACE MSC or district command to assure adequate time to furnish the facility after it is released for beneficial occupancy.

(2) USACE MSC and district commands have the following responsibilities:

(a) Assure that appropriate information is provided to the using activity to fully describe the interior design intentions, and the maintenance and operational aspects of the building.

(b) Establish beneficial occupancy date so that procurement of furniture and equipment by the using activity or by USACE may be scheduled for a timely delivery.

(3) When USACE provides furniture-related interior design services, the using activity or installation may request the following execution services from USACE on a reimbursable basis:

(a) Technical consultation during procurement, delivery and placement of furniture and equipment.

(b) Assistance in evaluating deviations from specified furniture and equipment to avoid installation of inferior or inappropriate furniture and equipment.

(c) Services in support of the using activities responsibilities indicated in paragraphs 8c(l)(a), (b), and (e) above including supervision of assembly and placement.

9. Methods of Accomplishment. Design and design review shall be accomplished by, or in consultation with professional interior designers and architects. Qualification of designers will be based on completion of a recognized program of academic training in interior design and demonstrated interior design experience. When furniture-related services are provided, those services should be accomplished by the same designer providing the building-related services if possible. Methods for accomplishment of interior design may include in-house capability, Architect Engineer (A-E) contract, separate interior design service contract, or indefinite delivery contract for interior design services.

10. Funding. Project design funds will be used for building-related interior design services. Funds for furniture-related interior design services, including design reviews, will be provided separately by the using activity, except as indicated in paragraph 11 of this regulation.

11. Exception. Because the furniture-related interior design is critical to the operational effectiveness of living, administrative, and operational facilities, USACE encourages the use of furniture-related interior design services. USACE will provide furniture-related interior design services as an integral part of the building design without additional cost to the using activity for Category Codes 610, 310 & 171 and for DA Standard Design Packages with comprehensive interior designs. The using activity, however, must commit funds for the procurement of the furniture on the DD Form 1391 and request this additional service.

FOR THE COMMANDER:

WILLIAM D. BROWN
Colonel, Corps of Engineers
Chief of Staff

3 Appendices
APP A - References
APP B - Definitions
APP C - Government Sources of Supply

APPENDIX A

REFERENCES

1. Federal Acquisition Regulations (FAR).

a. Part 8, Required Sources of Supplies and Services.

b. Part 10, Specifications, Standards, and Other Purchase Descriptions.

2. Department of the Army.

a. AR 415-15, Military Construction, Army (MCA) Program Development.

b. AR 415-17, Cost Estimating for Military Programming.

3. U.S. Army Corps Of Engineers.

a. ER 1110-345-700, Engineering and Design, Design Analyses.

b. ER 1110-345-710, Engineering and Design, Drawings.

c. DG 1110-3-122, Design Guide for Interiors.

d. Architectural and Engineering Instructions (AEI), Design Criteria issued by HQUSACE (CEMP-EA). Additional copies are available from HQUSACE (CEMP-EA), 20 Massachusetts Ave., N.W., Washington, DC 20314-1000.

e. Architectural and Engineering Instructions (AEI), Medical Design Standards, issued by HQUSACE (CEMP-EM). Additional copies are available from HQUSACE (CEMP-EM), 20 Massachusetts Ave., N.W., Washington, DC 20314-1000.

APPENDIX B

DEFINITIONS

1. Building-related Interior Design. Design in support of installed building equipment and personal property fixed are an integral part of building-related interior design.

a. Installed Building Equipment. Construction elements of building-related interior design are defined as installed building equipment by Appendix H, Equipment Installation, of AR 415-15. They consist of items that are affixed or built into the facility and become an integral part of the facility. Installed building equipment is MILCON funded and is provided as part of the construction contract. Examples of installed building equipment associated with building-related interior design are listed in paragraph H-1 of AR 415-15.

b. Personal Property Fixed. Personal property fixed is defined by AR 415-15, Appendix H as capital equipment and other equipment of a movable nature that has been fixed in place or attached to real property, but may be severed or removed from buildings without destroying the usefulness of the facilities. Personal property fixed is normally funded as Other Procurement, Army (OPA), however, the utility support for this equipment is MILCON funded. Equipment installation may be funded by either fund source, and installation responsibilities must be defined in the contract documents.

c. Pre-wired Work Stations. Pre-wired work stations are a special area within personal property fixed.

(1) Physical Definition. The physical characteristics of a pre-wired work station should include posts, panels, partitions, wiring for electrical and information systems, task lighting, and partition hung components to support individual or group work efforts. Both panel to panel and post and panel systems are acceptable. Additional system components are ambient lighting and partition supported files. Pre-wired work stations do not include movable furniture and furnishings such as chairs, stand alone file cabinets, coat hooks, file trays, or similar accoutrements.

(2) Functional Definition. A pre-wired work station should, at a minimum, provide for the following functions:

(a) An acoustically treated enclosure defining the limits of an individual or a shared use work station.

(b) Adequate work surfaces to accommodate the individual's equipment, writing surface, and work layout surface.

(c) Storage space for individual files and supplies.

(d) Task lighting and electrical and information systems outlets to support the individual's equipment.

(3) Planning and Design. When pre-wired work stations are planned as an integral part of new construction or MILCON funded renovation they may be MILCON funded. To obtain MILCON funded pre-wired work stations, they must be justified and itemized on programming documents. Indicate number of work stations, unit cost and total cost as a line item under primary facility. Pre-wired work stations must also be itemized in Government estimates, and contractor pricing.

(4) Construction. MILCON funded pre-wired work stations will be provided by the construction contractor based on project drawings and specifications. When the contractor provides pre-wired work stations, the provisions of the FAR that apply to construction are applicable.

2. Furniture-related Interior Design. Elements associated with furniture-related interior design are defined as personal property moveable by Appendix H of AR 415-15. Elements associated with furniture-

related interior design consist of capital equipment and other equipment of a movable nature. Personal property is generally mission specific and can be separated from the building without destroying its use for another function. Personal property should be financed from Operations and Maintenance, Army (OMA) or Other Procurement, Army (OPA) funds, depending on the investment threshold.

a. Physical Definition. Items associated with furniture-related interior design include, but are not limited to, the following items:

(1) Furniture. Including Desks, Tables, Chairs, Sofas, Ergonomic Seating, Free Standing and Mobile Storage, Free Standing Acoustical Screens, and Modular and Automated Data Processing (ADP) Furniture.

(2) Furnishings. Including Art Work, Curtains, Draperies, and Rugs.

(3) Mission Equipment. Including Computers, ADP, Medical and Dental, Organs and Pianos, Simulators and Training Aids, Printing,
Photographic, and Shop Equipment.

b. Planning and Design. Users should provide OMA or OPA funding for furniture, furnishings, equipment and for the associated installation costs. When furniture-related interior design is requested as part of a MILCON project, furniture and furnishings should be itemized on DD Form 1391 and Government estimates. DD Form 1391 should indicate furniture requirements in Section 13, and furniture cost itemized in Section 2G.

c. Procurement. Procurement of furniture and furnishings is considered Government procurement, and the provisions of FAR Parts 8 and 10 apply. See Appendix C for Government Sources of Supply. When systems furniture is provided as part of an OMA funded renovation project or a reconfiguration, it is to be procured as furniture.

PROCUREMENT PROCEDURES FOR FURNITURE

A. THE MISSION-COMPREHENSIVE INTERIOR DESIGN PACKAGE

B. PRIORITIES FOR USE OF GOVERNMENT SUPPLY SOURCES IN ACCORDANCE WITH FEDERAL ACQUISITION REGULATION 8.001.

- AGENCY INVENTORIES
- EXCESS FROM OTHER AGENCIES
- FEDERAL PRISON INDUSTRIES
- COMMITTEE FOR PURCHASE FROM THE BLIND AND OTHER SEVERELY HANDICAPPED
- GSA STOCK PROGRAMS (DEFENSE LOGISTICS AGENCY, DEPARTMENT OF VETERANS AFFAIRS, MILITARY INVENTORY CONTROL POINTS.
- MANDATORY FEDERAL SUPPLY SCHEDULES
- OPTIONAL USE OF FEDERAL SUPPLY SCHEDULES
- COMMERCIAL SOURCES

C. PROCURING FROM THE FEDERAL PRISON INDUSTRIES, REQUESTS FOR WAIVER.

D. GSA STOCK PROGRAMS

E. PROCUREMENT FROM FEDERAL SUPPLY SCHEDULES

- COMPETITION REQUIREMENTS
- MAXIMUM ORDER LIMITATIONS

F. PROCUREMENT FROM OPEN MARKET SOURCES

- UNDER $25,000, REQUEST FOR QUOTATIONS
- OVER $25,000, INVITATION FOR BID (IFB'S)

G. SPECIFICATIONS

H. COMMUNICATION

APPENDIX C

GOVERNMENT SOURCES OF SUPPLY

1. Priority of Sources. FAR, Part 8.001, indicates the order of preference for acquisition of supplies and services for the Federal Government.

2. Federal Prison Industries (FPI). FPI is a mandatory source of supply and should be considered in accordance with the requirements of FAR, Part 8.6. A furniture catalog and other product information are available from UNICOR, Federal Prisons Industries, Inc., 320 Ist Street, N.W., Washington, DC 20534.

3. General Services Administration (GSA). The use of Federal Supply Schedules is optional for Department of Defense agencies. GSA schedules do provide a wide selection of furniture and furnishing products. GSA Federal Supply Service source information is available through the Centralized Mailing Lists Services (CMLS), P.O. Box 6477, Fort Worth, TX 76115.

WAIVER REQUEST PROCEDURE

In accordance with Title 18, U.S.C., Sec. 4124(a) and Federal Acquisition Regulations subpart 8.6, Federal Prison Industries, Inc. (UNICOR) has a mandatory preference for supplies listed in its "Schedule of Products." When an ordering office wishes to purchase supplies listed in the "Schedule" from sources other than UNICOR, it will submit a request for waiver to the Customer Service Manager, Federal Prison Industries, Inc. (UNICOR). The request will be directed as follows:

Federal Prison Industries, Inc.
320 First St., N. W. (ACACIA)
Washington, DC 20534
Attn: Customer Service Manager

Telephone: 1-800-827-3168
Facsimile: 202-628-1597

Federal Prison Industries, Inc. (UNICOR) will consider requests for waivers based on documented disparities in price, inability to meet reasonable delivery dates, and disqualifying variations in function and "match." Requests will be considered in connection with the standards set out in its Waiver Policy. UNICOR has attempted to set out with the greatest degree of objectivity the standards that it applies in making decisions on waivers. While there must inevitably be some discretion exercised in these decisions, UNICOR will always give careful consideration to a customer's request. It is guided in all its decisions by its commitment to "Total Customer Satisfaction."

A. Requests shall contain the following information:

1. As complete a description as possible of the required items: e.g., National Stock Number, descriptive literature such as cuts, illustrations, drawings, and brochures that explain the characteristics and/or the construction. When applicable, e.g., items built to a military or Federal specification, a complete technical data package should be submitted.
2. Quantity required, price of preferred item and required delivery date.
3. In situations where the waiver request is based on functional differences, a comparison of the functional differences between the requested item and the "schedule" item should be provided identifying as a minimum:

   (a) inadequacies of the "schedule" item to perform the required functions; and
   (b) economic, or other advantages of the item requested.
4. Estimated annual usage or future need for similar items or a statement that the requirement is nonrecurring and no future need is anticipated. Indicate if this or similar items have previously been purchased from UNICOR.

B. UNICOR delivery schedules are consistent with delivery schedules for comparable items appearing on General Services Administration Federal Supply Schedules (FSS). Where schedules for comparable items do not exist, deliveries are consistent with good commercial practices. In the event that delivery times shorter than normally available from the FSS or commercial sources are required, certification, in writing from the contracting officer must be provided stating the reason for the shorter delivery requirement.

C. All factors are considered when a determination is made. This includes customer needs, current factory loading and future requirements. Each request is evaluated on its own merits. UNICOR policy does not permit blanket waivers but evaluates each request on a case-by-case basis considering, primarily, the needs of the customer.

D. Appeals to waiver denials can be made by forwarding reasons for the appeal to the Customer Service Manager by letter. Please note in your transmission that this is an appeal and reference the original waiver identification number. Appeals should be transmitted no later than 30 days after receipt of the original decision.

E. Every attempt will be made to respond to waiver requests and appeals within five (5) working days of receipt.

F. Ordering offices should not initiate action to acquire similar items from sources other than UNICOR until a request for waiver is approved.

To check the status of your request or to inquire about prices, delivery, order status or other concerns please call the UNICOR Customer Service Hotline:

1-800-827-3168

8.403 Types of Federal Supply Schedules.

8.403-1 Single-award schedules.

Single-award schedules cover contracts made with one supplier at a stated price for delivery to a geographic area as defined in the schedule. Most schedules contain all information necessary for placing orders. Some schedules specify that contractor catalogs must be used for additional ordering information to aid in the selection of fabrics, colors, and similar variables.

8.403-2 Multiple-award schedules.

Multiple-award schedules cover contracts made with more than one supplier for comparable supplies and services. Contracts are awarded to suppliers of the same generic types of items at varying prices for delivery within the same geographic area. Contractor catalogs and pricelists must be used with the schedules to prepare delivery orders. The catalogs and pricelists contain information such as item descriptions, prices and discounts, order limitations, and delivery.

8.403-3 New Item Introductory Schedule.

The New Item Introductory Schedule (NIIS) provides the means to introduce new or improved products into the Federal Supply System. The schedule lists brand names of products available from various suppliers. With the exception of GSA, the only mandatory user of this schedule, Federal agencies and agencies authorized by law or agreement may use the NIIS on an optional basis. Ordering offices must use contractor catalogs and pricelists with the schedule to prepare delivery orders.

8.403-4 International Federal Supply Schedule.

(a) The International Federal Supply Schedule (IFSS) provides sources of supply (supplies and services) at reasonable prices to U.S. Government activities located overseas. The use of the schedule is mandatory only on GSA.

(b) The schedule is divided into two sections. Section A includes those items which were awarded under sealed bid procedures, while Section B covers items that were awarded under negotiated procedures.

(c) Ordering offices need to review the information in the schedule and any applicable contractor's catalogs/price lists to ensure the proper placement of orders. Orders are placed directly with the contractors.

(d) Ordering offices shall forward copies of any orders (at the time the orders are issued) to the contracting office designated in the IFSS.

8.404 Using schedules.

(a) The planning, solicitation, and award phases of Federal Supply Schedules comply with FAR requirements. Consequently, contracting officers need not seek further competition, synopsize the solicitation or award, determine fair and reasonable pricing, or consider small business-small purchase set-aside procedures when placing an order under a Federal Supply Schedule.

(b) Before soliciting commercial sources, executive agencies shall determine if the required supplies or services, or similar supplies or services fulfilling the same purpose, are available from schedules (see FPMR 101-26.4). If so, the ordering office shall proceed in accordance with the procedure of 8.404-1 or 8.404-2, as appropriate.

(c) In the case of mandatory schedules, ordering offices shall not (1) solicit bids, proposals, quotations, or otherwise test the market solely for the purpose of seeking alternative sources to Federal Supply Schedules; or (2) request formal or informal quotations from Federal Supply Schedule contractors for the purpose of price comparisons.

8.404-1 Mandatory use. See Deviation per AL-91-7

Schedules identify executive agencies required to use them as mandatory sources of supply. The single-award schedule shall be used as a primary source and the multiple-award schedule as a secondary source. The following are exceptions to the mandatory-use requirement:

(a) *Urgent requirements.* When an ordering office requires supplies or services with a shorter delivery time than specified in the schedules, and time permits, the ordering office shall request the contractor by letter, telegram, mailgram, or telephone conversation (confirmed in writing) to state the best delivery time that can be met under the circumstances and subject to all other terms and conditions of the schedule contract. The contractor shall be instructed to reply to the inquiry within not more than 3 workdays after receipt, by the same or a faster communications medium than the one by which the inquiry was received. If the contractor offers accelerated delivery acceptable to the ordering office, orders shall obligate the contractor to make the shorter delivery under all other terms and conditions of the contract. When the contractor fails to reply, or the best delivery time does not meet the ordering office's requirements, use of the schedule is not mandatory.

(b) *Small requirements.* Dollar or quantity minimums are established for most schedules, below which ordering offices are not obligated to order and contractors are not obligated to accept orders. Ordering offices may submit orders below established minimums, subject to the contractor's acceptance. Once an order is accepted, the contractor is obligated to perform according to all the terms and conditions of the contract. Some schedules require the contractor to accept orders below the dollar or quantity minimum, but authorize the contractor to include a service charge up to a certain dollar amount. In these cases, the

8.405 Ordering office responsibilities.

Ordering offices shall place orders directly with contractors and shall perform contract administration on individual orders. Ordering offices should deal directly with contractors concerning contract performance (see 41 CFR 101-26.403-1).

8.405-1 Ordering from multiple-award schedules.

When ordering from multiple award schedules, ordering offices shall use the procedures set forth below. When these procedures are followed, orders placed against schedules will result in the lowest overall cost alternative to meet the needs of the Government.

(a) Orders should be placed with the schedule contractor offering the lowest delivered price available. The ordering office shall review the schedule price lists that are reasonably available at the ordering office. Where the ordering office has available fewer than three price lists from current schedule contractors that offer the required items, the ordering activity shall obtain additional price lists from schedule contractors listed in the GSA schedule for the required items. The ordering office shall fully justify in the contract file orders for a line item exceeding the price reasonableness verification threshold at 13.106 placed at other than the lowest price identified in its review. Justification for ordering a higher priced item may be based on such considerations as—

(1) Delivery time in terms of actual need that cannot be met by a contractor offering a lower price;

(2) Specific or unusual requirements such as differences in performance characteristics;

(3) Compatibility with existing equipment or systems;

(4) Trade-in considerations that favor a higher priced item and produce the lowest net cost; and

(5) Special features of one item not provided by comparable items that are required in effective program performance.

(b) When two or more items at the same delivered price will meet an ordering office's needs, the ordering office shall give preference to the items of small business and/or labor surplus area concerns by following the order of priority in 14.407-6 for equal low bids.

(c) When a schedule lists both foreign and domestic items that will meet the ordering office's needs, the ordering office shall apply the procedures of Part 25, Foreign Acquisition.

(d) If an item available from a multiple-award schedule is ordered from the schedule contractor at a price lower than the schedule price, the ordering office shall notify the schedule contracting office within 10 days.

8.405-2 Order placement.

Ordering offices may use Optional Form 347, or an agency-prescribed form, to order items from schedules and shall place orders directly with the contractor within the limitations specified in each schedule. Orders shall include, at a minimum, the following information in addition to any information required by the schedule:

(a) Complete shipping and billing addresses.

(b) Contract number and date.

(c) Agency order number.

(d) F.o.b. delivery point; i.e., origin or destination.

(e) Discount terms.

(f) Delivery time.

(g) Special item number or national stock number.

(h) Brief, complete description of each item (when ordering by model number, features and options such as color, finish, and electrical characteristics, if available, must be specified).

(i) Quantity and any variation in quantity.

(j) Number of units.

(k) Unit price.

(l) Total price of order.

(m) Points of inspection and acceptance.

(n) Other pertinent data; e.g., delivery instructions or receiving hours and size-of-truck limitation.

(o) Marking requirements.

(p) Level of preservation, packaging, and packing.

8.405-3 Inspection and acceptance.

(a) Consignees shall inspect supplies at destination except when—

(1) The schedule provides for the schedule contracting agency to perform source inspection (in this case, the schedule will indicate that mandatory source inspection is required); or

(2) A schedule item is covered by a product description, and the ordering office determines that the schedule contracting agency's inspection assistance is needed (inspection assistance may be based on the ordering volume, the complexity of items, or the past performance of the supplier).

(b) When the schedule contracting agency performs the inspection, as specified in the schedule, the ordering office will provide two copies of the order specifying source inspection to the schedule contracting agency. The schedule contracting agency will notify the ordering office of acceptance or rejection of the supplies.

(c) Material inspected at source by the schedule contracting agency, and determined to conform with the product description of the schedule, shall not be reinspected for the same purpose. The consignee shall limit inspection to quantity and condition on receipt.

(d) Unless otherwise provided in the schedule, acceptance shall be conclusive except as regards latent defects, fraud, or such gross mistakes as amount to fraud.

8.405-4 Delinquent performance.

When the contractor fails to perform on the order, the

APPENDIX I
DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE MINIMUM ANTITERRORISM STANDARDS FOR BUILDINGS

8 OCTOBER 2003

UFC 4-010-01
8 October 2003

UNIFIED FACILITIES CRITERIA (UFC)

DoD MINIMUM ANTITERRORISM STANDARDS FOR BUILDINGS

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DEPUTY UNDER SECRETARY OF DEFENSE (INSTALLATIONS AND ENVIRONMENT) (Preparing Activity)

J3, DEPUTY DIRECTORATE FOR ANTITERRORISM AND FORCE PROTECTION, JOINT CHIEFS OF STAFF

U.S. ARMY CORPS OF ENGINEERS

NAVAL FACILITIES ENGINEERING COMMAND

AIR FORCE CIVIL ENGINEER SUPPORT AGENCY

Record of Changes (changes are indicated by **1**\ ... /**1**/)

Change No.	Date	Location

This UFC supersedes UFC 4-010-01 of 31 July 2002.

FOREWORD

The Unified Facilities Criteria (UFC) system is prescribed by MIL-STD 3007 and provides planning, design, construction, sustainment, restoration, and modernization criteria, and applies to the Military Departments, the Defense Agencies, and the DoD Field Activities in accordance with USD(AT&L) Memorandum dated 29 May 2002. UFC will be used for all DoD projects and work for other customers where appropriate.

UFC are living documents and will be periodically reviewed, updated, and made available to users as part of the Services' responsibility for providing technical criteria for military construction. Headquarters, U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (HQUSACE), Naval Facilities Engineering Command (NAVFAC), and Air Force Civil Engineer Support Agency (AFCESA) are responsible for administration of the UFC system. Defense agencies should contact the preparing service for document interpretation and improvements. Technical content of UFC is the responsibility of the cognizant DoD working group. Recommended changes with supporting rationale should be sent to the respective service proponent office by the following electronic form: Criteria Change Request (CCR). The form is also accessible from the Internet sites listed below.

UFC are effective upon issuance and are distributed only in electronic media from the following sources:

- Unified Facilities Criteria (UFC) Index http://65.204.17.188//report/doc_ufc.html.
- USACE TECHINFO Internet site http://www.hnd.usace.army.mil/techinfo .
- NAVFAC Engineering Innovation and Criteria Office Internet site http://criteria.navfac.navy.mil.
- Construction Criteria Base (CCB) system maintained by the National Institute of Building Sciences at Internet site http://www.ccb.org .

Hard copies of UFC printed from electronic media should be checked against the current electronic version prior to use to ensure that they are current.

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FOREWORD (continued)

This specific document is also issued under the authority of DoD Instruction Number 2000.16, *DoD Antiterrorism Standards* which requires DoD Components to adopt and adhere to common criteria and minimum construction standards to mitigate antiterrorism vulnerabilities and terrorist threats.

This document applies to the Office of the Secretary of Defense (OSD); the Military Departments (including their National Guard and Reserve Components); the Chairman, Joint Chiefs of Staff and Joint Staff; the Combatant Commands; the Office of the Inspector General of the Department of Defense; the Defense Agencies; the Department of Defense Field Activities; and all other organizational entities within the Department of Defense hereafter referred to collectively as “the DoD Components.”

The standards established by this document are minimums set for DoD. Each DoD Component may set more stringent antiterrorism building standards to meet the specific threats in its area of responsibility.

Any changes, updates, or amendments to this particular UFC must have the approval of the DoD Engineering Senior Executive Panel (ESEP).

This document is effective immediately and is mandatory for use by all the DoD Components.

CONTENTS

Page

CHAPTER 1 INTRODUCTION

Paragraph 1-1 GENERAL 1-1
1-1.1 Dynamic Threat Environment 1-1
1-1.2 Responsibility 1-1
1-1.3 Planning and Integration 1-1
1-2 REFERENCES 1-2
1-3 STANDARDS AND RECOMMENDATIONS 1-3
1-4 INTENT 1-3
1-5 LEVELS OF PROTECTION 1-3
1-5.1 DoD Component Standards 1-3
1-5.2 Threat-Specific Requirements 1-3
1-5.3 Critical Facilities 1-3
1-5.4 Explosive Safety Standards 1-4
1-6 APPLICABILITY 1-4
1-6.1 New Construction 1-4
1-6.2 Existing Buildings 1-4
1-6.3 Building Additions 1-5
1-6.4 Leased Buildings 1-5
1-6.5 Expeditionary and Temporary Structures 1-5
1-6.6 National Guard Buildings 1-6
1-6.7 Exemptions 1-6
1-7 PROGRAMMING 1-7
1-7.1 Documentation 1-7
1-7.2 Funding Thresholds 1-7
1-8 INFORMATION SENSITIVITY 1-7
1-8.1 Distribution 1-7
1-8.2 Posting to the Internet 1-7
1-8.3 Plans and Specifications 1-7
1-8.4 Design-Build Contracts 1-8
1-9 HISTORIC PRESERVATION COMPLIANCE 1-8
1-9.1 Security and Stewardship 1-8
1-9.2 Compliance with Laws 1-8
1-9.3 Compliance with DoD Standards 1-8
1-9.4 Designation of National Emergency 1-8
1-10 INTERIM DESIGN GUIDANCE 1-9

CHAPTER 2 PHILOSOPHY, DESIGN STRATEGIES, AND ASSUMPTIONS

Paragraph 2-1 GENERAL 2-1
2-2 PHILOSOPHY 2-1
2-2.1 Time 2-1
2-2.2 Master Planning 2-1
2-2.3 Design Practices 2-1
2-3 DESIGN STRATEGIES 2-2

2-3.1 Maximize Standoff Distance 2-2
2-3.2 Prevent Building Collapse 2-2
2-3.3 Minimize Hazardous Flying Debris 2-2
2-3.4 Provide Effective Building Layout 2-2
2-3.5 Limit Airborne Contamination 2-2
2-3.6 Provide Mass Notification 2-3
2-3.7 Facilitate Future Upgrades 2-3
2-4 ASSUMPTIONS 2-3
2-4.1 Baseline Threat 2-3
2-4.2 Controlled Perimeter....2-4
2-4.3 Government Vehicle Parking....2-4
2-4.4 Levels of Protection....2-5
2-4.5 Minimum Standoff Distances....2-5
2-4.6 Exempted Building Types....2-8
2-4.7 Policies and Procedure....2-9
2-4.8 Design Criteria.... 2-9
2-4.9 Enhanced Fire Safety 2-9
2-4.10 Training 2-10
2-4.11 Expeditionary and Temporary Structures 2-10
2-4.12 Leased Buildings 2-10

APPENDIX A DEFINITIONS....A-1

APPENDIX B DoD ANTITERRORISM STANDARDS FOR NEW AND EXISTING BUILDINGS B-1

APPENDIX C RECOMMENDED ADDITIONAL ANTITERRORISM MEASURES FOR NEW AND EXISTING BUILDINGS....C-1

APPENDIX D DoD ANTITERRORISM STANDARDS FOR EXPEDITIONARY AND TEMPORARY STRUCTURES....D-1

FIGURES

Figure Title

B-1 Standoff Distances and Building Separation – Controlled Perimeter B-3
B-2 Standoff Distances and Building Separation – No Controlled Perimeter... B-3
D-1 Standoff Distances and Separation for Expeditionary and Temporary Structures..... D-5

TABLES

Table Title

2-1 Levels of Protection – New and Existing Buildings..... 2-6
2-2 Levels of Protection – Expeditionary and Temporary Structures..... 2-7
B-1 Minimum Standoff Distances and Separation for New and Existing Buildings..... B-2
D-1 Minimum Standoff Distances and Separation for Expeditionary and Temporary Structures D-4

CHAPTER 1

INTRODUCTION

1-1 **GENERAL.** This document represents a significant commitment by DoD to seek effective ways to minimize the likelihood of mass casualties from terrorist attacks against DoD personnel in the buildings in which they work and live.

1-1.1 **Dynamic Threat Environment.** Terrorism is real, evolving, and continues to increase in frequency and lethality throughout the world. The unyielding, tenacious, and patient nature of the terrorists targeting DoD interests forces us to closely examine existing policies and practices for deterring, disrupting, and mitigating potential attacks. Today, terrorist attacks can impact anyone, at any time, at any location, and can take many forms. Deterrence against terrorist attacks begins with properly trained and equipped DoD personnel employing effective procedures. While terrorists have many tactics available to them, they frequently use explosive devices when they target large numbers of DoD personnel. Most existing DoD buildings offer little protection from terrorist attacks. By applying the Minimum Antiterrorism Standards for Buildings described in this document, we become a lesser target of opportunity for terrorists.

1-1.2 **Responsibility.** Protecting people on a DoD installation or site must start with an understanding of the risk of a terrorist attack. Application of the standards herein should be consistent with the perceived or identified risk. Everyone in DoD is responsible for protecting our people and other resources.

1-1.2.1 **Individuals.** Each DoD employee, contractor, or vendor is responsible for minimizing opportunities for terrorists to threaten or target themselves, their co-workers, and their families on DoD installations or sites.

1-1.2.2 **Installation Commanders.** The installation commander must protect the people on his/her installation, or site, by managing and mitigating the risk to those people in the event of a terrorist attack. The installation commander is responsible for applying the standards herein, consistent with the identified or perceived risk of DoD people being hurt or killed.

1-1.2.3 **Service Secretaries and Agency Heads.** The heads of DoD Components shall ensure compliance and issue guidance to implement these standards. That guidance will include direction to require the installation commander to notify or seek approval from a major command or claimant or higher headquarters level if a new construction or renovation project, or a leased facility, will not meet any one or more of the standards. Heads of DoD Components will establish plans and procedures to mitigate risks in such situations.

1-1.3 **Planning and Integration.** When the best procedures, proper training, and appropriate equipment fail to deter terrorist attacks, adherence to these standards goes far in mitigating the possibility of mass casualties from terrorist attacks against DoD personnel in the buildings in which they work and live. Although predicting the specific threat to everyone is not possible, proper planning and integration of those plans provides a solid foundation for preventing, and if necessary reacting, when

terrorist incidents or other emergencies unfold. An effective planning process facilitates the necessary decision making, clarifies roles and responsibilities, and ensures support actions generally go as planned. A team consisting of the chain of command and key personnel from all appropriate functional areas who have an interest in the building and its operation executes this planning process. The team should include, as a minimum, antiterrorism/force protection, intelligence, security, and facility engineering personnel. This team is responsible for identifying requirements for the project, facilitating the development of supporting operational procedures, obtaining adequate resources, and properly supporting all other efforts needed to prudently enhance protection of the occupants of every inhabited DoD building. For further information on planning and integration, refer to the *DoD Security Engineering Planning Manual*.

1-2 REFERENCES.

- Interim Department of Defense Antiterrorism / Force Protection Construction Standards, December 16, 1999 (hereby cancelled)
- DoD Instruction 2000.16, DoD Antiterrorism Standards, June 14, 2001.
- DoD Handbook 2000.12-H, Protection of DoD Personnel and Activities Against Acts of Terrorism and Political Turbulence, February 1993
- American Society of Civil Engineers Standard (ANSI/ASCE) 7-98, Minimum Design Loads for Buildings and Other Structures, January 2000
- Unified Facilities Criteria (UFC) 4-010-02, *DoD Minimum Antiterrorism Standoff Distances for Buildings; (For Official Use Only (FOUO))*
- Unified Facilities Criteria (UFC) 4-011-01, *DoD Security Engineering Planning Manual*, (Draft)
- Unified Facilities Criteria (UFC) 4-011-02, *DoD Security Engineering Design Manual*, (Draft)
- Sections 2805(a)(1) and 2805(c)(1) of Title 10, US Code
- Security Engineering Working Group web site (http://sewg.nwo.usace.army.mil)
- DoD 6055.9-STD, DoD Ammunition and Explosive Safety Standards, July 1999
- SHAPE Document 6160/SHLOFA-059/82, NATO Approved Criteria and Standards for Tactical and Transport Airfields (6th Addition), 30 March 1982 (NATO Restricted)
- Unified Facilities Criteria (UFC) 4-021-01, *Design and O&M: Mass Notification Systems, December 2002*

1-3 **STANDARDS AND RECOMMENDATIONS.** Mandatory DoD minimum antiterrorism standards for new and existing inhabited buildings are contained in Appendix B. Additional recommended measures for new and existing inhabited buildings are included in Appendix C. Mandatory DoD minimum antiterrorism standards for expeditionary and temporary structures are contained in Appendix D.

1-4 **INTENT.** The intent of these standards is to minimize the possibility of mass casualties in buildings or portions of buildings owned, leased, privatized, or otherwise occupied, managed, or controlled by or for DoD. These standards provide appropriate, implementable, and enforceable measures to establish a level of protection against terrorist attacks for all inhabited DoD buildings where no known threat of terrorist activity currently exists. While complete protection against all potential threats for every inhabited building is cost prohibitive, the intent of these standards can be achieved through prudent master planning, real estate acquisition, and design and construction practices. Where the minimum standoff distances detailed in these standards are met, most conventional construction techniques can be used with only marginal impact on the total construction or renovation cost. The financial impact of these standards will be significantly less than the economic and intangible costs of a mass casualty event.

1-5 **LEVELS OF PROTECTION.** The levels of protection provided by these standards meet the intent described above and establish a foundation for the rapid application of additional protective measures in a higher threat environment. These standards may be supplemented where specific terrorist threats are identified, where more stringent local standards apply, or where local commanders dictate additional measures. Detailed descriptions of the levels of protection are provided in Chapter 2 and the *DoD Security Engineering Planning Manual*.

1-5.1 **DoD Component Standards.** Where DoD Component standards such as geographic Combatant Commander standards address unique requirements, those standards will be incorporated in accordance with their implementing directives, but not to the exclusion of these standards.

1-5.2 **Threat-Specific Requirements.** Where a design basis threat is identified whose mitigation requires protective measures beyond those required by these standards or DoD Component standards, those measures will be developed in accordance with the provisions of the *DoD Security Engineering Planning Manual*. The provisions of the *DoD Security Engineering Planning Manual* include the design criteria that will be the basis for the development of the protective measures, estimates of the costs of those measures, and detailed guidance for developing the measures required to mitigate the identified threat. The design criteria include the assets to be protected, the threat to those assets, and the desired level of protection. Use of the *DoD Security Engineering Planning Manual* will ensure uniform application, development, and cost estimation of protective measures throughout DoD.

1-5.3 **Critical Facilities.** Buildings that must remain mission operational during periods of national crisis and/or if subjected to terrorist attack should be designed to significantly higher levels of protection than those provided by these standards.

1-5.4 **Explosive Safety Standards.** These antiterrorism standards establish criteria to minimize the potential for mass casualties and progressive collapse from a terrorist attack. DoD 6055.9-STD, *DoD Ammunition and Explosive Safety Standards* as implemented by Service component explosive safety standards, establish acceptable levels of protection for accidental explosions of DoD-titled munitions. The explosive safety and antiterrorism standards address hazards associated with unique events; therefore, they specify different levels of protection. Compliance with both standards is required. Where conflicts arise, the more stringent criteria will govern.

1-6 **APPLICABILITY.** These standards apply to all DoD Components, to all DoD inhabited buildings, to billeting, and to all DoD expeditionary and temporary structures in accordance with the following:

1-6.1 **New Construction.** Implementation of these standards is mandatory for all new construction regardless of funding source in accordance with the following:

1-6.1.1 **Military Construction (MILCON).** These standards apply to MILCON projects starting with the Fiscal Year 2004 Program. Projects programmed or designed under the Interim DoD Antiterrorism / Force Protection Construction Standards do not have to be reprogrammed or redesigned to meet the requirements of these standards. The provisions of the Interim Standards will apply to those projects. Due to minor changes between these standards and the Interim Standards, projects prior to the Fiscal Year 2004 Program should comply with these standards where possible.

1-6.1.2 **Host-Nation And Other Foreign Government Funding.** These standards apply to new construction funded under host-nation agreements or from other funding sources starting in Fiscal Year 2004 or as soon as negotiations with the foreign governments can be completed.

1-6.1.3 **Other Funding Sources.** These standards apply to all new construction projects funded by sources other than MILCON (such as Non-Appropriated Funds, Operations and Maintenance, and Working Capital Funds) starting with Fiscal Year 2004. Projects funded prior to that fiscal year should comply with these standards where possible.

1-6.2 **Existing Buildings.** These standards will apply to existing facilities starting with the Fiscal Year 2004 program when triggered as specified below, regardless of funding source. Projects funded prior to that fiscal year should comply with these standards where possible. For existing leased buildings see paragraph 1-6.4.

1-6.2.1 **Major Investments.** Implementation of these standards to bring an entire building into compliance is mandatory for all DoD building renovations, modifications, repairs, and restorations where those costs exceed 50% of the replacement cost of the building except as otherwise stated in these standards. The 50% cost is exclusive of the costs identified to meet these standards. Where the 50% threshold is not met, compliance with these standards is recommended.

1-6.2.2 **Conversion of Use.** Implementation of these standards is mandatory when any portion of a building is modified from its current use to that of an inhabited building, billeting, or a primary gathering building for one year or more. Examples would include a warehouse (uninhabited) being converted to administrative (inhabited) use and an inhabited administrative building being converted to a primary gathering building or billeting.

1-6.2.3 **Glazing Replacement.** Because of the significance of glazing hazards in a blast environment, implementation of the glazing provisions of these standards is mandatory for existing inhabited buildings within any planned window or door glazing replacement project. Such replacements may require window frame modification or replacement.

1-6.3 **Building Additions.** Additions to existing inhabited buildings shall comply with the minimum standards for new buildings. If the addition is 50% or more of the gross area of the existing building, the existing building shall comply with the minimum standards for existing buildings.

1-6.4 **Leased Buildings.** DoD personnel occupying leased buildings deserve the same level of protection as those in DoD-owned buildings. Implementation of these standards is therefore mandatory for all facilities leased for DoD use and for those buildings in which DoD receives a space assignment from another government agency except as established below. This requirement is intended to cover all situations, including General Services Administration space, privatized buildings, and host-nation and other foreign government buildings. This requirement is applicable for all new leases executed on or after 1 October 2005 and to renewal or extension of any existing lease on or after 1 October 2009. Leases executed prior to the above fiscal years will comply with these standards where possible.

1-6.4.1 **Partial Occupancy.** These standards only apply where DoD personnel occupy leased or assigned space constituting at least 25% of the net interior useable area or the area as defined in the lease, and they only apply to that portion of the building that is occupied by DoD personnel.

1-6.4.2 **New Buildings.** Buildings that are built to lease to DoD as of the effective date established above shall comply with the standards for new construction.

1-6.4.3 **Existing Buildings.** New leases or renewals of leases of existing buildings will trigger the minimum standards for existing buildings in accordance with the effective dates established above.

1-6.5 **Expeditionary and Temporary Structures.** Implementation of these standards is mandatory for all expeditionary and temporary structures that meet the occupancy criteria for inhabited or primary gathering buildings or billeting. See Appendix D for structure types that meet the expeditionary and temporary structures criteria.

1-6.5.1 **New Structures.** These standards apply to all new expeditionary sites effective immediately.

1-6.5.2 **Existing Structures.** These standards will apply to all existing expeditionary activities beginning in Fiscal Year 2004. Prior to that fiscal year, existing expeditionary structures should comply with these standards where possible.

1-6.6 **National Guard Buildings.** Any National Guard building that uses Federal funding for new construction, renovations, modifications, repairs, restorations, or leasing and that meets the applicability provisions above, will comply with these standards.

1-6.7 **Exemptions.** Unless DoD Components dictate otherwise, the following buildings are exempt from requirements of these standards as specified below. However, compliance with these standards for those buildings is recommended where possible. In addition, there are some exemptions to elements of individual standards that are included in the text of those standards in appendix B. The rationale for all exemptions is detailed in chapter 2.

1-6.7.1 **Family Housing With 12 Units Or Fewer Per Building.** These buildings are exempt from all provisions of these standards.

1-6.7.2 **Stand-Alone Franchised Food Operations.** These buildings are exempt from standoff distances to parking and roadways. All other standards apply.

1-6.7.3 **Stand Alone Shoppettes, Mini Marts And Similarly Sized Commissaries.** These buildings are exempt from standoff distances to parking and roadways. All other standards apply.

1-6.7.4 **Small Stand-Alone Commercial Facilities.** Stand-alone commercial facilities similar in size to those in paragraph 1-6.7.3 and that have similar operational requirements are exempt from standoff distances to parking and roadways. All other standards apply. An example of such a commercial facility would be a bank with a drive-through window.

1-6.7.5 **Gas Stations And Car Care Centers.** These facilities are exempt from all provisions of these standards.

1-6.7.6 **Medical Transitional Structures And Spaces.** These structures are exempt from standoff distances to parking and roadways. All other standards apply.

1-6.7.7 **Other Transitional Structures And Spaces.** Transitional structures and spaces that will be occupied for less than one year and that are not billeting, primary gathering buildings, or medical transitional structures, are exempt from standoff distances to parking and roadways. All other standards apply.

1-6.7.8 **Recruiting Stations In Leased Spaces.** Recruiting stations located in leased spaces are exempt from all provisions of these standards.

1-6.7.9 **Military Protective Construction.** Facilities designed to the North Atlantic Treaty Organization (NATO) (or equivalent) standards for collaterally protected, semi-hardened, protected, and hardened facilities are exempt from all provisions of

these standards; however, the threats included in this standard should be incorporated into the design criteria for the military protective construction. (Refer to SHAPE document 6160/SHLOFA-059-82.)

1-7 **PROGRAMMING.**

1-7.1 **Documentation.** The inclusion of these standards into DoD construction or the inclusion of protective measures above the requirements of these standards will be incorporated into the appropriate construction programming documents (such as the DD Form 1391) in accordance with DoD Component guidance. Refer to the *DoD Security Engineering Planning Manual* for guidance on the costs for implementing these standards and for providing protective measures beyond these standards.

1-7.2 **Funding Thresholds.** For existing buildings, these standards are intended solely to correct design deficiencies to appropriately address emergent life-threatening terrorist risks. As a result, funding thresholds for Unspecified Minor Military Construction and Operations and Maintenance funding may be increased in accordance with 10 USC Sections 2805(a)(1) and 2805 (c)(1).

1-8 **INFORMATION SENSITIVITY.** Some information in these standards is exempt from mandatory disclosure under the Freedom of Information Act. The sensitive information that is exempt is the explosive weights upon which the minimum standoff distances are based, which is included in UFC 4-010-02. Allowing potential aggressors to know the minimum explosive weights that all DoD inhabited buildings are designed to resist could constitute a vulnerability. To minimize the possibility of that information being used against DoD personnel, the following provisions apply:

1-8.1 **Distribution.** Follow governing DoD and Component guidance for specific requirements for handling and distribution of For Official Use Only information. In general, distribution of this document is unlimited. Distribution of the tables (Tables 1 and 2) in UFC 4-010-02 is authorized only to U.S. Government agencies and their contractors. In addition, where it is within Status of Forces Agreements (SOFA) or other similar information exchange agreements, the information in these standards may be distributed to host-nation elements for the purposes of their administration and design of host-nation funded or designed construction.

1-8.2 **Posting To The Internet.** This document may be posted freely to the Internet; however, because the tables (Tables 1 and 2) in UFC 4-010-02 are For Official Use Only they cannot be posted to any web site that is accessible to the general public. In addition, other documents that include information from these standards that are identified as For Official Use Only cannot be posted to web sites accessible to the general public. For Official Use Only information may be posted to protected, non-publicly accessible web sites that comply with standards established by DoD for administration of web sites.

1-8.3 **Plans and Specifications.** The explosive weights from UFC 4-010-02 upon which these standards are based shall not be entered into the plans and specifications unless the plans and specifications are properly safeguarded. Plans and specifications may be posted to the Internet in accordance with existing DoD

Component guidance, but such documents will not include For Official Use Only information. All plans and specifications for inhabited buildings shall include an annotation that cites the version of these standards that was used for design.

1-8.4 **Design – Build Contracts.** Where design – build contracts are employed, prospective contractors will be responsible for developing a design proposal for that project that may be impacted by provisions of these standards. Where that is the case, consider alternate means to provide sufficient information to support their proposals. Consider for example, either specifying specific design loads or specifying the required standoff distance and providing candidate structural systems that would allow for mitigation of the applicable explosive if that standoff was less than the minimum. Once the design – build contract is awarded the contractor will be eligible to receive this complete document for use in the development of the final design package, but that contractor will be responsible for protecting the integrity of the information throughout the contract and through any subcontracts into which that contractor might enter.

1-9 HISTORIC PRESERVATION COMPLIANCE FOR IMPLEMENTATION OF ANTI-TERRORISM STANDARDS.

1-9.1 **Security and Stewardship.** The Department of Defense remains the lead federal agency in balancing security threats with the protection of historic properties. The Department of Defense abides by federal legislation on protecting cultural resources, and issues its own complementary policies for stewardship. Historic properties and archaeological sites on military land are protected with other facilities from terrorism where there is a perceived threat to people and critical resources.

1-9.2 **Compliance with Laws.** In the wake of terrorist attacks against the armed forces and civilian personnel, the Department of Defense believes firmly that this new anti-terrorism policy represents an undertaking that is directly associated with continuing and immediate threat of further terrorist attacks. Implementation of this policy, however, shall not supersede DoD's obligation to comply with federal laws regarding cultural resources to include the National Historic Preservation Act and the Archaeological Resources Protection Act. Installation personnel need to determine possible adverse effects upon an historic structure and/or archaeological resource prior to anti-terrorism standard undertakings and consult accordingly. Personnel at installations abroad should coordinate with the host nation regarding possible adverse effects to cultural resources.

1-9.3 **Compliance with DoD Standards.** Conversely, historic preservation compliance does not negate the requirement to implement Department of Defense policy. Federal agencies are always the decision-maker in the Section 106 process of the National Historic Preservation Act. An agency should not allow for prolonged consultations that conflict with the eminent need to implement anti-terrorism standards. Preservation issues need to be quickly and effectively resolved, so as not to obstruct force protection efforts.

1-9.4 **Declaration of National Emergency.** On September 14, 2001, President Bush proclaimed a Declaration of National Emergency by Reason of Certain Terrorist Attacks (*Federal Register,* Vol. 66, No. 181, p. 48199). As a result of this declaration, Federal agencies may use the emergency provisions of the Advisory Council on Historic Preservation's regulations as outlined in 36 CFR Part 800.12, for those undertakings that are an essential and immediate response to the President's declaration.

1-10 **INTERIM DESIGN GUIDANCE.** The *DoD Security Engineering Planning Manual* and the *DoD Security Engineering Design Manual are* currently unpublished. In lieu of referring to *those manuals*, please see the guidance provided on the Security Engineering Working Group website.

CHAPTER 2

PHILOSOPHY, DESIGN STRATEGIES, AND ASSUMPTIONS

2-1 **GENERAL.** The purpose of this chapter is to clarify the philosophy on which these standards are based, the design strategies that are their foundation, and the assumptions inherent in their provisions. Effective implementation of these standards depends on a reasonable understanding of the rationale for them. With this understanding, engineers and security and antiterrorism personnel can maximize the efficiency of their solutions for complying with these standards while considering site-specific issues and constraints that might dictate measures beyond these minimums.

2-2 **PHILOSOPHY.** The overarching philosophy upon which this document is based is that comprehensive protection against the range of possible threats may be cost prohibitive, but that an appropriate level of protection can be provided for all DoD personnel at a reasonable cost. That level of protection is intended to lessen the risk of mass casualties resulting from terrorist attacks. Full implementation of these standards will provide some protection against all threats and will significantly reduce injuries and fatalities for the threats upon which these standards are based. The costs associated with those levels of protection are assumed to be less than the physical and intangible costs associated with incurring mass casualties. Furthermore, given what we know about terrorism, all DoD decision makers must commit to making smarter investments with our scarce resources and stop investing money in inadequate buildings that DoD personnel will have to occupy for decades, regardless of the threat environment. There are three key elements of this philosophy that influence the implementation of these standards.

2-2.1 **Time.** Protective measures needed to provide the appropriate level of protection must be in place prior to the initiation of a terrorist attack. Incorporating those measures into DoD buildings is least expensive at the time those buildings are either being constructed or are undergoing major renovation, repair, restoration, or modification.

2-2.2 **Master Planning.** Many of these standards significantly impact master planning. The most significant such impact will be in standoff distances. If standoff distances are not “reserved” they will be encroached upon and will not be available should they become necessary in a higher threat environment. The master planning implications of these standards are not intended to be resolved overnight. They should be considered to be a blueprint for facilities and installations that will be implemented over decades as those facilities and installations evolve.

2-2.3 **Design Practices.** The philosophy of these standards is to build greater resistance to terrorist attack into all inhabited buildings. That philosophy affects the general practice of designing inhabited buildings. While these standards are not based on a known threat, they are intended to provide the easiest and most economical methods to minimize injuries and fatalities in the event of a terrorist attack. The primary methods to achieve this outcome are to maximize standoff distance, to construct superstructures to avoid progressive collapse, and to reduce flying debris hazards.

These and related design issues are intended to be incorporated into standard design practice in the future.

2-3 **DESIGN STRATEGIES.** There are several major design strategies that are applied throughout these standards. They do not account for all of the measures considered in these standards, but they are the most effective and economical in protecting DoD personnel from terrorist attacks. These strategies are summarized below.

2-3.1 **Maximize Standoff Distance.** The primary design strategy is to keep terrorists as far away from inhabited DoD buildings as possible. The easiest and least costly opportunity for achieving the appropriate levels of protection against terrorist threats is to incorporate sufficient standoff distance into project designs. While sufficient standoff distance is not always available to provide the minimum standoff distances required for conventional construction, maximizing the available standoff distance always results in the most cost-effective solution. Maximizing standoff distance also ensures that there is opportunity in the future to upgrade buildings to meet increased threats or to accommodate higher levels of protection.

2-3.2 **Prevent Building Collapse.** Provisions relating to preventing building collapse and building component failure are essential to effectively protecting building occupants, especially from fatalities. Designing those provisions into buildings during new construction or retrofitting during major renovations, repairs, restorations, or modifications of existing buildings is the most cost effective time to do that. In addition, structural systems that provide greater continuity and redundancy among structural components will help limit collapse in the event of severe structural damage from unpredictable terrorist acts.

2-3.3 **Minimize Hazardous Flying Debris.** In past explosive events where there was no building collapse, a high number of injuries resulted from flying glass fragments and debris from walls, ceilings, and fixtures (non-structural features). Flying debris can be minimized through building design and avoidance of certain building materials and construction techniques. The glass used in most windows breaks at very low blast pressures, resulting in hazardous, dagger-like shards. Minimizing those hazards through reduction in window numbers and sizes and through enhanced window construction has a major effect on limiting mass casualties. Window and door designs must treat glazing, frames, connections, and the structural components to which they are attached as an integrated system. Hazardous fragments may also include secondary debris such as those from barriers and site furnishings.

2-3.4 **Provide Effective Building Layout.** Effective design of building layout and orientation can significantly reduce opportunities for terrorists to target building occupants or injure large numbers of people.

2-3.5 **Limit Airborne Contamination.** Effective design of heating, ventilation, and air conditioning (HVAC) systems can significantly reduce the potential for chemical, biological, and radiological agents being distributed throughout buildings.

2-3.6 **Provide Mass Notification.** Providing a timely means to notify building occupants of threats and what should be done in response to those threats reduces the risk of mass casualties.

2-3.7 **Facilitate Future Upgrades.** Many of the provisions of these standards facilitate opportunities to upgrade building protective measures in the future if the threat environment changes.

2-4 **ASSUMPTIONS.** Several assumptions form the foundation for these standards.

2-4.1 **Baseline Threat.** The location, size, and nature of terrorist threats are unpredictable. These standards are based on a specific range of assumed threats that provides a reasonable baseline for the design of all inhabited DoD buildings. Designing to resist baseline threats will provide general protection today and will establish a foundation upon which to build additional measures where justified by higher threats or where the threat environment increases in the future. While those baseline threats are less than some of the terrorist attacks that have been directed against U.S. personnel in the past, they represent more severe threats than a significant majority of historical attacks. It would be cost prohibitive to provide protection against the worst-case scenario in every building. The terrorist threats addressed in these standards are further assumed to be directed against DoD personnel. Threats to other assets and critical infrastructure are beyond the scope of these standards, but they are addressed in the *DoD Security Engineering Planning Manual*. The following are the terrorist tactics upon which these standards are based:

2-4.1.1 **Explosives.** The baseline explosive weights are identified in Tables B-1 and D-1 as explosive weights I, II, and III. Their means of delivery are discussed below.

2-4.1.1.1 **Vehicle Bombs.** For the purposes of these standards, the vehicle bomb is assumed to be a stationary vehicle bomb. The sizes of the explosives in the vehicle bombs associated with explosive weight I (in equivalent weight of TNT) are likely to be detected in a vehicle during a search. Therefore, explosive weight I is the basis for the standoff distances associated with the controlled perimeter. The quantity of explosives associated with explosive weight II is assumed to be able to enter the controlled perimeter undetected; therefore, explosive weight II is the basis for the standoff distances for roadways and parking. Explosive weight II was selected because it represents a tradeoff between likelihood of detection and the risk of injury or damage.

2-4.1.1.2 **Waterborne Vessel Bombs.** For the purposes of these standards, waterborne vessels will also be assumed to contain quantities of explosives associated with explosive weight I. That weight was selected because areas beyond the shoreline are assumed not to be controlled perimeters.

2-4.1.1.3 **Placed Bombs.** Hand-carried explosives placed near buildings can cause significant localized damage, potentially resulting in injuries or fatalities. It is assumed that aggressors will not attempt to place explosive devices in areas near buildings where those devices could be visually detected by building occupants casually observing the area around the building. It is also assumed that there will be sufficient

controls to preclude bombs being brought into buildings. Explosive weight II is assumed to be placed by hand either in trash containers or in the immediate vicinity of buildings. That quantity of explosives is further assumed to be built into a bomb 150 millimeters (6 inches) or greater in height.

2-4.1.1.4 **Mail Bombs.** Explosives in packages delivered through the mail can cause significant localized damage, injuries, and fatalities if they detonate inside a building. No assumption as to the size of such explosives is made in these standards. Provisions for mail bombs are limited to locations of mailrooms so that they can be more readily hardened if a specific threat of a mail bomb is identified in the future.

2-4.1.2 **Indirect Fire Weapons.** For the purpose of these standards, indirect fire weapons are assumed to be military mortars with fragmentation rounds containing explosives equivalent to explosive weight III in Tables B-1 and D-1. Protection against the effects of such rounds on an individual building is not considered practical as a minimum standard; therefore, these standards are intended to limit collateral damage to adjacent buildings from these weapons.

2-4.1.3 **Direct Fire Weapons.** For the purpose of these standards, direct fire weapons include small arms weapons and shoulder fired rockets that require a direct line of sight. Some standards in this document are predicated on a direct fire weapon threat. Provisions of those standards are based on the assumption that those weapons will be fired from vantage points outside the control of an installation or facility. Obscuration or screening that minimizes targeting opportunities is assumed to be the primary means of protecting DoD personnel from these weapons in these standards.

2-4.1.4 **Fire.** Recent incidents indicate that causing fires can be considered a terrorist tactic. Fire may be used as a direct terrorist tactic or it may be a secondary effect of some other tactic. Examples of how fire might be used as a direct tactic would include arson and driving a fuel truck or other fuel-laden vehicle into a building.

2-4.1.5 **Chemical, Biological, and Radiological Weapons.** For the purposes of these standards, these weapons are assumed to be improvised weapons containing airborne agents employed by terrorists. These standards do not assume comprehensive protection against this threat. They provide means to reduce the potential for widespread dissemination of such agents throughout a building in the event of an attack.

2-4.2 **Controlled Perimeter.** These standards assume that procedures are implemented to search for and detect explosives to limit the likelihood that a vehicle carrying quantities of explosives equivalent to explosive weight I in Tables B-1 and D-1 could penetrate a controlled perimeter undetected. It is further assumed that access control will include provisions to reject vehicles without penetrating the controlled perimeter.

2-4.3 **Government Vehicle Parking.** Limitations on parking near buildings apply to all vehicles, including official and tactical vehicles, except for emergency vehicles and for operations support vehicles that are never driven out of restricted access areas, as established in these standards. Government vehicles other than

those support and emergency vehicles are included in the parking limitations in these standards because it is assumed that when they are out of restricted access areas they may be out of the immediate control of their operators, which could make them susceptible to having explosives placed on or inside of them.

2-4.4 **Levels of Protection.** The potential levels of protection are described in Tables 2-1 and 2-2. These standards provide a **Low** level of protection for billeting and primary gathering buildings and a **Very Low** level of protection for other inhabited buildings. Greater protection is provided for primary gathering buildings and billeting because of the higher concentration of personnel and the more attractive nature of the target. If the minimum standoff distances are provided, or if mitigating measures are provided to achieve an equivalent level of protection, and if the threats are no greater than those indicated in Tables B-1 and D-1, the risk of injuries and fatalities will be reduced. Threats higher than those envisioned in Tables B-1 and D-1 will increase the likelihood of injuries and fatalities regardless of the level of protection. Refer to the *DoD Security Engineering Design Manual* for detailed guidance on levels of protection and how to achieve them for a wide range of threats.

2-4.5 **Minimum Standoff Distances.** The minimum standoff distances identified in Tables B-1 and D-1 were developed to provide survivable structures for a wide range of conventionally constructed buildings and expeditionary/temporary structures. These buildings range from tents and wood framed buildings to reinforced concrete buildings. For a more detailed discussion of this issue, refer to the *DoD Security Engineering Design Manual*.

2-4.5.1 **Conventional Construction Standoff Distance.** The standoff distances in the “Conventional Construction Standoff Distance” column in Table B-1 are based on explosive safety considerations that have been developed based on years of experience and observation. Those standoff distances may be conservative for heavy construction such as reinforced concrete or reinforced masonry; however, they may be just adequate for lighter-weight construction.

2-4.5.2 **Effective Standoff Distance.** Because standoff distances from the “Conventional Construction Standoff Distance” column of Table B-1 may be overly conservative for some construction types, these standards allow for the adjustment of standoff distances based on the results of a structural analysis considering the applicable explosive weights in Table B-1. For new buildings, even if such an analysis suggests a standoff distance of less than those shown in the “Effective Standoff Distance” column of Table B-1, standoff distances of less than those in that column are not allowed to ensure there is a minimal standoff distance “reserved” to accommodate future upgrades that could be necessitated by emerging threats. In addition, the 10 meter (33 feet) minimum is established to ensure there is no encroachment on the unobstructed space. For existing buildings, the standoff distances in the “Effective Standoff Distance” column of Table B-1 will be provided except where doing so is not possible. In those cases, lesser standoff distances may be allowed where the required level of protection can be shown to be achieved through analysis or can be achieved through building hardening or other mitigating construction or retrofit.

Table 2-1 Levels of Protection – New and Existing Buildings

Level of Protection	Potential Structural Damage	Potential Door and Glazing Hazards	Potential Injury
Below AT standards	Severely damaged. Frame collapse/massive destruction. Little left standing.	Doors and windows fail and result in lethal hazards	Majority of personnel suffer fatalities.
Very Low	Heavily damaged - onset of structural collapse: Major deformation of primary and secondary structural members, but progressive collapse is unlikely. Collapse of non-structural elements.	Glazing will break and is likely to be propelled into the building, resulting in serious glazing fragment injuries, but fragments will be reduced. Doors may be propelled into rooms, presenting serious hazards.	Majority of personnel suffer serious injuries. There are likely to be a limited number (10% to 25%) of fatalities.
Low	Damaged – unrepairable. Major deformation of non-structural elements and secondary structural members and minor deformation of primary structural members, but progressive collapse is unlikely.	Glazing will break, but fall within 1 meter of the wall or otherwise not present a significant fragment hazard. Doors may fail, but they will rebound out of their frames, presenting minimal hazards.	Majority of personnel suffer significant injuries. There may be a few (<10%) fatalities.
Medium	Damaged – repairable. Minor deformations of non-structural elements and secondary structural members and no permanent deformation in primary structural members.	Glazing will break, but will remain in the window frame. Doors will stay in frames, but will not be reusable.	Some minor injuries, but fatalities are unlikely.
High	Superficially damaged. No permanent deformation of primary and secondary structural members or non-structural elements.	Glazing will not break. Doors will be reusable.	Only superficial injuries are likely.

Table 2-2 Levels of Protection – Expeditionary and Temporary Structures

Level of Protection	Potential Structural Damage	Potential Injury
Below AT Standards	Severely damaged. Frame collapse/massive destruction. Little left standing.	Majority of personnel suffer fatalities.
Very Low	Heavily damaged. Major portions of the structure will collapse (over 50%). A significant percentage of secondary structural members will collapse (over 50%).	Majority of personnel suffer serious injuries. There are likely to be a limited number (10% to 25%) of fatalities.
Low	Damaged – unrepairable. Some sections of the structure may collapse or lose structural capacity (10 to 20% of structure).	Majority of personnel suffer significant injuries. There may be a few (<10%) fatalities.
Medium	Damaged – repairable. Minor to major deformations of both structural members and non-structural elements. Some secondary debris will be likely, but the structure remains intact with collapse unlikely.	Some minor injuries, but no fatalities are likely.
High	Superficially damaged. No permanent deformation of primary and secondary structural members or non-structural elements.	Only superficial injuries are likely.

2-4.5.3 **Operational Option for Existing Buildings.** Because moving parking and roadways associated with existing buildings or applying structural retrofits to harden those buildings may be impractical, operational options are provided for complying with the standoff distance requirements for existing parking and roadways associated with existing buildings. Those operational options allow for establishing access control for parking at the applicable standoff distances in either Table B-1 or Table D-1, in which case parking can be allowed to be as close as 10 meters to buildings without hardening or analysis. The access control in those situations must be established at a location in accordance with Tables B-1 or D-1. The assumption is that by establishing access control into the parking lot, there will be a lesser opportunity to enter the parking area with an explosive in a vehicle. For roadways, the operational option is to prohibit parking along roadways within the standoff applicable distances in Tables B-1 and D-1. These operational options will result in increased risk for existing buildings, but acceptance of that risk is necessary to make application of these standards to existing buildings practical. The additional option for allowing parking even close than 10 meters (33 feet) as long as the applicable level of protection is met, is based on the recognition that there may be some buildings, especially in urban areas, where achieving even 10 meters (33 feet) is not possible.

2-4.5.4 **Temporary and Expeditionary Construction.** The standoff distances in Table D-1 are based on blast testing conducted against TEMPER Tents, SEA Huts, General Purpose Shelters, and Small Shelter Systems. With adequate analysis those distances may be able to be reduced without requiring mitigating measures.

2-4.6 **Exempted Building Types.** For the reasons below, some building types are exempted from some or all of these standards. The minimum standards should be applied to the exempted building types where possible.

2-4.6.1 **Family Housing.** The exemption of family housing with 12 units or fewer in a single building acknowledges that the density of such units is generally low, reducing the likelihood of mass casualties. It also acknowledges the fact that low-density housing has rarely been directly targeted by terrorists. A further assumption for existing family housing with 13 or more units per building is that by designating parking spaces for specific residents or residences, the risk of parking vehicle bombs in those parking areas is reduced due to increased awareness of the vehicles that are authorized to park there.

2-4.6.2 **Stand-Alone Franchised Food Operations, Shoppettes, Mini Marts, Similarly Sized Commissaries, and Other Small Stand Alone Commercial Facilities.** These facilities by the nature of their smaller size and their operation require parking in close proximity; therefore, they are exempted from the minimum standoff distances for parking and roadways. Applying other upgrades required by these standards is feasible, however, and will lessen the risk of mass casualties.

2-4.6.3 **Gas Stations and Car Care Centers.** These facilities are exempted from these standards because, by the nature of their operation, cars must be allowed to be in close proximity to them. Other measures included in these standards would be ineffective in the absence of any control on vehicles.

2-4.6.4 **Medical Transitional Structures and Spaces.** These structures and spaces may be required for limited durations to maintain mission-critical operations during construction that require close proximity or physical connection to the existing building undergoing construction. This may make compliance with some of the standoff distance provisions of these standards impractical during the limited construction duration.

2-4.6.5 **Other Transitional Structures and Spaces.** These structures and spaces are exempted from some of the standoff distance provisions of these standards because it would be impractical to apply them considering the limited less-than-1-year duration of occupancy.

2-4.6.6 **Recruiting Stations In Leased Spaces.** These facilities are exempted because their visibility and accessibility necessitate their being located in public spaces, which makes requiring them to comply with these standards impractical. In addition, the majority of these facilities do not have a sufficient population and population density to meet the inhabited building standard.

2-4.6.7 **Military Protective Construction.** These facilities are exempted because the military conventional and nuclear weapons threats to which they are designed are much more stringent than those included in these standards. Facilities designed to protective construction standards will provide higher levels of protection for facility occupants than those required by these standards.

2-4.7 **Policies and Procedures.** Policies and procedures are a critical adjunct to building standards. It is assumed that there are means to control access to controlled perimeters, underground parking, and other locations where vehicle access needs to be limited. It is further assumed that unusual packages or containers or improperly parked vehicles will be recognized as potential terrorist threats and appropriate reactive measures will be implemented to reduce the potential for casualties. Finally, it is assumed that policies and procedures will be developed to support these and other related issues and that those policies and procedures will be incorporated into antiterrorism plans, training, and exercises.

2-4.8 **Design Criteria.** It is assumed that the provisions of these standards will be coordinated with all other applicable DoD building and design criteria and policies. Nothing in these standards should be interpreted to supersede the provisions of any other applicable building or design criteria. Where other criteria mandate more stringent requirements, it is assumed that the provisions of those criteria will be followed.

2-4.9 **Enhanced Fire Safety.** Historic fire scenarios and fuel loadings for various common buildings types that are the basis for requirements in building and life safety codes are likely to be much less severe than those experienced in terrorist attacks. Therefore, in the event of a terrorist attack, fire safety may be critical to the survival of building occupants and limiting the extent of building damage. Fire safety may be enhanced by designing buildings to limit the extent or severity of a fire and providing more effective egress routes. Changes to fire safety requirements, while they may be justifiable from an antiterrorism standpoint, are beyond the scope of these standards.

2-4.10 **Training.** It is assumed that key security and facility personnel will receive training in security engineering, antiterrorism, and related areas. Refer to the Security Engineering Working Group web site for available training and to DoD 2000.12-H for additional information on training issues. It is further assumed that all DoD personnel have been trained in basic antiterrorism awareness in accordance with DoDI 2000.16, that they are able to recognize potential threats, and that they know the proper courses of action should they detect a potential threat.

2-4.11 **Expeditionary and Temporary Structures.** Expeditionary and temporary structures are commonly built of either combinations of metal frames and fabric or wood frames and rigid walls. It is assumed that most expeditionary and temporary structures cannot be retrofitted or hardened sufficiently for higher threats; therefore, unless adequate planning is done to obtain the needed space to achieve appropriate standoff, DoD personnel will be highly vulnerable to terrorist attack.

2-4.12 **Leased Buildings.** DoD personnel occupying leased buildings deserve the same level of protection as those in DoD-owned buildings; therefore, they should meet the requirements of these standards wherever possible. They must meet the requirements when the DoD occupancy meets the criteria in these standards. The thresholds in those criteria reflect the significance of higher populations of DoD personnel as targets versus the inherent risk reduction associated with dispersing DoD personnel.

APPENDIX A

DEFINITIONS

Access control. For the purposes of these standards, any combination of barriers, gates, electronic security equipment, and/or guards that can deny entry to unauthorized personnel or vehicles.

Access road. Any roadway such as a maintenance, delivery, service, emergency, or other special limited use road that is necessary for the operation of a building or structure.

Billeting. Any building or portion of a building, regardless of population density, in which 11 or more unaccompanied DoD personnel are routinely housed, including Temporary Lodging Facilities and military family housing permanently converted to unaccompanied housing. Billeting also applies to expeditionary and temporary structures with similar population densities and functions.

Building hardening. Enhanced conventional construction that mitigates threat hazards where standoff distance is limited. Building hardening may also be considered to include the prohibition of certain building materials and construction techniques.

Building separation. The distance between closest points on the exterior walls of adjacent buildings or structures.

Collateral damage. Injury to personnel or damage to buildings that are not the primary target of an attack.

Collaterally protected construction. Construction that provides protection against near-miss detonations of large general purpose military bombs.

Command vehicles. Vehicles operated by installation commanders and/or their designated staff.

Container structures. Structures built using shipping containers that are designed to withstand structural loadings associated with shipping, including Container Express (CONEX) and International Organization for Standardization (ISO) containers. Testing has shown that these structures behave similarly to buildings for the purposes of these standards.

Controlled perimeter. For the purposes of these standards, a physical boundary at which vehicle access is controlled at the perimeter of an installation, an area within an installation, or another area with restricted access. A physical boundary will be considered as a sufficient means to channel vehicles to the access control points. At a minimum, access control at a controlled perimeter requires the demonstrated capability to search for and detect explosives. Where the controlled perimeter includes a shoreline and there is no defined perimeter beyond the shoreline, the boundary will be at the mean high water mark.

Conventional construction. Building construction that is not specifically designed to resist weapons or explosives effects. Conventional construction is designed only to resist common loadings and environmental effects such as wind, seismic, and snow loads.

Conventional Construction Standoff Distance. The standoff distance at which conventional construction may be used for buildings without a specific analysis of blast effects, except as otherwise required in these standards.

Design Basis Threat. The threat (aggressors, tactics, and associated weapons, tools, or explosives) against which assets within a building must be protected and upon which the security engineering design of the building is based.

DoD building. Any building or portion of a building (permanent, temporary, or expeditionary) owned, leased, privatized, or otherwise occupied, managed, or controlled by or for DoD. DoD buildings are categorized within these standards as uninhabited, inhabited, primary gathering and billeting.

DoD Components. The Office of the Secretary of Defense (OSD); the Military Departments (including their National Guard and Reserve Components); the Chairman, Joint Chiefs of Staff and Joint Staff; the Combatant Commands; the Office of the Inspector General of the Department of Defense; the Defense Agencies; the DoD Field Activities; and all other organizational entities within DoD**.**

DoD personnel. Any U.S. military, DoD civilian, or family member thereof, host-nation employees working for DoD, or contractors occupying DoD buildings.

Effective Standoff Distance. A standoff distance less than the Conventional Construction Standoff Distance at which the required level of protection can be shown to be achieved through analysis or can be achieved through building hardening or other mitigating construction or retrofit.

Emergency Vehicles. Vehicles such as fire trucks and ambulances that are critical to emergency response, and for which close proximity to inhabited buildings or containment therein is essential.

Expeditionary structures. Those structures intended to be inhabited for no more than 1 year after they are erected. This group of structures typically include tents, Small and Medium Shelter Systems, Expandable Shelter Containers (ESC), ISO and CONEX containers, and General Purpose (GP) Medium tents and GP Large tents, etc.

Fabric covered structures. A construction type that can be identified by wood or metal (usually aluminum) posts or load-bearing frames with some type of fabric (such as canvas) stretched or pulled over the posts or frames. Examples of the types of structures that should be considered under this classification of structures include Frame-Supported Tensioned Fabric Structures (FSTFS); Tent, Extendable, Modular, Personnel (TEMPER Tents); and Small and Medium Shelter Systems (SSS and MSS); General Purpose (GP) Medium tents and GP Large tents; and air supported fabric

structures. Testing has shown that for these fabric structures, the posts and frames are what cause hazards.

Family housing. DoD buildings used as quarters for DoD personnel and their dependents. For the purposes of these standards, family housing will be considered to include Morale, Welfare, and Recreation housing (cottages) of similar occupancies.

Glazing. The part of a window, skylight, or door assembly that is transparent and transmits light, but not air.

Inhabited building. Buildings or portions of buildings routinely occupied by 11 or more DoD personnel and with a population density of greater than one person per 40 gross square meters (430 gross square feet). This density generally excludes industrial, maintenance, and storage facilities, except for more densely populated portions of those buildings such as administrative areas. The inhabited building designation also applies to expeditionary and temporary structures with similar population densities. In a building that meets the criterion of having 11 or more personnel, with portions that do not have sufficient population densities to qualify as inhabited buildings, those portions that have sufficient population densities will be considered inhabited buildings while the remainder of the building may be considered uninhabited, subject to provisions of these standards. An example would be a hangar with an administrative area within it. The administrative area would be treated as an inhabited building while the remainder of the hangar could be treated as uninhabited. (Note: This definition differs significantly from the definition for inhabited building used by DoD 6055.9-STD and is not construed to be authorization to deviate from criteria of DoD 6055.9-STD.)

Hardened construction. Below ground construction designed to resist nuclear weapons effects.

Laminated glass. Multiple sheets of glass bonded together by a bonding interlayer.

Level of protection. The degree to which an asset (person, equipment, object, etc.) is protected against injury or damage from an attack.

Mail room. A facility operated by or for the Department of Defense for the receipt and delivery of mail for military units or other authorized organizations and agencies.

Mass notification. Capability to provide real-time information to all building occupants or personnel in the immediate vicinity of a building during emergency situations.

Medical transitional structures and spaces. Structures that are erected or leased for temporary occupancy to maintain mission-critical medical care during construction, renovation, modification, repair or restoration of an existing medical structure. Examples include urgent, ambulatory, and acute care operations.

Military protective construction. Military facilities designed to resist military conventional and nuclear weapons to the NATO (or equivalent) standards of hardened, protected, semi-hardened, collaterally protected, or splinter protected.

Operations Support Vehicles. Vehicles such as airfield support equipment whose purpose is direct support to operations and which are operated only within a restricted access area.

Parking. Designated areas where vehicles may be left unattended.

Primary gathering building. Inhabited buildings routinely occupied by 50 or more DoD personnel. This designation applies to the entire portion of a building that meets the population density requirements for an inhabited building. For example, an inhabited portion of the building that has an area within it with 50 or more personnel is a primary gathering building for the entire inhabited portion of the building. The primary gathering building designation also applies to expeditionary and temporary structures with similar populations and population densities and to family housing with 13 or more family units per building, regardless of population or population density.

Progressive collapse. A chain reaction failure of building members to an extent disproportionate to the original localized damage. Such damage may result in upper floors of a building collapsing onto lower floors.

Protected construction. Buried or partially buried construction that provides protection against direct hits by large general purpose military bombs.

Roadways. Any surface intended for motorized vehicle traffic.

Routinely occupied. For the purposes of these standards, an established or predictable pattern of activity within a building that terrorists could recognize and exploit.

Security engineering. The process of identifying practical, risk managed short and long-term solutions to reduce and/or mitigate dynamic manmade hazards by integrating multiple factors, including construction, equipment, manpower, and procedures.

Semi-hardened construction. Construction that provides protection against near-miss detonations of large general purpose military bombs and direct hits from smaller munitions.

Splinter protected construction. Construction that provides protection against weapon fragments and small arms fire and also prevents magnification of blast pressure from reflection off vertical surfaces.

Specific threat. Known or postulated aggressor activity focused on targeting a particular asset.

Standoff distance. A distance maintained between a building or portion thereof and the potential location for an explosive detonation.

Structure group. A cluster of expeditionary or temporary structures consisting of multiple rows of individual structures with 200 or fewer DoD personnel.

Structural glazed window systems. Window systems in which glazing is bonded to both sides of the window frame using an adhesive such as a high-strength, high-performance silicone sealant.

Superstructure. The supporting elements of a building above the foundation.

Temporary structures. Those structures that are erected with an expected occupancy of 3 years or less. This group of structures typically includes wood frame and rigid wall construction, and such things as Southeast Asia (SEA) Huts, hardback tents, ISO and CONEX containers, pre-engineered buildings, trailers, stress tensioned shelters, Expandable Shelter Containers (ESC), and Aircraft Hangars (ACH).

TNT equivalent weight. The weight of TNT (trinitrotoluene) that has an equivalent energetic output to that of a different weight of another explosive compound.

Transitional structures and spaces. Structures or spaces within buildings that are used to temporarily (less than 1 year) relocate occupants of another building while that building undergoes renovations, modifications, repairs, or restorations.

Unobstructed space. Space within 10 meters (33 feet) of an inhabited building that does not allow for concealment from observation of explosive devices 150 mm (6 inches) or greater in height.

APPENDIX B

DoD MINIMUM ANTITERRORISM STANDARDS FOR NEW AND EXISTING BUILDINGS

B-1 **SITE PLANNING.** Operational, logistic, and security requirements must be integrated into the overall design of buildings, equipment, landscaping, parking, roads, and other features. The most cost-effective solution for mitigating explosive effects on buildings is to keep explosives as far as possible from them. Standoff distance must be coupled with appropriate building hardening to provide the necessary level of protection to DoD personnel. The following standards detail minimum standoff distances that when achieved will allow for buildings to be built with minimal additional construction costs. Where these standoff distances cannot be achieved because land is unavailable, these standards allow for building hardening to mitigate the blast effects. Costs and requirements for building hardening are addressed in the *DoD Security Engineering Planning Manual*.

B-1.1 **Standard 1. Minimum Standoff Distances.** The minimum standoff distances apply to all new and existing (when triggered) DoD buildings covered by these standards. The minimum standoff distances are presented in Table B-1 and illustrated in Figures B-1 and B-2. Where the standoff distances in the "Conventional Construction Standoff Distance" column of Table B-1 can be met, conventional construction may be used for the buildings without a specific analysis of blast effects, except as otherwise required in these standards. Where those distances are not available, an engineer experienced in blast-resistant design should analyze the building and apply building hardening as necessary to mitigate the effects of the explosives indicated in Table B-1 at the achievable standoff distance to the appropriate level of protection. The appropriate levels of protection for each building category are shown in Table B-1, and are described in Tables 2-1 and 2-2 and in the *DoD Security Engineering Planning Manual*. For new buildings, standoff distances of less than those shown in the "Effective Standoff Distance" column in Table B-1 are not allowed. For existing buildings, the standoff distances in the "Effective Standoff Distance" column of Table B-1 will be provided except where doing so is not possible. In those cases, lesser standoff distances may be allowed where the required level of protection can be shown to be achieved through analysis or can be achieved through building hardening or other mitigating construction or retrofit as described in these standards and in the *DoD Security Engineering Design Manual*.

B-1.1.1 **Controlled Perimeter.** Measure the standoff distance from the controlled perimeter to the closest point on the building exterior or inhabited portion of the building.

B-1.1.2 **Parking and Roadways.** Standoff distances for parking and roadways are based on the assumption that there is a controlled perimeter at which larger vehicle bombs will be detected and kept from entering the controlled perimeter. Where there is a controlled perimeter, the standoff distances and explosive weight associated with parking and roadways in Table B-1 apply. If there is no controlled perimeter, assume that the larger explosive weights upon which the controlled perimeter standoff distances are based (explosive weight I from Table B-1) can access parking and roadways near

Table B-1 Minimum Standoff Distances for New and Existing Buildings

Location	Building Category	Standoff Distance or Separation Requirements			
		Applicable Level of Protection	Conventional Construction Standoff Distance	Effective Standoff Distance[1]	Applicable Explosive Weight [2]
Controlled Perimeter or Parking and Roadways without a Controlled Perimeter	Billeting	Low	45 m [3] (148 ft.)	25 m [3] (82 ft.)	I
	Primary Gathering Building	Low	45 m [3] [4] (148 ft.)	25 m [3] [4] (82 ft.)	I
	Inhabited Building	Very Low	25 m [3] (82 ft.)	10 m [3] (33 ft.)	I
Parking and Roadways within a Controlled Perimeter	Billeting	Low	25 m [3] (82 ft.)	10 m [3] (33 ft.)	II
	Primary Gathering Building	Low	25 m [3] [4] (82 ft.)	10 m [3] [4] (33 ft.)	II
	Inhabited Building	Very Low	10 m [3] (33 ft.)	10 m [3] (33 ft.)	II
Trash Containers	Billeting	Low	25 m (82 ft.)	10 m (33 ft.)	II
	Primary Gathering Building	Low	25 m (82 ft.)	10 m (33 ft.)	II
	Inhabited Building	Very Low	10 m (33 ft.)	10 m (33 ft.)	II

(1) Even with analysis, standoff distances less than those in this column are not allowed for new buildings, but are allowed for existing buildings if constructed/retrofitted to provide the required level of protection at the reduced standoff distance.
(2) See UFC 4-010-02, for the specific explosive weights (kg/pounds of TNT) associated with designations – I and II. UFC 4-010-02 is For Official Use Only (FOUO)
(3) For existing buildings, see paragraph B-1.1.2.2 for additional options.
(4) For existing family housing, see paragraph B-1.1.2.2.3 for additional options.

Figure B-1 Standoff Distances and Building Separation – Controlled Perimeter

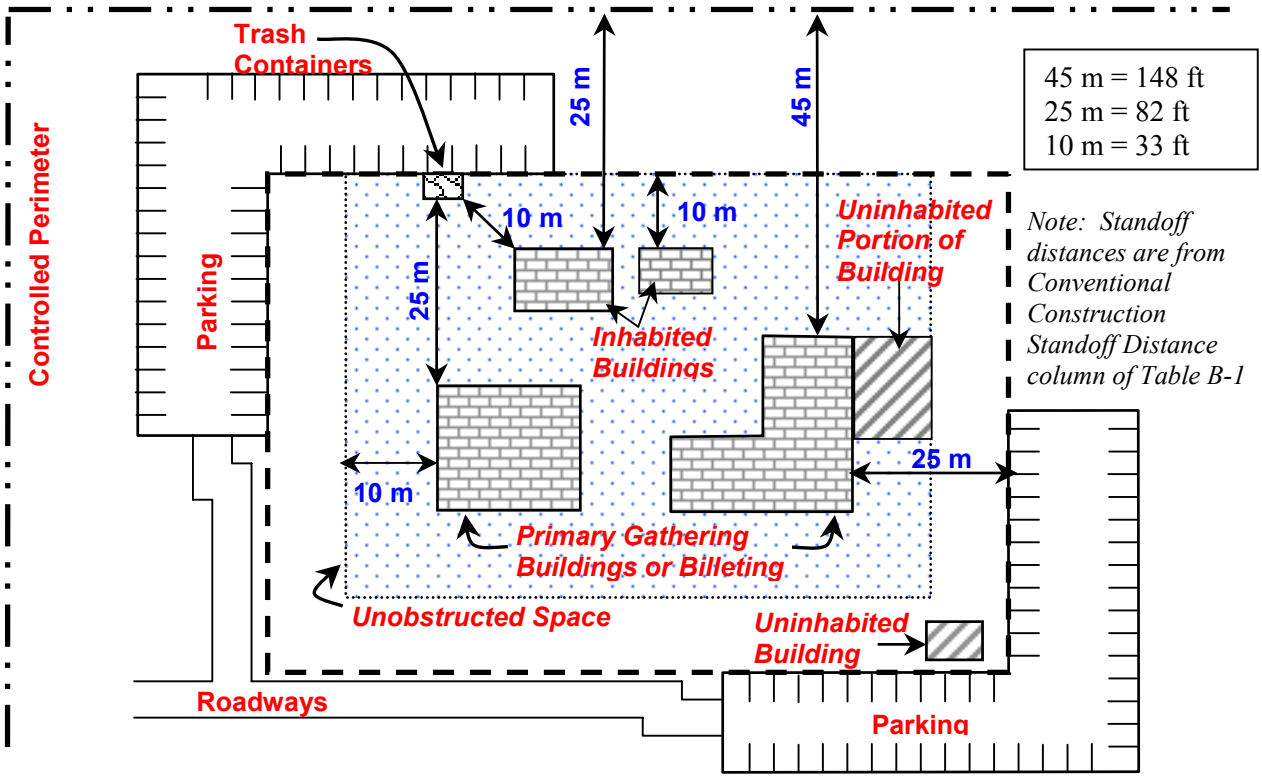
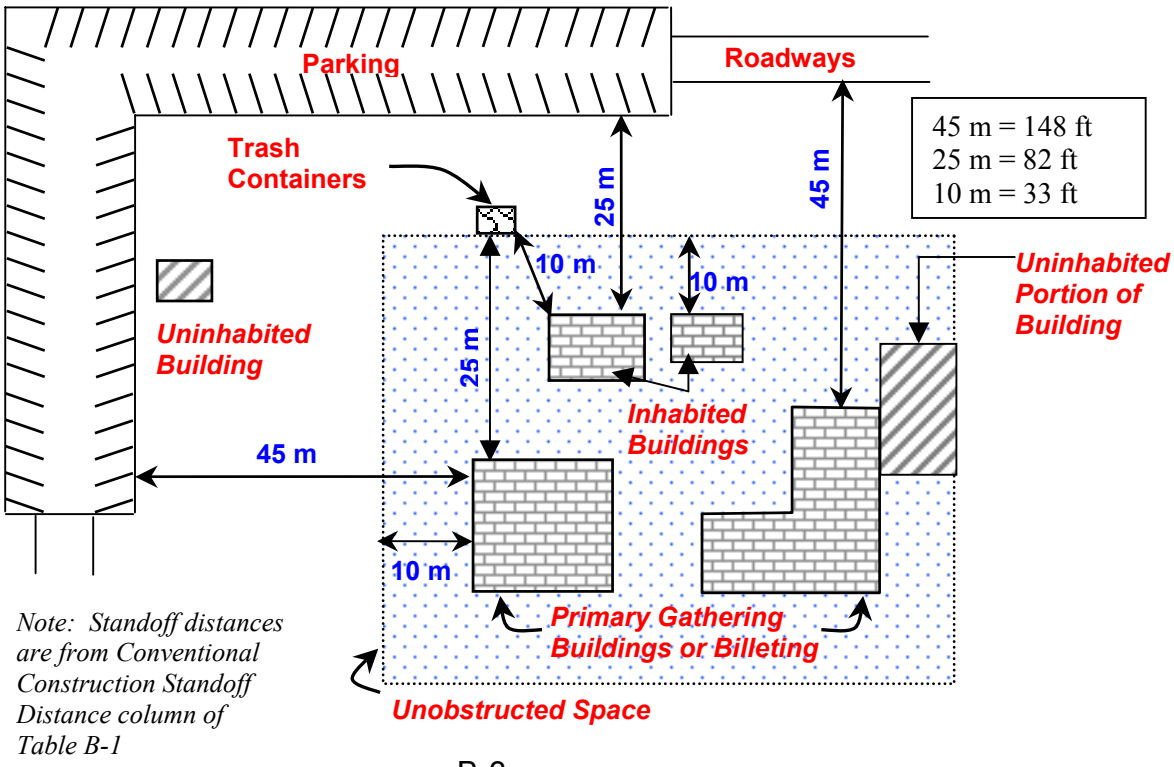


Figure B-2 Standoff Distances and Building Separation – No Controlled Perimeter



buildings. Therefore, where there is no controlled perimeter, use standoff distances from parking and roadways according to the distances and the explosive weight associated with controlled perimeters in Table B-1. Measure the standoff distance from the closest edge of parking areas and roadways to the closest point on the building exterior or inhabited portion of the building. In addition, the following apply:

B-1.1.2.1 **New Inhabited Buildings.** The minimum standoff for all new buildings regardless of hardening or analysis is 10 meters (33 feet) for both parking areas and roadways.

B-1.1.2.2 **Existing Inhabited Buildings.** Where possible, move parking and roadways away from existing inhabited buildings in accordance with the standoff distances and explosive weights in Table B-1. It is recognized, however, that moving existing parking areas and roadways or applying structural retrofits may be impractical; therefore, the following operational options are provided for existing inhabited buildings:

B-1.1.2.2.1 **Controlled Parking Areas.** Controlled parking associated with existing inhabited buildings may be allowed to be as close as 10 meters (33 feet) without hardening or analysis if access control to the parking area is established at the applicable conventional construction standoff distance for parking in Table B-1. In cases where the applicable level of protection can be provided (based on hardening or analysis) with a standoff distance between the conventional construction standoff distance and the effective standoff distance, parking may be allowed as close as 10 meters (33 feet) if parking is controlled at that lesser applicable standoff distance subject to the following:

B-1.1.2.2.1.1 **Parking Within a Controlled Perimeter.** The applicable conventional construction or effective standoff distance at which access will be controlled will be based on the standoff distances for parking and roadways within a controlled perimeter in Table B-1 for the applicable building category.

B-1.1.2.2.1.2 **Parking Without a Controlled Perimeter.** The applicable conventional construction or effective standoff distance at which access will be controlled will be based on the standoff distances for parking and roadways without a controlled perimeter in Table B-1 for the applicable building category.

B-1.1.2.2.1.3 **Alternate Situations.** Controlled parking may be allowed to be closer to existing inhabited buildings where conditions necessitate it and where it can be shown through analysis that the required level of protection can be provided at a lesser standoff distance or if it can be provided through building hardening or other mitigating measures or retrofits.

B-1.1.2.2.2 **Parking on Existing Roadways.** Parking along roadways is subject to the same standoff considerations as other parking. Ensure that there is no parking on roadways within the required (conventional construction or effective in accordance with Table B-1) standoff distances along existing roads adjacent to existing buildings covered by these standards.

B-1.1.2.2.3 **Parking for Family Housing.** For existing family housing with 13 or more units per building within a controlled perimeter or where there is access control to the parking area, parking within the required standoff distances may be allowed where designated parking spaces are assigned for specific residents or residences. Do not label assigned parking spaces with names or ranks of the residents. Do not encroach upon existing standoff distances where the existing standoff distances are less than the required (conventional construction or effective in accordance with Table B-1) standoff distances. For example, where existing designated parking is only 8 meters (27 feet) from existing family housing, that parking may be retained, but additional parking will not be allowed closer than 8 meters (27 feet.)

B-1.1.3 **Parking of Emergency, Command and Operations Support Vehicles.** Emergency and command vehicles, as well as operations support vehicles may be parked closer to inhabited buildings than allowed in Table B-1 if access to them is controlled or as long as they are never removed from a restricted access area, but they may not be parked closer than the distance associated with unobstructed spaces as established in Standard 3. In addition, where standard operation of buildings includes parking emergency vehicles inside them, such as fire stations, those emergency vehicles may be parked inside the buildings where necessary as long as access to the building is controlled.

B-1.1.4 **Parking of Vehicles Undergoing Maintenance.** Vehicles undergoing maintenance may be parked inside maintenance buildings closer to inhabited areas of those buildings than allowed in Table B-1 while they are undergoing repair where operationally necessary.

B-1.1.5 **Adjacent Existing Buildings.** Where projects for new and existing buildings designed in accordance with these standards include locating parking, roadways, or trash containers near existing inhabited buildings that are not required to meet these standards, the standoff distances from parking, roadways, and trash containers to the buildings that are not required to comply with these standards should comply with the applicable standoff distances in Table B-1. Where those standoff distances are not available, do not allow the parking, roadways, and trash containers to encroach on existing standoff distances to the parking, roadways, and trash containers associated with those existing buildings. For example, if existing parking associated with an existing inhabited building that does not have to comply with these standards is 10 meters from the building, do not allow new parking and roadways associated with a new building closer than 10 meters from the existing building.

B-1.1.6 **Parking and Roadway Projects.** Where practical, all roadway and parking area projects should comply with the standoff distances from inhabited buildings in Table B-1. Where parking or roadways that are within the standoff distances in Table B-1 from existing buildings are being constructed, expanded, or relocated, do not allow those parking areas and roadways to encroach on the existing standoff distances of any existing inhabited building. That applies even where such projects are not associated with a building renovation, modification, repair, or restoration requiring compliance with these standards.

B-1.1.7 **Trash Containers.** Measure the standoff distance from the nearest point of the trash container or trash container enclosure to the closest point on the building exterior or inhabited portion of the building. Where the standoff distance is not available, harden trash enclosures to mitigate the direct blast effects and secondary fragment effects of the explosive on the building if the applicable level of protection can be proven by analysis. If trash enclosures are secured to preclude introduction of objects into the enclosures by unauthorized personnel, they may be located closer to the building as long as they do not violate the unobstructed space provisions of Standard 3. Openings in screening materials and gaps between the ground and screens or walls making up an enclosure must not be greater than 150 mm (6 inches).

B-1.2 **Standard 2. Unobstructed Space.** It is assumed that aggressors will not attempt to place explosive devices in areas near buildings where these explosive devices could be visually detected by building occupants observing the area around the building. Therefore, ensure that obstructions within 10 meters (33 feet) of inhabited buildings or portions thereof do not allow for concealment from observation of explosive devices 150 mm (6 inches) or greater in height. This does not preclude the placement of site furnishings or plantings around buildings. It only requires conditions such that any explosive devices placed in that space would be observable by building occupants. For existing buildings where the standoff distances for parking and roadways have been established at less than 10 meters (33 feet) in accordance with paragraph B-1.1.2.2, the unobstructed space may be reduced to be equivalent to that distance.

B-1.2.1 **Electrical and Mechanical Equipment.** The preferred location of electrical and mechanical equipment such as transformers, air-cooled condensers, and packaged chillers is outside the unobstructed space or on the roof. However this standard does not preclude placement within the unobstructed space as long the equipment provides no opportunity for concealment of explosive devices.

B-1.2.2 **Equipment Enclosures.** If walls or other screening devices with more than two sides are placed around electrical or mechanical equipment within the unobstructed space, enclose the equipment on all four sides and the top. Openings in screening materials and gaps between the ground and screens or walls making up an enclosure will not be greater than 150 mm (6 inches). Secure any surfaces of the enclosures that can be opened so that unauthorized personnel cannot gain access through them.

B-1.3 **Standard 3. Drive-Up/Drop-Off Areas.** Some facilities require access to areas within the required standoff distance for dropping off or picking up people or loading or unloading packages and other objects. Examples that may require drive-up/drop-off include, but are not limited to, medical facilities, exchanges and commissaries, child care centers, and schools.

B-1.3.1 **Marking.** Where operational or safety considerations require drive-up or drop-off areas or drive-through lanes near buildings, ensure those areas or lanes are clearly defined and marked and that their intended use is clear to prevent parking of vehicles in those areas.

B-1.3.2 **Unattended Vehicles.** Do not allow unattended vehicles in drive-up or drop-off areas or drive-through lanes.

B-1.3.3 **Location.** Do not allow drive-through lanes or drive-up/drop-off to be located under any inhabited portion of a building.

B-1.4 **Standard 4. Access Roads.** Where access roads are necessary for the operation of a building (including those required for fire department access), ensure that access control measures are implemented to prohibit unauthorized vehicles from using access roads within the applicable standoff distances in Table B-1.

B-1.5 **Standard 5. Parking Beneath Buildings or on Rooftops.** Eliminate parking beneath inhabited buildings or on rooftops of inhabited buildings. Where very limited real estate makes such parking unavoidable, the following measures must be incorporated into the design for new buildings or mitigating measures must be incorporated into existing buildings to achieve an equivalent level of protection.

B-1.5.1 **Access Control.** Ensure that access control measures are implemented to prohibit unauthorized personnel and vehicles from entering parking areas.

B-1.5.2 **Structural Elements.** Ensure that the floors beneath or roofs above inhabited areas and all other adjacent supporting structural elements will not fail from the detonation in the parking area of an explosive equivalent to explosive weight II in Table B-1.

B-1.5.3 **Progressive Collapse.** All structural elements within and adjacent to the parking area will be subject to all progressive collapse provisions of Standard 6 except that the exterior member removal provision will also apply to interior vertical or horizontal load carrying elements. Apply those provisions based on an explosive equivalent to explosive weight II in Table B-1.

B-2 **STRUCTURAL DESIGN.** If the minimum standoff distances are achieved, conventional construction should minimize the risk of mass casualties from a terrorist attack. Even if those standoff distances can be achieved, however, incorporate the following additional structural issues that must be incorporated into building designs to ensure that buildings do not experience progressive collapse.

B-2.1 **Standard 6. Progressive Collapse Avoidance.** Progressive collapse is considered to be significant risk for buildings of three or more stories. Basements will be considered stories if they have one or more exposed walls. For all new and existing inhabited buildings of three stories or more, design the superstructure to sustain local damage with the structural system as a whole remaining stable and not being damaged to an extent disproportionate to the original local damage. Achieve this through an arrangement of the structural elements that provides stability to the entire structural system by transferring loads from any locally damaged region to adjacent regions capable of resisting those loads without collapse. Accomplish this by providing sufficient continuity, redundancy, or energy dissipating capacity (ductility, damping, hardness, etc.), or a combination thereof, in the members and connections of the structure. For further guidance, refer to American Society of Civil Engineers Standard

7-98 and to detailed guidance in the *DoD Security Engineering Design Manual*. In addition, the measures below apply to all buildings of three or more stories.

B-2.1.1 **Columns and Walls.** Design all exterior vertical load-carrying columns and walls to sustain a loss of lateral support at any of the floor levels by adding one story height to the nominal unsupported length. While this standard is based on the assumption of an external threat, where parking beneath buildings is unavoidable, this provision also applies to internal vertical load carrying columns and walls.

B-2.1.2 **Exterior Member Removal.** Analyze the structure to ensure it can withstand removal of one primary exterior vertical or horizontal load-carrying element (i.e., a column or a beam) without progressive collapse.

B-2.1.3 **Floors.** Design all floors with improved capacity to withstand load reversals due to explosive effects by designing them to withstand a net uplift equal to the dead load plus one-half the live load.

B-2.2 **Standard 7. Structural Isolation.**

B-2.2.1 **Building Additions.** Design all additions to existing buildings to be structurally independent from the adjacent existing building. This will minimize the possibility that collapse of one part of the building will affect the stability of the remainder of the building. Alternatively, verify through analysis that collapse of either the addition or the existing building will not result in collapse of the remainder of the building.

B-2.2.2 **Portions of Buildings.** Where there are areas of buildings that do not meet the criteria for inhabited buildings, design the superstructures of those areas to be structurally independent from the inhabited area. This will minimize the possibility that collapse of the uninhabited areas of the building will affect the stability of the superstructure of the inhabited portion of the building. Alternatively, verify through analysis that collapse of uninhabited portions of the building will not result in collapse of any portion of the building covered by this standard or design the uninhabited portion of the building to meet the requirements for an inhabited building in accordance with these standards. This standard is not mandatory for existing structures, but it should be implemented where possible

B-2.3 **Standard 8. Building Overhangs.** Avoid building overhangs with inhabited spaces above them where people could gain access to the area underneath the overhang. Where such overhangs must be used, incorporate the following measures into the design for new buildings. Incorporate mitigating measures into existing buildings to achieve an equivalent level of protection.

B-2.3.1 **Parking and Roadway Restrictions.** Ensure that there are no roadways or parking areas under overhangs.

B-2.3.2 **Floors.** Ensure that the floors beneath inhabited areas will not fail from the detonation underneath the overhang of an explosive equivalent to explosive weight

II where there is a controlled perimeter and explosive weight I for an uncontrolled perimeter. Explosive weights I and II are identified in Table B-1.

B-2.3.3 **Superstructure.** The progressive collapse provisions of Standard 6, including the provision for loss of lateral support for vertical load carrying elements, will include all structural elements within and adjacent to the overhang.

B-2.4 **Standard 9. Exterior Masonry Walls.** Unreinforced masonry walls are prohibited for the exterior walls of new buildings. A minimum of 0.05 percent vertical reinforcement with a maximum spacing of 1200 mm (48 in) will be provided. For existing buildings, implement mitigating measures to provide an equivalent level of protection.

B-3 **ARCHITECTURAL DESIGN.** Even where the minimum standoff distances are achieved, many aspects of building layout and other architectural design issues must be incorporated to improve overall protection of personnel inside buildings.

B-3.1 **Standard 10. Windows, Skylights, and Glazed Doors.** To minimize hazards from flying glass fragments, apply the provisions for glazing and window, skylight, and glazed door frames below for all new and existing inhabited buildings covered by these standards. Glazing and frames must work as a system to ensure that their hazard mitigation is effective. These provisions apply even if the minimum standoff distances are met. The specific requirements below, provided conventional standoff distances are met, will result in windows, skylights, and glazed doors that comply with this standard for windows provided their visual glazing openings do not exceed 3 square meters (32 square feet). For larger windows, refer to the *DoD Security Engineering Design Manual*.

B-3.1.1 **Glazing.** Use a minimum of 6-mm (1/4-in) nominal laminated glass for all exterior windows, skylights, and glazed doors. The 6-mm (1/4-in) laminated glass consists of two nominal 3-mm (1/8-in) glass panes bonded together with a minimum of a 0.75-mm (0.030-inch) polyvinyl-butyral (PVB) interlayer. For insulating glass units, use 6 mm (1/4 inch) laminated glass inner pane as a minimum. For glazing alternatives to the 6-mm (1/4-in) laminated glass that provide equivalent levels of protection, refer to the *DoD Security Engineering Design Manual*.

B-3.1.2 **Window, Skylight, and Glazed Door Frames.** Provide window and skylight frames, mullions, and sashes and door rails and stiles of aluminum or steel as detailed below. Alternatively, use frames that provide performance to the required level of protection (see Tables 2.1 and 2.2). For existing buildings, complying with this standard may require replacement or significant modification of window frames, anchorages, and supporting elements.

B-3.1.2.1 **Frame Member Design.** Steel members may be designed using ultimate yield stresses and aluminum members may be designed based on a 0.2% offset yield strength. Equivalent static design loads for the window, skylight, and door members shall be 7 kilopascals (1 lb per square in) applied to the surface of the glazing and frame Deformations shall not exceed 1/60 of the unsupported member lengths.

B-3.1.2.2 **Glazing Frame Bite.** The glazing shall have a minimum frame bite of 9.5-mm (3/8-in) for structurally glazed systems and 25-mm (1-in) for window systems that are not structurally glazed.

B-3.1.2.3 **Connection Design.** Equivalent static design loads for connections of the window, skylight, or doorframe to the surrounding walls or roof, hardware and associated connections, and glazing stop connections shall be 75 kilopascals (10.8 lbs per square inch) for glazing panels with a vision area less than or equal to 1.0 square meters (10.8 square feet) and 30 kilopascals (4.4 lbs per square inch) for glazing panels with a vision area greater than 1.0 square meters (10.8 square feet) but less than or equal to 3.0 square meters (32 square feet). Loads shall be applied to the surface of the glazing and frame. Connections and hardware may be designed based on ultimate strength for steel and 0.2% offset yield strength for aluminum.

B-3.1.2.4 **Supporting Structural Elements.** Design supporting wall and roof elements and their connections based on their ultimate capacities. In addition, because the resulting dynamic loads are likely to be dissipated through multiple mechanisms, it is not necessary to account for reactions from the supporting wall or roof elements in the design of the remainder of the structure.

B-3.1.3 **Mitigation.** Where the minimum standoff distances cannot be met, provide glazing and frames that will provide an equivalent level of protection to that provided by the glazing and frames as described above and in Tables 2-1 and 2-2 for the applicable explosive weight in Table B-1.

B-3.1.4 **Window, Skylight, and Glazed Door Replacement Projects.** Whenever window, skylight, or door glazing is being replaced in existing inhabited buildings as part of a planned window or glazing replacement project, whether or not the building meets the triggers in paragraph 1-6.2, install glazing and frames that meet all of the requirements above.

B-3.2 **Standard 11. Building Entrance Layout.** The areas outside of installations are commonly not under the direct control of the installations. Where the main entrances to buildings face installation perimeters, people entering and exiting the buildings are vulnerable to being fired upon from vantage points outside the installations. To mitigate those vulnerabilities apply the following measures:

B-3.2.1 **New Buildings.** For new inhabited buildings, ensure that the main entrance to the building does not face an installation perimeter or other uncontrolled vantage points with direct lines of sight to the entrance or provide means to block the lines of sight.

B-3.2.2 **Existing Buildings.** For existing inhabited buildings where the main entrance faces an installation perimeter, either use a different entrance as the main entrance or screen that entrance to limit the ability of potential aggressors to target people entering and leaving the building.

B-3.3 **Standard 12. Exterior Doors.** For all new and existing buildings covered by these standards, ensure that all exterior doors into inhabited areas open outwards.

By doing so, the doors will seat into the door frames in response to an explosive blast, increasing the likelihood that the doors will not enter the buildings as hazardous debris. Alternatively, position doors such that they will not be propelled into rooms if they fail in response to a blast or provide other means to ensure they do not become hazards to building occupants.

B-3.4 **Standard 13. Mailrooms.** The following measures address the location of rooms to which mail is delivered or in which mail is handled in new and existing inhabited buildings. The measures involve limiting collateral damage and injuries and facilitating future upgrades to enhance protection should they become necessary.

B-3.4.1 **Location.** Where a new or existing building covered by these standards must have a mailroom, locate that mailroom on the perimeter of the building. By locating the mailroom on the building perimeter there is an opportunity to modify it in the future if a mail bomb threat is identified. Where mailrooms are located in the interior of buildings, few retrofit options are available for mitigating the mail bomb threat.

B-3.4.2 **Proximity.** Locate mailrooms as far from heavily populated areas of the building and critical infrastructure as possible. This measure will minimize injuries and damage if a mail bomb detonates in the mailroom. Further, it will reduce the potential for wider dissemination of hazardous agents. These apply where the mailroom is not specifically designed to resist those threats.

B-3.4.3 **Sealing.** To limit migration into buildings of airborne chemical, biological, and radiological agents introduced into mailrooms, ensure that mailrooms are well sealed between their envelopes and other portions of the buildings in which they are located. Ensure the mailroom walls are of full height construction that fully extends and is sealed to the undersides of the roofs, to the undersides of any floors above them, or to hard ceilings (i.e. gypsum wallboard ceiling.) Sealing should include visible cracks, the interface joints between walls and ceilings/roofs, and all wall and ceiling/roof penetrations. Doors will have weather stripping on all four edges. Refer to the *DoD Security Engineering Design Manual* for additional guidance.

B-3.5 **Standard 14. Roof Access.** For all new and existing inhabited buildings covered by these standards, control access to roofs to minimize the possibility of aggressors placing explosives or chemical, biological, or radiological agents there or otherwise threatening building occupants or critical infrastructure.

B-3.5.1 **New Buildings.** For new buildings eliminate all external roof access by providing access from internal stairways or ladders, such as in mechanical rooms.

B-3.5.2 **Existing Buildings.** For existing buildings, eliminate external access where possible or secure external ladders or stairways with locked cages or similar mechanisms.

B-3.6 **Standard 15. Overhead Mounted Architectural Features.** For all new and existing buildings covered by these standards, ensure that overhead mounted features weighing 14 kilograms (31 pounds) or more are mounted to minimize the likelihood that they will fall and injure building occupants. Mount all such systems so

that they resist forces of 0.5 times the component weight in any direction and 1.5 times the component weight in the downward direction. This standard does not preclude the need to design architectural feature mountings for forces required by other criteria such as seismic standards.

B-4 **ELECTRICAL AND MECHANICAL DESIGN.** Electrical and mechanical design standards address limiting damage to critical infrastructure, protecting building occupants against chemical, biological, and radiological threats, and notifying building occupants of threats or hazards.

B-4.1 **Standard 16. Air Intakes.** Air intakes to heating, ventilation, and air conditioning (HVAC) systems that are designed to move air throughout a building that are at ground level provide an opportunity for aggressors to easily place contaminants that could be drawn into the building.

B-4.1.1 **New Buildings.** For all new inhabited buildings covered by this document locate all air intakes at least 3 meters (10 feet) above the ground.

B-4.1.2 **Existing Buildings**. The above requirement is recommended, but not mandatory, for existing inhabited buildings covered by these standards.

B-4.2 **Standard 17. Mailroom Ventilation.** To ensure airborne chemical, biological, and radiological agents introduced into mailrooms do not migrate into other areas of buildings in which the mailrooms are located, provide separate, dedicated air ventilation systems for mailrooms. Refer to the *DoD Security Engineering Design Manual* for additional guidance.

B-4.2.1 **Other Heating and Cooling Systems.** Building heating and cooling systems such as steam, hot water, chilled water, and refrigerant may serve mailrooms as long as the airflow systems for the mailrooms and other areas of the buildings in which they are located remain separate.

B-4.2.2 **Dedicated Exhaust Systems.** Provide dedicated exhaust systems within mailrooms to maintain slight negative air pressures with respect to the remainder of the buildings in which the mailrooms are located so that the flow of air is into and contained in the mailrooms. Though the airflow into the mailrooms will not eliminate the potential spread of contamination by personnel leaving the mailroom, it will limit the migration of airborne contaminants through openings and open doorways.

B-4.2.3 **Outside Intakes and Exhausts.** Provide mailroom ventilation system outside air intakes and exhausts with low leakage isolation dampers that can be closed to isolate the mailrooms.

B-4.2.4 **Isolation Controls.** Provide separate switches or methods of control to isolate mailrooms in the event of a suspected or actual chemical, biological, or radiological release.

B-4.3 **Standard 18. Emergency Air Distribution Shutoff.** For all new and existing inhabited buildings, provide an emergency shutoff switch in the HVAC control system that can immediately shut down air distribution throughout the building except where interior pressure and airflow control would more efficiently prevent the spread of airborne contaminants and/or ensure the safety of egress pathways. Locate the switch (or switches) to be easily accessible by building occupants. Providing such a capability will allow the facility manager or building security manager to limit the distribution of airborne contaminants that may be introduced into the building.

B-4.4 **Standard 19. Utility Distribution and Installation.** Utility systems can suffer significant damage when subjected to the shock of an explosion. Some of these utilities may be critical for safely evacuating personnel from the building or their destruction could cause damage that is disproportionate to other building damage resulting from an explosion. To minimize the possibility of the above hazards, apply the following measures:

B-4.4.1 **Utility Routing.** For all new inhabited buildings, route critical or fragile utilities so that they are not on exterior walls or on walls shared with mailrooms. This requirement is recommended, but not mandatory, for existing buildings.

B-4.4.2 **Redundant Utilities.** Where redundant utilities are required in accordance with other requirements or criteria, ensure that the redundant utilities are not collocated or do not run in the same chases. This minimizes the possibility that both sets of utilities will be adversely affected by a single event.

B-4.4.3 **Emergency Backup Systems.** Where emergency backup systems are required in accordance with requirements or criteria, ensure that they are located away from the system components for which they provide backup.

B-4.5 **Standard 20. Equipment Bracing.** Mount all overhead utilities and other fixtures weighing 14 kilograms (31 pounds) or more to minimize the likelihood that they will fall and injure building occupants. Design all equipment mountings to resist forces of 0.5 times the equipment weight in any direction and 1.5 times the equipment weight in the downward direction. This standard does not preclude the need to design equipment mountings for forces required by other criteria such as seismic standards.

B-4.6 **Standard 21. Under Building Access.** To limit opportunities for aggressors placing explosives underneath buildings, ensure that access to crawl spaces, utility tunnels, and other means of under building access is controlled.

B-4.7 **Standard 22. Mass Notification.** All inhabited buildings must have a timely means to notify occupants of threats and instruct them what to do in response to those threats.

B-4.7.1 **New Buildings.** All new inhabited buildings must have a capability to provide real-time information to building occupants or personnel in the immediate vicinity of the building during emergency situations. The information relayed must be specific enough to determine the appropriate response actions. Any system, procedure,

or combination thereof that provides this capability will be acceptable under this standard. Refer to UFC 4-021-01 for further guidance.

B-4.7.2 **Existing Buildings.** For existing buildings, the above requirement is mandatory for primary gathering buildings and billeting, but recommended for all inhabited buildings.

APPENDIX C

RECOMMENDED ADDITIONAL ANTITERRORISM MEASURES FOR NEW AND EXISTING BUILDINGS

C-1 **SITE PLANNING.** The following additional measures, if implemented, will significantly enhance site security with little increase in cost and should be considered for all new and existing inhabited buildings.

C-1.1 **Recommendation 1. Vehicle Access Points.** The first line of defense in limiting opportunities for aggressors to get vehicles close to DoD buildings is at vehicle access points at the controlled perimeter, in parking areas, and at drive-up/drop-offs points. Keep the number of access points to the minimum necessary for operational or life safety purposes. This will limit the number of points at which access may have to be controlled with barriers and/or personnel in increased threat environments or if the threat increases in the future.

C-1.2 **Recommendation 2. High-Speed Vehicle Approaches.** The energy of a moving vehicle increases with the square of its velocity; therefore, minimizing a vehicle's speed allows vehicle barriers to be lighter and less expensive should vehicle barriers ever become necessary. To facilitate reductions in vehicle speeds in the future, ensure there are no unobstructed vehicle approaches perpendicular to inhabited buildings at the required parking and roadway standoff distances.

C-1.3 **Recommendation 3. Vantage Points.** Vantage points are natural or man-made positions from which potential aggressors can observe and target people or other assets in and around a building. Identify vantage points outside the control of personnel in the targeted building and either eliminate them or provide means to avoid exposure to them. Means to avoid exposure may include actions such as reorienting the building or shielding people or assets in and around the building using such measures as reflective glazing, walls, privacy fencing, or vegetation.

C-1.4 **Recommendation 4. Drive-Up/Drop Off.** Locate these points away from large glazed areas of the building to minimize the potential for hazardous flying glass fragments in the event of an explosion. For example, locate the lane at an outside corner of the building or otherwise away from the main entrance. Coordinate the drive-up/drop-off point with the building geometry to minimize the possibility that explosive blast forces could be increased due to being trapped or otherwise concentrated. For further discussion of this issue, refer to the *DoD Security Engineering Design Manual*.

C-1.5 **Recommendation 5. Building Location.** Activities with large visitor populations provide opportunities for potential aggressors to get near buildings with minimal controls, and therefore, limit opportunities for early detection. Maximize separation distance between inhabited buildings and areas with large visitor populations.

C-1.6 **Recommendation 6. Railroad Location.** Avoid sites for inhabited buildings that are close to railroads. Where railroads are in the vicinity of existing buildings, provide standoff distances between the railroad and any inhabited buildings

based on the standoff distances and explosive weight associated with controlled perimeters in Table B-1. Where those standoff distances are not available, and since moving existing railroads may be difficult and prohibitively expensive, ensure that there are procedures in place to prohibit trains from stopping in the vicinity of inhabited structures.

C-1.7 **Recommendation 7. Access Control for Family Housing.** For new family housing areas, provide space for controlling access at the perimeter of the housing area so that a controlled perimeter can be established there if the need arises in the future.

C-1.8 **Recommendation 8. Standoff for Family Housing.** For new family housing construction, maintain a minimum standoff distance of 25 meters (82 feet) from installation perimeters and roads, streets, or highways external to housing areas.

C-1.9 **Recommendation 9. Minimize Secondary Debris.** To reduce the hazard of flying debris in the event of an explosion, eliminate unrevetted barriers and site furnishings in the vicinity of inhabited structures that are accessible to vehicle traffic. Revet exposed barriers and site furnishings near inhabited buildings with a minimum of 1 meter (3 feet) of soil or equivalent alternative techniques to prevent fragmentation hazards in the event of an explosion.

C-1.10 **Recommendation 10. Building Separation.** This recommendation applies to new buildings and is established to minimize the possibility that an attack on one building causes injuries or fatalities in adjacent buildings. The separation distance is predicated on the potential use of indirect fire weapons as identified in UFC 4-010-02.

C-1.10.1 **Billeting and Primary Gathering Buildings.** For all new billeting and primary gathering buildings, ensure that all adjacent inhabited buildings are separated from the billeting and primary gathering buildings by at least 10 meters. Where it is necessary to encroach on those building separations, analyze the billeting and primary gathering buildings and provide hardened building components as necessary to mitigate the effects of the indirect fire weapon identified in UFC 4-010-02 to the low level of protection. Levels of protection are described in Table 2-1 and in the *DoD Security Engineering Planning Manual*. The indirect fire weapon should be assumed to detonate at a distance from the target building of one-half of the separation distance.

C-1.10.2 **Other Inhabited Buildings.** There are no minimum separation distances required for antiterrorism purposes for inhabited buildings other than billeting and primary gathering buildings.

C-2 **STRUCTURAL AND ARCHITECTURAL DESIGN.** The following additional measures, if implemented, will significantly enhance building occupants' safety and security with little increase in cost. Consider these measures for all new and existing inhabited buildings.

C-2.1 **Recommendation 11. Structural Redundancy.** Unexpected terrorist acts can result in local collapse of building structural components. To limit the extent of collapse of adjacent components, utilize highly redundant structural systems such as

moment resisting frames, detail connections to provide continuity across joints equal to the full structural capacity of connected members, and detail members to accommodate large displacements without complete loss of strength. This recommendation is consistent with paragraph B-2.1 (Standard 7) for preventing progressive collapse, but recommends selection of certain structural systems and greater attention to structural details.

C-2.2 **Recommendation 12. Internal Circulation.** Design circulation within buildings to provide visual detection and monitoring of unauthorized personnel approaching controlled areas or occupied spaces.

C-2.3 **Recommendation 13. Visitor Control.** Controlling visitor access maximizes the possibility of detecting potential threatening activities. Keep locations in buildings where visitor access is controlled away from sensitive or critical areas, areas where high-risk or mission-critical personnel are located, or other areas with large population densities of DoD personnel.

C-2.4 **Recommendation 14. Asset Location.** To minimize exposure to direct blast effects and potential impacts from hazardous glass fragments and other potential debris, locate critical assets and mission-critical or high-risk personnel away from the building exterior.

C-2.5 **Recommendation 15. Room Layout.** In rooms adjacent to the exterior of the building, position personnel and critical equipment to minimize exposure to direct blast effects and potential impacts from hazardous glass fragments and other potential debris.

C-2.6 **Recommendation 16. External Hallways.** Since doors can become hazardous debris during explosive blast events, doors designed to resist blast effects are expensive, and external hallways have large numbers of doors leading into inhabited areas, avoid exterior hallway configurations for inhabited structures.

C-2.7 **Recommendation 17. Windows.** To minimize the potential for glazing hazards, minimize the size and number of windows for new construction.

APPENDIX D

DOD MINIMUM ANTITERRORISM STANDARDS FOR EXPEDITIONARY AND TEMPORARY STRUCTURES

D-1 **SITE PLANNING STANDARDS.** All the standards that are unique to expeditionary and temporary structures pertain to site planning. Integrate operational, logistic, and security requirements into the overall configuration of structures, equipment, landscaping, parking, roads, and other features. The most cost-effective solution for mitigating explosive effects on expeditionary and temporary structures is to keep explosives as far away as possible. This is especially critical for these types of structures because hardening may or may not be possible. Dispersed layouts reduce risks from a variety of threats by taking full advantage of terrain and site conditions; therefore, nothing in these standards is intended to discourage dispersal. Costs and requirements for expeditionary and temporary structure hardening are addressed in the *DoD Security Engineering Planning Manual*.

D-1.1 **Standard 1. Minimum Standoff Distances.** The minimum standoff distances apply to all new and existing DoD expeditionary and temporary structures covered by these standards except as otherwise stated below. The minimum standoff distances are presented in Table D-1and illustrated in Figure D-1. Except as otherwise required in these standards, where the standoff distances in Table D-1 can be provided, use conventional expeditionary and temporary structures without a specific analysis of blast effects. Where those distances are not available, analysis of the structure by an engineer experienced in blast-resistant design is required and hardening will be applied as necessary (in those cases which permit structure hardening) to mitigate the effects of the explosives indicated in Table D-1 at the achievable standoff distance to the appropriate level of protection. The appropriate levels of protection for each structure category are shown in Table D-1, and are described in Table 2-2 and in the *DoD Security Engineering Planning Manual*. The two structure types in Table D-1 respond in fundamentally different ways to explosive effects. Standoff distances in Table D-1 reflect those differences.

D-1.1.1 **Controlled Perimeter.** Measure the standoff distance from the closest point on the structure exterior to the controlled perimeter.

D-1.1.1.1 **Container Structures and Pre-engineered Buildings.** For these structures, apply the guidance in Appendix B.

D-1.1.1.2 **Fabric Covered and other Expeditionary or Temporary Structures.** Provide the standoff distance from Table D-1 for the applicable structure category.

D-1.1.2 **Parking and Roadways.** Standoff distances for parking and roadways are based on the assumption that there is a controlled perimeter at which larger vehicle bombs will be detected and kept from entering the controlled perimeter. Where there is a controlled perimeter, the standoff distances and explosive weight associated with parking and roadways in Table D-1 apply unless otherwise stated below. If there is no

controlled perimeter, assume that the larger explosive weights upon which the controlled perimeter standoff distances are based (explosive weight I from Table D-1) can access parking and roadways near buildings. Therefore, where there is no controlled perimeter, use standoff distances from parking and roadways according to the distances and the explosive weight associated with controlled perimeters in Table D-1.

D-1.1.2.1 **Container Structures and Pre-engineered Buildings.** For these structures, apply the guidance in Appendix B.

D-1.1.2.2 **Fabric Covered and other Expeditionary or Temporary Structures.** Measure the standoff distance from the closest point on the structure exterior to the closest edge of parking areas and roadways. The minimum standoff for all structures regardless of hardening or analysis is 10 meters (33 feet).

D-1.1.2.3 **Existing Fabric Covered and other Expeditionary or Temporary Structures.** Moving existing parking areas and roadways may be difficult to achieve and structural retrofits to existing structures may be prohibitively expensive or technically impossible; therefore, the following operational options are provided for existing inhabited structures where the standoff distances in Table D-1 are impractical to achieve.

D-1.1.2.3.1 **Parking Areas.** Establish access control to portions of parking areas to ensure unauthorized vehicles are not allowed closer than the required standoff distance. For primary gathering structures and billeting, if access control is provided to prevent unauthorized parking within the required standoff distance, permit controlled parking as close as 10 meters (33 feet) without hardening or analysis.

D-1.1.2.3.2 **Roadways.** Eliminate parking within the required standoff distances along roads adjacent to existing structures covered by these standards.

D-1.1.3 **Trash Containers.** Measure the standoff distance from the nearest point of the trash container or trash container enclosure to the closest point on the structure exterior. Where the standoff distance is not available, hardening of trash enclosures to mitigate the direct blast effects and secondary fragment effects of the explosive on the structure is acceptable, if the applicable level of protection can be proven by analysis. If trash enclosures are secured to preclude introduction of objects into the enclosures by unauthorized personnel, locate them closer to the structure as long as they do not violate the unobstructed space provisions of Standard 3 below. Openings in screening materials and gaps between the ground and screens or walls making up an enclosure will not be greater than 150 mm (6 inches).

D-1.1.3.1 **Container Structures and Pre-engineered Buildings.** For these structures, apply the guidance in Appendix B.

D-1.1.3.2 **Fabric Covered and other Expeditionary or Temporary Structures.** Provide the standoff distance from Table D-1 for the applicable structure category.

D-1.2 **Standard 2. Structure Separation.** Structure separation requirements are established to minimize the possibility that an attack on one structure causes

injuries or fatalities in adjacent structures. The separation distance is predicated on the potential use of indirect fire weapons.

D-1.2.1 **Billeting and Primary Gathering Structures.**

D-1.2.1.1 **Container Structures and Pre-engineered Buildings.** For these structures, apply the guidance in Appendix B.

D-1.2.1.2 **Fabric Covered and other Expeditionary or Temporary Structures.** For all new billeting and primary gathering structures, ensure that adjacent structures are separated by at least the distances in Table D-1. Where it is necessary to encroach on those structure separations, analyze the structure and provide hardened structure components as necessary to mitigate the effects of the explosive indicated in Table D-1 to the appropriate level of protection as shown in Table D-1. Levels of protection are described in Table 2-2 and in the *DoD Security Engineering Planning Manual*.

D-1.2.2 **Other Inhabited Structures.** There are no minimum separation distances required for antiterrorism for inhabited buildings other than billeting and primary gathering structures.

D-1.3 **Standard 3. Unobstructed Space.** Keep areas within 10 meters (33 feet) of all expeditionary and temporary structures free of items other than those that are part of the utilities and other supporting infrastructure.

D-2 **ADDITIONAL STANDARDS.** In addition to the specific standards detailed in this appendix, apply the standards from Appendix B to expeditionary and temporary structures as follows:

D-2.1 **Fabric Covered and other Expeditionary or Temporary Structures.** Apply the following standards from Appendix B to these structures:

D-2.1.1 **Standard 3. Drive-Up/Drop Off Areas.**

D-2.1.2 **Standard 4. Access Roads.**

D-2.1.3 **Standard 10. Windows and Glazed Doors.**

D-2.1.4 **Standard 11. Building Entrance Layout.**

D-2.1.5 **Standard 20. Equipment Bracing.**

D-2.1.6 **Standard 22. Mass Notification.**

D-2.2 **Container Structures and Pre-engineered Buildings.** For these structures, all standards in Appendix B apply.

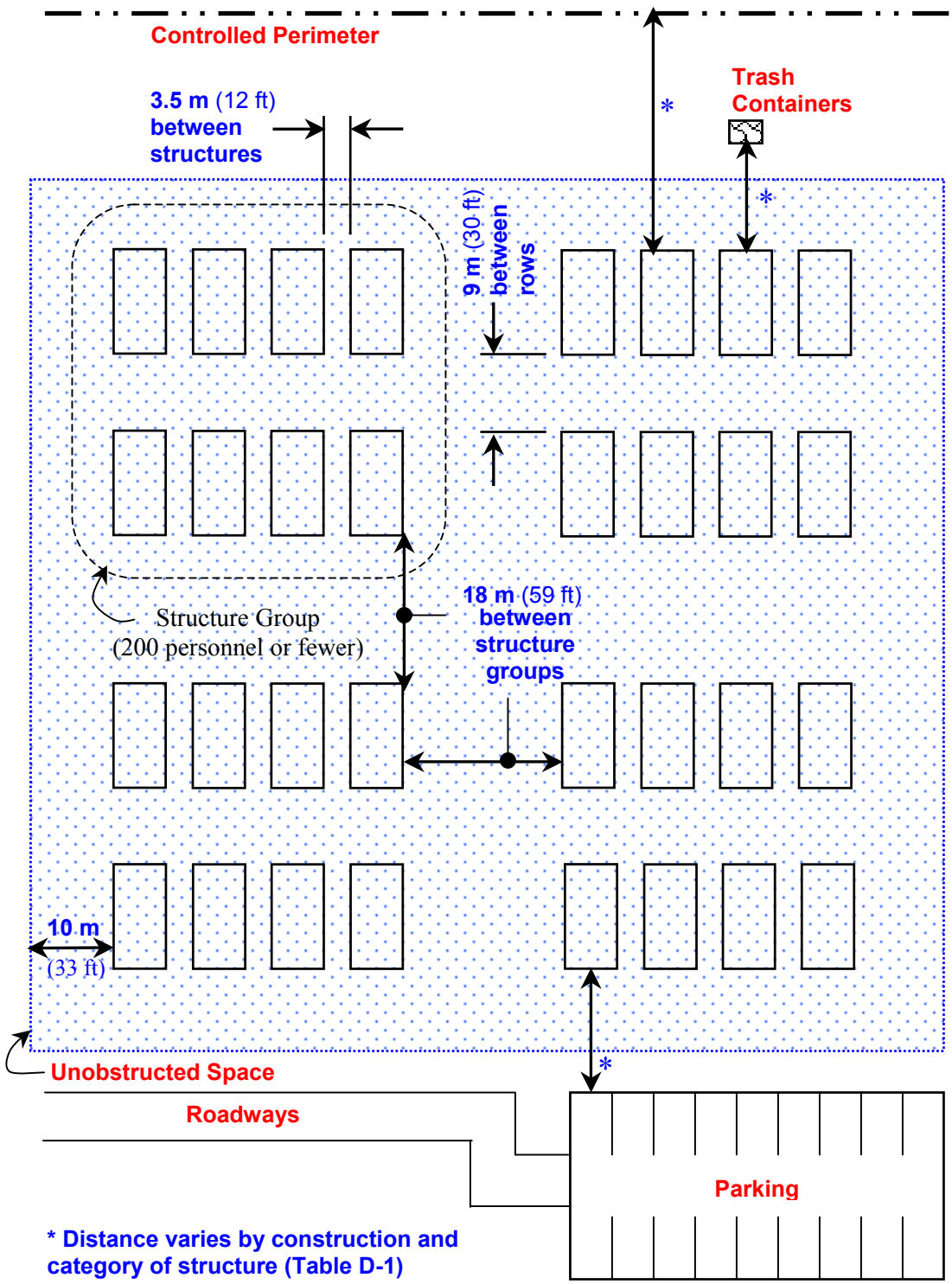
D-3 **ANTITERRORISM RECOMMENDATIONS.** Apply all recommendations except for Recommendation 7 (Access control for family housing) and Recommendation 8 (Standoff for family housing) from Appendix C to all expeditionary and temporary structures.

Table D-1 Minimum Standoff Distances and Separation for Expeditionary and Temporary Structures

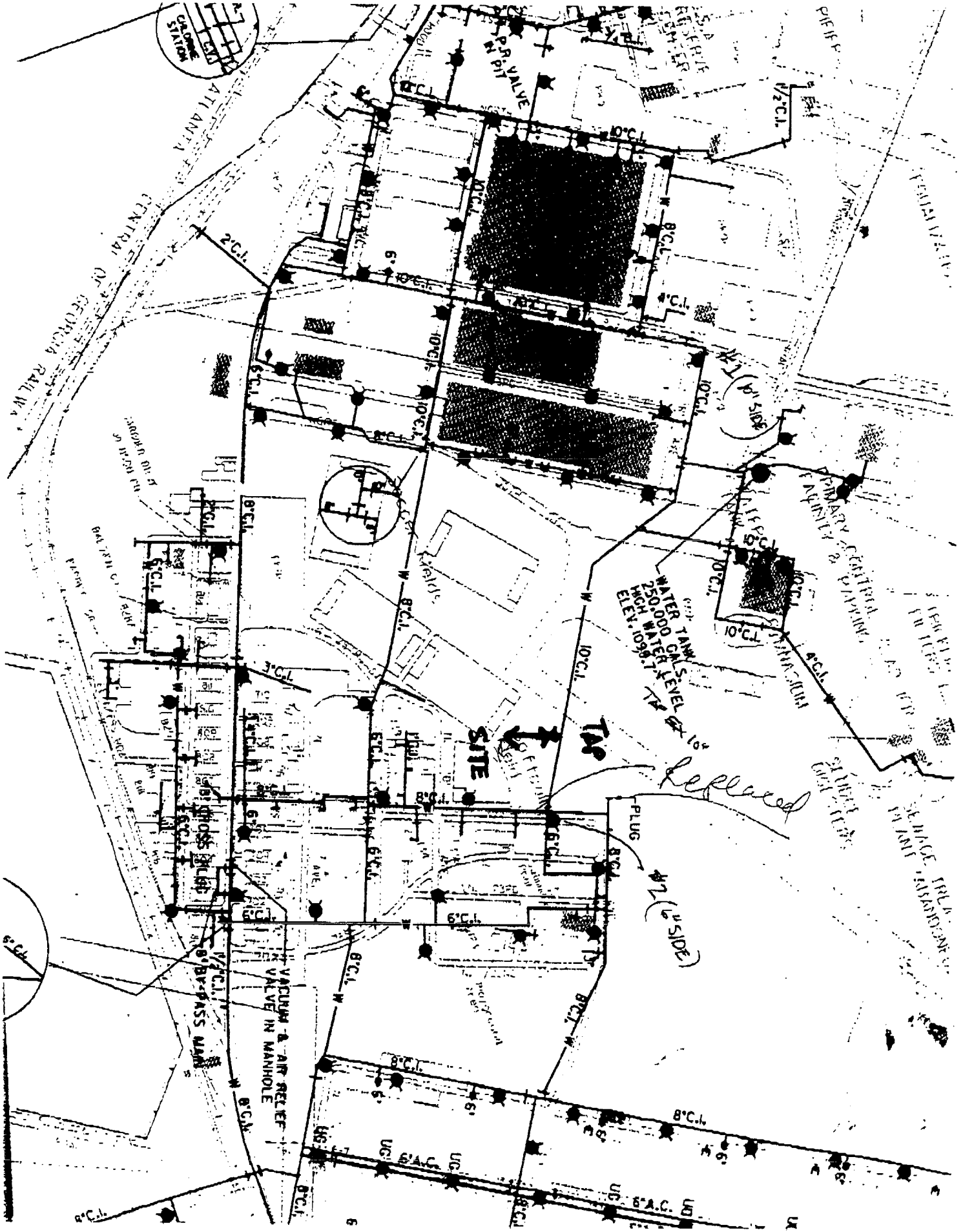
Location	Structure Category	Standoff Distance or Separation Requirements			
		Applicable Level of Protection	Fabric Covered Structures(1)	Other Expeditionary and Temporary Structures(1)(2)	Applicable Explosive Weight (TNT) (3)
Controlled Perimeter or Parking and Roadways without a Controlled Perimeter	Billeting	Low	31 m (102 ft.)	71 m (233 ft.)	I
	Primary Gathering Structure	Low	31 m (102 ft.)	71 m (233 ft.)	I
	Inhabited Structure	Very Low	24 m (79 ft.)	47 m (154 ft.)	I
Parking and Roadways within a Controlled Perimeter	Billeting	Low	14 m (46 ft.)	32 m (105 ft.)	II
	Primary Gathering Structure	Low	14 m (46 ft.)	32 m (105 ft.)	II
	Inhabited Structure	Very Low	10 m (33 ft.)	23 m (75 ft.)	II
Trash Containers	Billeting	Low	14 m (46 ft.)	32 m (105 ft.)	II
	Primary Gathering Structure	Low	14 m (46 ft.)	32 m (105 ft.)	II
	Inhabited Structure	Very Low	10 m (33 ft.)	23 m (75 ft.)	II
Structure Separation(4)	Separation between Structure Groups	Low	18 m (59 ft.)	18 m (59 ft.)	III(5)
	Separation between Structure Rows	Low	9 m (30 ft.)	9 m (30 ft.)	III (5)
	Separation between Structures in a Row	Very Low	3.5 m (12 ft.)	3.5 m (12 ft.)	III(5)

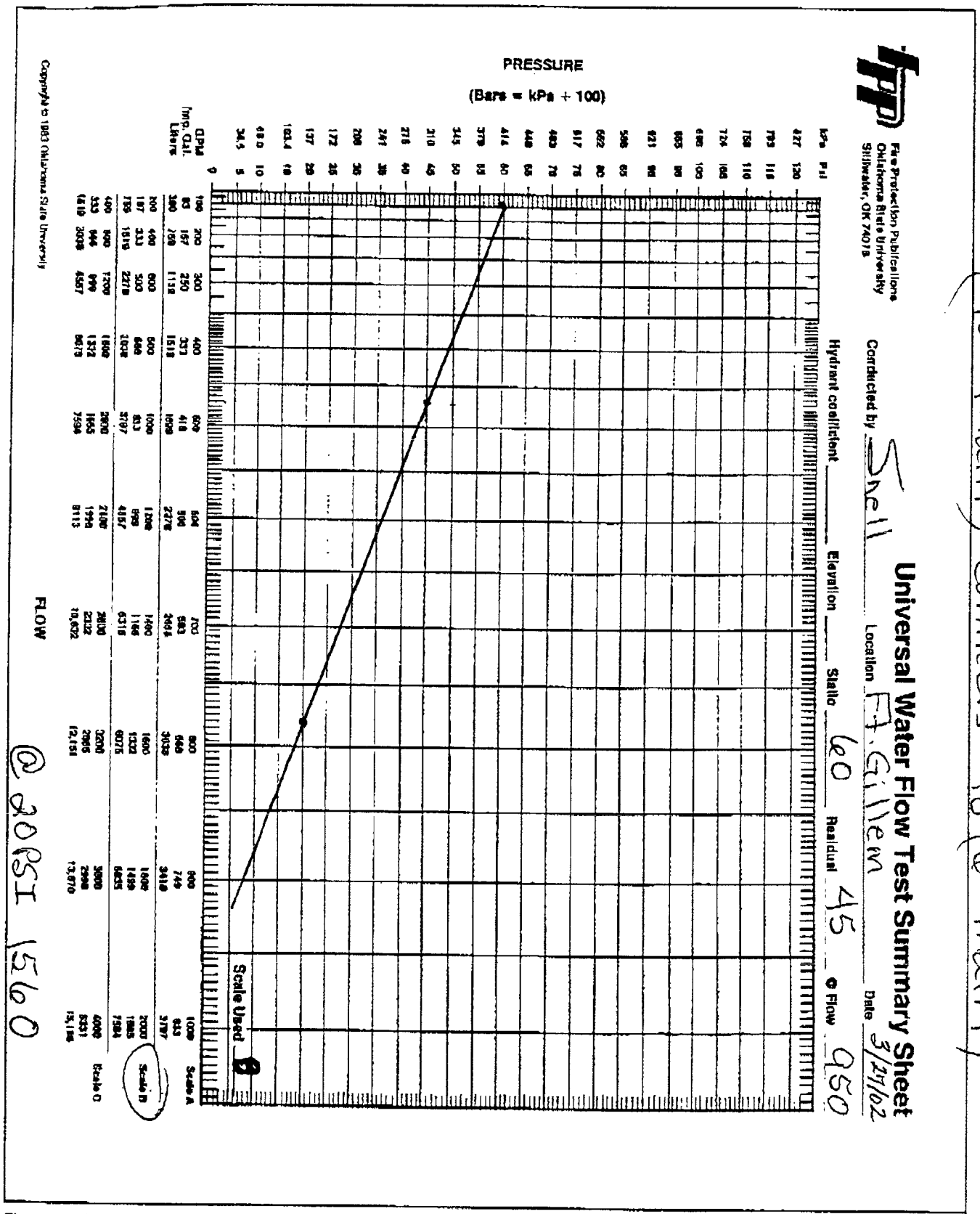
(1) See Definitions for a complete description of these structure types.
(2) For container structures, Appendix B applies.
(3) See UFC 4-010-02, for the specific explosive weights (kg/pounds of TNT) associated with designations – I, II, III. UFC 4-010-02 is For Official Use Only (FOUO)
(4) Applies to Billeting and Primary Gathering Structures only. No minimum separation distances for other inhabited structures.
(5) Explosive for building separation is an indirect fire (mortar) round at a standoff distance of half the separation distance.

Figure D-1 Standoff Distances and Separation for Expeditionary and Temporary Structures



APPENDIX J
WATER FLOW TESTS


CHLORINE STATION
P.R. VALVE IN PIT
WATER TANK 250,000 GALS. HIGH WATER LEVEL ELEV. 1098.7
SITE
TAP
Relocated
PLUG
#2 (6" SIDE)
#1 (6" SIDE)
VACUUM & AIR RELIEF VALVE IN MANHOLE
8" BY-PASS MAIN
CENTRAL OF GEORGIA RAILWAY
PRIMARY CENTRAL PUMPING STATION
8"C.I.
10"C.I.
6"C.I.
4"C.I.
2"C.I.
1½"C.I.
6"A.C.

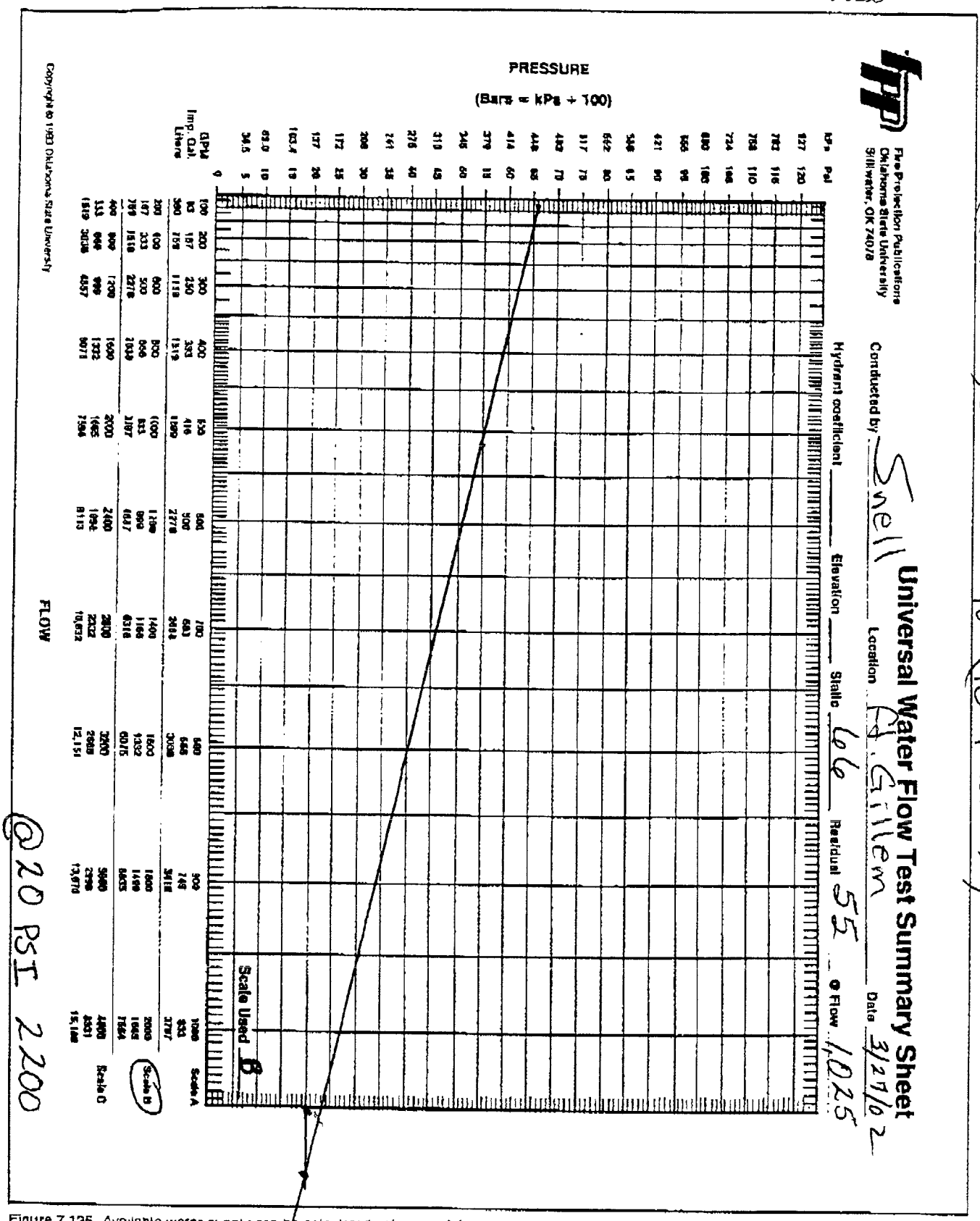


Static Resid. 10" Main Connects to (6" Main)

Pitot 32

@ 20PSI 1560

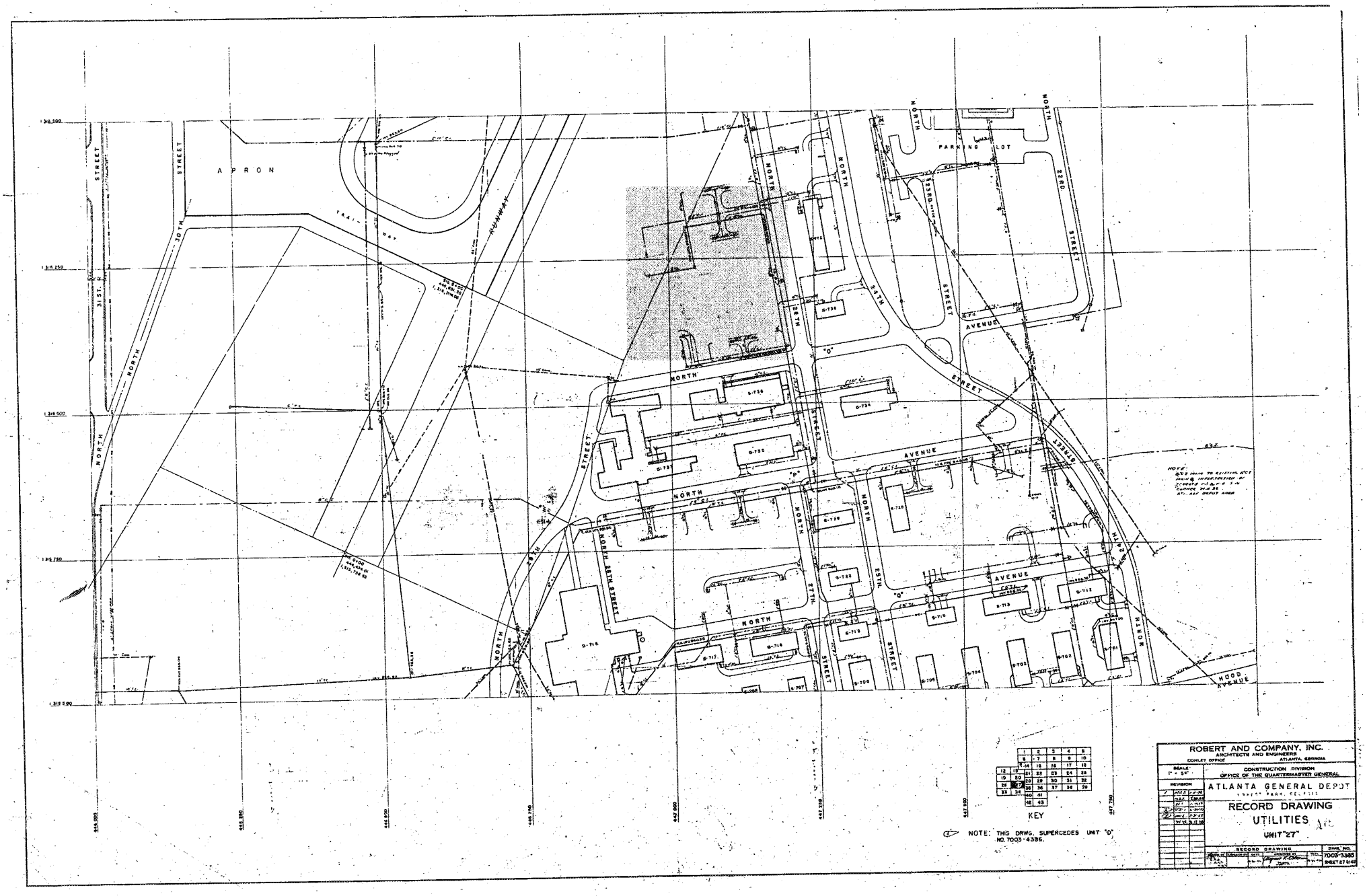
Figure 7.125 Available water supply can be calculated using special graph paper.



Static Residual
6" main connects to 10" main
Pitot 37
@20 PSI 2200

Figure 7.125 Available water supply can be calculated using special graph paper.

APPENDIX K
HISTORICAL
SITE INFORMATION



	1	2	3	4	5	
	6	7	8	9	10	
12	13	14	15	16	17	18
19	20	21	22	23	24	25
26	27	28	29	30	31	32
33	34	35	36	37	38	39
		40	41			
		42	43			

KEY

NOTE: THIS DRWG. SUPERCEDES UNIT "D" NO. 7003-4386.

ROBERT AND COMPANY, INC.
ARCHITECTS AND ENGINEERS
ATLANTA, GEORGIA
CONLEY OFFICE

SCALE 1" = 50'

REVISION

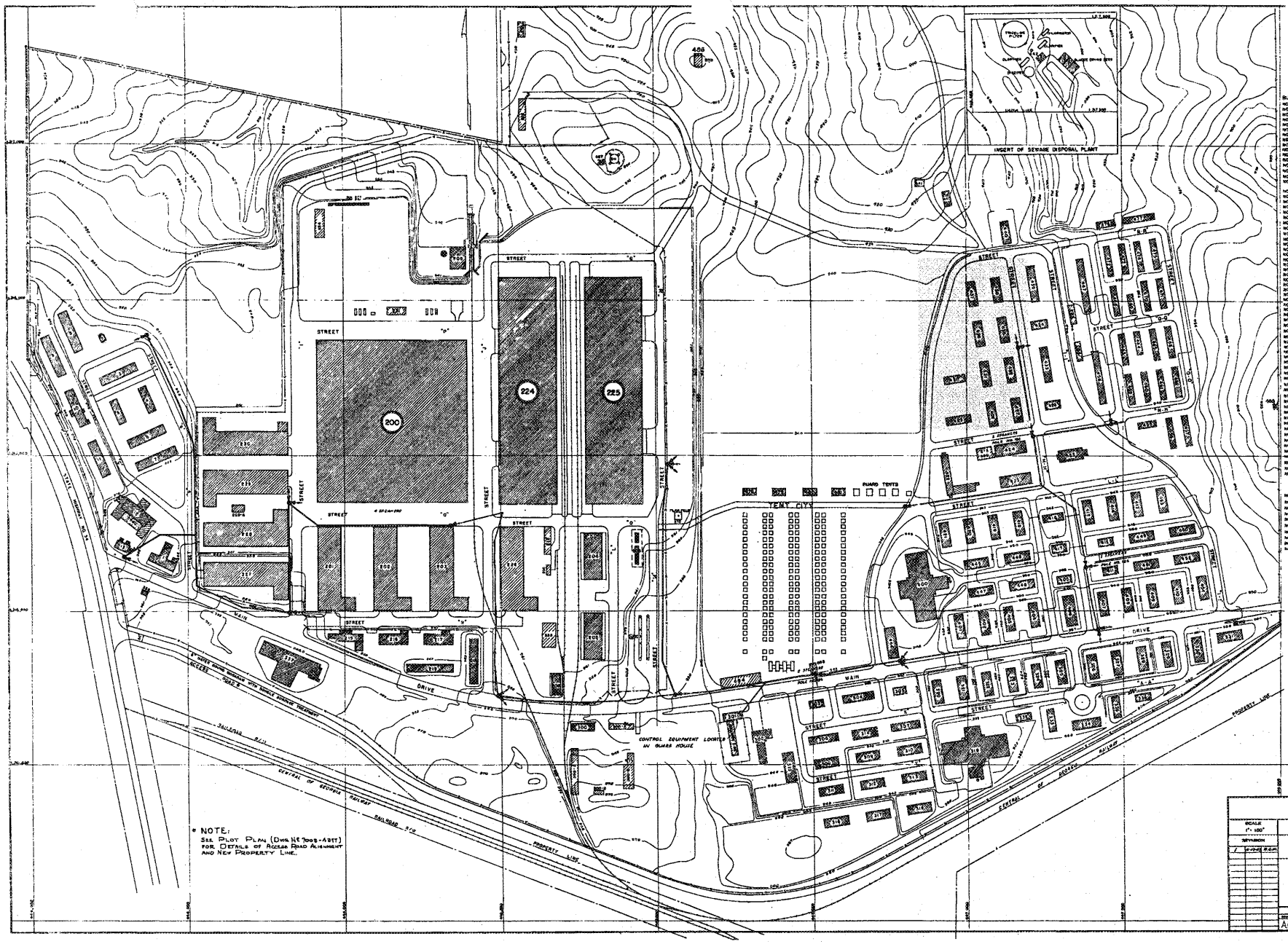
CONSTRUCTION DIVISION
OFFICE OF THE QUARTERMASTER GENERAL

ATLANTA GENERAL DEPOT
FORREST PARK, GEORGIA

RECORD DRAWING
UTILITIES
UNIT "27"

RECORD DRAWING

DWG. NO. 7003-3385
SHEET 27 OF 48



BUILDING SCHEDULE

BUILDING NO.	DESCRIPTION	TYPE
NO. 1	OFFICERS COURSE-ADMINISTR. BLDG.	A-4-A-8
NO. 2	OFFICERS QUARTERS	S-9
NO. 2 & 6	OFFICERS QUARTERS	Q.Q.-40
NO. 4	MESS HALL	H.S.-9
NO. 5	RECREATION BUILDING	R-S-3
NO. 7-9 INCL.	OFFICERS QUARTERS	S.Q.Q.-40
NO. 10	MESS HALL	S-M-S
NO. 11	OFFICERS QUARTERS	S.Q.Q.-40
NO. 12	RECREATION BUILDING	R.S.-1
NO. 200	MECHANICAL REPAIR SHOP	
NO. 204, 203 INC.	MOTOR REPAIR SHOP	S.P.-14
NO. 204	COMMISSARY	S.M.-10
NO. 205	STORE HOUSE	S.M.-10
NO. 206	WAREHOUSE	
NO. 207	GAS & OIL STATION	
NO. 208	TRANSFORMER & SWITCHING POWER STATION	SUBSTA.
NO. 209	CENTRAL HEATING PLANT	
NO. 211	WATER TANK 1250,000 GAL.	
NO. 212	FLAG POLE	
NO. 213	BLACK SMITH & JOP	
NO. 215	TEMPORARY OFFICE	OFFICE
NO. 216 & 217	TEMPORARY OFFICE	OFFICE
NO. 218	GLASS ROOMS	S.-A-(12)
NO. 219	GLASS ROOMS	RS-A(12)
NO. 220	COAL TRESTLE	
NO. 224 & 225	WAREHOUSES (LIMITS)	WH. 3
NO. 226 & 227	MOTOR REPAIR SHOP	S.P.-14
NO. 228-230 INC.	MOTOR REPAIR SHOPS	S.R.S.-1
NO. 300	UTILITIES OFFICE	
NO. 301	GUARD HOUSE	G.H.
NO. 302	FIRE STATION	F.S.
NO. 303 & 305	RECREATION BUILDING	R.S.-2
NO. 304	STOREHOUSE & ADMINISTR'N BLDG.	S.A.-(12)
NO. 306 & 307	MESS HALL	M.S.-10
NO. 308-314 INCL.	BARRACKS	B.R.-1
NO. 315	RECREATION BUILDING	R.S.-1
NO. 316-318 INCL.	BARRACKS	B.S.-10
NO. 319	MESS HALL	M.S.-10
NO. 320-325 INCL.	BARRACKS	B.S.-10
NO. 326 & 328	STOREHOUSE & ADMINISTR'N BLDG.	S.A.-2
NO. 327 & 329	RECREATION BUILDING	R.S.-1
NO. 334	ADMINISTRATION BUILDINGS	A.-6
NO. 337	SERVICE CLUB	S.C.-3
NO. 400	MESS HALL	M.S.-10
NO. 401-405 INCL.	BARRACKS	B.S.-10
NO. 408 & 417	STOREHOUSE & ADMINISTR'N BLDG.	S.A.-2
NO. 406	RECREATION BUILDING	R.S.-1
NO. 407-410 INCL.	BARRACKS	B.S.-10
NO. 411 & 412	STOREHOUSE & ADMINISTR'N BLDG.	S.A.-2
NO. 413-415 INCL.	BARRACKS	B.S.-10
NO. 416	ADMINISTRATION BUILDING	A.-10
NO. 418-421 INCL.	BARRACKS	B.S.-10
NO. 422	DISPENSARY & DENTAL CLINIC	DS.D.C.-2
NO. 423	THEATRE	T.H.-2
NO. 424	POST EXCHANGE	E.-3
NO. 425	CHAPEL	CH.-1
NO. 426 & 430	STOREHOUSE & ADMINISTR'N BLDG.	S.A.-1
NO. 427 & 428	BARRACKS	B.S.-10
NO. 429	ADMINISTRATION BUILDING	A.-7
NO. 430	RECREATION BUILDING	R.S.-1
NO. 431 & 432	BARRACKS	B.S.-10
NO. 433 & 435	MESS HALLS	M.S.-15
NO. 434-438 INCL.	BARRACKS	B.S.-10
NO. 440	RECREATION BUILDING	R.S.-1
NO. 441	INCINERATOR	
NO. 442	SEWAGE DISPOSAL CONTROL BLDG.	
NO. 443	SALVAGE BUILDING	
NO. 444	THEATRE	T.H.-2
NO. 445-454 INCL.	BARRACKS	B.S.-10
NO. 15		

T.O. TYPE BUILDINGS

NO. 455 & 476	CO. SUPPLY & ADMINISTR'N BLDG.	C.S.A.
NO. 456 & 457	BARRACKS	B.S.-10
NO. 458 & 467	MESS HALLS	S.P.D.-10
NO. 459-463 INCL.	BARRACKS	B.S.-10
NO. 464	LAVATORY	L.S.D.-T
NO. 465 & 468	BARRACKS	B.S.-10
NO. 466	BARRACKS	B.S.-10
NO. 469	LAVATORY	L.S.D.-T
NO. 470 & 475	BARRACKS	B.S.-10
NO. 477	BARRACKS	B.S.-10

LEGEND

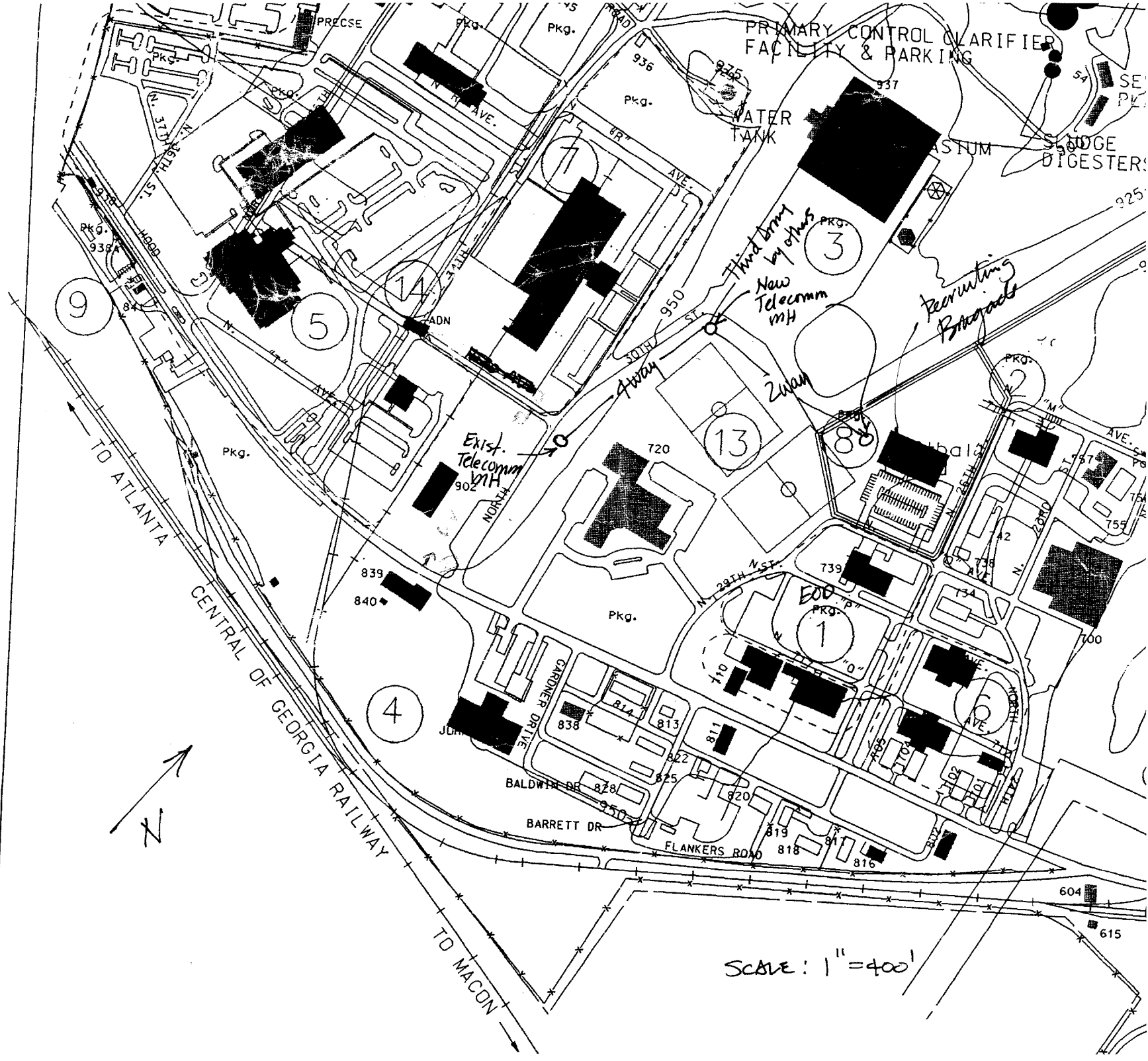
SPEAKER

DIRECTION OF SPEAKER

SCALE 1" = 100'	CONSTRUCTION DIVISION OFFICE OF THE QUARTERMASTER GENERAL
REVISION	ATLANTA QUARTERMASTER MOTOR BASE FORTLEY, GEORGIA
1	RECORD DRAWING PUBLIC ADDRESS SYSTEM
	RECORD DRAWING — DRAWN BY: A.D.W. — DWG. NO. 7003-4401

APPENDIX L
TELECOMMUNICATIONS SITE ROUTING INFORMATION

3766


PRIMARY CONTROL CLARIFIER FACILITY & PARKING
WATER TANK
SLUDGE DIGESTERS
PRECSE
Pkg.
N. 37TH ST.
HIGH
HOOD
N. "N" AVE.
N. "R" AVE.
N. 30TH ST.
N. 29TH ST.
N. 26TH ST.
N. "M" AVE.
N. "P" AVE.
N. "O" AVE.
NORTH
CARDNER DRIVE
BALDWIN DR
BARRETT DR
FLANKERS ROAD
TO ATLANTA
CENTRAL OF GEORGIA RAILWAY
TO MACON
Exist. Telecomm MH
New Telecomm MH
Third tenant by others
Away
Away
Recruiting Barracks
EOD
SCALE: 1" = 400'

APPENDIX M
FURNITURE
ORDER FORMS

FURNITURE ORDER FORM
RECRUITING BRIGADE OPS BUILDING, FORT GILLEM USAREC, GEORGIA

1.	**LOCATION CODE:** C-01	
2.	**DIRECTORATE:**	
3.	**DEPARTMENT:**	
4.	**ACTIVITY:**	
5.	**FSC GROUP:** 71, Part I Office Furniture	**SECTION:** GS-29F-0177G, GS-28F-8051H
	CONTRACT EXPIRATION DATE: September 30, 2006	
	MOL:	
6.	**SOURCE:** National/Kimball International 1205 Kimball Boulevard Jasper, Indiana 47549 phone: 800-482-1717	
7.	**PRODUCT NAME:** Justice, 50 Series	
8.	**PRODUCT STOCK NUMBER:** refer to C-W-C furniture spec/order	
9.	**PRODUCT FABRIC NAME AND COLOR NUMBER:** Kimball, Symphony, 70401 Carbon	
10.	**PRODUCT FINISH NAME AND COLOR NUMBER:** Cordovan	
11.	**DIMENSIONS:** 28"w. x 28.25"d.	**WEIGHT:**
12.	**DESCRIPTION:** High back executive desk chair with upholstered arm & plain back	
13.	**JUSTIFICATION:** Quality/Past Performance/Warrenty/Long Life Span	
14.	**ROOM LOCATION:** refer to furniture plan	**QUANTITY PER ROOM:** 1
15.	**TOTAL QUANTITY:** 10	
16.	**UNIT PRICE:**	
17.	**TOTAL PRICE:**	
18.	**FREIGHT CHARGE:**	
19.	**ADDITIONAL REMARKS OR JUSTIFICATION:** Environmentally friendly company and manufacturing	

FURNITURE ORDER FORM
RECRUITING BRIGADE OPS BUILDING, FORT GILLEM USAREC, GEORGIA

1.	**LOCATION CODE:** C-02	
2.	**DIRECTORATE:**	
3.	**DEPARTMENT:**	
4.	**ACTIVITY:**	
5.	**FSC GROUP:** 71, Part I Office Furniture	**SECTION:** GS-29F-0177G, GS-28F-8051H
	CONTRACT EXPIRATION DATE: September 30, 2006	
	MOL:	
6.	**SOURCE:** Kimball International 1600 Royal Street Jasper, Indiana 47549 phone: 800-647-2010	
7.	**PRODUCT NAME:** Stature	
8.	**PRODUCT STOCK NUMBER:** refer to C-W-C furniture spec/order	
9.	**PRODUCT FABRIC NAME AND COLOR NUMBER:** Kimball, Essence, 3679 Raven	
10.	**PRODUCT FINISH NAME AND COLOR NUMBER:** Oxford Cherry	
11.	**DIMENSIONS:** 27"w. x 27"d.	**WEIGHT:**
12.	**DESCRIPTION:** High back conference chair with wood arms and base	
13.	**JUSTIFICATION:** Quality/Past Performance/Warrenty/Long Life Span	
14.	**ROOM LOCATION:** Conf./Train. Rm. #004, #006	**QUANTITY PER ROOM:** 12
15.	**TOTAL QUANTITY:** 24	
16.	**UNIT PRICE:**	
17.	**TOTAL PRICE:**	
18.	**FREIGHT CHARGE:**	
19.	**ADDITIONAL REMARKS OR JUSTIFICATION:** Environmentally friendly company and manufacturing	

FURNITURE ORDER FORM
RECRUITING BRIGADE OPS BUILDING, FORT GILLEM USAREC, GEORGIA

1.	**LOCATION CODE:** C-03	
2.	**DIRECTORATE:**	
3.	**DEPARTMENT:**	
4.	**ACTIVITY:**	
5.	**FSC GROUP:** 71, Part I Office Furniture	**SECTION:** GS-29F-0177G, GS-28F-8051H
	CONTRACT EXPIRATION DATE: September 30, 2006	
	MOL:	
6.	**SOURCE:** National/ Kimball International 1205 Kimball Boulevard Jasper, Indiana 47549 phone: 800-482-1717	
7.	**PRODUCT NAME:** Triumph - 88 Series	
8.	**PRODUCT STOCK NUMBER:** refer to C-W-C furniture spec/order	
9.	**PRODUCT FABRIC NAME AND COLOR NUMBER:** Kimball, Essence, 3679 Raven	
10.	**PRODUCT FINISH NAME AND COLOR NUMBER:** Black	
11.	**DIMENSIONS:** 25.5"w. x 27.25"d.	**WEIGHT:**
12.	**DESCRIPTION:** High back desk chair with urethane arms and black plastic base	
13.	**JUSTIFICATION:** Quality/Past Performance/Warrenty/Long Life Span	
14.	**ROOM LOCATION:** refer to furniture plan	**QUANTITY PER ROOM:** 1
15.	**TOTAL QUANTITY:** 28	
16.	**UNIT PRICE:**	
17.	**TOTAL PRICE:**	
18.	**FREIGHT CHARGE:**	
19.	**ADDITIONAL REMARKS OR JUSTIFICATION:** Environmentally friendly company and manufacturing	

FURNITURE ORDER FORM
RECRUITING BRIGADE OPS BUILDING, FORT GILLEM USAREC, GEORGIA

1.	**LOCATION CODE:** C-04a	
2.	**DIRECTORATE:**	
3.	**DEPARTMENT:**	
4.	**ACTIVITY:**	
5.	**FSC GROUP:** 71, Part I Office Furniture	**SECTION:** GS-29F-0177G, GS-28F-8051H
	CONTRACT EXPIRATION DATE: September 30, 2006	
	MOL:	
6.	**SOURCE:** National/ Kimball International 1205 Kimball Boulevard Jasper, Indiana 47549 phone: 800-482-1717	
7.	**PRODUCT NAME:** Gotcha - 26 Series	
8.	**PRODUCT STOCK NUMBER:** refer to C-W-C furniture spec/order	
9.	**PRODUCT FABRIC NAME AND COLOR NUMBER:** Momentum, Novo, 31 Grotto	
10.	**PRODUCT FINISH NAME AND COLOR NUMBER:** Black	
11.	**DIMENSIONS:** 26.25"-27.75"w. x 26.25"-28.75"d.	**WEIGHT:**
12.	**DESCRIPTION:** Mid-back with fully adjustable arms	
13.	**JUSTIFICATION:** Quality/Past Performance/Warrenty/Long Life Span	
14.	**ROOM LOCATION:** refer to furniture plan	**QUANTITY PER ROOM:** refer to furniture plan
15.	**TOTAL QUANTITY:** 34	
16.	**UNIT PRICE:**	
17.	**TOTAL PRICE:**	
18.	**FREIGHT CHARGE:**	
19.	**ADDITIONAL REMARKS OR JUSTIFICATION:** Environmentally friendly company and manufacturing/ Environmental benefit for specified upholstery	

FURNITURE ORDER FORM
RECRUITING BRIGADE OPS BUILDING, FORT GILLEM USAREC, GEORGIA

1.	**LOCATION CODE:** C-04b	
2.	**DIRECTORATE:**	
3.	**DEPARTMENT:**	
4.	**ACTIVITY:**	
5.	**FSC GROUP:** 71, Part I Office Furniture	**SECTION:** GS-29F-0177G, GS-28F-8051H
	CONTRACT EXPIRATION DATE: September 30, 2006	
	MOL:	
6.	**SOURCE:** National/ Kimball International 1205 Kimball Boulevard Jasper, Indiana 47549 phone: 800-482-1717	
7.	**PRODUCT NAME:** Gotcha - 26 Series	
8.	**PRODUCT STOCK NUMBER:** refer to C-W-C furniture spec/order	
9.	**PRODUCT FABRIC NAME AND COLOR NUMBER:** Momentum, Novo, 32 Sage	
10.	**PRODUCT FINISH NAME AND COLOR NUMBER:** Black	
11.	**DIMENSIONS:** 26.25"-27.75"w. x 26.25"-28.75"d.	**WEIGHT:**
12.	**DESCRIPTION:** Mid-back with fully adjustable arms	
13.	**JUSTIFICATION:** Quality/Past Performance/Warrenty/Long Life Span	
14.	**ROOM LOCATION:** refer to furniture plan	**QUANTITY PER ROOM:** refer to furniture plan
15.	**TOTAL QUANTITY:** 34	
16.	**UNIT PRICE:**	
17.	**TOTAL PRICE:**	
18.	**FREIGHT CHARGE:**	
19.	**ADDITIONAL REMARKS OR JUSTIFICATION:** Environmentally friendly company and manufacturing/ Environmental benefit for specified upholstery	

FURNITURE ORDER FORM
RECRUITING BRIGADE OPS BUILDING, FORT GILLEM USAREC, GEORGIA

1.	**LOCATION CODE:** C-05	
2.	**DIRECTORATE:**	
3.	**DEPARTMENT:**	
4.	**ACTIVITY:**	
5.	**FSC GROUP:** 71, Part I Office Furniture	**SECTION:** GS-29F-0177G, GS-28F-8051H
	CONTRACT EXPIRATION DATE: September 30, 2006	
	MOL:	
6.	**SOURCE:** National/ Kimball International 1205 Kimball Boulevard Jasper, Indiana 47549 phone: 800-482-1717	
7.	**PRODUCT NAME:** Gotcha - 25 Series	
8.	**PRODUCT STOCK NUMBER:** refer to C-W-C furniture spec/order	
9.	**PRODUCT FABRIC NAME AND COLOR NUMBER:** Momentum, Novo, 31 Grotto	
10.	**PRODUCT FINISH NAME AND COLOR NUMBER:** Black	
11.	**DIMENSIONS:** 26.25"-27.75"w. x 26.25"d.	**WEIGHT:**
12.	**DESCRIPTION:** Low-back stool with adjustable arms	
13.	**JUSTIFICATION:** Quality/Past Performance/Warrenty/Long Life Span	
14.	**ROOM LOCATION:** Open Office #032	**QUANTITY PER ROOM:** 3
15.	**TOTAL QUANTITY:** 3	
16.	**UNIT PRICE:**	
17.	**TOTAL PRICE:**	
18.	**FREIGHT CHARGE:**	
19.	**ADDITIONAL REMARKS OR JUSTIFICATION:** Environmentally friendly company and manufacturing/ Environmental benefit for specified upholstery	

FURNITURE ORDER FORM
RECRUITING BRIGADE OPS BUILDING, FORT GILLEM USAREC, GEORGIA

1.	**LOCATION CODE:** C-06	
2.	**DIRECTORATE:**	
3.	**DEPARTMENT:**	
4.	**ACTIVITY:**	
5.	**FSC GROUP:** 71, Part I Office Furniture	**SECTION:** GS-29F-0177G, GS-28F-8051H
	CONTRACT EXPIRATION DATE: September 30, 2006	
	MOL:	
6.	**SOURCE:** National/ Kimball International 1205 Kimball Boulevard Jasper, Indiana 47549 phone: 800-482-1717	
7.	**PRODUCT NAME:** Justice - 50 Series	
8.	**PRODUCT STOCK NUMBER:** refer to C-W-C furniture spec/order	
9.	**PRODUCT FABRIC NAME AND COLOR NUMBER:** Kimball, Cathedral, 3910 Notre Dame	
10.	**PRODUCT FINISH NAME AND COLOR NUMBER:** Cordovan	
11.	**DIMENSIONS:** 24.25"w. x 28.5"d.	**WEIGHT:**
12.	**DESCRIPTION:** Guest chair with open scrolled wood arms and plain upholstered back	
13.	**JUSTIFICATION:** Quality/Past Performance/Warrenty/Long Life Span	
14.	**ROOM LOCATION:** Office #70, #69, #25	**QUANTITY PER ROOM:** 2
15.	**TOTAL QUANTITY:** 6	
16.	**UNIT PRICE:**	
17.	**TOTAL PRICE:**	
18.	**FREIGHT CHARGE:**	
19.	**ADDITIONAL REMARKS OR JUSTIFICATION:** Environmentally friendly company and manufacturing	

FURNITURE ORDER FORM
RECRUITING BRIGADE OPS BUILDING, FORT GILLEM USAREC, GEORGIA

1.	**LOCATION CODE:** C-07	
2.	**DIRECTORATE:**	
3.	**DEPARTMENT:**	
4.	**ACTIVITY:**	
5.	**FSC GROUP:** 71, Part I Office Furniture	**SECTION:** GS-29F-0177G, GS-28F-8051H
	CONTRACT EXPIRATION DATE: September 30, 2006	
	MOL:	
6.	**SOURCE:** Kimball International 1600 Royal Street Jasper, Indiana 47549 phone: 800-647-2010	
7.	**PRODUCT NAME:** Richland - Independence Collection	
8.	**PRODUCT STOCK NUMBER:** refer to C-W-C furniture spec/order	
9.	**PRODUCT FABRIC NAME AND COLOR NUMBER:** Kimball, Patina Plush, 53342 Fern	
10.	**PRODUCT FINISH NAME AND COLOR NUMBER:** Oxford Cherry	
11.	**DIMENSIONS:** 20.25" x 22.50"	**WEIGHT:**
12.	**DESCRIPTION:** Side chair with fluted Chippendale splat back, no arms with upholstered seat	
13.	**JUSTIFICATION:** Quality/Past Performance/Warrenty/Long Life Span	
14.	**ROOM LOCATION:** Office #70, #69, #25	**QUANTITY PER ROOM:** 6
15.	**TOTAL QUANTITY:** 18	
16.	**UNIT PRICE:**	
17.	**TOTAL PRICE:**	
18.	**FREIGHT CHARGE:**	
19.	**ADDITIONAL REMARKS OR JUSTIFICATION:** Small scale chair/ Environmentally friendly company and manufacturing	

FURNITURE ORDER FORM
RECRUITING BRIGADE OPS BUILDING, FORT GILLEM USAREC, GEORGIA

1.	**LOCATION CODE:** C-08	
2.	**DIRECTORATE:**	
3.	**DEPARTMENT:**	
4.	**ACTIVITY:**	
5.	**FSC GROUP:** 71, Part I Office Furniture	**SECTION:** GS-29F-0177G, GS-28F-8051H
	CONTRACT EXPIRATION DATE: September 30, 2006	
	MOL:	
6.	**SOURCE:** National/ Kimball International 1205 Kimball Boulevard Jasper, Indiana 47549 phone: 800-482-1717	
7.	**PRODUCT NAME:** Timberlane - 39 Series	
8.	**PRODUCT STOCK NUMBER:** refer to C-W-C furniture spec/order	
9.	**PRODUCT FABRIC NAME AND COLOR NUMBER:** ArcCom, AC-65666 Fair & Square, #7 mint	
10.	**PRODUCT FINISH NAME AND COLOR NUMBER:** Cordovan	
11.	**DIMENSIONS:** 19.50"w. x 23"d.	**WEIGHT:**
12.	**DESCRIPTION:** Side chair with no arms, wood top rail and upholstered back	
13.	**JUSTIFICATION:** Quality/Past Performance/Warrenty/Long Life Span	
14.	**ROOM LOCATION:** refer to furniture plan	**QUANTITY PER ROOM:** refer to furniture plan
15.	**TOTAL QUANTITY:** 97	
16.	**UNIT PRICE:**	
17.	**TOTAL PRICE:**	
18.	**FREIGHT CHARGE:**	
19.	**ADDITIONAL REMARKS OR JUSTIFICATION:** Small scale chair/ Environmentally friendly company and manufacturing	

FURNITURE ORDER FORM
RECRUITING BRIGADE OPS BUILDING, FORT GILLEM USAREC, GEORGIA

1.	**LOCATION CODE:** C-09	
2.	**DIRECTORATE:**	
3.	**DEPARTMENT:**	
4.	**ACTIVITY:**	
5.	**FSC GROUP:** 71, Part I Office Furniture	**SECTION:** GS-29F-0177G, GS-28F-8051H
	CONTRACT EXPIRATION DATE: September 30, 2006	
	MOL:	
6.	**SOURCE:** National/ Kimball International 1205 Kimball Boulevard Jasper, Indiana 47549 phone: 800-482-1717	
7.	**PRODUCT NAME:** Timberlane - 39 Series	
8.	**PRODUCT STOCK NUMBER:** refer to C-W-C furniture spec/order	
9.	**PRODUCT FABRIC NAME AND COLOR NUMBER:** ArcCom, AC-65666 Fair & Square, #7 mint	
10.	**PRODUCT FINISH NAME AND COLOR NUMBER:** Cordovan	
11.	**DIMENSIONS:** 22"w. x 24"d.	**WEIGHT:**
12.	**DESCRIPTION:** Side chair with wood arms, wood top rail and upholstered back	
13.	**JUSTIFICATION:** Quality/Past Performance/Warrenty/Long Life Span	
14.	**ROOM LOCATION:** Open Office #014, #019	**QUANTITY PER ROOM:** refer to furniture plan
15.	**TOTAL QUANTITY:** 5	
16.	**UNIT PRICE:**	
17.	**TOTAL PRICE:**	
18.	**FREIGHT CHARGE:**	
19.	**ADDITIONAL REMARKS OR JUSTIFICATION:** Environmentally friendly company and manufacturing	

FURNITURE ORDER FORM
RECRUITING BRIGADE OPS BUILDING, FORT GILLEM USAREC, GEORGIA

1.	**LOCATION CODE:** C-10a	
2.	**DIRECTORATE:**	
3.	**DEPARTMENT:**	
4.	**ACTIVITY:**	
5.	**FSC GROUP:** 71, Part I Office Furniture	**SECTION:** GS-29F-0177G, GS-28F-8051H
	CONTRACT EXPIRATION DATE: September 30, 2006	
	MOL:	
6.	**SOURCE:** National/ Kimball International 1205 Kimball Boulevard Jasper, Indiana 47549 phone: 800-482-1717	
7.	**PRODUCT NAME:** Tag - 60 Series	
8.	**PRODUCT STOCK NUMBER:** refer to C-W-C furniture spec/order	
9.	**PRODUCT FABRIC NAME AND COLOR NUMBER:** Design-Tex, Arbor 2239-502, Alpine	
10.	**PRODUCT FINISH NAME AND COLOR NUMBER:** Black	
11.	**DIMENSIONS:** 23"w. x 21"d.	**WEIGHT:**
12.	**DESCRIPTION:** Upholstered stack chair with arms	
13.	**JUSTIFICATION:** Quality/Past Performance/Warrenty/Long Life Span	
14.	**ROOM LOCATION:** refer to furniture plan	**QUANTITY PER ROOM:** refer to furniture plan
15.	**TOTAL QUANTITY:** 34	
16.	**UNIT PRICE:**	
17.	**TOTAL PRICE:**	
18.	**FREIGHT CHARGE:**	
19.	**ADDITIONAL REMARKS OR JUSTIFICATION:** Environmentally friendly company and manufacturing/ Environmental benefit for specified upholstery	

FURNITURE ORDER FORM
RECRUITING BRIGADE OPS BUILDING, FORT GILLEM USAREC, GEORGIA

1.	**LOCATION CODE:** C-10b	
2.	**DIRECTORATE:**	
3.	**DEPARTMENT:**	
4.	**ACTIVITY:**	
5.	**FSC GROUP:** 71, Part I Office Furniture	**SECTION:** GS-29F-0177G, GS-28F-8051H
	CONTRACT EXPIRATION DATE: September 30, 2006	
	MOL:	
6.	**SOURCE:** National/ Kimball International 1205 Kimball Boulevard Jasper, Indiana 47549 phone: 800-482-1717	
7.	**PRODUCT NAME:** Tag - 60 Series	
8.	**PRODUCT STOCK NUMBER:** refer to C-W-C furniture spec/order	
9.	**PRODUCT FABRIC NAME AND COLOR NUMBER:** Carnegie, Xorel Three, 6547 Mesh, #9	
10.	**PRODUCT FINISH NAME AND COLOR NUMBER:** Black	
11.	**DIMENSIONS:** 23"w. x 21"d.	**WEIGHT:**
12.	**DESCRIPTION:** Upholstered stack chair with arms	
13.	**JUSTIFICATION:** Quality/Past Performance/Warrenty/Long Life Span	
14.	**ROOM LOCATION:** Breakroom #035	**QUANTITY PER ROOM:** 28
15.	**TOTAL QUANTITY:** 28	
16.	**UNIT PRICE:**	
17.	**TOTAL PRICE:**	
18.	**FREIGHT CHARGE:**	
19.	**ADDITIONAL REMARKS OR JUSTIFICATION:** Environmentally friendly company and manufacturing/ Environmental benefit for specified upholstery	

FURNITURE ORDER FORM
RECRUITING BRIGADE OPS BUILDING, FORT GILLEM USAREC, GEORGIA

1.	**LOCATION CODE:** C-11	
2.	**DIRECTORATE:**	
3.	**DEPARTMENT:**	
4.	**ACTIVITY:**	
5.	**FSC GROUP:** 71 Part I Office Furniture	**SECTION:** GS-28F-0049M
	CONTRACT EXPIRATION DATE: September 7, 2007	
	MOL:	
6.	**SOURCE:** Cabot Wrenn c/o GSA Department P.O. Box 1767 Hickory, North Carolina 28603 phone: 828-495-4607	
7.	**PRODUCT NAME:** Arista	
8.	**PRODUCT STOCK NUMBER:** refer to C-W-C furniture spec/order	
9.	**PRODUCT FABRIC NAME AND COLOR NUMBER:** Instyle Contract Textiles, Retro, Chimney	
10.	**PRODUCT FINISH NAME AND COLOR NUMBER:** 53 Medium Cherry	
11.	**DIMENSIONS:**	**WEIGHT:**
12.	**DESCRIPTION:** Lounge chair with arms	
13.	**JUSTIFICATION:** Quality/Past Performance/Warrenty/Long Life Span	
14.	**ROOM LOCATION:** Waiting #066	**QUANTITY PER ROOM:** 2
15.	**TOTAL QUANTITY:** 2	
16.	**UNIT PRICE:**	
17.	**TOTAL PRICE:**	
18.	**FREIGHT CHARGE:**	
19.	**ADDITIONAL REMARKS OR JUSTIFICATION:** Environmental benefit for specified upholstery	

FURNITURE ORDER FORM
RECRUITING BRIGADE OPS BUILDING, FORT GILLEM USAREC, GEORGIA

1.	**LOCATION CODE:** C-12	
2.	**DIRECTORATE:**	
3.	**DEPARTMENT:**	
4.	**ACTIVITY:**	
5.	**FSC GROUP:** 71 Part I Office Furniture	**SECTION:** GS-28F-0049M
	CONTRACT EXPIRATION DATE: September 7, 2007	
	MOL:	
6.	**SOURCE:** Cabot Wrenn c/o GSA Department P.O. Box 1767 Hickory, North Carolina 28603 828-495-4607	
7.	**PRODUCT NAME:** Arista	
8.	**PRODUCT STOCK NUMBER:** refer to C-W-C furniture spec/order	
9.	**PRODUCT FABRIC NAME AND COLOR NUMBER:** Instyle Contract Textiles, Retro, Chimney	
10.	**PRODUCT FINISH NAME AND COLOR NUMBER:** 53 Medium Cherry	
11.	**DIMENSIONS:**	**WEIGHT:**
12.	**DESCRIPTION:** Two seat sofa	
13.	**JUSTIFICATION:** Quality/Past Performance/Warrenty/Long Life Span	
14.	**ROOM LOCATION:** Waiting #066	**QUANTITY PER ROOM:** 1
15.	**TOTAL QUANTITY:** 1	
16.	**UNIT PRICE:**	
17.	**TOTAL PRICE:**	
18.	**FREIGHT CHARGE:**	
19.	**ADDITIONAL REMARKS OR JUSTIFICATION:** Environmental benefit for specified upholstery	

FURNITURE ORDER FORM
RECRUITING BRIGADE OPS BUILDING, FORT GILLEM USAREC, GEORGIA

1.	**LOCATION CODE:** T-01	
2.	**DIRECTORATE:**	
3.	**DEPARTMENT:**	
4.	**ACTIVITY:**	
5.	**FSC GROUP:** 71, Part I Office Furniture	**SECTION:** GS-29F-0177G, GS-28F-8051H
	CONTRACT EXPIRATION DATE: September 30, 2006	
	MOL:	
6.	**SOURCE:** National/Kimball International 1600 Royal Street Jasper, Indiana 47549 phone: 800-647-2010	
7.	**PRODUCT NAME:** Barrington	
8.	**PRODUCT STOCK NUMBER:** refer to C-W-C furniture spec/order	
9.	**PRODUCT FABRIC NAME AND COLOR NUMBER:**	
10.	**PRODUCT FINISH NAME AND COLOR NUMBER:** Cordovan	
11.	**DIMENSIONS:** 36 x 72	**WEIGHT:**
12.	**DESCRIPTION:** Table desk, Chippendale leg, Classical pull	
13.	**JUSTIFICATION:** Quality/Past Performance/Warrenty/Long Life Span	
14.	**ROOM LOCATION:** Commander's Office #070	**QUANTITY PER ROOM:** 1
15.	**TOTAL QUANTITY:** 1	
16.	**UNIT PRICE:**	
17.	**TOTAL PRICE:**	
18.	**FREIGHT CHARGE:**	
19.	**ADDITIONAL REMARKS OR JUSTIFICATION:** Environmentally friendly company and manufacturing - sustainable forestry sources	

FURNITURE ORDER FORM
RECRUITING BRIGADE OPS BUILDING, FORT GILLEM USAREC, GEORGIA

1.	**LOCATION CODE:** T-02	
2.	**DIRECTORATE:**	
3.	**DEPARTMENT:**	
4.	**ACTIVITY:**	
5.	**FSC GROUP:** 71, Part I Office Furniture	**SECTION:** GS-29F-0177G, GS-28F-8051H
	CONTRACT EXPIRATION DATE: September 30, 2006	
	MOL:	
6.	**SOURCE:** National/ Kimball Internationl 1205 Kimball Boulevard Jasper, Indiana 47549 phone: 800-482-1717	
7.	**PRODUCT NAME:** Barrington	
8.	**PRODUCT STOCK NUMBER:** refer to C-W-C furniture spec/order	
9.	**PRODUCT FABRIC NAME AND COLOR NUMBER:**	
10.	**PRODUCT FINISH NAME AND COLOR NUMBER:** Cordovan	
11.	**DIMENSIONS:** 36" x 72"	**WEIGHT:**
12.	**DESCRIPTION:** Table desk, Chippendale leg, classical pull	
13.	**JUSTIFICATION:** Quality/Past Performance/Warrenty/Long Life Span	
14.	**ROOM LOCATION:** Office #069, #025	**QUANTITY PER ROOM:** 1
15.	**TOTAL QUANTITY:** 2	
16.	**UNIT PRICE:**	
17.	**TOTAL PRICE:**	
18.	**FREIGHT CHARGE:**	
19.	**ADDITIONAL REMARKS OR JUSTIFICATION:** Environmentally friendly company and manufacturing - sustainable forestry sources	

FURNITURE ORDER FORM
RECRUITING BRIGADE OPS BUILDING, FORT GILLEM USAREC, GEORGIA

1.	**LOCATION CODE:** T-03	
2.	**DIRECTORATE:**	
3.	**DEPARTMENT:**	
4.	**ACTIVITY:**	
5.	**FSC GROUP:** 71, Part I Office Furniture	**SECTION:** GS-29F-0177G, GS-28F-8051H
	CONTRACT EXPIRATION DATE: September 30, 2006	
	MOL:	
6.	**SOURCE:** National/ Kimball Internationl 1205 Kimball Boulevard Jasper, Indiana 47549 phone: 800-482-1717	
7.	**PRODUCT NAME:** Definition	
8.	**PRODUCT STOCK NUMBER:** refer to C-W-C furniture spec/order	
9.	**PRODUCT FABRIC NAME AND COLOR NUMBER:**	
10.	**PRODUCT FINISH NAME AND COLOR NUMBER:** Cordovan	
11.	**DIMENSIONS:** 30" x 60"	**WEIGHT:**
12.	**DESCRIPTION:** Wood work table	
13.	**JUSTIFICATION:** Quality/Past Performance/Warrenty/Long Life Span	
14.	**ROOM LOCATION:** refer to furniture plan	**QUANTITY PER ROOM:** 1
15.	**TOTAL QUANTITY:** 11	
16.	**UNIT PRICE:**	
17.	**TOTAL PRICE:**	
18.	**FREIGHT CHARGE:**	
19.	**ADDITIONAL REMARKS OR JUSTIFICATION:** Environmentally friendly company and manufacturing - sustainable forestry sources	

FURNITURE ORDER FORM
RECRUITING BRIGADE OPS BUILDING, FORT GILLEM USAREC, GEORGIA

1.	**LOCATION CODE:** T-04	
2.	**DIRECTORATE:**	
3.	**DEPARTMENT:**	
4.	**ACTIVITY:**	
5.	**FSC GROUP:** 71, Part I Office Furniture	**SECTION:** GS-29F-0177G, GS-28F-8051H
	CONTRACT EXPIRATION DATE: September 30, 2006	
	MOL:	
6.	**SOURCE:** National/ Kimball Internationl 1205 Kimball Boulevard Jasper, Indiana 47549 phone: 800-482-1717	
7.	**PRODUCT NAME:** Conference Tables	
8.	**PRODUCT STOCK NUMBER:** refer to C-W-C furniture spec/order	
9.	**PRODUCT FABRIC NAME AND COLOR NUMBER:**	
10.	**PRODUCT FINISH NAME AND COLOR NUMBER:** Cordovan	
11.	**DIMENSIONS:** 36" Dia.	**WEIGHT:**
12.	**DESCRIPTION:** Wood round table with 16" dia. wood cylinder base	
13.	**JUSTIFICATION:** Quality/Past Performance/Warrenty/Long Life Span	
14.	**ROOM LOCATION:** refer to furniture plan	**QUANTITY PER ROOM:** 1
15.	**TOTAL QUANTITY:** 17	
16.	**UNIT PRICE:**	
17.	**TOTAL PRICE:**	
18.	**FREIGHT CHARGE:**	
19.	**ADDITIONAL REMARKS OR JUSTIFICATION:** Environmentally friendly company and manufacturing - sustainable forestry sources	

FURNITURE ORDER FORM
RECRUITING BRIGADE OPS BUILDING, FORT GILLEM USAREC, GEORGIA

1.	**LOCATION CODE:** T-05	
2.	**DIRECTORATE:**	
3.	**DEPARTMENT:**	
4.	**ACTIVITY:**	
5.	**FSC GROUP:** 71, Part I Office Furniture	**SECTION:** GS-29F-0177G, GS-28F-8051H
	CONTRACT EXPIRATION DATE: September 30, 2006	
	MOL:	
6.	**SOURCE:** Kimball International 1600 Royal Street Jasper, Indiana 47549 phone: 800-647-2010	
7.	**PRODUCT NAME:** Occasional Tables	
8.	**PRODUCT STOCK NUMBER:** refer to C-W-C furniture spec/order	
9.	**PRODUCT FABRIC NAME AND COLOR NUMBER:**	
10.	**PRODUCT FINISH NAME AND COLOR NUMBER:** Oxford Cherry	
11.	**DIMENSIONS:** 26" x 26"	**WEIGHT:**
12.	**DESCRIPTION:** Corner table	
13.	**JUSTIFICATION:** Quality/Past Performance/Warrenty/Long Life Span	
14.	**ROOM LOCATION:** Waiting #066	**QUANTITY PER ROOM:** 2
15.	**TOTAL QUANTITY:** 2	
16.	**UNIT PRICE:**	
17.	**TOTAL PRICE:**	
18.	**FREIGHT CHARGE:**	
19.	**ADDITIONAL REMARKS OR JUSTIFICATION:** Environmentally friendly company and manufacturing - sustainable forestry sources	

FURNITURE ORDER FORM
RECRUITING BRIGADE OPS BUILDING, FORT GILLEM USAREC, GEORGIA

1.	**LOCATION CODE:** T-06	
2.	**DIRECTORATE:**	
3.	**DEPARTMENT:**	
4.	**ACTIVITY:**	
5.	**FSC GROUP:** 71, Part I Office Furniture	**SECTION:** GS-29F-0177G, GS-28F-8051H
	CONTRACT EXPIRATION DATE: September 30, 2006	
	MOL:	
6.	**SOURCE:** National/ Kimball Internationl 1205 Kimball Boulevard Jasper, Indiana 47549 phone: 800-482-1717	
7.	**PRODUCT NAME:**	
8.	**PRODUCT STOCK NUMBER:** refer to C-W-C furniture spec/order	
9.	**PRODUCT FABRIC NAME AND COLOR NUMBER:**	
10.	**PRODUCT FINISH NAME AND COLOR NUMBER:** Graphite 461	
11.	**DIMENSIONS:** 48" x 96"	**WEIGHT:**
12.	**DESCRIPTION:** Racetrack plastic laminate top with plastic laminate panel legs	
13.	**JUSTIFICATION:** Quality/Past Performance/Warrenty/Long Life Span	
14.	**ROOM LOCATION:** Meeting Room #043	**QUANTITY PER ROOM:** 1
15.	**TOTAL QUANTITY:** 1	
16.	**UNIT PRICE:**	
17.	**TOTAL PRICE:**	
18.	**FREIGHT CHARGE:**	
19.	**ADDITIONAL REMARKS OR JUSTIFICATION:** Environmentally friendly company and manufacturing	

FURNITURE ORDER FORM
RECRUITING BRIGADE OPS BUILDING, FORT GILLEM USAREC, GEORGIA

1.	**LOCATION CODE:** T-07	
2.	**DIRECTORATE:**	
3.	**DEPARTMENT:**	
4.	**ACTIVITY:**	
5.	**FSC GROUP:** 71, Part I Office Furniture	**SECTION:** GS-29F-0177G, GS-28F-8051H
	CONTRACT EXPIRATION DATE: September 30, 2006	
	MOL:	
6.	**SOURCE:** Kimball International 1600 Royal Street Jasper, Indiana 47549 phone: 800-647-2010	
7.	**PRODUCT NAME:** Traditional Tables	
8.	**PRODUCT STOCK NUMBER:** refer to C-W-C furniture spec/order	
9.	**PRODUCT FABRIC NAME AND COLOR NUMBER:**	
10.	**PRODUCT FINISH NAME AND COLOR NUMBER:** Oxford Cherry	
11.	**DIMENSIONS:** 42" x 84" (custom)	**WEIGHT:**
12.	**DESCRIPTION:** Traditional wood table with panel legs	
13.	**JUSTIFICATION:** Quality/Past Performance/Warrenty/Long Life Span	
14.	**ROOM LOCATION:** Meeting Room #027	**QUANTITY PER ROOM:** 1
15.	**TOTAL QUANTITY:** 1	
16.	**UNIT PRICE:**	
17.	**TOTAL PRICE:**	
18.	**FREIGHT CHARGE:**	
19.	**ADDITIONAL REMARKS OR JUSTIFICATION:** Environmentally friendly company and manufacturing - sustainable forestry sources	

FURNITURE ORDER FORM
RECRUITING BRIGADE OPS BUILDING, FORT GILLEM USAREC, GEORGIA

1.	**LOCATION CODE:** T-08	
2.	**DIRECTORATE:**	
3.	**DEPARTMENT:**	
4.	**ACTIVITY:**	
5.	**FSC GROUP:** 71, Part I Office Furniture	**SECTION:** GS-29F-0177G, GS-28F-8051H
	CONTRACT EXPIRATION DATE: September 30, 2006	
	MOL:	
6.	**SOURCE:** National/ Kimball Internationl 1205 Kimball Boulevard Jasper, Indiana 47549 phone: 800-482-1717	
7.	**PRODUCT NAME:**	
8.	**PRODUCT STOCK NUMBER:** refer to C-W-C furniture spec/order	
9.	**PRODUCT FABRIC NAME AND COLOR NUMBER:**	
10.	**PRODUCT FINISH NAME AND COLOR NUMBER:** Cordovan(top)/ Black(base)	
11.	**DIMENSIONS:** 30" x 72"	**WEIGHT:**
12.	**DESCRIPTION:** Wood table top with mobile metal 'T' base	
13.	**JUSTIFICATION:** Quality/Past Performance/Warrenty/Long Life Span	
14.	**ROOM LOCATION:** Conf. Train. Rm. #004, #006	**QUANTITY PER ROOM:** 6
15.	**TOTAL QUANTITY:** 12	
16.	**UNIT PRICE:**	
17.	**TOTAL PRICE:**	
18.	**FREIGHT CHARGE:**	
19.	**ADDITIONAL REMARKS OR JUSTIFICATION:** Environmentally friendly company and manufacturing - sustainable forestry sources	

FURNITURE ORDER FORM
RECRUITING BRIGADE OPS BUILDING, FORT GILLEM USAREC, GEORGIA

1.	**LOCATION CODE:** T-09	
2.	**DIRECTORATE:**	
3.	**DEPARTMENT:**	
4.	**ACTIVITY:**	
5.	**FSC GROUP:** 71, Part I Office Furniture	**SECTION:** GS-29F-0177G, GS-28F-8051H
	CONTRACT EXPIRATION DATE: September 30, 2006	
	MOL:	
6.	**SOURCE:** Kimball International 1600 Royal Street Jasper, Indiana 47549 phone: 800-647-2010	
7.	**PRODUCT NAME:** Array	
8.	**PRODUCT STOCK NUMBER:** refer to C-W-C furniture spec/order	
9.	**PRODUCT FABRIC NAME AND COLOR NUMBER:**	
10.	**PRODUCT FINISH NAME AND COLOR NUMBER:** Carbon Evolv 823(top)/ Cinder 462(base)	
11.	**DIMENSIONS:** 36" Dia.	**WEIGHT:**
12.	**DESCRIPTION:** Plastic laminate round table with thin rim and static metal X-base	
13.	**JUSTIFICATION:** Quality/Past Performance/Warrenty/Long Life Span	
14.	**ROOM LOCATION:** Breakroom #035	**QUANTITY PER ROOM:** 7
15.	**TOTAL QUANTITY:** 7	
16.	**UNIT PRICE:**	
17.	**TOTAL PRICE:**	
18.	**FREIGHT CHARGE:**	
19.	**ADDITIONAL REMARKS OR JUSTIFICATION:** Environmentally friendly company and manufacturing	

FURNITURE ORDER FORM
RECRUITING BRIGADE OPS BUILDING, FORT GILLEM USAREC, GEORGIA

1.	**LOCATION CODE:** F-01	
2.	**DIRECTORATE:**	
3.	**DEPARTMENT:**	
4.	**ACTIVITY:**	
5.	**FSC GROUP:** 71, Part I Office Furniture	**SECTION:** GS-29F-0177G, GS-28F-8051H
	CONTRACT EXPIRATION DATE: September 30, 2006	
	MOL:	
6.	**SOURCE:** National/Kimball Internationl 1600 Royal Street Jasper, Indiana 47549 phone: 800-647-2010	
7.	**PRODUCT NAME:** Barrington	
8.	**PRODUCT STOCK NUMBER:** refer to C-W-C furniture spec/order	
9.	**PRODUCT FABRIC NAME AND COLOR NUMBER:**	
10.	**PRODUCT FINISH NAME AND COLOR NUMBER:** Cordovan	
11.	**DIMENSIONS:**	**WEIGHT:**
12.	**DESCRIPTION:** Wood storage credenza with bookcases above (TV to fit)	
13.	**JUSTIFICATION:** Quality/Past Performance/Warrenty/Long Life Span	
14.	**ROOM LOCATION:** Commander's Office #070	**QUANTITY PER ROOM:** 1
15.	**TOTAL QUANTITY:** 1	
16.	**UNIT PRICE:**	
17.	**TOTAL PRICE:**	
18.	**FREIGHT CHARGE:**	
19.	**ADDITIONAL REMARKS OR JUSTIFICATION:** Environmentally friendly company and manufacturing - sustainable forestry sources	

FURNITURE ORDER FORM
RECRUITING BRIGADE OPS BUILDING, FORT GILLEM USAREC, GEORGIA

1.	**LOCATION CODE:** F-02	
2.	**DIRECTORATE:**	
3.	**DEPARTMENT:**	
4.	**ACTIVITY:**	
5.	**FSC GROUP:** 71, Part I Office Furniture	**SECTION:** GS-29F-0177G, GS-28F-8051H
	CONTRACT EXPIRATION DATE: September 30, 2006	
	MOL:	
6.	**SOURCE:** National/ Kimball Internationl 1205 Kimball Boulevard Jasper, Indiana 47549 phone: 800-482-1717	
7.	**PRODUCT NAME:** Barrington	
8.	**PRODUCT STOCK NUMBER:** refer to C-W-C furniture spec/order	
9.	**PRODUCT FABRIC NAME AND COLOR NUMBER:**	
10.	**PRODUCT FINISH NAME AND COLOR NUMBER:** Cordovan	
11.	**DIMENSIONS:** 36" x 70"	**WEIGHT:**
12.	**DESCRIPTION:** Wood open 5-shelf bookcase	
13.	**JUSTIFICATION:** Quality/Past Performance/Warrenty/Long Life Span	
14.	**ROOM LOCATION:** refer to furniture plan	**QUANTITY PER ROOM:** refer to furniture plan
15.	**TOTAL QUANTITY:** 58	
16.	**UNIT PRICE:**	
17.	**TOTAL PRICE:**	
18.	**FREIGHT CHARGE:**	
19.	**ADDITIONAL REMARKS OR JUSTIFICATION:** Environmentally friendly company and manufacturing - sustainable forestry sources	

FURNITURE ORDER FORM
RECRUITING BRIGADE OPS BUILDING, FORT GILLEM USAREC, GEORGIA

1.	**LOCATION CODE:** F-03a	
2.	**DIRECTORATE:**	
3.	**DEPARTMENT:**	
4.	**ACTIVITY:**	
5.	**FSC GROUP:** 495-5 Library & Storage Shelving	**SECTION:** GS-27F-0039M
	CONTRACT EXPIRATION DATE: 30 July 2007	
	MOL:	
6.	**SOURCE:** Adjustable Shelving a Division of Karp Associates, Inc. 54-54 43rd Street Maspeth, NY 11378 1.800.888.4212	
7.	**PRODUCT NAME:** LR Library Shelving	
8.	**PRODUCT STOCK NUMBER:** refer to C-W-C furniture spec/order	
9.	**PRODUCT FABRIC NAME AND COLOR NUMBER:**	
10.	**PRODUCT FINISH NAME AND COLOR NUMBER:** Tantalum 429 (custom match)	
11.	**DIMENSIONS:** 36" w.	**WEIGHT:**
12.	**DESCRIPTION:** Metal 5-shelf open bookcase	
13.	**JUSTIFICATION:**	
14.	**ROOM LOCATION:** Open Ofc. #045, #052, #071	**QUANTITY PER ROOM:** refer to furniture plan
15.	**TOTAL QUANTITY:** 8	
16.	**UNIT PRICE:**	
17.	**TOTAL PRICE:**	
18.	**FREIGHT CHARGE:**	
19.	**ADDITIONAL REMARKS OR JUSTIFICATION:**	

FURNITURE ORDER FORM
RECRUITING BRIGADE OPS BUILDING, FORT GILLEM USAREC, GEORGIA

1.	**LOCATION CODE:** F-03b	
2.	**DIRECTORATE:**	
3.	**DEPARTMENT:**	
4.	**ACTIVITY:**	
5.	**FSC GROUP:** 495-5 Library & Storage Shelving	**SECTION:** GS-27F-0039M
	CONTRACT EXPIRATION DATE: 30 July 2007	
	MOL:	
6.	**SOURCE:** Adjustable Shelving a Division of Karp Associates, Inc. 54-54 43rd Street Maspeth, NY 11378 1.800.888.4212	
7.	**PRODUCT NAME:** LR Library Shelving	
8.	**PRODUCT STOCK NUMBER:** refer to C-W-C furniture spec/order	
9.	**PRODUCT FABRIC NAME AND COLOR NUMBER:**	
10.	**PRODUCT FINISH NAME AND COLOR NUMBER:** Tantalum 429 (custom match)	
11.	**DIMENSIONS:** 42" w.	**WEIGHT:**
12.	**DESCRIPTION:** Metal 5-shelf open bookcase	
13.	**JUSTIFICATION:**	
14.	**ROOM LOCATION:** Open Ofc. #071	**QUANTITY PER ROOM:** refer to furniture plan
15.	**TOTAL QUANTITY:** 3	
16.	**UNIT PRICE:**	
17.	**TOTAL PRICE:**	
18.	**FREIGHT CHARGE:**	
19.	**ADDITIONAL REMARKS OR JUSTIFICATION:**	

FURNITURE ORDER FORM
RECRUITING BRIGADE OPS BUILDING, FORT GILLEM USAREC, GEORGIA

1.	**LOCATION CODE:** F-04a	
2.	**DIRECTORATE:**	
3.	**DEPARTMENT:**	
4.	**ACTIVITY:**	
5.	**FSC GROUP:** 71, Part I Office Furniture	**SECTION:** GS-29F-0177G, GS-28F-8051H
	CONTRACT EXPIRATION DATE: September 30, 2006	
	MOL:	
6.	**SOURCE:** Kimball International 1600 Royal Street Jasper, Indiana 47549 phone: 800-647-2010	
7.	**PRODUCT NAME:** LF Series	
8.	**PRODUCT STOCK NUMBER:** refer to C-W-C furniture spec/order	
9.	**PRODUCT FABRIC NAME AND COLOR NUMBER:**	
10.	**PRODUCT FINISH NAME AND COLOR NUMBER:** Tantalum 429	
11.	**DIMENSIONS:** 18" x 36"	**WEIGHT:**
12.	**DESCRIPTION:** Metal lateral file - 5 dwr	
13.	**JUSTIFICATION:**	
14.	**ROOM LOCATION:** refer to furniture plan	**QUANTITY PER ROOM:** refer to furniture plan
15.	**TOTAL QUANTITY:** 95	
16.	**UNIT PRICE:**	
17.	**TOTAL PRICE:**	
18.	**FREIGHT CHARGE:**	
19.	**ADDITIONAL REMARKS OR JUSTIFICATION:** Environmentally friendly company and manufacturing	

FURNITURE ORDER FORM
RECRUITING BRIGADE OPS BUILDING, FORT GILLEM USAREC, GEORGIA

1.	**LOCATION CODE:** F-04b	
2.	**DIRECTORATE:**	
3.	**DEPARTMENT:**	
4.	**ACTIVITY:**	
5.	**FSC GROUP:** 71, Part I Office Furniture	**SECTION:** GS-29F-0177G, GS-28F-8051H
	CONTRACT EXPIRATION DATE: September 30, 2006	
	MOL:	
6.	**SOURCE:** Kimball International 1600 Royal Street Jasper, Indiana 47549 phone: 800-647-2010	
7.	**PRODUCT NAME:** LF Series	
8.	**PRODUCT STOCK NUMBER:** refer to C-W-C furniture spec/order	
9.	**PRODUCT FABRIC NAME AND COLOR NUMBER:**	
10.	**PRODUCT FINISH NAME AND COLOR NUMBER:** Tantalum 429	
11.	**DIMENSIONS:** 18" x 42"	**WEIGHT:**
12.	**DESCRIPTION:** Metal lateral file - 3 dwr with plastic laminate countertops by Kimball International	
13.	**JUSTIFICATION:**	
14.	**ROOM LOCATION:** Copy #020, Mtg. Rm. #043	**QUANTITY PER ROOM:** refer to furniture plan
15.	**TOTAL QUANTITY:** 5	
16.	**UNIT PRICE:**	
17.	**TOTAL PRICE:**	
18.	**FREIGHT CHARGE:**	
19.	**ADDITIONAL REMARKS OR JUSTIFICATION:** Environmentally friendly company and manufacturing	

FURNITURE ORDER FORM
RECRUITING BRIGADE OPS BUILDING, FORT GILLEM USAREC, GEORGIA

1.	**LOCATION CODE:** F-05	
2.	**DIRECTORATE:**	
3.	**DEPARTMENT:**	
4.	**ACTIVITY:**	
5.	**FSC GROUP:** 71, Part I Office Furniture	**SECTION:** GS-29F-0177G, GS-28F-8051H
	CONTRACT EXPIRATION DATE: September 30, 2006	
	MOL:	
6.	**SOURCE:** Kimball International 1600 Royal Street Jasper, Indiana 47549 phone: 800-647-2010	
7.	**PRODUCT NAME:**	
8.	**PRODUCT STOCK NUMBER:**	
9.	**PRODUCT FABRIC NAME AND COLOR NUMBER:**	
10.	**PRODUCT FINISH NAME AND COLOR NUMBER:** Tantalum 429	
11.	**DIMENSIONS:**	**WEIGHT:**
12.	**DESCRIPTION:** Metal vertical file	
13.	**JUSTIFICATION:** Quality/Past Performance/Warrenty/Long Life Span	
14.	**ROOM LOCATION:** Mtg. Rm. #043, O. Ofc. #014	**QUANTITY PER ROOM:** refer to furniture plan
15.	**TOTAL QUANTITY:** 14	
16.	**UNIT PRICE:**	
17.	**TOTAL PRICE:**	
18.	**FREIGHT CHARGE:**	
19.	**ADDITIONAL REMARKS OR JUSTIFICATION:** Environmentally friendly company and manufacturing	

FURNITURE ORDER FORM
RECRUITING BRIGADE OPS BUILDING, FORT GILLEM USAREC, GEORGIA

1.	**LOCATION CODE:** F-06	
2.	**DIRECTORATE:**	
3.	**DEPARTMENT:**	
4.	**ACTIVITY:**	
5.	**FSC GROUP:** 71, Part I Office Furniture	**SECTION:** GS-29F-0177G, GS-28F-8051H
	CONTRACT EXPIRATION DATE: September 30, 2006	
	MOL:	
6.	**SOURCE:** Kimball International 1600 Royal Street Jasper, Indiana 47549 phone: 800-647-2010	
7.	**PRODUCT NAME:** LF Series	
8.	**PRODUCT STOCK NUMBER:** refer to C-W-C furniture spec/order	
9.	**PRODUCT FABRIC NAME AND COLOR NUMBER:**	
10.	**PRODUCT FINISH NAME AND COLOR NUMBER:** Tantalum 429	
11.	**DIMENSIONS:** 18" x 36" x 60"	**WEIGHT:**
12.	**DESCRIPTION:** Metal storage cabinet	
13.	**JUSTIFICATION:** Quality/Past Performance/Warrenty/Long Life Span	
14.	**ROOM LOCATION:** Mtg. Rm. #043	**QUANTITY PER ROOM:** 2
15.	**TOTAL QUANTITY:** 2	
16.	**UNIT PRICE:**	
17.	**TOTAL PRICE:**	
18.	**FREIGHT CHARGE:**	
19.	**ADDITIONAL REMARKS OR JUSTIFICATION:** Environmentally friendly company and manufacturing	

FURNITURE ORDER FORM
RECRUITING BRIGADE OPS BUILDING, FORT GILLEM USAREC, GEORGIA

1.	**LOCATION CODE:** F-07	
2.	**DIRECTORATE:**	
3.	**DEPARTMENT:**	
4.	**ACTIVITY:**	
5.	**FSC GROUP:** 7110	**SECTION:** GS-28F-0019K
	CONTRACT EXPIRATION DATE: 07 June 2005	
	MOL:	
6.	**SOURCE:** Ulrich Plan Filing and Equipment 2120 Fourth Ave. Lakewood, NY 14750 1.800.342.2875	
7.	**PRODUCT NAME:** Flat files	
8.	**PRODUCT STOCK NUMBER:** refer to C-W-C furniture spec/order	
9.	**PRODUCT FABRIC NAME AND COLOR NUMBER:**	
10.	**PRODUCT FINISH NAME AND COLOR NUMBER:** Tantalum 429 (custom match)	
11.	**DIMENSIONS:**	**WEIGHT:**
12.	**DESCRIPTION:** Metal flat files with plastic laminate countertop	
13.	**JUSTIFICATION:** Specialized files	
14.	**ROOM LOCATION:** Mtg. Rm. #043	**QUANTITY PER ROOM:** 3
15.	**TOTAL QUANTITY:** 3	
16.	**UNIT PRICE:**	
17.	**TOTAL PRICE:**	
18.	**FREIGHT CHARGE:**	
19.	**ADDITIONAL REMARKS OR JUSTIFICATION:**	

FURNITURE ORDER FORM
RECRUITING BRIGADE OPS BUILDING, FORT GILLEM USAREC, GEORGIA

1.	**LOCATION CODE:** F-08	
2.	**DIRECTORATE:**	
3.	**DEPARTMENT:**	
4.	**ACTIVITY:**	
5.	**FSC GROUP:** 71, Part I Office Furniture	**SECTION:** GS-29F-0177G, GS-28F-8051H
	CONTRACT EXPIRATION DATE: September 30, 2006	
	MOL:	
6.	**SOURCE:** National/ Kimball Internationl 1205 Kimball Boulevard Jasper, Indiana 47549 phone: 800-482-1717	
7.	**PRODUCT NAME:** Barrington	
8.	**PRODUCT STOCK NUMBER:** refer to C-W-C furniture spec/order	
9.	**PRODUCT FABRIC NAME AND COLOR NUMBER:**	
10.	**PRODUCT FINISH NAME AND COLOR NUMBER:** Cordovan	
11.	**DIMENSIONS:** 23.5" x 39" x 56"	**WEIGHT:**
12.	**DESCRIPTION:** Lateral files, 4-dwr.	
13.	**JUSTIFICATION:** Quality/Past Performance/Warrenty/Long Life Span	
14.	**ROOM LOCATION:** Open Office #065	**QUANTITY PER ROOM:** 3
15.	**TOTAL QUANTITY:** 3	
16.	**UNIT PRICE:**	
17.	**TOTAL PRICE:**	
18.	**FREIGHT CHARGE:**	
19.	**ADDITIONAL REMARKS OR JUSTIFICATION:** Environmentally friendly company and manufacturing - sustainable forestry sources	

FURNITURE ORDER FORM
RECRUITING BRIGADE OPS BUILDING, FORT GILLEM USAREC, GEORGIA

1.	**LOCATION CODE:** F-09	
2.	**DIRECTORATE:**	
3.	**DEPARTMENT:**	
4.	**ACTIVITY:**	
5.	**FSC GROUP:** 71, Part I Office Furniture	**SECTION:** GS-29F-0177G, GS-28F-8051H
	CONTRACT EXPIRATION DATE: September 30, 2006	
	MOL:	
6.	**SOURCE:** National/ Kimball Internationl 1205 Kimball Boulevard Jasper, Indiana 47549 phone: 800-482-1717	
7.	**PRODUCT NAME:** Barrington	
8.	**PRODUCT STOCK NUMBER:** refer to C-W-C furniture spec/order	
9.	**PRODUCT FABRIC NAME AND COLOR NUMBER:**	
10.	**PRODUCT FINISH NAME AND COLOR NUMBER:** Cordovan	
11.	**DIMENSIONS:** 23.5" x 39" x 30.25"	**WEIGHT:**
12.	**DESCRIPTION:** Lateral files, 2-dwr.	
13.	**JUSTIFICATION:** Quality/Past Performance/Warrenty/Long Life Span	
14.	**ROOM LOCATION:** Open Office #065	**QUANTITY PER ROOM:** 1
15.	**TOTAL QUANTITY:** 1	
16.	**UNIT PRICE:**	
17.	**TOTAL PRICE:**	
18.	**FREIGHT CHARGE:**	
19.	**ADDITIONAL REMARKS OR JUSTIFICATION:** Environmentally friendly company and manufacturing - sustainable forestry sources	

FURNITURE ORDER FORM
RECRUITING BRIGADE OPS BUILDING, FORT GILLEM USAREC, GEORGIA

1.	**LOCATION CODE:** D-01a	
2.	**DIRECTORATE:**	
3.	**DEPARTMENT:**	
4.	**ACTIVITY:**	
5.	**FSC GROUP:** 71, Part I Office Furniture	**SECTION:** GS-29F-0177G, GS-28F-8051H
	CONTRACT EXPIRATION DATE: September 30, 2006	
	MOL:	
6.	**SOURCE:** Kimball International 1600 Royal Street Jasper, Indiana 47549 phone: 800-647-2010	
7.	**PRODUCT NAME:** Barrington	
8.	**PRODUCT STOCK NUMBER:** refer to C-W-C furniture spec/order	
9.	**PRODUCT FABRIC NAME AND COLOR NUMBER:**	
10.	**PRODUCT FINISH NAME AND COLOR NUMBER:** Cordovan	
11.	**DIMENSIONS:** 36 x 72	**WEIGHT:**
12.	**DESCRIPTION:** Double Pedestal Desk	
13.	**JUSTIFICATION:** Quality/Past Performance/Warrenty/Long Life Span	
14.	**ROOM LOCATION:** Commander's Office #070	**QUANTITY PER ROOM:** 1
15.	**TOTAL QUANTITY:** 1	
16.	**UNIT PRICE:**	
17.	**TOTAL PRICE:**	
18.	**FREIGHT CHARGE:**	
19.	**ADDITIONAL REMARKS OR JUSTIFICATION:** Environmentally friendly company and manufacturing - sustainable forestry sources	

FURNITURE ORDER FORM
RECRUITING BRIGADE OPS BUILDING, FORT GILLEM USAREC, GEORGIA

1.	**LOCATION CODE:** D-01b	
2.	**DIRECTORATE:**	
3.	**DEPARTMENT:**	
4.	**ACTIVITY:**	
5.	**FSC GROUP:** 71 Part 1 Office Furniture	**SECTION:** GS-29F-0177G, GS-28F-8051H
	CONTRACT EXPIRATION DATE: September 30, 2006	
	MOL:	
6.	**SOURCE:** Kimball International 1600 Royal Street Jasper, Indiana 47549 phone: 800-647-2010	
7.	**PRODUCT NAME:** Barrington	
8.	**PRODUCT STOCK NUMBER:** refer to C-W-C furniture spec/order	
9.	**PRODUCT FABRIC NAME AND COLOR NUMBER:**	
10.	**PRODUCT FINISH NAME AND COLOR NUMBER:** Cordovan	
11.	**DIMENSIONS:** 23 x 75	**WEIGHT:**
12.	**DESCRIPTION:** Kneespace Credenza with center grommet	
13.	**JUSTIFICATION:** Quality/Past Performance/Warrenty/Long Life Span	
14.	**ROOM LOCATION:** Commander's Office #070	**QUANTITY PER ROOM:** 1
15.	**TOTAL QUANTITY:** 1	
16.	**UNIT PRICE:**	
17.	**TOTAL PRICE:**	
18.	**FREIGHT CHARGE:**	
19.	**ADDITIONAL REMARKS OR JUSTIFICATION:** Environmentally friendly company and manufacturing - sustainable forestry sources	

FURNITURE ORDER FORM
RECRUITING BRIGADE OPS BUILDING, FORT GILLEM USAREC, GEORGIA

1.	**LOCATION CODE:** D-01c	
2.	**DIRECTORATE:**	
3.	**DEPARTMENT:**	
4.	**ACTIVITY:**	
5.	**FSC GROUP:** 71 Part 1 Office Furniture	**SECTION:** GS-29F-0177G, GS-28F-8051H
	CONTRACT EXPIRATION DATE: September 30, 2006	
	MOL:	
6.	**SOURCE:** National/Kimball International 1600 Royal Street Jasper, Indiana 47549 phone: 800-647-2010	
7.	**PRODUCT NAME:** Barrington	
8.	**PRODUCT STOCK NUMBER:** refer to C-W-C furniture spec/order	
9.	**PRODUCT FABRIC NAME AND COLOR NUMBER:**	
10.	**PRODUCT FINISH NAME AND COLOR NUMBER:** Cordovan	
11.	**DIMENSIONS:** 23 x 75	**WEIGHT:**
12.	**DESCRIPTION:** Highback Organizer with lights and glass doors	
13.	**JUSTIFICATION:** Quality/Past Performance/Warrenty/Long Life Span	
14.	**ROOM LOCATION:** Commander's Office #070	**QUANTITY PER ROOM:** 1
15.	**TOTAL QUANTITY:** 1	
16.	**UNIT PRICE:**	
17.	**TOTAL PRICE:**	
18.	**FREIGHT CHARGE:**	
19.	**ADDITIONAL REMARKS OR JUSTIFICATION:** Environmentally friendly company and manufacturing - sustainable forestry sources	

FURNITURE ORDER FORM
RECRUITING BRIGADE OPS BUILDING, FORT GILLEM USAREC, GEORGIA

1.	**LOCATION CODE:** D-02a	
2.	**DIRECTORATE:**	
3.	**DEPARTMENT:**	
4.	**ACTIVITY:**	
5.	**FSC GROUP:** 71, Part I Office Furniture	**SECTION:** GS-29F-0177G, GS-28F-8051H
	CONTRACT EXPIRATION DATE: September 30, 2006	
	MOL:	
6.	**SOURCE:** National/Kimball International 1205 Kimball Boulevard Jasper, Indiana 47549 phone: 800-482-1717	
7.	**PRODUCT NAME:** Barrington	
8.	**PRODUCT STOCK NUMBER:** refer to C-W-C furniture spec/order	
9.	**PRODUCT FABRIC NAME AND COLOR NUMBER:**	
10.	**PRODUCT FINISH NAME AND COLOR NUMBER:** Cordovan	
11.	**DIMENSIONS:** 36 x 72	**WEIGHT:**
12.	**DESCRIPTION:** Double Pedestal Desk	
13.	**JUSTIFICATION:** Quality/Past Performance/Warrenty/Long Life Span	
14.	**ROOM LOCATION:** Office #69, #25	**QUANTITY PER ROOM:** 1
15.	**TOTAL QUANTITY:** 2	
16.	**UNIT PRICE:**	
17.	**TOTAL PRICE:**	
18.	**FREIGHT CHARGE:**	
19.	**ADDITIONAL REMARKS OR JUSTIFICATION:** Environmentally friendly company and manufacturing - sustainable forestry sources	

FURNITURE ORDER FORM
RECRUITING BRIGADE OPS BUILDING, FORT GILLEM USAREC, GEORGIA

1.	**LOCATION CODE:** D-02b	
2.	**DIRECTORATE:**	
3.	**DEPARTMENT:**	
4.	**ACTIVITY:**	
5.	**FSC GROUP:** 71, Part I Office Furniture	**SECTION:** GS-29F-0177G, GS-28F-8051H
	CONTRACT EXPIRATION DATE: September 30, 2006	
	MOL:	
6.	**SOURCE:** National/ Kimball International 1205 Kimball Boulevard Jasper, Indiana 47549 phone: 800-482-1717	
7.	**PRODUCT NAME:** Barrington	
8.	**PRODUCT STOCK NUMBER:** refer to C-W-C furniture spec/order	
9.	**PRODUCT FABRIC NAME AND COLOR NUMBER:**	
10.	**PRODUCT FINISH NAME AND COLOR NUMBER:** Cordovan	
11.	**DIMENSIONS:** 23" x 75"	**WEIGHT:**
12.	**DESCRIPTION:** Kneespace credenza with grommet	
13.	**JUSTIFICATION:** Quality/Past Performance/Warrenty/Long Life Span	
14.	**ROOM LOCATION:** Office #69, #25	**QUANTITY PER ROOM:** 1
15.	**TOTAL QUANTITY:** 2	
16.	**UNIT PRICE:**	
17.	**TOTAL PRICE:**	
18.	**FREIGHT CHARGE:**	
19.	**ADDITIONAL REMARKS OR JUSTIFICATION:** Environmentally friendly company and manufacturing - sustainable forestry sources	

FURNITURE ORDER FORM
RECRUITING BRIGADE OPS BUILDING, FORT GILLEM USAREC, GEORGIA

1.	**LOCATION CODE:** D-02c	
2.	**DIRECTORATE:**	
3.	**DEPARTMENT:**	
4.	**ACTIVITY:**	
5.	**FSC GROUP:** 71, Part I Office Furniture	**SECTION:** GS-29F-0177G, GS-28F-8051H
	CONTRACT EXPIRATION DATE: September 30, 2006	
	MOL:	
6.	**SOURCE:** National/ Kimball International 1205 Kimball Boulevard Jasper, Indiana 47549 phone: 800-482-1717	
7.	**PRODUCT NAME:** Barrington	
8.	**PRODUCT STOCK NUMBER:** refer to C-W-C furniture spec/order	
9.	**PRODUCT FABRIC NAME AND COLOR NUMBER:**	
10.	**PRODUCT FINISH NAME AND COLOR NUMBER:** Cordovan	
11.	**DIMENSIONS:** 23" x 75"	**WEIGHT:**
12.	**DESCRIPTION:** Highback organizer with glass doors and task light	
13.	**JUSTIFICATION:** Quality/Past Performance/Warrenty/Long Life Span	
14.	**ROOM LOCATION:** Office #69, #25	**QUANTITY PER ROOM:** 1
15.	**TOTAL QUANTITY:** 2	
16.	**UNIT PRICE:**	
17.	**TOTAL PRICE:**	
18.	**FREIGHT CHARGE:**	
19.	**ADDITIONAL REMARKS OR JUSTIFICATION:** Environmentally friendly company and manufacturing - sustainable forestry sources	

FURNITURE ORDER FORM
RECRUITING BRIGADE OPS BUILDING, FORT GILLEM USAREC, GEORGIA

1.	**LOCATION CODE:** D-03a	
2.	**DIRECTORATE:**	
3.	**DEPARTMENT:**	
4.	**ACTIVITY:**	
5.	**FSC GROUP:** 71, Part I Office Furniture	**SECTION:** GS-29F-0177G, GS-28F-8051H
	CONTRACT EXPIRATION DATE: September 30, 2006	
	MOL:	
6.	**SOURCE:** National/ Kimball International 1205 Kimball Boulevard Jasper, Indiana 47549 phone: 800-482-1717	
7.	**PRODUCT NAME:** Barrington	
8.	**PRODUCT STOCK NUMBER:** refer to C-W-C furniture spec/order	
9.	**PRODUCT FABRIC NAME AND COLOR NUMBER:**	
10.	**PRODUCT FINISH NAME AND COLOR NUMBER:** Cordovan	
11.	**DIMENSIONS:** 30" x 66"	**WEIGHT:**
12.	**DESCRIPTION:** Single pedestal desk	
13.	**JUSTIFICATION:** Quality/Past Performance/Warrenty/Long Life Span	
14.	**ROOM LOCATION:** refer to furniture plan	**QUANTITY PER ROOM:** 1
15.	**TOTAL QUANTITY:** 16	
16.	**UNIT PRICE:**	
17.	**TOTAL PRICE:**	
18.	**FREIGHT CHARGE:**	
19.	**ADDITIONAL REMARKS OR JUSTIFICATION:** Environmentally friendly company and manufacturing - sustainable forestry sources	

FURNITURE ORDER FORM
RECRUITING BRIGADE OPS BUILDING, FORT GILLEM USAREC, GEORGIA

1.	**LOCATION CODE:** D-03b	
2.	**DIRECTORATE:**	
3.	**DEPARTMENT:**	
4.	**ACTIVITY:**	
5.	**FSC GROUP:** 71, Part I Office Furniture	**SECTION:** GS-29F-0177G, GS-28F-8051H
	CONTRACT EXPIRATION DATE: September 30, 2006	
	MOL:	
6.	**SOURCE:** National/ Kimball International 1205 Kimball Boulevard Jasper, Indiana 47549 phone: 800-482-1717	
7.	**PRODUCT NAME:** Barrington	
8.	**PRODUCT STOCK NUMBER:** refer to C-W-C furniture spec/order	
9.	**PRODUCT FABRIC NAME AND COLOR NUMBER:**	
10.	**PRODUCT FINISH NAME AND COLOR NUMBER:** Cordovan	
11.	**DIMENSIONS:** 25" x 42"	**WEIGHT:**
12.	**DESCRIPTION:** Modesty panel bridge	
13.	**JUSTIFICATION:** Quality/Past Performance/Warrenty/Long Life Span	
14.	**ROOM LOCATION:** refer to furniture plan	**QUANTITY PER ROOM:** 1
15.	**TOTAL QUANTITY:** 16	
16.	**UNIT PRICE:**	
17.	**TOTAL PRICE:**	
18.	**FREIGHT CHARGE:**	
19.	**ADDITIONAL REMARKS OR JUSTIFICATION:** Environmentally friendly company and manufacturing - sustainable forestry sources	

FURNITURE ORDER FORM
RECRUITING BRIGADE OPS BUILDING, FORT GILLEM USAREC, GEORGIA

1.	**LOCATION CODE:** D-03c	
2.	**DIRECTORATE:**	
3.	**DEPARTMENT:**	
4.	**ACTIVITY:**	
5.	**FSC GROUP:** 71, Part I Office Furniture	**SECTION:** GS-29F-0177G, GS-28F-8051H
	CONTRACT EXPIRATION DATE: September 30, 2006	
	MOL:	
6.	**SOURCE:** National/ Kimball International 1205 Kimball Boulevard Jasper, Indiana 47549 phone: 800-482-1717	
7.	**PRODUCT NAME:** Barrington	
8.	**PRODUCT STOCK NUMBER:** refer to C-W-C furniture spec/order	
9.	**PRODUCT FABRIC NAME AND COLOR NUMBER:**	
10.	**PRODUCT FINISH NAME AND COLOR NUMBER:** Cordovan	
11.	**DIMENSIONS:** 23.5" x 75"	**WEIGHT:**
12.	**DESCRIPTION:** Single pedestal credenza with lateral file	
13.	**JUSTIFICATION:** Quality/Past Performance/Warrenty/Long Life Span	
14.	**ROOM LOCATION:** refer to furniture plan	**QUANTITY PER ROOM:** 1
15.	**TOTAL QUANTITY:** 16	
16.	**UNIT PRICE:**	
17.	**TOTAL PRICE:**	
18.	**FREIGHT CHARGE:**	
19.	**ADDITIONAL REMARKS OR JUSTIFICATION:** Environmentally friendly company and manufacturing - sustainable forestry sources	

FURNITURE ORDER FORM
RECRUITING BRIGADE OPS BUILDING, FORT GILLEM USAREC, GEORGIA

1.	**LOCATION CODE:** D-04a	
2.	**DIRECTORATE:**	
3.	**DEPARTMENT:**	
4.	**ACTIVITY:**	
5.	**FSC GROUP:** 71, Part I Office Furniture	**SECTION:** GS-29F-0177G, GS-28F-8051H
	CONTRACT EXPIRATION DATE: September 30, 2006	
	MOL:	
6.	**SOURCE:** National/ Kimball International 1205 Kimball Boulevard Jasper, Indiana 47549 phone: 800-482-1717	
7.	**PRODUCT NAME:** Barrington	
8.	**PRODUCT STOCK NUMBER:** refer to C-W-C furniture spec/order	
9.	**PRODUCT FABRIC NAME AND COLOR NUMBER:**	
10.	**PRODUCT FINISH NAME AND COLOR NUMBER:** Cordovan	
11.	**DIMENSIONS:** 30" x 66"	**WEIGHT:**
12.	**DESCRIPTION:** Single pedestal desk with grommet	
13.	**JUSTIFICATION:** Quality/Past Performance/Warrenty/Long Life Span	
14.	**ROOM LOCATION:** refer to furniture plan	**QUANTITY PER ROOM:** 1
15.	**TOTAL QUANTITY:** 19	
16.	**UNIT PRICE:**	
17.	**TOTAL PRICE:**	
18.	**FREIGHT CHARGE:**	
19.	**ADDITIONAL REMARKS OR JUSTIFICATION:** Environmentally friendly company and manufacturing - sustainable forestry sources	

FURNITURE ORDER FORM
RECRUITING BRIGADE OPS BUILDING, FORT GILLEM USAREC, GEORGIA

1.	**LOCATION CODE:** D-04b	
2.	**DIRECTORATE:**	
3.	**DEPARTMENT:**	
4.	**ACTIVITY:**	
5.	**FSC GROUP:** 71, Part I Office Furniture	**SECTION:** GS-29F-0177G, GS-28F-8051H
	CONTRACT EXPIRATION DATE: September 30, 2006	
	MOL:	
6.	**SOURCE:** National/ Kimball International 1205 Kimball Boulevard Jasper, Indiana 47549 phone: 800-482-1717	
7.	**PRODUCT NAME:** Barrington	
8.	**PRODUCT STOCK NUMBER:** refer to C-W-C furniture spec/order	
9.	**PRODUCT FABRIC NAME AND COLOR NUMBER:**	
10.	**PRODUCT FINISH NAME AND COLOR NUMBER:** Cordovan	
11.	**DIMENSIONS:** 25" x 51"	**WEIGHT:**
12.	**DESCRIPTION:** Executive return with file, file pedestal and full modesty	
13.	**JUSTIFICATION:** Quality/Past Performance/Warrenty/Long Life Span	
14.	**ROOM LOCATION:** refer to furniture plan	**QUANTITY PER ROOM:** 1
15.	**TOTAL QUANTITY:** 19	
16.	**UNIT PRICE:**	
17.	**TOTAL PRICE:**	
18.	**FREIGHT CHARGE:**	
19.	**ADDITIONAL REMARKS OR JUSTIFICATION:** Environmentally friendly company and manufacturing - sustainable forestry sources	

FURNITURE ORDER FORM
RECRUITING BRIGADE OPS BUILDING, FORT GILLEM USAREC, GEORGIA

1.	**LOCATION CODE:** D-05	
2.	**DIRECTORATE:**	
3.	**DEPARTMENT:**	
4.	**ACTIVITY:**	
5.	**FSC GROUP:** 71, Part I Office Furniture	**SECTION:** GS-29F-0177G, GS-28F-8051H
	CONTRACT EXPIRATION DATE: September 30, 2006	
	MOL:	
6.	**SOURCE:** National/ Kimball International 1205 Kimball Boulevard Jasper, Indiana 47549 phone: 800-482-1717	
7.	**PRODUCT NAME:** Waveworks	
8.	**PRODUCT STOCK NUMBER:** refer to C-W-C furniture spec/order	
9.	**PRODUCT FABRIC NAME AND COLOR NUMBER:**	
10.	**PRODUCT FINISH NAME AND COLOR NUMBER:** Graphite laminate #461	
11.	**DIMENSIONS:** 36" x 72"	**WEIGHT:**
12.	**DESCRIPTION:** Double pedestal desk	
13.	**JUSTIFICATION:** Quality/Past Performance/Warrenty/Long Life Span	
14.	**ROOM LOCATION:** Office #028	**QUANTITY PER ROOM:** 1
15.	**TOTAL QUANTITY:** 1	
16.	**UNIT PRICE:**	
17.	**TOTAL PRICE:**	
18.	**FREIGHT CHARGE:**	
19.	**ADDITIONAL REMARKS OR JUSTIFICATION:** Environmentally friendly company and manufacturing - sustainable forestry sources	

FURNITURE ORDER FORM
RECRUITING BRIGADE OPS BUILDING, FORT GILLEM USAREC, GEORGIA

1.	**LOCATION CODE:** WS-01	
2.	**DIRECTORATE:**	
3.	**DEPARTMENT:**	
4.	**ACTIVITY:**	
5.	**FSC GROUP:** 71, Part I Office Furniture	**SECTION:** GS-29F-0177G, GS-28F-8051H
	CONTRACT EXPIRATION DATE: September 30, 2006	
	MOL:	
6.	**SOURCE:** Kimball International 1600 Royal Street Jasper, Indiana 47549 phone: 800-647-2010	
7.	**PRODUCT NAME:** Xsite	
8.	**PRODUCT STOCK NUMBER:** refer to C-W-C furniture spec/order	
9.	**PRODUCT FABRIC NAME AND COLOR NUMBER:** refer to C-W-C furniture spec/order	
10.	**PRODUCT FINISH NAME AND COLOR NUMBER:** refer to C-W-C furniture spec/order	
11.	**DIMENSIONS:** 6' x 8' x 68" high	**WEIGHT:**
12.	**DESCRIPTION:** typical workstation w/ box box file, file file, overhead storage	
13.	**JUSTIFICATION:** Quality/ Past Performance/ Warrenty, Long Life Span	
14.	**ROOM LOCATION:** refer to furniture plan	**QUANTITY PER ROOM:** refer to furniture plan
15.	**TOTAL QUANTITY:** refer to C-W-C furniture spec/order	
16.	**UNIT PRICE:**	
17.	**TOTAL PRICE:**	
18.	**FREIGHT CHARGE:**	
19.	**ADDITIONAL REMARKS OR JUSTIFICATION:** Sustainable systems furniture - minimal parts used, 48% post-industrial recycled content, 100% recycled polyester panel fabric.	

FURNITURE ORDER FORM
RECRUITING BRIGADE OPS BUILDING, FORT GILLEM USAREC, GEORGIA

1.	**LOCATION CODE:** WS-02	
2.	**DIRECTORATE:**	
3.	**DEPARTMENT:**	
4.	**ACTIVITY:**	
5.	**FSC GROUP:** 71, Part I Office Furniture	**SECTION:** GS-29F-0177G, GS-28F-8051H
	CONTRACT EXPIRATION DATE: September 30, 2006	
	MOL:	
6.	**SOURCE:** Kimball International 1600 Royal Street Jasper, Indiana 47549 phone: 800-647-2010	
7.	**PRODUCT NAME:** Xsite	
8.	**PRODUCT STOCK NUMBER:** refer to C-W-C furniture spec/order	
9.	**PRODUCT FABRIC NAME AND COLOR NUMBER:** refer to C-W-C furniture spec/order	
10.	**PRODUCT FINISH NAME AND COLOR NUMBER:** refer to C-W-C furniture spec/order	
11.	**DIMENSIONS:** 8' x 9' x 68" high	**WEIGHT:**
12.	**DESCRIPTION:** typical workstation w/ box box file, file file, overhead storage	
13.	**JUSTIFICATION:** Quality/Past Performance/Warrenty/Long Life Span	
14.	**ROOM LOCATION:** refer to furniture plan	**QUANTITY PER ROOM:** refer to furniture plan
15.	**TOTAL QUANTITY:** refer to C-W-C furniture spec/order	
16.	**UNIT PRICE:**	
17.	**TOTAL PRICE:**	
18.	**FREIGHT CHARGE:**	
19.	**ADDITIONAL REMARKS OR JUSTIFICATION:** Sustainable systems furniture - minimal parts used, 48% post-industrial recycled content, 100% recycled polyester panel fabric.	

SECTION 01020

DESIGN REQUIREMENTS

1. DESIGN REQUIREMENTS.

1.1 GENERAL. The Contractor shall design and construct the Recruiting Brigade Operations Building at Fort Gillem, Georgia resulting in a complete and useable facility.

2. DESIGN CRITERIA.

2.1 Information provided in the Appendices is intended to provide additional design requirements and information. Appendix "A" are Functional Room Requirements, a room-by-room summary of specific user requirements for functions within the new facility. Appendix "B" is the Life Safety/Fire Protection Analysis. Appendix "C" is the Room Finish Requirements Schedule. Appendix "D" is the Sustainable Project Rating Tool (SPiRiT). Appendix "E" is the SPiRiT Requirements and Point Summary. Appendix "F" contains Geotechnical Information. Appendix "G" contains Asbestos and Hazardous Material Information. Appendix "H" contains the Interior Design Presentation Format Appendix "I" contains Department of Defense Minimum Antiterrorism Standards for Buildings, UFC 4-010-01 dated 31 July 2002. Appendix "J" is the Waterflow Tests. Appendix "K" is the Historical Site Information. Appendix "L" is the Telecommunications Site Routing Information. Appendix "M" are Furniture Order Forms.

3. SPECIFICATION INTENT. The intent of these specification sections is to describe the requirements for quality, function, and materials, and types of construction in sufficient detail to enable engineering and design to be completed by the Contractor. In this specification section, each engineering and design discipline describes design intent and outlines the parameters to which the Contractor shall design.

3.1 Section 01020 DESIGN REQUIREMENTS defines the design and performance criteria. The applicable building codes and standards shall be used as the minimum criteria to develop the construction documents unless more stringent criteria is defined for a specific area.

3.2 Section 01030 DESIGN AFTER AWARD defines the format and submittal requirements in which the design and the construction documents shall be prepared by the Contractor.

4. COORDINATION BETWEEN THE VARIOUS DISCIPLINES. The Contractor shall be responsible for the coordination between design, engineering and construction disciplines in order to fulfill the requirements of this contract and to provide for a complete, integrated and functional design.

5. QUALITY OF WORK. Construction documents shall be sufficient to afford a clear understanding of the construction work required. The work shall be organized in a manner that will assure thorough coordination between the various details on the drawings, and between the drawings and the specifications. The Contractor shall crosscheck all work until all conflicts have been reconciled. The US Army Corps of Engineers, Savannah District Design Manual, current edition, and Savannah District Guide Specifications are available on the Internet at:

http://en.sas.usace.army.mil

SPECSINTACT software which must be used to edit the Unified Facilities Guide Specifications is available free of charge at the same site.

Unified Facilities Guide Specifications (UFGS) as well as Specsintact software are available on the internet at:

http://www.ccb.org/ufgs/ufgs.htm

They shall be used as the basis for format and preparation of construction documents.

6. DESIGN REQUIREMENTS.

6.1 GENERAL.

6.1.1 The project shall be designed and constructed in accordance with the criteria contained herein using industry standard materials and efficient practices. The Contractor shall use materials and equipment accepted within the construction industry. The building design and the materials selected shall be high quality, durable and easily maintained.

6.1.2 The Contractor shall prepare complete construction documents for all work designed as required by the RFP. The construction documents to be prepared include, but are not limited to, construction drawings, specifications, submittals, and design analyses as required in Section 01030, DESIGN AFTER AWARD. The Contractor's Designers of Record shall develop construction document technical specifications for all areas of work.

6.1.3 The Contractor shall be responsible for the professional quality, code compliance, technical accuracy and coordination of all designs, drawings, specifications and other documents or publications upon which the design and construction are based.

6.1.4 The project specifications shall be prepared using UFGS guide specifications. If a UFGS guide specification cannot be found, contact the Savannah District to see if a guide specification exists. If a guide specification does not exist the Design/Build Contractor will prepare a job-specific specification. The UFGS shall be edited and adapted by the designer for this project, incorporating UFGS instructions and recommendations in the notes to specifier contained in the guide specs. The designer is to delete inapplicable portions of the guide specification and revise and/or supplement, as required, the applicable portions to provide a complete project specification. Editing of specifications shall be for bracketed options and project requirements as stated in or allowed by the RFP only. Other deviations not allowed by the criteria in this RFP will not be allowed without prior approval from the Contracting Officer. Specifications shall be submitted at final design submittal in hard copy form that shows the text added and deleted with additions highlighted and deletions lined through but still readable. This feature is available in SPECSINTACT or Microsoft Word. In Microsoft Word this feature is located under “Tools”, “Track Changes” and “Highlight Changes”. Following is a partial list of UFGS specifications required for this project. Other UFGS sections shall be added and submitted by the Design/Build Contractor as needed to address all other portions of the work in the accepted proposal. Use any Division 01 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS specifications provided in full in this RFP. Other Division 01 specifications listed below but not provided in full should be edited to fit the project and submitted during design.

Division 01 General Requirements
01312A QUALITY CONTROL SYSTEM (QCS)

01320A PROJECT SCHEDULE
01330 SUBMITTAL PROCEDURES
01355A ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION
01356A STORM WATER POLLUTION PREVENTION MEASURES
01420 SOURCE OF REFERENCE PUBLICATIONS
01451A CONTRACTOR QUALITY CONTROL
01500A TEMPORARY CONSTRUCTION FACILITIES
01525N SAFETY REQUIREMENTS
01572A CONSTRUCTION AND DEMOLITION WASTE MANAGEMENT
01575N TEMPORARY ENVIRONMENTAL CONTROLS
01780A AS-BUILT DRAWINGS SUBMITTALS
01781 OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE DATA

Division 02 Sitework

02111 EXCAVATION AND HANDLING OF CONTAMINATED MATERIAL
02115A UST REMOVAL
02120A TRANSPORTATION AND DISPOSAL OF HAZARDOUS MATERIALS
02210A SUBSURFACE DRILLING, SAMPLING, AND TESTING
02217A FOUNDATION PREPARATION
02220A DEMOLITION
02230A CLEARING AND GRUBBING
02300 EARTHWORK
02318A TEST FILL
02364A TERMITICIDE TREATMENT MEASURES FOR SUBTERRANEAN TERMITE CONTROL
02370A SOIL SURFACE EROSION CONTROL
02373 GEOTEXTILE
02374A GEOSYNTHETIC DRAINAGE LAYER
02375A GEOGRID SOIL REINFORCEMENT
02378A GEOTEXTILES USED AS FILTERS
02380A STONE, CHANNEL, SHORELINE/COASTAL PROTECTION FOR STRUCTURES
02510A WATER DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM
02531A SANITARY SEWERS
02532A FORCE MAINS AND INVERTED SIPHONS; SEWER
02551N NATURAL GAS DISTRIBUTION
02552N EXTERIOR SHALLOW TRENCH STEAM DISTRIBUTION
02553A HEAT DISTRIBUTION SYSTEMS IN CONCRETE TRENCHES
02555N EXTERIOR FUEL DISTRIBUTION
02555A PREFABRICATED UNDERGROUND HEATING/COOLING DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM
02556A GAS DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM
02570A VALVE MANHOLES AND PIPING AND EQUIPMENT IN VALVE MANHOLES
02582N ELECTRICAL MANHOLE AND HANDHOLE
02620A SUBDRAINAGE SYSTEM
02621A FOUNDATION DRAINAGE SYSTEM
02630A STORM-DRAINAGE SYSTEM
02722A AGGREGATE AND/OR GRADED-CRUSHED AGGREGATE BASE COURSE
02741A HOT-MIX ASPHALT (HMA) FOR ROADS
02742A BITUMINOUS BINDER AND WEARING COURSES (CENTRAL-PLANT COLD-MIX)
02744A BITUMINOUS ROAD-MIX SURFACE COURSE
02745A BITUMINOUS SURFACE TREATMENT
02748A BITUMINOUS TACK AND PRIME COATS
02752N PORTLAND CEMENT CONCRETE PAVEMENT FOR ROADS AND SITE FACILITIES
02754A CONCRETE PAVEMENTS FOR SMALL PROJECTS
02762A COMPRESSION JOINT SEALS FOR CONCRETE PAVEMENTS
02763A PAVEMENT MARKINGS
02770A CONCRETE SIDEWALKS AND CURBS AND GUTTERS
02821A FENCING
02870N SITE AND STREET FURNISHINGS
02870A SITE FURNISHINGS
02921N TURF
02921A SEEDING

02923A SPRIGGING
02930A EXTERIOR PLANTING
02935N LANDSCAPE MAINTENANCE
02935A EXTERIOR PLANT MATERIAL MAINTENANCE

Division 03 Concrete

03150A EXPANSION JOINTS, CONTRACTION JOINTS, AND WATERSTOPS
03300 CAST-IN-PLACE STRUCTURAL CONCRETE
03307A CONCRETE FOR MINOR STRUCTURES

Division 04 Masonry

04200A MASONRY
04220A NONBEARING MASONRY VENEER/STEEL STUD WALLS

Division 05 Metals

05120A STRUCTURAL STEEL
05300A STEEL DECKING
05450 PRE-ENGINEERED LIGHT GAUGE STEEL TRUSSED FRAMES
05500A MISCELLANEOUS METAL

Division 06 Woods and Plastics

06100A ROUGH CARPENTRY
06200A FINISH CARPENTRY

Division 07 Thermal and Moisture Protection

07240A EXTERIOR INSULATION AND FINISH SYSTEM
07416A STRUCTURAL STANDING SEAM METAL ROOF (SSMR) SYSTEM
07600A SHEET METALWORK, GENERAL
07840A FIRESTOPPING
07900A JOINT SEALING

Division 08 Doors and Windows

08110 STEEL DOORS AND FRAMES
08120 ALUMINUM DOORS AND FRAMES
08210 WOOD DOORS
08520A ALUMINUM AND ENVIRONMENTAL CONTROL WINDOWS
08710 DOOR HARDWARE
08810A GLASS AND GLAZING
08850 FRAGMENT RETENTION FILM FOR GLASS

Division 09 Finishes

09000 BUILDING COLOR AND FINISH SCHEDULE
09250A GYPSUM WALLBOARD
09310A CERAMIC TILE
09510A ACOUSTICAL CEILINGS
09650A RESILIENT FLOORING
09680A CARPET
09720A WALLCOVERINGS
09900A PAINTING, GENERAL
09915 COLOR SCHEDULE

Division 10 Specialties

10100A VISUAL COMMUNICATIONS SPECIALTIES
10160A TOILET PARTITIONS
10260A WALL AND CORNER PROTECTION
10430A EXTERIOR SIGNAGE

10440A INTERIOR SIGNAGE
10550 POSTAL SPECIALTIES
10605 WIRE MESH PARTITIONS
10650A OPERABLE PARTITIONS
10800A TOILET ACCESSORIES
10999 FIRE EXTINGUISHERS AND CABINETS

Division 12 Furnishings

12320A CABINETS AND COUNTERTOPS
12490A WINDOW TREATMENT
12705 PREWIRED WORKSTATIONS
12910 ENTRANCE MATS AND FRAMES

Division 13 Special Construction

13080A SEISMIC PROTECTION FOR MISCELLANEOUS EQUIPMENT
13100A LIGHTNING PROTECTION SYSTEM
13280A ASBESTOS ABATEMENT
13286N HANDLING OF LIGHTING BALLASTS AND LAMPS CONTAINING PCB AND MERCURY
13851A FIRE DETECTION AND ALARM SYSTEM, ADDRESSABLE
13930 WET PIPE SPRINKLER, FIRE PROTECTION
13935 DRY PIPE SPRINKLER SYSTEM, FIRE PROTECTION

Division 15 Mechanical

15070A 08/01 SEISMIC PROTECTION FOR MECHANICAL EQUIPMENT
15080A 04/01 THERMAL INSULATION FOR MECHANICAL SYSTEMS
15181A 01/01 CHILLED AND CONDENSER WATER PIPING AND ACCESSORIES
15190A 02/99 GAS PIPING SYSTEMS
15400A 02/01 PLUMBING, GENERAL PURPOSE
15566A 02/89 WARM AIR HEATING SYSTEMS
15569A 05/95 WATER AND STEAM HEATING; OIL, GAS OR BOTH; UP TO 20 MBTUH
15620A 08/01 LIQUID CHILLERS
15700A 01/01 UNITARY HEATING AND COOLING EQUIPMENT
15895A 08/01 AIR SUPPLY, DISTRIBUTION, VENTILATION, AND EXHAUST SYSTEM
15951A 06/98 DIRECT DIGITAL CONTROL FOR HVAC
15990A 08/97 TESTING, ADJUSTING, AND BALANCING OF HVAC SYSTEMS
15995A 04/01 COMMISSIONING OF HVAC SYSTEMS

Division 16 Electrical

16070A SEISMIC PROTECTION FOR ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT
16370A ELECTRICAL DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM, AERIAL
16375A ELECTRICAL DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM, UNDERGROUND
16415A ELECTRICAL WORK, INTERIOR
16528A EXTERIOR LIGHTING
16710A PREMISES DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM
16711A TELEPHONE SYSTEM, OUTSIDE PLANT
16768A FIBER OPTIC DATA TRANSMISSION SYSTEM
16781A MASTER ANTENNA TELEVISION SYSTEM

7. RFP DESIGN AND TECHNICAL CRITERIA. All design and construction document drawings and specifications shall be prepared to comply with the RFP. All remaining design after award shall be performed by the Contractor based on the design criteria as required by the RFP. No deviations from the criteria will be allowed unless prior approval is obtained from the Contracting Officer's

Representative. All questions or problems encountered by the Contractor after award in the following criteria shall be promptly submitted with recommendations to the Contracting Officer's Representative for approval.

7.1 CONFLICTS IN RFP CRITERIA. Where the various elements of the RFP are in conflict, the following priority shall be used to establish precedence, unless specifically noted otherwise:

1. Specifications
2. Drawings

7.2 In the event of conflict between the RFP and applicable codes or standards whether included in the RFP or included by reference, the most stringent shall apply.

8. APPLICABLE BUILDING CODES AND STANDARDS. The following codes of the most current edition shall be used as standards for building construction and life safety design. Where there is a conflict between the RFP and building codes, the most stringent shall apply. When codes are in conflict, the most stringent shall apply. This list is not intended to be a complete list. All work shall be designed and constructed to meet all state and federal codes, standards and laws. Refer to the technical specifications and elsewhere within this section for other standards and references not listed below.

Regulatory, Reference Requirements and Standards

ASSOCIATED AIR BALANCE COUNCIL (AABC) PUBLICATIONS

AMERICAN CONCRETE INSTITUTE

ACI 301 Specifications for Structural Concrete for Buildings

ACI 302 Guide for Concrete Floors and Slab Construction

ACI 315-99 Details and Detailing of Concrete Reinforcement

ACI 318-99 Building Code Requirements for Structural Concrete

ACI-530-95/ASCE 5-95 Building Code Requirements for Masonry Structures

AMERICANS WITH DISABILITIES ACT (ADA)

Accessibility Guidelines for Buildings and Facilities. Available from US Architectural and Transportation Barriers Compliance Board, 1111 18th Street, N.W., Suite 501, Washington, DC 20036-3894, (202) 653-7834 v/TDD or (202) 653-7863 FAX

AASHTO American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials

A policy on Geometric Design of Highways and Streets, AASHTO

ADAAG Americans with Disabilities Act Accessibility Guidelines

ARMY/AIR FORCE TECHNICAL MANUAL ™

TM 5-337 Paving & Surfacing Operations

TM 5-785 Engineer Weather Data

TM 5-805-4 Noise and Vibration Control for Mechanical Equipment

TM 5-809-12 Concrete Floor Slabs on Grade Subjected to Heavy Loads

TM 5-810-5 Plumbing

TM 5-811-1 Electrical Power Supply and Distribution

TM 5-811-2 Electrical Design Interior Electrical Systems

TM 5-811-3 Electrical Design Lightning and Static Electricity

TM 5-811-9 Voice/Data Systems

TM 5-811-13 Standards for High-Efficiency Motors and Controllers

TM 5-811-14 Coordinated Power System Protection

TM 5-812-2 Energy Monitoring & Control Systems

TM 5-813-5 Water Supply, Water Distribution

TM 5-814-1 Sanitary and Industrial Wastewater Collection - Gravity Sewers and Appurtenances

TM 5-820-4 Drainage Areas Other than Airfield

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TM 5-822-5 Pavement Design for Roads, Streets, Walks, and Open Storage Areas

TM 5-822-7 Standard Practice for Concrete Pavements

TM 5-822-8 Bituminous Pavements Standard Practice

TM 5-822-13 Pavement Design for Roads, Streets, and Open Storage Areas, Elastic Layered Method

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ARMY REG 380-5 Department of the Army Security Information Program, Including Appendix H, Classification Document and Material Storage Standards

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Department of Defense Interim Antiterrorism/Force Protection Construction Stnadards - Progressive Collapse Design Guidance, Draft 04 April 00

Department of Defense Unified Facilities Criteria, UFC 1-200-01, Draft 31 July 02

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EM 1110-2-1906 Laboratory Soils Testing

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EM 1110-2-3102 General Principals of Pumping Station Design and Layout

ETL 91-6 Cathodic Protection

ETL 94-4 Energy Usage Criteria for Facilities in the Military Construction Program

ETL 1110-3-403 Electrical Power Systems for Nonlinear Loads

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ANSI A156.4 (1992) Door Controls - Closers

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ANSI C2 (2002) National Electrical Safety Code

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ASTM D 1140 (2000) Amount of Material in Soils Finer than the No. 200 (75-Micrometer) Sieve

ASTM D 1556 (2000) Density and Unit Weight of Soil in Place by the Sand-Cone Method

ASTM D 1557 (2000) Laboratory Compaction Characteristics of Soil Using Modified Effort (56,000 ft-lbf/ft3 (2,700 kN-m/m3))

ASTM D 1586 (1999) Penetration Test and Split-Barrel Sampling of Soils

ASTM D 1587 (2001) Thin-Walled Tube Sampling of Soils for Geotechnical Purposes

ASTM D 2216 (1998), Laboratory Determination of Water (Moisture) Content of Soil, and Rock by Mass

ASTM D 2487 (2000) Classification of Soils for Engineering Purposes (Unified Soil Classification System)

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ASTM D 2661 (1991) Acrylonitrile-Butadiene-Styrene (ABS) Plastic Drain, Waste, and Vent Pipe and Fittings

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AWWA C500 (Latest Edition) Gate Valves for Water and Sewerage Systems (DOD adopted)

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FEDERAL HIGHWAY ADMINISTRATION

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40 CFR 122 National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System
40 CFR 141 National Primary Drinking Water Regulations
Safe Drinking Water Act, Public Law 95-190 as amended

40 CFR 122 National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System
Federal Standard 595, Uniform Federal Accessibility Standards.
Public Law 89-665, National Historic Preservation Act of 1966, October 15, 1966, as amended by Public Law 95-515, December 12, 1980.
Archaeological Resources Protection Act of 1979, Public Law 96-95, 93 STAT-721.
AR 420-40, Historic Preservation, 15 May 1984
TM 5-801-1, Historic Preservation, Administrative Procedures, November, 1995.
TM 5-801-2, Historic Preservation Maintenance Procedures, February 1977.
Secretary of the Interior's Standards and Guidelines. For construction on military installation, plans must be coordinated with the local Environmental Coordinator or Environmental Manager.

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FED-STD 595 (Rev B) Colors
FS795 Federal Standard 795 (Accessibility)

FS WW-P-541 Plumbing Fixtures

FS WW-P-541/5 Plumbing Fixtures (Sinks, Kitchens, Service, Laundry Trays - Detail Specification)

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Installation Design Guidelines, Fort Gillem

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INSTITUTE OF ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONIC ENGINEERS (IEEE)

IEEE STD 144 IEEE Recommended Practice for Grounding of Industrial and Commercial Power Systems

IEEE Std. 519 Practices and Requirements for Harmonic Control in Electrical Power Systems

IEEE Std. 1100 Powering and Grounding Sensitive Electronic Equipment

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MIL-STD-619B - Unified Soil Classification System for Roads, Airfields, Embankments and Foundations
MIL-STD-620A - Test Methods for Bituminous Paving Materials
MIL-STD-621A - Subgrade, Subbase and Test Method for Pavement Base - Course Materials

NATIONAL ASSOCIATION OF ARCHITECTURAL METAL MANUFACTURERS (NAAMM)

NAAMM-01 (1988) Metal Finishes Manual for Architectural and Metal Products

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29 CFR Occupational Safety and Health Standards Part 1910

10 CFR 435B Energy Conservation Performance Standards

29 CFR 1926 Safety and Health Regulations for Construction

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40 CFR 260 Hazardous Waste Management System General

40 CFR 261 Identification and Listing of Hazardous Waste

40 CFR 763 Asbestos

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Design Manual for Composite Decks, Form Decks and Roof Decks - No. 30

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Standard Specifications and Load Tables, 40th Edition
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TIA/EIA 569A	(1998) Commercial Building Standard for Telecommunications Pathways and Spaces
TIA/EIA 606	(1993) Administration Standard for the Telecommunications Infrastructure of Commercial Buildings
TIA/EIA 607	(1994) Commercial Building Grounding and Bonding Requirements for Telecommunications
TIA/EIA 758	(1999) Customer Owned Outside Plant Telecommunications Cabling Standard

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UNIFIED FACILITIES CRITERIA (UFC)

UFC 1-200-01, 31 JULY 2002 Design: General Building Requirements
UFC 3-490-04A, 15 MAY 2003 Design:Indoor Radon Prevention and Mitigation
UFC 3-600-01, 17 APRIL 2003 Design: Fire Protection Engineering for Facilities
UFC 4-021-01, 18 DECEMBER 2002 Design and O&M: Mass Notification Systems

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UNITED STATES ARMY INFORMATION SYSTEMS ENGINEERING COMMAND

CE99008 (2000) Outside Plant Performance Requirements

I3A (2001) Installation Information Infrastructure Architecture (I3A) Implementation Guide

WATER ENVIRONMENTAL FEDERATION

Water Environment Federation Manual of Practice No. FD-5, Gravity Sanitary Sewer Design and Construction, except asbestos and asbestos cement products shall not be allowed.

9. ENGLISH OR METRIC DESIGN. The design shall be developed using either English or the hard metric system of units of measure. The site survey and concept plans are done in English units. The Contractor shall coordinate. Specifications requiring metric measurements may contain requirements for equipment (e.g. printers, HVAC systems) described in inch-pound (I-P) units in which case no metric substitution will be allowed. Specifications requiring metric measurements shall include references to related non-metric industry and/or Government standards. Discrepancies, such as mismatches or product unavailability, arising from use of metric measurements and discrepancies between the measurements in the specifications and the measurements in the drawings shall be resolved by the Contractor. Submittals for Government approval or for information only shall cover the SI or I-P products actually being furnished for the project. The Contractor shall submit the required drawings and calculations in the same units used in the contract documents describing the product or requirement unless otherwise instructed or approved. The Contractor shall use ASTM E 380 and ASTM E 621 as the basis for establishing metric measurements required to be used in submittals.

10. GENERAL CONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS.

10.1 Government-Furnished Government-Installed Equipment (GFGI). All existing loose equipment, computers and related hardware, video projectors, VCR's, TV's, drink machines, vending machines, microwaves, and refrigerators are Government furnished and installed. The Contractor shall provide utility connections and space for these items.

11. SITE CONDITIONS AND REQUIREMENTS

11.1 Project Limits: The Contractor shall confine all work within the area shown on the site plan.

11.2 Omitted.

11.3 Hazardous Materials And Contamination. The Government does not anticipate that the Contractor will be required to remove or dispose of any hazardous materials or waste during the site preparation phase of this project. Buildings to be demolished contain hazardous materials as described in Appendix G. The contractor shall be responsible for removing these materials.

11.3.1 Debris from Demolition must go to a State Licensed Lined Landfill. The contractor must "profile" the waste stream. The profile must have a lead TCLP test from a licensed testing facility.

11.3.2 The manifest prepared by the contractor must be signed by the Generator (Fort Gillem, Thelma Peterson, Environmental, Building 400). The

manifest is taken with the debris to the landfill. The Landfill confirms the waste and then signs/stamps the manifest which identifies at what location the waste rests. A copy of the manifest is given to the driver who returns to the Generator for the next load. The driver gives the manifest to the Contractor and a copy goes to Thelma Peterson in Environmental. If the profile changes the Landfill will **NOT** accept the waste and they will return the trucks to the Generator. (i.e. Contractor must repeat the above steps for the new profile).

ACM must be removed before any demolition begins. ACM is a regulated waste and must go to an asbestos approved landfill. A copy of the asbestos approval letter shall be submitted to the Contractor.

All hazardous building materials shall be removed from the buildings prior to demolition. These include but are not limited to lead items such as poured lead piping, anchors and window weights, PCB containing light ballasts, mercury containing fluorescent light tubes, high intensity direct lighting (HID), mercury thermostats and switches, batteries and computer boards (fire detection and suppression systems) and radioactive isotope smoke detectors." Recycling, recovery, and re-use is encouraged.

11.4 DISPOSAL OF WASTE MATERIALS

11.4.1 The Contractor shall identify, as a part of his submittals required by this contract, the specific disposal site or sites for any waste materials generated by the contractors operations at Fort Gillem. The haul route shall be coordinated with the Fort McPherson Directorate of Public Works.

11.4.2 The Contractor shall edit and submit the following UFGS during DESIGN AFTER AWARD:

01355A Environmental Protection. In addition to other requirements within Specification 01355A, the following SD-18 Records shall be listed requiring Government Approval: specific disposal sites, documentation (i.e., weight tickets, etc.), and compliance of disposal by resale.

01575N Temporary Environmental Controls.

11.5 DEMOLITION AND REMOVALS: The Contractor shall have a new survey done for the project area. All utilities shall be indicated along with pipe sizes, inverts, and pipe materials if available. All utilities not in service shall be indicated. The Contractor shall survey and stake-out the project boundaries before starting work. The survey drawing provided in the RFP may not indicate existing conditions and locations of existing utilities. The Contractor may utilize the utilities during construction operations and may incorporate the utilities as part of the final project. If these existing utilities are determined to be inadequate for construction operations or incorporation into the final facility, they will be upgraded as part of the construction project. However, if the Contractor elects not to use the existing utilities, they will be demolished and removed as part of the construction project. Existing utilities that interfere with this project will be relocated. The information shown on the survey drawing is the most recent survey information available. The Contractor shall be responsible for furnishing an independent topographic survey of the project site, and all line and grade surveys, and as-built surveys of the construction. All demolition debris shall be removed and disposed of properly off post. The Installation will remove from the two buildings to be demolished, any items that it desires to retain. An exception is door locksets. The contractor will remove all

door locksets and turn them over to the COR prior to beginning demolition operations.

12. NEW SITE DESIGN AND CONSTRUCTION: The concept site plan presents the general geometric layout for the site work. The Contractor shall design the paving, sidewalks and utilities including fire hydrants, landscaping and street lights. The haul route shall be coordinated with the Fort McPherson Directorate of Public Works Branch.

12.1 Not used

12.2 A Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan (Best Management Plan) shall be designed and included in the design submittals. The approved plan shall be onsite at all times for inspection by EPD, GA DNR, and Fort Gillem environmental personnel. All activities in the approved plan shall be implemented. The Contractor shall control erosion and sedimentation during construction. Sedimentation of adjacent sites or downstream ditches will not be permitted. The plan shall be approved and permitted by Georgia Department of Natural Resources (GA DNR), Environmental Protection Division.

12.3 CONSTRAINTS.

12.3.1 The new project grading and storm water system shall not impact the surrounding buildings. Construction shall not impact the existing drainage system adjacent to the site.

12.3.2 Building Setback Requirements. The building shall be located on the site in accordance with the Department of Defense Minimum Antiterrorism Standards for Buildings dated 31 July 2003.

12.4 Access Drives, Parking And Sidewalks. Connections to existing asphalt or concrete pavements shall be accomplished by saw cutting the adjacent existing pavement.

12.4.1 Width Criteria. All pavement and radii dimensions in this section are from back of curb to back of curb. Minimum access drive width shall be 24 feet. Minimum turning radius for all intersections shall be 20 feet except where fire truck access and semi-truck and trailer access is required a 50 feet radius is required. Designer shall consider the types of vehicles traversing and parking on these facilities. Vehicles shall include but not be limited to: passenger cars, emergency vehicles, garbage, fire trucks, military vehicles, delivery service, and utility vehicles. Contractor shall provide traffic control signs and pavement markings. Parking stripes shall be white and handicap parking stripes shall be blue.

12.4.2 Curb and Gutters. All pavement shall be bordered with 6 inch concrete curb and gutter 2 feet wide. All gradients shall provide positive drainage (no ponding). Curb cuts shall be provided as necessary for pavement drainage.

12.4.3 Pavement Thickness. Pavement structure shall be designed for actual vehicle loadings and frequencies. Access drives shall be asphalt pavement with graded crushed aggregate base course, or portland cement concrete. See the conceptual site plan for locations of each pavement type. Pavement structure thickness shall be in accordance with TM-5-822-5, Chapter 1 and TM 5-822-5, Chapter 3. Pavement design calculations will be based on the latest version of Pavement Transportation Computer Assisted Structural Engineering (PCASE) program which is available on the web at http://www.pcase.com. All PCASE printouts shall be submitted with the design analysis reports. Pavement structure shall be designed for a twenty year pavement life and shall be consistent with Georgia Department of Transportation Standards.. Minimum

pavement shall be 1-1/2" of asphalt pavement over 6" of compacted base for POV parking and 3" of asphalt pavement over 8" of compacted base course for Heavy Duty pavement. If PCASE or GADOT standards require thicker pavement, then PCASE or GADOT standards shall apply. Heavy Duty asphalt pavement and concrete pavement (as shown in the contract drawings) shall be used in pavement areas where Dump trucks, semis, fire trucks and military vehicles traverse. Roads are to have Type "E" asphaltic surface courses and parking lots Type "F", per base Design Guidelines. Minumium thickness of asphalt or concrete shall be 7".

12.4.3.1 Concrete Pavement. A concrete joint layout plan shall be required for all concrete pavements. Joint spacing, joint types, and joint grading shall be shown. Concrete pavement thickness shall be designed for an equivalent 18,000 pound single axle load for the design vehicle loading and number of passes. Pavement life shall be twenty years. Concrete pavement shall be designed in accordance with TM 5-822-5, Chapter 1. Concrete pavement shall be non-reinforced except for odd shaped slabs. The number of joints shall be kept to a minimum by using the greatest joint spacing which will effectively control cracking. The maximum length to width ratio of the slabs shall be 125 percent. Joint sealant type shall be preformed compression seal.

12.4.4 SIDEWALKS. Sidewalks, minimum 6 feet wide, shall be provided as indicated on the concept site plan. Sidewalks shall be widened as necessary to meet building entrance and exit way widths. Sidewalks shall connect the parking areas to the building exits. Sidewalks shall have a minimum nominal thickness of 4 inches with 3000 psi compressive strength. Contraction joints shall be spaced at 6 feet on center and expansion joints shall be placed at 50 feet on center and at the intersection of walks and curbs. Minimum cross slope on sidewalks shall be 2 percent.

12.4.5 Handicapped Access. Ramps shall be provided for handicapped access. Number of parking slots and site access for the physically disabled shall be as required by ADAAG, UFAS and FS 795.

12.4.6 PARKING.

12.4.6.1 Parking shall be provided as generally indicated in the layout presented in the concept site plan. All parking shall be 90 degrees off-street parking. Handicap parking stalls shall be provided. Area lighting and landscaping shall reinforce the parking area in accordance with the Fort Gillem Installation Design Guide while meeting functional and safety requirements.

12.4.6.2 Parking areas shall be paint striped and adequately drained. Parking stalls shall be 9 feet by 18 feet. Paint markings shall be 4 inches in width. Traffic isles shall be 24 feet in width.

12.4.6.3 Parking area drainage shall sheet flow to inlets then into the storm collection system. Parking area slopes shall be adequate to provide proper drainage. The minimum longitudinal slope shall be 1% with 2% maximum slope. Minimum transverse slope shall be 1% with 2% maximum slope.

12.4.6.4 Parking areas design shall conform to TM 5-822-3. Parking stalls and access drives shall be asphalt pavement with graded crushed aggregate base course. Pavement structure thickness shall be in accordance with TM 5-822-5, Chapter 3. The pavement structure shall be designed for a twenty year pavement life. Pavement in front of dumpsters shall be concrete and designed for a twenty year pavement life.

12.4.6.5 Area Lighting. The Contractor shall design parking lot area lighting and shall install poles and fixtures. See Electrical for type.

12.5 Building Connection to the Site.

12.5.1 The finish floor shall be a minimum of 6 inches above finished grade.

12.5.2 Finished grade shall slope a minimum of 2 percent away from the new building for a distance of 10 feet.

13. FOUNDATION AND GEOTECHNICAL DESIGN.

13.1 Government Investigation

The Government has performed geotechnical explorations at the project site. The locations of and logs of soil test borings and exploratory test pits are shown on the drawings included with this RFP. A report of the explorations and analysis is included in Appendix F; also included in the appendix are photographs of the exploratory test pits. The “preliminary” report provides an overview of the soils and geologic conditions, and is furnished for informational and proposal purposes and not for final design; however, the recommendations provided in the report shall be considered to be minimum requirements that shall be incorporated into the final design and construction of the project.

13.2 Contractor Investigation

The offeror, to whom this contract is awarded, shall employ the services of a consulting professional geotechnical engineer experienced in geotechnical engineering, who shall be responsible for determining site-specific geotechnical conditions. The site-specific geotechnical conditions, together with recommendations specific to the geotechnical design and construction requirements for the proposed project, shall be addressed in a “final” geotechnical report prepared by the consulting geotechnical engineer. The geotechnical report shall include, but not be limited to, the following:

a. Description of the site as to topography, existing surface conditions, and any other features that might influence the design.

b. Description of the investigation program and the methods used. Information obtained from the explorations performed by the Government can be used, supplemented by additional investigations as deemed necessary by the consulting geotechnical engineer. Subsurface exploration may include soil test borings, cone penetrometer test (CPT) soundings, dilatometer soundings, and test pits. The investigation, sampling, and identification of subsurface materials shall be in accordance with methods and procedures described in ASTM D 420. Soil investigation and sampling by hollow-stem auger borings shall be in accordance with ASTM D6151. Drilling and sampling with the "Standard Penetration Test" (SPT) split-barrel sampler shall be in accordance with ASTM D 1586. The procedure shall be modified to provide for continuous standard penetration and sampling tests for the initial 12 feet of the boring. Beginning at a depth of 15 feet below grade, penetration and sampling tests can be performed every 5 feet and at each change in soil stratification or soil consistency. The location of the groundwater table, if encountered, shall be measured and recorded after 24 hours. If drilling techniques that prevent determination of the groundwater table are used, install at least one piezometer for every four explorations to measure the depth to the groundwater table. Classification of soils shall be in accordance with ASTM D 2487 or D 2488, as appropriate. Cone penetrometer test (CPT) soundings shall be in accordance with ASTM D 3441 or ASTM D 5778. Dilatometer soundings shall be in

accordance with ASTM D6635. Undisturbed soil sampling shall be in accordance with ASTM D 1586.

The depths of explorations shall be of sufficient depth to evaluate bearing capacity and settlement potential. However, beneath structures, explorations shall extend to a minimum depth of 25 feet below existing ground surface or below final design grade, whichever is lower. Beneath roads, hardstands, and/or parking areas, explorations shall extend to a minimum depth of 5 feet below existing ground surface or below final design grade, whichever is lower.

The Contractor shall be responsible for all applicable clearances and permits and for the protection of all underground utilities from damage during field investigations. Utility clearances and digging permits are required prior to drilling on the installation. Procurement of the clearances and permits shall be coordinated through the Contracting Officer.

c. Discussion of the subsurface soil conditions and stratigraphy and groundwater conditions.

d. Location plan of explorations.

e. Logs of explorations. Indicate on logs complete information on who, when, and how made. Show soil description, standard penetration resistance, N, or other type resistance, topsoil, water level observations, surface elevation and datum, and any other information gathered during the exploration.

Exploration locations shall be surveyed. Surveyed elevations and coordinates shall be provided on each exploration log. Elevations shall be in accordance with NGVD 29 and horizontal coordinates shall be in accordance with NAD 83 (Georgia State Plane Coordinates); accuracy to be plus or minus 3 feet horizontal and plus or minus 0.5 foot vertical.

Soil test boring logs shall show graphical representation of soil strata, location of each change by depth or elevation, location of each sample by depth or elevation, and number of blows for each 6 inches and amount of soil recovered for each sample location. Logs shall also indicate type and size of casing, type of drilling fluid, and type and size of drill bit. If no casing is used, indicate size of borehole. Indicate when boring is terminated due to refusal.

Soil classifications for final logs shall be based on the field classifications, the results of tests, and further inspection of samples in the laboratory by geotechnical engineers.

Include a chart illustrating the soil classification criteria and the terminology and symbols used on the boring logs.

Locations of all explorations shall be shown on the grading and drainage plates of the submittal drawings. Logs of all explorations shall be included on plate(s) of the submittal drawings. Additionally, locations of all explorations, logs of all explorations, and results of all laboratory testing shall be included on drawing sheets in the final "As-Built" drawings. If necessary, the logs and test results can be scanned onto the drawing sheets.

f. Laboratory test data shall be included in detail. Laboratory testing shall be in accordance with the requirements set forth in EM 1110-2-1906, Laboratory Soils Testing, EM 1110-2-1909, Calibration of Laboratory Soils Testing Equipment, and/or applicable ASTM standards. A commercial testing

laboratory that has been validated by the Engineer Research and Development Center Materials Testing Center (MTC) under the Corps of Engineers laboratory inspection and validation program shall perform all laboratory testing. The laboratory shall be listed on the list of Corps of Engineers Validated Laboratories.

g. Notation of the location of strata containing organic materials, weak materials or other inconsistencies that might affect engineering conclusions.

h. Pavement design, or if not responsible for pavement design, pavement structural design data, including design California Bearing Ratio (CBR) and modulus of subgrade reaction.

i. Discussion of the facilities under design and recommendations regarding foundation support of the structures and slabs on grade, including soil bearing pressures, bearing elevations, foundation design recommendations and anticipated settlements, including total and differential.

j. Anticipation of, and management of, groundwater.

k. Discussion of site preparation and the effect of weather and construction equipment on soils during construction.

l. Areas requiring undercutting and removal of unsatisfactory soils.

m. Types of materials to be excavated and possible uses and/or disposition of the materials.

n. Fill and backfill placement procedures, and types of compaction equipment.

o. Results of pH tests and salinity tests and resistivity measurements, as appropriate, necessary to design corrosion control and grounding systems. The raw field data shall be included in the report.

p. Lateral earth pressures and pressure coefficients (active, passive, and at rest) and internal friction angles for design of walls below grade, including backfill, compaction and subdrainage, and their requirements.

q. Results of laboratory soils testing, to include classification and compaction tests, on representative samples of materials to be excavated at the project sites that will be reused as structural fill and of proposed borrow material (both on and/or off the installation). Testing shall be as specified in subparagraph 13.8.1. If borrow material is to be obtained from sources off the installation, provide the name and location of the borrow source.

r. Provide calculations that support the recommendations for the foundation design. The calculations may be included in an appendix to the report. Calculations shall include loadings, capacities, safety factors, settlement analysis, bearing analysis, and references from which calculations are based. Any graphs and formulas shall be clearly indicated along with derivation of curve slopes and data derived from laboratory testing. Computer outputs shall also be included.

Three copies of the geotechnical report shall be submitted with the 60 percent submittal. If revisions are made to the 60 percent design submittal that require revisions to the geotechnical report, a revised report (three copies) shall be provided with the final design submittal. In addition, the pavement

design and/or pavement structural design data shall also be submitted with the 100 percent Site/Utility Design Submittal.

13.3 Certification

The successful proposer shall be fully responsible for acceptable foundations, pavements and other geotechnical aspects for the proposed project. The proposer and his professional geotechnical engineering consultant shall certify in writing that the design of the project has been developed consistent with the site specific geotechnical conditions. The certification shall be stamped by the consulting professional geotechnical engineer and shall be submitted with the 60 percent design submittal. If revisions are made to the 60 percent design submittal, a new certification shall be provided with the final design submittal.

13.4 Foundation Design

13.4.1 General

Soil test borings B-5 through B-10 were performed in the vicinity of the proposed building. Very loose to loose sandy silts and silts were encountered in these borings, particularly from the ground surface to depths of 3 to 5 feet. A ground penetrating radar (GPR) survey performed over the project site indicated that the soil over the area is disturbed and appears to have been manipulated. Due to the presence of the near-surface loose and disturbed soils, the soils beneath the area of the proposed Recruiting Brigade Operations Building shall be excavated and replaced in compacted layers. Excavation shall be performed in accordance with EM 385-1-1 and OSHA 29 CFR 1926.652. The area shall be excavated to a depth of 4 feet below existing ground surface following clearing and grubbing and stripping. The base of the excavated area shall extend a distance of 5 feet beyond the outer limits of the building. All debris and rubbish encountered in the excavation shall be removed and disposed of off post. **(The exploratory test pits revealed the presence of debris at the project site consisting of construction materials, such as brick, concrete and steel pipe, as well as several concrete footings. However, the debris appears to be of limited quantity and scattered extent. The logs shown on the drawings, and the "preliminary" geotechnical report and photographs of the test pits included in Appendix "F" should be reviewed for specific information regarding the types, quantity and dimensions of the debris encountered in the test pits. The Contractor shall anticipate encountering similar debris in the excavations performed for construction of the project.)** Excavated satisfactory materials shall be used in other earthwork construction for the project or stockpiled for replacement in the excavated area. Some moisture conditioning of the excavated soils will probably be required prior to their reuse as structural fill. The excavated area shall be refilled using satisfactory excavated soils and/or satisfactory borrow material. Backfill materials shall be placed in layers not exceeding 8 inches loose measure and compacted to 92 percent of maximum dry density as determined by the modified Proctor compaction test (ASTM D 1557). Provided the soils are excavated and replaced beneath the proposed structure as described above, it is anticipated the structure can be supported on shallow spread footings.

13.4.2 Allowable Bearing Pressure

The consulting geotechnical engineer shall determine allowable soil bearing pressure. An adequate level of protection against structural failure due to

uniform and/or differential foundation settlement or general shear shall be provided.

13.4.3 Footing Dimensions

Column footings and load-bearing wall footings shall have minimum dimensions of 30 inches and 24 inches, respectively, and shall be located at a minimum depth of 24 inches below finish floor or finish grade, as appropriate. Non load-bearing wall footings shall have a minimum width of 18 inches and shall be located at a minimum depth of 18 inches below finish floor or finish grade, as appropriate.

13.4.4 Footings Over Utility Lines

No footing shall be constructed over existing or new water, sewer, steam, natural gas, chilled water, industrial waste and foundation drain lines. All footings shall be stepped down to an elevation below the pipe invert elevation and sleeved through the foundation or the utility line relocated.

13.4.5 Foundations for Walls and Partitions

Thickened slabs shall be required for walls and partitions that have a vertical load of 300 plf to 1100 plf. A separate isolated wall footing shall be used for walls having a vertical load in excess of 1100 plf.

13.4.6 Segmental Concrete Block Retaining Wall

The design of any segmental block retaining walls shall be in accordance with National Concrete Masonry Association (NCMA) SRW Design Manual for Segmental Retaining Walls, latest edition, or the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) manual Mechanically Stabilized Earth Walls and Reinforced Soil Slopes: Design and Construction Guidelines. Only one method shall be followed for the complete design, including reinforcement design strength, layout, stability calculations, and seismic effects. The segmental retaining wall system shall be designed under the direction of, and be signed by, a professional engineer.

13.5 Seismic Design

Seismic loads shall be computed in accordance with IBC 2000, except as modified by UFC 1-200-01. The project site shall be classified as Site Class D for the purpose of determining maximum considered earthquake spectral response accelerations.

13.6 Slabs on Grade

All interior slabs on grade, including storage rooms, shall be underlain by a moisture vapor barrier consisting of lapped polyethylene sheeting having a minimum thickness of 6 mils and a minimum 4-inch thick capillary water barrier of open graded, washed pea gravel, or crushed stone. Concrete slabs shall be jointed around columns and along supported walls to minimize cracking due to possible differential movement.

13.7 Soil Compaction

13.7.1 Soil compaction shall be achieved by equipment approved by the consulting geotechnical engineer. Soil materials shall be moistened or aerated as necessary to provide the moisture content that will readily facilitate obtaining the compaction specified with the compaction equipment used.

Each layer of structural fill and subgrades shall be compacted to the following minimum percent of the modified Proctor maximum density, determined in accordance with ASTM D 1557:

Beneath structures and building slabs, to 5 feet beyond structure limits, around footings and in trenches	92 percent
Beneath streets and paved areas, except top 12 inches in fill and top 8 inches in native soil	90 percent
Beneath streets and paved areas, top 12 inches in fill and top 8 inches in native soil	95 percent
Beneath shoulders	90 percent
Beneath sidewalks and grassed areas	85 percent
Base course under paved areas	100 percent

The requirements shall be verified or modifications recommended by the consulting professional geotechnical engineer in the report wherever engineering, soils, or climatic factors indicate the necessity. Any modification to the specified compaction requirements shall require the approval of the Contracting Officer.

13.7.2 The Contractor, with recommendations and input from his consulting geotechnical engineer, shall edit and submit the following UFGS Specifications:

02300A	Earthwork
02315A	Excavation, Filling and Backfilling for Buildings
02316A	Excavation, Filling and Backfilling for Utilities

Compaction control using one- and two-point compaction tests with a family of curves as described in the Appendix of the Corps "preliminary" geotechnical report shall be included in the specification sections.

13.8 Construction Quality Control Testing

13.8.1 Prior to initiating any fill placement and/or compaction operations, representative samples of the soils which will be used as structural fill or subgrade, both suitable on-site soils to be excavated and reused as structural fill, and off-site soils (borrow, both on and/or off the installation) shall be obtained and tested to determine their classification and compaction characteristics. The samples shall be carefully selected to represent the full range of soil types to be used. The moisture content, maximum dry density, optimum moisture content, grain-size and plasticity characteristics shall be determined. These tests are required to determine if the fill and subgrade soils are acceptable and for compaction quality control of the subgrades and structural fill. A minimum of 7 compaction tests shall be performed on materials classified as satisfactory for use.

Tests for the above soil properties shall be in accordance with the following:

Moisture Content	ASTM D 2216
Maximum Dry Density and Optimum Moisture	ASTM D 1557
Grain-Size (Wash No. 200, w/o Hydrometer	ASTM D 422 and ASTM D 1140
Plasticity	ASTM D 4318

13.8.2 A representative number of in-place field density tests shall be performed in the subgrade of compacted on-site soils and in the structural fill and backfill to confirm that the required degree of compaction has been obtained. In-place density tests shall be performed in accordance with the sand cone method prescribed in ASTM D 1556; the use of nuclear gauges for density testing will not be permitted.

In-place density tests shall be performed in the material and at the minimum frequency specified below:

Material Type	Location of Material	Minimum Test Frequency
Fill, embankment and backfill	Beneath structures to 5-foot building line	One test per lift per each increment, or fraction, of 5000 square feet
Fill, embankment and backfill	Beneath paved areas	One test per lift per each increment, or fraction, of 5,000 square feet
Fill, embankment and backfill	All other areas	One test per lift per each increment, or fraction, of 7,500 square feet
Subgrade	Under building slabs	One test per each increment, or fraction, of 3000 square feet
Subgrade	Under paved areas, excluding roads	One test per each increment, or fraction, of 3500 square feet
Subgrade	Roads	One test per each increment, or fraction, of 100 linear feet
Subgrade	Under footings	One test per every fifth column footing and for each increment, or fraction, of 100 linear feet of wall footings
Backfill	Utility trenches beneath roads and paved areas	One test per each increment, or fraction, of 150 linear feet per foot of depth of backfill
Backfill	Utility trenches beneath grassed areas	One test per each increment, or fraction, of 150 linear feet per 2 feet of depth of backfill
Fill, embankment and Backfill	Areas compacted by hand operated	One test per foot of depth per each increment,

compaction equipment, other than utility trenches	or fraction, of 250 square feet, or for each 100 linear feet of long narrow (less than 3 feet wide) fills 100 feet or more in length

13.8.3 Any area that does not meet the required compaction criteria shall be reworked, and retested. If the moisture content of the soil is within the recommended range, additional compaction may be all that is necessary to increase the density. If the moisture content is not within the recommended range, then, the moisture content shall be adjusted to within the range, and the area recompacted.

13.8.4 All laboratory and field density testing shall be performed by a commercial testing laboratory that has been validated by the Engineer Research and Development Center Materials Testing Center (MTC) under the Corps of Engineers laboratory inspection and validation program. The laboratory shall be listed on the list of Corps of Engineers Validated Laboratories.

13.9 Soil Treatment

13.9.1 The pesticide applicator's principal business shall be pest control and the pesticide applicator shall be State certified in the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) pesticide applicator category which includes structural pest control, and certified in the State of the project's location.

13.9.2 Pesticides shall be delivered to the project site in sealed and labeled containers in good condition as supplied by the manufacturer or formulator. Pesticides shall be stored, handled, and used in accordance with manufacturer's labels. Labels shall bear evidence of registration under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act (MX), as amended.

13.9.3 The Contractor shall formulate, treat, and dispose of termiticides and their containers in accordance with label directions. Pesticides and related materials shall be kept under lock and key when unattended. Proper protective clothing and equipment shall be worn and used during all phases of termiticide application.

13.9.4 The Contractor shall provide a 5-year written warranty against infestations or reinfestations by subterranean termites of the buildings constructed under this contract. Warranty shall include annual inspections of the buildings. If live subterranean termite infestation or subterranean termite damage is discovered during the warranty period, and the soil and building conditions have not been altered in the interim, the Contractor shall:

a. Retreat the soil and perform other treatment as may be necessary for elimination of subterranean termite infestation;

b. Repair damage caused by termite infestation; and

c. Reinspect the building approximately 180 days after the retreatment.

13.9.5 Termiticides shall be currently registered by the EPA.

13.9.6 At the time of application, the soil moisture content shall be sufficiently low to allow uniform distribution of the treatment solution throughout the soil. Applications shall not be made during or immediately following heavy rains or when conditions may cause runoff and create an environmental hazard.

13.9.7 The Contractor shall establish complete and unbroken vertical and/or horizontal (as necessary) soil poison barriers between the soil and all portions of the intended structure that may allow termite access to wood and wood related products. Application shall not be made to areas intended for use as a plenum air space. Surface treatments shall not be made for areas to serve as crawl spaces. Termiticide shall be applied as a coarse spray and provide uniform distribution unto the soil surface. Treatment shall be applied prior to placement of the vapor barrier and at least 12 hours prior to concrete placement. Where treated soil or fill material is not to be covered with a vapor barrier or waterproof membrane; adequate precautions shall be taken to prevent its disturbance. Soil or fill material disturbed after treatment shall be retreated as specified above before placement of slabs or other covering structures. Treatment of the soil on the exterior sides of foundation walls, grade beams, and similar structures shall be coordinated with final grading and planting operations so as to avoid disturbance of the treated barriers. Manufacturer's warnings and precautions shall be observed in the handling and use of such materials. Care shall be taken to prevent these chemicals from entering water supply systems, potable water supplies, or aquifers; and that they do not endanger plants or animals. The Contracting Officer shall be notified at least 48 hours prior to beginning of treatment and formulating, mixing, and application shall be performed in the presence of the Contracting Officer's representative.

13.9.8 Rates and methods of application shall be in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions on the pesticide label. Maximum application or dosage rates shall be used. If the pesticide contains less than the amount of active ingredient specified on the label, work shall be repeated with pesticides conforming to this specification.

13.9.9 The Contractor shall dispose of residual pesticides and containers off Government property in accordance with label instructions and EPA criteria.

13.9.10 The Contractor shall edit and submit the following UFGS Specification:

02364A TERMITICIDE TREATMENT MEASURES FOR SUBTERRANEAN TERMITE CONTROL

13.10 Decay Treatment

The Contractor shall be responsible for determining and implementing the appropriate treatment for prevention of subsurface induced decay.

13.11 Radon Mitigation

The design and construction of foundation walls, slabs, and crawl spaces shall include provisions for the reduction of radon entry and facilitate its removal. Radon mitigation shall comply with the requirements of UFC 3-490-04A.

13.12 Soil Resistivity Testing

The proposer to whom this contract is awarded shall be responsible for all soil resistivity testing required for cathodic protection design of underground utilities.

13.13 Borrow

Borrow material (if needed) shall be selected to meet the requirements and conditions of the particular fill or embankment for which it is to be used. Borrow material shall be obtained from approved borrow areas off the installation, either private or public. The Contractor shall obtain from the owners the right to procure material, pay royalties and other charges involved, and bear the expense of developing the sources, including rights-of-way for hauling. Necessary clearing, grubbing, and satisfactory drainage of borrow pits and the disposal of debris thereon shall be considered related operations to the borrow excavation. Borrow pits shall be neatly trimmed and drained after the excavation is completed. Borrow materials shall be free of any contaminants.

14. LANDSCAPE DESIGN. The landscape shall be designed using the Fort Gillem Installation Design Guide as modified here. Additionally, all minimum anti-terrorism design standards shall be adhered to. Graded and scarred areas shall be seeded. Existing sod not affected during construction shall be protected. Landscaping shall be absolutely minimum maintenance. Planting shall consist predominantly of tree species matching adjacent growth.

14.1 TURF. Seeding shall be provided for all graded and scarred areas under the base bid. Sodding is included as Bid Option 5. All existing grassed areas not graded or disturbed shall remain sodded. Contractor shall be responsible for proper care and watering of grass from the beginning of the turfing operation and continuing for 3 months after completion of seeding or sod placement. New trees and shrubs shall be maintained for a 12-month period after installation. Proper care means watering, fertilizing, cutting and weeding. Trees and shrubs shall require a 1 year warranty and sod shall require a ninety day warranty. Turf preparation shall include eradication of unwanted vegetation with Roundup and the use of a pre-emergent granular herbicide. Provide for a soil test that includes pH, potassium, phosphorus, calcium, magnesium, nematode count, and soil amendment recommendations (N-P-K). Post planting fertilizer for the turf after the grass (seed or sod) is rooted shall be applied based on the soil analysis. Grass shall be mowed initially after achieving a 3 inch growth and then twice monthly thereafter.

14.2 Landscape Plantings. Landscaping shall emphasize low maintenance. Mulch shall be shredded cypress or pine bark. Mulch should have a minimum thickness of 4”. Also, there shall be a weed barrier under the mulch. Solid rubber guys with 610 mm stakes shall be used to stabilize newly planted trees. Landscaping shall be in accordance with the Fort McPherson Installation Design Guide. Quality plant material shall be as specified by the American Standard for Nursery Stock, ANSI 260.1.

14.3 Approved Plant List. Large trees, and small shrubs at entrances, as defined in the Fort McPherson Installation Design Guide consistent with adjacent existing trees and plants.

15. IRRIGATION SYSTEM. The project shall not include an irrigation system.

16. UTILITY LAYOUT. Coordination of all site work on the project, including utility work, is the responsibility of the Contractor. It is the Contractor's responsibility to confirm the specific locations of the existing utilities and to design and construct new utility services for the new buildings. All

utilities, including electrical service, telephone, fiber optic, cable TV, gas, and chilled water, shall be installed underground. New underground utility lines, including appurtenant structures such as valve boxes, manholes, vaults, etc., shall not be located under pavement, road shoulders or drainage ditches to the maximum extent practicable. Unless otherwise approved, placing utilities and culverts under existing roads shall be by open cut.

16.1 Backflow prevention valves, post indicator valves, transformers, electric switches, telephone/cable boxes, manholes, etc., shall be located in locations not immediately apparent to the facility users or personnel passing by the site. New utility lines shall not be located within 15 feet of the footprint of any future building as shown on the site.

16.2 Marking Of Utility Lines. Utility lines shall be marked with plastic marking tape. Plastic marking tape shall be acid and alkali-resistant polyethylene film, 6 inches wide with minimum thickness of 0.01 mm. Tape shall have a minimum strength of 12.5 MPa lengthwise and 10.5 MPa crosswise. The tape shall be manufactured with integral wires, foil backing or other means to enable detection by a metal detector when the tape is buried up to 3 feet deep. The tape shall be of a type specifically manufactured for marking and locating underground utilities. The metallic core of the tape shall be encased in a protective jacket or provided with other means to protect it from corrosion. Warning tapes shall be installed directly above all buried pipes or wires, at a depth of 18 inches below finished grade. Tape color shall be as specified below and shall bear a continuous printed inscription describing the specific utility.

Tape Color:

Red:	Electric
Orange:	Telephone, Telegraph, Television, Police, Fiber Optics, and Fire Communications
Blue:	Water Systems
Green:	Sewer Systems
Yellow:	Gas, Dangerous Materials

16.2.1 Tracer Wire. In addition to the plastic marking tape, tracer wire shall also be provided for all new underground utilities. Tracer wire shall be provided for all pipelines, including force mains but excluding storm drain and sanitary sewer lines. Tracer wire shall be provided for all electrical and communication conduits, direct buried cables, gas, and chilled water piping systems. Tracer wire shall be installed on the bottom of the trench just to one side of where the pipe, conduit, or cable contacts the trench bottom. The wire shall run continuously between and terminate at valve boxes on water and gas lines, regulator stub-ups on gas lines, sprinkler heads and valve boxes on sprinkler system lines, panel boxes on electrical lines, and other such aboveground appurtenances. Each end of the wire shall have an additional length of at least 2 feet coiled up in the appurtenance. Tracer wire shall be insulated No. 12 AWG solid copper and of a type specifically manufactured for locating underground utilities. Insulation shall be solid in color, matching tape color. Tracer wire shall be subject to approval by the Contracting Officer.

16.3 Metering. Area master meters shall be provided where water, gas and electricity are connected to base distribution lines. Water, electrical, and natural gas meters shall transmit usage data to the existing Fort Gillem digital control system. Meters, interface devices and programming of the existing host shall be furnished as required to accomplish complete utility metering and remote usage monitoring as required by Ft. Gillem utility managing agency.

17. PERMITS.

17.1 General. The Contractor shall determine permit requirements as part of the design process and shall submit permit draft applications as part of the submittal process. Water, sewer, storm water, and air are some of the permits required for this project.

18. STORM DRAINAGE.

18.1 Post-construction discharge shall not exceed pre-construction discharge. A combination of infiltration, retention, and detention methods shall be used. Building downspouts shall connect to an underground storm drain collection system and be tied into the onsite detention area. Do not use splash blocks.

18.2 The storm drain collection system may consist of grassed swales, concrete inlet drop or curb inlets, concrete headwall and pipe systems. The proposed system shall tie to the existing grassed ditches or pipe systems. Minimum pipe velocities shall be 2.5 feet per second and the maximum shall be 5 feet per second with outlet erosion protection. The minimum pipe size for an open pipe system shall be 18 inches and 15 inches for a closed system.

18.3 The allowable pipe types shall include concrete pipe, type III or IV as required. Pipe joints shall be water tight with gaskets.

18.4 Concrete inlets/catch basins may be poured in-place or precast concrete. Metal grates or manholes shall be galvanized. Basins shall have 3 inch weepholes cast into the walls. The exterior of the weep holes shall receive a 1/4” wire mesh with a 12 inch width belt of crushed rock, #57. Precast manhole or inlet rings shall connect with industry standard gaskets. Storm drain pipes shall be grouted into the concrete structures to provide a watertight connection.

19. WATER AND WASTE WATER.

19.1 The Contractor shall design and construct the new water (domestic and fire protection) supplies and wastewater utility services for the new complex. The Contractor shall provide water service lines, new water distribution lines (as required) and connection to the existing water mains. The Contractor shall also provide new wastewater building laterals, new sewage mains (as required) and connection to the existing sanitary sewerage system. The water and sewage facilities shall be designed and constructed in accordance with the criteria contained herein. Placement of a buried utility main under a new building shall not be allowed. Minimum earth cover for the new utility lines will not be less than 30 inches, except for sewer lines where the minimum cover shall be 36 inch.

19.2 The Government anticipates that the Contractor will connect the new water laterals to the existing water distribution system and that sufficient pressure and quantity will be available for domestic and industrial uses. The design of the water distribution mains and service lines shall provide adequate quantity at sufficient pressure for domestic use and industrial use (vehicle washing, etc.). The Contractor shall determine minimum pressures in accordance with applicable plumbing and fire protection criteria. Flow test shall be conducted by the Contractor prior to obtaining permits.

19.3 The mains shall be designed and installed in accordance with NFPA 24 and applicable AWWA standards. Water mains shall follow existing streets or utility corridors. The design shall limit installation beneath pavement.

19.4 Design of the service lines shall be in accordance with the National Plumbing Code and applicable AWWA standards. A curb stop or valve shall be installed near the point of connection to the main. Water service lines shall be equipped with suitable meters. Metering of fire service lines is not required.

19.5 The water distribution system in the fire truck parking or servicing area shall provide a fire hydrant dedicated to the fire truck water refilling operations as indicated in the utility drawing.

19.6 Cathodic protection is required for all fire hydrants and materials subject to corrosion. Cathodic protection shall comply with National Association of Corrosion Engineers (NACE) criteria.

19.7 Water Supply for Fire Protection.

19.7.1 Interior and outside fire protection shall be designed in accordance withDesign: Fire Protection Engineering for Facilities (UFC 3-600-01) 17 April 2003. Fire flow test data at two of the hydrants in the vicinity of the site areas were performed and are included in Appendix J of this RFP.are includ

From the data obtained from the flow tests, and the specific fire protection requirements, the Contractor shall determine the need for additional water supply components such as fire pumps, water storage, or new connection to off-site water mains (perhaps several blocks from the building site).

19.7.2 The Contractor shall provide the required water flow and pressure for the interior and outside (hose stream) demand. Fire pumps and storage shall be provided as required to meet the required water demand. Connection to off-site water mains shall be considered the most desirable solution to water supply needs. Fire pumps (if required) shall be designed and installed in accordance with NFPA 20. Fire pumps shall be electric motor driven. Water storage (if required) shall be designed and installed in accordance with AWWA D100.

19.7.3 The fire sprinkler supply line shall include a post indicator valve with a tamper switch wired to the building fire alarm panel and a double check valve assembly backflow prevention device equipped with a flow detection meter. The backflow prevention device is located in the building.

19.7.4 Fire hydrants shall be “M & H Brand”, dry barrel with breakaway system. Threads shall meet Fort Gillem standards - small outlet 2.5 NH and large outlet 4.5 NH. Hydrants located as indicated on the site and utility plan.

19.8 Wastewater.

19.8.1 The wastewater collection and conveyance system shall be designed in accordance with the Water Pollution Control Federation Manual of Practice No.FD-4, Design of Wastewater and Stormwater Pumping Stations, and No. FD-5, Gravity Sanitary Sewer Design and Construction. In addition, the designer shall comply with specific state and local regulations that apply.

19.8.2 If a sewage pump station is necessary, the Contractor shall provide (as a minimum requirement) a duplex submersible sewage pump station with a 1,524 mm minimum diameter reinforced concrete wet well, with aluminum cover. All electrical components and controls shall be included.

19.8.3 The wastewater conveyance system shall comply with all the above requirements and shall be compatible with the wastewater to be conveyed. The

materials specified shall withstand the effects of the wastewater and not deteriorate as a result of pollutants in the wastewater.

20. GAS DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM. Natural gas is available adjacent to the project site as indicated on the site plan. DPW indicates that the existing gas pressure is between 28 and 30 psi. Contractor shall confirm system pressure. Connection to an existing line is to be made with the line under full pressure—no outage of service to existing facilities. Provide a gas distribution system complete with master meter, connected to the existing system and designed in accordance with local codes, utility company requirements, and installation requirements. Gas distribution system shall comply with the requirements of NFPA 54, National Fuel Gas Code. Unless otherwise indicated by the Contracting Officer, a hot-tap connection to existing gas distribution system shall be made at the location shown on the Site & Utility Plan drawing provided within the RFP. Where new structures are located above existing gas mains, existing gas mains shall be relocated. The Contractor shall bear the cost of installation and relocation of all utilities. When connecting to existing steel piping system, provision shall be made to ensure that the integrity of the cathodic protection is not compromised. Plastic gas shutoff valves and valve boxes shall not be used. Gas valves shall be provided in a valve box at the tie-in point to the existing gas distribution system. A gas regulator and meter assembly shall be provided, located at least 15 feet from the air intakes. The building service entrance shall be installed at a height sufficient to allow for installation of the gas meter. Installation of gas piping shall be in accordance with manufacturer's recommendations and applicable sections of ASME B31.8, and the AGA Manual. UFGS Specification Section 02556 GAS DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM, shall be the basis for the gas distribution system specifications. Metallic underground gas piping shall not be used. Aboveground gas piping shall be steel. Gas mains and service lines shall be graded. Mains and service lines shall have 24-inch minimum cover; and both mains and service lines shall be placed on firmly compacted select material for the full length. Where required, and at street crossings, gas piping shall be encased or designed to withstand any anticipated external loads as specified in ASME B31.8. Jack-and-bore method shall be used for routing gas piping under all existing streets. Saw-cutting of streets is not allowed, unless otherwise approved by the Contracting Officer.

20.1 Drips. Drips shall be installed at the low points, immediately following reduction from high pressure to medium pressure (at supply points) and at occasional low points throughout the system to provide for blowing out the lines.

20.2 Valves. Plug valves shall be installed so that interruptions to service can be confined to the building.

20.3 Service Lines. Lines shall not be placed under any buildings. Lines shall be placed with a minimum of 2 feet of earth cover. Vented protective casings shall be provided to protect lines from superimposed street or heavy traffic loads. Tracer wire shall be installed with polyethylene piping. Tracer wire shall be terminated in valve box and at riser. The Contractor shall relocate any portion of the existing gas main required to construct the new facility to comply with the directives found in this paragraph.

21. ARCHITECTURAL DESIGN REQUIREMENTS.

21.1 GENERAL. The 2nd Recruiting Brigade shall meet the functional requirements as indicated in the RFP. The facility aesthetics shall reflect a welcoming, human scale modern business facility that embraces the principles of sustainable design. The facility shall comply with the Fort Gillem

Installation Design Guide, Administration Land Use Zone, which includes brick walls, standing seam metal roof and recessed glazing under broad eaves for solar shading. The exterior shall be designed for durability and attractiveness with minimal required maintenance. The exterior colors and materials textures shall match those of the nearby "MEPS" Building, No. 1500.

21.2 Applicable Codes And Standards. Applicable codes and standards are listed in paragraph 8.

21.3 Deleted.

21.4 Accessibility. These facilities are handicapped-accessible.

21.5 Sustainable Design. These facilities have been designated as a showcase for sustainable design, with a goal of achieving 50 or more points (SpiRiT Gold rating) using the SPIRIT Project Rating Tool for Sustainable Design. See Appendix D.

21.6 Construction Type, Fire Protection And Life Safety. This facility shall comply with UFC 3-600-01 and IBC 2000 as modified by UFC 1-200-01, for construction type, occupancy separation and features related to location on property and compliance with NFPA 101 for egress and life safety. It also contains specific requirements contained in the document itself. IBC Construction Type for these facilities shall be Type II-B, and the facilities shall be fully sprinklered. See Appendix B for additional code analysis information.

21.7 Gross Area. The gross area of the combined facilities shall not exceed 24,920 square feet gross area, measured in accordance with TI 800-1. Information shown below is an overview of gross area calculation requirements. Refer to TI 800-1, Chapter 5, paragraph 1.c for specific instructions.

21.7.1 Enclosed Space. The gross area includes the total area including all enclosed spaces as determined by the outside dimensions of the building.

21.7.2 Half Space. One-half of the area will be included in the gross area for covered raised loading platforms and covered exterior usable areas such as covered porches and covered walkways.

21.7.3 Excluded Space. Open paved areas; roof overhangs and soffits for weather protection; uncovered ramps; uncovered stoops; covered unpaved areas; and utility tunnels and raceways will be excluded from the gross area.

21.8 Exterior Construction. These facilities shall be designed and constructed to provide a watertight durable facilities consistent with industry standards and compliant with model building and energy codes. Appearance, materials and colors shall comply with the IDG. The following paragraphs are an overview of the exterior construction requirements.

21.8.1 Exterior Walls. Primary exterior wall finish shall be common face brick. EIFS shall be a system with provision to direct incidental moisture out of the system. EIFS shall be as indicated in the elevations. If cost saving measure to reduce the overall percentage of brick is included in the proposal, EIFS shall be limited to areas not subject to impact damage and Accent finish shall be common face brick and cast stone masonry units. Jumbo brick shall not be permitted. Single wythe masonry walls are not permitted. Composite wall construction (grout-filled cavity between wythes) is not permitted. A 2" air space is required between masonry veneer and backup walls. Brick shall not be sealed. Wood trim is not permitted. A sample masonry panel per UFGS is required. Louvers shall be storm-resistant profile and shall have

enclosed drainable sill pan and bird screen. Joint sealants used at building exterior shall have a service life for the exposure condition of at least ten years, retaining elasticity and seal. Note: Load bearing exterior masonry back up wall may be used in lieu of the rigid structural steel frame with light gauge steel backup indicated on RFP floor plans.

21.8.2 ROOF. Roof shall be pitched minimum 4:12 slope. Roof covering shall be standing seam metal roof (SSMR) system. Standing seam metal roof shall have concealed clip fastening system and be warranted per UFGS 07416, except manufacturer's 20 year weathertightness warranty is not required. Exposed fasteners are not permitted at roofing system. A deviation from the Fort Gillem Installation Design Guide will not be permitted for a reflective/light roof color that meets SPIRIT 1.C7 requirements. Color of roof shall match that of nearby "MEPS" Building. Gutters and downspouts are required and shall be booted to connect to the storm drainage system. Roof detailing shall be in accordance with NRCA Roofing and Waterproofing Manual recommendations and standard details. Joint sealants used at building exterior shall have a service life for the exposure condition of at least ten years, retaining elasticity and seal.

21.8.3 Insulation. Provide a complete thermal envelope. All water and sprinkler pipes must be inside the thermal envelope. Insulation shall not be placed directly on acoustic tile ceiling panels.

21.8.4 Omitted.

21.8.5 Screen Walls. Composite wall construction (grout-filled cavity between wythes) is not permitted.

21.8.6 Exterior Signage. Facility and site signage shall be provided and shall comply with the Fort Gillem IDG and GADOT standards. Provide site signage including but not limited to traffic signs, parking signs and directional signs. Provide 12" high architectural letters on the main entry building face indicating four digit building number. Provide one freestanding organizational facility entrance sign, type C3 and one facility motivational sign, type E3.

21.8.7 Doors and Windows. All exterior glass must be insulating type and treated for fragment retention. For insulated glass units the inner pane should be a minimum of ¼-inch annealed laminated glass. Single glazed doors should be a minimum of ¼-inch annealed laminated glass. Windows and storefront shall have prefinished commercial grade aluminum frames with Architectural Class I anodic or high-performance organic coating finish and thermal breaks. Windows shall be Performance Class HC. Entry lobby doors shall be medium or wide stile storefront. All other exterior doors and frames shall be painted insulated hollow metal. All exterior hollow metal frames shall be welded type construction. All windows and fixed exterior glass (except in doors) shall have window treatments for solar control. Reflective (mirror) glass finish is not permitted. Windows shall be fixed type. Refer to Appendix I for additional door and window force protection requirements.

21.9 Interior Construction. The following paragraphs are an overview of the interior construction.

21.9.1 Deleted.

21.9.2 Sound Control. Spaces requiring sound control shall have STC-44 rating minimum. This includes all door and ceiling treatments as needed to achieve this performance for the entire space. Mechanical and Main Electrical

Room shall receive CMU walls to the underside of structure with GWB furring on inhabited side.

21.9.3 Secure Construction. One type of secure construction as defined by AR 380-5 is required. The LAN and MDF rooms require "Secure" construction. Provide anchor rings of 3/8" diameter stainless steel bar bent into U-shape (1" inside radius) with 2" long 90 degree returns at ends of the horizontal legs. Overall length shall be 5"; embed 3" of horizontal legs (open end) in concrete 2" so that U-shaped end will protrude from wall to provide anchorage for securing safes. Coordinate locations with users.

21.9.4 Omitted.

21.9.5 Doors and Frames. Interior doors may be metal or solid core wood. Door frames shall be metal. Doors, frames and hardware shall have the required fire resistive rating as required by the applicable codes. Borrowed lite frames are desired at interior offices, adjacent to doors.

21.9.6 Finishes. Finishes shall be durable and convey the appropriate aesthetics such as would be expected for a typical facility/space of this type in the commercial sector. Sustainable design considerations shall be incorporated into finish selections and building aesthetics. See Appendix C Room Finish Requirements Schedule for additional information.

21.9.6.1 Ceramic Tile. Maximum water absorption shall be 0.50 percent. Floor tile minimum coefficient of friction wet or dry shall be 0.60. Floor tile shall be Class IV Heavy Traffic durability classification. Expansion joints shall be per TCA Handbook. Tile installed where floor drains are required shall be utilize setting bed method of installation to slope to drain. These areas will require a recessed slab.

21.9.6.2 Acoustic Tile Ceiling. Acoustic units shall be no larger than 24" by 24".

21.9.6.3 Carpet. Carpet shall be tufted; multilevel or level loop; commercial 100% branded nylon continuous filament type 6 or 6/6 100% recyclable pile fiber; solution or yarn dyed; minimum 0.114 inch pile height; minimum two yarn ply; minimum 1/10 inch gauge; minimum 26 oz. per square yard pile yarn weight, not including weight of backing. Carpet shall be multicolored with at least three colors, random and/or tweed pattern. Avoid extremely bright colors, extremely light colors and high contrast patterns.

21.9.7 Casework and Trim. Cabinets and countertops shall comply with AWI Quality Standards, Section 400, Custom Grade. Wood standing and running trim shall comply with AWI Section 300 Custom Grade.

21.9.8 Window treatments for solar control. Provide operable, perforated blinds at all exterior windows. In addition, provide operable blank off shades at all windows located in the Conference/Training Room.

21.9.9 Interior Signage and graphics. Facility interior signage shall be provided and shall comply with the Fort Gillem IDG. Permanently fixed signs with changeable inserts shall be provided for each office and departmental or functional entry. Permanent signs with graphics shall be provided for utility rooms. Directional, egress and directory signage shall be provided. In addition to the signage noted above, plaques, logos and artwork shall be provided by the users. Locations shall be coordinated and blocking shall be installed to secure owner provided items.

21.9.10 Framing, structure or rough materials exposed to view during normal occupancy shall be clad in GWB furring. Structural framing and underside of deck above areas where finish ceiling is not required are excepted.

21.10 Door Hardware. Special hardware considerations are noted in Appendix A, Functional Room Requirements. Unless noted otherwise, hardware appropriate to the required function for each door shall be provided. This includes ratings, devices and connections with life safety and security devices or systems required to comply with the NFPA, NFC, UFC 3-600-01, the IBC and security standards. Exit devices shall be rim type or surface vertical rod with touch bar. Use removable mullions where possible at pairs of doors. Cylinders and cores shall have seven pin tumblers. Cylinders shall be by the Best Lock Corporation and shall have interchangeable cores. Hardware used at exterior applications shall be made for exterior use. Specific hardware and keying requirements shall be coordinated with user. Utility rooms shall be keyed separately so that occupants of the building do not have access to those areas.

21.11 Access Control System. A complete and functional access control system shall be provided. The system shall interface and coordinate with doors and hardware, signal systems, electrical systems and other building systems. Functionality requirements and features to be included with the system are noted below.

Requirements for the access control system (ACS) functionality:

1. Must be a computer based system to control the entry and exit (in some cases) of doorways through a swipe card reader (magnetic stripe type) and be used for intruder detection with the addition of additional sensors.
2. Swipe card stock, 300 each, is required with the system.
3. If the ACS computer is Microsoft Windows based, it must be an XP based system and the ACS software must allow for multiple levels of access.
4. The ACS must also provide the ability to support alarms sensors (windows, additional doors, infrared detection, etc) and display those alarm conditions within it alarm screen.
5. The ACS must also provide the ability to program individual cards to access any combination of doors or only one door. Additionally, the administrator must be able to add or remove access to any door by simply updating the swipe card information within the ACS.
6. The ACS must be capable of encoding "Track 2" of the magnetic stripe.
7. The ACS must have a alarm monitoring station to indicate the date, time, location and type of alarm. Additional functionality such as sending a notification to a pager, telephone, and activate a local alarm light and siren is also required within the software of the ACS.

ACS Standard features should include:

Badge reader, balanced magnetic switch, and request-to-exit sensor at all the doors to be controlled.
Doors electrically locked at entrance side but manually unlocked for exit (safety)
Server/Data Network/LAN room(s) should have badge readers on entrance and exit of the room.
Electric door locks and strikes
Battery backup of all controllers, readers, door locks, etc.
Master computer control location shall be coordinated with the Commandant’s office.
'Door open' alarms reported back to master computer control
Access errors or alarms reported back to master computer control

Computer control to unlock doors following a schedule
External swipe readers must be heated. A protective housing should be provided to prevent rain damage.

21.12 Fire Extinguishers and Cabinets. Fire extinguishers shall be furnished by the Government and installed by the Contractor. Designer shall coordinate with installation fire marshal to determine required type and size of fire extinguishers and fire extinguisher cabinets. Fire extinguisher and cabinet information shall be indicated on Life Safety Plan(s). Provide recessed or semi-recessed fire extinguisher cabinets at occupied spaces and fire extinguisher brackets at unoccupied spaces to meet location, size and type requirements per NFPA (and ADAAG as applicable). All fire extinguisher cabinets shall have full-glass hinged door.
21.13 Latrine dispensing products must be capable of dispensing products currently in use by the Fort Gillem housekeeping staff. These products for soap, toilet paper, paper towels, and toilet seat covers will be provided at the Preproposal conference to the proposers that advance to the phase 2 submission of technical proposals. Feminine hygiene product disposers are not desired and will not be allowed.

22. INTERIOR DESIGN.

22.1 Structural Interior Design.

22.1.1 Definition. The Structural Interior Design (SID) shall involve the selection and sampling of all applied building related finishes necessary to complete the buildings interior and exterior architecture. The SID submittal shall be submitted concurrent with the architectural design submittals. The SID requirements and format shall be in accordance with the Savannah District Interior Design Presentation Format included in Appendix H of this RFP. An SID color board and a CID furniture package which has been prepared for this project will be provided to the successful bidder after award for their use in making final SID color board selections for presentation at the predefinition conference.

22.1.1.1 Predefinition Conference. The Contractor shall lead a predefinition conference at Fort Gillem, Ga. This meeting shall be attended by Government personnel responsible for this project to include facility user representatives, Fort Gillem Directorate of Public Works, and Savannah District personnel. The purpose of the predefinition conference is to present and discuss the SID color Scheme for the project. Actual exterior and interior materials, finishes and colors are to be provided for review and comment. The format for this presentation may be on 2’ x 3’ matte board. The Contractor may provide colored exterior elevations/perspectives of both the SID exterior and interior color schemes to assist in the discussion and presentation. At the end of the predefinition conference the Government will decide the final SID finishes that will be accepted for incorporation into the construction. The facility user representatives must provide concurrence with the SID prior to Contractor purchase and installation of finishes. Final interior and exterior finishes will be submitted in 8½” x 11” notebook format.

22.1.2 In general, the SID should reflect a transitional, professional image. Wall colors throughout the facility shall be a neutral color that will enhance accent colors in the existing furniture related items. Accent walls will not be approved for private offices. Accent walls will not be approved except for the lobby. The cove base and door trim shall be a neutral color and shall be consistent throughout the facility. Interior stain colors and finishes shall be consistent throughout the facility. All finishes are to be Class A.
This section covers only the general color and minimum characteristics of the

exterior and interior materials and products that are exposed to view in the finished construction. The word "color" as used herein includes surface color and pattern. Requirements for quality and method of installation are covered in appropriate sections of the specifications herein and which the General Contractor will submit after award. Specific locations where the various materials are required will be indicated during the Predefinition Conference, preliminary and final design after award submittals. The Contractor shall fully coordinate the SID package with the provided CID package.

22.1.3 Signage Requirements. Interior signage is an important item that is to be fully integrated with the architecture and building related finishes. All signage shall be in accordance with the Department of the Army technical manual, Signage, TM 5-807-10 and/or Ft. Gillem sign standards. All signs are to be from one manufacturer and shall match in color and style. All room sign copy is to be Helvetica medium with a ratio of height and width to meet Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) requirements. Signs are to be provided for all interior doors. Installation shall be wall mounted, on the latch side of the door with the center of the sign installed 1500mm above the finish floor and 150 from the outside edge of the metal doorframe. Where conditions do not allow signs to be mounted directly adjacent to the door, install signs on the wall at the nearest point to the latch side. Signage for General Office areas shall be a modular plaque format with a minimum of three insert slides. All signs are to have a changeable room number sign. All signs are to be a minimum overall dimension of 200mm wide and 150mm high. Copy for the first slide is to have a changeable integral, tactile, raised room number with corresponding, Grade 2 Braille indicating the room number. The second two slides are to be window insert slides to accommodate personnel changes or room name changes. Mechanical rooms and other building system room and service support rooms including restrooms are to have permanent room signs with copy that has raised room numbers and permanent room names. Copy is to be raised, tactile, letters and Grade 2 Braille indicating the room number and room name. All signs are to be permanently and mechanically attached to the building. Double-sided tape will not be accepted. Signage message shall be coordinated with the Government/user before ordering or installation. Provide Emergency Egress sign plaques that indicate “YOU ARE HERE” and the path of egress. These signs are to be fully coordinated with the Fort Gillem Fire Marshall at the 100% review Submittal design phase and before fabrication and installation. The Fire Marshall is to review the correct placement and quantity of these signs within the building and also review the proposed path of egress that will be graphically illustrated on the sign. Suggested placements for these signs are to be determined before installation.

22.1.4 Reference To Manufacturer’s Color and Product. Where color and product is shown as being specific to one manufacturer, an equivalent color by another manufacturer may be submitted for approval. Manufacturers and materials specified are not intended to limit the selection of equal colors, patterns and textures from other manufacturers. However the intent of the design is to remain consistent with this section of the contract.

23. COMPREHENSIVE INTERIOR DESIGN.

23.1 A Comprehensive Interior Design Package has been prepared for this project and will be available to the successful bidder after the award of the contract. The procurement and installation of the items identified in the furniture order forms (Appendix M) will be accomplished under Bid Item 0008. This will also include the Contractor’s Project Management for the purchase, receipt of delivery and oversight of installation, presence and coordination efforts during furniture installation by the furniture vendor to resolve any facility problems or conditions that prevent or inhibit the furniture or furnishings installation. Other peripheral actions required to make

workstations operational such as supplying and connecting power and telecommunications lines and outlets located in the panels are to be included under Bid Item 0002. If any of the furniture selections in Appendix M are no longer available, the proposer will select a similar item of equal or greater quality from the same vendor. Once the furniture installation is fully complete and functioning properly, the contractor will allow Government personnel (currently working in the two buildings to be demolished) 2 weeks to move into the new facility prior to commencing demolition operations of the two existing facilities.

23.1.1 In obtaining pricing for the purchase of the furniture identified in Appendix M, the Proposer must ensure that the pricing is obtained from a furniture vendor(s) that has experience in working with Government GSA schedule pricing. The pricing must not exceed that which is on the GSA schedule. Due to the amount of furniture involved, the Proposer may be able to obtain pricing at a discount relative to the GSA schedule.

23.2 CID Coordination and Installation. The Contractor shall fully coordinate the SID package with the CID package. It is the contractor's responsibility to ensure that the building design is fully coordinated to provide all features required by the furniture installers to effect a complete furniture installation to include coordination of all utility and communications connections.

24. OMITTED.

25. STRUCTURAL DESIGN REQUIREMENTS

25.1 General

The following criteria shall be used for loading, design and installation of all structural systems, including manufacturing, erection, supervision, testing and quality assurance. The completed structural design shall include all elements for foundations, walls, roof framing and diaphragms. It shall also include lateral load stability analyses as well as support for architectural features, mechanical and electrical equipment. All calculations shall be performed by a registered engineer, checked by an engineer other than the design engineer, and shall be in accordance with the guidance provided in the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Savannah District "Design Manual for Military Construction." The primary code used for structural design shall be the International Building Code (IBC) 2000 and the codes referenced therein, except as modified by the DoD Unified Facilities Criteria UFC 1-200-01, dated 31 July 2002 and the following paragraphs.

25.2 Design Loads: Dead loads, live loads, and load combinations shall be in accordance with the requirements of the IBC 2000.

25.2.1 Wind Load shall be in accordance with IBC 2000.

Wind Velocity: 90 mph
Exposure: C
Category: I
Importance Factor: 1.0

25.2.2 Seismic Load shall be in accordance with IBC 2000 except as modified by UFC 1-200-01:

Spectral Response

Ss: .24
S1: .11

Seismic Use Group I
Occupancy Importance Factor, I= 1.0
Site Class D

25.2.3 Snow Load shall be in accordance with IBC 2000.

25.2.4 Anti-terrorism/Force Protection

Anti-terrorism/force protection systems must be included for this project and shall conform to the "Department of Defense Antiterrorism Standards for Buildings, "dated 31 July 2002. Structures located within the minimum setback distance noted in Table B-1, Appendix B of that document must be designed as hardened structures. Additional guidance may be found in "Department of Defense Interim Antiterrorism/Force Protection Construction Standards - Progressive Collapse Design Guidance", dated 4 April 2000. (Manuals are available from U.S. Army Engineer District, Omaha, ATTN: CENWO-ED-ST, 12565 West Center Road, Omaha, NE 68144-3869.)

25.2.5 Special Loads

25.3 Drawings
25.3.1 Design drawings shall have General Structural Notes containing design loading criteria, strengths of engineering materials used, design soil values and any other data that would be pertinent to remodeling and/or future additions since design analyses and specifications often become separated from the contract drawings and lost after a project is completed.

25.3.2 Walls mostly below grade that are supported laterally by diaphragms at or near the top and bottom, shall be designed using loadings based on at rest soil pressures. All masonry walls below grade (below first floor finish floor) shall be solid grouted.

25.3.3 Diaphragms shall have continuous chord members on all edges and shall have a direct positive connection for transferring load to all members of the main lateral force resisting system.

25.3.4 Standing seam metal roofs (SSMR) shall be attached to 16 gage minimum thickness steel to allow sufficient screw thread engagement. This shall include the attachment of the clip as well as the subpurlin.

25.3.5 References and Design Criteria

25.3.6 References:

a. Minimum Design Loads for Buildings and Other Structures – ANSI/ASCE 7-98.

b. MBMA-01 Low Rise Building Systems Manual (latest edition).

c. National Concrete Masonry Association (NCMA), Specifications for the Design and Construction of Load Bearing Concrete Masonry.

d. ACI-ASCE 530, Building Code Requirements for Concrete Masonry (1995)

e. American Institute Of Steel Construction (AISC), Manual of Steel Construction, 9th edition

f. Manual of Steel Construction, LRFD 3rd edition.

g. Steel Deck Institute (SDI) Diaphragm Design Manual (latest edition)

h. American Welding Society, Welding Handbook.

i. Steel Joist Institute (SJI) Standard Specifications, Load Tables and Weight Tables for Steel Joists and Joist Girders

j. FEMA 302, NEHRP Recommended Provisions for Seismic Regulations for New Buildings and Other Structures, Parts 1 and 2

k. ACI 315-99, Details and Detailing of Concrete Reinforcement l. ACI 318-99, Building Code Requirements for Structural Concrete m. SDI Design Manual for Composite Decks, Form Decks, Roof Decks, and Cellular Decks.

25.3.7 Design Criteria

International Building Code 2000

Unified Facilities Criteria UFC 1-200-01

Design Manual for Military Construction, Corps of Engineers, Savannah District

TI 809-04, Seismic Design Criteria for Buildings (As referenced by UFC 1-200-1)

TI 809-07, Design of Loadbearing Cold-Formed Steel Systems

TI 809-30, Metal Building Systems

TM 5-809-3, Masonry Structural Design for Buildings

TM 5-809-12, Concrete Floor Slabs on Grade Subjected to Heavy Loads

25.4 Foundations

Foundations shall be reinforced concrete continuous spread footings, isolated spread footings, grade beams, piles, drilled piers or other as required by geotechnical investigation and the requirements specified in this section. Ground floor slab systems shall be slab-on-grade or supported by piles as recommended by geotechnical investigation. Bottom of foundations shall be located a minimum of 2 feet below grade.

25.5 Serviceability

25.5.1 Vertical deflection ratios of suspended horizontal framing members for dead plus live loads shall not be less than:

a. 240 at roofs

b. 600 at masonry lintels

25.5.2 Horizontal deflections caused by seismic or wind loads shall not exceed the limits set forth in the Savannah District “Design Manual for Military Construction”.

25.6 Concrete Design

Minimum concrete strength shall be at least 3000 psi at 28 days. Ready mix concrete shall be in accordance with ASTM C94. All foundations shall be constructed of reinforced cast-in-place concrete.

25.6.1 Concrete Materials

a. Cement: ASTM C 150, Type I-II Portland cement

b. Fly Ash: ASTM C 618, Class "F"

c. Fine Aggregate: ASTM C 33

d. Coarse Aggregate: ASTM C 33

e. Air-Entraining Admixture: ASTM C 260

f. Accelerating, retarding and water-reducing admixtures: ASTM C 494

g. Flowing Concrete Admixture: ASTM C 1017, Type 1 or 2

h. Calcium Chloride shall not be permitted

25.6.2 Slabs

25.6.2.1 Slabs-on-grade shall be a minimum thickness of 4 inches and reinforced with fiber reinforcing. "Mud slabs" in crawl spaces do not have to be reinforced and shall be 2-inches thick.

25.6.2.2 Slabs shall be placed in lane fashion. Area of sections bounded by crack control joints shall not exceed 600 square feet, and distance between crack control joints shall not exceed 25 feet.

25.6.2.3 Vapor Barrier

Provide vapor barrier under all interior floor slabs. Polyethylene sheet not less than 6 mils thick. Provide 4-inch capillary water barrier under the vapor barrier.

25.6.2.4 Crack control joints shall be as shown in the Savannah District "Design Manual for Military Construction", Chapter A-2, Exhibit A-2-15. Reinforcement when required will be interrupted (2 inches clear each side) at sawed or pre-placed crack control joints. Bars shall be mid-depth, and starting 2 inches from edge of slab. The ends of crack control and corners of isolation joints will meet at a common point so far as practical. Floor slab isolation joint shall be 3/16-inch felt. Re-entrant corners shall be reinforced with a minimum of one #4 diagonal bar.

25.6.2.5 Horizontal runs of conduits and pipes shall not be embedded in slabs supported by ground. Vertical penetrations will conform to ACI 318. Aluminum conduit and pipes will not be embedded in any concrete.

25.6.2.6 Expansion Joints: Stop reinforcing at joint and provide smooth slip dowels across joint. Provide a bond breaker isolation joint where all concrete slabs abut a vertical surface (foundation walls).

25.6.2.7 Where thickened slabs are employed under column bases or partitions, crack control joints shall be offset from the thickened areas.

25.6.3 Reinforcing Materials

25.6.3.1 Reinforcing Bars: ASTM A615, Grade 60, deformed.

25.6.3.2 Reinforcement of Concrete Walls. Continuous footings and tie and bond beams shall be continuous, and typical details of reinforcement at corners and intersections of these members shall be shown on the drawings.

25.7 Masonry Design

25.7.1 Concrete Masonry units shall have a minimum compressive strength of 2000 psi on gross area and 1000 on net area at 28 days.

25.7.2 Concrete Masonry Materials:

a. Hollow Concrete Masonry Units: …… ASTM C90, Grade N, Type I or II
b. Mortar for Masonry: …… ASTM C 270, Type S
c. Grout for Masonry:……... ASTM C 476
d. Horizontal Joint Reinforcement:……9-gage deformed wire, ladder-type

25.7.3 Provide solid brick where cores in cored brick might be exposed.

25.7.4 Joints shall be 3/8-inch, tooled concave.

25.7.5 Brick veneer ties shall be corrugated galvanized steel spaced 16-inches on center both vertically and horizontally.

25.7.6 Brickwork shall comply with latest edition of the Brick Institute of American Technical Notes No.28, Brick Veneer, New Construction.

25.8 Structural Steel Design

25.8.1 Detailing of structural steel framing, including connections, shall be complete. All weld types, bolting layouts, bolt sizes, connection plates and member sizes and locations and stiffener plate sizes and locations shall be shown.

25.8.2 All members, elements and connections that are a part of the main vertical and/or lateral force resisting system must be completely detailed.

25.8.3 All connections other than standard AISC pre-designed shear connections shall be designed by the engineer of record and detailed on the drawings.

25.8.4 If braced frames are used for all or part of the main lateral force resisting system, the stability of structural system shall not depend on any single member or connection. Redundancy shall be provided either by using multiple bays of tension only x-bracing or by using bracing members that are capable of both tension and compression if bracing is placed in a single bay.

25.9 Steel Joist Design

25.9.1 Joists shall be anchored to steel supports by field welding. Provide erection bolts as recommended by SJI. Provide embedded steel bearing plates in concrete and masonry work. Where top chords are extended provide required section modulus of extensions on the drawings.

25.9.2 Provide special joist seats for sloped roof as required. Modifications or adjustments to joist seats made to accommodate supplier’s fabrication process shall be coordinated with affected trades.

25.9.3 Provide bridging and cross bridging at bottom chords of joist per SJI recommendations.

25.9.4 Design joists for additional gravity loads and uplift loads as required by analysis.

25.9.5 Provide additional web members at concentrated loads indicated, which do not occur at a panel point. Joists shall not support vertical loads greater

than 50 pounds on the bottom chord between panel points without reinforcing. Do not support loads from bridging.

25.10 Steel Decking Design

25.10.1 Form deck shall be galvanized. Metal form material shall be minimum 28 gage.

25.10.2 Steel roof deck material shall be galvanized and be 22 gage minimum. A structural steel roof deck shall be provided under all nonstructural metal roofs. If SSMR will be attached directly to steel roof deck then minimum thickness shall be 16 gage.

25.10.3 Galvanized steel roof deck in areas without ceilings which are exposed to view and are scheduled to be finish painted should be specified to receive a factory primer coat on the underneath side of deck.

25.10.4 Attach deck to supporting structure as required by analysis. Fasteners must comply with SDI diaphragm manual load tables and SDI specifications.

25.11 Cold Formed Steel Design

25.11.1 Cold Formed Steel Materials:

a. Galvanized Structural Framing Members 16 gage and heavier…ASTM A 653, Grade D, 50 ksi

b. Galvanized Structural Framing Members 18 gage and lighter….ASTM A 653, Grade B, 36 ksi

25.11.2 Trusses fabricated from cold-formed steel members are allowed and shall be designed and the drawings stamped by a registered engineer.

25.11.3 Cold-formed steel members, their components, and connection material shall have G60 galvanized coating.

25.11.4 For roof design using structural SSMR, top chords of cold-formed roof members shall be 16 gage, minimum, where standing seam roof clips are connected with screws. For architectural SSMR, top chords will be as required by design.

25.12 Wood

25.12.1 Retardant Treatment, when required. Recommendations regarding the use of fire retardant treatment are provided in USDA Wood Handbook and National Protection Handbook. Pressure impregnation is the preferred treatment method.

25.12.2 Termite control measures will be used in areas prone to termite infestation. Soil will be treated with commonly accepted termite control products prior to construction.

25.12.3 Use of oriented strand board (OSB) for floor sheathing is not permitted. Only APA structural rated plywood shall be used for floors.

25.13 Other Materials

25.13.1 There are no restrictions on proposing other materials to be used in the structural systems of this project if their strengths and durability can

be substantiated by ASTM or other approved laboratory tests, and they satisfy the requirements of the design codes and criteria specified in this document.

25.13.2 All design, manufacture, fabrication, and assembly of other construction materials to be used in structural framing systems shall conform to the applicable design standards and meet specific industry standards as required for each subject material.

26. PLUMBING REQUIREMENTS.

26.1 General. Plumbing system shall be designed and installed in accordance with the International Plumbing Code, latest edition. All toilet areas and plumbing fixtures shall be handicapped accessible. All piping shall be labeled, color coded, titled, and indicate direction of flow. Shutoff/isolation valves, water hammer arrestors, shower control valves, trap primer valves, and all other control components and equipment requiring adjustment and/or maintenance shall be readily accessible through the use of lay-in ceilings and/or appropriately sized access doors. Domestic hot water shall be generated using natural gas. The heater shall be sized to meet the domestic hot water heating requirements for the building. Domestic hot water shall be stored at 140°F. minimum and delivered to plumbing fixtures at 110°F. Mixing valve shall be provided to allow delivery of water at required temperature. A hot water recirculation piping system shall be provided for the building. Recirculation system piping shall extend and terminate within 5 feet of plumbing fixtures. A double check type backflow preventer assembly shall be provided for the cold water service main, and located within the mechanical room. A pressure-reducing valve assembly (with valved bypass) shall be provided in the cold water main where system pressures exceed 60 psig. Domestic water connections to mechanical equipment shall have reduced pressure type backflow protection. Routing of water piping below floor slabs shall be minimized, and limited to the building entrance penetration. Freeze-proof exterior wall hydrants with vacuum breaker shall be provided around the perimeter of the facility. Perimeter separation distances between wall hydrants shall not exceed 200 feet, and a minimum of four (4) wall hydrants shall be provided. Water hammer arrestors shall be provided for all plumbing fixtures with flush valves for shock suppression. The placement of water hammer arrestors shall be as referenced in International Plumbing Code. Domestic hot and cold water systems shall be insulated. Plastic piping shall not be used below floor slab on grade. Sanitary waste systems shall extend from 5 feet outside the building to all fixtures and equipment requiring service. The exit location of the building sanitary sewer main shall be coordinated with existing site conditions shown on utility drawings. The system shall be provided with traps, vents, cleanouts, and all other components as required by code. Appropriate means shall be provided within the plumbing system design to insure that all fixture trap water seals susceptible to loss of water seal by evaporation are replenished. Plastic drain, waste, and vent piping material shall not be used in buildings exceeding two-stories. System shall be tested in accordance with code requirements. Floor drains shall be provided in all toilets locations and mechanical equipment rooms. Trap primers shall be provided for all floor drain traps to prevent loss of water seal by evaporation.

26.2 PLUMBING MATERIALS, EQUIPMENT AND FIXTURE REQUIREMENTS.

26.2.1 Material for Domestic Water Lines. Water piping under concrete slab floors shall be copper tubing, type K, annealed and shall be completely wrapped in polyethylene. Materials for various services shall be in accordance with Table II - Pipe and Fitting Materials for Pressure Piping Systems of UFGS 15400A, Plumbing General Purpose. Pipe schedules shall be selected based on service requirement. Material or equipment containing lead

shall not be used in any potable water system. See Table II of UFGS 15400A, Plumbing General Purpose, for a complete list of domestic water piping materials.

26.2.1.1 Routing and Design. All piping shall be concealed, properly supported with allowances for expansion and contraction. Interior water distribution piping shall not be buried under concrete floors except for trap primer supply and water service entrance riser. All piping systems shall be drainable. Interior hot and cold water piping systems shall be insulated. Water piping systems (including sprinkler piping) shall not be routed or located where subjected to freezing, and shall be located within the insulated building envelope. Heat tracing (to prevent freezing) of interior piping systems will not be allowed. Individual shutoff or stop valves shall be provided on water supply lines to all plumbing fixtures. Individual stops shall also be furnished at all equipment connections such as vending machines, icemakers, etc. Isolation shutoff valves shall be provided for each toilet room group to allow isolation shutoff for maintenance purposes while continuing service to the remainder of the building. Consolidate fixture vents through one common vent whenever possible. All vent penetrations through the roof shall be made through a roof jack designed for use with the roofing system furnished and color-matched to the roof. Above ground piping shall run parallel with the lines of the building and in accordance with UFGS 15400A, Plumbing General Purpose, unless otherwise indicated. Floor drains shall be provided in all mechanical rooms and for equipment requiring drainage. All floor drain traps shall be automatically primed by single trap primers or where appropriate distribution unit type trap primers.

26.2.2 Material for Waste Lines. Materials for various services shall be in accordance with Table I - Pipe and Fitting Materials for Drainage, Waste, and Vent Piping System of UFGS 15400A, Plumbing General Purpose. Pipe schedules shall be selected based on service requirement. Pipe fitting shall be compatible with applicable pipe. Plastic piping systems shall not be install in air plenums. Soil, waste, drain and vent piping installed in spaces used as HVAC air plenums shall be cast iron. Each fixture and piece of equipment requiring connections to the drainage system shall be equipped with a trap, and all fixtures shall be vented. Surface or wall cleanouts shall be provided for each drainage main. Cleanouts shall be provided at each change in direction of sanitary sewer lines, at the intervals specified in the Plumbing Code, and at the building service entrance. All cleanouts shall be permanently accessible. Ground cleanouts shall be installed in a 12 inch by 12 inch , 4 inch thick concrete pad, flush with grade. Pipes passing through elevated slab shall pass through a pipe sleeve and be installed in accordance with UFGS 15400, Plumbing General Purpose.

26.2.3Natural Gas System. Natural gas to supply domestic water heater and mechanical equipment. The system shall be provided with meter, regulators and a complete piping system. Gas meter to be provided with remote readout capability. The use of semi-rigid tubing and flexible connectors for gas equipment and appliances is prohibited. Provide accessible gas shutoff valve and coupling for each gas equipment item. Natural gas piping to be black Schedule 40 steel with welded fittings, except threaded connections at equipment.

26.2.4 Plumbing Fixtures. Fixtures shall be provided complete with fittings, and trim. All shutoff valves shall be metal construction. Plastic valves are not acceptable. All fixtures, fittings, and trim in a project shall be from the same manufacturer and shall have the same finish.

26.2.4.1 Plumbing shall meet the following criteria:

a. In general, all faucets shall have solid brass bodies, ceramic valving, and chrome plated or trim. Water flow shall be no more than 2.5 gpm from any faucet.

b. Fixtures shall be water conservation type, in accordance with the International Plumbing Code.

c. All vitreous china plumbing fixtures shall conform to ANSI A112.19.2M, Vitreous China Plumbing Fixtures. Stainless steel fixtures shall be in accordance with ANSI A112.19.3M, Stainless Steel Plumbing Fixtures (residential design).

d. Floor drains shall be provided in mechanical rooms and for equipment requiring drainage. Floor drains shall be cast iron body and grate. All floor drain traps shall be automatically primed by single trap primers or where appropriate distribution unit type trap primers.

e. Fixture descriptions shall be a described by the American Society of Mechanical Engineers, ASME A112.19.

26.2.4.2 Water Closets. Siphon-jet, elongated bowl, top supply spud, ASME A112.19.2M, floor mounted. Gasket shall be wax type. Seat - ANSI Z124.5, Type A, white plastic, elongated, open front. Flushometer Valve - ASSE ANSI/ASSE 1037, large diaphragm type with non-hold-open feature, backcheck angle control stop, and vacuum breaker. Minimum upper chamber inside diameter of not less than 2½ inch at the point where the diaphragm is sealed between the upper and lower chambers. The maximum water use shall be 1.6 gallon per flush. Water closet trim shall conform to ANSI A112.19.5, Trim for Water-Closet Bowls, Tanks, and Urinals (Dimensional Standards). Any water closets designed as handicapped water closets shall meet the top rim of the bowl height requirements of CABO A117.1.

26.2.4.3 Urinals. Wall hanging, with integral trap and extended shields, ASME A112.19.2M, siphon jet. Top supply connection, back outlet. Flushometer Valve - ASSE ANSI/ASSE 1037, large diaphragm type with non-hold-open feature, backcheck angle control stop, and vacuum breaker. Minimum upper chamber inside diameter of not less than 2½ inch at the point where the diaphragm is sealed between the upper and lower chambers. The maximum water use shall be 4L per flush. Urinal trim shall conform to ANSI A112.19.5, Trim for Water-Closet Bowls, Tanks, and Urinals (Dimensional Standards).

26.2.4.4 Lavatories. Manufacturer's standard sink depth, vitreous china ASME A112.19.2M, wall hung and under counter mount as shown on the Conceptual Floor Plans.

a. Faucet - Faucets shall be single lever, centerset, washerless type. Faucets shall have all brass and copper waterways and ceramic valving. The flow shall be limited to 2.5 gpm per second at a flowing pressure of 80 psi.

b. Drain - Strainer shall be copper alloy or stainless steel.

c. Handicap lavatories shall conform to ADA and Uniform Federal Accessibility Standards (Fed. Std. 795) for fixture height and safety insulation. Handicap lavatory faucets shall be ADA compliant.

26.2.4.5 Standard Shower.

a. Shower valve shall be single lever, pressure –balancing, anti-scale thermostat mixing type, designed to maintain constant water temperature by automatically compensating for water pressure changes. Faucet shall be of solid brass construction with washerless ceramic valving. Adjustable pattern showerheads shall be provided and shall be chrome plated or polished nickel finish to match levers and escutcheons. Provide a flow control device with the shower head to limit the flow to a maximum of 2.5 gpm at a flowing pressure of 80 psi.

b. Drain – stainless steel.

26.2.4.6 Handicapped Shower.

a. Shower valve shall be single lever, pressure –balancing, anti-scale thermostat mixing type with check stops, designed to maintain constant water temperature by automatically compensating for water pressure changes. Valve shall be of solid brass construction with washerless ceramic valving. Provide hand-held shower with slide guide, in-line vacuum breaker and a flow control device with the shower head to limit the flow to a maximum of 2.5 gpm at a flowing pressure of 80 psi. Provide L-shaped stainless steel grab bar and fold-up wheelchair transfer seat with wood grain phenolic seat.

b. Drain – stainless steel.

26.2.4.7 Break Room Sinks. Sinks shall be of size and configuration shown on the conceptual floor plan and shall be constructed of stainless steel. Faucets shall be same as the bath faucets in material, but designed for kitchen sink application.

26.2.4.8 Water Purification Unit. Provide 1/2” cold water, 1-1/4” waste connection and power connection for vendor-supplied purification unit. Provide rough-in and final connections.

26.2.4.9 Wall Hydrants (Exterior). Wall Hydrants shall be provided at a maximum spacing interval of 200 feet around the exterior wall of the building. Each hydrant shall be box type, freeze proof, with a integral vacuum breaker/backflow preventer. Hydrants shall have 3/4 inch hose connections.

26.2.4.10 Major Appliance Plumbing Connections. The Contractor shall provide appropriate connections for all appliances, vending machines, and any other items requiring water and/or drain connections.

26.2.4.11 Domestic hot water heater shall have heating capacity and storage adequate for the building requirements. A pressure/temperature relief valve, vacuum breaker on the water supply line, drain and a 6-inch concrete pad shall be provided for the water heater system. Domestic hot water heater shall be equipped with a recirculation pump and recirculation piping and balancing valves.

26.2.4.12 Testing. Entire plumbing system shall be tested in accordance with project specifications, and International Plumbing Code.

26.3 Piping Materials.

26.3.1 UFGS 15400A Table I and II shall be the basis for Plumbing Systems and Materials.

27. FIRE PROTECTION.

27.1 Qualifications of Fire Protection Engineer. The design of the fire protection features shall be by a qualified fire protection engineer meeting one of the following conditions: a.) An engineer with a Bachelor of Science or Masters of Science Degree in fire protection engineering from an accredited university engineering program, plus a minimum of 5 years work experience in fire protection engineering; b.) A registered professional engineer (P.E.) who has passed the National Council of Examiners for Engineering and Surveys (NCEES) fire protection engineering written examination; c.) A registered P.E. in a related engineering discipline with a minimum of 5 years experience, dedicated to fire protection engineering, that can be verified with documentation. The name and credentials (education, registration, experience) of the fire protection engineer shall be submitted with the initial contract documents and approved by the District fire protection engineer prior to proceeding with fire protection design.

27.2 Fire Suppression System. Automatic wet pipe sprinkler protection shall be provided for all buildings. The requirements indicated below shall be incorporated into the design.

27.3 Sprinkler System. The facilities shall be fully protected with an automatic wet pipe sprinkler systems. All floors and all areas of the facilities shall be protected. The sprinkler system designs shall be in accordance with UFC 3-600-01 Fire Protection Engineering for Facilities, NFPA 13, and UFGS Specification Section 13930, Wet Pipe Sprinkler System. The sprinkler hazard classifications shall be in accordance with UFC 3-600-01 Fire Protection Engineering for Facilities, NFPA 13. Design densities, design areas and exterior hose streams shall be in accordance with UFC 3-600-01 Fire Protection Engineering for Facilities. The sprinkler systems shall be designed and all piping sized with computer generated hydraulic calculations. The exterior hose stream demand shall be included in the hydraulic calculations. A complete sprinkler system design, including sprinklers, branch lines, floor mains and risers, shall be shown on the drawings. The sprinkler system plans shall include node and pipe identification used in the hydraulic calculations. All sprinkler system drains, including main drains, test drains, and auxiliary drains, shall be routed to a 2 x 2 splash block at exterior grade. Sprinkler system design analysis and drawings shall be submitted by the successful proposer in the 60% and 100% design submittals.

The sprinkler service main shall be a dedicated line. Sprinkler service and domestic service shall not be combined. The sprinkler service main shall be provided with an exterior post indicator valve with tamper switch reporting to the fire alarm control panel (FACP). The sprinkler entry riser shall include a double check backflow preventer, a fire department connection, and a wall hydrant for testing of backflow preventer. The sprinkler system shall include an indicating control valve, an alarm check valve, a water motor alarm and a flow switch reporting to the FACP. All control valves shall be OS&Y type and shall be provided with tamper switches connected to the FACP. Facilities with multiple floors shall be provided with floor control valves for each floor. The floor control valve assembly shall be in accordance with NFPA 13, Figure A-5-15.4.2(b).

The Contractor shall edit UFGS Specification Section 13930, Wet Pipe Sprinkler System, for this project. This shall be submitted for review with the preliminary and final design submittals. These specifications shall be followed for the design and installation of the sprinkler systems.

The Contractor shall submit material data, hydraulic calculations, and shop drawings as required by Specification Section 13930 to the Contracting Officer for review and approval.

27.4 Exterior Hose Stream. Exterior hose stream demand shall be in accordance with UFC 3-600-01 Fire Protection Engineering for Facilities. This shall be 946 l pm for light hazard and 1892 lpm for ordinary hazard. Exterior hose stream demand shall be included in the sprinkler system hydraulic calculations.

27.5 Backflow Preventer. A double check backflow preventer shall be provided on the fire water main serving each building. This shall be located within the building. An exterior wall hydrant with OS&Y valve shall be provided to allow testing of backflow preventer at design flow as required by NFPA 13.

27.6 Fire Department Connection. A fire department connection shall be provided for each building with sprinkler protection. These shall be located to be directly accessible to the fire department, either on the back side or on the main street side of the building.

27.7 System Components and Hardware. Materials for the sprinkler system, fire pump system, and hose standpipe system shall be in accordance with Specification Sections 13930 and 13935 and with NFPA 13 and NFPA 230. All hose threads shall meet Fort McPherson/Gillem Standards. Sprinkler system piping shall be black steel and shall be minimum Schedule 40 for sizes 50mm and less and minimum Schedule 10 for sizes greater than 50mm.

27.8 Protection of Piping Against Earthquake Damage. Sprinkler and fire pump piping systems shall be protected against damage from earthquakes. Seismic protection shall include flexible and rigid couplings, sway bracing, seismic separation assemblies where piping crosses building seismic separation joints, and other features as required by NFPA 13 for protection of piping against damage from earthquakes.

27.9 Fire Water Supply.

Water shall be supplied by mains of appropriate capacity and pressure to provide the building fire water demand in accordance withUFC 3-600-01 Fire Protection Engineering for Facilities. The fire water demand is equal to the sum of the sprinkler demand, the hose demand and one-half of the domestic water demand. Exterior hose demand shall be in accordance with UFC 3-600-01 Fire Protection Engineering for Facilities, Table 4-1. Flow test data is provided in Appendix J of this document. If necessary to meet the fire flow requirements for this project, the proposer shall include in their proposal means to increase the available fire flow, such as increased water main line sizes or a complete fire pump installation.

If a fire pump installation is provided, it shall be designed in accordance with NFPA 20 and UFGS 13920, Fire Pumps. During design after award, the Contractor shall use and edit Section 13920. The installation shall include the fire pump and all appurtenances necessary to provide a complete system. This shall include a pump bypass line. The Contractor shall submit fire pump sizing and selection calculations, fire pump installation shop drawings, and catalog data for all piping and components of the fire pump installation to the Contracting Officer for review and approval.

After contract award, the Contractor shall perform a fire hydrant water flow test at the site to confirm that the resulting available fire flow is adequate to support the fire protection requirements of this project. During fire flow demands, the exterior water distribution system shall not be drawn down below 1.38 bar.

Refer to Civil Design for additional requirements.

27.10 Fire Detection and Alarm. Refer to Electrical Design for design requirements.

27.11 Fire Extinguishers. Refer to Architectural Design for design requirements.

27.12 Fire Hydrants. Refer to Civil Design for design requirements.

27.13 The sprinkler system inspector test valve shall be designed to discharge to the outside and not into a floor drain. The sight glass design shall not be permitted.

27.14 The contractor shall provide personnel to perform all required testing in the presence of a Fort McPherson/Fort Gillem Inspector. The contractor's personnel shall be provided until all testing is complete and all deficiencies are corrected.

27.15 All testing shall be in accordance with National Fire Protection Association National Fire Code, Uniform Fire Code 1, and Life Safety Code 101. All testing shall also comply with Unified Facilities Criteria 3-600.

28. HEATING, VENTILATING, AND AIR CONDITIONING REQUIREMENTS.

28.1 Mechanical Design References, Codes, and Standards.

28.1.1 The design and construction of the mechanical systems shall be in compliance with design criteria listed below, as required herein, and the referenced Unified Facility Guide Specifications (UFGS). Guide specifications are referenced in this RFP for their use in preparation of the design and shall be edited consistent with the criteria furnished. The most current edition of the codes, standards, and references shall be used for project design. Where there is a conflict between the RFP and the codes and standards the most stringent shall apply. When codes and standards are in conflict, the most stringent shall apply.

Design Criteria List:

- Savannah District Design Manual for Military Construction, latest edition.
- Savannah District Drafting Standards.
- ASHRAE Manuals, latest edition.
- NFPA 90A, Installation of Air Conditioning and Ventilating Systems.
- NFPA 90B, Installation of Warm Air Heating and Air Heating and Air Conditioning Systems.
- ASHRAE Standard 62-1999, Ventilation for Acceptable Indoor Air Quality.
- ASHRAE Standard 90.1, Energy Standards For Buildings, current issue.
- Technical Instructions, Design Criteria, T1-800-01, 20 July, 1998.
- TM 5-785 Engineering Weather Data.
- TM 5-805-4 Noise and vibration Control for Mechanical Equipment.
- TI 809-4 Seismic Design for Building.
- TI 810-10, 1 FEB 99, Mechanical Design, Heating, Ventilating, and Air Conditioning
- Department of Defense Antiterrorism Standards for Buildings
- UFC 3-400-01, 5 July 2002, Design, Energy Conservation

28.2 General. The mechanical systems design for this project shall be in accordance with ASHRAE Handbooks, TI 800-01 Design Criteria Technical Instructions, ASHRAE Standard 62 - Ventilation for Acceptable Indoor Air Quality, Savannah District Design Manual for Military Construction, Volume II of II, applicable NFPA Standards, other applicable references listed within the RFP, and governing industry standards as applicable. The contractor's proposal will list all pertinent standards and specifications and their applicability to the project. Catalog cuts for major equipment such as boilers, chillers, air handlers and pumps over 5 H.P. will include manufacturer's published data stating that such equipment meets the applicable standard. Catalog cuts for major equipment shall be for the actual equipment proposed to be installed. Deviations and installation of equipment other than proposed are only allowed subject to Contracting Officer approval. Mechanical equipment room(s) shall be ventilated for heat dissipation and shall be designed to minimize interior temperatures from exceeding 10 degrees F above outside design ambient temperature. As a minimum, the mechanical equipment room shall reflect the minimum clearance as specified by the equipment manufacturer in all five directions (all four sides and top). Equipment tube bundle and coil pull spaces shall be shown on mechanical room layouts. Mechanical room shall be adequate to allow the layout of equipment such that the removal or replacement of one major piece of equipment shall not require removal of adjacent equipment. Toilet rooms shall be directly heated, cooled, and exhausted. All exposed exterior water piping systems (i.e. chilled water) shall be provided with protective aluminum jacketing. Freeze protection design measures shall be provided to protect all interior and exterior piping systems, and equipment. Refrigeration equipment provided shall be equipped with low-ambient controls to allow equipment operation down to 20 degrees F.

28.3 HVAC Design Conditions.

28.3.1 Outside Design Conditions.

Location:	Ft. Gillem, GA 33°, 42' North Latitude 84°, 26' West Latitude 1,053 Ft. Above Sea Level
Heating Degree-Days (basis 65 °F):	3,095
Cooling Degree-Days (basis 65 °F):	1,589
Heating Design Conditions:	17 degree F DB
Cooling Design Conditions:	92 degree F DB / 76 degree F WB
Air Cooled Condensing Design Conditions:	95 degree F DB

28.3.2 General Inside Design Conditions (unless otherwise indicated).

Heating (Comfort Applications)	70 degree F DB, no humidity control
Heating (Freeze Protection, Mech Rms)	45 degree F DB
Cooling (Comfort Application)	77 degrees F DB/50% Relative Humidity

Minimum air leaving temperature for heating systems at outdoor design conditions shall be 90 degrees F.

28.3.3 Room HVAC Functional Requirements. All interior spaces shall be heated, ventilated and air conditioned, except as noted herein. Interior conditions as indicated above, unless otherwise stated.

28.4 Cooling Systems Design.

28.4.1 District generated chilled water is not available at this site.

28.4.2 Air cooled, water chillers are required. The system consists of one air cooled water chiller, sized for 100% of the total capacity, with two chilled water circulation pumps, one used for stand-by. The water will be distributed to the cooling coils through the constant volume pumps.

28.4.3 A summer design cooling water temperature of 44 degrees F. will be circulated to cooling coils.

28.4.4 Piping will extend to the AHU's. Sectional shutoff and balancing valves will be provided in the main piping systems. The piping will be installed above ceilings and in partition spaces within the building. The above ground piping shall be black steel with malleable steel fittings. Seamless copper, hard drawn tubing with wrought copper joints shall be used for pipe sizes 2 inches and smaller. Air conditioning condensate piping will be constructed of seamless copper, hard drawn tubing with wrought copper joints and insulation.

28.4.5 Below ground chilled water piping shall be a double wall factory fabricated system consisting of Schedule 40 PVC carrier piping, cellular insulation and high density polyethylene (HDPE) exterior jacket. Reinforced concrete thrust blocks will be provided at changes in direction.

28.5 Heating System Design.

28.5.1 District hot water is not available at this site. The heating system will serve the central station AHU's and terminal (re-heat) needs. A gas-fired hot water boiler and two pumps, one used for stand-by, to circulate hydronic heating water to heat transfer coils in air handling units and system ductwork are required.

Hot water will be generated through a cast-iron sectional boiler or copper fin boiler with forced draft burner. The boiler will be equipped with an in-line circulating pump. The water will be distributed to heat transfer elements within the building by a constant volume pump. A winter design heating water temperature of 180 degrees F. will be circulated to heating coils within the variable volume air terminal valves, and other heating devices.

A factory fabricated double wall flue system with barometric damper will be provided for the boiler.

Hot water piping will extend to the AHU's and to terminal heating devices. Sectional shutoff and balancing valves will be provided in the piping mains. The piping will be installed above ceilings and in partition spaces within the building. The piping shall be black steel with malleable steel fittings. Seamless copper, hard drawn tubing with wrought copper joints shall be used for pipe sizes 2 inches and smaller.

An emergency boiler shut-off switch will be installed near the exterior door.

28.6 Air System Design and Zoning.

28.6.1 Air handling systems shall be zoned by functional requirements, operation schedules, environmental control conditions, and load characteristics. Each Communications Room shall be conditioned by a separate split system DX unit.

28.7 Ventilation Systems Design.

28.7.1 Ventilation for building occupants shall be provided in accordance with ASHRAE Standard 62-99. Ventilation air shall be injected into the building at each air handling unit upstream of the coils. Each unit shall maintain a constant minimum outside air flow by electronic airflow measurement station as required. The outside air intake shall be located away from fumes including vehicle exhaust, toilet exhaust, etc. Exhaust systems shall be provided for all toilet rooms, showers, bathrooms, janitor's closets, all copier areas, breakrooms, and other spaces as required.

28.8 Utility Metering: Gas, Potable Water.

28.8.1 Potable water and gas shall be metered. Meters shall all have pulse outputs, data collection/communication capability and shall be compatible with Ft. Gillem existing base wide utility management and control system. All meters shall be monitored by the DDC system. Meters shall determine consumption, and not rate-of-consumption.

28.9 Emergency HVAC Shut-Off.

28.9.1 Provide an emergency shut-off switch per Antiterrorism Standards in a location coordinated with the user.

28.10 Electrical Rooms And Mechanical Rooms.

28.10.1 Mechanical rooms and electrical rooms shall be heated and ventilated. Ventilation rate shall be dictated by the amount of heat. A two-speed, thermostatically-controlled fan shall be provided. The space shall be maintained at 45°F in winter and maximum of 10°F above outside design ambient in summer. Ventilation shall be positively introduced within the mechanical room.

28.11 Telecommunication Rooms.

28.11.1 Each Telecommunications Room shall be air conditioned by the central air-handling unit with an independent air cooled DX split system as back-up. The unit shall be capable of cooling 24 hours per day, 7 days per week. The unit shall maintain a space temperature of 72 degrees F. plus or minus 2 degrees F. The unit shall be sized to dissipate the heat generated by internal equipment and the building structure loads. Provide a space temperature high temperature alarm to report to the building temperature controls system.

28.12 System Maintainability.

28.12.1 Ensure that filters, controls, control valves, and coils are easily accessible for servicing and cleaning. Isolation valves shall be provided for each terminal unit, zone, branch, long runs, etc. as necessary for proper isolation and maintenance. Coils shall be fully removable without requiring demolition of any building components. Piping configuration at all coils shall include unions to facilitate easy coil removal. VAV boxes shall be located within 3 feet of the ceiling, but cannot be located above workstations.

28.13 Commissioning.

28.13.1 The Mechanical system commissioning shall be in accordance with UFGS Specification Section 15995A COMMISSIONING OF HVAC SYSTEMS. Commissioning requirements shall be clearly detailed on the design drawings and shall be clearly stated in the construction specifications to ensure the HVAC systems

are properly installed, balanced and calibrated prior to building occupancy. Commissioning procedures shall be in accordance with ASHRAE Standards.

28.14 Direct Digital Controls.

28.14.1 Electronic direct digital control (DDC) controls shall be used for all equipment. Individual microprocessor based digital equipment controllers will be interconnected to a central local area network for building global communications from a central location. However, all controllers will have stand alone capability, with the respective equipment in each system served form a dedicated control panel. Controllers will be specified with battery backup and surge protection.

The base wide utility management and control system shall be extended for this facility.

The DDC system for this facility will consist of a central building controller connected to lower level application specific equipment controllers through a local area network cable system. A central host computer currently installed in Building 200 at Fort McPherson will be utilized for global system monitoring and remote system setpoint adjustment. The central building controller in this facility will interface to the existing operator's workstation through a phone modem. However, the DDC controllers will have stand alone operational capability, with the respective equipment related to each system served from a dedicated control panel. The central building controller will be equipped to connect to a laptop computer for local setpoint adjustment.

Based on the light torque duty requirements of the control damper and valve operators, it is recommended to provide electric operators. Control valves on all new heat transfer equipment will be three-way.

Individual room temperature control is proposed to be provided through air terminal valves and reheat coils within the supply ductwork system. An application specific controller and room sensor, with local timed override, will be indicated/specified for each air terminal valve. Certain spaces will be indicated to receive unit heaters. Local thermostatic control will be provided for each.

Individual DDC controllers are indicated for each central station AHU. Monitoring and adjustment of all DDC points will be available from the workstation computer.

Mechanical energy using devices will be provided with metering to monitor energy consumption. Totalizing flow measuring meters will be provided on utility services.

28.14.2 Stand alone equipment, such as chillers supplied with packaged controls, shall be installed with all necessary additional communications support equipment for interface with the post-wide DDC system.

28.14.3 Manufacturers. the control system hardware and software shall be INET as manufactured by TAC-Americas, Dallas, TX. The system shall interface with the existing Base wide INET 2000 system manufactured by TAC (formerly CSI, Control Systems International). No hardware or software modifications shall be acceptable to modify the existing system for compatibility with anything other than TAC INET hardware and software available from Federal Supply Schedule #GS-07F-7851C. Software and license must be available for third party use.

28.14.4 Quality Assurance. An ISO9000 certified TAC Branch Office with STAR certification shall provide project management, job site supervision, equipment installation, programming engineering, and graphics generation. Prior to commencement of any work, the contractor shall provide documentation from TAC National Accounts identifying them as STAR certified. The controls installer shall physically install the graphics package (after it is fully de-bugged) on a computer to be determined by the user, at Fort Knox, KY. Proposers shall obtain quotes from a minimum of three certified TAC-Americas installers.

28.15 Acoustical Criteria.

28.15.1 Systems shall be designed to meet the following noise criteria:

Area	NC Level
General open offices	40
Lobbies and common areas	40
Conference rooms	30

Acoustical treatments such as duct lining and sound attenuators shall be used to achieve these levels. Any spaces not specifically listed above shall be coordinated with the user. Vibration transmission from equipment shall be minimized with the use of vibration isolation equipment as required.

28.16 Controls System Specifications.

28.16.1 Automatic temperature controls shall be designed in accordance with specification Section 15951 Direct Digital Control for HVAC. All control devices shall be labeled with laminated plastic tags using unique identifiers, which are cross referenced to the control drawings.

28.17 Energy Conservation.

28.17.1 Public Law 100-615 and Federal Regulations 10 CFR 435 Subpart B, require Federal buildings to be designed and constructed to reduce energy consumption in a life-cycle, cost-effective manner using renewable energy sources when economical. Submittals from the successful bidder shall be in compliance with above and address energy conservation features such as air side economizer cycles, variable frequency drives, etc. System configuration and major equipment selection shall optimize life cycle costs.

28.18 HVAC Calculations.

28.18.1 Design Criteria. Design calculations for determining capacities of all equipment, mechanical systems and components shall be performed by the Contractor, and shall be supported with a complete design analysis. Capacity of all mechanical system components shall be coordinated with the electrical designer. The Design Analysis shall contain all explanatory material giving the design rationale for any decisions that would not be obvious to an engineer reviewing final drawings and specifications. Except as indicated herein, calculations for sizing HVAC systems shall be in accordance with ASHRAE Handbooks, TI 800-01 Design Criteria Technical Instructions, ASHRAE Standard 62 - Ventilation for Acceptable Indoor Air Quality, and Savannah District Design Manual for Military Construction, Volume II of II, NFPA Standards. ASHRAE-based computer generated loads shall be provided and must be submitted with complete input and output data summaries. The design shall reflect heating and cooling capacities based on the design conditions indicated herein. The space (airflow) pressure relationships shall be maintained. The overall building pressurization shall be positive to minimize effects of infiltration.

28.18.2 Internal Loads and Heat Gains.

28.18.2.1 The successful proposer is required and responsible for determining all miscellaneous internal loads (i.e. electronic equipment, equipment layout and locations, etc.) for all areas. Coordination and consultation with the User is required in assessing miscellaneous internal load requirements. Computers, instruments, communication equipment, and A/V equipment are located throughout the facility. Each individual office and each workstation shown on Architectural drawings shall be assumed to include one (1) personal computer for internal load calculations. Break room equipment includes soda vending machine, full size refrigerator, and coffee maker. Documentation and miscellaneous internal load requirements shall be provided within Design Analysis.

28.19 Energy Conscious Design Features Summary - Mechanical/Electrical (All Buildings)

28.19.1 Daylighting design with photocell operation for fixtures in areas with natural daylight.

28.19.2 Fluorescent fixtures provided with electronic ballasts and 32W T-8 lamps. Electronic ballasts will have 0.9 power factor and 5% total harmonic distortion.

28.19.3 The use of incandescent fixtures will be limited to areas requiring dimming.

28.19.4 Occupancy sensors will be provided in low occupancy type rooms (i.e. storage rooms, toilets, janitor's closets, etc.).

28.19.5 Exterior lighting will be controlled by a lighting contactor with photocell on, time clock off operation.

28.19.6 High efficiency motors and motor controllers.

28.19.7 Direct digital controls (DDC) will be utilized. This type of system will enable precise control and energy monitoring of mechanical environmental systems.

28.20 U-Values.

28.20.1 Utilize the U-values presented below as a starting point. These values may be modified if a life cycle cost analysis indicates that a more cost effective value should be used. The life cycle cost analysis shall be based on the Department of Energy (DOE) Federal Energy Management Program (FEMP) criteria according to the provision of the latest version of Code of Federal Regulations, 10 CFR 436A. For guidance on the methodology, refer to National Bureau of Standards Handbook 135, Life Cycle Costing Manual for the Federal Energy Management Program.

Nominal U-Values Btu/square foot - °F for Exposed Floors, Ceilings, and Walls

Heating Degree Days	Opaque Walls	Gross Walls	Ceiling/Roof	Floor
3,095 (Ref 65°F)	0.12	0.217	0.066	0.074

The U-Values above are taken from T1 800-1, table 11-4A in weather region 8. Coordinate actual U-values with the architectural design of the facility.

28.21 Mechanical Equipment.

28.21.1 Mechanical equipment shall be designed in accordance UFGS guide specifications listed in this section of mechanical design and included in the appendix volumes. The equipment described below is a minimum. All materials and equipment provided shall be standard catalogued products of manufacturers regularly engaged in the production of such materials and equipment shall be of the manufacturers' latest standard design. Equipment shall comply with the requirements of Underwriter's Laboratories, Inc. (UL), Air Conditioning Refrigeration Institute (ARI), American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM), National Electric Manufacturer's Association (NEMA), American National Standards Institute (ANSI), National Fire Protection Association (NFPA), or other national trade associations as applicable.

28.21.2 All pieces of floor mounted mechanical equipment shall be installed on a 6 inch thick concrete equipment pad. Provide pad 6 inch larger than equipment footprint on all sides. Install do well pins into floor slab prior to pouring equipment pad. All suspended equipment shall be properly supported according to the manufacturer's instructions. Provide trapeze hangers for larger pieces of equipment. Provide adequate clearance around all pieces of equipment for periodic maintenance, inspection and cleaning. Service of one piece shall not require disturbance of adjacent equipment.

28.21.3 Each pieces of motorized equipment shall be provided with vibration isolators. Nominal deflection and natural frequency of isolation equipment shall be selected based upon equipment size and structural attachment details.

28.21.4 All strainers and air separators are to be equipped with blowdown valves and piped to a floor drain.

28.21.5 The mechanical room shall be separate from the electrical utility room and be accessible from an exterior door. The mechanical room shall house any central equipment for facility comfort conditioning.

28.21.6 Roof mounted equipment is not acceptable. All equipment shall be accessible from the first floor level.

28.22 Air Handling Units.

28.22.1 Air handling units shall be variable air volume, factory packaged, section modular type design, constructed of 2" thick pre-insulated double wall panels. A minimum 15 inch access section with door shall be provided upstream. Between, and downstream of each coil. Maximum coil face velocities shall be limited to 500 feet per minute. Mixing boxes shall be factory or field fabricated and configured with dampers to promote mixing of return air and outdoor air streams. Control dampers shall be constructed to provide no more than 10 CFM/ft^2 air leakage at 4" water column. Angled filter section may be included as part of the mixing box. Cooling coil section shall be provided with a galvanized steel drain pan which will collect coil condensate from all coils. Equip drain pan opening with a liquid trap and clean out plug.

28.22.2 Supply fan section shall be equipped with non-overloading centrifugal fan mounted on a steel base frame. Fan base shall be isolated from air handling unit base rails by the use of housed spring isolators. Fans shall be V-belt driven by belt drives sized for 150% of design power requirement. Provide adjustable sheaves for fans up to 20 Hp.

28.22.3 Each AHU will be located in a mechanical equipment room. Removable louvers or double doors are indicated for major equipment egress. Personnel doors will also be provided for routine maintenance. The Recruiting Brigade Operations Building will be served by one air unit located in the Main Mechanical Room.

28.23 Air Distribution.

28.23.1 Ductwork shall be constructed of sheet metal to SMACNA HVAC Duct Construction Standards, latest edition. Medium pressure high velocity supply ductwork is proposed for the main supply duct runs. The supply ductwork connects to a series of air terminal valves equipped with inlet control dampers, velocity sensors, controllers, and hydronic hot water heating coils. The units serve low velocity ductwork to the ceiling supply air outlets. The air terminal valves will be factory fabricated, single wall steel construction with internal lining. The hot water heating coils will be aluminum fin and copper tube construction. The variable volume air terminal valves will be equipped with minimum ventilation airflow set points. The ceiling diffuser layout and performance will be assessed at the turndown air quantity to assure adequate distribution at low airflows. Louvered face ceiling supply air diffusers will be provided with a minimum of four concentric elements located within the face. Flexible ductwork runouts to terminal devices shall be limited to 5 feet in length, and shall be pre-insulated. Fiberglass duct shall not be used. Each duct branch shall be fitted with a manual balancing damper. All ductwork shall be located above ceiling, supported from roof structures. Ducted return air systems will be utilized from room return grilles to the AHU return inlets. The high velocity ductwork is specified to be sealed and leak tested, except that duct downstream of air terminal valves will not require leak testing. Ductwork leak tests will not be required for 2 inch w.g. and below pressure classes.

28.23.2 Low pressure distribution ductwork shall be installed to SMACNA pressure class 2" wg, seal class C, and leakage class 24 as a minimum. Test ductwork in accordance with SMACNA 10. Access must be provided to all devices or areas that may require periodic inspection, including but not limited to balancing devices, motor operated dampers, flow measuring stations, smoke/fire dampers, etc.

28.23.3 Provide systems with filters, plenums, and all safety controls. Filtration will be provided at the air handling unit in accordance with the requirements of MIL-HDBK 1190 and ASHRAE Test Standard 52-76. The pre-filters will consist of a 4" thick pleated filter to provide 30% efficient filtration; located on the inlet side of the air handling unit. Intermediate stage filters of 80% efficiency will also be provided in the AHU downstream of the pre-filter. In the event of smoke, duct mounted smoke detectors shall shut down the fan per NFPA 90A requirements.

28.24 Duct Insulation.

28.24.1 All supply, return, and outside air ductwork shall be insulated, and shall include vapor barrier. Exposed heating only or exposed return air ductwork shall not be insulated.

28.25 Miscellaneous Fans.

28.25.1 Exhaust fans shall be cabinet type, inline, or wall mounted. Roof mounted fans are not acceptable. Fans shall be V-belt driven by belt drives sized for 150% of design power requirement. Provide adjustable sheaves for fans up to 20 Hp. Small fans not available with V-belt drive may be directly driven. Motor selection shall permit non-overloading operation at all

conditions. All fans shall be provided with vibration isolators to decouple the motor assembly from the fan housing. Suspend fans with vibration isolators from building structure.

28.26 Heating Equipment.

28.26.1 The hot water heating systems shall include gas-fired hot water boilers and circulation pumps for each building. Manufacturer's standard packaged operation controls shall be provided to handle all aspects capacity modulation and safeguarding. Pumps shall be base mounted or in-line type and selected for non-overloading operation at all conditions. Provide a standby/redundant pump. Provide hot water bypass feeder, expansion tanks and air separator tank.

28.27 Piping and Accessories.

28.27.1 Heating water piping shall be Type L copper or ASTM A53 SCH 40 black steel. Ball valves shall be utilized for sizes up to 3", larger piping shall be equipped with gate valves. Butterfly valves are not acceptable. Piping supports shall be in accordance with MSS SP-59 and MSS SP-69. System shall include an air separator, expansion tank, chemical bypass feeder and makeup water connections. Equip circulation pumps with strainers, check valve, balance valve, flexible couplings and isolation valves to permit pump maintenance. Pipe pump body drain and air vents from expansion tank to nearest floor drain. Provide pressure gages arranged such that pump differential pressure may be witnessed. Entire pump assembly shall be mounted on a structural steel frame equipped with housed spring vibration isolators. Provide manual or automatic waterflow control valves at each coil and balancing valve in each loop of piping branch.

28.27.2 Heating hot water piping shall be insulated with 1-1/2" glass fiber insulation. Piping passing through hangers shall be supported on insulation shields.

28.28 Chiller Equipment.

28.28.1 The chilled water system shall include exterior and interior mounted equipment for the building. Chiller components exterior to the building shall be protected from freezing through the use of a glycol solution or heat tape. Manufacturer's standard packaged controls shall be provided to handle all aspects of compressor staging and safeguarding. Pumps shall be base mounted and selected for non-overloading operation at all conditions. Close coupled pumps are not acceptable.

28.29 Chilled Water Piping.

28.29.1 Chilled water piping system shall include an air separator, expansion tank, chemical bypass feeder, makeup water connections, chemical treatment systems, surge tank if system volume is not adequate, temperature and pressure ports, temperature and pressure gages, flow switch, and all other required appurtenances. Equip circulation pumps shall be equipped with strainers, check valve, balance valve, flexible couplings and isolation valves to permit pump maintenance. Pipe pump body drain and air vents from expansion tank to nearest floor drain. Provide pressure gages arranged such that pump differential pressure may be witnessed.

28.29.2 All chilled water piping and exterior water piping shall be insulated. Piping passing through hangers shall be supported on insulation shields.

28.30 Thermostats.

28.30.1 A Thermostat shall be provided for each VAV terminal unit. Small rooms with similar load profiles, may be grouped together on a single thermostat. Thermostat shall not be located in location subject to unrepresentative temperatures.

28.31 Unified Facility Guide Specifications (UFGS).

28.31.1 The project specifications shall be prepared using Unified Facility Guide Specifications (UFGS). The guide specifications shall be edited and adapted by the designer to fit each individual project in accordance with the project requirements. The proposer shall only edit bracketed information. The designer is to delete the inapplicable portions of the guide specifications as required. Deviations will not be allowed without prior approval from the Savannah District. If additional specification sections are required, contact the Savannah District to see if a guide specification exists. If a guide specification does not exist, the Design/Build Contractor will prepare job specific specifications. Specifications sections shall be edited and submitted at the Final Review stage or earlier. Sections shall be submitted in hard copy form that indicates the changes being added and those to be deleted. For example if Microsoft Word is used, this feature is located under “Tools” “Track Changes” “Highlight Changes”.

28.32 Seismic Protection.

28.32.1 Seismic protection (based on the seismic zone and geographical location of project) shall be provided for this project. Design requirements shall be in accordance with Army Technical Instructions TI 809-04, Seismic Design for Buildings, 31 Dec 1998. Detailed narrative and documentation shall be provided in Design Analysis to support the seismic protection design.

28.33 Cathodic Protection.

28.33.1 The Contractor perform all pH tests, salinity tests, resistivity measures, etc., required to design the corrosion control and grounding systems.

Cathodic protection and protective coatings shall be provided for the following buried or submerged ferrous metallic structures regardless of soil or water resistivity in compliance with the National Association of Corrosions Engineers (NACE) criteria and standards.

(1) Natural gas and propane piping.
(2) Fire protection piping.
(3) Ductile or cast iron pressurized piping under floor (slab on grade) in soil.
(4) Underground heat distribution and chilled water piping in ferrous metallic conduit in soils with resistivity of 30,000 ohm-cm or less.
(5) Steel casing for underground hydraulic elevator jack.

28.34 Quality and Workmanship of Mechanical Equipment, Piping systems, Materials and System Components.

28.34.1 The project specifications form the basis for the required level of workmanship and quality of all equipment, piping systems, materials, and system components provided for this project. All materials and equipment provided shall be standard catalogued products of manufacturers regularly engaged in the production of such materials and equipment shall be of the manufacturers' latest standard design. All products shall be supported by a service organization. All mechanical system components shall be

environmentally suitable for the intended application. Roof mounted equipment is not acceptable to be used on this project. All floor-mounted equipment shall be installed on concrete equipment pads. Equipment pads shall extend a minimum of 6 inches beyond the footprint of the equipment on all sides. All suspended equipment shall be properly supported according to the manufacturer's instructions. Vibration isolation devices shall be provided for all equipment which house rotating components, and shall be in accordance with equipment manufacturer’s recommendation.

28.35 Mechanical Systems Maintainability and Accessibility.

28.35.1 Accessibility features (i.e. access panels, etc.) shall be designed and included in this project as required to allow complete access to all mechanical systems and system components which are concealed, or require adjustment, inspection, maintenance, and replacement. Provide adequate clearance around all pieces of equipment for periodic maintenance, inspection and cleaning. Service of one piece of equipment shall not require disturbance of adjacent equipment.

28.36 Work Coordination

28.36.1 The contractor is responsible for insuring that the installation of all mechanical features required is coordinated with the work of all other trades.

28.37 Testing, Adjusting, and Balancing (TAB) of HVAC Systems.

28.37.1 All HVAC systems shall be tested, adjusted, and balanced in accordance with the requirements of AABC or NEBB Procedural Standards. UFGS Specification Section 15990A TESTING, ADJUSTING, AND BALANCING OF HVAC SYSTEMS forms the basis for HVAC system TAB. The TAB Firm shall be either a member of AABC or certified by NEBB or certified by The National Energy Management Institute’s (NEMI) Testing, Adjusting and Balancing Bureau, and certified in all mechanical system categories applicable to this project. The TAB Standard shall be used for all aspects of TAB.

28.37.2 A comprehensive test and balance (TABS) effort of the entire facility will be required.

28.37.3 All new airside systems require TABS in order to validate space pressure relationships, pressure relationships between departments, and the pressure relationships between interior and exterior spaces.

28.37.4 Air quantities will be indicated for each distribution device. Operating conditions of all air moving equipment will be scheduled. Outdoor air dampers will be adjusted to correspond to the building exhaust air quantities.

28.37.5 All new waterside equipment requires TABS in order to verify energy distribution and consumption. Water quantities will be indicated for each heat transfer element and pump.

28.37.6 Commissioning of all new mechanical equipment will be conducted. The commissioning effort will verify that system components are adequately installed, are operating within the tolerances of the design, control components are calibrated, and that the TABS work was conducted effectively.

29. ELECTRICAL DESIGN.

29.1 Codes and Standards.

29.1.1 The design and construction of the electrical systems shall be in compliance with: (1) Applicable building codes and standards listed in paragraph 8, (2) as required herein, and (3) the referenced Unified Facility Guide Specifications (UFGS). Guide specifications are referenced in this RFP for their use in preparation of the design and shall be edited consistent with the criteria furnished. The most current edition of the codes and standards shall be used for building construction and life safety design. Where there is a conflict between the RFP and the codes and standards the most stringent shall apply. When codes and standards are in conflict, the most stringent shall apply.

29.1.2 The 60% and Final Design submittals shall meet the drawings, specifications and design analysis formats and requirements set forth in the Design Manual for Military Construction.

29.2 Site Electrical.

29.2.1 Primary cable shall be rated 15 KV EPR, 133%, MV-90, 3#2 copper conductors. Provide cable terminators, fused cutouts, lightning arrestors and all necessary hardware. Pad mounted transformers shall have liquid level gauge, liquid temperature gauge, drain valve, bayonet fusing, loop feed, pressure relief valve, tap changer, KWH digital demand metering package (compatible with the Base’s EMCS system), rated 12,470 volt delta, (secondary voltage as determined by design), dead front, bolted tank cover, corrugated cooling fins, steel divider, RTE bushing wells, ground pads, 4-position sectionalizing load break switch, 65 degree rise, R-temp filled (non-PCB), 95 KV BIL, green color, six hole spade secondary lugs, parking stands, filling plug, pressure-vacuum gauge, C.T.’s grounding lug, and lifting lugs.

29.2.2 The point of connection to the Base 15 kV underground distribution system will be obtained from an existing riser pole located in close proximity to the EOD Group HQ and CO Ops Facility. Refer to the Utility Site Plan. Provide manhole(s) as required.

29.2.3 A minimum two-way 4-inch concrete encased duct-bank (one conduit for the phase conductors, the other for a spare) shall be provided from a manhole to the pad mounted transformer. Jack and bore under all existing roads crossed. The duct bank shall be a minimum 30 inches below grade.

29.2.4 Any outages on the existing systems shall be scheduled for an off peak time (night, weekend, holiday) to be determined by the Ft. Gillem’s DPW. Full preparation shall be done before the outage to keep the downtime duration to a minimum. Design/Build Contractor shall schedule all work items requiring an outage on the same feeder to be accomplished concurrently during the single outage. All coordination with the Ft. Gillem’s DPW shall be done through the Contracting Officer's Representative.

29.2.5 The landscape architect shall be consulted to provide appropriate screening of the pad-mounted transformer.

29.3 Site Telecommunications.

29.3.1 The connection point to serve the Recruiting Brigade Operations Building will be had from an existing telecommunications manhole located east of the intersection of North 30th Street and North S Avenue. A four-way 4-inch duct bank will be provided from the existing telecommunications manhole to a new intermediate telecommunications manhole. Duct bank will be routed parallel to North 30th Street in a northerly direction with the new intermediate telecommunications manhole located within 595 feet max. of

existing manhole. From this manhole a two-way 4-inch duct bank will be extended 595 feet max. to a new telecommunications manhole serving this facility. A two-way 4-inch duct bank will be extended into the facility's MDF (Main Distribution Frame) Room from the manhole serving this facility. One of the 4-inch ducts shall be provided with 4 - 1-inch innerducts for the entire run from the existing telecommunications manhole into the MDF Room. Duct banks shall be concrete encased under paved areas. Exact location shall be coordinated with Fort Gillem's DPW and DOIM through the Contracting Officer's Representative. Refer to Appendix L and to the Utility Plan for requirements. The Contractor will extend copper and fiber optic cable plants to the Area Distribution Node (ADN) and make connections. The Design/Build Contractor shall provide a 300 pair, 24 AWG, copper, underground cable and a 24-strand single mode, underground fiber optic cable to serve this facility. The Design/Build Contractor will extend and terminate the copper cable plant from the Building Entrance Terminal to the CO patch panel located in the ADN. The Contractor will provide and install 100-pair connecting blocks with 85 foot pigtails in the MDF rack in the ADN. The Contractor will extend and terminate the fiber optic cable plant on both ends on fiber optic patch panels with SC type connectors. The fiber optic patch panels and patch cords with SC type connectors will be provided by the Contractor in the ADN and MDF Room with the exception that the fiber optic patch cords in the ADN shall be provided with SC type connectors on one end and ST type connectors on the other end. Cross-connections to the Building Entrance Terminal and DCO will be performed by DOIM. Coordinate final connections with Fort Gillem's DOIM through the Contracting Officer's Representative. All cable installed by the Design/Build Contractor MUST be done by a certified telephone technician; not an electrician. One 4-inch duct stubbed out 5 feet outside the building from the MDF Room will be provided for CATV service. The successful Design/Build Contractor shall coordinate work with the local CATV supplier to ensure that CATV cable plants are extended to the building. Duct banks shall be a minimum 24 inches below grade. The telecommunications ductlines shall be concrete encased under roads and all areas subject to vehicle traffic. A pull wire shall be provided in all empty ducts.

29.3.2 The Design/Build Contractor shall exercise care when working around the existing cables in the existing upstream manhole. Any cables damaged by the Design/Build Contractor shall be repaired or replaced by the Design/Build Contractor immediately and at no additional cost to the Government.

29.3.3 Manhole(s)/Duct Bank. The manhole shall be 38Y-J4. The manhole will require a sump, ground rod, straps and cable racks. Elevations of the existing manhole(s) and the duct lines entering and leaving the manhole(s) shall be shown. Any manhole located in traffic areas shall be rated for a H20 wheel loading as defined by AASHTO HB-13.

29.3.4 Coordinate the exact elevation, placement and orientation of telecommunications manholes with Fort Gillem's DOIM through the Contracting Officer's Representative. Coordinate the tie-in of new ducts with Fort Gillem's DOIM through the Contracting Officer's Representative. The ducts shall be placed in the lowest terminators. No conduit crossovers in the telecommunications manholes will be allowed.

29.3.5 Manhole and duct bank systems must be completed (to include pumped out and clean), inspected and accepted by DOIM at least 6 months prior to the BOD (Beneficiary Occupancy Date) for the project.

29.3.6 Telephone Installer. Outside plant installers shall have a minimum of two (2) years' experience in telecommunications installation and repair to include installing and/or repair and maintains manual, dial, and touchtone telephone equipment. Read and interprets circuit diagrams and follows

standard procedures. Runs wire between components and to the outside cable system. Install molding, insulators, connectors, terminal boxes, and other protective and support items. Installing telephone sets, transmitters, receivers, condensers, relays, induction coils, multiple switch keys, ringers and buzzers. Checks the system for proper operation and for such characteristics as volume, clarity and continuity. Use such test equipment as hand test sets, volt-ohmmeters, ammeters, and tone testers. All CAT6 cable must be installed and terminated by a Certified installer.

29.3.7 Cable Splice. Cable splicing personnel shall have a minimum of two (2) years' experience in the installation, maintenance, repair, and testing of multiple conductor aerial, underground, and buried multi-purpose communications cable to include coaxial and fiber optic cable. Copper/twisted pair cable will be spliced using the appropriate cable splicing technique and equipment, to include multiple pair/machine splicing. Fiber optic technician must have manufacturer's training in current methods/techniques of installation and splicing; installation of telecommunication and networking cabling; and termination of cabling for both vertical and horizontal installations.

29.3.8 For additional criteria, See Installation Information Infrastructure Architecture (I3A) Design and Implementation Guide and Outside Plant Performance Requirements.

29.4 Utility Routing.

29.4.1 All power and telecommunications ductlines shall be concrete encased under all roads, paved areas and any other areas subject to vehicular traffic. Jack and bore under all existing roads crossed.

29.4.2 Coordinate the installation of the underground electric and telecommunication lines with all other new utilities which shall include but not be limited to: power, telecommunications, storm drains, sanitary sewers, water lines, steam lines, high temp water lines, chilled water lines, gas lines, and any other utilities. The minimum separation between electric or telecommunications lines and other utility lines shall be 36 inches vertically and 36 inches horizontally when running adjacent. If utilities are crossing minimum separation shall be 12 inches vertically. In the case of concrete encasement, the clearances shall be measured from the outermost dimension of the utility line and shall have suitable supports on each side of the upper line to prevent transferring any direct load onto the lower line.

29.4.3 Prior to commencing work on any new underground power or telecommunication line, the Design/Build Contractor shall stake the route of each line and indicate the exact location of all new ducts, primary sectionalizing cabinets and switches, manholes and transformers for approval by the Post’s DIS and DOIM, and by the Contracting Officer's Representative.

29.4.4 The routing of the secondary and telecommunications service ductlines into the buildings shall be coordinated with the structural footings to avoid any conflicts.

29.4.5 New underground utilities including manholes shall be located outside the tree drip lines of existing trees scheduled to remain. Ducts that cannot be routed around tree drip lines shall be tunneled through the drip line area as approved by the Contracting Officer's Representative.

29.5 Grounding.

29.5.1 The secondary electrical distribution system shall be the solidly grounded neutral type with no intentionally introduced grounding impedance. Grounding shall be in accordance with Article 250, National Electrical Code. A green insulated grounding conductor shall be provided with all branch and feeder wiring.

29.5.2 The Premises Distribution System shall be grounded in accordance with TIA/EIA 607 and I3A. Install a #6 ground conductor at the telephone terminal backboard and IMO equipment racks and connect to the building's grounding electrode system. Leave sufficient slack cable to reach any part of the terminal backboard equipment racks.

29.5.3 A grounding counterpoise shall be provided around the transformer pad and chiller. Counterpoises and ground ring shall be bonded together underground. The transformer and chiller counterpoise, the main electrical panel, the main communications ground, building steel, and lightning protection down conductors shall be connected to the ground ring.

29.5.4 Grounding conductors shall be copper. Driven grounding electrodes shall be 3/4 inch diameter solid rods of the following materials: copper or copper-clad steel.

29.5.5 Even though ground rods are indicated above, the grounding system shall be designed for a maximum of 5 ohms. Chemical or other similar designs, which calls for the USER to maintain the system, will not be used. Impedance measurements should be made using a direct reading ground resistance meter. Documentation will be provided to the Contracting Officer's Representative.

29.5.6 Grounding and bonding shall conform to UL 467.

29.6 Exterior Lighting

29.6.1 The design of exterior lighting and associated lighting levels not indicated shall be in accordance with the Illuminating Engineering Society, IES, Lighting Handbook Reference and Application, 9th Edition. Exterior lighting shall include parking lots, canopies, motor pool area, loading areas, and facility entrances/exits. All exterior lighting shall be zoned and shall have a separate photocell for control. Each contactor/zone shall be equipped with Hand-Off-Auto switches, location of controls shall be coordinated with the User after Contract award. Parking lot and motor pool areas shall be illuminated to 1 footcandle utilizing high pressure sodium lamped, full cut-off, shoebox type lighting fixtures to match MEPS project, mounted on 30 feet square aluminum poles. Where poles are located in areas capable of being struck by a vehicle, poles shall be mounted on concrete pedestals (height to be determined during the design of the project). Aluminum poles mounted in turf or landscaping areas shall be mounted on concrete pedestals 3 inches in height above the ground. Facility entrances/exits shall be illuminated with wall mounted fixtures or recessed fixtures mounted in the soffit, if applicable. All exterior fixtures shall be dark bronze anodized aluminum.

29.6.3 Metal poles shall be the pole manufacturer's standard design for supporting the number of fixtures indicated. Poles shall be designed for a wind velocity of 100 mi/hr at the base of the pole, for a wind gust factor of 1.3, and for the height and drag factors recommended by AASHTO LTS-3. The effective projected area of luminaries and other pole-mounted devices shall be taken into account in pole design. Poles shall have grounding provisions. The type of pole shaft material provided shall not be mixed for the same type of fixture types. Grounding connection shall be provided near the bottom of each metal pole and at each concrete pole anchor base. Scratched, stained, chipped, or dented poles shall not be installed.

29.7 Lighting.

29.7.1 Lighting shall be provided in all rooms in the building. Average maintained horizontal illumination levels at 30 inches above the finished floor shall be provided as listed in TI 800-01 Design Criteria. Vertical illumination levels for all rooms and horizontal and vertical illumination levels for rooms or areas that are not listed on the Schedules in TI-800-01 shall be in accordance with the Illuminating Engineering Society, IES, Lighting Handbook Reference and Application, 9th Edition. The IES handbook shall also be consulted for additional lighting requirements (uniformity, etc). Design should be based on the middle of the ranges; not the high values. Energy conservation methods shall be in accordance with ASHRAE 90.1. Interior lighting calculations shall be performed utilizing the point-by-point method .

29.7.2 General ambient illumination shall provide a generally glare-free, high quality lighting environment. Linear-type fluorescent lighting installations in offices, conference room, workroom, file rooms and similar spaces shall achieve Visual Comfort Probabilities (VCP) of 70 or higher. Fluorescent lamps for general purpose lighting will be cool white, 4100 degrees Kelvin with a minimum CRI of 80.

29.7.3 Occupancy sensors shall be used in individual offices, conference rooms, lounges, storage rooms and restrooms. Occupancy sensors may also be used in other areas for energy savings.

29.7.4 Fluorescent lamps shall be T8 or compact. Fluorescent ballast shall be the electronic type, energy efficient. All fluorescent lamps shall be low mercury content certified to pass the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) Toxic Characteristics Leaching Procedures (TCLP) test for non-hazardous waste.

29.7.5 Wall switches shall be located on the strike side of a door, 6 inches from the door opening, unless otherwise functionally required. Multiple switching will be provided for rooms as directed by the user, where indicated on standard room guide plates, and in large rooms and areas. Multiple switching through the same light fixtures will be achieved by providing these fixtures with two ballasts. One switch/ballast combination will control the inner lamps, while the second switch/ballast combination will control the outer lamps.

29.7.6 Emergency Egress Lighting

29.7.6.1 Illuminated exit signs and emergency lights shall be provided for all emergency exits and passageways as required by the NFPA 101 Life Safety Code. The Conference/Training Room, MEDD Meeting Room, electrical, telecommunications and mechanical rooms shall also be provided with emergency lighting. Exit signs shall be LED (red) with built-in battery backup capability. Emergency lighting fixtures shall shall be fed from the emergency generator set.

29.7.6.2 Upon loss of power the emergency lamp shall light regardless of the light switch position.

29.7.7 Incandescent lighting fixtures may be utilized only in small, infrequently used areas, such as janitor closets.

29.7.8 Parabolic louvered, linear type fluorescent lamped lighting fixtures and dimming capabilities shall be provided for Conference Room/Training Room.

29.7.9 Security lighting shall be provided at service entrances and at utility rooms (i.e. mechanical, electrical, telecommunications, etc.). Exterior wall mounted security light fixtures shall be shrouded to minimize glare. Fixture shall use compact fluorescent lamps whenever possible; where compact fluorescent lamps are inadequate, fixtures shall be equipped with high pressure sodium lamps.

29.7.10 Wall mounted light fixtures at main entrances and other high visibility areas shall be selected for aesthetics and compatibility with the building architecture.

29.7.11 Lighting shall be provided for specialty items such as display cases, accent lighting and other items as necessary.

29.7.12 See Appendix A - Functional Room Requirements for additional information.

29.8 Receptacles

29.8.1 Provide a minimum of one general-purpose 120 volt, 20 ampere duplex receptacle outlet on each wall in every room. In rooms where walls exceed 10 feet horizontally, provide an additional duplex outlet for each additional 10 feet of wall or fraction thereof. Receptacles spacing shall not exceed 10 feet. The general-purpose receptacles are in addition to the special purpose and dedicated outlets for special equipment. Unless otherwise indicated or required for handicap, all receptacles will be 18 inches above finish floor (AFF). Receptacles mounted above counter tops or in any control desk areas shall be appropriately mounted.

29.8.2 Receptacles in corridors shall be provided for floor cleaning equipment. The receptacles shall be spaced in such a manner as to permit full coverage by the equipment with a 25 feet extension cord. Floor receptacles shall not be used.

29.8.3 Provide power to an overhead projector system to be used in the Conference Room/Training Room. Provide the necessary power, conduits, wiring, outlets, etc. for the User to connect a laptop computer to operate with this projector. Location of these outlets will be coordinated with the User after contract award. A 1-1/2 inch conduit shall be provided from the projector outlet stubbed into the A/V Closet. Provide two NEMA 5-20R, duplex receptacles, each on a dedicated branch circuit in the A/V Closet.

29.8.4 Each computer workstation shall be provided with a quadraplex receptacle outlet adjacent to the combination voice/data outlet. All receptacles serving computer equipment shall be labeled and served from dedicated branch circuits with no more than four receptacles per circuit.

29.8.5 Special Function Receptacles

29.8.5.1 Appropriate outlet types shall be provided for items identified in other portions of the RFP (i.e. coffee pots, vending machines, overhead motorized projectors and screens, etc.) Provide appropriate outlet types for any Government furnished equipment identified.

29.8.5.2 Outlets on dedicated branch circuits shall be provided for fax machines, laser printers, telephone terminal backboard, and items identified in other portions of the RFP. The user may adjust locations after the Final Review stage.

29.8.5.3 A NEMA 5-20R, 20A, 120V duplex receptacle and NEMA 15-20R, 250V, Simplex receptacle on dedicated branch circuits shall be provided at each copier location.

29.8.6 Receptacles in weatherproof enclosures shall be provided on the outside areas at entrances to all buildings.

29.8.7 Ground Fault Circuit Interrupter (GFCI) Outlets

GFCI outlets are to be used for 20-amp convenience type outlets in the following areas: Outdoor, wet locations, toilets, locations as directed by user, and other locations as required by the National Electric Code or OSHA. GFCI receptacles are to be wired such that the loss of power on one receptacle does not affect downstream receptacles.

29.8.8 Two dedicated quadraplex receptacles each will be provided in the MDF and Telecommunication spaces to serve the NIPRnet (Non-Secure Internet Protocol network) and the SIPRnet (Secured Internet Protocol network) cabinets. Provide two additional NEMA 5-20R duplex receptacles and one NEMA L6-30R as designated by the customer, each on a dedicated branch circuit.

29.8.9 See Appendix A - Functional Room Requirements for additional information.

29.9 Premises Distribution System (PDS)

29.9.1 A completely operational cabling system including, but not limited to, all necessary raceway, cabling, terminations, jacks, patch panels, and faceplates shall be provided in accordance with TIA/EIA 568-B. All combination outlets (voice/data) and cable TV (CATV) outlets will be 18 inches above finish floor (AFF) except wall voice outlets will be 54 inches AFF. Two modular connectors, one for voice and one for data, and two blank inserts for future fiber optic connectors will be in the same outlet faceplate. The cable for the outlet will be 4 pair, 24 AWG solid unshielded twisted pair (category 6) copper, white in color for voice and a 4 pair, 24 AWG solid unshielded twisted pair (category 6), blue in color for data. A pull wire will be provided for future fiber optic cabling. Termination of copper at instrument end will be in a eight position connector (Category 6) for voice and eight position connector (category 6) for data. Terminations at the MDF (voice) and Lan Room (Data) will be a 110 type patch panel. A dedicated equipment rack will be provided for Voice/Central Office and another for Data. Voice and data patch panels installed in the MDF Room shall be mounted in 23” equipment racks. Data patch panels installed in the LAN Room shall be mounted in 19” equipment racks. Design-build contractor to provide space for DOIM and customer equipment. An outdoor telephone outlet in a weatherproof enclosure shall be provided at a location as directed by the user. Refer to Appendix A, Functional Room Requirements, for device locations and quantities.

29.9.1.1 Contractor will provide and install the Building Entrance Terminals, fiber optics patch panels and backboards for the building. Patch cords, Category 6 and fiber optics, SC type connectors will be provided by the Contractor for DOIM’s terminations. DOIM will cross connect from CO terminals to the voice patch panels and from the data switch to the data patch panels. Design Build Contractor to provide space for DOIM’s equipment.

29.9.1.2 All combination voice and data jacks shall be installed in a 4-1/2" x 2-1/8" deep square box with a single gang plaster ring with 1" conduit stubbed out into the corridor cable tray system. The single gang plaster ring will allow a four-position single gang faceplate to be installed and the box will be sized to accommodate the slack cable.

29.9.1.3 The CATV system will consist of RG59/U coaxial cable, "F" type connectors and outlets located in areas as noted in Appendix A, Functional Room Requirements. In conference rooms and training rooms there will be a coaxial switch to allow direct input from portable VCRs. Confirm locations at pre-design conference. Taps will be provided to distribute the television signals throughout the facility. Headend equipment will be provided by the local CATV company to produce a +6 to +12 dBmv signal level at each outlet. The program distribution source will be by the local CATV company supplying service to thePost.

29.9.2 Backbone distribution will consist of multi-pair copper cable for voice and a 12-strand single mode fiber optic cable for data. The fiber optic data cable will be terminated on fiber optic patch panels mounted in the MDF and LAN Room equipment rack. The fiber optic cable will be terminated using SC type connectors and positioned in the patch panel in each correlation. A 100 pair, 24 AWG, copper PVC telecommunications cable will be installed between the MDF Room and LAN Room on the equipment racks. This cable will be terminated at both ends on 110 type patch panels in exact correlation.

29.9.3 Conduit from voice/data or CATV outlets shall be a minimum of 1-inch electrical metallic tubing (EMT) conduit. One inch EMT conduits shall be installed as a "home run" between the MDF room backboard/rack and each outlet or between each outlet and the cable tray. SIPRnet voice/data/fiber cables shall be installed as a homerun in non-ferrous conduit from the outlet box to the equipment rack. "Home-run" means one continuous conduit run with NO pull boxes and NO more than two 90-degree bends in the entire conduit run. Solid bottom cable trays shall be used to provide a centralized cable distribution system in all the buildings if space permits and is readily accessible. Cable trays (if used) shall be no higher than 6 inches above finished ceilings. The cable tray shall be provided with one square-inch of cross-sectional area per outlet location to be served. An optimal fill ratio of 40% should be the design plan. A working space of 12 inches minimum above the cable tray shall be provided. The EMT conduit shall be physically strapped to the cable tray and an anti-chaffing grommet attached. All empty conduits routed to outlet boxes shall be provided with a pull cord. All conduits to administrative outlet boxes shall be provided with a pull cord for future installation of fiber optic cable (FOC).

29.9.4 Outlet Density. For planning purposes, when actual voice/data outlet locations are not known and cannot be determined with available information, reasonably accurate total voice/data outlet count estimations can be obtained based on the size and dedicated usage of the space. Calculations are based on gross square footage (overall building footprint without deducting for hallways, equipment rooms, restrooms, etc.), and the average outlet density for that specific category of facility space. Currently, eight categories of facility space are identified, each with its own average voice/data outlet density. The factors fall within the ranges given in TIA/EIA 569A.

	Facility Space Category	Area (SF) per Outlet
a.	Administrative Space	80
b.	Technical Space	50
c.	Medical/Clinic Space	80
d.	Classroom Space	80
e.	Warehouse Space	1000

The above outlet densities represent minimum requirements. Refer to Appendix A, Functional Room Requirements for specific quantities.

29.9.5 System Furniture Wiring. Modular furniture must be wired in accordance with TIA/EIA TSB 75 Multi-User Telecommunications Outlet Assembly (MUTOA)/Consolidation Point (CP).

29.9.6 Copper and Fiber Optic Cable Testing. The Contractor shall utilize the equipment manufacturer's standard commercial/quality assurance practices during system installation. The Contractor shall document all results. Contractor will test all copper and fiber optic cable IAW TIA/EIA standards in the presence of a DOIM's representative and provide test results. Contractor shall provide the DOIM with a minimum of two weeks notice prior to testing.

29.9.7 Bends and Sweeps. Accomplish changes in direction of runs exceeding a total of 10 degrees, either vertically or horizontally, by long sweeping bends having a minimum radius of 25 feet; exception—manufactured bends may be used on subsidiary/lateral conduit at the riser pole or building entrance. Long sweeps may be made up of one or more curved or straight sections and/or combinations thereof. Manufactured bends shall have a minimum radius of 24 inches for all conduits 3 inches in diameter or larger. Conduits shall terminate in bell ends at point of entrance into manhole.

29.9.8 SIPRnet services shall be provided to those locations identified in Appendix A, Functional Room Requirements. The customer will provide an approved container for electronics in the LAN Room and lock boxes for SIPRnet outlets at the specified locations. Outlet boxes shall be surface mounted with a 3/4 inch conduit stubbed into the back of the outlet box and extended to the approved container.

29.9.9 Provide a CATV outlet and a combination voice/data outlet, wall mounted in the A/V Closet.

29.9.10 Pull String. Pull string shall be installed in each new conduit or innerduct/subduct. A minimum of 5 feet of pull string shall be provided at each end of the conduit. The pull string shall be coiled and secured to the wall.

29.9.11 For additional criteria, See Installation Information Infrastructure Architecture (I3A) Design and Implementation Guide and TIA/EIA standards.

29.9.12 Mass Notification System. The contractor will install a Mass Notification System (Individual Building System type) as required by Unified facilities Criteria (UFC) 4-021-01 dated 18 December 2002. The contractor will ensure that the design is reviewed and approved by Installation Director of Information Management (DOIM) personnel. The system installation will include testing for proper performance. The manual can be viewed at:

http://www.hnd.usace.army.mil/techinfo

Look in the Engineering Publications section for the UFC manual index.

29.10 Fire Alarm System.

29.10.1 The building will have an automatic fire sprinkler system. The fire alarm system will consist of a control panel, manual pull stations, horns and strobe lights, sprinkler water flow switches, valve tamper switches, air pressure supervisory switches, control and monitor modules for non-addressable

devices and smoke and heat detectors. Fire Alarm system for this building shall comply with the Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA).

29.10.2 In addition to the manual pull stations at all exits, provide pull stations at all other exterior entrances and the mechanical room. In addition to the horns/strobes throughout the facility, provide them also in the mechanical room.

29.10.3 Provide horns/strobes throughout the facility so that alarm sound levels at any location are at least 15 dB above normal ambient sound levels and can be heard in all rooms (i.e. in shower with water running). Provide strobe lights to comply with NFPA 72-2002. Strobe lights shall meet Underwriter's Laboratories (UL) Standard 1971 and shall be synchronized.

29.10.4 The fire alarm system shall be a completely supervised system employing analog addressable initiating devices and multiplex communication techniques. Each detection, monitor and control device shall be individually addressable. Devices which are not inherently addressable (i.e. tamper, flow switches etc.) shall be equipped with addressable monitor and control modules.

29.10.5 Coordinate with the other disciplines to provide tamper switches on all fire alarm system control valves and the Post Indicator Valve (PIV).

29.10.6 Conduit and wiring shall be installed in accordance with Specifications Section 13851A. System shall be a four wire, two conduit loop system. Vertical and horizontal separation of conduits shall be in accordance with NFPA 72. Conduits are to be marked with a red stripe every 10 feet. All junction or pullboxes shall be painted red.

29.10.7 Provide cabinet mounted MOV based surge protection device in addition to surge protection integral to the FACP. Device shall be UL 1449 listed and shall satisfy the requirements of IEEE C62.41.

29.10.8 Provide a Monaco Fire Alarm Transmitter, BT2-4. The transmitter shall be fully compatible with Base central receiving station, D500 Monaco System. The central station configuration shall be adjusted as necessary to receive and interpret the input from the transmitter. Locate the Fire Alarm Control Panel (FACP) and the transmitter in the Electrical Rooms.

29.10.9 Provide a smoke detector at the location of the FACP as required by NFPA 72, 1-5.6.

29.10.10 Fire alarm activation by any device shall cause all HVAC units to shut down.

29.10.11 The authority having jurisdiction or representative shall provide direction and guidance for location of the fire alarm control panel, MONACO transmitter, and ups for each.

29.10.12 The contractor/installer shall test all components and devices in the presence of a Fort McPherson / Fort Gillem Fire Prevention Inspector. Contractor/ Installer personnel shall be provided until all testing is complete and deficiencies corrected.

29.10.13 Any device or component found defective during initial testing and corrected or replaced shall be retested.

29.10.14 Spaces above the drop ceiling shall be protected by detection devices designed for areas above the ceiling.

29.10.15 All testing shall meet National Fire Protection Association, Uniform Fire Code 1, and Life Safety Code 101. All testing shall also comply with Unified Facilities Criteria 3-600.

29.11 Service Equipment.

29.11.1 Provide only one main service disconnect device for the normal power supply to the facility and located in the Main Distribution Panel (MDP) inside each building.

29.11.2 The main service equipment and all other electrical equipment shall fit into the space required and provided with all the access and clearance required by code.

29.11.3 A short-circuit and overcurrent protective device coordination study shall be provided for the complete electrical distribution system.

29.11.4 All interior cables will be copper. No aluminum conductors will be used in the construction of this facility. The use of 75 or 90 degrees C terminals and insulated conductors are required.

29.12 Electrical Disconnects. Electrical disconnects shall be installed adjacent to equipment and accessible to equipment operators for the following equipment: Motors and equipment as required by the NEC and OSHA requirements.

29.13 Lightning Protection. Lightning protection shall be provided for the buildings. A complete protection via air terminals and ground rod test wells shall be provided. The system shall have the appropriate U.L. master label installed on the building. Down and roof conductors shall be concealed within the buildings. Lightning Protection System shall be in accordance with NFPA 780.

29.14 Transient Voltage Surge Suppression (TVSS). Surge suppressors shall parallel the operating devices in providing a path to ground for an electrical surge and limiting the magnitude of transient voltage surges on the system. Units shall be mounted adjacent to the Main Distribution Panel in accordance with the manufacturer recommendation. Unit shall be hard-wired into the electrical distribution system utilizing a circuit breaker connection. Units shall be tested in accordance with IEEE C62.45 using an IEEE C62.41 Category B waveform. Units shall be UL 1449 listed and labeled. Modes of protection shall be normal mode (L-N, L-L) and common mode (L-G, N-G). The unit shall include self-diagnostic and self-testing capabilities, a resettable transient event counter, and a local audible alarm with mute capability.

29.15 Card Access System. Provide power and signal as described under paragraph 21.11 Access Control System to provide a complete and functional system.

29.16 Cathodic Protection.

29.16.1 The Contractor shall perform all pH tests, salinity tests, resistivity measures, etc., required to design the corrosion control and grounding systems.

Cathodic protection and protective coatings shall be provided for the following buried or submerged ferrous metallic structures regardless of soil or water resistivity in compliance with the National Association of Corrosions Engineers (NACE) criteria and standards.
(1) Natural gas and propane piping.

(2) Fire protection piping.
(3) Ductile or cast iron pressurized piping under floor (slab on grade) in soil.
(4) Underground heat distribution and chilled water piping in ferrous metallic conduit in soils with resistivity of 30,000 ohm-cm or less.

29.17 The electrical system shall comply with the Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) for buildings identified in the RFP with this requirement.

29.18 The design and construction of the electrical system shall be in accordance with the most current codes and standards. Provide adequate electrical power and safe and efficient distribution from panelboards, switchboards to lighting, wiring devices, motors, miscellaneous equipment, kitchen equipment, appliances and the locations where it is needed, based on the project requirements as contained within this RFP (architectural, mechanical, etc).

29.18.1 The design of the electrical distribution system shall include twenty-five percent future load growth in all cable and equipment. Twenty-five percent spares shall be provided in all lighting and receptacle panelboards.

29.18.2 Panelboards serving the loads for the rest of the building shall not be located in corridors or any other open places that the public can access.

29.18.3 Series rated breakers/panelboards shall not be used.

29.19 Nonlinear Loads. The increasing presence of solid-state switching mode power supply components in electrical equipment requires the designer to consider the equipment to be supplied by the distribution system and to make provisions for nonlinear loads in the building. These loads generate harmonics, which can overload conventionally-sized conductors or equipment causing safety hazards and premature failures. ETL 1110-3-403, IEEE Std. 1100 and IEEE Std. 519 shall be used as design guides.

29.19.1 ETL 1110-3-412 shall be used in the selection and application of transformers and dielectrics. K-rated transformers shall be supplied to serve nonlinear loads. “K” factor ratings shall be scheduled. Panelboards serving nonlinear loads shall have double-rated neutral buses. Motors connected to the same power source as nonlinear loads shall also be upgraded in size similarly. True RMS sensing meters, relays, and circuit breaker trip elements shall be used with nonlinear loads.

29.20 For additional electrical criteria, See TI-800-01 Design Criteria, Appendix A - Functional Room Requirements for additional information.

29.21 Emergency Generator (Options 1 and 6).

29.21.1 The emergency generator set will be rated for stand-by duty and dual fuel, natural gas and liquid propane. The emergency generator set and ATS ratings will be based on the following loads: Egress lighting, server UPS’, Card Access System, six dedicated branch circuits, MDF and LAN Room branch circuits, LAN Room A/C unit, AHU blower, FACP and transmitter, exhaust fans and temperature control system. Coordinate criteria and extent of building systems coverage provided by the emergency generator set with the Contracting Officer’s Representative.

29.22 Seismic Protection.

29.22.1 Seismic protection (based on the seismic zone and geographical

location of project) shall be provided for this project. Design requirements shall be in accordance with Army Technical Instructions TI 809-04, Seismic Design for Buildings, 31 Dec 1998. Detailed narrative and documentation shall be provided in Design Analysis to support the seismic protection design.

29.23 Location of Documents referenced in Section 29.

29.23.1 TI-800-01 & TI-800-04 - http://www.hnd.usace.army.mil/techinfo/ti.htm

29.23.2 Specifications Sections - http://www.ccb.org/ufgs/ufgs.htm

29.23.3 Installation Information Infrastructure Architecture (I3A) Design and Implementation Guide - http://arch-odisc4.army.mil/I3A/i3a.htm

30. SUSTAINABLE DESIGN

30.1 Sustainable Design Goal. The goal for this project is to achieve 50 or more points for each building using SPIRIT, the Army's project rating tool for sustainable design. SPIRIT is a modified version of the US Green Building Council's LEED project rating tool.

30.2 Sustainable Project Rating Tool (SPiRiT). A copy of this document is included in Appendix D of this RFP. Descriptions and criteria for achieving points are included therein.

30.2 SPiRiT Requirements and Point Summary. A table has been included in Appendix E to indicate whether points are mandatory or prohibited or to be determined by the proposer. Under in the "Mandatory Points in RFP" and "Proposal Points" columns. An "R" means that these points are required by SpiRiT. An "1" means that these points are required by this RFP and contract. A "0" means that these points are either unobtainable or prohibited by this RFP and contract. A blank means that the proposer should determine whether they wish to include these points in the proposal.

- End of Section -

SECTION 01030

DESIGN AFTER AWARD

1. DESIGN RESPONSIBILITY. The Contractor shall furnish and be responsible for a complete set of design documents as called for in Section 01020, DESIGN REQUIREMENTS and as called for hereinafter.

2. DESIGN SUBMITTAL. The Contractor shall submit the design at different stages of design to the Government for review. All submittals required at each stage of design shall be submitted as a complete package at one time. No partial submittals will be allowed except as agreed to by the Contracting Officer’s Representative. The number and requirements of each design submittal are listed hereinafter. The number and contents of the design submittals shall be reflected in the Contractor's Network Analysis Systems (NAS) Project Schedule (see Section 00800).

General submittal requirements are identified in the Savannah District Design Manual. This is available on the internet (under “Engineering Criteria”) at:

http://en.sas.usace.army.mil

Specific submittal requirements are identified in the sections below.

3. GOVERNMENT APPROVED DESIGN SUBMITTALS. The approval of submittals by the Contracting Officer shall not be construed as a complete check, but will indicate only that the design is in conformance with the contract requirements. Approval will not relieve the Contractor of the responsibility for any error which may exist, as the Contractor is responsible for the design and construction of all work.

4. DESIGN SCHEDULE. Within 21 days after Notice to Proceed, the Contractor shall submit, for approval, a complete design schedule with all submittals and review times indicated by calendar dates. This separate design schedule will be included in the Preliminary NAS Submittal due within 30 days of NTP. This schedule shall be updated monthly as part of the Contractor’s NAS. No progress payments will be made without an approved schedule. Any additional changes which the Contractor may wish to make to number or composition of design submittals shall be made 30 days prior to the expected submittal date. The Contractor shall allow 21 days for the Government review period if submittal dates are met. The contractor must show at least 21 days for government review in his proposal schedule. If a scheduled design submittal date is not met without notifying the Contracting officer in writing one (1) week in advance, 28 days shall be allowed for the Government review period. If a submittal date is not going to be met, the Contractor shall notify the contracting officer, in writing, one (1) week prior to the scheduled submittal date. failure to do so will increase the Government review time by seven (7) days.

5. Not Used.

6. STAGES AND CONTENTS OF DESIGN SUBMITTALS.

6.1 Corrected Proposal Submittal. The Contractor shall submit 11 copies of corrected drawings and technical proposal notebooks which incorporate any corrections on clarification items or deficiencies noted during negotiations for distribution to the Users and command agencies. Submit the drawings in

half size. Make the submittal within 30 days after contract award. This item only applies to the successful proposer after contract award.

6.2 60% Preliminary Design Submittal. The 60% preliminary design submittal represents 60% of the design. It will also include a tabulation recapitulating the total utility system loads – electrical, sanitary sewer, water, etc., - giving the point of connection into the existing utility systems. Any unusual utility system aspects of the project, especially those requiring resolution prior to final design, will be addressed. The average annual energy use per square foot of net floor area shall be calculated and stated in BTU per square foot. Prior to submittal of the preliminary design, the Design Build Contractor shall ensure that the design has been thoroughly checked and coordinated between the various design specialties. All material submitted shall be dated. Whenever items are corrected or later resubmitted, they will show a revised date in order to differentiate later material from the original submittal. Each discipline has unique Preliminary Design submittal requirements. Respective chapters of the Savannah District Design Manual should be reviewed to determine the exact nature of these requirements.

6.2.1 60% Additional Fire Protection Design Submittal Requirements:

a. Design Analysis shall be in accordance with the DMMC, Chapters A-4, 5, and 6 for preliminary (60%) design submittals. Project fire protection design shall be complete and detailed as required for critical projects per the DMMC, Chapters A-4 and A-6.

b. Drawings shall be in accordance with the DMMC, Chapters A-4, 5, and 6 for preliminary (60%) design submittals. Project fire protection design shall be complete and detailed as required for critical projects per the DMMC, Chapters A-4 and A-6.

c. Specifications shall be in accordance with the DMMC, Chapters A-4, 5, and 6 for preliminary (60%) design submittals. Specifications submitted shall be marked-up versions such that reviewer can visually see the revisions. The proposer’s optional items shall be limited to bracketed items only.

d. Fire Protection narrative shall provide the following:

1. Provide certification by the fire protection engineer that the building designs shall comply with the life safety and fire protection provisions of the applicable criteria indicated in Section 01020.

2. Automatic fire extinguishing systems and hose standpipe systems: identification of all areas provided with sprinkler protection and the type of sprinkler system provided, sprinkler hazard classification for these areas, areas protected by other automatic suppression systems and the type system provided, buildings provided with hose standpipe systems and the type of standpipe system provided.

3. Fire alarm and detection systems: type of alarm and detection system, location of the fire alarm and detector equipment, and catalog data sheets of major components.

4. Specifications: Provide a list of UFGS guide specifications to be used and catalog cuts of major pieces of equipment showing conformance to the specifications.

5. Credentials of Fire Protection Engineer (Proposer). The design of the fire protection features shall be by a qualified fire protection engineer meeting one of the following conditions: 1) An engineer with a Bachelor of Science or Masters of Science Degree in fire protection engineering from an accredited university engineering program, plus a minimum of 5 years work experience in fire protection engineering. 2) A registered professional engineer who has passed the National Council of Examiners for Engineering and Surveys (NCEE) fire protection engineering written examination. 3) A registered P.E. in a related engineering discipline with a minimum of 5 years experience dedicated to fire protection engineering.

e. Life Safety Plans. Provide Fire Prevention/Life Safety Plans in accordance with Design Manual, 6.1.4.2.

6.2.2 SPIRIT Summary Table. Submit a SPIRIT Summary Table using the format of Appendix D reflecting points already earned as reflected by the submittal and the points that you plan to earn in further design development.

6.2.3 Sustainable Design Narrative. For each SPIRIT point indicated on the SPIRIT Summary Table provide a brief description of the feature(s) that constitute how the point is or will be earned. Briefly describe maintenance requirements associated with that feature as applicable. For features that were considered but not incorporated briefly describe the feature and the reason(s) for not pursuing them. Include supporting documentation (calculations, etc.) as required by SPiRiT to document achievement of goals.

6.3 100% Final Design Submittal. The 100% final design submittal should represent final drawings and technical specifications. All design work should be complete. Each discipline has unique Final Design submittal requirements. Respective chapters of the Savannah District Design Manual should be reviewed to determine the exact nature of these requirements.

6.3.1 100% Additional Fire Protection Design Submittal Requirements:

a. Design Analysis shall be in accordance with the DMMC, Chapters A-4, 5, and 6 for final (100%) design submittals. Project fire protection design shall be complete and detailed as required for critical projects per the DMMC, Chapters A-4 and A-6.

b. Drawings shall be in accordance with the DMMC, Chapters A-4, 5, and 6 for final (100%) design submittals. Project fire protection design shall be complete and detailed as required for critical projects per the DMMC, Chapters A-4 and A-6.

c. Specifications shall be in accordance with the DMMC, Chapters A-4, 5, and 6 for final (100%) design submittals.

6.3.2 For HVAC Controls: HVAC Controls System Drawings (MC-Plates) shall be submitted at the final design stage and shall include the following.

HVAC Controls System Legend
Control System Schematic
Equipment Schedule
Valve Schedule
Damper Schedule
Sequence of Operations
I/O Summery table and Data Terminal Strip Diagram
Wiring Diagram

Communications Network and Block Diagram
Metering of Utilities (gas, electrical and water)
DDC Panel locations

The control drawings shall use the Corps of Engineers standard control drawings. These drawings are available at the following website: http://www.sas.usace.army.mil/eng/hvac/ or on the SAS_STD CD available from the project manager.

6.3.3 SPIRIT Summary Table. Submit a SPIRIT Summary Table using the format of Appendix D reflecting points already earned as reflected by the submittal and the points that you plan to earn in further design development.

6.3.4 Sustainable Design Narrative. For each SPIRIT point indicated on the SPIRIT Summary Table provide a brief description of the feature(s) that constitute how the point is or will be earned. Briefly describe maintenance requirements associated with the feature as applicable. For features that were considered but not incorporated briefly describe the feature and the reason(s) for pursuing them. Include supporting documentation (calculations, etc.) as required by SPIRIT to document achievement of goals.

6.4 Corrected Final Design Submittal. Each discipline has unique Corrected Final Design submittal requirements. Respective chapters of the Savannah District Design Manual should be reviewed to determine the exact nature of these requirements.

6.4.1 Verify consistency between plans, specifications and final SPIRIT score.

6.5 Fast-Track Site Design Submittal. To facilitate fast-track design-construction activities, the contractor will be allowed to submit a 100% Site/Utility as the first design submittal. Following review, resolution, and incorporation of all government comments, and submittal of a satisfactory set of site/utility design documents, the Contracting Officer shall issue a limited Notice-to-Proceed (NTP) which will allow the contractor to proceed with site development activities within the parameters set forth in the accepted design submittal. No on-site construction activities shall begin prior to receipt of a construction NTP by the contractor. Submittals will include drawings, specifications, design analysis, permit information/applications, and any annotated comments.

7. QUANTITY OF SUBMITTAL ITEMS. The documents that the Contractor shall submit to the Government for each submittal are listed and generally described in Paragraph 8 below.

8. MAILING OF SUBMITTALS. All submittals to the Government during design shall be mailed using overnight mailing service. The addresses to where each copy shall be mailed are listed below. Each submittal shall have a transmittal letter accompanying it that indicates the date, design percentage, type of submittal, list of items submitted, transmittal number and point of contact with telephone number. Additionally the transmittal letter shall state the method of making comments, the suspense date for the comments, and the week of the review conference. Coordinate with the Savannah Corps project manager on wording prior to sending out submittals.

Addresses and submittal distribution:

A. U.S. Army Engineer District, Savannah
ATTN: CESAS-PM-MC/ (Tim Morris)
100 West Oglethorpe Avenue

Savannah, GA 31401

B. Directorate of Public Works
ATTN: Vince LaRuffa
Building 181
Fort McPherson, GA 30330

C. U. S. Army Engineer - District
1322 Cobb Street, S.W.
Building 181, Station 144
Fort McPherson, GA 30330-5000

D. Director, USAISEC-FDEO
ATTN: AMSEL-IE-DE-IN-CO (Gaffney)
1435 Porter Street, Suite 2000
Fort Detrick, MD 21702-5047

E. HQ US Army Recruiting Command
ATTN: RCRS-CS/ (Dan Powell)
1307 Third Avenue
Fort Knox, KY 40121-2726

F. Fort Gillem
Commander 2nd Recruiting Brigade
ATTN: Preston Kern
1295 Hood Avenue, Building 841
Fort Gillem, GA 30297

G. Stevens & Wilkinson Stang & Newdow
ATTN: Jae Ha Chong
100 Peachtree Street, Suite 2500
Atlanta, GA 30303

H. Stevens & Wilkinson of South Carolina
ATTN: John Douglas
1501 Main Street
Columbia, SC 29202-0007

The following table lists the number of copies of design submittal requirements for this project:

	Distribution List							
Submittal/Item	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H
1. CORRECTED PROPOSAL								
1/2 Size Drawings	2	1	2	1	2	1	1	1
Revised Proposal Notebooks	2	1	2	1	2	1	1	1
2. PRELIMINARY (60%)								
Drawings, Half Size	3	5	1	0	2	2	1	1
Drawings, Full Size	1	5	2	1	0	0	5	1
Design Analysis	3	10	3	0	2	0	5	1
Specifications	3	10	3	1	2	1	5	1
Revised Color Boards	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	0
3. FINAL (100%)								

Drawings, Half Size	3	5	1	0	2	2	1	1
Drawings, Full Size	1	5	2	1	0	2	5	1
Design Analysis	3	10	3	0	2	0	5	1
Specifications	3	10	3	1	2	1	5	1
Revised Color Boards	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	0
4. CORRECTED FINAL								
Drawings, Half Size	2	7	2	1	2	2	1	1
Drawings, Full Size	1	1	3	0	0	0	5	1
Design Analysis	2	4	3	1	2	0	5	1
Specifications	2	4	3	1	2	1	5	1
5. APPROVED CORRECTED FINAL								
Drawings, Half Size	2	7	2	0	2	2	1	0
Drawings, Full Size	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Specifications	2	4	2	0	1	1	0	0
Electronic Specifications	2	0	0	0	1	0	1	0
Drawing Files in								
Microstation Format	2	2	1	0	0	0	1	0
AutoCad Format (latest)	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0

9. DESIGN SUBMITTAL REVIEWS. For each design review submittal, the Contractor will be furnished comments from the various design sections of the Savannah District and from other concerned agencies involved in the review process. The Contractor/Designer shall annotate the comments with actions taken, and shall provide the annotated comments with the next submittal.

ProjNet/DrChecks is the required method for preparing and annotating comments. This is an Internet based database available on the Internet at:

http://65.204.17.188/projnet/home/version1/

The review will be for conformance with the technical requirements of the solicitation. The Government will take twenty-one (21) days to review and comment on each design submittal. If the Contractor disagrees technically with any comment or comments and does not intend to comply with the comment, he shall clearly outline, with ample justification, the reasons for noncompliance within five (5) days after receipt of these comments in order that the comment can be resolved. The disposition of all comments shall be furnished in writing with the next scheduled submittal. The Contractor is cautioned in that if he believes the action required by any comment exceeds the requirements of this contract, that he should take no action and notify the District in writing immediately.

Review conferences will be held for each design submittal at Fort Gillem, GA. The Contractor shall bring the personnel that developed the design submittal to the review conference. These conferences will take place the week after the review period.

10. PAYMENT DURING DESIGN. Payments, as authorized by the Authorized Representative Contracting Officer (COR), will be made monthly for the amount and value of the work and services performed by the Contractor. This estimate will be verified by the Contracting Officer utilizing the progress charts or the CONTRACTOR-PREPARED NETWORK ANALYSIS SYSTEM submitted by the Contractor and independent analyses of progress. See Contract Clause entitled PAYMENTS UNDER FIXED-PRICE CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS for additional information.

11. DESIGN ANALYSIS. Media and Format: The design analysis shall be presented on 8-1/2 inch by 11-inch paper except that larger sheets may be used when required for graphs or other special calculation forms. All sheets shall

be reproducible form. The material may be typewritten, hand lettered, handwritten, or a combination thereof, provided it is legible. Side margins shall be 1-inch minimum to permit side binding and head to head printing. Bottom margins shall be 1-1/4-inches, with page numbers centered 1-inch from the bottom.

Organization: The several parts and sheets of the design analysis shall be given a sequential binding number and bound under a cover indicating the name of the facility and project number, if applicable. The title page shall carry the designation of the submittal being made. The complete design analysis presented for final review with the final drawings and specifications shall carry the designation "FINAL DESIGN ANALYSIS" on the title page.

Design Calculations: Design calculations are a part of the design analysis. When they are voluminous, they shall be bound separately from the narrative part of the design analysis. The design calculations shall be presented in a clean and legible form incorporating a title page and index for each volume. A table of contents, which shall be an index of the indices, shall be furnished when there is more than one volume. The source of loading conditions, supplementary sketches, graphs, formulae, and references shall be identified. Assumptions ad conclusions shall be explained. Calculation sheets shall carry the names or initials of the computer and the checker and the dates of calculations and checking. No portion of the calculations shall be computed and checked by the same person.

Automatic Data Processing Systems (ADPS): When ADPS are used to perform design calculations, the design analysis shall include descriptions of the computer programs used and copies of the ADPS input data and output summaries. When the computer output is large, it may be divided into volumes at logical division points. Each set of computer printouts shall be preceded by an index and by a description of the computation performed. If several sets of computations are submitted, they shall be accompanied by a general table of contents in addition to the individual indices. Preparation of the descriptions which must accompany each set of ADPS printouts shall include the following:

a. Explain the design method, including assumptions, theories, and formulae.

b. Include applicable diagrams, adequately identified.

c. State exactly the computation performed by the computer.

d. Provide all necessary explanations of the computer printout format, symbols, and abbreviations.

e. Use adequate and consistent notation.

f. Provide sufficient information to permit manual checks of the results.

12. DRAWINGS. All drawings shall be Computer-Aided Design and Drafting (CADD) in Bentley (Intergraph) Microstation format. The Contractor shall prepare the drawings in such a manner that the Corps of Engineers could construct the facility without any additional assistance from the Contractor. Drawings shall be complete. Unnecessary work such as duplicate views, notes and lettering, and repetition of details shall not be permitted. Standard details not applicable to the project shall not be shown. Details of standard products or items which are adequately covered by specifications shall not be included on the drawings. Drawings shall be detailed such that conformance with the RFP can be checked and to the extent that shop drawings can be

checked. Shop drawings shall not be used as design drawings. The Contractor shall use standard Corps of Engineers title blocks and borders on all drawings at all submittal stages. Standard drawing sheet formats and title blocks, and file and drawing CADD file names will be furnished to the Contractor by the Government. The Contractor shall incorporate the drawing, file, and contract numbers on individual drawing sheets at the earliest submittal.

13. SPECIFICATIONS. The Contractor shall submit marked-up guide specifications at the 60% submittal and edited final specifications at the final and corrected final submittals. The specifications shall be UFGS Guide Specifications and Savannah District Specifications. These specifications are available on the Internet at:

http://www.hnd.usace.army.mil and http://en.sas.usace.army.mil/

Many of these specifications are in SPECSINTACT format (*.sec). SPECSINTACT software is available free of charge at

http://si.ksc.nasa.gov/specsintact

These specifications shall be edited and tailored by the Contractor in the basic specification format (Parts 1, 2 and 3) to meet the requirements of the project under design. The Contractor Submittal Register must be edited and included. The UFGS are guide specifications only. The Contractor is to delete what is not needed and add what is needed.

For marked-up specifications at the 60% submittal, the Contractor shall mark out and/or add to the original text, as required, showing intended additions and deletions. Intended additions and deletions may be made by marking with a red pencil, manually typing inserts, or by word processing. If a red pencil is used, the Contractor shall mark out all unneeded specification data and/or add as required to fully describe the work. Additions may be penciled in the margin or typed on individual pieces of paper, marked as inserts, and attached to the specification in the proper location.

Final format, clean specifications will be submitted at the Final and Corrected Final submittals. All marked-out or redlined text shall be deleted and all inserted text shall be typed and accepted.

The specification shall be detailed enough such that alternate products meeting the specification could be substituted and they would not adversely impact the project.

14. SUBMITTAL REGISTER. The Contractor shall develop submittal requirements required during construction as part of the design phase of the contract. This shall be done by the Contractor’s Designer of Record by producing a Contractor Submittal Register at each submittal during design. A submittal register shall be prepared for each section of the specifications for the submittal requirements of that section. The Contractor’s Designer of Record shall be responsible for listing all required submittals necessary to insure the project requirements are complied with. The Register shall identify submittal items such as shop drawings, manufacturer's literature, certificates of compliance, material samples, guarantees, test results, etc. that the Contractor shall submit for review and/or approval action during the life of the construction contract. The Contractor will use Section 01330 SUBMITTAL PROCEDURES for submittal and submittal register definitions and procedures, and will edit this specification and submit it with the design submittals during design. A copy of the unedited specification is enclosed for reference.

15. DESIGNER OF RECORD. The Contractor shall identify and have on his staff a State of Georgia licensed or board certified Designer of Record to develop submittal requirements during design and construction, and be responsible for each submittal identified in the Contractor Submittal Register. A Designer of Record may be responsible for more than one submittal. All areas of work shall be accounted for by a listed Designer of Record. Designers of Record shall approve all submittals they are responsible for prior to submittal to the Government.

-- END OF SECTION --

SECTION 01312A

QUALITY CONTROL SYSTEM (QCS)
08/02

1.1 GENERAL

The Government will use the Resident Management System for Windows (RMS) to assist in its monitoring and administration of this contract. The Contractor shall use the Government-furnished Construction Contractor Module of RMS, referred to as QCS, to record, maintain, and submit various information throughout the contract period. The Contractor module, user manuals, updates, and training information can be downloaded from the RMS web site. This joint Government-Contractor use of RMS and QCS will facilitate electronic exchange of information and overall management of the contract. QCS provides the means for the Contractor to input, track, and electronically share information with the Government in the following areas:

Administration
Finances
Quality Control
Submittal Monitoring
Scheduling
Import/Export of Data

1.1.1 Correspondence and Electronic Communications

For ease and speed of communications, both Government and Contractor will, to the maximum extent feasible, exchange correspondence and other documents in electronic format. Correspondence, pay requests and other documents comprising the official contract record shall also be provided in paper format, with signatures and dates where necessary. Paper documents will govern, in the event of discrepancy with the electronic version.

1.1.2 Other Factors

Particular attention is directed to Contract Clause, "Schedules for Construction Contracts", Contract Clause, "Payments", Section 01320A, PROJECT SCHEDULE, Section 01330, SUBMITTAL PROCEDURES, and Section 01451A, CONTRACTOR QUALITY CONTROL, which have a direct relationship to the reporting to be accomplished through QCS. Also, there is no separate payment for establishing and maintaining the QCS database; all costs associated therewith shall be included in the contract pricing for the work.

1.2 QCS SOFTWARE

QCS is a Windows-based program that can be run on a stand-alone personal computer or on a network. The Government will make available the QCS software to the Contractor after award of the construction contract. Prior to the Pre-Construction Conference, the Contractor shall be responsible to download, install and use the latest version of the QCS software from the Government's RMS Internet Website. Upon specific

justification and request by the Contractor, the Government can provide QCS on 3-1/2 inch high-density diskettes or CD-ROM. Any program updates of QCS will be made available to the Contractor via the Government RMS Website as they become available.

1.3 SYSTEM REQUIREMENTS

The following listed hardware and software is the minimum system configuration that the Contractor shall have to run QCS:

Hardware

IBM-compatible PC with 500 MHz Pentium or higher processor

128+ MB RAM for workstation / 256+ MB RAM for server

1 GB hard drive disk space for sole use by the QCS system

3 1/2 inch high-density floppy drive

Compact disk (CD) Reader, 8x speed or higher

SVGA or higher resolution monitor (1024 x 768, 256 colors)

Mouse or other pointing devise

Windows compatible printer (Laser printer must have 4+ MB of RAM)

Connection to the Internet, minimum 56 BPS

Software

MS Windows 98, ME, NT, or 2000

Word Processing software compatible with MS Word 97 or newer

Latest version of : Netscape Navigator, Microsoft Internet Explorer, or other browser that supports HTML 4.0 or higher

Electronic mail (E-mail), MAPI compatible

Virus protection software that is regularly upgraded with all issued manufacturer's updates

1.4 RELATED INFORMATION

1.4.1 QCS User Guide

After contract award, the Contractor shall download instructions for the installation and use of QCS from the Government RMS Internet Website; the Contractor can obtain the current address from the Government. In case of justifiable difficulties, the Government will provide the Contractor with a CD-ROM containing these instructions.

1.4.2 Contractor Quality Control(CQC) Training

The use of QCS will be discussed with the Contractor's QC System Manager during the mandatory CQC Training class.

1.5 CONTRACT DATABASE

Prior to the pre-construction conference, the Government shall provide the Contractor with basic contract award data to use for QCS. The Government will provide data updates to the Contractor as needed, generally by files attached to E-mail. These updates will generally consist of submittal reviews, correspondence status, QA comments, and other administrative and QA data.

1.6 DATABASE MAINTENANCE

The Contractor shall establish, maintain, and update data for the contract in the QCS database throughout the duration of the contract. The Contractor shall establish and maintain the QCS database at the Contractor's site office. Data updates to the Government shall be submitted by E-mail with file attachments, e.g., daily reports, schedule updates, payment requests. If permitted by the Contracting Officer, a data diskette or CD-ROM may be used instead of E-mail (see Paragraph DATA SUBMISSION VIA COMPUTER DISKETTE OR CD-ROM). The QCS database typically shall include current data on the following items:

1.6.1 Administration

1.6.1.1 Contractor Information

The database shall contain the Contractor's name, address, telephone numbers, management staff, and other required items. Within 14 calendar days of receipt of QCS software from the Government, the Contractor shall deliver Contractor administrative data in electronic format via E-mail.

1.6.1.2 Subcontractor Information

The database shall contain the name, trade, address, phone numbers, and other required information for all subcontractors. A subcontractor must be listed separately for each trade to be performed. Each subcontractor/trade shall be assigned a unique Responsibility Code, provided in QCS. Within 14 calendar days of receipt of QCS software from the Government, the Contractor shall deliver subcontractor administrative data in electronic format via E-mail.

1.6.1.3 Correspondence

All Contractor correspondence to the Government shall be identified with a serial number. Correspondence initiated by the Contractor's site office shall be prefixed with "S". Letters initiated by the Contractor's home (main) office shall be prefixed with "H". Letters shall be numbered starting from 0001. (e.g., H-0001 or S-0001). The Government's letters to the Contractor will be prefixed with "C".

1.6.1.4 Equipment

The Contractor's QCS database shall contain a current list of equipment planned for use or being used on the jobsite, including the most recent and planned equipment inspection dates.

1.6.1.5 Management Reporting

QCS includes a number of reports that Contractor management can use to track the status of the project. The value of these reports is reflective of the quality of the data input, and is maintained in the various sections of QCS. Among these reports are: Progress Payment Request worksheet, QA/QC comments, Submittal Register Status, Three-Phase Inspection checklists.

1.6.2 Finances

1.6.2.1 Pay Activity Data

The QCS database shall include a list of pay activities that the Contractor shall develop in conjunction with the construction schedule. The sum of all pay activities shall be equal to the total contract amount, including modifications. Pay activities shall be grouped by Contract Line Item Number (CLIN), and the sum of the activities shall equal the amount of each CLIN. The total of all CLINs equals the Contract Amount.

1.6.2.2 Payment Requests

All progress payment requests shall be prepared using QCS. The Contractor shall complete the payment request worksheet and include it with the payment request. The work completed under the contract, measured as percent or as specific quantities, shall be updated at least monthly. After the update, the Contractor shall generate a payment request report using QCS. The Contractor shall submit the payment requests with supporting data by E-mail with file attachment(s). If permitted by the Contracting Officer, a data diskette may be used instead of E-mail. A signed paper copy of the approved payment request is also required, which shall govern in the event of discrepancy with the electronic version.

1.6.3 Quality Control (QC)

QCS provides a means to track implementation of the 3-phase QC Control System, prepare daily reports, identify and track deficiencies, document progress of work, and support other contractor QC requirements. The Contractor shall maintain this data on a daily basis. Entered data will automatically output to the QCS generated daily report. The Contractor shall provide the Government a Contractor Quality Control (CQC) Plan within the time required in Section 01451A, CONTRACTOR QUALITY CONTROL. Within seven calendar days of Government acceptance, the Contractor shall submit a data diskette or CD-ROM reflecting the information contained in the accepted CQC Plan: schedule, pay activities, features of work, submittal register, QC requirements, and equipment list.

1.6.3.1 Daily Contractor Quality Control (CQC) Reports.

QCS includes the means to produce the Daily CQC Report. The Contractor may use other formats to record basic QC data. However, the Daily CQC Report generated by QCS shall be the Contractor's official report. Data from any supplemental reports by the Contractor shall be summarized and consolidated onto the QCS-generated Daily CQC Report. Daily CQC Reports shall be submitted as required by Section 01451A, CONTRACTOR QUALITY CONTROL. Reports shall be submitted electronically to the Government

using E-mail or diskette within 24 hours after the date covered by the report. Use of either mode of submittal shall be coordinated with the Government representative. The Contractor shall also provide the Government a signed, printed copy of the daily CQC report.

1.6.3.2 Deficiency Tracking.

The Contractor shall use QCS to track deficiencies. Deficiencies identified by the Contractor will be numerically tracked using QC punch list items. The Contractor shall maintain a current log of its QC punch list items in the QCS database. The Government will log the deficiencies it has identified using its QA punch list items. The Government's QA punch list items will be included in its export file to the Contractor. The Contractor shall regularly update the correction status of both QC and QA punch list items.

1.6.3.3 Three-Phase Control Meetings

The Contractor shall maintain scheduled and actual dates and times of preparatory and initial control meetings in QCS.

1.6.3.4 Accident/Safety Tracking.

The Government will issue safety comments, directions, or guidance whenever safety deficiencies are observed. The Government's safety comments will be included in its export file to the Contractor. The Contractor shall regularly update the correction status of the safety comments. In addition, the Contractor shall utilize QCS to advise the Government of any accidents occurring on the jobsite. This brief supplemental entry is not to be considered as a substitute for completion of mandatory reports, e.g., ENG Form 3394 and OSHA Form 300.

1.6.3.5 Features of Work

The Contractor shall include a complete list of the features of work in the QCS database. A feature of work may be associated with multiple pay activities. However, each pay activity (see subparagraph "Pay Activity Data" of paragraph "Finances") will only be linked to a single feature of work.

1.6.3.6 QC Requirements

The Contractor shall develop and maintain a complete list of QC testing, transferred and installed property, and user training requirements in QCS. The Contractor shall update all data on these QC requirements as work progresses, and shall promptly provide this information to the Government via QCS.

1.6.4 Submittal Management

The Government will provide the initial submittal register, ENG Form 4288, SUBMITTAL REGISTER, in electronic format. Thereafter, the Contractor shall maintain a complete list of all submittals, including completion of all data columns. Dates on which submittals are received and returned by the Government will be included in its export file to the Contractor. The Contractor shall use QCS to track and transmit all submittals. ENG Form 4025, submittal transmittal form, and the submittal register update, ENG Form 4288, shall be produced using QCS. RMS will be

used to update, store and exchange submittal registers and transmittals, but will not be used for storage of actual submittals.

1.6.5 Schedule

The Contractor shall develop a construction schedule consisting of pay activities, in accordance with Contract Clause "Schedules for Construction Contracts", or Section 01320A, PROJECT SCHEDULE, as applicable. This schedule shall be input and maintained in the QCS database either manually or by using the Standard Data Exchange Format (SDEF) (see Section 01320A PROJECT SCHEDULE). The updated schedule data shall be included with each pay request submitted by the Contractor.

1.6.6 Import/Export of Data

QCS includes the ability to export Contractor data to the Government and to import submittal register and other Government-provided data, and schedule data using SDEF.

1.7 IMPLEMENTATION

Contractor use of QCS as described in the preceding paragraphs is mandatory. The Contractor shall ensure that sufficient resources are available to maintain its QCS database, and to provide the Government with regular database updates. QCS shall be an integral part of the Contractor's management of quality control.

1.8 DATA SUBMISSION VIA COMPUTER DISKETTE OR CD-ROM

The Government-preferred method for Contractor's submission of updates, payment requests, correspondence and other data is by E-mail with file attachment(s). For locations where this is not feasible, the Contracting Officer may permit use of computer diskettes or CD-ROM for data transfer. Data on the disks or CDs shall be exported using the QCS built-in export function. If used, diskettes and CD-ROMs will be submitted in accordance with the following:

1.8.1 File Medium

The Contractor shall submit required data on 3-1/2 inch double-sided high-density diskettes formatted to hold 1.44 MB of data, capable of running under Microsoft Windows 95 or newer. Alternatively, CD-ROMs may be used. They shall conform to industry standards used in the United States. All data shall be provided in English.

1.8.2 Disk or CD-ROM Labels

The Contractor shall affix a permanent exterior label to each diskette and CD-ROM submitted. The label shall indicate in English, the QCS file name, full contract number, contract name, project location, data date, name and telephone number of person responsible for the data.

1.8.3 File Names

The Government will provide the file names to be used by the Contractor with the QCS software.

1.9 MONTHLY COORDINATION MEETING

The Contractor shall update the QCS database each workday. At least monthly, the Contractor shall generate and submit an export file to the Government with schedule update and progress payment request. As required in Contract Clause "Payments", at least one week prior to submittal, the Contractor shall meet with the Government representative to review the planned progress payment data submission for errors and omissions. The Contractor shall make all required corrections prior to Government acceptance of the export file and progress payment request. Payment requests accompanied by incomplete or incorrect data submittals will be returned. The Government will not process progress payments until an acceptable QCS export file is received.

1.10 NOTIFICATION OF NONCOMPLIANCE

The Contracting Officer will notify the Contractor of any detected noncompliance with the requirements of this specification. The Contractor shall take immediate corrective action after receipt of such notice. Such notice, when delivered to the Contractor at the work site, shall be deemed sufficient for the purpose of notification.

-- End of Section --

SECTION 01320A

PROJECT SCHEDULE
05/02

PART 1 GENERAL

1.1 REFERENCES

The publications listed below form a part of the specification to the extent referenced. The publications are referenced in the text by basic designation only.

U.S. ARMY CORPS OF ENGINEERS (USACE)

ER 1-1-11	(1995) Progress, Schedules, and Network Analysis Systems

1.2 QUALIFICATIONS

The Contractor shall designate an authorized representative who shall be responsible for the preparation of all required project schedule reports.

PART 2 PRODUCTS (NOT APPLICABLE)

PART 3 EXECUTION

3.1 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

Pursuant to the Contract Clause, SCHEDULE FOR CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS, a Project Schedule as described below shall be prepared. The scheduling of construction design and construction shall be the responsibility of the Contractor. Contractor management personnel shall actively participate in its development. Subcontractors and suppliers. Designers, Subcontractors and suppliers working on the project shall also contribute in developing and maintaining an accurate Project Schedule. The approved Project Schedule shall be used to measure the progress of the work, to aid in evaluating time extensions, and to provide the basis of all progress payments.

3.2 BASIS FOR PAYMENT

The schedule shall be the basis for measuring Contractor progress. Lack of an approved schedule or scheduling personnel will result in an inability of the Contracting Officer to evaluate Contractor's progress for the purposes of payment. Failure of the Contractor to provide all information, as specified below, shall result in the disapproval of the entire Project Schedule submission and the inability of the Contracting Officer to evaluate Contractor progress for payment purposes. In the case where Project Schedule revisions have been directed by the Contracting Officer and those revisions have not been included in the Project Schedule, the Contracting Officer may hold retainage up to the maximum allowed by contract, each payment period, until revisions to the Project Schedule have been made.

3.3 PROJECT SCHEDULE

The computer software system utilized by the Contractor to produce the Project Schedule shall be capable of providing all requirements of this specification. Failure of the Contractor to meet the requirements of this specification shall result in the disapproval of the schedule. Manual methods used to produce any required information shall require approval by the Contracting Officer.

3.3.1 Use of the Critical Path Method

The Critical Path Method (CPM) of network calculation shall be used to generate the Project Schedule. The Contractor shall provide the Project Schedule in the Precedence Diagram Method (PDM).

3.3.2 Level of Detail Required

The Project Schedule shall include an appropriate level of detail. Failure to develop or update the Project Schedule or provide data to the Contracting Officer at the appropriate level of detail, as specified by the Contracting Officer, shall result in the disapproval of the schedule. The Contracting Officer will use, but is not limited to, the following conditions to determine the appropriate level of detail to be used in the Project Schedule:

3.3.2.1 Activity Durations

Contractor submissions shall follow the direction of the Contracting Officer regarding reasonable activity durations. Reasonable durations are those that allow the progress of activities to be accurately determined between payment periods (usually less than 2 percent of all non-procurement activities' Original Durations are greater than 20 days).

3.3.2.2 Design and Permit Activities

Design and permitting activities, including necessary conferences and follow-up actions and design package submission dates, shall be integrated into the schedule.

3.3.2.3 Procurement Activities

Tasks related to the procurement of long lead materials or equipment shall be included as separate activities in the project schedule. Long lead materials and equipment are those materials that have a procurement cycle of over 90 days. Examples of procurement process activities include, but are not limited to: submittals, approvals, procurement, fabrication, and delivery.

3.3.2.4 Critical Activities

The following activities shall be listed as separate line activities on the Contractor's project schedule:

a. Submission and approval of mechanical/electrical layout drawings.

b. Submission and approval of O & M manuals.

c. Submission and approval of as-built drawings.

d. Submission and approval of 1354 data and installed equipment lists.

e. Submission and approval of testing and air balance (TAB).

f. Submission of TAB specialist design review report.

g. Submission and approval of fire protection specialist.

h. Submission and approval of testing and balancing of HVAC plus commissioning plans and data.

i. Air and water balance dates.

j. HVAC commissioning dates.

k. Controls testing plan.

l. Controls testing.

m. Performance Verification testing.

n. Other systems testing, if required.

o. Prefinal inspection.

p. Correction of punchlist from prefinal inspection.

q. Final inspection.

3.3.2.5 Government Activities

Government and other agency activities that could impact progress shall be shown. These activities include, but are not limited to: approvals, approvals, design reviews, environmental permit approvals by State regulators, inspections, utility tie-in, Government Furnished Equipment (GFE) and Notice to Proceed (NTP) for phasing requirements.

3.3.2.6 Responsibility

All activities shall be identified in the project schedule by the party responsible to perform the work. Responsibility includes, but is not limited to, the subcontracting firm, contractor work force, or government agency performing a given task. Activities shall not belong to more than one responsible party. The responsible party for each activity shall be identified by the Responsibility Code.

3.3.2.7 Work Areas

All activities shall be identified in the project schedule by the work area in which the activity occurs. Activities shall not be allowed to cover more than one work area. The work area of each activity shall be identified by the Work Area Code.

3.3.2.8 Modification or Claim Number

Any activity that is added or changed by contract modification or used to justify claimed time shall be identified by a mod or claim code that changed the activity. Activities shall not belong to more than one modification or claim item. The modification or claim number of each

activity shall be identified by the Mod or Claim Number. Whenever possible, changes shall be added to the schedule by adding new activities. Existing activities shall not normally be changed to reflect modifications.

3.3.2.9 Bid Item

All activities shall be identified in the project schedule by the Bid Item to which the activity belongs. An activity shall not contain work in more than one bid item. The bid item for each appropriate activity shall be identified by the Bid Item Code.

3.3.2.10 Phase of Work

All activities shall be identified in the project schedule by the phases of work in which the activity occurs. Activities shall not contain work in more than one phase of work. The project phase of each activity shall be by the unique Phase of Work Code.

3.3.2.11 Category of Work

All Activities shall be identified in the project schedule according to the category of work which best describes the activity. Category of work refers, but is not limited, to the procurement chain of activities including such items as submittals, designs, design package submissions design reviews, review conferences, permits, submittals, approvals, procurement, fabrication, delivery, installation, start-up, and testing. The category of work for each activity shall be identified by the Category of Work Code.

3.3.2.12 Feature of Work

All activities shall be identified in the project schedule according to the feature of work to which the activity belongs. Feature of work refers, but is not limited to, a work breakdown structure for the project. The feature of work for each activity shall be identified by the Feature of Work Code.

3.3.3 Scheduled Project Completion

The schedule interval shall extend from NTP to the contract completion date.

3.3.3.1 Project Start Date

The schedule shall start no earlier than the date on which the NTP was acknowledged. The Contractor shall include as the first activity in the project schedule an activity called "Start Project". The "Start Project" activity shall have an "ES" constraint date equal to the date that the NTP was acknowledged, and a zero day duration.

3.3.3.2 Constraint of Last Activity

Completion of the last activity in the schedule shall be constrained by the contract completion date. Calculation on project updates shall be such that if the early finish of the last activity falls after the contract completion date, then the float calculation shall reflect a negative float on the critical path. The Contractor shall include as the

last activity in the project schedule an activity called "End Project". The "End Project" activity shall have an "LF" constraint date equal to the completion date for the project, and a zero day duration.

3.3.3.3 Early Project Completion

In the event the project schedule shows completion of the project prior to the contract completion date, the Contractor shall identify those activities that have been accelerated and/or those activities that are scheduled in parallel to support the Contractor's "early" completion. Contractor shall specifically address each of the activities noted in the narrative report at every project schedule update period to assist the Contracting Officer in evaluating the Contractor's ability to actually complete prior to the contract period.

3.3.4 Interim Completion Dates

Contractually specified interim completion dates shall also be constrained to show negative float if the early finish date of the last activity in that phase falls after the interim completion date.

3.3.4.1 Start Phase

The Contractor shall include as the first activity for a project phase an activity called "Start Phase X" where "X" refers to the phase of work. The "Start Phase X" activity shall have an "ES" constraint date equal to the date on which the NTP was acknowledged, and a zero day duration.

3.3.4.2 End Phase

The Contractor shall include as the last activity in a project phase an activity called "End Phase X" where "X" refers to the phase of work. The "End Phase X" activity shall have an "LF" constraint date equal to the completion date for the project, and a zero day duration.

3.3.4.3 Phase X

The Contractor shall include a hammock type activity for each project phase called "Phase X" where "X" refers to the phase of work. The "Phase X" activity shall be logically tied to the earliest and latest activities in the phase.

3.3.5 Default Progress Data Disallowed

Actual Start and Finish dates shall not be automatically updated by default mechanisms that may be included in CPM scheduling software systems. Actual Start and Finish dates on the CPM schedule shall match those dates provided from Contractor Quality Control Reports. Failure of the Contractor to document the Actual Start and Finish dates on the Daily Quality Control report for every in-progress or completed activity, and failure to ensure that the data contained on the Daily Quality Control reports is the sole basis for schedule updating shall result in the disapproval of the Contractor's schedule and the inability of the Contracting Officer to evaluate Contractor progress for payment purposes. Updating of the percent complete and the remaining duration of any activity shall be independent functions. Program features which calculate one of these parameters from the other shall be disabled.

3.3.6 Out-of-Sequence Progress

Activities that have posted progress without all preceding logic being satisfied (Out-of-Sequence Progress) will be allowed only on a case-by-case approval of the Contracting Officer. The Contractor shall propose logic corrections to eliminate all out of sequence progress or justify not changing the sequencing for approval prior to submitting an updated project schedule.

3.3.7 Negative Lags

Lag durations contained in the project schedule shall not have a negative value.

3.4 PROJECT SCHEDULE SUBMISSIONS

The Contractor shall provide the submissions as described below. The data disk, reports, and network diagrams required for each submission are contained in paragraph SUBMISSION REQUIREMENTS.

3.4.1 Preliminary Project Schedule Submission

The Preliminary Project Schedule, defining the Contractor's planned operations for the first 60 calendar days shall be submitted for approval within 20 calendar days after the NTP is acknowledged. The approved preliminary schedule shall be used for payment purposes not to exceed 60 calendar days after NTP.

3.4.2 Initial Project Schedule Submission

The Initial Project Schedule shall be submitted for approval within 40 calendar days after NTP. The schedule shall provide a reasonable sequence of activities which represent work through the entire project and shall be at a reasonable level of detail.

3.4.3 Periodic Schedule Updates

Based on the result of progress meetings, specified in "Periodic Progress Meetings," the Contractor shall submit periodic schedule updates. These submissions shall enable the Contracting Officer to assess Contractor's progress. If the Contractor fails or refuses to furnish the information and project schedule data, which in the judgement of the Contracting Officer or authorized representative is necessary for verifying the Contractor's progress, the Contractor shall be deemed not to have provided an estimate upon which progress payment may be made.

3.4.4 Standard Activity Coding Dictionary

The Contractor shall use the activity coding structure defined in the Standard Data Exchange Format (SDEF) in ER 1-1-11, Appendix A. This exact structure is mandatory, even if some fields are not used.

3.5 SUBMISSION REQUIREMENTS

The following items shall be submitted by the Contractor for the preliminary submission, initial submission, and every periodic project schedule update throughout the life of the project:

3.5.1 Data Disks

Two data disks containing the project schedule shall be provided. Data on the disks shall adhere to the SDEF format specified in ER 1-1-11, Appendix A.

3.5.1.1 File Medium

Required data shall be submitted on 3.5 disks, formatted to hold 1.44 MB of data, under the MS-DOS Version 5. or 6.x, unless otherwise approved by the Contracting Officer.

3.5.1.2 Disk Label

A permanent exterior label shall be affixed to each disk submitted. The label shall indicate the type of schedule (Preliminary, Initial, Update, or Change), full contract number, project name, project location, data date, name and telephone number of person responsible for the schedule, and the MS-DOS version used to format the disk.

3.5.1.3 File Name

Each file submitted shall have a name related to either the schedule data date, project name, or contract number. The Contractor shall develop a naming convention that will ensure that the names of the files submitted are unique. The Contractor shall submit the file naming convention to the Contracting Officer for approval.

3.5.2 Narrative Report

A Narrative Report shall be provided with the preliminary, initial, and each update of the project schedule. This report shall be provided as the basis of the Contractor's progress payment request. The Narrative Report shall include: a description of activities along the 2 most critical paths, a description of current and anticipated problem areas or delaying factors and their impact, and an explanation of corrective actions taken or required to be taken. The narrative report is expected to relay to the Government, the Contractor's thorough analysis of the schedule output and its plans to compensate for any problems, either current or potential, which are revealed through that analysis.

3.5.3 Approved Changes Verification

Only project schedule changes that have been previously approved by the Contracting Officer shall be included in the schedule submission. The Narrative Report shall specifically reference, on an activity by activity basis, all changes made since the previous period and relate each change to documented, approved schedule changes.

3.5.4 Schedule Reports

The format for each activity for the schedule reports listed below shall contain: Activity Numbers, Activity Description, Original Duration, Remaining Duration, Early Start Date, Early Finish Date, Late Start Date, Late Finish Date, Total Float. Actual Start and Actual Finish Dates shall be printed for those activities in progress or completed.

3.5.4.1 Activity Report

A list of all activities sorted according to activity number.

3.5.4.2 Logic Report

A list of Preceding and Succeeding activities for every activity in ascending order by activity number. Preceeding and succeeding activities shall include all information listed above in paragraph Schedule Reports. A blank line shall be left between each activity grouping.

3.5.4.3 Total Float Report

A list of all incomplete activities sorted in ascending order of total float. Activities which have the same amount of total float shall be listed in ascending order of Early Start Dates. Completed activities shall not be shown on this report.

3.5.4.4 Earnings Report

A compilation of the Contractor's Total Earnings on the project from the NTP until the most recent Monthly Progress Meeting. This report shall reflect the Earnings of specific activities based on the agreements made in the field and approved between the Contractor and Contracting Officer at the most recent Monthly Progress Meeting. Provided that the Contractor has provided a complete schedule update, this report shall serve as the basis of determining Contractor Payment. Activities shall be grouped by bid item and sorted by activity numbers. This report shall: sum all activities in a bid item and provide a bid item percent; and complete and sum all bid items to provide a total project percent complete. The printed report shall contain, for each activity: the Activity Number, Activity Description, Original Budgeted Amount, Total Quantity, Quantity to Date, Percent Complete (based on cost), and Earnings to Date.

3.5.5 Network Diagram

The network diagram shall be required on the initial schedule submission and on monthly schedule update submissions. The network diagram shall depict and display the order and interdependence of activities and the sequence in which the work is to be accomplished. The Contracting Officer will use, but is not limited to, the following conditions to review compliance with this paragraph:

3.5.5.1 Continuous Flow

Diagrams shall show a continuous flow from left to right with no arrows from right to left. The activity number, description, duration, and estimated earned value shall be shown on the diagram.

3.5.5.2 Project Milestone Dates

Dates shall be shown on the diagram for start of project, any contract required interim completion dates, and contract completion dates.

3.5.5.3 Critical Path

The critical path shall be clearly shown.

3.5.5.4 Banding

Activities shall be grouped to assist in the understanding of the activity sequence. Typically, this flow will group activities by category of work, work area and/or responsibility.

3.5.5.5 S-Curves

Earnings curves showing projected early and late earnings and earnings to date.

3.6 PERIODIC PROGRESS MEETINGS

Progress meetings to discuss payment shall include a monthly onsite meeting or other regular intervals mutually agreed to at the preconstruction conference. During this meeting the Contractor shall describe, on an activity by activity basis, all proposed revisions and adjustments to the project schedule required to reflect the current status of the project. The Contracting Officer will approve activity progress, proposed revisions, and adjustments as appropriate.

3.6.1 Meeting Attendance

The Contractor's Project Manager and Scheduler shall attend the regular progress meeting.

3.6.2 Update Submission Following Progress Meeting

A complete update of the project schedule containing all approved progress, revisions, and adjustments, based on the regular progress meeting, shall be submitted not later than 4 working days after the monthly progress meeting.

3.6.3 Progress Meeting Contents

Update information, including Actual Start Dates, Actual Finish Dates, Remaining Durations, and Cost-to-Date shall be subject to the approval of the Contracting Officer. As a minimum, the Contractor shall address the following items on an activity by activity basis during each progress meeting.

3.6.3.1 Start and Finish Dates

The Actual Start and Actual Finish dates for each activity currently in-progress or completed .

3.6.3.2 Time Completion

The estimated Remaining Duration for each activity in-progress. Time-based progress calculations shall be based on Remaining Duration for each activity.

3.6.3.3 Cost Completion

The earnings for each activity started. Payment will be based on earnings for each in-progress or completed activity. Payment for individual activities will not be made for work that contains quality

defects. A portion of the overall project amount may be retained based on delays of activities.

3.6.3.4 Logic Changes

All logic changes pertaining to NTP on change orders, change orders to be incorporated into the schedule, contractor proposed changes in work sequence, corrections to schedule logic for out-of-sequence progress, lag durations, and other changes that have been made pursuant to contract provisions shall be specifically identified and discussed.

3.6.3.5 Other Changes

Other changes required due to delays in completion of any activity or group of activities include: 1) delays beyond the Contractor's control, such as strikes and unusual weather. 2) delays encountered due to submittals, Government Activities, deliveries or work stoppages which make re-planning the work necessary. 3) Changes required to correct a schedule which does not represent the actual or planned prosecution and progress of the work.

3.7 REQUESTS FOR TIME EXTENSIONS

In the event the Contractor requests an extension of the contract completion date, or any interim milestone date, the Contractor shall furnish the following for a determination as to whether or not the Contractor is entitled to an extension of time under the provisions of the contract: justification, project schedule data, and supporting evidence as the Contracting Officer may deem necessary. Submission of proof of delay, based on revised activity logic, duration, and costs (updated to the specific date that the delay occurred) is obligatory to any approvals.

3.7.1 Justification of Delay

The project schedule shall clearly display that the Contractor has used, in full, all the float time available for the work involved with this request. The Contracting Officer's determination as to the number of allowable days of contract extension shall be based upon the project schedule updates in effect for the time period in question, and other factual information. Actual delays that are found to be caused by the Contractor's own actions, which result in the extension of the schedule, will not be a cause for a time extension to the contract completion date.

3.7.2 Submission Requirements

The Contractor shall submit a justification for each request for a change in the contract completion date of under 2 weeks based upon the most recent schedule update at the time of the NTP or constructive direction issued for the change. Such a request shall be in accordance with the requirements of other appropriate Contract Clauses and shall include, as a minimum:

a. A list of affected activities, with their associated project schedule activity number.

b. A brief explanation of the causes of the change.

c. An analysis of the overall impact of the changes proposed.

d. A sub-network of the affected area.

Activities impacted in each justification for change shall be identified by a unique activity code contained in the required data file.

3.7.3 Additional Submission Requirements

For any requested time extension of over 2 weeks, the Contracting Officer may request an interim update with revised activities for a specific change request. The Contractor shall provide this disk within 4 days of the Contracting Officer's request.

3.8 DIRECTED CHANGES

If the NTP is issued for changes prior to settlement of price and/or time, the Contractor shall submit proposed schedule revisions to the Contracting Officer within 2 weeks of the NTP being issued. The proposed revisions to the schedule will be approved by the Contracting Officer prior to inclusion of those changes within the project schedule. If the Contractor fails to submit the proposed revisions, the Contracting Officer may furnish the Contractor with suggested revisions to the project schedule. The Contractor shall include these revisions in the project schedule until revisions are submitted, and final changes and impacts have been negotiated. If the Contractor has any objections to the revisions furnished by the Contracting Officer, the Contractor shall advise the Contracting Officer within 2 weeks of receipt of the revisions. Regardless of the objections, the Contractor shall continue to update the schedule with the Contracting Officer's revisions until a mutual agreement in the revisions is reached. If the Contractor fails to submit alternative revisions within 2 weeks of receipt of the Contracting Officer's proposed revisions, the Contractor will be deemed to have concurred with the Contracting Officer's proposed revisions. The proposed revisions will then be the basis for an equitable adjustment for performance of the work.

3.9 OWNERSHIP OF FLOAT

Float available in the schedule, at any time, shall not be considered for the exclusive use of either the Government or the Contractor.

-- End of Section --

SECTION 01330

SUBMITTAL PROCEDURES
01/04

PART 1 GENERAL

1.1 DEFINITIONS

1.1.1 Submittal

Contract Clauses "FAR 52.236-5, Material and Workmanship," paragraph (b) and "FAR 52.236-21, Specifications and Drawings for Construction," paragraphs (d), (e), and (f) apply to all "submittals."

1.1.2 Submittal Descriptions (SD)

Submittals requirements are specified in the technical sections. Submittals are identified by SD numbers and titles as follows.

SD-01 Preconstruction Submittals

Certificates of insurance.
Surety bonds.
List of proposed subcontractors.
List of proposed products.
Construction Progress Schedule.
Submittal register.
Schedule of prices.
Health and safety plan.
Work plan.
Quality control plan.
Environmental protection plan.

SD-02 Shop Drawings

Drawings, diagrams and schedules specifically prepared to illustrate some portion of the work.

Diagrams and instructions from a manufacturer or fabricator for use in producing the product and as aids to the Contractor for integrating the product or system into the project.

Drawings prepared by or for the Contractor to show how multiple systems and interdisciplinary work will be coordinated.

SD-03 Product Data

Catalog cuts, illustrations, schedules, diagrams, performance charts, instructions and brochures illustrating size, physical appearance and other characteristics of materials or equipment for some portion of the work.

Samples of warranty language when the contract requires extended product warranties.

SD-04 Samples

Physical examples of materials, equipment or workmanship that illustrate functional and aesthetic characteristics of a material or product and establish standards by which the work can be judged.

Color samples from the manufacturer's standard line (or custom color samples if specified) to be used in selecting or approving colors for the project.

Field samples and mock-ups constructed on the project site establish standards by which the ensuring work can be judged. Includes assemblies or portions of assemblies which are to be incorporated into the project and those which will be removed at conclusion of the work.

SD-05 Design Data

Calculations, mix designs, analyses or other data pertaining to a part of work.

SD-06 Test Reports

Report signed by authorized official of testing laboratory that a material, product or system identical to the material, product or system to be provided has been tested in accord with specified requirements. (Testing must have been within three years of date of contract award for the project.)

Report which includes findings of a test required to be performed by the Contractor on an actual portion of the work or prototype prepared for the project before shipment to job site.

Report which includes finding of a test made at the job site or on sample taken from the job site, on portion of work during or after installation.

Investigation reports.

Daily checklists.

Final acceptance test and operational test procedure.

SD-07 Certificates

Statements signed by responsible officials of manufacturer of product, system or material attesting that product, system or material meets specification requirements. Must be dated after award of project contract and clearly name the project.

Document required of Contractor, or of a supplier, installer or subcontractor through Contractor, the purpose of which is to further quality of orderly progression of a portion of the work by documenting procedures, acceptability of methods or personnel qualifications.

Confined space entry permits.

SD-08 Manufacturer's Instructions

Preprinted material describing installation of a product, system or material, including special notices and Material Safety Data sheets concerning impedances, hazards and safety precautions.

SD-09 Manufacturer's Field Reports

Documentation of the testing and verification actions taken by manufacturer's representative to confirm compliance with manufacturer's standards or instructions.

Factory test reports.

SD-10 Operation and Maintenance Data

Data that is furnished by the manufacturer, or the system provider, to the equipment operating and maintenance personnel. This data is needed by operating and maintenance personnel for the safe and efficient operation, maintenance and repair of the item.

SD-11 Closeout Submittals

Documentation to record compliance with technical or administrative requirements or to establish an administrative mechanism.

1.1.3 Approving Authority

Office authorized to approve submittal.

1.1.4 Work

As used in this section, on- and off-site construction required by contract documents, including labor necessary to produce submittals, construction, materials, products, equipment, and systems incorporated or to be incorporated in such construction.

1.2 SUBMITTALS

Government approval is required for submittals with a "G" designation; submittals not having a "G" designation are for information only or as otherwise designated. When used, a designation following the "G" designation identifies the office that will review the submittal for the Government. The following shall be submitted in accordance with Section 01330 SUBMITTAL PROCEDURES:

SD-01 Preconstruction Submittals

Submittal register; G

1.3 USE OF SUBMITTAL REGISTER [DATABASE]

Submittal register [database and submittal management program] will be delivered to the Contractor, by Contracting Officer [on 3 1/2 inch disk]. Register[database] will have the following fields completed, to the extent that will be required by the Government during subsequent usage.

Column (c): Lists specification section in which submittal is required.

Column (d): Lists each submittal description (SD No. and type, e.g. SD-04 Drawings) required in each specification section.

Column (e): Lists one principal paragraph in specification section where a material or product is specified. This listing is only to facilitate locating submitted requirements. Do not consider entries in column (e) as limiting project requirements.

Column (f): Indicate approving authority for each submittal. A "G" indicates approval by Contracting Officer; a blank indicates approval by QC manager.

[The database and submittal management program will be extractable from the disk furnished to Contractor, for operation on Contractor's IBM compatible personal computer with 640kb RAM, a hard drive, and 3 1/2 inch high density floppy disk drive.]

Prepare and maintain submittal register, as the work progresses.[Use electronic submittal register program furnished by the Government or any other format.] Do not change data which is output in columns (c), (d), (e), and (f) as delivered by Government; retain data which is output in columns (a), (g), (h), and (i) as approved.

1.3.1 Submittal Register

Submit submittal register[as an electronic database, using submittals management program furnished to Contractor]. Submit with quality control plan and project schedule required by Section 01450N DESIGN AND CONSTRUCTION QUALITY CONTROL and [Section 01321N NETWORK ANALYSIS SCHEDULES.] [Section 01320N DESIGN AND CONSTRUCTION PROGRESS DOCUMENTATION.] Verify that all submittals required for project are listed and add missing submittals. Complete the following on the register[database]:

Column (a) Activity Number: Activity number from the project schedule.

Column (g) Contractor Submit Date: Scheduled date for approving authority to receive submittals.

Column (h) Contractor Approval Date: Date Contractor needs approval of submittal.

Column (i) Contractor Material: Date that Contractor needs material delivered to Contractor control.

1.3.2 Contractor Use of Submittal Register

Update the following fields[in the Government-furnished submittal register program or equivalent fields in program utilized by Contractor].

Column (b) Transmittal Number: Contractor assigned list of consecutive numbers.

Column (j) Action Code (k): Date of action used to record Contractor's review when forwarding submittals to QC.

Column (l) List date of submittal transmission.

Column (q) List date approval received.

1.3.3 Approving Authority Use of Submittal Register

Update the following fields[in the Government-furnished submittal register program or equivalent fields in program utilized by Contractor].

Column (b).

Column (l) List date of submittal receipt.

Column (m) through (p).

Column (q) List date returned to Contractor.

1.3.4 Contractor Action Code and Action Code

Entries used shall be as follows (others may be prescribed by Transmittal Form):

NR - Not Received

AN - Approved as noted

A - Approved

RR - Disapproved, Revise, and Resubmit

1.3.5 Copies Delivered to the Government

Deliver one copy of submittal register updated by Contractor to Government with each invoice request. [Deliver in electronic format, unless a paper copy is requested by Contracting Officer.]

1.4 PROCEDURES FOR SUBMITTALS

1.4.1 Reviewing, Certifying, Approving Authority

QC organization shall be responsible for reviewing and certifying that submittals are in compliance with contract requirements. Approving authority on submittals is QC manager unless otherwise specified for specific submittal. At each "Submittal" paragraph in individual specification sections, a notation "G," following a submittal item, indicates Contracting Officer is approving authority for that submittal item.

1.4.2 Constraints

a. Submittals listed or specified in this contract shall conform to provisions of this section, unless explicitly stated otherwise.

b. Submittals shall be complete for each definable feature of work; components of definable feature interrelated as a system shall be submitted at same time.

c. When acceptability of a submittal is dependent on conditions, items, or materials included in separate subsequent submittals, submittal will be returned without review.

d. Approval of a separate material, product, or component does not imply approval of assembly in which item functions.

1.4.3 Scheduling

a. Coordinate scheduling, sequencing, preparing and processing of submittals with performance of work so that work will not be delayed by submittal processing. Allow for potential requirements to resubmit.

b. Except as specified otherwise, allow review period, beginning with receipt by approving authority, that includes at least [15] [_____] working days for submittals for QC Manager approval and [20] [_____] working days for submittals for Contracting Officer approval. Period of review for submittals with Contracting Officer approval begins when Government receives submittal from QC organization. Period of review for each resubmittal is the same as for initial submittal.

c. For submittals requiring review by fire protection engineer, allow review period, beginning when Government receives submittal from QC organization, of [30][_____] working days for return of submittal to the Contractor. Period of review for each resubmittal is the same as for initial submittal.

1.4.4 Variations

Variations from contract requirements require Government approval pursuant to contract Clause entitled "FAR 52.236-21, Specifications and Drawings for Construction" and will be considered where advantageous to Government.

1.4.4.1 Considering Variations

Discussion with Contracting Officer prior to submission, will help ensure functional and quality requirements are met and minimize rejections and resubmittals. When contemplating a variation which results in lower cost, consider submission of the variation as a Value Engineering Change Proposal (VECP).

1.4.4.2 Proposing Variations

When proposing variation, deliver written request to the Contracting Officer, with documentation of the nature and features of the variation and why the variation is desirable and beneficial to Government. If lower cost is a benefit, also include an estimate of the cost saving. In addition to documentation required for variation, include the submittals required for the item. Clearly mark the proposed variation in all documentation.

1.4.4.3 Warranting That Variations Are Compatible

When delivering a variation for approval, Contractor warrants that this contract has been reviewed to establish that the variation, if incorporated, will be compatible with other elements of work.

1.4.4.4 Review Schedule Is Modified

In addition to normal submittal review period, a period of [10] [_____] working days will be allowed for consideration by the Government of submittals with variations.

1.4.5 Contractor's Responsibilities

a. Determine and verify field measurements, materials, field construction criteria; review each submittal; and check and coordinate each submittal with requirements of the work and contract documents.

b. Transmit submittals to QC organization in accordance with schedule on approved Submittal Register, and to prevent delays in the work, delays to Government, or delays to separate Contractors.

c. Advise Contracting Officer of variation, as required by paragraph entitled "Variations."

d. Correct and resubmit submittal as directed by approving authority. When resubmitting disapproved transmittals or transmittals noted for resubmittal, the Contractor shall provide copy of that previously submitted transmittal including all reviewer comments for use by approving authority. Direct specific attention in writing or on resubmitted submittal, to revisions not requested by approving authority on previous submissions.

e. Furnish additional copies of submittal when requested by Contracting Officer, to a limit of 20 copies per submittal.

f. Complete work which must be accomplished as basis of a submittal in time to allow submittal to occur as scheduled.

g. Ensure no work has begun until submittals for that work have been returned as "approved," or "approved as noted", except to the extent that a portion of work must be accomplished as basis of submittal.

1.4.6 QC Organization Responsibilities

a. Note date on which submittal was received from Contractor on each submittal.

b. Review each submittal; and check and coordinate each submittal with requirements of work and contract documents.

c. Review submittals for conformance with project design concepts and compliance with contract documents.

d. Act on submittals, determining appropriate action based on QC organization's review of submittal.

(1) When QC manager is approving authority, take appropriate action on submittal from the possible actions defined in paragraph entitled, "Actions Possible."

(2) When Contracting Officer is approving authority or when variation has been proposed, forward submittal to Government with certifying statement or return submittal marked "not reviewed" or "revise and resubmit" as appropriate. The QC organization's review of submittal determines appropriate action.

e. Ensure that material is clearly legible.

f. Stamp each sheet of each submittal with QC certifying statement or approving statement, except that data submitted in bound volume or on one sheet printed on two sides may be stamped on the front of the first sheet only.

(1) When approving authority is Contracting Officer, QC organization will certify submittals forwarded to Contracting Officer with the following certifying statement:

"I hereby certify that the (equipment) (material) (article) shown and marked in this submittal is that proposed to be incorporated with contract Number [_____], is in compliance with the contract drawings and specification, can be installed in the allocated spaces, and is submitted for Government approval.

Certified by Submittal Reviewer _____, Date _____
(Signature when applicable)

Certified by QC Manager _____, Date _____"
(Signature)

(2) When approving authority is QC Manager, QC Manager will use the following approval statement when returning submittals to Contractor as "Approved" or "Approved as Noted."

"I hereby certify that the (material) (equipment) (article) shown and marked in this submittal and proposed to be incorporated with contract Number [_____], is in compliance with the contract drawings and specification, can be installed in the allocated spaces, and is _____ approved for use.

Certified by Submittal Reviewer _____, Date _____
(Signature when applicable)

Approved by QC Manager _____, Date _____"
(Signature)

g. Sign certifying statement or approval statement. The person signing certifying statements shall be QC organization member designated in the approved QC plan. The signatures shall be in original ink. Stamped signatures are not acceptable.

h. Update submittal register [database]as submittal actions occur and maintain the submittal register at project site until final acceptance of all work by Contracting Officer.

i. Retain a copy of approved submittals at project site, including Contractor's copy of approved samples.

1.4.7 Government's Responsibilities

When approving authority is Contracting Officer, the Government will:

a. Note date on which submittal was received from QC manager, on each submittal for which the Contracting Officer is approving authority.

b. Review submittals for approval within scheduling period specified and only for conformance with project design concepts and compliance with contract documents.

c. Identify returned submittals with one of the actions defined in paragraph entitled "Actions Possible" and with markings appropriate for action indicated.

1.4.8 Actions Possible

Submittals will be returned with one of the following notations:

a. Submittals marked "not reviewed" will indicate submittal has been previously reviewed and approved, is not required , does not have evidence of being reviewed and approved by Contractor, or is not complete. A submittal marked "not reviewed" will be returned with an explanation of the reason it is not reviewed. Resubmit submittals returned for lack of review by Contractor or for being incomplete, with appropriate action, coordination, or change.

b. Submittals marked "approved" "approved as submitted" authorize Contractor to proceed with work covered.

c. Submittals marked "approved as noted" or "approval except as noted; resubmission not required" authorize Contractor to proceed with work as noted provided Contractor takes no exception to the notations.

d. Submittals marked "revise and resubmit" or "disapproved" indicate submittal is incomplete or does not comply with design concept or requirements of the contract documents and shall be resubmitted with appropriate changes. No work shall proceed for this item until resubmittal is approved.

1.5 FORMAT OF SUBMITTALS

1.5.1 Transmittal Form

Transmit each submittal, except sample installations and sample panels, to office of approving authority. Transmit submittals with transmittal form prescribed by Contracting Officer and standard for project. The transmittal form shall identify Contractor, indicate date of submittal, and include information prescribed by transmittal form and required in paragraph entitled "Identifying Submittals." Process transmittal forms to record actions regarding sample panels and sample installations.

1.5.2 Identifying Submittals

Identify submittals, except sample panel and sample installation, with the following information permanently adhered to or noted on each separate component of each submittal and noted on transmittal form. Mark each copy of each submittal identically, with the following:

a. Project title and location.

b. Construction contract number.

c. Section number of the specification section by which submittal is required.

d. Submittal description (SD) number of each component of submittal.

e. When a resubmission, add alphabetic suffix on submittal description, for example, SD-10A, to indicate resubmission.

f. Name, address, and telephone number of subcontractor, supplier, manufacturer and any other second tier Contractor associated with submittal.

g. Product identification and location in project.

1.5.3 Format for SD-02 Shop Drawings

a. Shop drawings shall not be less than 8 1/2 by 11 inches nor more than 30 by 42 inches.

b. Present 8 1/2 by 11 inches sized shop drawings as part of the bound volume for submittals required by section. Present larger drawings in sets.

c. Include on each drawing the drawing title, number, date, and revision numbers and dates, in addition to information required in paragraph entitled "Identifying Submittals."

d. Dimension drawings, except diagrams and schematic drawings; prepare drawings demonstrating interface with other trades to scale. Shop drawing dimensions shall be the same unit of measure as indicated on the contract drawings. Identify materials and products for work shown.

1.5.4 Format of SD-03 Product Data and SD-08 Manufacturer's Instruction's

a. Present product data submittals for each section as a complete, bound volume. Include table of contents, listing page and catalog item numbers for product data.

b. Indicate, by prominent notation, each product which is being submitted; indicate specification section number and paragraph number to which it pertains.

c. Supplement product data with material prepared for project to satisfy submittal requirements for which product data does not

exist. Identify this material as developed specifically for project.

1.5.5 Format of SD-04 Samples

a. Furnish samples in sizes below, unless otherwise specified or unless the manufacturer has prepackaged samples of approximately same size as specified:

(1) Sample of Equipment or Device: Full size.

(2) Sample of Materials Less Than 2 by 3 inches: Built up to 8 1/2 by 11 inches.

(3) Sample of Materials Exceeding 8 1/2 by 11 inches: Cut down to 8 1/2 by 11 inches and adequate to indicate color, texture, and material variations.

(4) Sample of Linear Devices or Materials: 10 inch length or length to be supplied, if less than 10 inches. Examples of linear devices or materials are conduit and handrails.

(5) Sample of Non-Solid Materials: Pint. Examples of non-solid materials are sand and paint.

(6) Color Selection Samples: 2 by 4 inches.

(7) Sample Panel: 4 by 4 feet.

(8) Sample Installation: 100 square feet.

b. Samples Showing Range of Variation: Where variations are unavoidable due to nature of the materials, submit sets of samples of not less than three units showing extremes and middle of range.

c. Reusable Samples: Incorporate returned samples into work only if so specified or indicated. Incorporated samples shall be in undamaged condition at time of use.

d. Recording of Sample Installation: Note and preserve the notation of area constituting sample installation but remove notation at final clean up of project.

e. When color, texture or pattern is specified by naming a particular manufacturer and style, include one sample of that manufacturer and style, for comparison.

1.5.6 Format of SD-05 Design Data and SD-07 Certificates

a. Provide design data and certificates on 8 1/2 by 11 inches paper. Provide a bound volume for submittals containing numerous pages.

1.5.7 Format of SD-06 Test Reports and SD-09 Manufacturer's Field Reports

a. Provide reports on 8 1/2 by 11 inches paper in a complete bound volume.

b. Indicate by prominent notation, each report in the submittal. Indicate specification number and pararaph number to which it pertains.

1.5.8 Format of SD-10 Operation and Maintenance (O&M) Data

a. O&M Data format shall comply with the requirements specified in Section 01781, Operation and Maintenance Data"

1.5.9 Format of SD-01 Preconstruction Submittals and SD-11 Closeout Submittalss

a. When submittal includes a document which is to be used in project or become part of project record, other than as a submittal, do not apply Contractor's approval stamp to document, but to a separate sheet accompanying document.

1.6 QUANTITY OF SUBMITTALS

1.6.1 Number of Copies of SD-02 Shop Drawings

a. Submit [six] [_____] copies of submittals of shop drawings requiring review and approval only by QC organization and [seven] [_____] copies of shop drawings requiring review and approval by Contracting Officer.

1.6.2 Number of Copies of SD-03 Product Data and SD-08 Manufacturer's Instructions

Submit in compliance with quantity requirements specified for shop drawings.

1.6.3 SD-04 Number of Samples

a. Submit [two] [_____] samples, or [two] [_____] sets of samples showing range of variation, of each required item. One approved sample or set of samples will be retained by approving authority and one will be returned to Contractor.

b. Submit one sample panel. Include components listed in technical section or as directed.

c. Submit one sample installation, where directed.

d. Submit one sample of non-solid materials.

1.6.4 Number of Copies SD-05 Design Data and SD-07 Certificates

a. Submit in compliance with quantity requirements specified for shop drawings.

1.6.5 Number of Copies SD-06 Test Reports and SD-09 Manufacturer's Field

Reportss

b. Submit in compliance with quantity with quality requirements specified for shop drawings.

1.6.6 Number of Copies of SD-10 Operation and Maintenance Data

Submit [Five][three][_____] copies of O&M Data to the Contracting Officer for review and approval

1.6.7 Number of Copies of SD-01 Preconstruction Submittals and SD-11 Closeout Submittalss

a. Unless otherwise specified, submit administrative submittals compliance with quantity requirements specified for shop drawings.

1.7 FORWARDING SUBMITTALS

1.7.1 Submittals Required from the Contractor

As soon as practicable after award of contract, and before procurement of fabrication, forward to the [Commander, LANTNAVFACENGCOM, Code CI4A1, 6506 Hampton Boulevard1, Norfolk, Virginia, 23508-1278] [Architect-Engineer: [_____],]submittals required in the technical sections of this specification, including shop drawings, product data and samples. One copy of the transmittal form for all submittals shall be forwarded to the Resident Officer in Charge of Construction.

[The Architect-Engineer for this project] [LANTNAVFACENGCOM] will review and approve for the Contracting Officer those submittals reserved for Contracting Officer approval to verify submittals comply with the contract requirements.

1.7.1.1 O&M Data

[The Architect-Engineer for this project] [LANTNAVFACENGCOM] will review and approve for the Contracting Officer O&M Data to verify the submittals comply with the contract requirements.; submit data specified for a given item within 30 calendar days after the item is delivered to the contract site.

a. In the event the Contractor fails to deliver O&M Data within the time limits specified, the Contracting Officer may withhold from progress payments 50 percent of the price of the item with which such O&M Data are applicable.

[1.7.1.2 Submittals Reserved for LANTNAVFACENGCOM Approval

As an exception to the standard submittal procedure specified above, submit the following to the Commander, LANTNAVFACENGCOM, Code CI4A1, 1510 Gilbert Street, Norfolk, Virginia 23511-2699:

[a. Section [_____], "[_____]": Pile driving records]

[b. Section [_____], "[_____]": All fire protection system submittals]

[c. Section [_____], "[_____]": All fire alarm system submittals]

[d. Section 15901N SPACE TEMPERATURE CCONTROL SYSTEMS: SD-06 field test report submittals]

[e. Section 15910N DIRECT DIGITAL CONTROL SYSTEMS: SD-06 field test report submittals]

[f. Section 15950N HVAC TESTING/ADJUSTING/BALANCING: All submittals]

[g. Section 15951N TESTING INDUSTRIAL VENTILATION SYSTEMS: All submittals]

[h. Section 16272N THREE-PHASE PAD POUNTED TRANSFORMERS: All submittals]

[i. Section 16273N SINGLE-PHASE PAD POUNTED TRANSFORMERS: All submittals]

[j. Section 16301N OVERHEAD TRANSMISSION AND DISTRIBUTION: Transformer submittals]

[k. Section 16360N SECONDARY UNIT SUBSTATIONS: Transformer submittals]

[l. Section 16361N PRIMARY UNIT SUBSTATIONS: Transformer submittals]

][1.7.1.3 Overseas Shop Drawing Submittals

All submittals shall be sent via overnight express mail service. All costs associated with the overnight express mail service shall be borne by the construction Contractor. Costs associated with the overnight express mail of submittals related to proposed submittal variances of resubmittals necessary as a result of noncompliant or incomplete Contractor submittals shall be the responsibility of the Contractor.
]

1.8 SUBMITTAL CLASSIFICATION

Submittals are classified as follows:

1.8.1 Designer of Record Approved

Designer of Record approval is required for extensions of design, critical materials, any deviations from the solicitation, the accepted proposal, or the completed design, equipment whose compatibility with the entire system must be checked, and other items as designated by the Contracting Officer. Within the terms of the Contract Clause entitled "Specifications and Drawings for Construction", they are considered to be "shop drawings". The Contractor shall provide the Government the number of copies designated hereinafter of all Designer of Record approved submittals. The Government may review any or all Designer of Record approved submittals for conformance to the Solicitation and Accepted Proposal. The Government will review all submittals designated as deviating from the Solicitation or Accepted Proposal, as described below. Design submittals shall be in accordance with Section 01012A DESIGN AFTER AWARD. Generally, design submittals should be identified as SD-05 DESIGN DATA submittals.

1.8.2 Government Approved

Government approval is required for extensions of design, critical materials, deviations, equipment whose compatibility with the entire system must be checked, and other items as designated by the Contracting Officer. Government approval is required for any deviations from the Solicitation or Accepted Proposal and other items as designated by the Contracting Officer. Within the terms of the Contract Clause entitled "Specifications and Drawings for Construction," they are considered to be "shop drawings."

1.8.3 Government Reviewed Design or Extension of Design

The Government will review all (_____%) and (_____%) design submittals for conformance with the technical requirements of the solicitation. Section 01012A DESIGN AFTER AWARD covers the design submittal and review process in detail. Government review is required for extension of design construction submittals, used to define contract conformity, and for deviation from the completed design. Review will be only for conformance with the contract requirements. Included are only those construction submittals for which the Designer of Record design documents do not include enough detail to ascertain contract compliance. The Government may, but is not required, to review extensions of design such as structural steel or reinforcement shop drawings.

1.8.4 Information Only

All submittals not requiring Government approval will be for information only. All submittals not requiring Designer of Record or Government approval will be for information only. They are not considered to be "shop drawings" within the terms of the Contract Clause referred to above.
All submittals not requiring Government approval will be for information only. They are not considered to be "shop drawings" within the terms of the Contract Clause referred to above.

1.9 APPROVED SUBMITTALS

The Contracting Officer's approval of submittals shall not be construed as a complete check, but will indicate only that the general method of construction, materials, detailing and other information are satisfactorydesign, general method of construction, materials, detailing and other information appear to meet the Solicitation and Accepted Proposal. Approval will not relieve the Contractor of the responsibility for any error which may exist, as the Contractor under the Contractor Quality Control (CQC) requirements of this contract is responsible for [dimensions, the design of adequate connections and details, and the satisfactory construction of all work][design, dimensions, all design extensions, such as the design of adequate connections and details, etc., and the satisfactory construction of all work]. After submittals have been approved by the Contracting Officer, no resubmittal for the purpose of substituting materials or equipment will be considered unless accompanied by an explanation of why a substitution is necessary.

1.10 DISAPPROVED SUBMITTALS

The Contractor shall make all corrections required by the Contracting Officer and promptly furnish a corrected submittal in the form and number of copies specified for the initial submittal. The Contractor shall make all

corrections required by the Contracting Officer, obtain the Designer of Record's approval when applicable, and promptly furnish a corrected submittal in the form and number of copies specified for the initial submittal. Any "information only" submittal found to contain errors or unapproved deviations from the Solicitation or Accepted Proposal shall be resubmitted as one requiring "approval" action, requiring both Designer of Record and Government approval. If the Contractor considers any correction indicated on the submittals to constitute a change to the contract, a notice in accordance with the Contract Clause "Changes" shall be given promptly to the Contracting Officer.

1.11 WITHHOLDING OF PAYMENT

Payment for materials incorporated in the work will not be made if required approvals have not been obtained. No payment for materials incorporated in the work will be made if all required Designer of Record or required Government approvals have not been obtained. No payment will be made for any materials incorporated into the work for any conformance review submittals or information only submittals found to contain errors or deviations from the Solicitation or Accepted Proposal.

1.12 GENERAL

The Contractor shall make submittals as required by the specifications. The Contracting Officer may request submittals in addition to those specified when deemed necessary to adequately describe the work covered in the respective sections. Units of weights and measures used on all submittals shall be the same as those used in the contract drawings. Each submittal shall be complete and in sufficient detail to allow ready determination of compliance with contract requirements. Prior to submittal, all items shall be checked and approved by the Contractor's Quality Control (CQC) System ManagerQuality Control (CQC) System Manager and the Designer of Record, if applicable, and each item shall be stamped, signed, and dated by the CQC System Manager indicating action taken. Proposed deviations from the contract requirements shall be clearly identified. Submittals shall include items such as: Contractor's, manufacturer's, or fabricator's drawings; descriptive literature including (but not limited to) catalog cuts, diagrams, operating charts or curves; test reports; test cylinders; samples; O&M manuals (including parts list); certifications; warranties; and other such required submittals. Submittals requiring Government approval shall be scheduled and made prior to the acquisition of the material or equipment covered thereby. Samples remaining upon completion of the work shall be picked up and disposed of in accordance with manufacturer's Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS) and in compliance with existing laws and regulations.

1.13 SUBMITTAL REGISTER

At the end of this section is a submittal [register] [list] showing items of equipment and materials for which submittals are required by the specifications; this list may not be all inclusive and additional submittals may be required. [The Contractor shall maintain a submittal register for the project in accordance with Section 01312A QUALITY CONTROL SYSTEM (QCS).][The Government will provide the initial submittal register in electronic format. Thereafter, the Contractor shall maintain a complete list of all submittals, including completion of all data columns. Dates on which submittals are received and returned by the Government will be

included in its export file to the Contractor. The Contractor shall track all submittals.]

The Designer of Record shall develop a complete list of submittals during design. The Designer of Record shall identify required submittals in the specifications, and use the list to prepare the Submittal Register. The list may not be all inclusive and additional submittals may be required by other parts of the contract. The Contractor is required to complete the submittal register and submit it to the Contracting Officer for approval within 30 calendar days after Notice to Proceed. The approved submittal register will serve as a scheduling document for submittals and will be used to control submittal actions throughout the contract period. The submit dates and need dates used in the submittal register shall be coordinated with dates in the Contractor prepared progress schedule. Updates to the submittal register showing the Contractor action codes and actual dates with Government action codes and actual dates shall be submitted monthly or until all submittals have been satisfactorily completed. When the progress schedule is revised, the submittal register shall also be revised and both submitted for approval.

1.14 SCHEDULING

Submittals covering component items forming a system or items that are interrelated shall be scheduled to be coordinated and submitted concurrently. Certifications to be submitted with the pertinent drawings shall be so scheduled. Adequate time (a minimum of [_____] calendar days exclusive of mailing time) shall be allowed and shown on the register for review and approval. No delay damages or time extensions will be allowed for time lost in late submittals. An additional [_____] calendar days shall be allowed and shown on the register for review and approval of submittals for [food service equipment] [and] [refrigeration and HVAC control systems].

1.15 TRANSMITTAL FORM (ENG FORM 4025)

The sample transmittal form (ENG Form 4025) attached to this section shall be used for submitting both Government approved and information only submittals in accordance with the instructions on the reverse side of the form. These forms [will be furnished to the Contractor][are included in the QCS software that the Contractor is required to use for this contract]. This form shall be properly completed by filling out all the heading blank spaces and identifying each item submitted. Special care shall be exercised to ensure proper listing of the specification paragraph and/or sheet number of the contract drawings pertinent to the data submitted for each item.

1.16 SUBMITTAL PROCEDURES

Submittals shall be made as follows:

1.16.1 Procedures

[_____] [_____][The Government will further discuss detailed submittal procedures with the Contractor at the [Preconstruction Conference][Post-Award Conference]].

1.16.2 Deviations

For submittals which include proposed deviations requested by the Contractor, the column "variation" of ENG Form 4025 shall be checked. The Contractor shall set forth in writing the reason for any deviations and annotate such deviations on the submittal. The Government reserves the right to rescind inadvertent approval of submittals containing unnoted deviations.

1.17 CONTROL OF SUBMITTALS

The Contractor shall carefully control his procurement operations to ensure that each individual submittal is made on or before the Contractor scheduled submittal date shown on the approved "Submittal Register."

1.18 GOVERNMENT APPROVED SUBMITTALS

Upon completion of review of submittals requiring Government approval, the submittals will be identified as having received approval by being so stamped and dated. [_____] copies of the submittal will be retained by the Contracting Officer and [_____] copies of the submittal will be returned to the Contractor. If the Government performs a conformance review of other Designer of Record approved submittals, the submittals will be so identified and returned, as described above.

1.19 INFORMATION ONLY SUBMITTALS

Normally submittals for information only will not be returned. Approval of the Contracting Officer is not required on information only submittals. The Government reserves the right to require the Contractor to resubmit any item found not to comply with the contract. This does not relieve the Contractor from the obligation to furnish material conforming to the plans and specifications; will not prevent the Contracting Officer from requiring removal and replacement of nonconforming material incorporated in the work; and does not relieve the Contractor of the requirement to furnish samples for testing by the Government laboratory or for check testing by the Government in those instances where the technical specifications so prescribe. For design-build construction the Government will retain [_____] copies of information only submittals.

1.20 STAMPS

Stamps used by the Contractor on the submittal data to certify that the submittal meets contract requirements shall be similar to the following:

CONTRACTOR

(Firm Name)

_____ Approved

_____ Approved with corrections as noted on submittal data and/or attached sheets(s).

SIGNATURE: _____

TITLE: _____

DATE: _____

For design-build construction, both the Contractor Quality Control System Manager and the Designer of Record shall stamp and sign to certify that the submittal meets contract requirements.

PART 2 PRODUCTS

Not used.

PART 3 EXECUTION

Not used.

SECTION 01420

SOURCES FOR REFERENCE PUBLICATIONS
08/02

PART 1 GENERAL

1.1 REFERENCES

Various publications are referenced in other sections of the specifications to establish requirements for the work. These references are identified in each section by document number, date and title. The document number used in the citation is the number assigned by the standards producing organization, (e.g. ASTM B 564 Nickel Alloy Forgings). However, when the standards producing organization has not assigned a number to a document, an identifying number has been assigned for reference purposes.

1.2 ORDERING INFORMATION

The addresses of the standards publishing organizations whose documents are referenced in other sections of these specifications are listed below, and if the source of the publications is different from the address of the sponsoring organization, that information is also provided. Documents listed in the specifications with numbers which were not assigned by the standards producing organization should be ordered from the source by title rather than by number.

ACI INTERNATIONAL (ACI)
P.O. Box 9094
Farmington Hills, MI 48333-9094
Ph: 248-848-3700
Fax: 248-848-3701
Internet: http://www.aci-int.org

AIR CONDITIONING AND REFRIGERATION INSTITUTE (ARI)
4301 North Fairfax Dr., Suite 425
ATTN: Pubs Dept.
Arlington, VA 22203
Ph: 703-524-8800
Fax: 703-528-3816
E-mail: ari@ari.org
Internet: http://www.ari.org

AIR CONDITIONING CONTRACTORS OF AMERICA (ACCA)
2800 Shirlington Road, Suite 300
Arlington, VA 22206
Ph: 703-575-4477
FAX: 703-575-4449
Internet: http://www.acca.org

AIR DIFFUSION COUNCIL (ADC)
1000 East Woodfield Road, Suite 102
Shaumburg, IL 60173-5921
Ph: 847-706-6750
Fax: 847-706-6751

Internet: http://www.flexibleduct.org

AIR MOVEMENT AND CONTROL ASSOCIATION (AMCA)
30 W. University Dr.
Arlington Heights, IL 60004-1893
Ph: 847-394-0150
Fax: 847-253-0088
Internet: http://www.amca.org

ALUMINUM ASSOCIATION (AA)
900 19th Street N.W.
Washington, DC 20006
Ph: 202-862-5100
Fax: 202-862-5164
Internet: http://www.aluminum.org

AMERICAN ARCHITECTURAL MANUFACTURERS ASSOCIATION (AAMA)
1827 Walden Ofc. Sq.
Suite 104
Schaumburg, IL 60173-4268
Ph: 847-303-5664
Fax: 847-303-5774
Internet: http://www.aamanet.org

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION OF STATE HIGHWAY AND TRANSPORTATION OFFICIALS (AASHTO)
444 N. Capital St., NW, Suite 249
Washington, DC 20001
Ph: 800-231-3475 202-624-5800
Fax: 800-525-5562 202-624-5806
Internet: http://www.aashto.org

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION OF TEXTILE CHEMISTS AND COLORISTS (AATCC)
P.O. Box 12215
Research Triangle Park, NC 27709-2215
Ph: 919-549-8141
Fax: 919-549-8933
Internet: http://www.aatcc.org

AMERICAN BEARING MANUFACTURERS ASSOCIATION (ABMA)
2025 M Street, NW, Suite 800
Washington, DC 20036
Ph: 202-367-1155
Fax: 202-367-2155
Internet: http://www.abma-dc.org

AMERICAN BOILER MANUFACTURERS ASSOCIATION (ABMA)
4001 North 9th Street, Suite 226
Arlington, VA 22203-1900
Ph: 703-522-7350
Fax: 703-522-2665
Internet: http://www.abma.com

AMERICAN CONCRETE PIPE ASSOCIATION (ACPA)
222 West Las Colinas Blvd., Suite 641
Irving, TX 75039-5423
Ph: 972-506-7216 or 800-290-2272
Fax: 972-506-7682

Internet: http://www.concrete-pipe.org
e-mail: info@concrete-pipe.org

AMERICAN CONFERENCE OF GOVERNMENTAL INDUSTRIAL HYGIENISTS (ACGIH)
1330 Kemper Meadow Dr.
Suite 600
Cincinnati, OH 45240
Ph: 513-742-2020
Fax: 513-742-3355
Internet: http://www.acgih.org
E-mail: pubs@acgih.org

AMERICAN FOREST & PAPER ASSOCIATION (AF&PA)
American Wood Council
ATTN: Publications Dept.
1111 Nineteenth St. NW, Suite 800
Washington, DC 20036
Ph: 800-294-2372 or 202-463-2700
Fax: 202-463-2471
Internet: http://www.afandpa.org/awc/

AMERICAN GAS ASSOCIATION (AGA)
400 N. Capitol St. N.W. Suite 450
Washington, D.C. 20001
Ph: 202-824-7000
Fax: 202-824-7115
Internet: http://www.aga.org

AMERICAN GAS ASSOCIATION LABORATORIES (AGAL)
400 N. Capitol St. N.W. Suite 450
Washington, D.C. 20001
Ph: 202-824-7000
Fax: 202-824-7115
Internet: http://www.aga.org

AMERICAN GEAR MANUFACTURERS ASSOCIATION (AGMA)
1500 King St., Suite 201
Alexandria, VA 22314-2730
Ph: 703-684-0211
Fax: 703-684-0242
Internet: http://www.agma.org

AMERICAN INSTITUTE OF STEEL CONSTRUCTION (AISC)
One East Wacker Dr., Suite 3100
Chicago, IL 60601-2001
Ph: 312-670-2400
Publications: 800-644-2400
Fax: 312-670-5403
Internet: http://www.aisc.org

AMERICAN INSTITUTE OF TIMBER CONSTRUCTION (AITC)
7012 So. Revere Parkway, Suite 140
Englewood, CO 80112
Ph: 303-792-9559
Fax: 303-792-0669
Internet: http://www.aitc-glulam.org

AMERICAN IRON AND STEEL INSTITUTE (AISI)

1101 17th St., NW Suite 1300
Washington, DC 20036
Ph: 202-452-7100
Internet: http://www.steel.org

AMERICAN NATIONAL STANDARDS INSTITUTE (ANSI)
1819 L Street, NW, 6th Floor
Washington, DC 20036
Ph: 202-293-8020
Fax: 202-293-9287
Internet: http://www.ansi.org/
Note --- Documents beginning with the letter "S" can be ordered from:
Acoustical Society of America
Standards and Publications Fulfillment Center
P. O. Box 1020
Sewickley, PA 15143-9998
Ph: 412-741-1979
Fax: 412-741-0609
Internet: http://asa.aip.org
General e-mail: asa@aip.org
Publications e-mail: asapubs@abdintl.com

AMERICAN NURSERY AND LANDSCAPE ASSOCIATION (ANLA)
1250 I St., NW, Suite 500
Washington, DC 20005-3922
Ph: 202-789-2900
FAX: 202-789-1893
Internet: http://www.anla.org

AMERICAN PETROLEUM INSTITUTE (API)
1220 L St., NW
Washington, DC 20005-4070
Ph: 202-682-8000
Fax: 202-682-8223
Internet: http://www.api.org

AMERICAN PUBLIC HEALTH ASSOCIATION (APHA)
800 I Street, NW
Washington, DC 20001
PH: 202-777-2742
FAX: 202-777-2534
Internet: http://www.apha.org

AMERICAN RAILWAY ENGINEERING & MAINTENANCE-OF-WAY ASSOCIATION (AREMA)
8201 Corporate Dr., Suite 1125
Landover, MD 20785-2230
Ph: 301-459-3200
Fax: 301-459-8077
Internet: http://www.arema.org

AMERICAN SOCIETY FOR NONDESTRUCTIVE TESTING (ASNT)
1711 Arlingate Lane
P.O. Box 28518
Columbus, OH 43228-0518
Ph: 800-222-2768
Fax: 614-274-6899

Internet: http://www.asnt.org

AMERICAN SOCIETY FOR QUALITY (ASQ)
600 North Plankinton Avenue
Milwaukee, WI 53202-3005
Ph: 800-248-1946
Fax: 414-272-1734
Internet: http://www.asq.org

ASTM INTERNATIONAL (ASTM)

100 Barr Harbor Drive
West Conshohocken, PA 19428-2959
Ph: 610-832-9585
Fax: 610-832-9555
Internet: http://www.astm.org

AMERICAN SOCIETY OF CIVIL ENGINEERS (ASCE)
1801 Alexander Bell Drive
Reston, VA 20191-4400
Ph: 703-295-6300 - 800-548-2723
Fax: 703-295-6222
Internet: http://www.asce.org
e-mail: marketing@asce.org

AMERICAN SOCIETY OF HEATING, REFRIGERATING AND AIR-CONDITIONING ENGINEERS (ASHRAE)
1791 Tullie Circle, NE
Atlanta, GA 30329
Ph: 800-527-4723 or 404-636-8400
Fax: 404-321-5478
Internet: http://www.ashrae.org

AMERICAN SOCIETY OF SANITARY ENGINEERING (ASSE)
901 Canterbury, Suite A
Westlake, OH 44145
Ph: 440-835-3040
Fax: 440-835-3488
E-mail: asse@ix.netcom.com
Internet: http://www.asse-plumbing.org

AMERICAN WATER WORKS ASSOCIATION(AWWA)
6666 West Quincy
Denver, CO 80235
Ph: 800-926-7337 - 303-794-7711
Fax: 303-794-7310
Internet: http://www.awwa.org

AMERICAN WELDING SOCIETY (AWS)
550 N.W. LeJeune Road
Miami, FL 33126
Ph: 800-443-9353 - 305-443-9353
Fax: 305-443-7559
Internet: http://www.amweld.org

AMERICAN WOOD-PRESERVERS' ASSOCIATION (AWPA)
P.O. Box 5690
Grandbury, TX 76049-0690

Ph: 817-326-6300
Fax: 817-326-6306
Internet: http://www.awpa.com

APA - THE ENGINEERED WOOD ASSOCIATION (APA)
P.O.Box 11700
Tacoma, WA 98411-0700
Ph: 253-565-6600
Fax: 253-565-7265
Internet: http://www.apawood.org

ARCHITECTURAL & TRANSPORTATION BARRIERS COMPLIANCE BOARD (ATBCB)
The Access Board
1331 F Street, NW, Suite 1000
Washington, DC 20004-1111
PH: 202-272-5434
FAX: 202-272-5447
Internet: http://www.access-board.gov

ARCHITECTURAL WOODWORK INSTITUTE (AWI)
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NOTE --- ML/SFA has merged with NAAMM.

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-- End of Section --

SECTION 01451A

CONTRACTOR QUALITY CONTROL
01/03

PART 1 GENERAL

1.1 REFERENCES

The publications listed below form a part of this specification to the extent referenced. The publications are referred to within the text by basic designation only.

ASTM INTERNATIONAL (ASTM)

ASTM D 3740	(2001) Minimum Requirements for Agencies Engaged in the Testing and/or Inspection of Soil and Rock as Used in Engineering Design and Construction
ASTM E 329	(2000b) Agencies Engaged in the Testing and/or Inspection of Materials Used in Construction

U.S. ARMY CORPS OF ENGINEERS (USACE)

ER 1110-1-12	Quality Management

1.2 PAYMENT

Separate payment will not be made for providing and maintaining an effective Quality Control program, and all costs associated therewith shall be included in the applicable unit prices or lump-sum prices contained in the Bidding Schedule.

PART 2 PRODUCTS (NOT APPLICABLE)

PART 3 EXECUTION

3.1 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

The Contractor is responsible for quality control and shall establish and maintain an effective quality control system in compliance with the Contract Clause titled "Inspection of Construction." The quality control system shall consist of plans, procedures, and organization necessary to produce an end product which complies with the contract requirements. The system shall cover all construction design and construction operations, both onsite and offsite, and shall be keyed to the proposed construction sequence. The site project superintendent will be held responsible for the quality of work on the job and is subject to removal by the Contracting Officer for non-compliance with the quality requirements specified in the contract. The site project superintendent in this context shall be the highest level manager responsible for the overall construction activities at the site, including quality and production. The site project superintendent shall maintain a physical presence at the site at all times, except as otherwise acceptable to the

Contracting Officer, and shall be responsible for all construction and construction related activities at the site.

3.2 QUALITY CONTROL PLAN

The Contractor shall furnish for review by the Government, not later than 5 days after receipt of notice to proceed, the Contractor Quality Control (CQC) Plan proposed to implement the requirements of the Contract Clause titled "Inspection of Construction." The plan shall identify personnel, procedures, control, instructions, tests, records, and forms to be used. The Government will consider an interim plan for the first 30 days of operation. Construction Design and construction will be permitted to begin only after acceptance of the CQC Plan or acceptance of an interim plan applicable to the particular feature of work to be started. Work outside of the features of work included in an accepted interim plan will not be permitted to begin until acceptance of a CQC Plan or another interim plan containing the additional features of work to be started.

3.2.1 Content of the CQC Plan

The CQC Plan shall include, as a minimum, the following to cover all design and construction, construction operations, both onsite and offsite, including work by subcontractors, fabricators, suppliers, and purchasing agents, subcontractors, designers of record, consultants, architect/engineers (AE), fabricators, suppliers, and purchasing agents:

a. A description of the quality control organization, including a chart showing lines of authority and acknowledgment that the CQC staff shall implement the three phase control system for all aspects of the work specified. The staff shall include a CQC System Manager who shall report to the project superintendent.

b. The name, qualifications (in resume format), duties, responsibilities, and authorities of each person assigned a CQC function.

c. A copy of the letter to the CQC System Manager signed by an authorized official of the firm which describes the responsibilities and delegates sufficient authorities to adequately perform the functions of the CQC System Manager, including authority to stop work which is not in compliance with the contract. The CQC System Manager shall issue letters of direction to all other various quality control representatives outlining duties, authorities, and responsibilities. Copies of these letters shall also be furnished to the Government.

d. Procedures for scheduling, reviewing, certifying, and managing submittals, including those of subcontractors, offsite fabricators, suppliers, and purchasing agents, subcontractors, designers of record, consultants, architect engineers (AE), offsite fabricators, suppliers, and purchasing agents. These procedures shall be in accordance with Section 01330 SUBMITTAL PROCEDURES.

e. Control, verification, and acceptance testing procedures for each specific test to include the test name, specification paragraph requiring test, feature of work to be tested, test

frequency, and person responsible for each test. (Laboratory facilities approved by the Contracting Officer shall be used.)

f. Procedures for tracking preparatory, initial, and follow-up control phases and control, verification, and acceptance tests including documentation.

g. Procedures for tracking construction design and construction deficiencies from identification through acceptable corrective action. These procedures shall establish verification that identified deficiencies have been corrected.

h. Reporting procedures, including proposed reporting formats.

i. A list of the definable features of work. A definable feature of work is a task which is separate and distinct from other tasks, has separate control requirements, and may be identified by different trades or disciplines, or it may be work by the same trade in a different environment. Although each section of the specifications may generally be considered as a definable feature of work, there are frequently more than one definable features under a particular section. This list will be agreed upon during the coordination meeting.

3.2.2 Additional Requirements for Design Quality Control (DQC) Plan

The followng additional requirements apply to the Design Quality Control (DQC) plan:

(1) The Contractor's QCP Plan shall provide and maintain a Design Quality Control (DQC) Plan as an effective quality control program which will assure that all services required by this design-build contract are performed and provided in a manner that meets professional architectural and engineering quality standards. As a minimum, all documents shall be technically reviewed by competent, independent reviewers identified in the DQC Plan. The same element that produced the product shall not perform the independent technical review (ITR). The Contractor shall correct errors and deficiencies in the design documents prior to submitting them to the Government.

(2) The Contractor shall include the design schedule in the master project schedule, showing the sequence of events involved in carrying out the project design tasks within the specific contract period. This should be at a detailed level of scheduling sufficient to identify all major design tasks, including those that control the flow of work. The schedule shall include review and correction periods associated with each item. This should be a forward planning as well as a project monitoring tool. The schedule reflects calendar days and not dates for each activity. If the schedule is changed, the Contractor shall submit a revised schedule reflecting the change within 7 calendar days. The Contractor shall include in the DQC Plan the discipline-specific checklists to be used during the design and quality control of each submittal. These completed checklists shall be submitted at each design phase as part of

the project documentation. Example checklists can be found in ER 1110-1-12.

(3) The DQC Plan shall be implemented by an Design Quality Control Manager who has the responsibility of being cognizant of and assuring that all documents on the project have been coordinated. This individual shall be a person who has verifiable engineering or architectural design experience and is a registered professional engineer or architect. The Contractor shall notify the Contracting Officer, in writing, of the name of the individual, and the name of an alternate person assigned to the position.

The Contracting Officer will notify the Contractor in writing of the acceptance of the DQC Plan. After acceptance, any changes proposed by the Contractor are subject to the acceptance of the Contracting Officer.

3.2.3 Acceptance of Plan

Acceptance of the Contractor's plan is required prior to the start of constructiondesign and construction. Acceptance is conditional and will be predicated on satisfactory performance during the constructiondesign and construction. The Government reserves the right to require the Contractor to make changes in his CQC Plan and operations including removal of personnel, as necessary, to obtain the quality specified.

3.2.4 Notification of Changes

After acceptance of the CQC Plan, the Contractor shall notify the Contracting Officer in writing of any proposed change. Proposed changes are subject to acceptance by the Contracting Officer.

3.3 COORDINATION MEETING

After the Preconstruction Conference, before start of construction, Post-Award Conference, before start of design or construction, and prior to acceptance by the Government of the CQC Plan, the Contractor shall meet with the Contracting Officer or Authorized Representative and discuss the Contractor's quality control system. The CQC Plan shall be submitted for review a minimum of 7 calendar days prior to the Coordination Meeting. During the meeting, a mutual understanding of the system details shall be developed, including the forms for recording the CQC operations, design activities, control activities, testing, administration of the system for both onsite and offsite work, and the interrelationship of Contractor's Management and control with the Government's Quality Assurance. Minutes of the meeting shall be prepared by the Government and signed by both the Contractor and the Contracting Officer. The minutes shall become a part of the contract file. There may be occasions when subsequent conferences will be called by either party to reconfirm mutual understandings and/or address deficiencies in the CQC system or procedures which may require corrective action by the Contractor.

3.4 QUALITY CONTROL ORGANIZATION

3.4.1 Personnel Requirements

The requirements for the CQC organization are a CQC System Manager, a Design Quality Manager, and sufficient number of additional qualified personnel to ensure safety and contract compliance. The Safety and Health Manager shall receive direction and authority from the CQC System Manager and shall serve as a member of the CQC staff. Personnel identified in the technical provisions as requiring specialized skills to assure the required work is being performed properly will also be included as part of the CQC organization. The Contractor's CQC staff shall maintain a presence at the site at all times during progress of the work and have complete authority and responsibility to take any action necessary to ensure contract compliance. The CQC staff shall be subject to acceptance by the Contracting Officer. The Contractor shall provide adequate office space, filing systems and other resources as necessary to maintain an effective and fully functional CQC organization. Complete records of all letters, material submittals, shop drawing submittals, schedules and all other project documentation shall be promptly furnished to the CQC organization by the Contractor. The CQC organization shall be responsible to maintain these documents and records at the site at all times, except as otherwise acceptable to the Contracting Officer.

3.4.2 CQC System Manager

The CQC System Manager shall be a graduate engineer, graduate architect, or a graduate of construction management, with a minimum of 3 years construction experience on construction similar to this contract or a construction person with a minimum of 10 years in related work. The CQC System Manager shall be assigned no other duties.

3.4.3 CQC Personnel

In addition to CQC personnel specified elsewhere in the contract, the Contractor shall provide as part of the CQC organization specified personnel to assist the CQC System Manager for the following areas: electrical, mechanical, civil, structural, architectural, submittals clerk, Testing-Adjusting-Balancing (TAB) personnel, Design Quality Control Manager. These individuals may be employed by the prime contractor or a subcontractor. They will be responsible to the Prime Contractor CQC System Manager irregardless of who they are employed by and they will be physically present at the construction site during work on their areas of responsibility. They will have the necessary education and/or experience in accordance with the experience matrix listed herein. These individuals may have other duties in addition to quality control, but must be able to satisfactorily perform quality control responsibilities.

Experience Matrix

	Area	Qualifications
a.	Civil	Graduate Civil Engineer with 2 years experience in the type of work being performed on this project or technician with 5 yrs related experience
b.	Mechanical	Graduate Mechanical Engineer with 2 yrs experience or

		person with 5 yrs related experience
c.	Electrical	Graduate Electrical Engineer with 2 yrs related experience or person with 5 yrs related experience
d.	Structural	Graduate Structural Engineer with 2 yrs experience or person with 5 yrs related experience
e.	Architectural	Graduate Architect with 2 yrs experience or person with 5 yrs related experience
f.	Submittals	Submittal Clerk with 1 yr experience
g.	Concrete, Pavements and Soils	Materials Technician with 2 yrs experience for the appropriate area
h.	Testing, Adjusting and Balancing (TAB) Personnel	Specialist must be a member of AABC or an experienced technician of the firm certified by the NEBB.
i.	Design Quality Control Manager	Registered Architect or Professional Engineer

3.4.4 Additional Requirement

In addition to the above experience and education requirements the CQC System Manager shall have completed the course entitled "Construction Quality Management For Contractors". This course is available on video.

3.4.5 Organizational Changes

The Contractor shall maintain the CQC staff at full strength at all times. When it is necessary to make changes to the CQC staff, the Contractor shall revise the CQC Plan to reflect the changes and submit the changes to the Contracting Officer for acceptance.

3.5 SUBMITTALS AND DELIVERABLES

Submittals, if needed, shall be made as specified in Section 01330 SUBMITTAL PROCEDURES. The CQC organization shall be responsible for certifying that all submittals and deliverables are in compliance with the contract requirements. When Section 15950A HEATING, VENTILATING AND AIR CONDITIONING (HVAC) CONTROL SYSTEMS; 15951A DIRECT DIGITAL CONTROL FOR HVAC; 15990A TESTING, ADJUSTING, AND BALANCING OF HVAC SYSTEMS; or 15995A COMMISSIONING OF HVAC SYSTEMS are included in the contract, the submittals required by those sections shall be coordinated with Section 01330 SUBMITTAL PROCEDURES to ensure adequate time is allowed for each type of submittal required.

3.6 CONTROL

Contractor Quality Control is the means by which the Contractor ensures that the construction, to include that of subcontractors and suppliers, complies with the requirements of the contract. At least three phases of control shall be conducted by the CQC System Manager for each definable feature of the construction work as follows:

3.6.1 Preparatory Phase

This phase shall be performed prior to beginning work on each definable feature of work, after all required plans/documents/materials are approved/accepted, and after copies are at the work site. This phase shall include:

a. A review of each paragraph of applicable specifications, reference codes, and standards. A copy of those sections of referenced codes and standards applicable to that portion of the work to be accomplished in the field shall be made available by the Contractor at the preparatory inspection. These copies shall be maintained in the field and available for use by Government personnel until final acceptance of the work.

b. A review of the contract drawings.

c. A check to assure that all materials and/or equipment have been tested, submitted, and approved.

d. Review of provisions that have been made to provide required control inspection and testing.

e. Examination of the work area to assure that all required preliminary work has been completed and is in compliance with the contract.

f. A physical examination of required materials, equipment, and sample work to assure that they are on hand, conform to approved shop drawings or submitted data, and are properly stored.

g. A review of the appropriate activity hazard analysis to assure safety requirements are met.

h. Discussion of procedures for controlling quality of the work including repetitive deficiencies. Document construction tolerances and workmanship standards for that feature of work.

i. A check to ensure that the portion of the plan for the work to be performed has been accepted by the Contracting Officer.

j. Discussion of the initial control phase.

k. The Government shall be notified at least 48 hours in advance of beginning the preparatory control phase. This phase shall include a meeting conducted by the CQC System Manager and attended by the superintendent, other CQC personnel (as applicable), and the foreman responsible for the definable feature. The results of the preparatory phase actions shall be

documented by separate minutes prepared by the CQC System Manager and attached to the daily CQC report. The Contractor shall instruct applicable workers as to the acceptable level of workmanship required in order to meet contract specifications.

3.6.2 Initial Phase

This phase shall be accomplished at the beginning of a definable feature of work. The following shall be accomplished:

a. A check of work to ensure that it is in full compliance with contract requirements. Review minutes of the preparatory meeting.

b. Verify adequacy of controls to ensure full contract compliance. Verify required control inspection and testing.

c. Establish level of workmanship and verify that it meets minimum acceptable workmanship standards. Compare with required sample panels as appropriate.

d. Resolve all differences.

e. Check safety to include compliance with and upgrading of the safety plan and activity hazard analysis. Review the activity analysis with each worker.

f. The Government shall be notified at least 24 hours in advance of beginning the initial phase. Separate minutes of this phase shall be prepared by the CQC System Manager and attached to the daily CQC report. Exact location of initial phase shall be indicated for future reference and comparison with follow-up phases.

g. The initial phase should be repeated for each new crew to work onsite, or any time acceptable specified quality standards are not being met.

3.6.3 Follow-up Phase

Daily checks shall be performed to assure control activities, including control testing, are providing continued compliance with contract requirements, until completion of the particular feature of work. The checks shall be made a matter of record in the CQC documentation. Final follow-up checks shall be conducted and all deficiencies corrected prior to the start of additional features of work which may be affected by the deficient work. The Contractor shall not build upon nor conceal non-conforming work.

3.6.4 Additional Preparatory and Initial Phases

Additional preparatory and initial phases shall be conducted on the same definable features of work if: the quality of on-going work is unacceptable; if there are changes in the applicable CQC staff, onsite production supervision or work crew; if work on a definable feature is resumed after a substantial period of inactivity; or if other problems develop.

3.7 TESTS

3.7.1 Testing Procedure

The Contractor shall perform specified or required tests to verify that control measures are adequate to provide a product which conforms to contract requirements. Upon request, the Contractor shall furnish to the Government duplicate samples of test specimens for possible testing by the Government. Testing includes operation and/or acceptance tests when specified. The Contractor shall procure the services of a Corps of Engineers approved testing laboratory or establish an approved testing laboratory at the project site. The Contractor shall perform the following activities and record and provide the following data:

a. Verify that testing procedures comply with contract requirements.

b. Verify that facilities and testing equipment are available and comply with testing standards.

c. Check test instrument calibration data against certified standards.

d. Verify that recording forms and test identification control number system, including all of the test documentation requirements, have been prepared.

e. Results of all tests taken, both passing and failing tests, shall be recorded on the CQC report for the date taken. Specification paragraph reference, location where tests were taken, and the sequential control number identifying the test shall be given. If approved by the Contracting Officer, actual test reports may be submitted later with a reference to the test number and date taken. An information copy of tests performed by an offsite or commercial test facility shall be provided directly to the Contracting Officer. Failure to submit timely test reports as stated may result in nonpayment for related work performed and disapproval of the test facility for this contract.

3.7.2 Testing Laboratories

3.7.2.1 Capability Check

The Government reserves the right to check laboratory equipment in the proposed laboratory for compliance with the standards set forth in the contract specifications and to check the laboratory technician's testing procedures and techniques. Laboratories utilized for testing soils, concrete, asphalt, and steel shall meet criteria detailed in ASTM D 3740 and ASTM E 329.

3.7.2.2 Capability Recheck

If the selected laboratory fails the capability check, the Contractor will be assessed a charge to reimburse the Government for each succeeding recheck of the laboratory or the checking of a subsequently selected laboratory. Such costs will be deducted from the contract amount due the Contractor.

3.7.3 Onsite Laboratory

The Government reserves the right to utilize the Contractor's control testing laboratory and equipment to make assurance tests, and to check the Contractor's testing procedures, techniques, and test results at no additional cost to the Government.

3.7.4 Furnishing or Transportation of Samples for Testing

Costs incidental to the transportation of samples or materials shall be borne by the Contractor. Samples of materials for test verification and acceptance testing by the Government shall be delivered to the Corps of Engineers Division Laboratory, f.o.b., at the following address:

U. S. Army Engineer District
Savannah Environmental & Materials Unit
200 North Cobb Parkway
Bldg. 400, Suite 404
Marietta, GA 30062

Coordination for each specific test, exact delivery location, and dates will be made through the Area Office.

3.8 COMPLETION INSPECTION

3.8.1 Punch-Out Inspection

Near the end of the work, or any increment of the work established by a time stated in the S PECIAL CONTRACT REQUIREMENTS Clause, "Commencement, Prosecution, and Completion of Work", or by the specifications, the CQC Manager shall conduct an inspection of the work. A punch list of items which do not conform to the approved drawings and specifications shall be prepared and included in the CQC documentation, as required by paragraph DOCUMENTATION. The list of deficiencies shall include the estimated date by which the deficiencies will be corrected. The CQC System Manager or staff shall make a second inspection to ascertain that all deficiencies have been corrected. Once this is accomplished, the Contractor shall notify the Government that the facility is ready for the Government Pre-Final inspection.

3.8.2 Pre-Final Inspection

The Government will perform the pre-final inspection to verify that the facility is complete and ready to be occupied. A Government Pre-Final Punch List may be developed as a result of this inspection. The Contractor's CQC System Manager shall ensure that all items on this list have been corrected before notifying the Government, so that a Final inspection with the customer can be scheduled. Any items noted on the Pre-Final inspection shall be corrected in a timely manner. These inspections and any deficiency corrections required by this paragraph shall be accomplished within the time slated for completion of the entire work or any particular increment of the work if the project is divided into increments by separate completion dates.

3.8.3 Final Acceptance Inspection

The Contractor's Quality Control Inspection personnel, plus the superintendent or other primary management person, and the Contracting Officer's Representative shall be in attendance at the final acceptance inspection. Additional Government personnel including, but not limited to, those from Base/Post Civil Facility Engineer user groups, and major commands may also be in attendance. The final acceptance inspection will be formally scheduled by the Contracting Officer based upon results of the Pre-Final inspection. Notice shall be given to the Contracting Officer at least 14 days prior to the final acceptance inspection and shall include the Contractor's assurance that all specific items previously identified to the Contractor as being unacceptable, along with all remaining work performed under the contract, will be complete and acceptable by the date scheduled for the final acceptance inspection. Failure of the Contractor to have all contract work acceptably complete for this inspection will be cause for the Contracting Officer to bill the Contractor for the Government's additional inspection cost in accordance with the contract clause titled "Inspection of Construction".

3.9 DOCUMENTATION

The Contractor shall maintain current records providing factual evidence that required quality control activities and/or tests have been performed. These records shall include the work of subcontractors and suppliers and shall be on an acceptable form that includes, as a minimum, the following information:

a. Contractor/subcontractor and their area of responsibility.

b. Operating plant/equipment with hours worked, idle, or down for repair.

c. Work performed each day, giving location, description, and by whom. When Network Analysis (NAS) is used, identify each phase of work performed each day by NAS activity number.

d. Test and/or control activities performed with results and references to specifications/drawings requirements. The control phase shall be identified (Preparatory, Initial, Follow-up). List of deficiencies noted, along with corrective action.

e. Quantity of materials received at the site with statement as to acceptability, storage, and reference to specifications/drawings requirements.

f. Submittals and deliverables reviewed, with contract reference, by whom, and action taken.

g. Offsite surveillance activities, including actions taken.

h. Job safety evaluations stating what was checked, results, and instructions or corrective actions.

i. Instructions given/received and conflicts in plans and/or specifications.

j. Contractor's verification statement.

These records shall indicate a description of trades working on the project; the number of personnel working; weather conditions encountered; and any delays encountered. These records shall cover both conforming and deficient features and shall include a statement that equipment and materials incorporated in the work and workmanship comply with the contract. The original and one copy of these records in report form shall be furnished to the Government daily within 24 hours after the date covered by the report, except that reports need not be submitted for days on which no work is performed. As a minimum, one report shall be prepared and submitted for every 7 days of no work and on the last day of a no work period. All calendar days shall be accounted for throughout the life of the contract. The first report following a day of no work shall be for that day only. Reports shall be signed and dated by the CQC System Manager. The report from the CQC System Manager shall include copies of test reports and copies of reports prepared by all subordinate quality control personnel.

3.10 SAMPLE FORMS

Sample forms enclosed at the end of this section.

3.11 NOTIFICATION OF NONCOMPLIANCE

The Contracting Officer will notify the Contractor of any detected noncompliance with the foregoing requirements. The Contractor shall take immediate corrective action after receipt of such notice. Such notice, when delivered to the Contractor at the work site, shall be deemed sufficient for the purpose of notification. If the Contractor fails or refuses to comply promptly, the Contracting Officer may issue an order stopping all or part of the work until satisfactory corrective action has been taken. No part of the time lost due to such stop orders shall be made the subject of claim for extension of time or for excess costs or damages by the Contractor.

-- End of Section --

SECTION 01500A

TEMPORARY CONSTRUCTION FACILITIES
02/97

1.1 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

1.1.1 Site Plan

The Contractor shall prepare a site plan indicating the proposed location and dimensions of any area to be fenced and used by the Contractor, the number of trailers to be used, avenues of ingress/egress to the fenced area and details of the fence installation. Any areas which may have to be graveled to prevent the tracking of mud shall also be identified. The Contractor shall also indicate if the use of a supplemental or other staging area is desired.

1.1.2 Identification of Employees

The Contractor shall be responsible for furnishing to each employee, and for requiring each employee engaged on the work to display, identification as approved and directed by the Contracting Officer. Prescribed identification shall immediately be delivered to the Contracting Officer for cancellation upon release of any employee. When required, the Contractor shall obtain and provide fingerprints of persons employed on the project. Contractor and subcontractor personnel shall wear identifying markings on hard hats clearly identifying the company for whom the employee works.

1.1.3 Employee Parking

Contractor employees shall park privately owned vehicles in an area designated by the Contracting Officer. This area will be within reasonable walking distance of the construction site. Contractor employee parking shall not interfere with existing and established parking requirements of the military installation.

1.2 AVAILABILITY AND USE OF UTILITY SERVICES

1.2.1 Payment for Utility Services

The Government will make all reasonably required utilities available to the Contractor from existing outlets and supplies, as specified in the contract. Unless otherwise provided in the contract, the amount of each utility service consumed shall be charged to or paid for by the Contractor at prevailing rates charged to the Government or, where the utility is produced by the Government, at reasonable rates determined by the Contracting Officer. The Contractor shall carefully conserve any utilities furnished without charge.

1.2.2 Meters and Temporary Connections

The Contractor, at its expense and in a manner satisfactory to the Contracting Officer, shall provide and maintain necessary temporary connections, distribution lines, and meter bases (Government will provide meters) required to measure the amount of each utility used for the purpose of determining charges. The Contractor shall notify the

Contracting Officer, in writing, 5 working days before final electrical connection is desired so that a utilities contract can be established. The Government will provide a meter and make the final hot connection after inspection and approval of the Contractor's temporary wiring installation. The Contractor shall not make the final electrical connection.

1.2.3 Advance Deposit

An advance deposit for utilities consisting of an estimated month's usage or a minimum of $50.00 will be required. The last monthly bills for the fiscal year will normally be offset by the deposit and adjustments will be billed or returned as appropriate. Services to be rendered for the next fiscal year, beginning 1 October, will require a new deposit. Notification of the due date for this deposit will be mailed to the Contractor prior to the end of the current fiscal year.

1.2.4 Final Meter Reading

Before completion of the work and final acceptance of the work by the Government, the Contractor shall notify the Contracting Officer, in writing, 5 working days before termination is desired. The Government will take a final meter reading, disconnect service, and remove the meters. The Contractor shall then remove all the temporary distribution lines, meter bases, and associated paraphernalia. The Contractor shall pay all outstanding utility bills before final acceptance of the work by the Government.

1.2.5 Sanitation

The Contractor shall provide and maintain within the construction area minimum field-type sanitary facilities approved by the Contracting Officer. Government toilet facilities will not be available to Contractor's personnel.

1.2.6 Telephone

The Contractor shall make arrangements and pay all costs for telephone facilities desired.

1.3 BULLETIN BOARD, PROJECT SIGN, AND PROJECT SAFETY SIGN

1.3.1 Bulletin Board

Immediately upon beginning of work, the Contractor shall provide a weatherproof glass-covered bulletin board not less than 36 by 48 inches in size for displaying the Equal Employment Opportunity poster, a copy of the wage decision contained in the contract, Wage Rate Information poster, and other information approved by the Contracting Officer. The bulletin board shall be located at the project site in a conspicuous place easily accessible to all employees, as approved by the Contracting Officer. Legible copies of the aforementioned data shall be displayed until work is completed. Upon completion of work the bulletin board shall be removed by and remain the property of the Contractor.

1.3.2 Project and Safety Signs

The requirements for the signs, their content, and location shall be as shown on the drawings. The signs shall be erected within 15 days after receipt of the notice to proceed. The data required by the safety sign shall be corrected daily, with light colored metallic or non-metallic numerals. Upon completion of the project, the signs shall be removed from the site.

1.4 PROTECTION AND MAINTENANCE OF TRAFFIC

During construction the Contractor shall provide access and temporary relocated roads as necessary to maintain traffic. The Contractor shall maintain and protect traffic on all affected roads during the construction period except as otherwise specifically directed by the Contracting Officer. Measures for the protection and diversion of traffic, including the provision of watchmen and flagmen, erection of barricades, placing of lights around and in front of equipment and the work, and the erection and maintenance of adequate warning, danger, and direction signs, shall be as required by the State and local authorities having jurisdiction. The traveling public shall be protected from damage to person and property. The Contractor's traffic on roads selected for hauling material to and from the site shall interfere as little as possible with public traffic. The Contractor shall investigate the adequacy of existing roads and the allowable load limit on these roads. The Contractor shall be responsible for the repair of any damage to roads caused by construction operations.

1.4.1 Haul Roads

The Contractor shall, at its own expense, construct access and haul roads necessary for proper prosecution of the work under this contract. Haul roads shall be constructed with suitable grades and widths; sharp curves, blind corners, and dangerous cross traffic shall be avoided. The Contractor shall provide necessary lighting, signs, barricades, and distinctive markings for the safe movement of traffic. The method of dust control, although optional, shall be adequate to ensure safe operation at all times. Location, grade, width, and alignment of construction and hauling roads shall be subject to approval by the Contracting Officer. Lighting shall be adequate to assure full and clear visibility for full width of haul road and work areas during any night work operations. Upon completion of the work, haul roads designated by the Contracting Officer shall be removed.

1.4.2 Barricades

The Contractor shall erect and maintain temporary barricades to limit public access to hazardous areas. Such barricades shall be required whenever safe public access to paved areas such as roads, parking areas or sidewalks is prevented by construction activities or as otherwise necessary to ensure the safety of both pedestrian and vehicular traffic. Barricades shall be securely placed, clearly visible with adequate illumination to provide sufficient visual warning of the hazard during both day and night.

1.5 CONTRACTOR'S TEMPORARY FACILITIES

1.5.1 Administrative Field Offices

The Contractor shall provide and maintain administrative field office facilities within the construction area at the designated site. Government office and warehouse facilities will not be available to the Contractor's personnel.

1.5.2 Storage Area

The Contractor shall construct a temporary 6 foot high chain link fence around trailers and materials. The fence shall include plastic strip inserts, colored green, so that visibility through the fence is obstructed. Fence posts may be driven, in lieu of concrete bases, where soil conditions permit. Trailers, materials, or equipment shall not be placed or stored outside the fenced area unless such trailers, materials, or equipment are assigned a separate and distinct storage area by the Contracting Officer away from the vicinity of the construction site but within the military boundaries. Trailers, equipment, or materials shall not be open to public view with the exception of those items which are in support of ongoing work on any given day. Materials shall not be stockpiled outside the fence in preparation for the next day's work. Mobile equipment, such as tractors, wheeled lifting equipment, cranes, trucks, and like equipment, shall be parked within the fenced area at the end of each work day.

1.5.3 Supplemental Storage Area

Upon Contractor's request, the Contracting Officer will designate another or supplemental area for the Contractor's use and storage of trailers, equipment, and materials. This area may not be in close proximity of the construction site but shall be within the military boundaries. Fencing of materials or equipment will not be required at this site; however, the Contractor shall be responsible for cleanliness and orderliness of the area used and for the security of any material or equipment stored in this area. Utilities will not be provided to this area by the Government.

1.5.4 Appearance of Trailers

Trailers utilized by the Contractor for administrative or material storage purposes shall present a clean and neat exterior appearance and shall be in a state of good repair. Trailers which, in the opinion of the Contracting Officer, require exterior painting or maintenance will not be allowed on the military property.

1.5.5 Maintenance of Storage Area

Fencing shall be kept in a state of good repair and proper alignment. Should the Contractor elect to traverse, with construction equipment or other vehicles, grassed or unpaved areas which are not established roadways, such areas shall be covered with a layer of gravel as necessary to prevent rutting and the tracking of mud onto paved or established roadways; gravel gradation shall be at the Contractor's discretion. Grass located within the boundaries of the construction site shall be mowed for the duration of the project. Grass and vegetation along fences, buildings, under trailers, and in areas not accessible to mowers shall be edged or trimmed neatly.

1.5.6 New Building

In the event a new building is constructed for the temporary project field office, it shall be a minimum 12 feet in width, 16 feet in length and have a minimum of 7 feet headroom. It shall be equipped with approved electrical wiring, at least one double convenience outlet and the required switches and fuses to provide 110-120 volt power. It shall be provided with a work table with stool, desk with chair, two additional chairs, and one legal size file cabinet that can be locked. The building shall be waterproof, shall be supplied with heater, shall have a minimum of two doors, electric lights, a telephone, a battery operated smoke detector alarm, a sufficient number of adjustable windows for adequate light and ventilation, and a supply of approved drinking water. Approved sanitary facilities shall be furnished. The windows and doors shall be screened and the doors provided with dead bolt type locking devices or a padlock and heavy duty hasp bolted to the door. Door hinge pins shall be non-removable. The windows shall be arranged to open and to be securely fastened from the inside. Glass panels in windows shall be protected by bars or heavy mesh screens to prevent easy access to the building through these panels. In warm weather, air conditioning capable of maintaining the office at 50 percent relative humidity and a room temperature 20 degrees F below the outside temperature when the outside temperature is 95 degrees F, shall be furnished. Any new building erected for a temporary field office shall be maintained by the Contractor during the life of the contract and upon completion and acceptance of the work shall become the property of the Contractor and shall be removed from the site. All charges for telephone service for the temporary field office shall be borne by the Contractor, including long distance charges up to a maximum of $75.00 per month.

1.5.7 Security Provisions

Adequate outside security lighting shall be provided at the Contractor's temporary facilities. The Contractor shall be responsible for the security of its own equipment; in addition, the Contractor shall notify the appropriate law enforcement agency requesting periodic security checks of the temporary project field office.

1.6 --NOT USED--

1.7 PLANT COMMUNICATION

Whenever the Contractor has the individual elements of its plant so located that operation by normal voice between these elements is not satisfactory, the Contractor shall install a satisfactory means of communication, such as telephone or other suitable devices. The devices shall be made available for use by Government personnel.

1.8 TEMPORARY PROJECT SAFETY FENCING

As soon as practicable, but not later than 15 days after the date established for commencement of work, the Contractor shall furnish and erect temporary project safety fencing at the work site. The safety fencing shall be a high visibility orange colored, high density polyethylene grid or approved equal, a minimum of 42 inches high, supported and tightly secured to steel posts located on maximum 10 foot centers, constructed at the approved location. The safety fencing shall be maintained by the Contractor during the life of the contract and, upon completion and acceptance of the work, shall become the property of the Contractor and shall be removed from the work site.

1.9 CLEANUP

Construction debris, waste materials, packaging material and the like shall be removed from the work site daily. Any dirt or mud which is tracked onto paved or surfaced roadways shall be cleaned away. Materials resulting from demolition activities which are salvageable shall be stored within the fenced area described above or at the supplemental storage area. Stored material not in trailers, whether new or salvaged, shall be neatly stacked when stored.

1.10 RESTORATION OF STORAGE AREA

Upon completion of the project and after removal of trailers, materials, and equipment from within the fenced area, the fence shall be removed and will become the property of the Contractor. Areas used by the Contractor for the storage of equipment or material, or other use, shall be restored to the original or better condition. Gravel used to traverse grassed areas shall be removed and the area restored to its original condition, including top soil and seeding as necessary.

-- End of Section --

SECTION 01780A

CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS
05/02

PART 1 GENERAL

1.1 SUBMITTALS

Government approval is required for submittals with a "G" designation; submittals not having a "G" designation are for information only. When used, a designation following the "G" designation identifies the office that will review the submittal for the Government. The following shall be submitted in accordance with Section 01330 SUBMITTAL PROCEDURES:

SD-02 Shop Drawings

As-Built Drawings;

Drawings showing final as-built conditions of the project. The final CADD as-built drawings shall consist of one set of electronic CADD drawing files in the specified format, one set of mylar drawings, 2 sets of blue-line prints of the mylars, and one set of the approved working as-built drawings.

SD-03 Product Data

As-Built Record of Equipment and Materials;

Two copies of the record listing the as-built materials and equipment incorporated into the construction of the project.

Warranty Management Plan;

One set of the warranty management plan containing information relevant to the warranty of materials and equipment incorporated into the construction project, including the starting date of warranty of construction. The Contractor shall furnish with each warranty the name, address, and telephone number of each of the guarantor's representatives nearest to the project location.

Warranty Tags;

Two record copies of the warranty tags showing the layout and design.

Final Cleaning;

Two copies of the listing of completed final clean-up items.

1.2 PROJECT RECORD DOCUMENTS

1.2.1 As-Built Drawings

This paragraph covers as-built drawings complete, as a requirement of the contract. The terms "drawings," "contract drawings," "drawing files," "working as-built drawings" and "final as-built drawings" refer to

contract drawings which are revised to be used for final as-built drawings.

1.2.1.1 Government Furnished Materials

One set of electronic CADD files in the specified software and format revised to reflect all bid amendments will be provided by the Government at the preconstruction conference for projects requiring CADD file as-built drawings.

1.2.1.2 Working As-Built and Final As-Built Drawings

The Contractor shall revise 2 sets of paper drawings by red-line process to show the as-built conditions during the prosecution of the project. These working as-built marked drawings shall be kept current on a weekly basis and at least one set shall be available on the jobsite at all times. Changes from the contract plans which are made in the work or additional information which might be uncovered in the course of construction shall be accurately and neatly recorded as they occur by means of details and notes. Final as-built drawings shall be prepared after the completion of each definable feature of work as listed in the Contractor Quality Control Plan (Foundations, Utilities, Structural Steel, etc., as appropriate for the project). The working as-built marked prints and final as-built drawings will be jointly reviewed for accuracy and completeness by the Contracting Officer and the Contractor prior to submission of each monthly pay estimate. If the Contractor fails to maintain the working and final as-built drawings as specified herein, the Contracting Officer will deduct from the monthly progress payment an amount representing the estimated cost of maintaining the as-built drawings. This monthly deduction will continue until an agreement can be reached between the Contracting Officer and the Contractor regarding the accuracy and completeness of updated drawings. The working and final as-built drawings shall show, but shall not be limited to, the following information:

a. The actual location, kinds and sizes of all sub-surface utility lines. In order that the location of these lines and appurtenances may be determined in the event the surface openings or indicators become covered over or obscured, the as-built drawings shall show, by offset dimensions to two permanently fixed surface features, the end of each run including each change in direction. Valves, splice boxes and similar appurtenances shall be located by dimensioning along the utility run from a reference point. The average depth below the surface of each run shall also be recorded.

b. The location and dimensions of any changes within the building structure.

c. Correct grade, elevations, cross section, or alignment of roads, earthwork, structures or utilities if any changes were made from contract plans.

d. Changes in details of design or additional information obtained from working drawings specified to be prepared and/or furnished by the Contractor; including but not limited to fabrication, erection, installation plans and placing details, pipe sizes, insulation material, dimensions of equipment foundations, etc.

e. The topography, invert elevations and grades of drainage installed or affected as part of the project construction.

f. Changes or modifications which result from the final inspection.

g. Where contract drawings or specifications present options, only the option selected for construction shall be shown on the final as-built prints.

h. If borrow material for this project is from sources on Government property, or if Government property is used as a spoil area, the Contractor shall furnish a contour map of the final borrow pit/spoil area elevations.

i. Systems designed or enhanced by the Contractor, such as HVAC controls, fire alarm, fire sprinkler, and irrigation systems.

j. Modifications (change order price shall include the Contractor's cost to change working and final as-built drawings to reflect modifications) and compliance with the following procedures.

(1) Directions in the modification for posting descriptive changes shall be followed.

(2) A Modification Circle shall be placed at the location of each deletion.

(3) For new details or sections which are added to a drawing, a Modification Circle shall be placed by the detail or section title.

(4) For minor changes, a Modification Circle shall be placed by the area changed on the drawing (each location).

(5) For major changes to a drawing, a Modification Circle shall be placed by the title of the affected plan, section, or detail at each location.

(6) For changes to schedules or drawings, a Modification Circle shall be placed either by the schedule heading or by the change in the schedule.

(7) The Modification Circle size shall be 1/2 inch diameter unless the area where the circle is to be placed is crowded. Smaller size circle shall be used for crowded areas.

1.2.1.3 Drawing Preparation

The as-built drawings shall be modified as may be necessary to correctly show the features of the project as it has been constructed by bringing the contract set into agreement with approved working as-built prints, and adding such additional drawings as may be necessary. These working as-built marked prints shall be neat, legible and accurate. These drawings are part of the permanent records of this project and shall be returned to the Contracting Officer after approval by the Government. Any drawings damaged or lost by the Contractor shall be satisfactorily replaced by the Contractor at no expense to the Government.

1.2.1.4 Computer Aided Design and Drafting (CADD) Drawings

Only personnel proficient in the preparation of CADD drawings shall be employed to modify the contract drawings or prepare additional new drawings. Additions and corrections to the contract drawings shall be equal in quality and detail to that of the originals. Line colors, line weights, lettering, layering conventions, and symbols shall be the same as the original line colors, line weights, lettering, layering conventions, and symbols. If additional drawings are required, they shall be prepared using the specified electronic file format applying the same graphic standards specified for original drawings. The title block and drawing border to be used for any new final as-built drawings shall be identical to that used on the contract drawings. Additions and corrections to the contract drawings shall be accomplished using CADD files. The Contractor will furnish "as-designed" drawings in Microstation format compatible with a MS-DOS/Windows operating system. The electronic files will be supplied on compact disc, read-only memory (CD-ROM). The Contractor shall be responsible for providing all program files and hardware necessary to prepare final as-built drawings. The Contracting Officer will review final as-built drawings for accuracy and the Contractor shall make required corrections, changes, additions, and deletions.

a. CADD colors shall be the "base" colors of red, green, and blue. Color code for changes shall be as follows:

(1) Deletions (red) - Deleted graphic items (lines) shall be colored red with red lettering in notes and leaders.

(2) Additions (Green) - Added items shall be drawn in green with green lettering in notes and leaders.

(3) Special (Blue) - Items requiring special information, coordination, or special detailing or detailing notes shall be in blue.

b. The Contract Drawing files shall be renamed in a manner related to the contract number (i.e., 98-C-10.DGN) as instructed in the Pre-Construction conference. Marked-up changes shall be made only to those renamed files. All changes shall be made on the layer/level as the original item. There shall be no deletions of existing lines; existing lines shall be over struck in red. Additions shall be in green with line weights the same as the drawing. Special notes shall be in blue on layer #63.

c. When final revisions have been completed, the cover sheet drawing shall show the wording "RECORD DRAWING AS-BUILT" followed by the name of the Contractor in letters at least 3/16 inch high. All other contract drawings shall be marked either "AS-Built" drawing denoting no revisions on the sheet or "Revised As-Built" denoting one or more revisions. Original contract drawings shall be dated in the revision block.

d. Within 10 days for contracts less than $5 million after Government approval of all of the working as-built drawings for a phase of work, the Contractor shall prepare the final CADD as-built drawings for that phase of work and submit two sets of blue-lined prints of these drawings for Government review and approval. The Government will

promptly return one set of prints annotated with any necessary corrections. Within 7 days for contracts less than $5 million the Contractor shall revise the CADD files accordingly at no additional cost and submit one set of final prints for the completed phase of work to the Government. Within 10 days for contracts less than $5 million of substantial completion of all phases of work, the Contractor shall submit the final as-built drawing package for the entire project. The submittal shall consist of one set of electronic files on compact disc, read-only memory (CD-ROM), one set of mylars, two sets of blue-line prints and one set of the approved working as-built drawings. They shall be complete in all details and identical in form and function to the contract drawing files supplied by the Government. Any transactions or adjustments necessary to accomplish this is the responsibility of the Contractor. The Government reserves the right to reject any drawing files it deems incompatible with the customer's CADD system. Paper prints, drawing files and storage media submitted will become the property of the Government upon final approval. Failure to submit final as-built drawing files and marked prints as specified shall be cause for withholding any payment due the Contractor under this contract. Approval and acceptance of final as-built drawings shall be accomplished before final payment is made to the Contractor.

1.2.1.5 Omitted

1.2.1.6 Payment

No separate payment will be made for as-built drawings required under this contract, and all costs accrued in connection with such drawings shall be considered a subsidiary obligation of the Contractor.

1.2.2 As-Built Record of Equipment and Materials

The Contractor shall furnish one copy of preliminary record of equipment and materials used on the project 15 days prior to final inspection. This preliminary submittal will be reviewed and returned 2 days after final inspection with Government comments. Two sets of final record of equipment and materials shall be submitted 10 days after final inspection. The designations shall be keyed to the related area depicted on the contract drawings. The record shall list the following data:

RECORD OF DESIGNATED EQUIPMENT AND MATERIALS DATA

Description	Specification Section	Manufacturer and Catalog, Model, and Serial Number	Composition and Size	Where Used

1.2.3 Final Approved Shop Drawings

The Contractor shall furnish final approved project shop drawings 30 days after transfer of the completed facility.

1.2.4 Construction Contract Specifications

The Contractor shall furnish final as-built construction contract specifications, including modifications thereto, 30 days after transfer of the completed facility.

1.2.5 Real Property Equipment

The Contractor shall furnish a list of installed equipment furnished under this contract. The list shall include all information usually listed on manufacturer's name plate. The "EQUIPMENT-IN-PLACE LIST" shall include, as applicable, the following for each piece of equipment installed: description of item, location (by room number), model number, serial number, capacity, name and address of manufacturer, name and address of equipment supplier, condition, spare parts list, manufacturer's catalog, and warranty. A draft list shall be furnished at time of transfer. The final list shall be furnished 30 days after transfer of the completed facility.

1.3 WARRANTY MANAGEMENT

1.3.1 Warranty Management Plan

The Contractor shall develop a warranty management plan which shall contain information relevant to the clause Warranty of Construction in Section 00800. At least 30 days before the planned pre-warranty conference, the Contractor shall submit the warranty management plan for Government approval. The warranty management plan shall include all required actions and documents to assure that the Government receives all warranties to which it is entitled. The plan shall be in narrative form and contain sufficient detail to render it suitable for use by future maintenance and repair personnel, whether tradesmen, or of engineering background, not necessarily familiar with this contract. The term "status" as indicated below shall include due date and whether item has been submitted or was accomplished. Warranty information made available during the construction phase shall be submitted to the Contracting Officer for approval prior to each monthly pay estimate. Approved information shall be assembled in a binder and shall be turned over to the Government upon acceptance of the work. The construction warranty period shall begin on the date of project acceptance and shall continue for the full product warranty period. A joint 4 month and 9 month warranty inspection shall be conducted, measured from time of acceptance, by the Contractor, Contracting Officer and the Customer Representative. Information contained in the warranty management plan shall include, but shall not be limited to, the following:

a. Roles and responsibilities of all personnel associated with the warranty process, including points of contact and telephone numbers within the organizations of the Contractors, subcontractors, manufacturers or suppliers involved.

b. Listing and status of delivery of all Certificates of Warranty for extended warranty items, to include roofs, HVAC balancing, pumps, motors, transformers, and for all commissioned systems such as fire protection and alarm systems, sprinkler systems, lightning protection systems, etc.

c. A list for each warranted equipment, item, feature of construction or system indicating:

1. Name of item.
2. Model and serial numbers.
3. Location where installed.
4. Name and phone numbers of manufacturers or suppliers.
5. Names, addresses and telephone numbers of sources of spare parts.
6. Warranties and terms of warranty. This shall include one-year overall warranty of construction. Items which have extended warranties shall be indicated with separate warranty expiration dates.
7. Cross-reference to warranty certificates as applicable.
8. Starting point and duration of warranty period.
9. Summary of maintenance procedures required to continue the warranty in force.
10. Cross-reference to specific pertinent Operation and Maintenance manuals.
11. Organization, names and phone numbers of persons to call for warranty service.
12. Typical response time and repair time expected for various warranted equipment.

d. The Contractor's plans for attendance at the 4 and 9 month post-construction warranty inspections conducted by the Government.

e. Procedure and status of tagging of all equipment covered by extended warranties.

f. Copies of instructions to be posted near selected pieces of equipment where operation is critical for warranty and/or safety reasons.

1.3.2 Performance Bond

The Contractor's Performance Bond shall remain effective throughout the construction period.

a. In the event the Contractor fails to commence and diligently pursue any construction warranty work required, the Contracting Officer will have the work performed by others, and after completion of the work, will charge the remaining construction warranty funds of expenses incurred by the Government while performing the work, including, but not limited to administrative expenses.

b. In the event sufficient funds are not available to cover the construction warranty work performed by the Government at the Contractor's expense, the Contracting Officer will have the right to recoup expenses from the bonding company.

c. Following oral or written notification of required construction warranty repair work, the Contractor shall respond in a timely manner. Written verification will follow oral instructions. Failure of the Contractor to respond will be cause for the Contracting Officer to proceed against the Contractor.

1.3.3 Pre-Warranty Conference

Prior to contract completion, and at a time designated by the Contracting Officer, the Contractor shall meet with the Contracting Officer to develop a mutual understanding with respect to the requirements of this section.

Communication procedures for Contractor notification of construction warranty defects, priorities with respect to the type of defect, reasonable time required for Contractor response, and other details deemed necessary by the Contracting Officer for the execution of the construction warranty shall be established/reviewed at this meeting. In connection with these requirements and at the time of the Contractor's quality control completion inspection, the Contractor shall furnish the name, telephone number and address of a licensed and bonded company which is authorized to initiate and pursue construction warranty work action on behalf of the Contractor. This point of contact will be located within the local service area of the warranted construction, shall be continuously available, and shall be responsive to Government inquiry on warranty work action and status. This requirement does not relieve the Contractor of any of its responsibilities in connection with other portions of this provision.

1.3.4 Contractor's Response to Construction Warranty Service Requirements

Following oral or written notification by the Contracting Officer, the Contractor shall respond to construction warranty service requirements in accordance with the "Construction Warranty Service Priority List" and the three categories of priorities listed below. The Contractor shall submit a report on any warranty item that has been repaired during the warranty period. The report shall include the cause of the problem, date reported, corrective action taken, and when the repair was completed. If the Contractor does not perform the construction warranty within the timeframes specified, the Government will perform the work and backcharge the construction warranty payment item established.

a. First Priority Code 1. Perform onsite inspection to evaluate situation, and determine course of action within 4 hours, initiate work within 6 hours and work continuously to completion or relief.

b. Second Priority Code 2. Perform onsite inspection to evaluate situation, and determine course of action within 8 hours, initiate work within 24 hours and work continuously to completion or relief.

c. Third Priority Code 3. All other work to be initiated within 3 work days and work continuously to completion or relief.

d. The "Construction Warranty Service Priority List" is as follows:

Code 1-Air Conditioning Systems
(1) Recreational support.
(2) Air conditioning leak in part of building, if causing damage.
(3) Air conditioning system not cooling properly.

Code 1-Doors
(1) Overhead doors not operational, causing a security, fire, or safety problem.
(2) Interior, exterior personnel doors or hardware, not functioning properly, causing a security, fire, or safety problem.

Code 3-Doors
(1) Overhead doors not operational.

(2) Interior/exterior personnel doors or hardware not functioning properly.

Code 1-Electrical
(1) Power failure (entire area or any building operational after 1600 hours).
(2) Security lights
(3) Smoke detectors

Code 2-Electrical
(1) Power failure (no power to a room or part of building).
(2) Receptacle and lights (in a room or part of building).

Code 3-Electrical
Street lights.

Code 1-Gas
(1) Leaks and breaks.
(2) No gas to family housing unit or cantonment area.

Code 1-Heat
(1). Area power failure affecting heat.
(2). Heater in unit not working.

Code 2-Kitchen Equipment
(1) Dishwasher not operating properly.
(2) All other equipment hampering preparation of a meal.

Code 1-Plumbing
(1) Hot water heater failure.
(2) Leaking water supply pipes.

Code 2-Plumbing
(1) Flush valves not operating properly.
(2) Fixture drain, supply line to commode, or any water pipe leaking.
(3) Commode leaking at base.

Code 3 -Plumbing
Leaky faucets.

Code 3-Interior
(1) Floors damaged.
(2) Paint chipping or peeling.
(3) Casework.

Code 1-Roof Leaks
Temporary repairs will be made where major damage to property is occurring.

Code 2-Roof Leaks
Where major damage to property is not occurring, check for location of leak during rain and complete repairs on a Code 2 basis.

Code 2-Water (Exterior)
No water to facility.

Code 2-Water (Hot)

No hot water in portion of building listed.

Code 3-All other work not listed above.

1.3.5 Warranty Tags

At the time of installation, each warranted item shall be tagged with a durable, oil and water resistant tag approved by the Contracting Officer. Each tag shall be attached with a copper wire and shall be sprayed with a silicone waterproof coating. The date of acceptance and the QC signature shall remain blank until project is accepted for beneficial occupancy. The tag shall show the following information.

a. Type of product/material_____.

b. Model number_____.

c. Serial number_____.

d. Contract number_____.

e. Warranty period_____from_____to_____.

f. Inspector's signature_____.

g. Construction Contractor_____.

Address_____.

Telephone number_____.

h. Warranty contact_____.

Address_____.

Telephone number_____.

i. Warranty response time priority code_____.

j. WARNING - PROJECT PERSONNEL TO PERFORM ONLY OPERATIONAL MAINTENANCE DURING THE WARRANTY PERIOD.

1.4 MECHANICAL TESTING, ADJUSTING, BALANCING, AND COMMISSIONING

Prior to final inspection and transfer of the completed facility; all reports, statements, certificates, and completed checklists for testing, adjusting, balancing, and commissioning of mechanical systems shall be submitted to and approved by the Contracting Officer as specified in applicable technical specification sections.

1.5 OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE MANUALS

Operation manuals and maintenance manuals shall be submitted as specified. Operation manuals and maintenance manuals provided in a common volume shall be clearly differentiated and shall be separately indexed.

1.6 FINAL CLEANING

The premises shall be left broom clean. Stains, foreign substances, and temporary labels shall be removed from surfaces. Carpet and soft surfaces shall be vacuumed. Equipment and fixtures shall be cleaned to a sanitary condition. Filters of operating equipment shall be replaced. Debris shall be removed from roofs, drainage systems, gutters, and downspouts. Paved areas shall be swept and landscaped areas shall be raked clean. The site shall have waste, surplus materials, and rubbish removed. The project area shall have temporary structures, barricades, project signs, and construction facilities removed. A list of completed clean-up items shall be submitted on the day of final inspection.

PART 2 PRODUCTS (NOT USED)

PART 3 EXECUTION (NOT USED)

-- End of Section --

SECTION 01781

OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE DATA
12/01

PART 1 GENERAL

1.1 SUBMISSION OF OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE DATA

Submit Operation and Maintenance (O&M) Data specifically applicable to this contract and a complete and concise depiction of the provided equipment, product, or system. Organize and present information in sufficient detail to clearly explain O&M requirements at the system, equipment, component, and subassembly level. Include an index preceding each submittal. Submit in accordance with this section and Section 01330, "Submittal Procedures."

1.1.1 Package Quality

Documents must be fully legible. Poor quality copies and material with hole punches obliterating the text or drawings will not be accepted.

1.1.2 Package Content

Data package content shall be as shown in the paragraph titled "Schedule of Operation and Maintenance Data Packages." Comply with the data package requirements specified in the individual technical sections, including the content of the packages and addressing each product, component, and system designated for data package submission.

1.1.3 Changes to Submittals

Manufacturer-originated changes or revisions to submitted data shall be furnished by the Contractor if a component of an item is so affected subsequent to acceptance of the O&M Data. Changes, additions, or revisions required by the Contracting Officer for final acceptance of submitted data, shall be submitted by the Contractor within 30 calendar days of the notification of this change requirement.

1.2 TYPES OF INFORMATION REQUIRED IN O&M DATA PACKAGES

1.2.1 Operating Instructions

Include specific instructions, procedures, and illustrations for the following phases of operation:

1.2.1.1 Safety Precautions

List personnel hazards and equipment or product safety precautions for all operating conditions.

1.2.1.2 Operator Prestart

Include procedures required to set up and prepare each system for use.

1.2.1.3 Startup, Shutdown, and Post-Shutdown Procedures

Provide narrative description for Startup, Shutdown and Post-shutdown operating procedures including the control sequence for each procedure.

1.2.1.4 Normal Operations

Provide narrative description of Normal Operating Procedures. Include Control Diagrams with data to explain operation and control of systems and specific equipment.

1.2.1.5 Emergency Operations

Include Emergency Procedures for equipment malfunctions to permit a short period of continued operation or to shut down the equipment to prevent further damage to systems and equipment. Include Emergency Shutdown Instructions for fire, explosion, spills, or other foreseeable contingencies. Provide guidance and procedures for emergency operation of all utility systems including required valve positions, valve locations and zones or portions of systems controlled.

1.2.1.6 Operator Service Requirements

Include instructions for services to be performed by the operator such as lubrication, adjustment, inspection, and recording gage readings.

1.2.1.7 Environmental Conditions

Include a list of Environmental Conditions (temperature, humidity, and other relevant data) that are best suited for the operation of each product, component or system. Describe conditions under which the item equipment should not be allowed to run.

1.2.2 Preventive Maintenance

Include the following information for preventive and scheduled maintenance to minimize corrective maintenance and repair.

1.2.2.1 Lubrication Data

Include preventative maintenance lubrication data, in addition to instructions for lubrication provided under paragraph titled "Operator Service Requirements":

a. A table showing recommended lubricants for specific temperature ranges and applications.

b. Charts with a schematic diagram of the equipment showing lubrication points, recommended types and grades of lubricants, and capacities.

c. A Lubrication Schedule showing service interval frequency.

1.2.2.2 Preventive Maintenance Plan and Schedule

Include manufacturer's schedule for routine preventive maintenance, inspections, tests and adjustments required to ensure proper and economical operation and to minimize corrective maintenance. Provide manufacturer's projection of preventive maintenance work-hours on a daily, weekly, monthly, and annual basis including craft requirements by

type of craft. For periodic calibrations, provide manufacturer's specified frequency and procedures for each separate operation.

1.2.3 Corrective Maintenance (Repair)

Include manufacturer's recommended procedures and instructions for correcting problems and making repairs.

1.2.3.1 Troubleshooting Guides and Diagnostic Techniques

Include step-by-step procedures to promptly isolate the cause of typical malfunctions. Describe clearly why the checkout is performed and what conditions are to be sought. Identify tests or inspections and test equipment required to determine whether parts and equipment may be reused or require replacement.

1.2.3.2 Wiring Diagrams and Control Diagrams

Wiring diagrams and control diagrams shall be point-to-point drawings of wiring and control circuits including factory-field interfaces. Provide a complete and accurate depiction of the actual job specific wiring and control work. On diagrams, number electrical and electronic wiring and pneumatic control tubing and the terminals for each type, identically to actual installation configuration and numbering.

1.2.3.3 Maintenance and Repair Procedures

Include instructions and alist of tools required to repair or restore the product or equipment to proper condition or operating standards.

1.2.3.4 Removal and Replacement Instructions

Include step-by-step procedures and a list required tools and supplies for removal, replacement, disassembly, and assembly of components, assemblies, subassemblies, accessories, and attachments. Provide tolerances, dimensions, settings and adjustments required. Instructions shall include a combination of text and illustrations.

1.2.3.5 Spare Parts and Supply Lists

Include lists of spare parts and supplies required for maintenance and repair to ensure continued service or operation without unreasonable delays. Special consideration is required for facilities at remote locations. List spare parts and supplies that have a long lead-time to obtain.

1.2.4 Corrective Maintenance Work-Hours

Include manufacturer's projection of corrective maintenance work-hours including requirements by type of craft. Corrective maintenance that requires completion or participation of the equipment manufacturer shall be identified and tabulated separately.

1.2.5 Appendices

Provide information required below and information not specified in the preceding paragraphs but pertinent to the maintenance or operation of the product or equipment. Include the following:

1.2.6 Parts Identification

Provide identification and coverage for all parts of each component, assembly, subassembly, and accessory of the end items subject to replacement. Include special hardware requirements, such as requirement to use high-strength bolts and nuts. Identify parts by make, model, serial number, and source of supply to allow reordering without further identification. Provide clear and legible illustrations, drawings, and exploded views to enable easy identification of the items. When illustrations omit the part numbers and description, both the illustrations and separate listing shall show the index, reference, or key number that will cross-reference the illustrated part to the listed part. Parts shown in the listings shall be grouped by components, assemblies, and subassemblies in accordance with the manufacturer's standard practice. Parts data may cover more than one model or series of equipment, components, assemblies, subassemblies, attachments, or accessories, such as typically shown in a master parts catalog

1.2.6.1 Warranty Information

List and explain the various warranties and include the servicing and technical precautions prescribed by the manufacturers or contract documents in order to keep warranties in force. Include warranty information for primary components such as the compressor of air conditioning system.

1.2.6.2 Personnel Training Requirements

Provide information available from the manufacturers that is needed for use in training designated personnel to properly operate and maintain the equipment and systems.

1.2.6.3 Testing Equipment and Special Tool Information

Include information on test equipment required to perform specified tests and on special tools needed for the operation, maintenance, and repair of components.

1.2.6.4 Contractor Information

Provide a list that includes the name, address, and telephone number of the General Contractor and each Subcontractor who installed the product or equipment, or system. For each item, also provide the name address and telephone number of the manufacturer's representative and service organization most convenient to the project site. Provide the name, address, and telephone number of the product, equipment, and system manufacturers.

1.3 SCHEDULE OF OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE DATA PACKAGES

Furnish the O&M data packages specified in individual technical sections. The required information for each O&M data package is as follows:

1.3.1 Data Package 1

a. Safety precautions

b. Maintenance and repair procedures

c. Warranty information

d. Contractor information

e. Spare parts and supply list

1.3.2 Data Package 2

a. Safety precautions

b. Normal operations

c. Environmental conditions

d. Lubrication data

e. Preventive maintenance plan and schedule

f. Maintenance and repair procedures

g. Removal and replacement instructions

h. Spare parts and supply list

i. Parts identification

j. Warranty information

k. Contractor information

1.3.3 Data Package 3

a. Safety precautions

b. Normal operations

c. Emergency operations

d. Environmental conditions

e. Lubrication data

f. Preventive maintenance plan and schedule

g. Troubleshooting guides and diagnostic techniques

h. Wiring diagrams and control diagrams

i. Maintenance and repair procedures

j. Removal and replacement instructions

k. Spare parts and supply list

l. Parts identification

m. Warranty information

n. Testing equipment and special tool information

o. Contractor information

1.3.4 Data Package 4

a. Safety precautions

b. Operator prestart

c. Startup, shutdown, and post-shutdown procedures

d. Normal operations

e. Emergency operations

f. Operator service requirements

g. Environmental conditions

h. Lubrication data

i. Preventive maintenance plan and schedule

j. Troubleshooting guides and diagnostic techniques

k. Wiring diagrams and control diagrams

l. Maintenance and repair procedures

m. Removal and replacement instructions

n. Spare parts and supply list

o. Corrective maintenance man-hours

p. Parts identification

q. Warranty information

r. Personnel training requirements

s. Testing equipment and special tool information

t. Contractor information

1.3.5 Data Package 5

a. Safety precautions

b. Operator prestart

c. Start-up, shutdown, and post-shutdown procedures

d. Normal operations

e. Environmental conditions

f. Preventive maintenance plan and schedule

g. Troubleshooting guides and diagnostic techniques

h. Wiring and control diagrams

i. Maintenance and repair procedures

j. Spare parts and supply list

k. Testing equipment and special tools

l. Warranty information

m. Contractor information

PART 2 PRODUCTS

Not used.

PART 3 EXECUTION

Not used.

-- End of Section --